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Automatic License Plate Reader Amendments

2025 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Kristen Chevrier

Senate Sponsor:

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3	LONG TITLE
4	General Description:
5	This bill modifies and establishes requirements for the use of automatic license plate reader
6	systems.
7	Highlighted Provisions:
8	This bill:
9	 defines terms;
10	provides for authorized uses for automatic license plate reader systems by:
11	• law enforcement agencies; and
12	• other governmental entities;
13	 establishes reporting requirements regarding the use of automatic license plate reader
14	systems for:
15	law enforcement agencies; and
16	• other governmental entities;
17	 creates standards for data obtained from an automatic license plate reader system,
18	including:
19	• data security;
20	• retention; and
21	• sharing; and
22	 makes technical changes.
23	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
24	None
25	Other Special Clauses:
26	None
27	Utah Code Sections Affected:
28	AMENDS:
29	41-6a-2002, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 251
30	41-6a-2003, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 251

31	41-6a-2004, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 524
32	41-6a-2005, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 524
33	41-6a-2006, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 524
34	ENACTS:
35	41-6a-2003.1 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
36	41-6a-2003.2 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
37	41-6a-2003.3 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
38	41-6a-2003.4 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
39	41-6a-2003.5 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
40	
41	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
42	Section 1. Section 41-6a-2002 is amended to read:
43	41-6a-2002 . Definitions.
44	As used in this chapter:
45	(1) "Active criminal investigation" means [an] a law enforcement officer has [documented]
46	established reasonable articulable suspicion that a crime is being or has been committed,
47	and believes the suspected criminal activity may be connected to a vehicle, a registered
48	owner of a vehicle, or an occupant of a vehicle.
49	(2) "Aggregated captured plate data" means de-identified captured plate data created by:
50	(a) combining multiple sets of captured plate data; and
51	(b) removing any information that relates to an identified or identifiable individual.
52	[(2)] (3) "Automatic license plate reader system" means a system of one or more mobile or
53	fixed automated high-speed cameras used in combination with computer algorithms to
54	convert an image of a license plate into computer-readable data.
55	[(3)] (4) "Captured plate data" means the global positioning system coordinates, date and
56	time, photograph, license plate number, and any other data captured by or derived from
57	an automatic license plate reader system operated by a governmental entity.
58	(5) "Commission" means the State Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice created in
59	Section 63M-7-201.
60	(6) "Department" means the Department of Transportation created in Section 72-1-201.
61	(7) "Fixed automatic license plate reader system" means an automatic license plate reader
62	system that remains in a stationary location and is only able to obtain captured plate data
63	that passes within view of the automatic license plate reader system.
64	[(4)] (8)(a) "Governmental entity" means[:] the same as that term is defined in Section

65	<u>63G-2-103.</u>
66	[(i) executive department agencies of the state;]
67	[(ii) the offices of the governor, the lieutenant governor, the state auditor, the attorney
68	general, and the state treasurer;]
69	[(iii) the Board of Pardons and Parole;]
70	[(iv) the Board of Examiners;]
71	[(v) the National Guard;]
72	[(vi) the Career Service Review Office;]
73	[(vii) the State Board of Education;]
74	[(viii) the Utah Board of Higher Education;]
75	[(ix) the State Archives;]
76	[(x) the Office of the Legislative Auditor General;]
77	[(xi) the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst;]
78	[(xii) the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel;]
79	[(xiii) the Legislature;]
80	[(xiv) legislative committees, except any political party, group, caucus, or rules or
81	sifting committee of the Legislature;]
82	[(xv) courts, the Judicial Council, the Administrative Office of the Courts, and
83	similar administrative units in the judicial branch;]
84	[(xvi) any state-funded institution of higher education or public education;]
85	[(xvii) any political subdivision of the state; or]
86	[(xviii) a law enforcement agency.]
87	(b) "Governmental entity" includes[:]
88	[(i) every office, agency, board, bureau, committee, department, advisory board, or
89	commission of an entity listed in Subsections (4)(a)(i) through (xviii) that is
90	funded or established by the government to carry out the public's business; or]
91	[(ii)] _a person acting as an agent of a governmental entity or acting on behalf of a
92	governmental entity.
93	[(5)] (9) "Government website" means the same as that term is defined in Section
94	<u>63A-19-101.</u>
95	(10) "Hotlist" means a compilation of license plate numbers or other identifying
96	information for known vehicles against which captured plate data is compared to
97	generate an alert when a particular license plate is detected.
98	(11) "Identify" means to search and review captured plate data obtained through the use of

