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Judicial Retention Changes

2025 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Karianne Lisonbee

Senate Sponsor:

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4 General Description:

This bill addresses judicial retention.

6 Highlighted Provisions:

- 7 This bill:
 - modifies the ballot requirements for judicial retention elections;
- 9 modifies the information contained in the voter information pamphlet for judicial
- 10 retention elections;
- requires the lieutenant governor to transmit a retention recommendation from the Joint
- 12 Legislative Committee on Judicial Performance to a county clerk;
- 13 amends the ballot language for a judicial retention election to address a retention
- 14 recommendation from the Joint Legislative Committee on Judicial Performance;
- provides that certain records for the Joint Legislative Committee on Judicial Performance
- 16 are private;

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- 17 requires the Judicial Conduct Committee to provide records to the Joint Legislative
- 18 Committee on Judicial Performance under certain conditions;
 - defines terms related to judicial performance evaluations;
- 20 requires the Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission to provide the Joint Legislative
- 21 Committee on Judicial Performance with a list of judges who are subject to a retention
- 22 election in the next scheduled regular general election;
 - creates the Joint Legislative Committee on Judicial Performance;
- 24 addresses the membership, length of appointment, selection of the chairs, quorum
- 25 requirements, and compensation for the Joint Legislative Committee on Judicial
- 26 Performance;
- 27 allows the Joint Legislative Committee on Judicial Performance to evaluate a judge and
- 28 provide a recommendation to the public as to whether the judge should be retained for
- another term;
 - provides the evaluation and recommendation process for the Joint Legislative Committee

on Judicial Performance, including requiring the Joint Legislative Committee on Judicial 31 32 Performance to: 33 • hold any committee meeting to evaluate a judge before August 15 of the year in which 34 the judge is subject to a retention election in a regular general election; and 35 • provide a retention recommendation for a judge to the lieutenant governor on or before 36 August 15 of the year in which the judge is subject to a retention election in a regular 37 general election; and 38 makes technical and conforming changes. 39 Money Appropriated in this Bill: 40 None 41 **Other Special Clauses:** 42 None 43 **Utah Code Sections Affected:** 44 AMENDS: 45 **20A-6-301**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 136 46 20A-6-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 136 47 **20A-6-305**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 49 48 20A-7-701, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Fifth Special Session, Chapter 20 49 20A-7-702, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 465 50 **20A-7-801**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 100 51 **20A-12-201**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 394 52 63G-2-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 234 53 **63G-2-305**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 18, 101, 135, 267, 344, and 54 522 55 **78A-7-203**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 52 56 **78A-11-112**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 114 57 **78A-12-102**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 11 **ENACTS:** 58 59 **78A-12-201.1**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 60 **78A-12-208**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 61 **78A-12-301**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 62 **78A-12-302**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 63 **78A-12-303**, Utah Code Annotated 1953

78A-12-304, Utah Code Annotated 1953

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65	78A-12-305 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
66	78A-12-306 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
67	RENUMBERS AND AMENDS:
68	78A-12-201.2 , (Renumbered from 78A-12-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022,
69	Chapter 11)
70	REPEALS:
71 72	78A-12-101 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 248
73	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
74	Section 1. Section 20A-6-301 is amended to read:
75	20A-6-301 . Manual ballots Regular general election.
76	(1) Each election officer shall ensure that:
77	(a) all manual ballots furnished for use at the regular general election contain:
78	(i) no captions or other endorsements except as provided in this section;
79	(ii) no symbols, markings, or other descriptions of a political party or group, except
80	for a registered political party that has chosen to nominate its candidates in
81	accordance with Section 20A-9-403; and
82	(iii) no indication that a candidate for elective office has been nominated by, or has
83	been endorsed by, or is in any way affiliated with a political party or group, unless
84	the candidate has been nominated by a registered political party in accordance
85	with Subsection 20A-9-202(4) or Subsection 20A-9-403(5);
86	(b) at the top of the ballot, the following endorsements are printed in 18 point bold type:
87	(i) "Official Ballot for County, Utah";
88	(ii) the date of the election; and
89	(iii) the words "certified by the Clerk of County" or, as applicable, the
90	name of a combined office that includes the duties of a county clerk;
91	(c) unaffiliated candidates, candidates not affiliated with a registered political party, and
92	all other candidates for elective office who were not nominated by a registered
93	political party in accordance with Subsection 20A-9-202(4) or Subsection
94	20A-9-403(5), are listed with the other candidates for the same office in accordance
95	with Section 20A-6-305, without a party name or title;
96	(d) each ticket containing the lists of candidates, including the party name and device,
97	are separated by heavy parallel lines;
98	(e) the offices to be filled are plainly printed immediately above the names of the

99	candidates for those offices;
100	(f) the names of candidates are printed in capital letters, not less than one-eighth nor
101	more than one-fourth of an inch high in heavy-faced type not smaller than 10 point,
102	between lines or rules three-eighths of an inch apart; and
103	(g) on a ticket for a race in which a voter is authorized to cast a write-in vote and in
104	which a write-in candidate is qualified under Section 20A-9-601:
105	(i) the ballot includes a space for a write-in candidate immediately following the last
106	candidate listed on that ticket; or
107	(ii) for the offices of president and vice president and governor and lieutenant
108	governor, the ballot includes two spaces for write-in candidates immediately
109	following the last candidates on that ticket, one placed above the other, to enable
110	the entry of two valid write-in candidates.
111	(2) An election officer shall ensure that:
112	(a) each individual nominated by any registered political party under Subsection
113	20A-9-202(4) or Subsection 20A-9-403(5), and no other individual, is placed on the
114	ballot:
115	(i) under the registered political party's name, if any; or
116	(ii) under the title of the registered political party as designated by them in their
117	certificates of nomination or petition, or, if none is designated, then under some
118	suitable title;
119	(b) the names of all unaffiliated candidates that qualify as required in Chapter 9, Part 5,
120	Candidates not Affiliated with a Party, are placed on the ballot;
121	(c) the names of the candidates for president and vice president are used on the ballot
122	instead of the names of the presidential electors; and
123	(d) the ballots contain no other names.
124	(3) When the ballot contains a nonpartisan section, the election officer shall ensure that:
125	(a) the designation of the office to be filled in the election and the number of candidates
126	to be elected are printed in type not smaller than eight point;
127	(b) the words designating the office are printed flush with the left-hand margin;
128	(c) the words, "Vote for one" or "Vote for up to (the number of candidates for
129	which the voter may vote)" extend to the extreme right of the column;
130	(d) the nonpartisan candidates are grouped according to the office for which they are
131	candidates;
132	(e) the names in each group are placed in the order specified under Section 20A-6-305

133	with the surnames last; and
134	(f) each group is preceded by the designation of the office for which the candidates seek
135	election, and the words, "Vote for one" or "Vote for up to (the number of
136	candidates for which the voter may vote)," according to the number to be elected.
137	(4) Each election officer shall ensure that:
138	(a) proposed amendments to the Utah Constitution are listed on the ballot in accordance
139	with Section 20A-6-107;
140	(b) ballot propositions submitted to the voters are listed on the ballot in accordance with
141	Section 20A-6-107;
142	(c) bond propositions that have qualified for the ballot are listed on the ballot under the
143	title assigned to each bond proposition under Section 11-14-206; and
144	(d) the judicial retention section of the ballot includes:
145	(i) [-]a statement at the beginning directing voters to the Judicial Performance
146	Evaluation Commission's website in accordance with Subsection 20A-12-201(4)[-]
147	<u>and</u>
148	(ii) any retention recommendation from the Joint Legislative Committee on Judicial
149	Performance for a judge or justice who is listed on the ballot as described in
150	Subsection 20A-12-201(4).
151	Section 2. Section 20A-6-304 is amended to read:
152	20A-6-304. Regular general election Mechanical ballots.
153	(1) Each election officer shall ensure that:
154	(a) the format and content of a mechanical ballot is arranged in approximately the same
155	order as manual ballots;
156	(b) the titles of offices and the names of candidates are displayed in vertical columns or
157	in a series of separate displays;
158	(c) the mechanical ballot is of sufficient length to include, after the list of candidates:
159	(i) the names of candidates for judicial offices and any other nonpartisan offices; and
160	(ii) any ballot propositions submitted to the voters for their approval or rejection;
161	(d) the office titles are displayed above or at the side of the names of candidates so as to
162	indicate clearly the candidates for each office and the number to be elected;
163	(e) the party designation of each candidate who has been nominated by a registered
164	political party under Subsection 20A-9-202(4) or Subsection 20A-9-403(5) is
165	displayed adjacent to the candidate's name; and
166	(f) if possible, all candidates for one office are grouped in one column or upon one

167	display screen.
168	(2) Each election officer shall ensure that:
169	(a) proposed amendments to the Utah Constitution are displayed in accordance with
170	Section 20A-6-107;
171	(b) ballot propositions submitted to the voters are displayed in accordance with Section
172	20A-6-107;
173	(c) bond propositions that have qualified for the ballot are displayed under the title
174	assigned to each bond proposition under Section 11-14-206; and
175	(d) the judicial retention section of the ballot includes:
176	(i) [-]a statement at the beginning directing voters to the Judicial Performance
177	Evaluation Commission's website in accordance with Subsection 20A-12-201(4)[-];
178	<u>and</u>
179	(ii) any retention recommendation from the Joint Legislative Committee on Judicial
180	Performance for a judge or justice who is listed on the ballot as described in
181	Subsection 20A-12-201(4).
182	Section 3. Section 20A-6-305 is amended to read:
183	20A-6-305 . Master ballot position list Random selection Procedures
184	Publication Surname Exemptions Ballot order.
185	(1) As used in this section, "master ballot position list" means an official list of the 26
186	characters in the alphabet listed in random order and numbered from one to 26 as
187	provided under Subsection (2).
188	(2) The lieutenant governor shall:
189	(a) within 30 days after the candidate filing deadline in each even-numbered year,
190	conduct a random selection to create a master ballot position list for all elections in
191	accordance with procedures established under Subsection (2)(c);
192	(b) publish the master ballot position list on the lieutenant governor's election website no
193	later than 15 days after creating the list; and
194	(c) establish written procedures for:
195	(i) the election official to use the master ballot position list; and
196	(ii) the lieutenant governor in:
197	(A) conducting the random selection in a fair manner; and
198	(B) providing a record of the random selection process used.
199	(3) In accordance with the written procedures established under Subsection (2)(c)(i), an
200	election officer shall use the master ballot position list for the current year to determine

