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Jordan D. Teuscher proposes the following substitute bill:

Uniform Antitrust Pre-Merger Notification Act Amendments

2025 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Jordan D. Teuscher

Senate Sponsor: Michael K. McKell

LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill enacts the Uniform Antitrust Pre-Merger Notification Act.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
 defines terms;
 provides that a pre-merger notification is a notification filed with the Federal Trade
Commission accompanied by a Hart-Scott-Rodino form;
 requires that a person filing a pre-merger notification file an electronic copy of a
Hart-Scott-Rodino form and additional documentary material with the attorney general;
prohibits the attorney general from charging a fee connected with filing a
Hart-Scott-Rodino form;
 provides a time limit for the attorney general to take action related to a Hart-Scott-Rodino
form and additional documentary material;
 prohibits the attorney general from disclosing a Hart-Scott-Rodino form and other
relevant information;
 classifies a Hart-Scott-Rodino form and other relevant information as a private record
under the Government Records Access and Management Act;
 authorizes the attorney general to disclose a Hart-Scott-Rodino form and other relevant
information if relevant to an administrative proceeding or a judicial action;
 provides that the provisions enacted by this bill do not impact preexisting obligations of
the attorney general;
 authorizes the attorney general to disclose a Hart-Scott-Rodino form with the attorney
general of another state under certain circumstances;
 authorizes the attorney general to seek the imposition of a civil penalty for
noncompliance with the provisions of this bill;

29	 requires a court to promote uniformity among jurisdictions that enact the provisions of
30	this bill;
31	 limits the provisions of this bill to a pre-merger notification filed after the effective date
32	of the bill; and
33	 makes technical and conforming changes.
34	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
35	None
36	Other Special Clauses:
37	This bill provides a special effective date.
38	Utah Code Sections Affected:
39	AMENDS:
40	63G-2-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 234
41	ENACTS:
42	16-10a-2001, Utah Code Annotated 1953
43	16-10a-2002, Utah Code Annotated 1953
44	16-10a-2003, Utah Code Annotated 1953
45	16-10a-2004, Utah Code Annotated 1953
46	16-10a-2005, Utah Code Annotated 1953
47	16-10a-2006, Utah Code Annotated 1953
48 49	16-10a-2007 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
49 50	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
51	Section 1. Section 16-10a-2001 is enacted to read:
52	Part 20. Uniform Antitrust Pre-Merger Notification Act
53	<u>16-10a-2001</u> . Definitions.
54	As used in this part:
55	(1) "Additional documentary material" means the additional documentary material filed
56	with a Hart-Scott-Rodino form.
57	(2) "Electronic" means relating to technology having electrical, digital, magnetic, wireless,
58	optical, electromagnetic, or similar capabilities.
59	(3) "Filing threshold" means the minimum size of a transaction that requires the transaction
60	to be reported under the Hart-Scott-Rodino Act in effect when a person files a
61	pre-merger notification.
62	(4) "Hart-Scott-Rodino Act" means Section 201 of the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust

63	Improvements Act of 1976, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 18a.
64	(5)(a) <u>"Hart-Scott-Rodino form" means the form filed with a pre-merger notification.</u>
65	(b) "Hart-Scott-Rodino form" does not include additional documentary material.
66	(6) "Pre-merger notification" means a notification filed under the Hart-Scott-Rodino Act
67	with the Federal Trade Commission or the United States Department of Justice Antitrust
68	Division or a successor agency.
69	(7) "State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the
70	United States Virgin Islands, or any other territory or possession subject to the
71	jurisdiction of the United States.
72	Section 2. Section 16-10a-2002 is enacted to read:
73	<u>16-10a-2002</u> . Filing requirement.
74	(1) A person filing a pre-merger notification shall file contemporaneously a complete
75	electronic copy of the Hart-Scott-Rodino form with the attorney general if:
76	(a) the person has the person's principal place of business in this state; or
77	(b) the person or a person the person controls directly or indirectly had annual net sales
78	in this state of the goods or services involved in the transaction of at least 20% of the
79	filing threshold.
80	(2) A person that files a form under Subsection (1)(a) shall include with the filing a
81	complete electronic copy of the additional documentary material.
82	(3) On request of the attorney general, a person that filed a form under Subsection (1)(b)
83	shall provide a complete electronic copy of the additional documentary material to the
84	attorney general not later than seven days after receipt of the request.
85	(4) The attorney general:
86	(a) may not charge a fee connected with filing or providing the form or additional
87	documentary material under this section; and
88	(b) shall take any action related to a pre-merger notification or additional documentary
89	material within:
90	(i) 30 days after the day on which a person files a pre-merger notification with the
91	attorney general, if the merger does not involve a cash tender offer; or
92	(ii) 15 days after the day on which a person files a pre-merger notification with the
93	attorney general, if the merger involves a cash tender offer.
94	Section 3. Section 16-10a-2003 is enacted to read:
95	<u>16-10a-2003</u> . Confidentiality.
96	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (3) or Section 16-10a-2004, the attorney general may