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99	an automatic license plate reader system to determine a vehicle of interest.
100	(12) "Known vehicle" means a vehicle for which law enforcement has specific identifying
101	information, including the license plate number or a detailed physical description of the
102	vehicle.
103	(13)(a) "Law enforcement agency" means the same as that term is defined in Section
104	<u>53-1-102.</u>
105	(b) "Law enforcement agency" includes a law enforcement officer.
106	(14) "Locate" means to determine the current location of a known vehicle by searching
107	captured plate data.
108	(15) "Mobile automatic license plate reader system" means an automatic license plate
109	reader system attached to a vehicle which obtains captured plate data while the vehicle is
110	moving or stationary.
111	(16) "Parking enforcement entity" means a governmental entity that is primarily responsible
112	for:
113	(a) enforcing state and local parking or traffic laws; or
114	(b) regulating the use of a parking facility.
115	(17) "Nongovernmental entity" means a person that is not a governmental entity.
116	[(6)] (18) "Secured area" means an area, enclosed by clear boundaries, to which access is
117	limited and not open to the public and entry is only obtainable through specific
118	access-control points.
119	(19) "Track" means to use captured plate data to systematically monitor and record the
120	movements of a known vehicle over time.
121	(20) "Vehicle of interest" means a vehicle that is not a known vehicle that may have been
122	involved in criminal activity.
123	Section 2. Section 41-6a-2003 is amended to read:
124	41-6a-2003 . Automatic license plate reader systems Restrictions.
125	[(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), a governmental entity may not use an automatic
126	license plate reader system.]
127	(1) A governmental entity may use an automatic license plate reader system or process
128	captured plate data only if:
129	(a) authorized by this part; and
130	(b) not used for a purpose described in Subsection (2).
131	(2) A governmental entity may not use an automatic license plate reader system or process
132	captured plate data to:

133	(a) identify an individual engaged in an action protected by the First Amendment of the
134	United States Constitution; or
135	(b) discriminate against an individual based on the individual's race, color, religion, sex,
136	national origin, age, disability, or genetic information.
137	[(2) Subject to Subsection (3), an automatic license plate reader system may be used:]
138	[(a) by a law enforcement agency to access captured license plate data:]
139	[(i) as part of an active criminal investigation;]
140	[(ii) to apprehend an individual with an outstanding warrant;]
141	[(iii) to locate a missing or endangered person; or]
142	[(iv) to locate a stolen vehicle;]
143	[(b) by a law enforcement agency to access the Utah Criminal Justice Information
144	System to:]
145	[(i) verify valid vehicle registration information;]
146	[(ii) confirm vehicle identification;]
147	[(iii) verify insurance information; or]
148	[(iv) identify a stolen vehicle;]
149	[(c) by a governmental parking enforcement entity for the purpose of enforcing state and
150	local parking laws;]
151	[(d) by a parking enforcement entity for regulating the use of a parking facility;]
152	[(e) for the purpose of controlling access to a secured area;]
153	[(f) for the purpose of collecting an electronic toll;]
154	[(g) for the purpose of enforcing motor carrier laws;]
155	[(h) by a public transit district for the purpose of assessing parking needs and conducting
156	a travel pattern analysis;]
157	[(i) by an institution of higher education within the state system of higher education as
158	described in Section 53B-1-102:]
159	[(i) for a purpose described in Subsections (2)(a) through (e); or]
160	[(ii) if the data collected is anonymized, for research and educational purposes;]
161	[(j) by the Utah Inland Port Authority, created in Section 11-58-201, or by a contractor
162	of the Utah Inland Port Authority with the approval of the board of the Utah Inland
163	Port Authority, if:]
164	[(i) the automatic license plate reader system is used only within a project area, as
165	defined in Section 11-58-102, of the Utah Inland Port Authority;]
166	[(ii) the purpose of using the automatic license plate reader system is to improve