201		the order in which to list candidates on the ballot for an election held during the year.
202	(4)	To determine the order in which to list candidates on the ballot required under
203		Subsection (3), the election officer shall apply the randomized alphabet using:
204		(a) the candidate's surname;
205		(b) for candidates with a surname that has the same spelling, the candidate's given name;
206		and
207		(c) the surname of the president and the surname of the governor for an election for the
208		offices of president and vice president and governor and lieutenant governor.
209	(5)	Subsections (1) through (4) do[-] not apply to:
210		(a) an election for an office for which only one candidate is listed on the ballot; or
211		(b) a judicial retention election under Section 20A-12-201.
212	(6)	Subject to Subsection (7), each ticket that appears on a ballot for an election shall
213		appear separately, in the following order:
214		(a) for federal office:
215		(i) president and vice president of the United States;
216		(ii) United States Senate office; and
217		(iii) United States House of Representatives office;
218		(b) for state office:
219		(i) governor and lieutenant governor;
220		(ii) attorney general;
221		(iii) state auditor;
222		(iv) state treasurer;
223		(v) state Senate office;
224		(vi) state House of Representatives office; and
225		(vii) State Board of Education member;
226		(c) for county office:
227		(i) county executive office;
228		(ii) county legislative body member;
229		(iii) county assessor;
230		(iv) county or district attorney;
231		(v) county auditor;
232		(vi) county clerk;
233		(vii) county recorder;
234		(viii) county sheriff;

235	(ix) county surveyor;
236	(x) county treasurer; and
237	(xi) local school board member;
238	(d) for municipal office:
239	(i) mayor; and
240	(ii) city or town council member;
241	(e) elected planning and service district council member;
242	(f) judicial retention questions and recommendations; and
243	(g) ballot propositions not described in Subsection (6)(f).
244	(7)(a) A ticket for a race for a combined office shall appear on the ballot in the place of
245	the earliest ballot ticket position that is reserved for an office that is subsumed in the
246	combined office.
247	(b) Each ticket, other than a ticket described in Subsection (6)(f), shall list:
248	(i) each candidate in accordance with Subsections (1) through (4); and
249	(ii) except as otherwise provided in this title, the party name, initials, or title
250	following each candidate's name.
251	Section 4. Section 20A-7-701 is amended to read:
252	20A-7-701 . Voter information pamphlet to be prepared.
253	(1) The lieutenant governor shall cause to be prepared a voter information pamphlet
254	designed to inform the voters of the state of the content, effect, operation, fiscal impact
255	and the supporting and opposing arguments of any measure submitted to the voters by
256	the Legislature or by a statewide initiative or referendum petition.
257	(2) The pamphlet shall [also-]include a separate section [prepared, analyzed, and submitted
258	by the Judicial Council describing the judicial selection and retention process.
259	(3) Voter information pamphlets prepared in association with a local initiative or a local
260	referendum shall be prepared in accordance with the procedures and requirements of
261	Section 20A-7-402.
262	Section 5. Section 20A-7-702 is amended to read:
263	20A-7-702 . Voter information pamphlet Form Contents.
264	The voter information pamphlet shall contain the following items in this order:
265	(1) a cover title page;
266	(2) an introduction to the pamphlet by the lieutenant governor;
267	(3) a table of contents;
268	(4) a list of all candidates for constitutional offices;

269	(5)	a list of candidates for each legislative district;
270	(6)	a 100-word statement of qualifications for each candidate for the office of governor,
271		lieutenant governor, attorney general, state auditor, or state treasurer, if submitted by the
272		candidate to the lieutenant governor's office before 5 p.m. on the first business day in
273		August before the date of the election;
274	(7)	information pertaining to all measures to be submitted to the voters, beginning a new
275		page for each measure and containing, in the following order for each measure:
276		(a) a copy of the number and ballot title of the measure;
277		(b) the final vote cast by the Legislature on the measure if it is a measure submitted by
278		the Legislature or by referendum;
279		(c)(i) for a measure other than a measure described in Section 20A-7-103, the
280		impartial analysis of the measure prepared by the Office of Legislative Research
281		and General Counsel; or
282		(ii) for a measure described in Section 20A-7-103, the analysis of the measure
283		prepared by the presiding officers;
284		(d) the arguments in favor of the measure, the rebuttal to the arguments in favor of the
285		measure, the arguments against the measure, and the rebuttal to the arguments against
286		the measure, with the name and title of the authors at the end of each argument or
287		rebuttal;
288		(e) for each constitutional amendment, a complete copy of the text of the constitutional
289		amendment, with all new language underlined, and all deleted language placed within
290		brackets;
291		(f) for each initiative qualified for the ballot:
292		(i) a copy of the initiative as certified by the lieutenant governor and a copy of the
293		initial fiscal impact statement prepared according to Section 20A-7-202.5; and
294	(ii)	if the initiative proposes a tax increase, the following statement in bold type:
295		"This initiative seeks to increase the current (insert name of tax) rate by (insert the tax
296		percentage difference) percent, resulting in a(n) (insert the tax percentage increase) percent
297		increase in the current tax rate."; and
298		(g) for each referendum qualified for the ballot, a complete copy of the text of the law
299		being submitted to the voters for their approval or rejection, with all new language
300		underlined and all deleted language placed within brackets, as applicable;
301	[(8)	a description provided by the Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission of the
302		selection and retention process for judges, including, in the following order:

303	[(a) a description of the judicial selection process;]
304	[(b) a description of the judicial performance evaluation process;]
305	[(e) a description of the judicial retention election process;]
306	[(d) a list of the criteria of the judicial performance evaluation and the certification
307	standards;]
308	[(e) the names of the judges standing for retention election; and]
309	[(f) for each judge:]
310	[(i) a list of the counties in which the judge is subject to retention election;]
311	[(ii) a short biography of professional qualifications and a recent photograph;]
312	[(iii) a narrative concerning the judge's performance;]
313	[(iv) for each certification standard under Section 78A-12-205, a statement
314	identifying whether, under Section 78A-12-205, the judge met the standard and, if
315	not, the manner in which the judge failed to meet the standard;]
316	[(v) a statement that the Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission:]
317	[(A) has determined that the judge meets or exceeds minimum performance
318	standards;]
319	[(B) has determined that the judge does not meet or exceed minimum performance
320	standards; or]
321	[(C) has not made a determination regarding whether the judge meets or exceeds
322	minimum performance standards;]
323	[(vi) any statement, described in Subsection 78A-12-206(3)(b), provided by a judge
324	whom the Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission determines does not meet
325	or exceed minimum performance standards;]
326	[(vii) in a bar graph, the average of responses to each survey category, displayed with
327	an identification of the minimum acceptable score as set by Section 78A-12-205
328	and the average score of all judges of the same court level; and]
329	[(viii) a website address that contains the Judicial Performance Evaluation
330	Commission's report on the judge's performance evaluation;]
331	(8) information pertaining to the selection and retention process for judges in the following
332	order:
333	(a) a description of the judicial selection process that is provided by the Judicial
334	Performance Evaluation Commission;
335	(b) a description of the judicial performance evaluation process for the Judicial
336	Performance Evaluation Commission, including a list of the criteria of the judicial

337	performance evaluation and the certification standards, that is provided by the
338	Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission;
339	(c) a description of the judicial performance evaluation and recommendation process for
340	the Joint Legislative Committee on Judicial Performance that is provided by the Joint
341	Legislative Committee on Judicial Performance; and
342	(d) a description of the judicial retention election process that is provided by the Judicial
343	Performance Evaluation Committee;
344	(9) the following information for each judge standing for a retention election:
345	(a) the name of the judge;
346	(b) a list of the counties in which the judge is standing for a retention election;
347	(c) a short biography of the judge's professional qualifications and a recent photograph
348	that is provided by the Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission;
349	(d) a statement, provided by the Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission, that the
350	Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission:
351	(i) has determined that the judge meets or exceeds minimum performance standards;
352	(ii) has determined that the judge does not meet or exceed minimum performance
353	standards; or
354	(iii) has not made a determination regarding whether the judge meets or exceeds
355	minimum performance standards;
356	(e) any statement described in Subsection 78A-12-206(3)(b), provided by the Judicial
357	Performance Evaluation Commission, from a judge whom the Judicial Performance
358	Evaluation Commission determines does not meet or exceed minimum performance
359	standards;
360	(f) in a bar graph provided by the Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission, the
361	average responses to each survey category, displayed with an identification of the
362	minimum acceptable score as set by Section 78A-12-205 and the average score of all
363	judges of the same court level;
364	(g) a website address, provided by the Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission,
365	that contains the Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission's report on the judge's
366	performance evaluation; and
367	[(9)] (h) [for each judge,]a statement, provided by the Utah Supreme Court, identifying
368	the cumulative number of informal reprimands, when consented to by the judge in
369	accordance with Title 78A, Chapter 11, Judicial Conduct Commission, formal
370	reprimands, and all orders of censure and suspension issued by the Utah Supreme

371	Court under Utah Constitution, Article VIII, Section 13, during the judge's current
372	term and the immediately preceding term, and a detailed summary of the supporting
373	reasons for each violation of the Code of Judicial Conduct that the judge has received;
374	(10) an explanation of ballot marking procedures prepared by the lieutenant governor,
375	indicating the ballot marking procedure used by each county and explaining how to
376	mark the ballot for each procedure;
377	(11) voter registration information, including information on how to obtain a ballot;
378	(12) a list of all county clerks' offices and phone numbers;
379	(13) the address of the Statewide Electronic Voter Information Website, with a statement
380	indicating that the election officer will post on the website any changes to the location of
381	a polling place and the location of any additional polling place;
382	(14) a phone number that a voter may call to obtain information regarding the location of a
383	polling place; and
384	(15) on the back cover page, a printed copy of the following statement signed by the lieutenant
385	governor:
386	"I, (print name), Lieutenant Governor of Utah, certify that the
387	measures contained in this pamphlet will be submitted to the voters of Utah at the election to
388	be held throughout the state on (date of election), and that this pamphlet is complete and
389	correct according to law.
390	SEAL
391	Witness my hand and the Great Seal of the State, at Salt Lake City, Utah this day
392	of (month), (year)
393	
	(signed)
394	
	Lieutenant Governor".
395	Section 6. Section 20A-7-801 is amended to read:
396	20A-7-801 . Statewide Electronic Voter Information Website Program Duties
397	of the lieutenant governor Content Duties of local election officials Deadlines
398	Frequently asked voter questions Other elections.
399	(1) There is established the Statewide Electronic Voter Information Website Program
400	administered by the lieutenant governor in cooperation with the county clerks for
401	general elections and municipal authorities for municipal elections.
402	(2) In accordance with this section, and as resources become available, the lieutenant

