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# **Criminal Justice Modifications**

# 2025 GENERAL SESSION

# STATE OF UTAH

**Chief Sponsor: Matt MacPherson** 

Senate Sponsor:

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#### LONG TITLE

## **General Description:**

This bill amends statutory provisions related to criminal justice.

## **6 Highlighted Provisions:**

- 7 This bill:
- 8 defines terms;
- 9 amends the requirements for the adult sentencing and supervision length guidelines to
- 10 address domestic violence offenses;
- 11 modifies the crime for the commission of domestic violence in the presence of a child;
- 12 addresses the right to bail for a domestic violence offense;
- 13 modifies the definition of domestic violence;
- 14 amends the requirements for a peace officer investigating domestic violence;
- 15 modifies the definition of cohabitant;
- provides that a jail release agreement may not prohibit an individual arrested or cited for
- 17 the commission of domestic violence in the presence of a child from communicating
- with a minor child in certain circumstances;
- prohibits a parent from waiving the conditions of a jail release agreement if the minor
- 20 child is the alleged victim and the parent was arrested or cited for the qualifying offense;
- 21 clarifies cross-references to child abuse offenses; and
- 22 makes technical and conforming changes.
- 23 Money Appropriated in this Bill:
- None None
- 25 Other Special Clauses:
- None None
- 27 Utah Code Sections Affected:
- 28 AMENDS:
- 29 **35A-8-901**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 335
- 30 **63M-7-401.1**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 208

31	<b>63M-7-404.3</b> , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 197	
32	76-2-409, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 411	
33	76-5-114, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 181	
34	76-5-208, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 111	
35	77-20-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 197	
36	77-36-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 366	
37	77-36-2.2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 447	
38	78B-7-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 170	
39	78B-7-802, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Second Special Session, Chapter 4	
40	81-9-202, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 366	
41	81-9-208, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 366	
42	81-9-402, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 366	
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44	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:	
45	Section 1. Section <b>35A-8-901</b> is amended to read:	
46	35A-8-901 . Assistance to domestic violence shelters Rulemaking authority.	
47	(1)(a) The Division of Child and Family Services within the Department of Human	
48	Services has statutory responsibility to provide violence services, including	
48 49	Services has statutory responsibility to provide violence services, including temporary shelter, to victims of domestic violence under the provisions of Sections	
49	temporary shelter, to victims of domestic violence under the provisions of Sections	
49 50	temporary shelter, to victims of domestic violence under the provisions of Sections 80-2-102 and 80-2-301.	
49 50 51	temporary shelter, to victims of domestic violence under the provisions of Sections 80-2-102 and 80-2-301.  (b) The division may assist the Division of Child and Family Services by providing for	
49 50 51 52	temporary shelter, to victims of domestic violence under the provisions of Sections 80-2-102 and 80-2-301.  (b) The division may assist the Division of Child and Family Services by providing for the development, construction, and improvement of shelters for victims of domestic	
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purpose.

65 (5) The division shall coordinate with the Division of Child and Family Services in

- complying with the provisions of this section.
- 67 Section 2. Section **63M-7-401.1** is amended to read:
- **68 63M-7-401.1 . Definitions for part.**
- 69 As used in this part:
- 70 (1) "Adjudication" means an adjudication, as that term is defined in Section 80-1-102, of an
- offense under Section 80-6-701.
- 72 (2) "Adult sentencing and supervision length guidelines" means the guidelines established
- 73 in Section 63M-7-404.3.
- 74 (3) "Civil disability" means a legal right or privilege that is revoked as a result of the
- 75 individual's conviction or adjudication.
- 76 (4) "Collateral consequence" means:
- 77 (a) a discretionary disqualification; or
- 78 (b) a mandatory sanction.
- 79 (5) "Conviction" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-38b-102.
- 80 (6) "Disadvantage" means any legal or regulatory restriction that:
- 81 (a) is imposed on an individual as a result of the individual's conviction or adjudication;
- 82 and
- (b) is not a civil disability or a legal penalty.
- 84 (7) "Discretionary disqualification" means a penalty, a civil disability, or a disadvantage
- that a court in a civil proceeding, or a federal, state, or local government agency or
- official, may impose on an individual as a result of the individual's adjudication or
- 87 conviction for an offense regardless of whether the penalty, the civil disability, or the
- disadvantage is specifically designated as a penalty, a civil disability, or a disadvantage.
- 89 (8) "Domestic violence offense" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-36-1.
- 90 [(8)] (9) "Juvenile" means a minor as that term is defined in Section 80-1-102.
- 91 [(9)] (10) "Juvenile disposition guidelines" means the guidelines established in Section
- 92 63M-7-404.5.
- 93 [(10)] (11) "Mandatory sanction" means a penalty, a civil disability, or a disadvantage that:
- 94 (a) is imposed on an individual as a result of the individual's adjudication or conviction
- 95 for an offense regardless of whether the penalty, the civil disability, or the
- 96 disadvantage is specifically designated as a penalty, a civil disability, or a
- 97 disadvantage; and
- 98 (b) is not included in the judgment for the adjudication or conviction.

99	[(11)] (12) "Master offense list" means a document that contains all offenses that exist in
100	statute and each offense's associated penalty.
101	[(12)] (13) "Offense" means a felony, a misdemeanor, an infraction, or an adjudication
102	under the laws of this state, another state, or the United States.
103	[(13)] (14) "Penalty" means an administrative, civil, or criminal sanction imposed to punish
104	the individual for the individual's conviction or adjudication.
105	[(14)] (15) "Sentencing commission" means the sentencing commission created in Section
106	63M-7-401.2.
107	Section 3. Section <b>63M-7-404.3</b> is amended to read:
108	63M-7-404.3 . Adult sentencing and supervision length guidelines.
109	(1) The sentencing commission shall establish and maintain adult sentencing and
110	supervision length guidelines regarding:
111	(a) the sentencing and release of offenders in order to:
112	(i) accept public comment;
113	(ii) relate sentencing practices and correctional resources;
114	(iii) increase equity in sentencing;
115	(iv) better define responsibility in sentencing; and
116	(v) enhance the discretion of the sentencing court while preserving the role of the
117	Board of Pardons and Parole;
118	(b) the length of supervision of offenders on probation or parole in order to:
119	(i) accept public comment;
120	(ii) increase equity in criminal supervision lengths;
121	(iii) relate the length of supervision to an offender's progress;
122	(iv) take into account an offender's risk of offending again;
123	(v) relate the length of supervision to the amount of time an offender has remained
124	under supervision in the community; and
125	(vi) enhance the discretion of the sentencing court while preserving the role of the
126	Board of Pardons and Parole; and
127	(c) appropriate, evidence-based probation and parole supervision policies and services
128	that assist offenders in successfully completing supervision and reduce incarceration
129	rates from community supervision programs while ensuring public safety, including:
130	(i) treatment and intervention completion determinations based on individualized
131	case action plans;
132	(ii) measured and consistent processes for addressing violations of conditions of

133	supervision;
134	(iii) processes that include using positive reinforcement to recognize an offender's
135	progress in supervision;
136	(iv) engaging with social services agencies and other stakeholders who provide
137	services that meet the needs of an offender; and
138	(v) identifying community violations that may not warrant revocation of probation or
139	parole.
140	(2)(a) Before July 1, 2024, the sentencing commission shall revise and review the adult
141	sentencing and supervision length guidelines to reflect appropriate penalties for the
142	following offenses:
143	(i) an interlock restricted driver operating a vehicle without an ignition interlock
144	system, Section 41-6a-518.2:
145	(ii) negligently operating a vehicle resulting in injury, Section 76-5-102.1; and
146	(iii) negligently operating a vehicle resulting in death, Section 76-5-207.
147	(b) The guidelines under Subsection (2)(a) shall consider the following:
148	(i) the current sentencing requirements for driving under the influence of alcohol,
149	drugs, or a combination of both as identified in Section 41-6a-505 when injury or
150	death do not result;
151	(ii) the degree of injury and the number of victims suffering injury or death as a result
152	of the offense;
153	(iii) the offender's number of previous convictions for driving under the influence
154	related offenses as defined in Subsection 41-6a-501(2)(a); and
155	(iv) whether the offense amounts to extreme DUI, as that term is defined in Section
156	41-6a-501.
157	(3) On or before October 31, 2024, the sentencing commission shall review and revise the
158	supervision tools in the adult sentencing and supervision length guidelines to:
159	(a) recommend appropriate sanctions for an individual who violates probation or parole
160	by:
161	(i) committing a felony offense, a misdemeanor offense described in Title 76,
162	Chapter 5, Offenses Against the Individual, or a misdemeanor offense for driving
163	under the influence described in Section 41-6a-502;
164	(ii) possessing a dangerous weapon; or
165	(iii) willfully refusing to participate in treatment ordered by the court or the Board of
166	Pardons and Parole; and

167	(b) recommend appropriate incentives for an individual on probation or parole that:
168	(i) completes all conditions of probation or parole; or
169	(ii) maintains eligible employment as defined in Section 64-13g-101.
170	(4)(a) On or before July 1, 2025, the sentencing commission shall review and revise the
171	sentencing and supervision length guidelines to reflect appropriate penalties for a
172	domestic violence offense in a matrix that:
173	(i) considers a prior conviction of a domestic violence offense as an aggravating
174	factor; and
175	(ii) takes into account an offender's risk of reoffending based on a domestic violence
176	risk assessment.
177	(b) The guidelines under Subsection (4)(a) shall consider:
178	(i) the offense category for a domestic violence offense;
179	(ii) the current sentencing requirements for a domestic violence offense, including the
180	enhancement of a subsequent domestic violence offense under Section 77-36-1.1;
181	(iii) identifiable risk factors for evaluating a domestic violence risk assessment; and
182	(iv) the offender's number of previous convictions, as that term is defined in Section
183	77-36-1.1, for a domestic violence offense.
184	[(4)] (5) The sentencing commission shall establish guidelines in the adult sentencing and
185	supervision length guidelines that recommend an enhanced sentence that a court or the
186	Board of Pardons and Parole should consider when determining the period in which a
187	habitual offender, as defined in Section 77-18-102, will be incarcerated.
188	[(5)] (6) The sentencing commission shall modify:
189	(a) the adult sentencing and supervision length guidelines to reduce recidivism for the
190	purposes of protecting the public and ensuring efficient use of state funds; and
191	(b) the criminal history score in the adult sentencing and supervision length guidelines to
192	reduce recidivism, including factors in an offender's criminal history that are relevant
193	to the accurate determination of an individual's risk of offending again.
194	Section 4. Section <b>76-2-409</b> is amended to read:
195	76-2-409 . Battered person mitigation.
196	(1) As used in this section:
197	(a) "Abuse" means the same as that term is defined in Section 78B-7-102.
198	[(b) "Cohabitant" means:]
199	[(i) the same as that term is defined in Section 78B-7-102; or]
200	(ii) the relationship of a minor and a natural parent, an adoptive parent, a stepparent,