97	not make public or disclose:
98	(a) a Hart-Scott-Rodino form filed under Section 16-10a-2002;
99	(b) the additional documentary material filed or provided under Section 16-10a-2002;
100	(c) a Hart-Scott-Rodino form or additional documentary material provided by the
101	attorney general of another state;
102	(d) that the form or the additional documentary material was filed or provided under
103	Section 16-10a-2002, or provided by the attorney general of another state; or
104	(e) the merger proposed in the form.
105	(2) A form, additional documentary material, and other information listed in Subsection (1)
106	are private records under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and
107	Management Act.
108	(3) Subject to a protective order entered by an agency, court, or judicial officer, the attorney
109	general may disclose a form, additional documentary material, or other information
110	listed in Subsection (1) in an administrative proceeding or judicial action if the proposed
111	merger is relevant to the proceeding or action.
112	(4) This part does not:
113	(a) limit any other confidentiality or information-security obligation of the attorney
114	general;
115	(b) preclude the attorney general from sharing information with the Federal Trade
116	Commission or the United States Department of Justice Antitrust Division, or a
117	successor agency; or
118	(c) subject to Subsection (5), preclude the attorney general from sharing information
119	with the attorney general of another state that has enacted the Uniform Antitrust
120	Pre-Merger Notification Act or a substantively equivalent act.
121	(5) If the attorney general shares information with another state under Subsection $(4)(c)$, the
122	other state's act must include confidentiality provisions at least as protective as the
123	confidentiality provisions of the Uniform Antitrust Pre-Merger Notification Act.
124	Section 4. Section 16-10a-2004 is enacted to read:
125	<u>16-10a-2004</u> . Reciprocity.
126	(1)(a) The attorney general may disclose a Hart-Scott-Rodino form and additional
127	documentary material filed or provided under Section 16-10a-2002 to the attorney
128	general of another state that enacts the Uniform Antitrust Pre-Merger Notification
129	Act or a substantively equivalent act.
130	(b) The other state's act must include confidentiality provisions at least as protective as

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131	the confidentiality provisions of the Uniform Antitrust Pre-Merger Notification Act.
132	(2) At least two business days before making a disclosure under Subsection (1), the attorney
133	general shall give notice of the disclosure to the person filing or providing the form or
134	additional documentary material under Section 16-10a-2002.
135	Section 5. Section 16-10a-2005 is enacted to read:
136	<u>16-10a-2005</u> . Civil penalty.
137	(1) The attorney general may seek imposition of a civil penalty of not more than \$10,000
138	per day of noncompliance on a person that fails to comply with Subsections
139	<u>16-10a-2002(1) through (3).</u>
140	(2) A civil penalty imposed under this section is subject to procedural requirements
141	applicable to the attorney general, including the requirements of due process.
142	Section 6. Section 16-10a-2006 is enacted to read:
143	<u>16-10a-2006</u> . Uniformity of application and construction.
144	In applying and construing this part, a court shall consider the promotion of uniformity
145	of the law among jurisdictions that enact it.
146	Section 7. Section 16-10a-2007 is enacted to read:
147	<u>16-10a-2007</u> . Transitional provision.
148	(1) This part applies only to a pre-merger notification filed on or after the day on which this
149	part takes effect.
150	(2) For purposes of this part, the Legislature intends that the Office of Legislative Research
151	and General Counsel, in preparing the Utah Code database for publication, replace "the
152	day on which this part takes effect" in Subsection (1) with January 1 of the year after the
153	year in which the lieutentant governor informs the legislative general counsel that 20
154	states have passed legislation in substantially the same form as this part and the
155	enactments by the states have taken effect in each state.
156	Section 8. Section 63G-2-302 is amended to read:
157	63G-2-302 . Private records.
158	(1) The following records are private:
159	(a) records concerning an individual's eligibility for unemployment insurance benefits,
160	social services, welfare benefits, or the determination of benefit levels;
161	(b) records containing data on individuals describing medical history, diagnosis,
162	condition, treatment, evaluation, or similar medical data;
163	(c) records of publicly funded libraries that when examined alone or with other records
164	identify a patron;