403	gov	vernor, in cooperation with county clerks, shall develop, establish, and maintain a
404	sta	te-provided Internet website designed to help inform the voters of the state of:
405	(a)	the offices and candidates up for election;
406	(b)	the content, effect, operation, fiscal impact, and supporting and opposing arguments
407		of ballot propositions submitted to the voters; and
408	(c)	the status of a voter's trackable ballot, in accordance with Section 20A-3a-401.5,
409		accessible only by the voter.
410	(3) Exe	cept as provided under Subsection (6), the website shall include:
411	(a)	all information currently provided in the Utah voter information pamphlet under [
412		Chapter 7, Part 7, Voter Information Pamphlet, including a section prepared,
413		analyzed, and submitted by the Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission
414		describing the judicial selection and retention process] Part 7, Voter Information
415		Pamphlet;
416	(b)	on the homepage of the website, a link to the Judicial Performance Evaluation
417		Commission's website, judges.utah.gov;
418	(c)	a link to the retention recommendation made by the Judicial Performance Evaluation
419		Commission in accordance with Title 78A, Chapter 12, Part 2, Judicial Performance
420		Evaluation Commission, for each judicial appointee to a court that is subject to a
421		retention election, in accordance with Section 20A-12-201, for the upcoming general
422		election;
423	(d)	all information submitted by election officers under Subsection (4) on local office
424		races, local office candidates, and local ballot propositions;
425	(e)	a list that contains the name of a political subdivision that operates an election day
426		voting center under Section 20A-3a-703 and the location of the election day voting
427		center;
428	(f)	other information determined appropriate by the lieutenant governor that is currently
429		being provided by law, rule, or ordinance in relation to candidates and ballot
430		questions;
431	(g)	any differences in voting method, time, or location designated by the lieutenant
432		governor under Subsection 20A-1-308(2); and
433	(h)	an online ballot tracking system by which a voter can view the status of the voter's
434		trackable ballot, in accordance with Section 20A-3a-401.5, including:
435		(i) when a ballot has been mailed to the voter;
436		(ii) when an election official has received the voter's ballot; and

437	(iii) when the voter's ballot has been counted.
438	(4)(a) An election official shall submit the following information for each ballot under
439	the election official's direct responsibility under this title:
440	(i) a list of all candidates for each office;
441	(ii) if submitted by the candidate to the election official's office before 5 p.m. no later
442	than 45 days before the primary election or before 5 p.m. no later than 60 days
443	before the general election:
444	(A) a statement of qualifications, not exceeding 200 words in length, for each
445	candidate;
446	(B) the following current biographical information if desired by the candidate,
447	current:
448	(I) age;
449	(II) occupation;
450	(III) city of residence;
451	(IV) years of residence in current city; and
452	(V) email address; and
453	(C) a single web address where voters may access more information about the
454	candidate and the candidate's views; and
455	(iii) factual information pertaining to all ballot propositions submitted to the voters,
456	including:
457	(A) a copy of the number and ballot title of each ballot proposition;
458	(B) the final vote cast for each ballot proposition, if any, by a legislative body if
459	the vote was required to place the ballot proposition on the ballot;
460	(C) a complete copy of the text of each ballot proposition, with all new language
461	underlined and all deleted language placed within brackets; and
462	(D) other factual information determined helpful by the election official.
463	(b) The information under Subsection (4)(a) shall be submitted to the lieutenant
464	governor no later than one business day after the deadline under Subsection (4)(a) for
465	each general election year and each municipal election year.
466	(c) The lieutenant governor shall:
467	(i) review the information submitted under this section, to determine compliance
468	under this section, prior to placing it on the website;
469	(ii) refuse to post information submitted under this section on the website if it is not
470	in compliance with the provisions of this section; and

471	(iii) organize, format, and arrange the information submitted under this section for
472	the website.
473	(d) The lieutenant governor may refuse to include information the lieutenant governor
474	determines is not in keeping with:
475	(i) Utah voter needs;
476	(ii) public decency; or
477	(iii) the purposes, organization, or uniformity of the website.
478	(e) A refusal under Subsection (4)(d) is subject to appeal in accordance with Subsection
479	(5).
480	(5)(a) A person whose information is refused under Subsection (4), and who is
481	aggrieved by the determination, may appeal by submitting a written notice of appeal
482	to the lieutenant governor before 5 p.m. within 10 business days after the date of the
483	determination. A notice of appeal submitted under this Subsection (5)(a) shall
484	contain:
485	(i) a listing of each objection to the lieutenant governor's determination; and
486	(ii) the basis for each objection.
487	(b) The lieutenant governor shall review the notice of appeal and shall issue a written
488	response within 10 business days after the day on which the notice of appeal is
489	submitted.
490	(c) An appeal of the response of the lieutenant governor shall be made to the district
491	court, which shall review the matter de novo.
492	(6)(a) The lieutenant governor shall ensure that each voter will be able to conveniently
493	enter the voter's address information on the website to retrieve information on which
494	offices, candidates, and ballot propositions will be on the voter's ballot at the next
495	general election or municipal election.
496	(b) The information on the website will anticipate and answer frequent voter questions
497	including the following:
498	(i) what offices are up in the current year for which the voter may cast a vote;
499	(ii) who is running for what office and who is the incumbent, if any;
500	(iii) what address each candidate may be reached at and how the candidate may be
501	contacted;
502	(iv) for partisan races only, what, if any, is each candidate's party affiliation;
503	(v) what qualifications have been submitted by each candidate;
504	(vi) where additional information on each candidate may be obtained;

505	(vii) what ballot propositions will be on the ballot; and
506	(viii) what judges are up for retention election.
507	(7) The lieutenant governor shall ensure that each voter may conveniently enter the voter's
508	name, date of birth, and address information on the website to retrieve information on
509	the status of the voter's ballot if the voter's ballot is trackable under Section
510	20A-3a-401.5.
511	(8) As resources are made available and in cooperation with the county clerks, the
512	lieutenant governor may expand the electronic voter information website program to
513	include the same information as provided under this section for special elections and
514	primary elections.
515	Section 7. Section 20A-12-201 is amended to read:
516	20A-12-201. Judicial appointees Retention elections.
517	(1)(a) Each judicial appointee to a court is subject to an unopposed retention election at
518	the first regular general election held more than three years after the judge or justice
519	was appointed.
520	(b) After the first retention election:
521	(i) each Supreme Court justice shall be on the regular general election ballot for an
522	unopposed retention election every tenth year; and
523	(ii) each judge of other courts shall be on the regular general election ballot for an
524	unopposed retention election every sixth year.
525	(2)(a) Each justice or judge of a court of record who wishes to retain office shall, in the
526	year the justice or judge is subject to a retention election:
527	(i) file a declaration of candidacy with the lieutenant governor, or with the county
528	clerk in the candidate's county of residence, within the period beginning on July 1
529	and ending at 5 p.m. on July 15 in the year of a regular general election; and
530	(ii) pay a filing fee of \$50.
531	(b)(i) Each justice court judge who wishes to retain office shall, in the year the justice
532	court judge is subject to a retention election:
533	(A) file a declaration of candidacy with the lieutenant governor, or with the county
534	clerk in the candidate's county of residence, within the period beginning on
535	July 1 and ending at 5 p.m. on July 15 in the year of a regular general election;
536	and
537	(B) pay a filing fee of \$25 for each judicial office.
538	(ii) If a justice court judge is appointed or elected to more than one judicial office, the

539	declaration of candidacy shall identify all of the courts included in the same
540	general election.
541	(iii) If a justice court judge is appointed or elected to more than one judicial office,
542	filing a declaration of candidacy in one county in which one of those courts is
543	located is valid for the courts in any other county.
544	(3)(a) The lieutenant governor shall, no later than August 31 of each regular general
545	election year:
546	(i) transmit a certified list containing the names of the justices of the Supreme Court,
547	judges of the Court of Appeals, and judges of the Business and Chancery Court
548	declaring their candidacy to the county clerk of each county; [and]
549	(ii) transmit a certified list containing the names of judges of other courts declaring
550	their candidacy to the county clerk of each county in the geographic division in
551	which the judge filing the declaration holds office[-]; and
552	(iii) transmit a retention recommendation for a judge or justice from the Joint
553	Legislative Committee on Judicial Performance to the county clerk of each county
554	if the name of the judge or justice is on a certified list described in Subsection
555	(3)(a)(i) or (ii) for that county.
556	(b) Each county clerk shall place the names of justices and judges standing for retention
557	election in the nonpartisan section of the ballot.
558	(4)(a) At the <u>regular general</u> election, the ballots shall contain:
559	(i) at the beginning of the judicial retention section of the ballot, the following statement:
560	"Visit judges.utah.gov to learn about the Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission's
561	recommendations for each judge"; [and]
562	[(ii) as to each justice or judge of any court to be voted on in the county, the following
563	question:
564	"Shall(name of justice or judge) be retained in the
565	office of? (name of office, such as "Justice of the Supreme
566	Court of Utah"; "Judge of the Court of Appeals of Utah"; "Judge of the Business and Chancery
567	Court of Utah"; "Judge of the District Court of the Third Judicial District"; "Judge of the
568	Juvenile Court of the Fourth Juvenile Court District"; "Justice Court Judge of (name of county)
569	County or (name of municipality)")
570	Yes ()
571	No ()."]
572	(ii) for each justice or judge standing for a retention election in the county:

573	(A) if the Joint Legislative Committee on Judicial Performance transmits a
574	statement indicating that the Joint Legislative Committee on Judicial
575	Performance recommends retention of the justice or judge, the following
576	statement: "The Joint Legislative Committee on Judicial Performance
577	recommends that [insert name of justice or judge] be retained in the office of
578	[insert name of office and the applicable court or jurisdiction].";
579	(B) if the Joint Legislative Committee on Judicial Performance transmits a
580	statement indicating that the Joint Legislative Committee on Judicial
581	Performance recommends against retention of the justice or judge, the
582	following statement: "The Joint Legislative Committee on Judicial
583	Performance recommends that [insert name of justice or judge] NOT be
584	retained in the office of [insert name of office and the applicable court or
585	jurisdiction]."; and
586	(C) the following question: "Shall [insert name of justice or judge] be retained in
587	the office of [insert name of office and the applicable court or jurisdiction]?
588	Yes () or No ()."
589	(b) If a justice court exists by means of an interlocal agreement under Section 78A-7-102
590	the ballot question for the judge shall include the name of that court.
591	(5)(a) If the justice or judge receives more yes votes than no votes, the justice or judge is
592	retained for the term of office provided by law.
593	(b) If the justice or judge does not receive more yes votes than no votes, the justice or
594	judge is not retained, and a vacancy exists in the office on the first Monday in
595	January after the regular general election.
596	(6) A justice or judge not retained is ineligible for appointment to the office for which the
597	justice or judge was defeated until after the expiration of that term of office.
598	(7)(a) If a justice court judge is standing for retention for one or more judicial offices in
599	a county in which the judge is a county justice court judge or a municipal justice
600	court judge in a town or municipality of the fourth or fifth class, as described in
601	Section 10-2-301, or any combination thereof, the election officer shall place the
602	judge's name on the county ballot only once for all judicial offices for which the
603	judge seeks to be retained.
604	(b) If a justice court judge is standing for retention for one or more judicial offices in a
605	municipality of the first, second, or third class, as described in Section 10-2-301, the
606	election officer shall place the judge's name only on the municipal ballot for the