201	or an individual living with the minor's natural parent as if a stepparent to the
202	minor.]
203	(b)(i) "Cohabitant" means the same as that term is defined in Section 78B-7-102.
204	(ii) "Cohabitant" includes, notwithstanding the definition in Section 78B-7-102, an
205	individual who is a minor child if the individual's parent or stepparent, or an
206	individual living with the minor child's parent, committed the criminal offense.
207	(c) "Minor child" means the same as that term is defined in Section 81-1-101.
208	(d) "Parent" means the same as that term is defined in Section 81-1-101.
209	(2)(a) An individual is entitled to battered person mitigation if:
210	(i) the individual committed a criminal offense that was not legally justified;
211	(ii) the individual committed the criminal offense against a cohabitant who
212	demonstrated a pattern of abuse against the individual or another cohabitant of the
213	individual; and
214	(iii) the individual reasonably believed that the criminal offense was necessary to end
215	the pattern of abuse.
216	(b) A reasonable belief under Subsection (2)(a) is determined from the viewpoint of a
217	reasonable person in the individual's circumstances, as the individual's circumstances
218	are perceived by the individual.
219	(3) An individual claiming mitigation under Subsection (2)(a) has the burden of proving, by
220	clear and convincing evidence, each element that would entitle the individual to
221	mitigation under Subsection (2)(a).
222	(4) Mitigation under Subsection (2)(a) results in a one-step reduction of the level of offense
223	of which the individual is convicted.
224	(5)(a) If the trier of fact is a jury, an individual is not entitled to mitigation under
225	Subsection (2)(a) unless the jury:
226	(i) finds the individual proved, in accordance with Subsection (3), that the individual
227	is entitled to mitigation by unanimous vote; and
228	(ii) returns a special verdict for the reduced charge at the same time the jury returns
229	the general verdict.
230	(b) A nonunanimous vote by the jury on the question of mitigation under Subsection
231	(2)(a) does not result in a hung jury.
232	(6) An individual intending to claim mitigation under Subsection (2)(a) at the individual's
233	trial shall give notice of the individual's intent to claim mitigation under Subsection
234	(2)(a) to the prosecuting agency at least 30 days before the individual's trial.

235	Section 5. Section <b>76-5-114</b> is amended to read:
236	76-5-114. Commission of domestic violence in the presence of a child.
237	(1)(a) As used in this section:
238	(i) "Cohabitant" means the same as that term is defined in Section 78B-7-102.
239	(ii) "Criminal homicide offense" means an offense listed in Subsection 76-5-201(2).
240	(iii) "Domestic violence offense" means the same as that term is defined in Section
241	77-36-1.
242	(iv) "In the presence of a child" means:
243	(A) in the physical presence of a child; or
244	(B) having knowledge that a child is present and may see or hear [an act of
245	domestic violence] conduct described in Subsection (2)(a), (b), (c), or (d).
246	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
247	(2) An actor commits domestic violence in the presence of a child if the actor:
248	(a) commits or attempts to commit a criminal homicide offense against a cohabitant in
249	the presence of a child;
250	(b) intentionally causes serious bodily injury to a cohabitant or uses a dangerous weapon,
251	or other means or force likely to produce death or serious bodily injury against a
252	cohabitant, in the presence of a child;[-or]
253	(c) intentionally or knowingly impedes the breathing or the circulation of blood of
254	another individual by the actor's use of unlawful force or violence by applying
255	pressure to the neck or throat of an individual or obstructing the nose, mouth, or
256	airway of an individual in the presence of a child; or
257	$[\underline{(e)}]$ $(\underline{d})$ under circumstances not amounting to a violation of Subsection $[\underline{(2)(a)}$ or $\underline{(b)}]$
258	(2)(a), (b), or (c), commits [an act of domestic violence] a domestic violence offense
259	in the presence of a child.
260	(3)(a) A violation of Subsection $[(2)(a) \text{ or } (b)]$ $(2)(a)$ , $(b)$ , or $(c)$ is a third degree felony.
261	(b) A violation of Subsection $[(2)(e)]$ $(2)(d)$ is a class B misdemeanor.
262	(4)(a) A charge under this section is separate and distinct from, and is in addition to, a
263	charge of [domestic violence] a domestic violence offense in which the victim is the
264	cohabitant.
265	(b) Either or both charges may be filed by the [prosecutor] prosecuting attorney.
266	(5) An actor who commits a violation of this section when more than one child is present is
267	guilty of one [offense of domestic violence] domestic violence offense in the presence of
268	a child regarding each child present when the violation occurred.

269	Section 6. Section <b>76-5-208</b> is amended to read:
270	76-5-208 . Child abuse homicide Penalties.
271	(1)(a) As used in this section, "child abuse" means an offense described in [-Sections
272	76-5-109, 76-5-109.2, 76-5-109.3, and 76-5-114.] <u>:</u>
273	(i) Section 76-5-109, child abuse;
274	(ii) Section 76-5-109.2, aggravated child abuse;
275	(iii) Section 75-6-109.3, child abandonment; or
276	(iv) Section 76-5-114, commission of domestic violence in the presence of a child.
277	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
278	(2) Unless a violation amounts to aggravated murder as described in Section 76-5-202, an
279	actor commits child abuse homicide if:
280	(a)(i) the actor causes the death of another individual who is younger than 18 years
281	old; and
282	(ii) the individual's death results from child abuse; and
283	(b)(i) the child abuse is done recklessly under Subsection 76-5-109.2(3)(b);
284	(ii) the child abuse is done with criminal negligence under Subsection
285	76-5-109.2(3)(c); or
286	(iii) under circumstances not amounting to the type of child abuse homicide
287	described in Subsection (2)(b)(i), the child abuse is done intentionally, knowingly,
288	recklessly, or with criminal negligence, under Subsection 76-5-109(3)(a), (b), or
289	(c).
290	(3)(a) A violation of Subsection (2) under the circumstances described in Subsection
291	(2)(b)(i) is a first degree felony.
292	(b) A violation of Subsection (2) under the circumstances described in Subsection
293	(2)(b)(ii) or (iii) is a second degree felony.
294	Section 7. Section 77-20-201 is amended to read:
295	77-20-201 . Right to bail Capital felony.
296	(1) An individual charged with, or arrested for, a criminal offense shall be admitted to bail
297	as a matter of right, except if the individual is charged with:
298	(a) a capital felony when there is substantial evidence to support the charge;
299	(b) a felony committed while on parole or on probation for a felony conviction, or while
300	free on bail awaiting trial on a previous felony charge, when there is substantial
301	evidence to support the current felony charge;
302	(c) a felony when there is substantial evidence to support the charge and the court finds,

303	by clear and convincing evidence, that:
304	(i) the individual would constitute a substantial danger to any other individual or to
305	the community after considering available conditions of release that the court may
306	impose if the individual is released on bail; or
307	(ii) the individual is likely to flee the jurisdiction of the court if the individual is
308	released on bail;
309	(d) a felony when there is substantial evidence to support the charge and the court finds,
310	by clear and convincing evidence, that the individual violated a material condition of
311	release while previously on bail;
312	(e) a domestic violence offense if:
313	(i) there is substantial evidence to support the charge; and
314	(ii) the court finds, by clear and convincing evidence, that:
315	(A) the individual would constitute a substantial danger to an alleged victim of
316	domestic violence after considering available conditions of release that the
317	court may impose if the individual is released on bail; or
318	(B) the domestic violence offense is committed while the individual is on parole
319	or probation for a conviction of a domestic violence offense or while released
320	pretrial on a previous charge for a domestic violence offense;
321	(f) the offense of driving under the influence or driving with a measurable controlled
322	substance in the body if:
323	(i) the offense results in death or serious bodily injury to an individual;
324	(ii) there is substantial evidence to support the charge; and
325	(iii) the court finds, by clear and convincing evidence, that the individual would
326	constitute a substantial danger to the community after considering available
327	conditions of release that the court may impose if the individual is released on
328	bail;
329	(g) a felony violation of Section 76-9-101 if:
330	(i) there is substantial evidence to support the charge; and
331	(ii) the court finds, by clear and convincing evidence, that the individual is not likely
332	to appear for a subsequent court appearance; or
333	(h) except as provided in Subsection (4), the offense of driving under the influence or
334	driving with a measurable controlled substance in the body:
335	(i) if committed while on parole or on probation for a driving under the influence or
336	driving with a measurable controlled substance in the body conviction; or

