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**Controlled Substance Licensing Amendments**

2025 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

**Chief Sponsor: Raymond P. Ward**

Senate Sponsor:

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**LONG TITLE****General Description:**

This bill makes changes concerning the licensing requirements related to controlled substances.

**Highlighted Provisions:**

This bill:

- ▶ defines terms and amends definitions;
- ▶ requires the Division of Professional Licensing to create a controlled substance certification for certain practitioners;
- ▶ provides that a practitioner may not distribute, dispense, or administer a controlled substance without a controlled substance certification;
- ▶ prescribes requirements for certified practitioners;
- ▶ updates provisions of the Utah Controlled Substances Act to reflect the creation of a controlled substance certification;
- ▶ repeals provisions relating to a controlled substance license; and
- ▶ makes technical and conforming changes.

**Money Appropriated in this Bill:**

None

**Other Special Clauses:**

This bill provides a special effective date.

**Utah Code Sections Affected:**

AMENDS:

**26B-4-513 (Effective 07/01/25)**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 507

**58-37-2 (Effective 07/01/25)**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 35

**58-37-4 (Effective 07/01/25)**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 298

**58-37-5.5 (Effective 07/01/25)**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 250

**58-37-6 (Effective 07/01/25)**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 415

**58-37-8 (Effective 07/01/25)**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 105

31 **58-37-10 (Effective 07/01/25)**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 278  
 32 **58-37-15 (Effective 07/01/25)**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1971, Chapter 145  
 33 **58-37-19 (Effective 07/01/25)**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 381  
 34 **58-37-22 (Effective 07/01/25)**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 329  
 35 **58-37b-2 (Effective 07/01/25)**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 64  
 36 **58-37f-201 (Effective 07/01/25)**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 329,  
 37 415  
 38 **58-37f-303 (Effective 07/01/25)**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 340  
 39 **58-37f-304 (Effective 07/01/25)**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 507  
 40 **58-37f-502 (Effective 07/01/25)**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 391  
 41 and renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 287  
 42 **58-37f-702 (Effective 07/01/25)**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 329  
 43 **58-37f-703 (Effective 07/01/25)**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 415  
 44 **63I-1-258 (Effective 07/01/25)**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Third Special  
 45 Session, Chapter 5  
 46 **76-5-102.1 (Effective 07/01/25)**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 197  
 47 **76-5-207 (Effective 07/01/25)**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 153,  
 48 208 and 381

49 ENACTS:

50 **58-1-605 (Effective 05/07/25)**, Utah Code Annotated 1953

51 REPEALS:

52 **26B-3-131 (Effective 07/01/25)**, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023,  
 53 Chapter 306

54 **49-20-416 (Effective 07/01/25)**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 180

55 **58-37-6.5 (Effective 07/01/25)**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 329

56

57 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:*

58 Section 1. Section **26B-4-513** is amended to read:

59 **26B-4-513 (Effective 07/01/25). Coprescription guidelines.**

60 (1) As used in this section:

61 (a) [~~"Controlled-substance prescriber"~~] means the same as that term is defined in Section  
 62 58-37-6.5 [~~"Certified practitioner"~~] means the same as that term is defined in Section  
 63 58-1-605.

64 (b) "Coprescribe" means to issue a prescription for an opiate antagonist with a

65 prescription for an opiate.

66 (2) The department shall, in consultation with the Medical Licensing Board created in  
67 Section 58-67-201, and the Division of Professional Licensing created in Section  
68 58-1-103, establish by rule, made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah  
69 Administrative Rulemaking Act, scientifically based guidelines for controlled substance  
70 prescribers to coprescribe an opiate antagonist to a patient.

71 Section 2. Section **58-1-605** is enacted to read:

72 **Part 6. Unique Training and Certification**

73 **58-1-605 (Effective 05/07/25). Controlled substance certification.**

74 (1) As used in this section:

75 (a) "Administer" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-2.

76 (b) "Certified practitioner" means a practitioner who has a controlled substance  
77 certification.

78 (c) "Controlled substance" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-2.

79 (d) "Controlled substance certification" means a certification issued by the division to  
80 certify that a practitioner has an active DEA registration.

81 (e) "DEA registration" means a registration issued by the federal Drug Enforcement  
82 Administration.

83 (f) "Dispense" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-2.

84 (g) "Distribute" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-2.

85 (h) "Practitioner" means an individual licensed under Title 58, Occupations and  
86 Professions, whose scope of practice includes the ability to distribute, dispense, or  
87 administer a controlled substance.

88 (i) "Prescribe" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-2.

89 (2) The division shall create a controlled substance certification on or before June 30, 2025.