607	voters of the municipality that the judge serves.
608	Section 8. Section 63G-2-302 is amended to read:
609	63G-2-302 . Private records.
610	(1) The following records are private:
611	(a) records concerning an individual's eligibility for unemployment insurance benefits,
612	social services, welfare benefits, or the determination of benefit levels;
613	(b) records containing data on individuals describing medical history, diagnosis,
614	condition, treatment, evaluation, or similar medical data;
615	(c) records of publicly funded libraries that when examined alone or with other records
616	identify a patron;
617	(d) records received by or generated by or for:
618	(i) the Independent Legislative Ethics Commission, except for:
619	(A) the commission's summary data report that is required under legislative rule;
620	and
621	(B) any other document that is classified as public under legislative rule; or
622	(ii) a Senate or House Ethics Committee in relation to the review of ethics
623	complaints, unless the record is classified as public under legislative rule;
624	(e) records received by, or generated by or for, the Independent Executive Branch Ethics
625	Commission, except as otherwise expressly provided in Title 63A, Chapter 14,
626	Review of Executive Branch Ethics Complaints;
627	(f) records received or generated for a Senate confirmation committee or the Joint
628	<u>Legislative Committee on Judicial Performance</u> concerning character, professional
629	competence, or physical or mental health of an individual:
630	(i) if[, prior to the meeting, the] <u>a</u> chair of the committee determines <u>before the</u>
631	meeting that release of the records:
632	(A) reasonably could be expected to interfere with the investigation undertaken by
633	the committee; or
634	(B) would create a danger of depriving a person of a right to a fair proceeding or
635	impartial hearing; and
636	(ii) after the meeting[,] if the meeting was closed to the public;
637	(g) employment records concerning a current or former employee of, or applicant for
638	employment with, a governmental entity that would disclose that individual's home
639	address, home telephone number, social security number, insurance coverage, marital
640	status, or payroll deductions:

641	(h) records or parts of records under Section 63G-2-303 that a current or former
642	employee identifies as private according to the requirements of that section;
643	(i) that part of a record indicating a person's social security number or federal employer
644	identification number if provided under Section 31A-23a-104, 31A-25-202,
645	31A-26-202, 58-1-301, 58-55-302, 61-1-4, or 61-2f-203;
646	(j) that part of a voter registration record identifying a voter's:
647	(i) driver license or identification card number;
648	(ii) social security number, or last four digits of the social security number;
649	(iii) email address;
650	(iv) date of birth; or
651	(v) phone number;
652	(k) a voter registration record that is classified as a private record by the lieutenant
653	governor or a county clerk under Subsection 20A-2-101.1(5)(a), 20A-2-104(4)(h), or
654	20A-2-204(4)(b);
655	(l) a voter registration record that is withheld under Subsection 20A-2-104(7);
656	(m) a withholding request form described in Subsections 20A-2-104(7) and (8) and any
657	verification submitted in support of the form;
658	(n) a record that:
659	(i) contains information about an individual;
660	(ii) is voluntarily provided by the individual; and
661	(iii) goes into an electronic database that:
662	(A) is designated by and administered under the authority of the Chief Information
663	Officer; and
664	(B) acts as a repository of information about the individual that can be
665	electronically retrieved and used to facilitate the individual's online interaction
666	with a state agency;
667	(o) information provided to the Commissioner of Insurance under:
668	(i) Subsection 31A-23a-115(3)(a);
669	(ii) Subsection 31A-23a-302(4); or
670	(iii) Subsection 31A-26-210(4);
671	(p) information obtained through a criminal background check under Title 11, Chapter
672	40, Criminal Background Checks by Political Subdivisions Operating Water Systems;
673	(q) information provided by an offender that is:
674	(i) required by the registration requirements of Title 77, Chapter 41, Sex, Kidnap, and

675	Child Abuse Offender Registry; and
676	(ii) not required to be made available to the public under Subsection 77-41-110(4);
677	(r) a statement and any supporting documentation filed with the attorney general in
678	accordance with Section 34-45-107, if the federal law or action supporting the filing
679	involves homeland security;
680	(s) electronic toll collection customer account information received or collected under
681	Section 72-6-118 and customer information described in Section 17B-2a-815
682	received or collected by a public transit district, including contact and payment
683	information and customer travel data;
684	(t) an email address provided by a military or overseas voter under Section 20A-16-501;
685	(u) a completed military-overseas ballot that is electronically transmitted under Title
686	20A, Chapter 16, Uniform Military and Overseas Voters Act;
687	(v) records received by or generated by or for the Political Subdivisions Ethics Review
688	Commission established in Section 63A-15-201, except for:
689	(i) the commission's summary data report that is required in Section 63A-15-202; and
690	(ii) any other document that is classified as public in accordance with Title 63A,
691	Chapter 15, Political Subdivisions Ethics Review Commission;
692	(w) a record described in Section 53G-9-604 that verifies that a parent was notified of an
693	incident or threat;
694	(x) a criminal background check or credit history report conducted in accordance with
695	Section 63A-3-201;
696	(y) a record described in Subsection 53-5a-104(7);
697	(z) on a record maintained by a county for the purpose of administering property taxes,
698	an individual's:
699	(i) email address;
700	(ii) phone number; or
701	(iii) personal financial information related to a person's payment method;
702	(aa) a record submitted by a taxpayer to establish the taxpayer's eligibility for an
703	exemption, deferral, abatement, or relief under:
704	(i) Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 11, Exemptions;
705	(ii) Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 12, Property Tax Relief;
706	(iii) Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 18, Tax Deferral and Tax Abatement; or
707	(iv) Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 19, Armed Forces Exemptions;
708	(bb) a record provided by the State Tax Commission in response to a request under

709	Subsection 59-1-403(4)(y)(iii);
710	(cc) a record of the Child Welfare Legislative Oversight Panel regarding an individual
711	child welfare case, as described in Subsection 36-33-103(3); [and]
712	(dd) a record relating to drug or alcohol testing of a state employee under Section
713	63A-17-1004;
714	(ee) a record relating to a request by a state elected official or state employee who has
715	been threatened to the Division of Technology Services to remove personal
716	identifying information from the open web under Section 63A-16-109; and
717	(ff) a record including confidential information as that term is defined in Section
718	67-27-105.
719	(2) The following records are private if properly classified by a governmental entity:
720	(a) records concerning a current or former employee of, or applicant for employment
721	with a governmental entity, including performance evaluations and personal status
722	information such as race, religion, or disabilities, but not including records that are
723	public under Subsection 63G-2-301(2)(b) or 63G-2-301(3)(o) or private under
724	Subsection (1)(b);
725	(b) records describing an individual's finances, except that the following are public:
726	(i) records described in Subsection 63G-2-301(2);
727	(ii) information provided to the governmental entity for the purpose of complying
728	with a financial assurance requirement; or
729	(iii) records that must be disclosed in accordance with another statute;
730	(c) records of independent state agencies if the disclosure of those records would
731	conflict with the fiduciary obligations of the agency;
732	(d) other records containing data on individuals the disclosure of which constitutes a
733	clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;
734	(e) records provided by the United States or by a government entity outside the state that
735	are given with the requirement that the records be managed as private records, if the
736	providing entity states in writing that the record would not be subject to public
737	disclosure if retained by it;
738	(f) any portion of a record in the custody of the Division of Aging and Adult Services,
739	created in Section 26B-6-102, that may disclose, or lead to the discovery of, the
740	identity of a person who made a report of alleged abuse, neglect, or exploitation of a
741	vulnerable adult; and
742	(g) audio and video recordings created by a body-worn camera, as defined in Section

743	77-7a-103, that record sound or images inside a home or residence except for
744	recordings that:
745	(i) depict the commission of an alleged crime;
746	(ii) record any encounter between a law enforcement officer and a person that results
747	in death or bodily injury, or includes an instance when an officer fires a weapon;
748	(iii) record any encounter that is the subject of a complaint or a legal proceeding
749	against a law enforcement officer or law enforcement agency;
750	(iv) contain an officer involved critical incident as defined in Subsection 76-2-408
751	(1)(f); or
752	(v) have been requested for reclassification as a public record by a subject or
753	authorized agent of a subject featured in the recording.
754	(3)(a) As used in this Subsection (3), "medical records" means medical reports, records,
755	statements, history, diagnosis, condition, treatment, and evaluation.
756	(b) Medical records in the possession of the University of Utah Hospital, its clinics,
757	doctors, or affiliated entities are not private records or controlled records under
758	Section 63G-2-304 when the records are sought:
759	(i) in connection with any legal or administrative proceeding in which the patient's
760	physical, mental, or emotional condition is an element of any claim or defense; or
761	(ii) after a patient's death, in any legal or administrative proceeding in which any
762	party relies upon the condition as an element of the claim or defense.
763	(c) Medical records are subject to production in a legal or administrative proceeding
764	according to state or federal statutes or rules of procedure and evidence as if the
765	medical records were in the possession of a nongovernmental medical care provider.
766	Section 9. Section 63G-2-305 is amended to read:
767	63G-2-305 . Protected records.
768	The following records are protected if properly classified by a governmental entity:
769	(1) trade secrets as defined in Section 13-24-2 if the person submitting the trade secret has
770	provided the governmental entity with the information specified in Section 63G-2-309;
771	(2) commercial information or nonindividual financial information obtained from a person
772	if:
773	(a) disclosure of the information could reasonably be expected to result in unfair
774	competitive injury to the person submitting the information or would impair the
775	ability of the governmental entity to obtain necessary information in the future;
776	(b) the person submitting the information has a greater interest in prohibiting access than

777	the public in obtaining access; and
778	(c) the person submitting the information has provided the governmental entity with the
779	information specified in Section 63G-2-309;
780	(3) commercial or financial information acquired or prepared by a governmental entity to
781	the extent that disclosure would lead to financial speculations in currencies, securities, or
782	commodities that will interfere with a planned transaction by the governmental entity or
783	cause substantial financial injury to the governmental entity or state economy;
784	(4) records, the disclosure of which could cause commercial injury to, or confer a
785	competitive advantage upon a potential or actual competitor of, a commercial project
786	entity as defined in Subsection 11-13-103(4);
787	(5) test questions and answers to be used in future license, certification, registration,
788	employment, or academic examinations;
789	(6) records, the disclosure of which would impair governmental procurement proceedings
790	or give an unfair advantage to any person proposing to enter into a contract or agreemen
791	with a governmental entity, except, subject to Subsections (1) and (2), that this
792	Subsection (6) does not restrict the right of a person to have access to, after the contract
793	or grant has been awarded and signed by all parties:
794	(a) a bid, proposal, application, or other information submitted to or by a governmental
795	entity in response to:
796	(i) an invitation for bids;
797	(ii) a request for proposals;
798	(iii) a request for quotes;
799	(iv) a grant; or
800	(v) other similar document; or
801	(b) an unsolicited proposal, as defined in Section 63G-6a-712;
802	(7) information submitted to or by a governmental entity in response to a request for
803	information, except, subject to Subsections (1) and (2), that this Subsection (7) does not
804	restrict the right of a person to have access to the information, after:
805	(a) a contract directly relating to the subject of the request for information has been
806	awarded and signed by all parties; or
807	(b)(i) a final determination is made not to enter into a contract that relates to the
808	subject of the request for information; and
809	(ii) at least two years have passed after the day on which the request for information
810	is issued.