337	(ii) while the individual is out of custody awaiting trial on a previous driving under
338	the influence or driving with a measurable controlled substance in the body
339	charge, when the court finds there is substantial evidence to support the current
340	charge.
341	(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, there is a rebuttable presumption
342	that an individual is a substantial danger to the community under Subsection (1)(f)(iii):
343	(a) as long as the individual has a blood or breath alcohol concentration of .05 grams or
344	greater if the individual is arrested for, or charged with, the offense of driving under
345	the influence and the offense resulted in death or serious bodily injury to an
346	individual; or
347	(b) if the individual has a measurable amount of controlled substance in the individual's
348	body, the individual is arrested for, or charged with, the offense of driving with a
349	measurable controlled substance in the body and the offense resulted in death or
350	serious bodily injury to an individual.
351	(3) For purposes of Subsection (1)(a), any arrest or charge for a violation of Section
352	76-5-202, aggravated murder, is a capital felony unless:
353	(a) the prosecuting attorney files a notice of intent to not seek the death penalty; or
354	(b) the time for filing a notice to seek the death penalty has expired and the prosecuting
355	attorney has not filed a notice to seek the death penalty.
356	(4) For purposes of Subsection (1)(h), there is a rebuttable presumption that an individual
357	would not constitute a substantial danger to any other person or the community if:
358	(a) the court orders the person to participate in an inpatient drug and alcohol treatment
359	program; or
360	(b) the court orders the person to participate in home confinement through the use of
361	electronic monitoring as described in Section 41-6a-506.
362	Section 8. Section 77-36-1 is amended to read:
363	77-36-1 . Definitions.
364	As used in this chapter:
365	(1) "Child abuse offense" means an offense described in:
366	(a) Section 76-5-109, child abuse;
367	(b) Section 76-5-109.2, aggravated child abuse; or
368	(c) Section 76-5-110, abuse or neglect of a child with a disability.
369	[(1)] (2) "Cohabitant" means the same as that term is defined in Section 78B-7-102.
370	(3) "Dangerous weapon" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-1-101.5.

371	[(2)] (4) "Department" means the Department of Public Safety.
372	[(3)] (5) "Divorced" means an individual who has obtained a divorce under Title 81, Chapter
373	4, Part 4, Divorce.
374	[(4)(a) "Domestic violence" or "domestic violence offense" means any criminal offense
375	involving violence or physical harm or threat of violence or physical harm, or any
376	attempt, conspiracy, or solicitation to commit a criminal offense involving violence
377	or physical harm, when committed by one cohabitant against another.]
378	[(b) "Domestic violence" or "domestic violence offense" includes the commission of or
379	attempt to commit, any of the following offenses by one cohabitant against another:]
380	[(i) aggravated assault under Section 76-5-103;]
381	[(ii) aggravated cruelty to an animal under Subsection 76-9-301(4), with the intent to
382	harass or threaten the other cohabitant;]
383	[(iii) assault under Section 76-5-102;]
384	[(iv) criminal homicide under Section 76-5-201;]
385	[(v) harassment under Section 76-5-106;]
386	[(vi) electronic communication harassment under Section 76-9-201;]
387	[(vii) kidnapping, child kidnapping, or aggravated kidnapping under Sections
388	76-5-301, 76-5-301.1, and 76-5-302;]
389	[(viii) mayhem under Section 76-5-105;]
390	[(ix) propelling a bodily substance or material, as described in Section 76-5-102.9]
391	[(x) sexual offenses under Title 76, Chapter 5, Part 4, Sexual Offenses, and sexual
392	exploitation of a minor and aggravated sexual exploitation of a minor, as
393	described in Sections 76-5b-201 and 76-5b-201.1;]
394	[(xi) stalking under Section 76-5-106.5;]
395	[(xii) unlawful detention and unlawful detention of a minor under Section 76-5-304;]
396	[(xiii) violation of a protective order or ex parte protective order under Section
397	<del>76-5-108;</del> ]
398	[(xiv) an offense against property under Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 1, Property
399	Destruction, Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 2, Burglary and Criminal Trespass, or Title
400	76, Chapter 6, Part 3, Robbery;]
401	[(xv) possession of a deadly weapon with criminal intent under Section 76-10-507;]
402	[(xvi) discharge of a firearm from a vehicle, near a highway, or in the direction of any
403	person, building, or vehicle under Section 76-10-508;]
404	[(xvii) disorderly conduct under Section 76-9-102, if a conviction or adjudication of

405	disorderly conduct is the result of a plea agreement in which the perpetrator was
406	originally charged with a domestic violence offense otherwise described in this
407	Subsection (4), except that a conviction or adjudication of disorderly conduct as a
408	domestic violence offense, in the manner described in this Subsection (4)(p), does
409	not constitute a misdemeanor crime of domestic violence under 18 U.S.C. Sec.
410	921, and is exempt from the federal Firearms Act, 18 U.S.C. Sec. 921 et seq.;]
411	[(xviii) child abuse under Section 76-5-114;]
412	[(xix) threatening use of a dangerous weapon under Section 76-10-506;]
413	[(xx) threatening violence under Section 76-5-107;]
414	[(xxi) tampering with a witness under Section 76-8-508;]
415	[(xxii) retaliation against a witness, victim, or informant under Section 76-8-508.3;]
416	[(xxiii) receiving or soliciting a bribe as a witness under Section 76-8-508.7;]
417	[(xxiv) unlawful distribution of an intimate image under Section 76-5b-203;]
418	[(xxv) unlawful distribution of a counterfeit intimate image under Section 76-5b-205;]
419	[(xxvi) sexual battery under Section 76-9-702.1;]
420	[(xxvii) voyeurism under Section 76-9-702.7;]
421	[(xxviii) damage to or interruption of a communication device under Section 76-6-108;
121	1
422	or]
422	or]
422 423	or] [(xxix) an offense under Subsection 78B-7-806(1).]
422 423 424	or] [(xxix) an offense under Subsection 78B-7-806(1).]  (6)(a) "Domestic violence" or "domestic violence offense" means:
422 423 424 425	or]  [(xxix) an offense under Subsection 78B-7-806(1).]  (6)(a) "Domestic violence" or "domestic violence offense" means:  (i) an offense involving violence or physical harm, or a threat of violence or physical
422 423 424 425 426	[(xxix) an offense under Subsection 78B-7-806(1).]  (6)(a) "Domestic violence" or "domestic violence offense" means:  (i) an offense involving violence or physical harm, or a threat of violence or physical harm, that is committed by one cohabitant against another cohabitant; or
422 423 424 425 426 427	[(xxix) an offense under Subsection 78B-7-806(1).]  (6)(a) "Domestic violence" or "domestic violence offense" means:  (i) an offense involving violence or physical harm, or a threat of violence or physical harm, that is committed by one cohabitant against another cohabitant; or  (ii) an attempt, a conspiracy, or a solicitation to commit an offense involving violence
422 423 424 425 426 427 428	[(xxix) an offense under Subsection 78B-7-806(1).]  (6)(a) "Domestic violence" or "domestic violence offense" means:  (i) an offense involving violence or physical harm, or a threat of violence or physical harm, that is committed by one cohabitant against another cohabitant; or  (ii) an attempt, a conspiracy, or a solicitation to commit an offense involving violence or physical harm by one cohabitant against another cohabitant.
422 423 424 425 426 427 428 429	[(xxix) an offense under Subsection 78B-7-806(1).]  (6)(a) "Domestic violence" or "domestic violence offense" means:  (i) an offense involving violence or physical harm, or a threat of violence or physical harm, that is committed by one cohabitant against another cohabitant; or  (ii) an attempt, a conspiracy, or a solicitation to commit an offense involving violence or physical harm by one cohabitant against another cohabitant.  (b) "Domestic violence" or "domestic violence offense" includes the commission of, or
422 423 424 425 426 427 428 429 430	[(xxix) an offense under Subsection 78B-7-806(1).]  (6)(a) "Domestic violence" or "domestic violence offense" means:  (i) an offense involving violence or physical harm, or a threat of violence or physical harm, that is committed by one cohabitant against another cohabitant; or  (ii) an attempt, a conspiracy, or a solicitation to commit an offense involving violence or physical harm by one cohabitant against another cohabitant.  (b) "Domestic violence" or "domestic violence offense" includes the commission of, or an attempt to commit, an offense by one cohabitant against another cohabitant that is
422 423 424 425 426 427 428 429 430 431	[(xxix) an offense under Subsection 78B-7-806(1).]  (6)(a) "Domestic violence" or "domestic violence offense" means:  (i) an offense involving violence or physical harm, or a threat of violence or physical harm, that is committed by one cohabitant against another cohabitant; or  (ii) an attempt, a conspiracy, or a solicitation to commit an offense involving violence or physical harm by one cohabitant against another cohabitant.  (b) "Domestic violence" or "domestic violence offense" includes the commission of, or an attempt to commit, an offense by one cohabitant against another cohabitant that is an offense described in:
422 423 424 425 426 427 428 429 430 431 432	[(xxix) an offense under Subsection 78B-7-806(1).]  (6)(a) "Domestic violence" or "domestic violence offense" means:  (i) an offense involving violence or physical harm, or a threat of violence or physical harm, that is committed by one cohabitant against another cohabitant; or  (ii) an attempt, a conspiracy, or a solicitation to commit an offense involving violence or physical harm by one cohabitant against another cohabitant.  (b) "Domestic violence" or "domestic violence offense" includes the commission of, or an attempt to commit, an offense by one cohabitant against another cohabitant that is an offense described in:  (i) Section 76-5-102, assault;
422 423 424 425 426 427 428 429 430 431 432 433	or] [(xxix) an offense under Subsection 78B-7-806(1).]  (6)(a) "Domestic violence" or "domestic violence offense" means:  (i) an offense involving violence or physical harm, or a threat of violence or physical harm, that is committed by one cohabitant against another cohabitant; or  (ii) an attempt, a conspiracy, or a solicitation to commit an offense involving violence or physical harm by one cohabitant against another cohabitant.  (b) "Domestic violence" or "domestic violence offense" includes the commission of, or an attempt to commit, an offense by one cohabitant against another cohabitant that is an offense described in:  (i) Section 76-5-102, assault;  (ii) Section 76-5-102.9, propelling a bodily substance or material;
422 423 424 425 426 427 428 429 430 431 432 433 434	[(xxix) an offense under Subsection 78B-7-806(1).]  (6)(a) "Domestic violence" or "domestic violence offense" means:  (i) an offense involving violence or physical harm, or a threat of violence or physical harm, that is committed by one cohabitant against another cohabitant; or  (ii) an attempt, a conspiracy, or a solicitation to commit an offense involving violence or physical harm by one cohabitant against another cohabitant.  (b) "Domestic violence" or "domestic violence offense" includes the commission of, or an attempt to commit, an offense by one cohabitant against another cohabitant that is an offense described in:  (i) Section 76-5-102, assault;  (ii) Section 76-5-102.9, propelling a bodily substance or material;  (iii) Section 76-5-103, aggravated assault;
422 423 424 425 426 427 428 429 430 431 432 433 434 435	or] [(xxix) an offense under Subsection 78B-7-806(1).]  (6)(a) "Domestic violence" or "domestic violence offense" means:  (i) an offense involving violence or physical harm, or a threat of violence or physical harm, that is committed by one cohabitant against another cohabitant; or  (ii) an attempt, a conspiracy, or a solicitation to commit an offense involving violence or physical harm by one cohabitant against another cohabitant.  (b) "Domestic violence" or "domestic violence offense" includes the commission of, or an attempt to commit, an offense by one cohabitant against another cohabitant that is an offense described in:  (i) Section 76-5-102, assault;  (ii) Section 76-5-102.9, propelling a bodily substance or material;  (iii) Section 76-5-103, aggravated assault;  (iv) Section 76-5-105, mayhem;