90 (3) Beginning July 1, 2025:

91 (a) a practitioner who does not have a license issued by the division to manufacture,  
92 produce, distribute, prescribe, dispense, administer, conduct research with, or  
93 perform laboratory analysis upon controlled substances, may not distribute, dispense,  
94 prescribe, or administer a controlled substance without a controlled substance  
95 certification; and

96 (b) a practitioner who has a current license issued by the division to manufacture,  
97 produce, distribute, prescribe, dispense, administer, conduct research with, or  
98 perform laboratory analysis upon controlled substances;

- 99            (i) may continue to act within the scope of that license as long as that license is active  
100            and in good standing; and
- 101            (ii) after the practitioner's current license expires or is revoked, surrendered, or  
102            suspended, may not distribute, dispense, prescribe, or administer a controlled  
103            substance without a controlled substance certification.
- 104 (4) Except as provided in Subsection (3), a practitioner may act within the practitioner's  
105            scope of practice regardless of whether the practitioner has a controlled substance  
106            certification.
- 107 (5) The division may issue an original controlled substance certification:
- 108            (a) to an individual concurrent with the individual's original license under Title 58,  
109            Occupations and Professions;
- 110            (b) to a practitioner at the time the division renews the practitioner's license under Title  
111            58, Occupations and Professions; or
- 112            (c) to a practitioner at any other time if the practitioner submits an application in a form  
113            prescribed by the division.
- 114 (6) The division shall issue an original or renewal controlled substance certification to an  
115            applicant who:
- 116            (a) has a current DEA registration; and
- 117            (b) complies with or satisfies any other requirements or qualifications created by the  
118            division in rules established pursuant to Subsection (9), including the requirements  
119            described in Subsection (7).
- 120 (7)(a) The division shall, by rule established pursuant to Subsection (9), require certified  
121            practitioners to complete 3.5 continuing education hours per licensing period in one  
122            or more controlled substance prescribing classes.
- 123            (b) A controlled substance prescribing class required pursuant to Subsection (7)(a) does  
124            not increase the total number of state-required continuing professional education  
125            hours required for prescriber licensing.
- 126 (8) The division shall issue each controlled substance certification in accordance with a  
127            three-year renewal cycle.
- 128 (9) The division may establish rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah  
129            Administrative Rulemaking Act, to implement this section.
- 130            Section 3. Section **58-37-2** is amended to read:
- 131            **58-37-2 (Effective 07/01/25). Definitions.**
- 132 (1) As used in this chapter:

- 133 (a) "Administer" means the direct application of a controlled substance, whether by  
134 injection, inhalation, ingestion, or any other means, to the body of a patient or  
135 research subject by:
- 136 (i) a practitioner or, in the practitioner's presence, by the practitioner's authorized  
137 agent; or
- 138 (ii) the patient or research subject at the direction and in the presence of the  
139 practitioner.
- 140 (b) "Agent" means an authorized person who acts on behalf of or at the direction of a  
141 manufacturer, distributor, or practitioner but does not include a motor carrier, public  
142 warehouseman, or employee of any of them.
- 143 (c) "Certified practitioner" means a practitioner with a valid controlled substance  
144 certification.
- 145 ~~(e)~~ (d) "Consumption" means ingesting or having any measurable amount of a  
146 controlled substance in a person's body, but this Subsection ~~[(1)(e)]~~ (1)(d) does not  
147 include the metabolite of a controlled substance.
- 148 ~~(d)~~ (e) "Continuing criminal enterprise" means any individual, sole proprietorship,  
149 partnership, corporation, business trust, association, or other legal entity, and any  
150 union or groups of individuals associated in fact although not a legal entity, and  
151 includes illicit as well as licit entities created or maintained for the purpose of  
152 engaging in conduct which constitutes the commission of episodes of activity made  
153 unlawful by Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act, Chapter 37a, Utah Drug  
154 Paraphernalia Act, Chapter 37b, Imitation Controlled Substances Act, Chapter 37c,  
155 Utah Controlled Substance Precursor Act, or Chapter 37d, Clandestine Drug Lab Act,  
156 which episodes are not isolated, but have the same or similar purposes, results,  
157 participants, victims, methods of commission, or otherwise are interrelated by  
158 distinguishing characteristics. Taken together, the episodes shall demonstrate  
159 continuing unlawful conduct and be related either to each other or to the enterprise.
- 160 ~~(e)~~ (f) "Control" means to add, remove, or change the placement of a drug, substance,  
161 or immediate precursor under Section 58-37-3.
- 162 ~~(f)~~ (g)(i) "Controlled substance" means a drug or substance:
- 163 (A) included in Schedules I, II, III, IV, or V of Section 58-37-4;
- 164 (B) included in Schedules I, II, III, IV, or V of the federal Controlled Substances  
165 Act, Title II, P.L. 91-513;
- 166 (C) that is a controlled substance analog; or