811	(8) records that would identify real property or the appraisal or estimated value of real or
812	personal property, including intellectual property, under consideration for public
813	acquisition before any rights to the property are acquired unless:
814	(a) public interest in obtaining access to the information is greater than or equal to the
815	governmental entity's need to acquire the property on the best terms possible;
816	(b) the information has already been disclosed to persons not employed by or under a
817	duty of confidentiality to the entity;
818	(c) in the case of records that would identify property, potential sellers of the described
819	property have already learned of the governmental entity's plans to acquire the
820	property;
821	(d) in the case of records that would identify the appraisal or estimated value of
822	property, the potential sellers have already learned of the governmental entity's
823	estimated value of the property; or
824	(e) the property under consideration for public acquisition is a single family residence
825	and the governmental entity seeking to acquire the property has initiated negotiations
826	to acquire the property as required under Section 78B-6-505;
827	(9) records prepared in contemplation of sale, exchange, lease, rental, or other compensated
828	transaction of real or personal property including intellectual property, which, if
829	disclosed prior to completion of the transaction, would reveal the appraisal or estimated
830	value of the subject property, unless:
831	(a) the public interest in access is greater than or equal to the interests in restricting
832	access, including the governmental entity's interest in maximizing the financial
833	benefit of the transaction; or
834	(b) when prepared by or on behalf of a governmental entity, appraisals or estimates of
835	the value of the subject property have already been disclosed to persons not
836	employed by or under a duty of confidentiality to the entity;
837	(10) records created or maintained for civil, criminal, or administrative enforcement
838	purposes or audit purposes, or for discipline, licensing, certification, or registration
839	purposes, if release of the records:
840	(a) reasonably could be expected to interfere with investigations undertaken for
841	enforcement, discipline, licensing, certification, or registration purposes;
842	(b) reasonably could be expected to interfere with audits, disciplinary, or enforcement
843	proceedings;
844	(c) would create a danger of depriving a person of a right to a fair trial or impartial

845	hearing;
846	(d) reasonably could be expected to disclose the identity of a source who is not generally
847	known outside of government and, in the case of a record compiled in the course of
848	an investigation, disclose information furnished by a source not generally known
849	outside of government if disclosure would compromise the source; or
850	(e) reasonably could be expected to disclose investigative or audit techniques,
851	procedures, policies, or orders not generally known outside of government if
852	disclosure would interfere with enforcement or audit efforts;
853	(11) records the disclosure of which would jeopardize the life or safety of an individual;
854	(12) records the disclosure of which would jeopardize the security of governmental
855	property, governmental programs, or governmental recordkeeping systems from
856	damage, theft, or other appropriation or use contrary to law or public policy;
857	(13) records that, if disclosed, would jeopardize the security or safety of a correctional
858	facility, or records relating to incarceration, treatment, probation, or parole, that would
859	interfere with the control and supervision of an offender's incarceration, treatment,
860	probation, or parole;
861	(14) records that, if disclosed, would reveal recommendations made to the Board of
862	Pardons and Parole by an employee of or contractor for the Department of Corrections,
863	the Board of Pardons and Parole, or the Department of Health and Human Services that
864	are based on the employee's or contractor's supervision, diagnosis, or treatment of any
865	person within the board's jurisdiction;
866	(15) records and audit workpapers that identify audit, collection, and operational procedures
867	and methods used by the State Tax Commission, if disclosure would interfere with
868	audits or collections;
869	(16) records of a governmental audit agency relating to an ongoing or planned audit until
870	the final audit is released;
871	(17) records that are subject to the attorney client privilege;
872	(18) records prepared for or by an attorney, consultant, surety, indemnitor, insurer,
873	employee, or agent of a governmental entity for, or in anticipation of, litigation or a
874	judicial, quasi-judicial, or administrative proceeding;
875	(19)(a)(i) personal files of a state legislator, including personal correspondence to or
876	from a member of the Legislature; and
877	(ii) notwithstanding Subsection (19)(a)(i), correspondence that gives notice of
878	legislative action or policy may not be classified as protected under this section;

879	and
880	(b)(i) an internal communication that is part of the deliberative process in connection
881	with the preparation of legislation between:
882	(A) members of a legislative body;
883	(B) a member of a legislative body and a member of the legislative body's staff; or
884	(C) members of a legislative body's staff; and
885	(ii) notwithstanding Subsection (19)(b)(i), a communication that gives notice of
886	legislative action or policy may not be classified as protected under this section;
887	(20)(a) records in the custody or control of the Office of Legislative Research and
888	General Counsel, that, if disclosed, would reveal a particular legislator's
889	contemplated legislation or contemplated course of action before the legislator has
890	elected to support the legislation or course of action, or made the legislation or course
891	of action public; and
892	(b) notwithstanding Subsection (20)(a), the form to request legislation submitted to the
893	Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel is a public document unless a
894	legislator asks that the records requesting the legislation be maintained as protected
895	records until such time as the legislator elects to make the legislation or course of
896	action public;
897	(21) a research request from a legislator to a legislative staff member and research findings
898	prepared in response to the request;
899	(22) drafts, unless otherwise classified as public;
900	(23) records concerning a governmental entity's strategy about:
901	(a) collective bargaining; or
902	(b) imminent or pending litigation;
903	(24) records of investigations of loss occurrences and analyses of loss occurrences that may
904	be covered by the Risk Management Fund, the Employers' Reinsurance Fund, the
905	Uninsured Employers' Fund, or similar divisions in other governmental entities;
906	(25) records, other than personnel evaluations, that contain a personal recommendation
907	concerning an individual if disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion
908	of personal privacy, or disclosure is not in the public interest;
909	(26) records that reveal the location of historic, prehistoric, paleontological, or biological
910	resources that if known would jeopardize the security of those resources or of valuable
911	historic, scientific, educational, or cultural information;
912	(27) records of independent state agencies if the disclosure of the records would conflict

913	with the fiduciary obligations of the agency;
914	(28) records of an institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section
915	53B-1-102 regarding tenure evaluations, appointments, applications for admissions,
916	retention decisions, and promotions, which could be properly discussed in a meeting
917	closed in accordance with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act, provided
918	that records of the final decisions about tenure, appointments, retention, promotions, or
919	those students admitted, may not be classified as protected under this section;
920	(29) records of the governor's office, including budget recommendations, legislative
921	proposals, and policy statements, that if disclosed would reveal the governor's
922	contemplated policies or contemplated courses of action before the governor has
923	implemented or rejected those policies or courses of action or made them public;
924	(30) records of the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst relating to budget analysis,
925	revenue estimates, and fiscal notes of proposed legislation before issuance of the final
926	recommendations in these areas;
927	(31) records provided by the United States or by a government entity outside the state that
928	are given to the governmental entity with a requirement that they be managed as
929	protected records if the providing entity certifies that the record would not be subject to
930	public disclosure if retained by it;
931	(32) transcripts, minutes, recordings, or reports of the closed portion of a meeting of a
932	public body except as provided in Section 52-4-206;
933	(33) records that would reveal the contents of settlement negotiations but not including final
934	settlements or empirical data to the extent that they are not otherwise exempt from
935	disclosure;
936	(34) memoranda prepared by staff and used in the decision-making process by an
937	administrative law judge, a member of the Board of Pardons and Parole, or a member of
938	any other body charged by law with performing a quasi-judicial function;
939	(35) records that would reveal negotiations regarding assistance or incentives offered by or
940	requested from a governmental entity for the purpose of encouraging a person to expand
941	or locate a business in Utah, but only if disclosure would result in actual economic harm
942	to the person or place the governmental entity at a competitive disadvantage, but this
943	section may not be used to restrict access to a record evidencing a final contract;
944	(36) materials to which access must be limited for purposes of securing or maintaining the
945	governmental entity's proprietary protection of intellectual property rights including
946	patents, copyrights, and trade secrets;

947	(37) the name of a donor or a prospective donor to a governmental entity, including an
948	institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section 53B-1-102, and
949	other information concerning the donation that could reasonably be expected to reveal
950	the identity of the donor, provided that:
951	(a) the donor requests anonymity in writing;
952	(b) any terms, conditions, restrictions, or privileges relating to the donation may not be
953	classified protected by the governmental entity under this Subsection (37); and
954	(c) except for an institution within the state system of higher education defined in
955	Section 53B-1-102, the governmental unit to which the donation is made is primarily
956	engaged in educational, charitable, or artistic endeavors, and has no regulatory or
957	legislative authority over the donor, a member of the donor's immediate family, or
958	any entity owned or controlled by the donor or the donor's immediate family;
959	(38) accident reports, except as provided in Sections 41-6a-404, 41-12a-202, and 73-18-13;
960	(39) a notification of workers' compensation insurance coverage described in Section
961	34A-2-205;
962	(40)(a) the following records of an institution within the state system of higher education
963	defined in Section 53B-1-102, which have been developed, discovered, disclosed to,
964	or received by or on behalf of faculty, staff, employees, or students of the institution:
965	(i) unpublished lecture notes;
966	(ii) unpublished notes, data, and information:
967	(A) relating to research; and
968	(B) of:
969	(I) the institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section
970	53B-1-102; or
971	(II) a sponsor of sponsored research;
972	(iii) unpublished manuscripts;
973	(iv) creative works in process;
974	(v) scholarly correspondence; and
975	(vi) confidential information contained in research proposals;
976	(b) Subsection (40)(a) may not be construed to prohibit disclosure of public information
977	required pursuant to Subsection 53B-16-302(2)(a) or (b); and
978	(c) Subsection (40)(a) may not be construed to affect the ownership of a record;
979	(41)(a) records in the custody or control of the Office of the Legislative Auditor General
080	that would reveal the name of a particular legislator who requests a legislative audit

981	prior to the date that audit is completed and made public; and
982	(b) notwithstanding Subsection (41)(a), a request for a legislative audit submitted to the
983	Office of the Legislative Auditor General is a public document unless the legislator
984	asks that the records in the custody or control of the Office of the Legislative Auditor
985	General that would reveal the name of a particular legislator who requests a
986	legislative audit be maintained as protected records until the audit is completed and
987	made public;
988	(42) records that provide detail as to the location of an explosive, including a map or other
989	document that indicates the location of:
990	(a) a production facility; or
991	(b) a magazine;
992	(43) information contained in the statewide database of the Division of Aging and Adult
993	Services created by Section 26B-6-210;
994	(44) information contained in the Licensing Information System described in Title 80,
995	Chapter 2, Child Welfare Services;
996	(45) information regarding National Guard operations or activities in support of the
997	National Guard's federal mission;
998	(46) records provided by any pawn or secondhand business to a law enforcement agency or
999	to the central database in compliance with Title 13, Chapter 32a, Pawnshop, Secondhand
1000	Merchandise, and Catalytic Converter Transaction Information Act;
1001	(47) information regarding food security, risk, and vulnerability assessments performed by
1002	the Department of Agriculture and Food;
1003	(48) except to the extent that the record is exempt from this chapter pursuant to Section
1004	63G-2-106, records related to an emergency plan or program, a copy of which is
1005	provided to or prepared or maintained by the Division of Emergency Management, and
1006	the disclosure of which would jeopardize:
1007	(a) the safety of the general public; or
1008	(b) the security of:
1009	(i) governmental property;
1010	(ii) governmental programs; or
1011	(iii) the property of a private person who provides the Division of Emergency
1012	Management information;
1013	(49) records of the Department of Agriculture and Food that provides for the identification,
1014	tracing, or control of livestock diseases, including any program established under Title