439	(viii) Section 76-5-108, violation of a protective order;
440	(ix) Section 76-5-109, child abuse;
441	(x) Section 76-5-109.2, aggravated child abuse;
442	(xi) Section 76-5-110, abuse or neglect of a child with a disability;
443	(xii) Section 76-5-111, abuse of a vulnerable adult;
444	(xiii) Section 76-5-111.2, aggravated abuse of a vulnerable adult;
445	(xiv) Section 76-5-111.3, personal dignity exploitation of a vulnerable adult;
446	(xv) Section 76-5-111.4, financial exploitation of a vulnerable adult;
447	(xvi) Section 76-5-114, commission of domestic violence in the presence of a child;
448	(xvii) Section 76-5-201, criminal homicide;
449	(xviii) Section 76-5-301, kidnapping;
450	(xix) Section 76-5-301.1, child kidnapping;
451	(xx) Section 76-5-302, aggravated kidnapping;
452	(xxi) Section 76-5-304, unlawful detention and unlawful detention of a minor;
453	(xxii) Section 76-5-308, human trafficking for labor;
454	(xxiii) Section 76-5-308.1, human trafficking for sexual exploitation;
455	(xxiv) Section 76-5-308.5, human trafficking of a child;
456	(xxv) Section 76-5-310, aggravated human trafficking;
457	(xxvi) Section 76-5-311, human trafficking of a vulnerable adult;
458	(xxvii) Title 76, Chapter 5, Part 4, Sexual Offenses;
459	(xxviii) Section 76-5b-201, sexual exploitation of a minor;
460	(xxix) Section 76-5b-201.1, aggravated sexual exploitation of a minor;
461	(xxx) Section 76-5b-203, distribution of an intimate image;
462	(xxxi) Section 76-5b-205, unlawful distribution of a counterfeit intimate image;
463	(xxxii) Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 1, Property Destruction;
464	(xxxiii) Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 2, Burglary and Criminal Trespass;
465	(xxxiv) Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 3, Robbery;
466	(xxxv) Section 76-8-508, tampering with a witness;
467	(xxxvi) Section 76-8-508.3, retaliation against a witness, victim, or informant;
468	(xxxvii) Section 76-8-508.7, receiving or soliciting a bribe as a witness;
469	(xxxviii) Section 76-9-102, disorderly conduct, if a conviction or adjudication of
470	disorderly conduct is the result of a plea agreement in which the perpetrator was
471	originally charged with an offense otherwise described in this Subsection (6),
472	except that a conviction or adjudication of disorderly conduct as a domestic

473	violence offense, in the manner described in this Subsection (6)(xxxviii), does not
474	constitute a misdemeanor crime of domestic violence under 18 U.S.C. Sec. 921,
475	and is exempt from the federal Firearms Act, 18 U.S.C. Sec. 921 et seq.;
476	(xxxix) Section 76-9-201, electronic communication harassment;
477	(x1) Subsection 76-9-301(4), aggravated cruelty to an animal if the intent is to harass
478	or threaten the other cohabitant;
479	(xli) Section 76-9-702.1, sexual battery;
480	(xlii) Section 76-9-702.7, voyeurism;
481	(xliii) Title 76, Chapter 9, Part 4, Offenses Against Privacy;
482	(xliv) Section 76-10-506, threatening with or using dangerous weapon in fight or
483	quarrel;
484	(xlv) Section 76-10-507, possession of a deadly weapon with criminal intent;
485	(xlvi) Section 76-10-508, discharge of a firearm from a vehicle, near a highway, or in
486	direction of specified items; or
487	(xlvii) Subsection 78B-7-806(1), for a violation of a jail release court order or jail
488	release agreement.
489	[(5)] (7) "Jail release agreement" means the same as that term is defined in Section
490	78B-7-801.
491	[(6)] (8) "Jail release court order" means the same as that term is defined in Section
492	78B-7-801.
493	[(7)] (9) "Marital status" means married and living together, divorced, separated, or not
494	married.
495	[(8)] (10) "Married and living together" means a couple:
496	(a) whose marriage was solemnized under Section 81-2-305 or 81-2-407; and
497	(b) who are living in the same residence.
498	[(9)] (11) "Not married" means any living arrangement other than married and living
499	together, divorced, or separated.
500	[(10)] (12) "Protective order" includes an order issued under Subsection 78B-7-804(3).
501	[(11)] (13) "Pretrial protective order" means a written order:
502	(a) specifying and limiting the contact a person who has been charged with a domestic
503	violence offense may have with an alleged victim or other specified individuals; and
504	(b) specifying other conditions of release under Section 78B-7-802 or 78B-7-803,
505	pending trial in the criminal case.
506	[(12)] (14) "Sentencing protective order" means a written order of the court as part of

507	sentencing in a domestic violence case that limits the contact an individual who is
508	convicted or adjudicated of a domestic violence offense may have with a victim or other
509	specified individuals under Section 78B-7-804.
510	[(13)] (15) "Separated" means a couple:
511	(a) who have had their marriage solemnized under Section 81-2-305 or 81-2-407; and
512	(b) who are not living in the same residence.
513	(16) "Serious bodily injury" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-1-101.5.
514	[(14)] (17) "Victim" means a cohabitant who has been subjected to domestic violence.
515	Section 9. Section 77-36-2.2 is amended to read:
516	77-36-2.2 . Powers and duties of law enforcement officers to arrest Reports of
517	domestic violence cases Reports of parties' marital status.
518	(1) The primary duty of law enforcement officers responding to a domestic violence call is
519	to protect the victim and enforce the law.
520	(2)(a) In addition to the arrest powers described in Section 77-7-2, when a peace officer
521	responds to a domestic violence call and has probable cause to believe that [an act of
522	domestic violence] a domestic violence offense has been committed, the peace officer
523	shall arrest without a warrant or [shall-]issue a citation to [any person] an individual
524	that the peace officer has probable cause to believe has committed [an act of domestic
525	violence] a domestic violence offense.
526	(b)[(i)] If the peace officer has probable cause to believe that there will be continued
527	violence against the alleged victim, or if there is evidence that the perpetrator has [
528	either-]recently caused serious bodily injury or used a dangerous weapon in the
529	domestic violence offense, the <u>peace</u> officer:
530	(i) [-]shall arrest and take the alleged perpetrator into custody[;]; and
531	(ii) may not utilize the option of issuing a citation under this section.
532	[(ii) For purposes of Subsection (2)(b)(i), "serious bodily injury" and "dangerous
533	weapon" mean the same as those terms are defined in Section 76-1-101.5.]
534	(c) If a peace officer does not immediately exercise arrest powers or initiate criminal
535	proceedings by citation or otherwise, the officer shall notify the victim of the right to
536	initiate a criminal proceeding and of the importance of preserving evidence, in
537	accordance with the requirements of Section 77-36-2.1.
538	(d)(i) This Subsection (2) does not apply to a domestic abuse offense that is a child
539	abuse offense.
540	(ii) A peace officer shall investigate a child abuse offense in accordance with Title

541	80, Chapter 2, Child Welfare Services, and Chapter 2a, Removal and Protective
542	Custody of a Child.
543	(3)(a) If a law enforcement officer receives complaints of domestic violence from two or
544	more opposing [persons] individuals, the officer shall evaluate each complaint
545	separately to determine who the predominant aggressor was.
546	(b) If the officer determines that one [person] individual was the predominant physical
547	aggressor, the officer need not arrest the other [person] individual alleged to have
548	committed [domestic violence] a domestic violence offense.
549	(c) In determining who the predominant aggressor was, the officer shall consider:
550	[(a)] (i) any prior complaints of domestic violence;
551	[(b)] (ii) the relative severity of injuries inflicted on each [person] individual;
552	[(e)] (iii) the likelihood of future injury to each of the parties; and
553	[(d)] (iv) whether one of the parties acted in self defense.
554	(4) A law enforcement officer may not threaten, suggest, or otherwise indicate the possible
555	arrest of all parties in order to discourage any party's request for intervention by law
556	enforcement.
557	(5)(a) A law enforcement officer who does not make an arrest after investigating a
558	complaint of domestic violence, or who arrests two or more parties, shall submit a
559	detailed, written report specifying the grounds for not arresting any party or for
560	arresting both parties.
561	(b) A law enforcement officer who does not make an arrest shall notify the victim of the
562	right to initiate a criminal proceeding and of the importance of preserving evidence.
563	(6)(a) A law enforcement officer responding to a complaint of domestic violence shall
564	prepare an incident report that includes:
565	(i) the officer's disposition of the case; and
566	(ii) the results of any lethality assessment completed in accordance with Section
567	77-36-2.1.
568	[(b) From January 1, 2009, until December 31, 2013, any law enforcement officer
569	employed by a city of the first or second class responding to a complaint of domestic
570	violence shall also report, either as a part of an incident report or on a separate form,
571	the following information:]
572	[(i) marital status of each of the parties involved;]
573	[(ii) social, familial, or legal relationship of the suspect to the victim; and]
574	[(iii) whether or not an arrest was made.]