167	supply chain efficiency or the efficiency of the movement of goods by analyzing
168	and researching data related to commercial vehicle traffic; and]
169	[(iii) specific license plate information is anonymized; or]
170	[(k) by an international airport owned by a governmental entity for the purpose of
171	promoting efficient regulation and implementation of traffic control and direction,
172	parking, security, and other similar operational objectives on the airport campus.]
173	[(3) A law enforcement agency may not use an automatic license plate reader system unless:]
174	[(a) the law enforcement agency has a written policy regarding the use, management,
175	and auditing of the automatic license plate reader system;]
176	[(b) for any stationary device installed with the purpose of capturing license plate data of
177	vehicles traveling on a state highway, the law enforcement agency obtains a special
178	use permit as described in Section 72-1-212 from the Department of Transportation
179	before installing the device; and]
180	[(c) the policy under Subsection (3)(a) and any special use permits granted in accordance
181	with Subsection (3)(b) are:]
182	[(i) posted and publicly available on the appropriate city, county, or state website; or]
183	[(ii) posted on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63A-16-601 if the
184	law enforcement agency does not have access to a website under Subsection
185	(3)(c)(i).]
186	Section 3. Section 41-6a-2003.1 is enacted to read:
187	41-6a-2003.1 . Authorized uses by law enforcement agencies.
188	(1) Except as provided in Subsections (2) and (3), a law enforcement agency may not use
189	an automatic license plate reader system.
190	(2) Subject to the reporting requirements in Section 41-61-2003.3, a law enforcement
191	agency may use an automatic license plate reader system:
192	(a) as part of an active criminal investigation to:
193	(i) identify a vehicle of interest;
194	(ii) locate a known vehicle; or
195	(iii) track a known vehicle; or
196	<u>(b)</u> <u>to:</u>
197	(i) apprehend an individual with an outstanding felony warrant;
198	(ii) find a missing or endangered person;
199	(iii) locate a stolen vehicle;
200	(iv) verify valid vehicle registration information;

201	(v) confirm vehicle identification;
202	(vi) verify insurance information; or
203	(vii) generate an alert by comparing captured plate data against a hotlist that meets
204	the requirements of Section 41-6a-2003.2.
205	(3) A law enforcement agency may use a fixed automatic license plate reader system on a
206	state highway only if:
207	(a) the law enforcement agency has obtained a special use permit as described in Section
208	72-1-212 from the department before installing the automatic license plate reader
209	system; and
210	(b) the special use permit is prominently posted on the law enforcement agency's
211	government website.
212	Section 4. Section 41-6a-2003.2 is enacted to read:
213	<u>41-6a-2003.2</u> . Hotlist requirements.
214	(1) A law enforcement agency that maintains a hotlist shall update the hotlist daily.
215	(2) Before engaging an occupant of a vehicle based on a hotlist alert, a law enforcement
216	agency shall confirm that:
217	(a) the license plate on the vehicle matches the license plate on the hotlist alert; and
218	(b) the hotlist alert relates to a legitimate law enforcement activity.
219	Section 5. Section 41-6a-2003.3 is enacted to read:
220	<u>41-6a-2003.3</u> . Law enforcement agency reporting requirements.
221	(1) An automatic license plate reader system used by a law enforcement agency shall:
222	(a) provide automated logging capabilities that record:
223	(i) the total number of vehicles from which captured plate data was obtained;
224	(ii) the total number of hotlist alerts;
225	(iii) the total number of searches and queries of captured plate data performed by a
226	law enforcement agency; and
227	(iv) for each search or query by a law enforcement agency:
228	(A) the date and time of the search or query;
229	(B) the vehicle or individual of interest, if applicable;
230	(C) the law enforcement agency's case number associated with the search or
231	query; and
232	(D) the name of the law enforcement officer who performed the search or query;
233	and
234	(b) maintain an unalterable record of system access and use.

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235	(2) Beginning July 1, 2025, a law enforcement agency that uses an automatic license plate
236	reader system shall:
237	(a) maintain a log of the information described in Subsection (1)(a);
238	(b) create an annual report for the previous calendar year containing:
239	(i) data from the log described in Subsection (2)(a);
240	(ii) the number of automatic license plate reader systems operated by the law
241	enforcement agency, including the number of:
242	(A) fixed automatic license plate reader systems by zip code; and
243	(B) mobile automatic license plate reader systems;
244	(iii) case numbers associated with hotlist alerts and any search or query; and
245	(iv) total number of law enforcement actions resulting from a hotlist alert;
246	(c) conduct an annual internal audit to ensure compliance with this part; and
247	(d) on or before March 1 of each year, beginning March 1, 2026, submit to the
248	commission:
249	(i) the annual report described in Subsection (2)(b); and
250	(ii) key findings from the audit described in Subsection (2)(c).
251	(3) <u>A law enforcement agency shall:</u>
252	(a) retain any records created under this section for five years from the date the records
253	were created; and
254	(b) destroy the records after the period described in Subsection (3)(a).
255	(4) A law enforcement agency shall compile the report described in Subsection (2)(d) in a
256	standardized format developed by the commission under Subsection (5).
257	(5) The commission shall:
258	(a) develop a standardized format for a law enforcement agency to report the
259	information described in Subsection (2)(d);
260	(b) compile the information received from law enforcement agencies pursuant to
261	Subsection (2)(d);
262	(c) publish on the commission's website on or before July 1 of each year a compilation
263	of the information received pursuant to Subsection (2)(d); and
264	(d) provide to the Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice Interim Committee on or
265	before September 30 of each year a report that includes:
266	(i) a summary of the information received pursuant to Subsection (2)(d);
267	(ii) recommended legislation;
268	(iii) suggested items for further study; and