1015	4, Chapter 24, Utah Livestock Brand and Anti-Theft Act, or Title 4, Chapter 31, Control
1016	of Animal Disease;
1017	(50) as provided in Section 26B-2-709:
1018	(a) information or records held by the Department of Health and Human Services related
1019	to a complaint regarding a provider, program, or facility which the department is
1020	unable to substantiate; and
1021	(b) information or records related to a complaint received by the Department of Health
1022	and Human Services from an anonymous complainant regarding a provider, program,
1023	or facility;
1024	(51) unless otherwise classified as public under Section 63G-2-301 and except as provided
1025	under Section 41-1a-116, an individual's home address, home telephone number, or
1026	personal mobile phone number, if:
1027	(a) the individual is required to provide the information in order to comply with a law,
1028	ordinance, rule, or order of a government entity; and
1029	(b) the subject of the record has a reasonable expectation that this information will be
1030	kept confidential due to:
1031	(i) the nature of the law, ordinance, rule, or order; and
1032	(ii) the individual complying with the law, ordinance, rule, or order;
1033	(52) the portion of the following documents that contains a candidate's residential or
1034	mailing address, if the candidate provides to the filing officer another address or phone
1035	number where the candidate may be contacted:
1036	(a) a declaration of candidacy, a nomination petition, or a certificate of nomination,
1037	described in Section 20A-9-201, 20A-9-202, 20A-9-203, 20A-9-404, 20A-9-405,
1038	20A-9-408, 20A-9-408.5, 20A-9-502, or 20A-9-601;
1039	(b) an affidavit of impecuniosity, described in Section 20A-9-201; or
1040	(c) a notice of intent to gather signatures for candidacy, described in Section 20A-9-408;
1041	(53) the name, home address, work addresses, and telephone numbers of an individual that
1042	is engaged in, or that provides goods or services for, medical or scientific research that is:
1043	(a) conducted within the state system of higher education, as defined in Section
1044	53B-1-102; and
1045	(b) conducted using animals;
1046	(54) in accordance with Section 78A-12-203, any record of the Judicial Performance
1047	Evaluation Commission concerning an individual commissioner's vote, in relation to
1048	whether a judge meets or exceeds minimum performance standards under Subsection

1049	78A-12-203(4), and information disclosed under Subsection 78A-12-203(5)(e);
1050	(55) information collected and a report prepared by the Judicial Performance Evaluation
1051	Commission concerning a judge, unless Section 20A-7-702 or Title 78A, Chapter 12,
1052	Judicial Performance [Evaluation Commission Act] Evaluations, requires disclosure of,
1053	or makes public, the information or report;
1054	(56) records provided or received by the Public Lands Policy Coordinating Office in
1055	furtherance of any contract or other agreement made in accordance with Section
1056	63L-11-202;
1057	(57) information requested by and provided to the 911 Division under Section 63H-7a-302;
1058	(58) in accordance with Section 73-10-33:
1059	(a) a management plan for a water conveyance facility in the possession of the Division
1060	of Water Resources or the Board of Water Resources; or
1061	(b) an outline of an emergency response plan in possession of the state or a county or
1062	municipality;
1063	(59) the following records in the custody or control of the Office of Inspector General of
1064	Medicaid Services, created in Section 63A-13-201:
1065	(a) records that would disclose information relating to allegations of personal
1066	misconduct, gross mismanagement, or illegal activity of a person if the information
1067	or allegation cannot be corroborated by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid
1068	Services through other documents or evidence, and the records relating to the
1069	allegation are not relied upon by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid
1070	Services in preparing a final investigation report or final audit report;
1071	(b) records and audit workpapers to the extent they would disclose the identity of a
1072	person who, during the course of an investigation or audit, communicated the
1073	existence of any Medicaid fraud, waste, or abuse, or a violation or suspected
1074	violation of a law, rule, or regulation adopted under the laws of this state, a political
1075	subdivision of the state, or any recognized entity of the United States, if the
1076	information was disclosed on the condition that the identity of the person be
1077	protected;
1078	(c) before the time that an investigation or audit is completed and the final investigation
1079	or final audit report is released, records or drafts circulated to a person who is not an
1080	employee or head of a governmental entity for the person's response or information;
1081	(d) records that would disclose an outline or part of any investigation, audit survey plan
1082	or audit program; or

1083	(e) requests for an investigation or audit, if disclosure would risk circumvention of an
1084	investigation or audit;
1085	(60) records that reveal methods used by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid
1086	Services, the fraud unit, or the Department of Health and Human Services, to discover
1087	Medicaid fraud, waste, or abuse;
1088	(61) information provided to the Department of Health and Human Services or the Division
1089	of Professional Licensing under Subsections 58-67-304(3) and (4) and Subsections
1090	58-68-304(3) and (4);
1091	(62) a record described in Section 63G-12-210;
1092	(63) captured plate data that is obtained through an automatic license plate reader system
1093	used by a governmental entity as authorized in Section 41-6a-2003;
1094	(64) an audio or video recording created by a body-worn camera, as that term is defined in
1095	Section 77-7a-103, that records sound or images inside a hospital or health care facility
1096	as those terms are defined in Section 78B-3-403, inside a clinic of a health care provider,
1097	as that term is defined in Section 78B-3-403, or inside a human service program as that
1098	term is defined in Section 26B-2-101, except for recordings that:
1099	(a) depict the commission of an alleged crime;
1100	(b) record any encounter between a law enforcement officer and a person that results in
1101	death or bodily injury, or includes an instance when an officer fires a weapon;
1102	(c) record any encounter that is the subject of a complaint or a legal proceeding against a
1103	law enforcement officer or law enforcement agency;
1104	(d) contain an officer involved critical incident as defined in Subsection 76-2-408(1)(f);
1105	or
1106	(e) have been requested for reclassification as a public record by a subject or authorized
1107	agent of a subject featured in the recording;
1108	(65) a record pertaining to the search process for a president of an institution of higher
1109	education described in Section 53B-2-102, except for application materials for a publicly
1110	announced finalist;
1111	(66) an audio recording that is:
1112	(a) produced by an audio recording device that is used in conjunction with a device or
1113	piece of equipment designed or intended for resuscitating an individual or for treating
1114	an individual with a life-threatening condition;
1115	(b) produced during an emergency event when an individual employed to provide law

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enforcement, fire protection, paramedic, emergency medical, or other first responder

1117	service:
1118	(i) is responding to an individual needing resuscitation or with a life-threatening
1119	condition; and
1120	(ii) uses a device or piece of equipment designed or intended for resuscitating an
1121	individual or for treating an individual with a life-threatening condition; and
1122	(c) intended and used for purposes of training emergency responders how to improve
1123	their response to an emergency situation;
1124	(67) records submitted by or prepared in relation to an applicant seeking a recommendation
1125	by the Research and General Counsel Subcommittee, the Budget Subcommittee, or the
1126	Audit Subcommittee, established under Section 36-12-8, for an employment position
1127	with the Legislature;
1128	(68) work papers as defined in Section 31A-2-204;
1129	(69) a record made available to Adult Protective Services or a law enforcement agency
1130	under Section 61-1-206;
1131	(70) a record submitted to the Insurance Department in accordance with Section
1132	31A-37-201;
1133	(71) a record described in Section 31A-37-503;
1134	(72) any record created by the Division of Professional Licensing as a result of Subsection
1135	58-37f-304(5) or 58-37f-702(2)(a)(ii);
1136	(73) a record described in Section 72-16-306 that relates to the reporting of an injury
1137	involving an amusement ride;
1138	(74) except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-305.5(1), the signature of an individual on a
1139	political petition, or on a request to withdraw a signature from a political petition,
1140	including a petition or request described in the following titles:
1141	(a) Title 10, Utah Municipal Code;
1142	(b) Title 17, Counties;
1143	(c) Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Special Districts;
1144	(d) Title 17D, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Other Entities; and
1145	(e) Title 20A, Election Code;
1146	(75) except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-305.5(2), the signature of an individual in a
1147	voter registration record;
1148	(76) except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-305.5(3), any signature, other than a signature
1149	described in Subsection (74) or (75), in the custody of the lieutenant governor or a local
1150	political subdivision collected or held under, or in relation to, Title 20A, Election Code;

1151	(77) a Form I-918 Supplement B certification as described in Title 77, Chapter 38, Part 5,
1152	Victims Guidelines for Prosecutors Act;
1153	(78) a record submitted to the Insurance Department under Section 31A-48-103;
1154	(79) personal information, as defined in Section 63G-26-102, to the extent disclosure is
1155	prohibited under Section 63G-26-103;
1156	(80) an image taken of an individual during the process of booking the individual into jail,
1157	unless:
1158	(a) the individual is convicted of a criminal offense based upon the conduct for which
1159	the individual was incarcerated at the time the image was taken;
1160	(b) a law enforcement agency releases or disseminates the image:
1161	(i) after determining that the individual is a fugitive or an imminent threat to an
1162	individual or to public safety and releasing or disseminating the image will assist
1163	in apprehending the individual or reducing or eliminating the threat; or
1164	(ii) to a potential witness or other individual with direct knowledge of events relevant
1165	to a criminal investigation or criminal proceeding for the purpose of identifying or
1166	locating an individual in connection with the criminal investigation or criminal
1167	proceeding;
1168	(c) a judge orders the release or dissemination of the image based on a finding that the
1169	release or dissemination is in furtherance of a legitimate law enforcement interest; or
1170	(d) the image is displayed to a person who is permitted to view the image under Section
1171	17-22-30[-];
1172	(81) a record:
1173	(a) concerning an interstate claim to the use of waters in the Colorado River system;
1174	(b) relating to a judicial proceeding, administrative proceeding, or negotiation with a
1175	representative from another state or the federal government as provided in Section
1176	63M-14-205; and
1177	(c) the disclosure of which would:
1178	(i) reveal a legal strategy relating to the state's claim to the use of the water in the
1179	Colorado River system;
1180	(ii) harm the ability of the Colorado River Authority of Utah or river commissioner to
1181	negotiate the best terms and conditions regarding the use of water in the Colorado
1182	River system; or
1183	(iii) give an advantage to another state or to the federal government in negotiations
1184	regarding the use of water in the Colorado River system;