575	[(c) The information obtained in Subsection (6)(b):]
576	[(i) shall be reported monthly to the department;]
577	[(ii) shall be reported as numerical data that contains no personal identifiers; and]
578	[(iii) is a public record as defined in Section 63G-2-103.]
579	[(d)] (b) The incident report shall be made available to the victim, upon request, at no
580	cost.
581	[(e)] (c) The law enforcement agency shall forward a copy of the incident report to the
582	appropriate prosecuting attorney within five days after the complaint of domestic
583	violence occurred.
584	[(7) The department shall compile the information described in Subsections (6)(b) and (c)
585	into a report and present that report to the Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice
586	Interim Committee during the 2013 interim, no later than May 31, 2013.]
587	[(8)] (7) Each law enforcement agency shall, as soon as practicable, make a written record
588	and maintain records of all incidents of domestic violence reported to [it] the law
589	enforcement agency, and shall be identified by a law enforcement agency code for
590	domestic violence.
591	Section 10. Section <b>78B-7-102</b> is amended to read:
592	78B-7-102 . Definitions.
593	As used in this chapter:
594	(1) "Abuse" means, except as provided in Section 78B-7-201, intentionally or knowingly
595	causing or attempting to cause another individual physical harm or intentionally or
596	knowingly placing another individual in reasonable fear of imminent physical harm.
597	(2) "Affinity" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-1-101.5.
598	(3) "Child" means an individual who is younger than 18 years old.
599	[(3)] (4) "Civil protective order" means an order issued, subsequent to a hearing on the
600	petition, of which the petitioner and respondent have been given notice, under:
601	(a) Part 2, Child Protective Orders;
602	(b) Part 4, Dating Violence Protective Orders;
603	(c) Part 5, Sexual Violence Protective Orders;
604	(d) Part 6, Cohabitant Abuse Protective Orders; or
605	(e) Part 11, Workplace Violence Protective Orders.
606	[(4)] (5) "Civil stalking injunction" means a stalking injunction issued under Part 7, Civil
607	Stalking Injunctions.
608	[(5)] (6)(a) "Cohabitant" means an [emancipated individual under Section 15-2-1 or an

609	individual who is 16 years old or older who] individual who:
610	(i) is emancipated as described in Section 15-2-1 or is 16 years old or older; and
611	(ii)[(i)] (A) is or was a spouse of the other party;
612	[(ii)] (B) is or was living as if a spouse of the other party;
613	[(iii)] (C) is related by blood or marriage to the other party as the individual's
614	parent, grandparent, sibling, or any other individual related to the individual by
615	consanguinity or affinity to the second degree;
616	[(iv)] (D) has or had one or more children in common with the other party;
617	[v) is the biological parent of the other party's unborn minor child;
618	[(vi)] (F) resides or has resided in the same residence as the other party; or
619	[(vii)] (G) is or was in a consensual sexual relationship with the other party.
620	(b) "Cohabitant" does not include a child if:
621	(i) the other party is the child's sibling, step-sibling, or foster sibling and the other
622	party is a child; or
623	(ii) the other party is the child's parent, stepparent, or foster parent.
624	[(b) "Cohabitant" does not include:]
625	[(i) the relationship of natural parent, adoptive parent, or step-parent to a minor; or]
626	[(ii) the relationship between natural, adoptive, step, or foster siblings who are under
627	18 years old.]
628	[(6)] (7) "Consanguinity" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-1-101.5.
629	[(7)] (8) "Criminal protective order" means an order issued under Part 8, Criminal Protective
630	Orders.
631	[(8)] (9) "Criminal stalking injunction" means a stalking injunction issued under Part 9,
632	Criminal Stalking Injunctions.
633	[ <del>(9)</del> ] <u>(10)</u> "Court clerk" means a district court clerk.
634	[(10)] (11)(a) "Dating partner" means an individual who:
635	(i)(A) is an emancipated individual under Section 15-2-1 or Title 80, Chapter 7,
636	Emancipation; or
637	(B) is 18 years old or older; and
638	(ii) is, or has been, in a dating relationship with the other party.
639	(b) "Dating partner" does not include an intimate partner.
640	[(11)] (12)(a) "Dating relationship" means a social relationship of a romantic or intimate
641	nature, or a relationship which has romance or intimacy as a goal by one or both
642	parties regardless of whether the relationship involves sexual intimacy

643	(b) "Dating relationship" does not include casual fraternization in a business,
644	educational, or social context.
645	(c) In determining, based on a totality of the circumstances, whether a dating
646	relationship exists:
647	(i) all relevant factors shall be considered, including:
648	(A) whether the parties developed interpersonal bonding above a mere casual
649	fraternization;
650	(B) the length of the parties' relationship;
651	(C) the nature and the frequency of the parties' interactions, including
652	communications indicating that the parties intended to begin a dating
653	relationship;
654	(D) the ongoing expectations of the parties, individual or jointly, with respect to
655	the relationship;
656	(E) whether, by statement or conduct, the parties demonstrated an affirmation of
657	their relationship to others; and
658	(F) whether other reasons exist that support or detract from a finding that a dating
659	relationship exists; and
660	(ii) it is not necessary that all, or a particular number, of the factors described in
661	Subsection $[(11)(c)(i)]$ $(12)(c)(i)$ are found to support the existence of a dating
662	relationship.
663	[(12)] (13) "Domestic violence" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-36-1.
664	[(13)] (14) "Ex parte civil protective order" means an order issued without notice to the
665	respondent under:
666	(a) Part 2, Child Protective Orders;
667	(b) Part 4, Dating Violence Protective Orders;
668	(c) Part 5, Sexual Violence Protective Orders;
669	(d) Part 6, Cohabitant Abuse Protective Orders; or
670	(e) Part 11, Workplace Violence Protective Orders.
671	[(14)] (15) "Ex parte civil stalking injunction" means a stalking injunction issued without
672	notice to the respondent under Part 7, Civil Stalking Injunctions.
673	[(15)] (16) "Foreign protection order" means the same as that term is defined in Section
674	78B-7-302.
675	[(16)] (17) "Household animal" means an animal that is tamed and kept as a pet.
676	[(17)] (18) "Intimate partner" means the same as that term is defined in 18 U.S.C. Sec. 921.

677 [(18)] (19) "Law enforcement unit" or "law enforcement agency" means any public agency 678 having general police power and charged with making arrests in connection with 679 enforcement of the criminal statutes and ordinances of this state or any political 680 subdivision. 681 (20) "Minor child" means the same as that term is defined in Section 81-1-101. 682 [(19)] (21) "Peace officer" means those individuals specified in Title 53, Chapter 13, Peace 683 Officer Classifications. 684 [(20)] (22) "Qualifying domestic violence offense" means the same as that term is defined in 685 Section 77-36-1.1. 686 [(21)] (23) "Respondent" means the individual against whom enforcement of a protective 687 order is sought. 688 [(22)] (24) "Stalking" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5-106.5. 689 Section 11. Section **78B-7-802** is amended to read: 690 78B-7-802. Conditions for release after arrest for domestic violence and other 691 offenses -- Jail release agreements -- Jail release court orders. 692 (1) Upon arrest or issuance of a citation for [-]a qualifying offense[-] and before the 693 individual is released under Section 77-20-204 or 77-20-205, the individual may not 694 telephone, contact, or otherwise communicate with the alleged victim, directly or 695 indirectly. 696 (2)(a) After[-] an individual is arrested or issued a citation for a qualifying offense, the 697 individual[-] may not be released before: 698 (i) the matter is submitted to a magistrate in accordance with Section 77-7-23; or 699 (ii) the individual signs a jail release agreement. 700 (b) If an arrested individual is booked into jail, the arresting officer shall ensure that the 701 information presented to the magistrate includes whether the alleged victim has made 702 a waiver described in Subsection (5)(a). 703 (c) If the magistrate determines there is probable cause to support the charge or charges 704 of [-]one or more qualifying offenses[-], the magistrate shall issue a temporary 705 pretrial status order, as defined in Section 77-20-102, in accordance with Section 706 77-20-205. 707 (d) The magistrate may not release an individual arrested for a qualifying offense unless

release agreement.