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165	(d) records received by or generated by or for:
166	(i) the Independent Legislative Ethics Commission, except for:
167	(A) the commission's summary data report that is required under legislative rule;
168	and
169	(B) any other document that is classified as public under legislative rule; or
170	(ii) a Senate or House Ethics Committee in relation to the review of ethics
171	complaints, unless the record is classified as public under legislative rule;
172	(e) records received by, or generated by or for, the Independent Executive Branch Ethics
173	Commission, except as otherwise expressly provided in Title 63A, Chapter 14,
174	Review of Executive Branch Ethics Complaints;
175	(f) records received or generated for a Senate confirmation committee concerning
176	character, professional competence, or physical or mental health of an individual:
177	(i) if, prior to the meeting, the chair of the committee determines release of the
178	records:
179	(A) reasonably could be expected to interfere with the investigation undertaken by
180	the committee; or
181	(B) would create a danger of depriving a person of a right to a fair proceeding or
182	impartial hearing; and
183	(ii) after the meeting, if the meeting was closed to the public;
184	(g) employment records concerning a current or former employee of, or applicant for
185	employment with, a governmental entity that would disclose that individual's home
186	address, home telephone number, social security number, insurance coverage, marital
187	status, or payroll deductions;
188	(h) records or parts of records under Section 63G-2-303 that a current or former
189	employee identifies as private according to the requirements of that section;
190	(i) that part of a record indicating a person's social security number or federal employer
191	identification number if provided under Section 31A-23a-104, 31A-25-202,
192	31A-26-202, 58-1-301, 58-55-302, 61-1-4, or 61-2f-203;
193	(j) that part of a voter registration record identifying a voter's:
194	(i) driver license or identification card number;
195	(ii) social security number, or last four digits of the social security number;
196	(iii) email address;
197	(iv) date of birth; or
198	(v) phone number;

199	(k) a voter registration record that is classified as a private record by the lieutenant
200	governor or a county clerk under Subsection 20A-2-101.1(5)(a), 20A-2-104(4)(h), or
201	20A-2-204(4)(b);
202	(1) a voter registration record that is withheld under Subsection 20A-2-104(7);
203	(m) a withholding request form described in Subsections 20A-2-104(7) and (8) and any
204	verification submitted in support of the form;
205	(n) a record that:
206	(i) contains information about an individual;
207	(ii) is voluntarily provided by the individual; and
208	(iii) goes into an electronic database that:
209	(A) is designated by and administered under the authority of the Chief Information
210	Officer; and
211	(B) acts as a repository of information about the individual that can be
212	electronically retrieved and used to facilitate the individual's online interaction
213	with a state agency;
214	(o) information provided to the Commissioner of Insurance under:
215	(i) Subsection 31A-23a-115(3)(a);
216	(ii) Subsection 31A-23a-302(4); or
217	(iii) Subsection 31A-26-210(4);
218	(p) information obtained through a criminal background check under Title 11, Chapter
219	40, Criminal Background Checks by Political Subdivisions Operating Water Systems;
220	(q) information provided by an offender that is:
221	(i) required by the registration requirements of Title 77, Chapter 41, Sex, Kidnap, and
222	Child Abuse Offender Registry; and
223	(ii) not required to be made available to the public under Subsection 77-41-110(4);
224	(r) a statement and any supporting documentation filed with the attorney general in
225	accordance with Section 34-45-107, if the federal law or action supporting the filing
226	involves homeland security;
227	(s) electronic toll collection customer account information received or collected under
228	Section 72-6-118 and customer information described in Section 17B-2a-815
229	received or collected by a public transit district, including contact and payment
230	information and customer travel data;
231	(t) an email address provided by a military or overseas voter under Section 20A-16-501;
232	(u) a completed military-overseas ballot that is electronically transmitted under Title