1185	(82) any part of an application described in Section 63N-16-201 that the Governor's Office
1186	of Economic Opportunity determines is nonpublic, confidential information that if
1187	disclosed would result in actual economic harm to the applicant, but this Subsection (82)
1188	may not be used to restrict access to a record evidencing a final contract or approval
1189	decision;
1190	(83) the following records of a drinking water or wastewater facility:
1191	(a) an engineering or architectural drawing of the drinking water or wastewater facility;
1192	and
1193	(b) except as provided in Section 63G-2-106, a record detailing tools or processes the
1194	drinking water or wastewater facility uses to secure, or prohibit access to, the records
1195	described in Subsection (83)(a);
1196	(84) a statement that an employee of a governmental entity provides to the governmental
1197	entity as part of the governmental entity's personnel or administrative investigation into
1198	potential misconduct involving the employee if the governmental entity:
1199	(a) requires the statement under threat of employment disciplinary action, including
1200	possible termination of employment, for the employee's refusal to provide the
1201	statement; and
1202	(b) provides the employee assurance that the statement cannot be used against the
1203	employee in any criminal proceeding;
1204	(85) any part of an application for a Utah Fits All Scholarship account described in Section
1205	53F-6-402 or other information identifying a scholarship student as defined in Section
1206	53F-6-401;
1207	(86) a record:
1208	(a) concerning a claim to the use of waters in the Great Salt Lake;
1209	(b) relating to a judicial proceeding, administrative proceeding, or negotiation with a
1210	person concerning the claim, including a representative from another state or the
1211	federal government; and
1212	(c) the disclosure of which would:
1213	(i) reveal a legal strategy relating to the state's claim to the use of the water in the
1214	Great Salt Lake;
1215	(ii) harm the ability of the Great Salt Lake commissioner to negotiate the best terms
1216	and conditions regarding the use of water in the Great Salt Lake; or
1217	(iii) give an advantage to another person including another state or to the federal
1218	government in negotiations regarding the use of water in the Great Salt Lake; [and]

1219	(87) a consumer complaint described in Section 13-2-11, unless the consumer complaint is
1220	reclassified as public as described in Subsection 13-2-11(4)[-]; and
1221	(88) a record of the Utah water agent, appointed under Section 73-10g-702:
1222	(a) concerning a claim to the use of waters;
1223	(b) relating to a judicial proceeding, administrative proceeding, or negotiation with a
1224	representative from another state, a tribe, the federal government, or other
1225	government entity as provided in Title 73, Chapter 10g, Part 6, Utah Water Agent;
1226	and
1227	(c) the disclosure of which would:
1228	(i) reveal a legal strategy relating to the state's claim to the use of the water;
1229	(ii) harm the ability of the Utah water agent to negotiate the best terms and conditions
1230	regarding the use of water; or
1231	(iii) give an advantage to another state, a tribe, the federal government, or other
1232	government entity in negotiations regarding the use of water.
1233	Section 10. Section 78A-7-203 is amended to read:
1234	78A-7-203. Term of office for justice court judge Retention Reduction in
1235	force Addition of a justice court judge position.
1236	(1) The term of a justice court judge is six years beginning the first Monday in January
1237	following the date of election.
1238	(2) Upon the expiration of a justice court judge's term of office, the judge shall be subject to
1239	an unopposed retention election in accordance with the procedures set forth in Section
1240	20A-12-201:
1241	(a) in the county or counties in which the court to which the judge is appointed is located
1242	if the judge is a county justice court judge or a municipal justice court judge in a
1243	town or city of the fourth or fifth class; or
1244	(b) in the municipality in which the court to which the judge is appointed is located if
1245	the judge is a municipal justice court judge and Subsection (2)(a) does not apply.
1246	(3) Before each retention election, each justice court judge shall be evaluated in accordance
1247	with the performance evaluation program established in [Chapter 12, Judicial
1248	Performance Evaluation Commission Act] Chapter 12, Judicial Performance Evaluations.
1249	(4) A municipality or county that has more than one justice court judge and the weighted
1250	caseload per judge is lower than 0.60 as determined by the Administrative Office of the
1251	Courts may, at the municipality's or county's discretion and at the end of a judge's term
1252	of office, initiate a reduction in force and reduce, lay off, terminate, or eliminate a

1253 judge's position in accordance with the municipality's or county's employment policies. 1254 (5) A municipality or county may only add a new justice court judge position if the Judicial 1255 Council, after considering the caseload of the court, approves creation of the position. 1256 Section 11. Section **78A-11-112** is amended to read: 1257 78A-11-112. Confidentiality. 1258 (1) The transmission, production, or disclosure of any complaints, papers, or testimony in 1259 the course of proceedings before the commission, the masters appointed under Section 1260 78A-11-110, or the Supreme Court may not be introduced in any civil action. 1261 (2)(a) The transmission, production, or disclosure of any complaints, papers, or 1262 testimony in the course of proceedings before the commission or the masters 1263 appointed under Section 78A-11-110 may be introduced in any criminal action, 1264 consistent with the Utah Rules of Evidence. 1265 (b) This information shall be shared with the prosecutor conducting a criminal investigation or prosecution of a judge as provided in Section 78A-11-106. 1266 1267 (3) Complaints, papers, testimony, or the record of the commission's confidential hearing 1268 may not be disclosed by the commission, masters, or any court until the Supreme Court 1269 has entered its final order in accordance with this section, except: 1270 (a) upon order of the Supreme Court; 1271 (b) upon the request of the judge who is the subject of the complaint; 1272 (c) as provided in Subsection (4); 1273 (d) to aid in a criminal investigation or prosecution as provided in Section 78A-11-106; 1274 or 1275 (e) this information is subject to audit by the Office of Legislative Auditor General, and 1276 any records released to the Office of Legislative Auditor General shall be maintained 1277 as confidential, except: 1278 (i) for information that has already been made public; and 1279 (ii) the final written and oral audit report of the Legislative Auditor General may 1280 present information about the commission as long as it contains no specific 1281 information that would easily identify a judge, witness, or complainant. 1282 (4) If the Senate Judicial Confirmation Committee requests [Judicial Conduct Commission 1283 records records from the commission, the commission shall disclose the information to 1284 the Senate Judicial Confirmation Committee or its staff if the chair of the Senate Judicial 1285 Confirmation Committee certifies in writing that the committee will limit the disclosure

of any information received to the minimum amount necessary to allow the Senate to

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1287	evaluate the candidate's fitness for office.
1288	(5) If the Joint Legislative Committee on Judicial Performance requests records from the
1289	commission, the commission shall disclose the information to the Joint Legislative
1290	Committee on Judicial Performance or staff of the Joint Legislative Committee on
1291	Judicial Performance if the chairs of the Joint Legislative Committee on Judicial
1292	Performance certify in writing that the committee will limit the disclosure of any
1293	information received to the minimum amount necessary to allow the committee to
1294	evaluate the judge's judicial performance.
1295	[(5)] (6) Upon the dismissal of a complaint or allegation against a judge, the dismissal shall
1296	be disclosed without consent of the judge to the person who filed the complaint.
1297	Section 12. Section 78A-12-102 is amended to read:
1298	CHAPTER 12. JUDICIAL PERFORMANCE EVALUATIONS
1299	78A-12-102. Definitions for chapter.
1300	As used in this chapter:
1301	(1) "Commission" means the Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission [established by
1302	this chapter] created in Section 78A-12-201.
1303	(2) "Committee" means the Joint Legislative Committee on Judicial Performance created in
1304	Section 78A-12-302.
1305	(3) "Regular general election" means the same as that term is defined in Section 20A-1-102
1306	[(2) "Does not meet or exceed minimum performance standards" means that:]
1307	[(a)(i) a judge does not meet the certification standards under Section 78A-12-205;
1308	and]
1309	[(ii) the presumption, described in Subsection 78A-12-203(4)(b)(ii), that the judge
1310	does not meet or exceed minimum performance standards is not overcome by
1311	substantial countervailing evidence; or]
1312	[(b) a judge meets the certification standards under Section 78A-12-205, but the
1313	presumption, described in Subsection 78A-12-203(4)(b)(i), that the judge meets or
1314	exceeds minimum performance standards is overcome by substantial countervailing
1315	evidence.]
1316	[(3) Except as provided in Section 78A-12-207, "judge" means a state court judge or a state
1317	court justice who is subject to a retention election.]
1318	[(4) "Justice" means a judge who is a member of the Supreme Court.]
1319	[(5) "Justice court judge" means a judge appointed pursuant to Title 78A, Chapter 7, Justice
1320	Court.]

1321	[(6) "Meets or exceeds minimum performance standards" means that:]
1322	[(a)(i) a judge meets the certification standards under Section 78A-12-205; and]
1323	[(ii) the presumption that the judge meets or exceeds minimum performance
1324	standards, described in Subsection 78A-12-203(4)(b)(i), is not overcome by
1325	substantial countervailing evidence; or]
1326	[(b) a judge does not meet the certification standards under Section 78A-12-205, but the
1327	presumption described in Subsection 78A-12-203(4)(b)(ii), that the judge does not
1328	meet or exceed minimum performance standards, is overcome by substantial
1329	countervailing evidence.]
1330	Section 13. Section 78A-12-201.1 is enacted to read:
1331	Part 2. Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission
1332	<u>78A-12-201.1</u> . Definitions for part.
1333	As used in this part:
1334	(1) "Does not meet or exceed minimum performance standards" means that:
1335	(a)(i) a judge does not meet the certification standards under Section 78A-12-205; and
1336	(ii) the presumption described in Subsection 78A-12-203(4)(b)(ii) that the judge does
1337	not meet or exceed minimum performance standards is not overcome by
1338	substantial countervailing evidence; or
1339	(b) a judge meets the certification standards under Section 78A-12-205, but the
1340	presumption described in Subsection 78A-12-203(4)(b)(i) that the judge meets or
1341	exceeds minimum performance standards is overcome by substantial countervailing
1342	evidence.
1343	(2) "Judge" means a state court judge or justice who is subject to a retention election.
1344	(3) "Justice" means a judge who is a member of the Supreme Court.
1345	(4) "Justice court judge" means a judge appointed in accordance with Title 78A, Chapter 7,
1346	Justice Court.
1347	(5) "Meets or exceeds minimum performance standards" means that:
1348	(a)(i) a judge meets the certification standards under Section 78A-12-205; and
1349	(ii) the presumption described in Subsection 78A-12-203(4)(b)(i) that the judge
1350	meets or exceeds minimum performance standards is not overcome by substantial
1351	countervailing evidence; or
1352	(b) a judge does not meet the certification standards under Section 78A-12-205 but the
1353	presumption described in Subsection 78A-12-203(4)(b)(ii) that the judge does not
1354	meet or exceed minimum performance standards is overcome by substantial