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(e) A jail release agreement or jail release court order may not prohibit an individual

the magistrate issues a jail release court order or the arrested individual signs a jail

711 who is arrested or cited for an offense for the commission of domestic violence in the 712 presence of a child, as described in Section 76-5-114, from telephoning, contacting, 713 or otherwise communicating with a minor child if: 714 (i) the individual is the parent or guardian of the minor child; and 715 (ii) the alleged victim of the offense is not the minor child or the parent or guardian 716 of the minor child. 717 (3)(a) If an individual charged with [-]a qualifying offense[-] fails to either schedule an 718 initial appearance or to appear at the time scheduled by the magistrate within 96 719 hours after the time of arrest, the individual shall comply with the release conditions 720 of a jail release agreement or jail release court order until the individual makes an 721 initial appearance. 722 (b) If the [prosecutor] prosecuting attorney has not filed charges against an individual 723 who was arrested for a qualifying offense and who appears in court at the time 724 scheduled by the magistrate under Subsection (2), or by the court under Subsection 725 (3)(b)(ii), the court: 726 (i) may, upon the motion of the [prosecutor] prosecuting attorney and after allowing 727 the individual an opportunity to be heard on the motion, extend the release 728 conditions described in the jail release court order or the jail release agreement by 729 no more than three court days; and 730 (ii) if the court grants the motion described in Subsection (3)(b)(i), shall order the 731 arrested individual to appear at a time scheduled before the end of the granted 732 extension. 733 (c)(i) If the [prosecutor] prosecuting attorney determines that there is insufficient 734 evidence to file charges before an initial appearance scheduled under Subsection 735 (3)(a), the [prosecutor] prosecuting attorney shall transmit a notice of declination to 736 either]: 737 (A) the magistrate who signed the jail release court order [-or,]; or 738 (B) if the releasing agency obtains a jail release agreement from the released 739 arrestee, [to] the statewide domestic violence network described in Section 740 78B-7-113. 741 (ii) A [prosecutor's] prosecuting attorney's notice of declination transmitted under this 742 Subsection (3)(c) is considered a motion to dismiss a jail release court order and a 743 notice of expiration of a jail release agreement. 744 (4) Except as provided in Subsections (3) and (11) or otherwise ordered by a court, a jail

745	release agreement or jail release court order expires at midnight after the earlier of:
746	(a) the arrested or cited individual's initial scheduled court appearance described in
747	Subsection (3)(a);
748	(b) the day on which the [prosecutor] prosecuting attorney transmits the notice of the
749	declination under Subsection (3)(c); or
750	(c) 30 days after the day on which the individual is arrested or issued a citation.
751	(5)(a)(i) After an individual is arrested or issued a citation for a qualifying offense, an
752	alleged victim who is not a [minor] child may waive in writing any condition of a
753	jail release agreement by:
754	(A) appearing in person to the law enforcement agency that arrested the individual
755	or issued the citation to the individual for the qualifying offense;
756	(B) appearing in person to the jail or correctional facility that released the arrested
757	individual from custody; or
758	(C) appearing in person to the clerk at the court of the jurisdiction where the
759	charges are filed.
760	(ii) An alleged victim who is not a [minor] child may waive in writing the release
761	conditions prohibiting:
762	(A) telephoning, contacting, or otherwise communicating with the alleged victim,
763	directly or indirectly; or
764	(B) knowingly entering on the premises of the alleged victim's residence or on
765	premises temporarily occupied by the alleged victim.
766	(iii) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(a)(iv) or (v), a parent or guardian may
767	waive any condition of a jail release agreement on behalf of an alleged victim who
768	is a [minor] child in the manner described in Subsections (5)(a)(i) and (ii).
769	(iv) A parent or guardian may not waive any condition of a jail release agreement on
770	behalf of an alleged victim who is a child if the parent or guardian is the
771	individual who is arrested or issued a citation for a qualifying offense.
772	[(iv)] (v) A parent or guardian may not, without the approval of the court, waive the
773	release conditions described in Subsection (5)(a)(ii) on behalf of an alleged victim
774	who is a [minor,] child if the alleged victim who is a [minor] child:
775	(A) allegedly suffers bodily injury as a result of the qualifying offense;
776	(B) summons or attempts to summon emergency aid for the qualifying offense; or
777	(C) after the time at which the qualifying offense is allegedly committed and
778	before the time at which the arrested or cited individual signs the jail release

779 agreement, discloses to a law enforcement officer that the arrested or cited 780 individual threatened the alleged victim who is a [minor] child with bodily 781 injury. 782 (vi) Upon waiver, the release conditions described in Subsection (5)(a)(ii) do not 783 apply to the arrested or cited individual. 784 (b) A court or magistrate may modify a jail release agreement or a jail release court 785 order in writing or on the record, and only for good cause shown. 786 (6)(a) When an individual is arrested or issued a citation and subsequently released in 787 accordance with Subsection (2), the releasing agency shall: 788 (i) notify the arresting law enforcement agency of the release, conditions of release, 789 and any available information concerning the location of the alleged victim; 790 (ii) make a reasonable effort to notify the alleged victim of the release; and 791 (iii) before releasing the individual who is arrested or issued a citation, give the 792 arrested or cited individual a copy of the jail release agreement or the jail release 793 court order. 794 (b)(i) When an individual arrested or issued a citation for domestic violence[-] is 795 released under this section based on a jail release agreement, the releasing agency 796 shall transmit that information to the statewide domestic violence network 797 described in Section 78B-7-113. 798 (ii) When an individual arrested or issued a citation for domestic violence[-] is 799 released under this section based upon a jail release court order or if a jail release agreement is modified under Subsection (5)(b), the court shall transmit that order 800 801 to the statewide domestic violence network described in Section 78B-7-113. 802 (c) This Subsection (6) does not create or increase liability of a law enforcement officer 803 or agency, and the good faith immunity provided by Section 77-36-8 is applicable. 804 (7) An individual who is[-] arrested for a [-]qualifying offense that is a [-]felony and 805 released [-]in accordance with [-]this section may subsequently be held without bail if 806 there is substantial evidence to support a new felony charge against the individual. 807 (8) At the time an arrest is made or a citation is issued for[-] a qualifying offense[-], the 808 arresting officer shall provide the alleged victim with written notice containing: 809 (a) the release conditions described in this section, and notice that the alleged perpetrator 810 will not be released, before appearing before the court with jurisdiction over the 811 offense for which the alleged perpetrator was arrested, unless: 812 (i) the alleged perpetrator enters into a jail release agreement to comply with the

813	release conditions; or
814	(ii) the magistrate issues a jail release order that specifies the release conditions;
815	(b) notification of the penalties for violation of any jail release agreement or jail release
816	court order;
817	(c) the address of the appropriate court in the district or county in which the alleged
818	victim resides;
819	(d) the availability and effect of any waiver of the release conditions; and
820	(e) information regarding the availability of and procedures for obtaining civil and
821	criminal protective orders with or without the assistance of an attorney.
822	(9) At the time an arrest is made or a citation is issued for [-]a qualifying offense[-], the
823	arresting officer shall provide the alleged perpetrator with written notice containing:
824	(a) notification that the alleged perpetrator may not contact the alleged victim before
825	being released, including telephoning, contacting, or otherwise communicating with
826	the alleged victim, directly or indirectly;
827	(b) the release conditions described in this section and notice that the alleged perpetrator
828	will not be released, before appearing before the court with jurisdiction over the
829	offense for which the alleged perpetrator was arrested, unless:
830	(i) the alleged perpetrator enters into a jail release agreement to comply with the
831	release conditions; or
832	(ii) the magistrate issues a jail release court order;
833	(c) notification of the penalties for violation of any jail release agreement or jail release
834	court order; and
835	(d) notification that the alleged perpetrator is to personally appear in court on the next
836	day the court is open for business after the day of the arrest.
837	(10)(a) A pretrial or sentencing protective order issued under this part supersedes a jail
838	release agreement or jail release court order.
839	(b) If a court dismisses the charges for the qualifying offense that gave rise to a jail
840	release agreement or jail release court order, the court shall dismiss the jail release
841	agreement or jail release court order.
842	(11)(a) This section does not apply if the individual arrested for the qualifying offense is
843	a minor who is under 18 years old, unless the qualifying offense is domestic violence.
844	(b) A jail release agreement signed by, or a jail release court order issued against, a
845	minor expires on the earlier of:
846	(i) the day of the minor's initial court appearance described in Subsection (3)(a);

847	(ii) the day on which the [prosecutor] prosecuting attorney transmits the notice of
848	declination under Subsection (3)(c);
849	(iii) 30 days after the day on which the minor is arrested or issued a citation; or
850	(iv) the day on which the juvenile court terminates jurisdiction.
851	Section 12. Section 81-9-202 is amended to read:
852	81-9-202. Advisory guidelines for a custody and parent-time arrangement.
853	(1) In addition to the parent-time schedules provided in Sections 81-9-302 and 81-9-304,
854	the following advisory guidelines are suggested to govern a custody and parent-time
855	arrangement between parents.
856	(2) A parent-time schedule mutually agreed upon by both parents is preferable to a
857	court-imposed solution.
858	(3) A parent-time schedule shall be used to maximize the continuity and stability of the
859	minor child's life.
860	(4) Each parent shall give special consideration to make the minor child available to attend
861	family functions including funerals, weddings, family reunions, religious holidays,
862	important ceremonies, and other significant events in the life of the minor child or in the
863	life of either parent which may inadvertently conflict with the parent-time schedule.
864	(5)(a) The court shall determine the responsibility for the pick up, delivery, and return of
865	the minor child when the parent-time order is entered.
866	(b) The court may change the responsibility described in Subsection (5)(a) at any time a
867	subsequent modification is made to the parent-time order.
868	(c) If the noncustodial parent will be providing transportation, the custodial parent shall
869	(i) have the minor child ready for parent-time at the time the minor child is to be
870	picked up[-]; and
871	(ii) be present at the custodial home or make reasonable alternate arrangements to
872	receive the minor child at the time the minor child is returned.
873	(d) If the custodial parent will be transporting the minor child, the noncustodial parent
874	shall:
875	(i) be at the appointed place at the time the noncustodial parent is to receive the
876	minor child; and
877	(ii) have the minor child ready to be picked up at the appointed time and place or
878	have made reasonable alternate arrangements for the custodial parent to pick up
879	the minor child.
880	(6) A parent may not interrupt regular school hours for a school-age minor child for the

881 exercise of parent-time. 882 (7) The court may: 883 (a) make alterations in the parent-time schedule to reasonably accommodate the work 884 schedule of both parents; and 885 (b) increase the parent-time allowed to the noncustodial parent but may not diminish the 886 standardized parent-time provided in Sections 81-9-302 and 81-9-304. 887 (8) The court may make alterations in the parent-time schedule to reasonably accommodate 888 the distance between the parties and the expense of exercising parent-time. 889 (9) A parent may not withhold parent-time or child support due to the other parent's failure 890 to comply with a court-ordered parent-time schedule. 891 (10)(a) The custodial parent shall notify the noncustodial parent within 24 hours of 892 receiving notice of all significant school, social, sports, and community functions in 893 which the minor child is participating or being honored. 894 (b) The noncustodial parent is entitled to attend and participate fully in the functions 895 described in Subsection (10)(a). 896 (c) The noncustodial parent shall have access directly to all school reports including 897 preschool and daycare reports and medical records. 898 (d) A parent shall immediately notify the other parent in the event of a medical 899 emergency. 900 (11) Each parent shall provide the other with the parent's current address and telephone 901 number, email address, and other virtual parent-time access information within 24 hours of any change. 902 903 (12)(a) Each parent shall permit and encourage, during reasonable hours, reasonable and 904 uncensored communications with the minor child, in the form of mail privileges and 905 virtual parent-time if the equipment is reasonably available. 906 (b) If the parents cannot agree on whether the equipment is reasonably available, the 907 court shall decide whether the equipment for virtual parent-time is reasonably 908 available by taking into consideration: 909 (i) the best interests of the minor child; 910 (ii) each parent's ability to handle any additional expenses for virtual parent-time; and 911 (iii) any other factors the court considers material. 912 (13)(a) Parental care is presumed to be better care for the minor child than surrogate care. 913 (b) The court shall encourage the parties to cooperate in allowing the noncustodial

parent, if willing and able to transport the minor child, to provide the child care.