233	20A, Chapter 16, Uniform Military and Overseas Voters Act;
234	(v) records received by or generated by or for the Political Subdivisions Ethics Review
235	Commission established in Section 63A-15-201, except for:
236	(i) the commission's summary data report that is required in Section 63A-15-202; and
237	(ii) any other document that is classified as public in accordance with Title 63A,
238	Chapter 15, Political Subdivisions Ethics Review Commission;
239	(w) a record described in Section 53G-9-604 that verifies that a parent was notified of an
240	incident or threat;
241	(x) a criminal background check or credit history report conducted in accordance with
242	Section 63A-3-201;
243	(y) a record described in Subsection 53-5a-104(7);
244	(z) on a record maintained by a county for the purpose of administering property taxes,
245	an individual's:
246	(i) email address;
247	(ii) phone number; or
248	(iii) personal financial information related to a person's payment method;
249	(aa) a record submitted by a taxpayer to establish the taxpayer's eligibility for an
250	exemption, deferral, abatement, or relief under:
251	(i) Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 11, Exemptions;
252	(ii) Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 12, Property Tax Relief;
253	(iii) Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 18, Tax Deferral and Tax Abatement; or
254	(iv) Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 19, Armed Forces Exemptions;
255	(bb) a record provided by the State Tax Commission in response to a request under
256	Subsection 59-1-403(4)(y)(iii);
257	(cc) a record of the Child Welfare Legislative Oversight Panel regarding an individual
258	child welfare case, as described in Subsection 36-33-103(3);[-and]
259	(dd) a record relating to drug or alcohol testing of a state employee under Section
260	63A-17-1004;
261	(ee) a record relating to a request by a state elected official or state employee who has
262	been threatened to the Division of Technology Services to remove personal
263	identifying information from the open web under Section 63A-16-109;[-and]
264	(ff) a record including confidential information as that term is defined in Section
265	67-27-105[-] <u>; and</u>
266	(gg) a form, documentary material, or other information described in Subsection

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267	<u>16-10a-2003(1).</u>
268	(2) The following records are private if properly classified by a governmental entity:
269	(a) records concerning a current or former employee of, or applicant for employment
270	with a governmental entity, including performance evaluations and personal status
271	information such as race, religion, or disabilities, but not including records that are
272	public under Subsection 63G-2-301(2)(b) or 63G-2-301(3)(o) or private under
273	Subsection (1)(b);
274	(b) records describing an individual's finances, except that the following are public:
275	(i) records described in Subsection 63G-2-301(2);
276	(ii) information provided to the governmental entity for the purpose of complying
277	with a financial assurance requirement; or
278	(iii) records that must be disclosed in accordance with another statute;
279	(c) records of independent state agencies if the disclosure of those records would
280	conflict with the fiduciary obligations of the agency;
281	(d) other records containing data on individuals the disclosure of which constitutes a
282	clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;
283	(e) records provided by the United States or by a government entity outside the state that
284	are given with the requirement that the records be managed as private records, if the
285	providing entity states in writing that the record would not be subject to public
286	disclosure if retained by it;
287	(f) any portion of a record in the custody of the Division of Aging and Adult Services,
288	created in Section 26B-6-102, that may disclose, or lead to the discovery of, the
289	identity of a person who made a report of alleged abuse, neglect, or exploitation of a
290	vulnerable adult; and
291	(g) audio and video recordings created by a body-worn camera, as defined in Section
292	77-7a-103, that record sound or images inside a home or residence except for
293	recordings that:
294	(i) depict the commission of an alleged crime;
295	(ii) record any encounter between a law enforcement officer and a person that results
296	in death or bodily injury, or includes an instance when an officer fires a weapon;
297	(iii) record any encounter that is the subject of a complaint or a legal proceeding
298	against a law enforcement officer or law enforcement agency;
299	(iv) contain an officer involved critical incident as defined in Subsection 76-2-408
300	(1)(f); or

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301	(v) have been requested for reclassification as a public record by a subject or
302	authorized agent of a subject featured in the recording.
303	(3)(a) As used in this Subsection (3), "medical records" means medical reports, records,
304	statements, history, diagnosis, condition, treatment, and evaluation.
305	(b) Medical records in the possession of the University of Utah Hospital, its clinics,
306	doctors, or affiliated entities are not private records or controlled records under
307	Section 63G-2-304 when the records are sought:
308	(i) in connection with any legal or administrative proceeding in which the patient's
309	physical, mental, or emotional condition is an element of any claim or defense; or
310	(ii) after a patient's death, in any legal or administrative proceeding in which any
311	party relies upon the condition as an element of the claim or defense.
312	(c) Medical records are subject to production in a legal or administrative proceeding
313	according to state or federal statutes or rules of procedure and evidence as if the
314	medical records were in the possession of a nongovernmental medical care provider.
315	Section 9. Contingent effective date.
316	(1) Title 16, Chapter 10a, Part 20, Uniform Antitrust Pre-Merger Notification Act and the
317	amendments to Section 63G-2-302 take effect on the first day of January following the
318	day on which at least 20 other states pass legislation in substantially the same form as
319	Title 16, Chapter 10a, Part 20, Uniform Antitrust Pre-Merger Notification Act and the
320	enactments by the states take effect in each state.
321	(2) The lieutenant governor shall inform the legislative general counsel, in writing, of the
322	date Title 16, Chapter 10a, Part 20, Uniform Antitrust Pre-Merger Notification Act and
323	the amendments to Section 63G-2-302, take effect in accordance with this section.