1355	countervailing evidence.
1356	Section 14. Section 78A-12-201.2 , which is renumbered from Section 78A-12-201 is
	renumbered
1357	and amended to read:
1358	[78A-12-201] $78A-12-201.2$. Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission
1359	Creation Membership.
1360	(1) There is created an independent commission called the Judicial Performance Evaluation
1361	Commission consisting of 13 members, as follows:
1362	(a) two members appointed by the president of the Senate, only one of whom may be a
1363	member of the Utah State Bar;
1364	(b) two members appointed by the speaker of the House of Representatives, only one of
1365	whom may be a member of the Utah State Bar;
1366	(c) four members appointed by the members of the Supreme Court, at least one of
1367	whom, but not more than two of whom, may be a member of the Utah State Bar;
1368	(d) four members appointed by the governor, at least one of whom, but not more than
1369	two of whom, may be a member of the Utah State Bar; and
1370	(e) the executive director of the Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice.
1371	(2)(a) The president of the Senate and the speaker of the House of Representatives shall
1372	confer when appointing members under Subsections (1)(a) and (b) to ensure that
1373	there is at least one member from among their four appointees who is a member of
1374	the Utah State Bar.
1375	(b) Each of the appointing authorities may appoint no more than half of the appointing
1376	authority's members from the same political party.
1377	(c) A sitting legislator or a sitting judge may not serve as a commission member.
1378	(3)(a) A member appointed under Subsection (1) shall be appointed for a four-year term.
1379	(b) A member may serve no more than three consecutive terms.
1380	(4) At the time of appointment, the terms of commission members shall be staggered so that
1381	approximately half of commission members' terms expire every two years.
1382	(5) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be
1383	appointed for the unexpired term by the same appointing authority that appointed the
1384	member creating the vacancy.
1385	(6)(a) Eight members of the commission constitute a quorum.
1386	(b) The action of a majority of the quorum constitutes the action of the commission,
1387	except that the commission may not make a determination that a judge meets or

1388	exceeds minimum performance standards, or that a judge does not meet or exceed
1389	minimum performance standards, by a vote of less than six members.
1390	(c) If, because of absences, the commission is unable to make a determination described
1391	in Subsection (6)(b) by at least six votes, the commission may meet a second time to
1392	make a determination.
1393	(d) If a vote on the question of whether a judge meets or exceeds minimum performance
1394	standards or does not meet or exceed minimum performance standards ends in a tie
1395	or does not pass by at least six votes, the record shall reflect that the commission
1396	made no determination in relation to that judge.
1397	Section 15. Section 78A-12-208 is enacted to read:
1398	78A-12-208 . Reports for the Joint Legislative Committee on Judicial
1399	Performance.
1400	(1) On or before June 1 in each odd-numbered year, the commission shall provide the
1401	committee with a list of each judge, including a justice court judge, who is subject to a
1402	retention election in the next scheduled regular general election.
1403	(2) The commission shall provide the committee, upon request, with:
1404	(a) the judicial performance survey results of a judge for whom the committee is
1405	required or intends to evaluate under Section 78A-12-303; and
1406	(b) a copy of the retention report for any judicial performance evaluation of the judge.
1407	Section 16. Section 78A-12-301 is enacted to read:
1408	Part 3. Joint Legislative Committee on Judicial Performance
1409	78A-12-301 . Definitions for part.
1410	As used in this part:
1411	(1) "Office" means the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel.
1412	(2) "Judge" means:
1413	(a) a justice of the Supreme Court;
1414	(b) a judge of the Court of Appeals;
1415	(c) a judge of the Business and Chancery Court; or
1416	(d) a judge of a district court, a juvenile court, or a justice court.
1417	(3)(a) "Judicial performance" means the effectiveness and efficiency of a judge.
1418	(b) "Judicial performance" includes a judge's legal knowledge and ability, impartiality,
1419	procedural fairness, administrative performance, courtroom management skills,
1420	communication ability, and overall demeanor and temperament.
1421	Section 17. Section 78A-12-302 is enacted to read:

1422	78A-12-302. Creation of Joint Legislative Committee on Judicial Performance
1423	Members.
1424	(1) There is created the Joint Legislative Committee on Judicial Performance.
1425	(2) The committee is composed of the following members:
1426	(a) five representatives, appointed by the speaker of the House of Representatives, no
1427	more than four of whom may be from the same political party; and
1428	(b) four senators, appointed by the president of the Senate, no more than three of whom
1429	may be from the same political party.
1430	(3)(a) The president of the Senate shall select one of the members from the Senate to act
1431	as cochair of the committee.
1432	(b) The speaker of the House of Representatives shall select one of the members from
1433	the House of Representatives to act as cochair of the committee.
1434	(4)(a) A member shall serve a one-year term on the committee.
1435	(b) A member may be reappointed upon the expiration of the member's term.
1436	(5)(a) A majority of the members of the committee constitutes a quorum of the
1437	committee.
1438	(b) The action by a majority of the members of a quorum constitutes the action of the
1439	committee.
1440	(6) The salary and expenses of a committee member who is a legislator shall be paid in
1441	accordance with Section 36-2-2 and Legislative Joint Rules, Title 5, Chapter 3,
1442	Legislator Compensation.
1443	(7) The office shall provide staff support to the committee.
1444	Section 18. Section 78A-12-303 is enacted to read:
1445	78A-12-303 . Evaluation and retention review process.
1446	(1) The committee may:
1447	(a) evaluate the judicial performance of a judge before the judge is subject to a retention
1448	election in a regular general election; and
1449	(b) provide a recommendation to the public as to whether the judge should be retained
1450	for another term in office.
1451	(2) The chairs of the committee shall determine whether a judge is evaluated by the
1452	committee under Subsection (1).
1453	(3) If a judge is subject to a retention election in the next scheduled regular general election,
1454	the chairs of the committee may direct the committee's staff to:
1455	(a) obtain any performance evaluation and retention report prepared by the commission

1456	for the judge;
1457	(b) obtain the judge's disciplinary record from the Judicial Conduct Commission; and
1458	(c) investigate any issue raised by a member of the committee, the Legislature, or a
1459	member of the public.
1460	(4) To obtain information or conduct an investigation under Subsection (4), committee staff
1461	may contact any person that might have information regarding the judge's judicial
1462	performance.
1463	(5) The chairs of the committee shall:
1464	(a) notify a judge that the committee intends to evaluate and provide a recommendation
1465	as to whether the judge should be retained for another term; and
1466	(b) direct the preparation of a news release that includes:
1467	(i) the name of the judge;
1468	(ii) a brief description of the purpose of the committee;
1469	(iii) a request that a member of the Legislature who wants to provide comments about
1470	the judge contact the chair or the office by the deadline specified in the news
1471	release; and
1472	(iv) a request that a member of the public who wants to provide comments about the
1473	judge submit a written statement to the office with the member's name, telephone
1474	number, and mailing address by the deadline specified in the news release.
1475	Section 19. Section 78A-12-304 is enacted to read:
1476	78A-12-304 . Public hearing and comment Committee action.
1477	(1) The committee shall hold any committee meeting to evaluate a judge under Subsection
1478	78A-12-303(1) or (2) before August 15 of the year in which the judge is subject to a
1479	retention election in a regular general election.
1480	(2) The committee shall provide public notice of a committee meeting with:
1481	(a) the name of a judge for whom the committee intends to discuss or hold a vote;
1482	(b) an explanation that:
1483	(i) an individual who wants to testify regarding the judge shall submit a written
1484	request to testify to the office at least 24 hours before the meeting is scheduled to
1485	begin; and
1486	(ii) portions of the meeting may be closed under Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public
1487	Meetings Act.
1488	(3) Before convening a committee meeting, the chairs of the committee shall:
1489	(a) review all written statements from individuals desiring to address the committee

1490	regarding a judge;
1491	(b) review all records to be distributed to the committee and classify each record as a
1492	public or private record by applying the standard contained in Subsection
1493	63G-2-302(1)(f)(i);
1494	(c) determine which individuals making a timely request to testify may address the
1495	committee; and
1496	(d) if necessary, establish reasonable time limits for public comment.
1497	(4) In conducting a committee meeting, the chairs:
1498	(a) shall allow the judge to address the committee before the committee hears any other
1499	testimony, after the last witness testifies before the committee, and before the
1500	committee makes the committee's decision;
1501	(b) may hold committee meetings in the geographic area to be served by the judicial
1502	office of the judge who is the subject of the committee meeting; and
1503	(c) may allow testimony from an individual wishing to testify regardless of whether the
1504	individual has submitted a written request to testify.
1505	(5) The committee may close the committee meeting at any time and for any of the
1506	purposes provided in Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act.
1507	(6)(a) In determining whether to recommend that a judge be retained for another term,
1508	the committee shall:
1509	(i) review any other documents or information related to the judge's judicial
1510	performance;
1511	(ii) consider the oral testimony of the judge and any individual testifying to the
1512	committee; and
1513	(iii) base the committee's recommendation on the judge's judicial performance.
1514	(b) The committee may consider a judge's rate of cases that are overturned on appeal in
1515	evaluating the judge's judicial performance under Subsection (6)(a)(iii).
1516	(7) The committee may, but is not required to, vote to recommend or not recommend a
1517	judge be retained for another term.
1518	(8)(a) If the Utah Supreme Court issues a public sanction of a judge after the committee
1519	evaluates a judge, the committee may reconvene to reconsider the committee's action
1520	before the committee is required to submit the committee's action for the ballot in
1521	accordance with Section 78A-12-305.
1522	(b) The committee may invite the judge described in Subsection (8)(a) to appear before
1523	the committee during a closed meeting for the purpose of reconsidering the

1524	committee's action.
1525	Section 20. Section 78A-12-305 is enacted to read:
1526	78A-12-305 . Publication of the recommendation.
1527	(1) The committee shall provide a description of the judicial performance evaluation and
1528	recommendation process for the committee as described in Section 20A-7-702 to the
1529	lieutenant governor for the voter information pamphlet in the manner required by Title
1530	20A, Chapter 7, Issues Submitted to the Voters.
1531	(2) On or before August 15 of the year in which a judge who is evaluated under Subsection
1532	78A-12-302(1) or (2) is subject to a retention election in a regular general election, the
1533	committee shall transmit a retention recommendation for the judge to the lieutenant
1534	governor for publication on the ballot in accordance with Section 20A-12-201 stating
1535	<u>that:</u>
1536	(a) the committee recommends the judge be retained in office if the committee votes to
1537	recommend retention; or
1538	(b) the committee recommends the judge not be retained in office if the committee votes
1539	to not recommend retention.
1540	Section 21. Section 78A-12-306 is enacted to read:
1541	78A-12-306 . Committee records Copy to judge.
1542	(1) The committee shall ensure that a record received by the committee classified as a
1543	private, protected, or controlled record under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records
1544	Access and Management Act, is only released if the requirements of Title 63G, Chapter
1545	2, Government Records Access and Management Act, are met.
1546	(2) The office shall provide a copy of this part to each judge subject to an evaluation under
1547	this part from the committee.
1548	Section 22. Repealer.
1549	This bill repeals:
1550	Section 78A-12-101 , Title .
1551	Section 23. Effective Date.
1552	This bill takes effect on May 7, 2025.