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915	(c) Child care arrangements existing during the marriage are preferred as are child care
916	arrangements with nominal or no charge.
917	(14) Each parent shall:
918	(a) provide all surrogate care providers with the name, current address, and telephone
919	number of the other parent; and
920	(b) provide the noncustodial parent with the name, current address, and telephone
921	number of all surrogate care providers unless the court for good cause orders
922	otherwise.
923	(15)(a) Each parent is entitled to an equal division of major religious holidays celebrated
924	by the parents.
925	(b) The parent who celebrates a religious holiday that the other parent does not celebrate
926	shall have the right to be together with the minor child on the religious holiday.
927	(16) If the minor child is on a different parent-time schedule than a sibling, based on
928	Sections 81-9-302 and 81-9-304, the parents should consider if an upward deviation for
929	parent-time with all the minor children so that parent-time is uniform between school
930	aged and nonschool aged children, is appropriate.
931	(17)(a) When one or both parents are servicemembers or contemplating joining a
932	uniformed service, the parents should resolve issues of custodial responsibility in the
933	event of deployment as soon as practicable through reaching a voluntary agreement
934	pursuant to Section 78B-20-201 or through court order obtained pursuant to this part.
935	(b) Service members shall ensure their family care plan reflects orders and agreements
936	entered and filed pursuant to Title 78B, Chapter 20, Uniform Deployed Parents
937	Custody, Parent-time, and Visitation Act.
938	(18) A parent shall immediately notify the other parent if:
939	(a) the parent resides with an individual or provides an individual with access to the
940	minor child; and
941	(b) the parent knows that the individual:
942	(i) is required to register as a sex offender[-or], a kidnap offender, or a child abuse
943	offender for an offense against a minor child under Title 77, Chapter 41, [Sex and
944	Kidnap Offender Registry] Sex, Kidnap. and Child Abuse Offender Registry;
945	[(ii) is required to register as a child abuse offender under Title 77, Chapter 43, Child
946	Abuse Offender Registry; or]
947	[(iii)] (ii) has been convicted of an offense described in:
948	(A) a child abuse offense under Section 76-5-109, 76-5-109.2, 76-5-109.3,

949	<del>76-5-114, or 76-5-208;</del> ]
950	[(B) a sexual offense against a minor child under Title 76, Chapter 5, Part 4,
951	Sexual Offenses;]
952	[(C) an offense for kidnapping or human trafficking of a minor child under Title
953	76, Chapter 5, Part 3, Kidnapping, Trafficking, and Smuggling;]
954	[(D) a sexual exploitation offense against a minor child under Title 76, Chapter
955	5b, Sexual Exploitation Act; or]
956	(A) Section 76-5-109, child abuse;
957	(B) Section 76-6-109.2, aggravated child abuse;
958	(C) Section 76-5-109.3, child abandonment;
959	(D) Section 76-5-114, commission of domestic violence in the presence of a child;
960	(E) Section 76-5-208, child abuse homicide;
961	(F) Title 76, Chapter 5, Part 4, Sexual Offenses, for which the victim was younger
962	than 18 years old;
963	(G) Title 76, Chapter 5, Part 3, Kidnapping, Trafficking, and Smuggling, for
964	which the victim was younger than 18 years old; or
965	(H) Title 76, Chapter 5b, Sexual Exploitation Act, for which the victim was
966	younger than 18 years old; or
967	[(E)] (iii) has been convicted of an offense that is substantially similar to an offense [
968	under Subsections (18)(b)(iii)(A) through (D)] described in Subsection (18)(b)(ii).
969	(19)(a) For emergency purposes, whenever the minor child travels with a parent, the
970	parent shall provide the following information to the other parent:
971	(i) an itinerary of travel dates;
972	(ii) destinations;
973	(iii) places where the minor child or traveling parent can be reached; and
974	(iv) the name and telephone number of an available third person who would be
975	knowledgeable of the minor child's location.
976	(b) Unchaperoned travel of a minor child under the age of five years is not
977	recommended.
978	Section 13. Section <b>81-9-208</b> is amended to read:
979	81-9-208. Modification or termination of a custody or parent-time order
980	Noncompliance with a parent-time order.
981	(1) The court has continuing jurisdiction to make subsequent changes to modify:
982	(a) custody of a minor child if there is a showing of a substantial and material change in

983	circumstances since the entry of the order; and
984	(b) parent-time for a minor child if there is a showing that there is a change in
985	circumstances since the entry of the order.
986	(2) A substantial and material change in circumstances under Subsection (1)(a) includes a
987	showing by a parent that the other parent:
988	(a) resides with an individual or provides an individual with access to the minor child;
989	and
990	(b) knows that the individual:
991	(i) is required to register as a sex offender[-or], a kidnap offender, or a child abuse
992	offender for an offense against a minor child under Title 77, Chapter 41, [Sex and
993	Kidnap Offender Registry] Sex, Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender Registry;
994	[(ii) is required to register as a child abuse offender under Title 77, Chapter 43, Child
995	Abuse Offender Registry; or]
996	[(iii)] (ii) has been convicted of an offense described in:
997	[(A) a child abuse offense under Section 76-5-109, 76-5-109.2, 76-5-109.3,
998	<del>76-5-114, or 76-5-208;</del> ]
999	[(B) a sexual offense against a minor child under Title 76, Chapter 5, Part 4,
1000	Sexual Offenses;]
1001	[(C) an offense for kidnapping or human trafficking of a minor child under Title
1002	76, Chapter 5, Part 3, Kidnapping, Trafficking, and Smuggling;]
1003	[(D) a sexual exploitation offense against a minor child under Title 76, Chapter
1004	5b, Sexual Exploitation Act; or]
1005	(A) Section 76-5-109, child abuse;
1006	(B) Section 76-6-109.2, aggravated child abuse;
1007	(C) Section 76-5-109.3, child abandonment;
1008	(D) Section 76-5-114, commission of domestic violence in the presence of a child:
1009	(E) Section 76-5-208, child abuse homicide;
1010	(F) Title 76, Chapter 5, Part 4, Sexual Offenses, for which the victim was younger
1011	than 18 years old;
1012	(G) Title 76, Chapter 5, Part 3, Kidnapping, Trafficking, and Smuggling, for
1013	which the victim was younger than 18 years old; or
1014	(H) Title 76, Chapter 5b, Sexual Exploitation Act, for which the victim was
1015	younger than 18 years old; or
1016	[(E)] (iii) has been convicted of an offense that is substantially similar to an offense [

1017	under Subsections (2)(b)(iii)(A) through (D).] described in Subsection (2)(b)(ii).
1018	(3) On the petition of one or both of the parents, or the joint legal or physical custodians if
1019	they are not the parents, the court may, after a hearing, modify or terminate an order that
1020	established joint legal custody or joint physical custody if:
1021	(a) the verified petition or accompanying affidavit initially alleges that admissible
1022	evidence will show that there has been a substantial and material change in the
1023	circumstances of the minor child or one or both parents or joint legal or physical
1024	custodians since the entry of the order to be modified;
1025	(b) a modification of the terms and conditions of the order would be an improvement for
1026	and in the best interest of the minor child; and
1027	(c)(i) both parents have complied in good faith with the dispute resolution procedure
1028	in accordance with Subsection 81-9-205(8); or
1029	(ii) if no dispute resolution procedure is contained in the order that established joint
1030	legal custody or joint physical custody, the court orders the parents to participate
1031	in a dispute resolution procedure in accordance with Subsection 81-9-205(13)
1032	unless the parents certify that, in good faith, they have used a dispute resolution
1033	procedure to resolve their dispute.
1034	(4)(a) In determining whether the best interest of a minor child will be served by either
1035	modifying or terminating the joint legal custody or joint physical custody order, the
1036	court shall, in addition to other factors the court considers relevant, consider the
1037	factors described in Sections 81-9-204 and 81-9-205.
1038	(b) A court order modifying or terminating an existing joint legal custody or joint
1039	physical custody order shall contain written findings that:
1040	(i) a substantial and material change of circumstance has occurred; and
1041	(ii) a modification of the terms and conditions of the order would be an improvement
1042	for and in the best interest of the minor child.
1043	(c) The court shall give substantial weight to the existing joint legal custody or joint
1044	physical custody order when the minor child is thriving, happy, and well-adjusted.
1045	(5) The court shall, in every case regarding a petition for termination of a joint legal
1046	custody or joint physical custody order, consider reasonable alternatives to preserve the
1047	existing order in accordance with Section 81-9-204.
1048	(6) The court may modify the terms and conditions of the existing order in accordance with
1049	this chapter and may order the parents to file a parenting plan in accordance with
1050	Section 81-9-203