269	(iv) recommendations for improving data collection under this section.
270	Section 6. Section 41-6a-2003.4 is enacted to read:
271	41-6a-2003.4 . Authorized use for governmental entities Reporting
272	requirements.
273	(1) Except as provided in this section, a governmental entity that is not a law enforcement
274	agency may not use an automatic license plate reader system.
275	(2) An automatic license plate reader system may be used by:
276	(a) a parking enforcement entity for the purpose of:
277	(i) enforcing state and local parking or traffic laws; or
278	(ii) regulating a parking facility;
279	(b) a governmental entity that maintains a secured area for the purpose of controlling
280	access to the secured area; and
281	(c) the department for the purpose of:
282	(i) collecting an electronic toll on a highway; or
283	(ii) enforcing motor carrier laws.
284	(3) Aggregated captured plate data may be used by:
285	(a) a public transit district, as defined in Section 17B-2a-802, for the purpose of
286	assessing parking needs or conducting a travel pattern analysis;
287	(b) an educational institution within the Utah System of Higher Education described in
288	Section 53B-1-102 for research and educational purposes;
289	(c) the Utah Inland Port Authority created in Section 11-58-201, or a contractor of the
290	Utah Inland Port Authority, for the purpose of improving supply chain efficiency or
291	the efficiency of the movement of goods by analyzing and researching data related to
292	commercial vehicle traffic if the:
293	(i) Utah Inland Port Authority's board, created in Section 11-58-301, has approved
294	the use of an automatic license plate reader system; and
295	(ii) the automatic license plate reader system is only used within a project area of the
296	Inland Port Authority; and
297	(d) an international airport for the purpose of:
298	(i) promoting efficient regulation; and
299	(ii) implementing traffic control and direction, parking, security, and other similar
300	operational objectives.
301	(4) An automatic license plate reader system used by a governmental entity authorized
302	under this section shall:

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303	(a) provide automated logging capabilities that record:
304	(i) the total number of vehicles from which captured plate data was obtained;
305	(ii) the total number of searches and queries of captured plate data performed by the
306	governmental entity; and
307	(iii) for each search or query by the governmental entity:
308	(A) the date and time of the search or query; and
309	(B) the name of the governmental entity employee who performed the search or
310	query; and
311	(b) maintain an unalterable record of system access and use.
312	(5) Beginning July 1, 2025, a governmental entity that uses an automatic license plate
313	reader system under this section shall:
314	(a) maintain a log of the information described in Subsection (4)(a); and
315	(b) create an annual report for the previous calendar year containing:
316	(i) the number of automatic license plate reader systems operated by the
317	governmental entity, including the number of:
318	(A) fixed automatic license plate reader systems by zip code; and
319	(B) mobile automatic license plate reader systems;
320	(ii) the type of captured plate data obtained by an automatic license plate reader
321	system used by the governmental entity;
322	(iii) how the governmental entity used the captured plate data;
323	(iv) the type of aggregated captured plate data used by the governmental entity;
324	(v) how the governmental entity used the aggregated captured plate data; and
325	(vi) an attestation from the governmental entity's chief administrative officer that the
326	governmental entity is in compliance with this part.
327	(6) A governmental entity shall retain the records created under this section for five years
328	from the date the records were created.
329	Section 7. Section 41-6a-2003.5 is enacted to read:
330	<u>41-6a-2003.5</u> . Duties of governmental entities.
331	(1) A governmental entity authorized to use an automatic license plate reader system under
332	this part shall:
333	(a) ensure that all captured plate data is encrypted or otherwise rendered unusable,
334	unreadable, or indecipherable to an unauthorized individual through a security
335	technology or methodology generally accepted in the field of information security;
336	(b) require all employees of the governmental entity who use an automatic license plate

337	reader system or captured plate data to receive training on:
338	(i) the requirements of this part; and
339	(ii) the governmental entity's policies regarding the use of an automatic license plate
340	reader system or captured plate data;
341	(c) only use the minimum amount of captured plate data necessary to effectuate a
342	purpose authorized by this part; and
343	(d) prominently post on the governmental entity's government website a public notice
344	which describes:
345	(i) the purpose for which the governmental entity uses an automatic license plate
346	reader system;
347	(ii) what captured plate data is collected by any automatic license plate reader system
348	used by the governmental entity;
349	(iii) how the governmental entity uses captured plate data;
350	(iv) the legal authority which establishes the governmental entity's eligibility to use
351	an automatic license plate reader system; and
352	(v) the record series in which the captured plate data is included.
353	(2) Posting of the notice under Subsection (1)(d) shall be sufficient to meet the
354	requirements to provide a data privacy notice under Section 63A-19-402.
355	Section 8. Section 41-6a-2004 is amended to read:
356	41-6a-2004 . Captured plate data Retention.
357	[(1) Captured plate data obtained for the purposes described in Section 41-6a-2003:]
358	[(a) in accordance with Section 63G-2-305, is a protected record under Title 63G,
359	Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act, if the captured plate
360	data is maintained by a governmental entity;]
361	[(b) may not be used or shared for any purpose other than the purposes described in
362	Section 41-6a-2003;]
363	[(c) except as provided in Subsection (3), may not be preserved for more than nine
364	months by a governmental entity except pursuant to:]
365	[(i) a preservation request under Section 41-6a-2005;]
366	[(ii) a disclosure order under Subsection 41-6a-2005(2); or]
367	[(iii) a warrant issued under the Utah Rules of Criminal Procedure or an equivalent
368	federal warrant; and]
369	[(d) may only be disclosed:]
370	[(i) in accordance with the disclosure requirements for a protected record under

371	Section 63G-2-202;]
372	[(ii) pursuant to a disclosure order under Subsection 41-6a-2005(2); or]
373	[(iii) pursuant to a warrant issued under the Utah Rules of Criminal Procedure or an
374	equivalent federal warrant.]
375	[(2)(a) A governmental entity that is authorized to use an automatic license plate reader
376	system under this part may not sell captured plate data for any purpose.]
377	[(b) A governmental entity that is authorized to use an automatic license plate reader
378	system under this part may not share or use captured plate data for a purpose not
379	authorized under Subsection 41-6a-2003(2).]
380	[(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, a governmental entity may preserve
381	and disclose aggregate captured plate data for planning and statistical purposes if the
382	information identifying a specific license plate is not preserved or disclosed.]
383	[(3) Plate data collected in accordance with Section 72-6-118 may be preserved so long as
384	necessary to collect the payment of a toll or penalty imposed in accordance with Section
385	72-6-118 and the nine-month preservation limitation described in Subsection (1)(c) shall
386	not apply.]
387	[(4)(a) Except as provided in Subsections (1)(c)(i) through (1)(c)(iii), a governmental
388	entity shall destroy as soon as reasonably possible, in an unrecoverable manner, plate
389	data obtained pursuant to this chapter that is not specifically necessary to achieve the
390	authorized objectives under Subsection 41-6a-2003(2).]
391	[(b) Subsection (4)(a) applies to data a governmental entity obtains:]
392	[(i) from a nongovernmental entity pursuant to a warrant; or]
393	[(ii) from an automatic license plate reader system owned or operated by a
394	governmental entity.]
395	(1) All captured plate data shall be retained for at least 14 days from the date the captured
396	plate data was obtained by an automatic license plate reader system.
397	(2) Except as provided in Subsections (3) and (4), 90 days from the date that captured plate
398	data was obtained, the captured plate data shall be deleted or destroyed in such a way
399	that the captured plate data is unrecoverable.
400	(3) Captured plate data may be retained after 90 days only if:
401	(a) for criminal matters, the captured plate data is:
402	(i) intended to be used as evidence in an ongoing criminal investigation or
403	prosecution; and
404	(ii) retained in accordance with Title 77, Chapter 11c, Retention of Evidence; or