1051	(7) A parent requesting a modification from sole custody to joint legal custody or joint
1052	physical custody or both, or any other type of shared parenting arrangement, shall file
1053	and serve a proposed parenting plan with the petition to modify in accordance with
1054	Section 81-9-203.
1055	(8) If an issue before the court involves custodial responsibility in the event of deployment
1056	of one or both parents who are service members, and the service member has not yet
1057	been notified of deployment, the court shall resolve the issue based on the standards in
1058	Sections 78B-20-306 through 78B-20-309.
1059	(9) If the court finds that an action to modify custody or parent-time is filed or answered
1060	frivolously and, in a manner, designed to harass the other party, the court shall assess
1061	attorney fees as costs against the offending party.
1062	(10) If a petition to modify custody or parent-time provisions of a court order is made and
1063	denied, the court shall order the petitioner to pay the reasonable attorney fees expended
1064	by the prevailing party in that action if the court determines that the petition was without
1065	merit and not asserted or defended against in good faith.
1066	(11) If a motion or petition alleges noncompliance with a parent-time order by a parent, or a
1067	visitation order by a grandparent or other member of the immediate family where a
1068	visitation or parent-time right has been previously granted by the court, the court:
1069	(a) may award to the prevailing party:
1070	(i) actual attorney fees incurred;
1071	(ii) the costs incurred by the prevailing party because of the other party's failure to
1072	provide or exercise court-ordered visitation or parent-time, including:
1073	(A) court costs;
1074	(B) child care expenses;
1075	(C) transportation expenses actually incurred;
1076	(D) lost wages, if ascertainable; or
1077	(E) counseling for a parent or a minor child if ordered or approved by the court; or
1078	(iii) any other appropriate equitable remedy; and
1079	(b) shall award reasonable make-up parent-time to the prevailing party, unless make-up
1080	parent-time is not in the best interest of the minor child.
1081	Section 14. Section <b>81-9-402</b> is amended to read:
1082	81-9-402. Custody and visitation for individuals other than a parent Venue.
1083	(1)(a) In accordance with Section 80-2a-201, it is the public policy of this state that a
1084	parent retain the fundamental right and duty to exercise primary control over the care,

- supervision, upbringing, and education of a minor child of the parent.
- 1086 (b) There is a rebuttable presumption that a parent's decisions are in the minor child's best interests.
- 1088 (2) A court may find the presumption in Subsection (1) rebutted and grant custodial or visitation rights to an individual other than a parent who, by clear and convincing evidence, establishes that:
- (a) the individual has intentionally assumed the role and obligations of a parent;
- 1092 (b) the individual and the minor child have formed a substantial emotional bond and created a parent-child type relationship;
- 1094 (c) the individual substantially contributed emotionally or financially to the minor child's well being;
- 1096 (d) the assumption of the parental role is not the result of a financially compensated surrogate care arrangement;
- (e) the continuation of the relationship between the individual and the minor child is in the minor child's best interest;
  - (f) the loss or cessation of the relationship between the individual and the minor child would substantially harm the minor child; and
- 1102 (g) the parent:

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- 1103 (i) is absent; or
- (ii) is found by a court to have abused or neglected the minor child.
- 1105 (3) Notwithstanding Title 78B, Chapter 3a, Venue for Civil Actions, or Section 78A-6-350, 1106 an individual shall file a verified petition, or a petition supported by an affidavit, for 1107 custodial or visitation rights to the minor child in the juvenile court if a matter is pending 1108 in the juvenile court, or in the district court in the county where the minor child:
- 1109 (a) currently resides; or
- (b) lived with a parent or an individual other than a parent who acted as a parent within six months before the commencement of the action.
- 1112 (4) An individual may file a petition under this section in a pending divorce, parentage 1113 action, or other proceeding, including a proceeding in the juvenile court involving 1114 custody of or visitation with a minor child.
- 1115 (5) The petition shall include detailed facts supporting the petitioner's right to file the 1116 petition including the criteria set forth in Subsection (2) and residency information 1117 described in Section 78B-13-209.
- 1118 (6) An individual may not file a petition under this section against a parent who is actively

1119	serving outside the state in any branch of the military.
1120	(7) Notice of a petition filed pursuant to this chapter shall be served in accordance with the
1121	Utah Rules of Civil Procedure on all of the following:
1122	(a) the minor child's biological, adopted, presumed, declarant, and adjudicated parents;
1123	(b) any individual who has court-ordered custody or visitation rights;
1124	(c) the minor child's guardian;
1125	(d) the guardian ad litem, if one has been appointed;
1126	(e) an individual or agency that has physical custody of the minor child or that claims to
1127	have custody or visitation rights; and
1128	(f) any other individual or agency that has previously appeared in any action regarding
1129	custody of or visitation with the minor child.
1130	(8) The court may order a custody evaluation to be conducted in any proceeding brought
1131	under this section.
1132	(9) The court may enter temporary orders in a proceeding brought under this section
1133	pending the entry of final orders.
1134	(10) Except as provided in Subsection (11), a court may not grant custody of a minor child
1135	under this section to an individual:
1136	(a) who is not the parent of the minor child; and
1137	(b) who, before a custody order is issued, is convicted, pleads guilty, or pleads no
1138	contest to a felony or attempted felony involving conduct that constitutes any of the
1139	following:
1140	[(i) child abuse, as described in Sections 76-5-109, 76-5-109.2, 76-5-109.3, and
1141	<del>76-5-114;</del> ]
1142	(i) child abuse, as described in Section 76-5-109;
1143	(ii) aggravated child abuse, as described in Section 76-5-109.2;
1144	(iii) child abandonment, as described in Section 76-5-109.3;
1145	(iv) commission of domestic violence in the presence of a child, as described in
1146	Section 76-5-114;
1147	$[\frac{(ii)}{(v)}]$ child abuse homicide, as described in Section 76-5-208;
1148	[(iii)] (vi) child kidnapping, as described in Section 76-5-301.1;
1149	[(iv)] (vii) human trafficking of a child, as described in Section 76-5-308.5;
1150	[(v)] (viii) sexual abuse of a minor, as described in Section 76-5-401.1;
1151	[(vi)] (ix) rape of a child, as described in Section 76-5-402.1;
1152	[(vii)] (x) object rape of a child, as described in Section 76-5-402.3:

1153	[(viii)] (xi) sodomy on a child, as described in Section 76-5-403.1;
1154	[(ix)] (xii) sexual abuse of a child, as described in Section 76-5-404.1, or aggravated
1155	sexual abuse of a child, as described in Section 76-5-404.3;
1156	[(x)] (xiii) sexual exploitation of a minor, as described in Section 76-5b-201;
1157	[(xi)] (xiv) aggravated sexual exploitation of a minor, as described in Section
1158	76-5b-201.1; or
1159	[(xii)] (xv) an offense in another state that, if committed in this state, would constitute
1160	an offense described in this Subsection (10).
1161	(11)(a) As used in this Subsection (11), "disqualifying offense" means an offense listed
1162	in Subsection (10) that prevents a court from granting custody except as provided in
1163	this Subsection (11).
1164	(b) An individual described in Subsection (10) may only be considered for custody of a
1165	minor child if the following criteria are met by clear and convincing evidence:
1166	(i) the individual is a relative, as defined in Section 80-3-102, of the minor child;
1167	(ii) at least 10 years have elapsed from the day on which the individual is
1168	successfully released from prison, jail, parole, or probation related to a
1169	disqualifying offense;
1170	(iii) during the 10 years before the day on which the individual files a petition with
1171	the court seeking custody the individual has not been convicted, plead guilty, or
1172	plead no contest to an offense greater than an infraction or traffic violation that
1173	would likely impact the health, safety, or well-being of the minor child;
1174	(iv) the individual can provide evidence of successful treatment or rehabilitation
1175	directly related to the disqualifying offense;
1176	(v) the court determines that the risk related to the disqualifying offense is unlikely to
1177	cause harm, as defined in Section 80-1-102, or potential harm to the minor child
1178	currently or at any time in the future when considering all of the following:
1179	(A) the minor child's age;
1180	(B) the minor child's gender;
1181	(C) the minor child's development;
1182	(D) the nature and seriousness of the disqualifying offense;
1183	(E) the preferences of a minor child who is 12 years old or older;
1184	(F) any available assessments, including custody evaluations, parenting
1185	assessments, psychological or mental health assessments, and bonding
1186	assessments; and

1187	(G) any other relevant information;
1188	(vi) the individual can provide evidence of the following:
1189	(A) the relationship with the minor child is of long duration;
1190	(B) that an emotional bond exists with the minor child; and
1191	(C) that custody by the individual who has committed the disqualifying offense
1192	ensures the best interests of the minor child are met;
1193	(vii)(A) there is no other responsible relative known to the court who has or likely
1194	could develop an emotional bond with the minor child and does not have a
1195	disqualifying offense; or
1196	(B) if there is a responsible relative known to the court that does not have a
1197	disqualifying offense, Subsection (11)(d) applies; and
1198	(viii) that the continuation of the relationship between the individual with the
1199	disqualifying offense and the minor child could not be sufficiently maintained
1200	through any type of visitation if custody were given to the relative with no
1201	disqualifying offense described in Subsection (11)(d).
1202	(c) The individual with the disqualifying offense bears the burden of proof regarding
1203	why placement with that individual is in the best interest of the minor child over
1204	another responsible relative or equally situated individual who does not have a
1205	disqualifying offense.
1206	(d) If, as provided in Subsection (11)(b)(vii)(B), there is a responsible relative known to
1207	the court who does not have a disqualifying offense:
1208	(i) preference for custody is given to a relative who does not have a disqualifying
1209	offense; and
1210	(ii) before the court may place custody with the individual who has the disqualifying
1211	offense over another responsible, willing, and able relative:
1212	(A) an impartial custody evaluation shall be completed; and
1213	(B) a guardian ad litem shall be assigned.
1214	(12) Subsections (10) and (11) apply to a case pending on March 25, 2017, for which a final
1215	decision on custody has not been made and to a case filed on or after March 25, 2017.
1216	Section 15. Effective Date.
1217	This bill takes effect on May 7, 2025.