405	(b) for civil matters, the captured plate data is related to an ongoing civil enforcement
406	action and is retained pursuant to the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure; and
407	(c) upon conclusion of the civil or criminal matter, the captured plate data is disposed of
408	in accordance with applicable records retention laws.
409	(4) A governmental entity may retain aggregated captured plate data:
410	(a) to comply with the auditing and reporting requirements described in Sections
411	41-6a-2003.2 and 41-6a-2003.3; and
412	(b) for planning and statistical purposes.
413	Section 9. Section 41-6a-2005 is amended to read:
414	41-6a-2005 . Disclosure of captured plate data.
415	[(1) A person or governmental entity using an automatic license plate reader system shall
416	take all steps necessary to preserve captured plate data in its possession for 14 days after
417	the date the data is captured pending the issuance of a court order requiring the
418	disclosure of the captured plate data if a governmental entity or defendant in a criminal
419	ease requesting the captured plate data submits a written statement to the person or
420	governmental entity using an automatic license plate reader system:]
421	[(a) requesting the person or governmental entity to preserve the captured plate data;]
422	[(b) identifying:]
423	[(i) the camera or cameras for which captured plate data shall be preserved;]
424	[(ii) the license plate for which captured plate data shall be preserved; or]
425	[(iii) the dates and time frames for which captured plate data shall be preserved; and]
426	[(c) notifying the person or governmental entity maintaining the captured plate data that
427	the governmental entity or defendant in a criminal case is applying for a court order
428	for disclosure of the captured plate data.]
429	(1) Captured plate data:
430	(a) is a protected record in accordance with Section 63G-2-305; and
431	(b) may not be shared or disclosed for any purpose other than the purposes specifically
432	described in this part.
433	(2) Captured plate data captured by a law enforcement agency may only be shared with
434	another law enforcement agency:
435	(a) under the sharing provisions in Section 63G-2-206; and
436	(b) pursuant to a data sharing agreement which requires the requesting law enforcement
437	agency to comply with all requirements of this part.
438	(3) A governmental entity authorized to use an automatic license plate reader system under

439	this part may not sell captured plate data for any reason.
440	[(2)] (4)(a) A governmental entity or defendant in a criminal case may apply for a court
441	order for the disclosure of captured plate data possessed by a governmental entity.
442	(b) A court [that is a court of competent jurisdiction]shall issue [a court] an order
443	requiring the disclosure of captured plate data if the governmental entity or defendant
444	in a criminal case offers specific and articulable facts showing that there are
445	reasonable grounds to believe that the captured plate data is relevant and material to
446	an ongoing criminal or missing person investigation.
447	[(3) Captured plate data that is the subject of an application for a disclosure order under
448	Subsection (2) may be destroyed at the later of:]
449	[(a) the date that an application for an order under Subsection (2) is denied and any
450	appeal exhausted;]
451	[(b) the end of 14 days, if the person or governmental entity does not otherwise preserve
452	the captured plate data; or]
453	[(c) the end of the period described in Subsection 41-6a-2004(1)(c).]
454	[(4) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), a governmental entity may enter into a memorandum
455	of understanding with another governmental entity to share access to an automatic
456	license plate reader system or captured plate data otherwise authorized by this part.]
457	(5) A governmental entity may obtain, receive, or use [captured plate data from] data
458	captured from an automatic license plate reader system operated by a nongovernmental
459	entity only:
460	(a)(i) pursuant to a warrant issued using the procedures described in the Utah Rules
461	of Criminal Procedure or an equivalent federal warrant; or
462	(ii) using the procedure described in Subsection [(2)] (4); and
463	(b) for the [purposes] uses authorized in [Subsection 41-6a-2003(2)] Section 41-6a-2003.4.
464	[(6)(a) A law enforcement agency shall preserve a record of:]
465	[(i) the number of times a search of captured license plate data is conducted by the
466	agency or the agency's employees or agents; and]
467	[(ii) the crime type and incident number associated with each search of captured
468	license plate data.]
469	[(b) A law enforcement agency shall preserve a record identified in Subsection (6)(a) for
470	at least five years.]
471	Section 10. Section 41-6a-2006 is amended to read:
472	41-6a-2006 . Penalties.

473 [A person-]

- 474 (1) <u>An individual</u> who knowingly or intentionally uses[, obtains, or discloses] <u>an automatic</u>
- 475 <u>license plate reader system or captured license plate data in violation of this part is guilty</u>
- 476 of a class B misdemeanor.
- 477 (2) A governmental entity may take disciplinary action, which may include suspension or
- 478 <u>discharge, against any employee of the governmental entity who intentionally violates</u>
- 479 <u>any provision of this part.</u>
- 480 Section 11. Effective Date.
- 481 This bill takes effect on May 7, 2025.