- 167 (D) listed in Section 58-37-4.2.
- 168 (ii) "Controlled substance" does not include:
- 169 (A) distilled spirits, wine, or malt beverages, as those terms are defined in Title  
170 32B, Alcoholic Beverage Control Act;
- 171 (B) any drug intended for lawful use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment,  
172 or prevention of disease in human or other animals, which contains ephedrine,  
173 pseudoephedrine, norpseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine if the drug is  
174 lawfully purchased, sold, transferred, or furnished as an over-the-counter  
175 medication without prescription; or
- 176 (C) dietary supplements, vitamins, minerals, herbs, or other similar substances  
177 including concentrates or extracts, which:
- 178 (I) are not otherwise regulated by law; and
- 179 (II) may contain naturally occurring amounts of chemical or substances listed  
180 in this chapter, or in rules adopted pursuant to Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah  
181 Administrative Rulemaking Act.
- 182 ~~(g)~~ (h)(i) "Controlled substance analog" means:
- 183 (A) a substance the chemical structure of which is substantially similar to the  
184 chemical structure of a controlled substance listed in Schedules I and II of  
185 Section 58-37-4, a substance listed in Section 58-37-4.2, or in Schedules I and  
186 II of the federal Controlled Substances Act, Title II, P.L. 91-513;
- 187 (B) a substance which has a stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the  
188 central nervous system substantially similar to the stimulant, depressant, or  
189 hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system of controlled substances  
190 listed in Schedules I and II of Section 58-37-4, substances listed in Section  
191 58-37-4.2, or substances listed in Schedules I and II of the federal Controlled  
192 Substances Act, Title II, P.L. 91-513; or
- 193 (C) A substance which, with respect to a particular individual, is represented or  
194 intended to have a stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central  
195 nervous system substantially similar to the stimulant, depressant, or  
196 hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system of controlled substances  
197 listed in Schedules I and II of Section 58-37-4, substances listed in Section  
198 58-37-4.2, or substances listed in Schedules I and II of the federal Controlled  
199 Substances Act, Title II, P.L. 91-513.
- 200 (ii) "Controlled substance analog" does not include:

- 201 (A) a controlled substance currently scheduled in Schedules I through V of  
 202 Section 58-37-4;
- 203 (B) a substance for which there is an approved new drug application;
- 204 (C) a substance with respect to which an exemption is in effect for investigational  
 205 use by a particular person under Section 505 of the Food, Drug, and Cosmetic  
 206 Act, 21 U.S.C. 355, to the extent the conduct with respect to the substance is  
 207 permitted by the exemption;
- 208 (D) any substance to the extent not intended for human consumption before an  
 209 exemption takes effect with respect to the substance;
- 210 (E) any drug intended for lawful use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment,  
 211 or prevention of disease in man or other animals, which contains ephedrine,  
 212 pseudoephedrine, norpseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine if the drug is  
 213 lawfully purchased, sold, transferred, or furnished as an over-the-counter  
 214 medication without prescription; or
- 215 (F) dietary supplements, vitamins, minerals, herbs, or other similar substances  
 216 including concentrates or extracts, which are not otherwise regulated by law,  
 217 which may contain naturally occurring amounts of chemical or substances  
 218 listed in this chapter, or in rules adopted pursuant to Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah  
 219 Administrative Rulemaking Act.
- 220 (i) "Controlled substance certification" means a certification issued by the division  
 221 pursuant to Section 58-1-605.
- 222 [~~h~~](j)(i) "Conviction" means a determination of guilt by verdict, whether jury or  
 223 bench, or plea, whether guilty or no contest, for any offense proscribed by:
- 224 (A) Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act;
- 225 (B) Chapter 37a, Utah Drug Paraphernalia Act;
- 226 (C) Chapter 37b, Imitation Controlled Substances Act;
- 227 (D) Chapter 37c, Utah Controlled Substance Precursor Act; or
- 228 (E) Chapter 37d, Clandestine Drug Lab Act; or
- 229 (ii) for any offense under the laws of the United States and any other state which, if  
 230 committed in this state, would be an offense under:
- 231 (A) Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act;
- 232 (B) Chapter 37a, Utah Drug Paraphernalia Act;
- 233 (C) Chapter 37b, Imitation Controlled Substances Act;
- 234 (D) Chapter 37c, Utah Controlled Substance Precursor Act; or

- 235 (E) Chapter 37d, Clandestine Drug Lab Act.
- 236 ~~(j)~~ (k) "Counterfeit substance" means:
- 237 (i) any controlled substance or container or labeling of any controlled substance that:
- 238 (A) without authorization bears the trademark, trade name, or other identifying
- 239 mark, imprint, number, device, or any likeness of them, of a manufacturer,
- 240 distributor, or dispenser other than the person or persons who in fact
- 241 manufactured, distributed, or dispensed the substance which falsely purports to
- 242 be a controlled substance distributed by any other manufacturer, distributor, or
- 243 dispenser; and
- 244 (B) a reasonable person would believe to be a controlled substance distributed by
- 245 an authorized manufacturer, distributor, or dispenser based on the appearance
- 246 of the substance as described under Subsection ~~(i)(i)(i)(A)~~ (1)(k)(i)(A) or the
- 247 appearance of the container of that controlled substance; or
- 248 (ii) any substance other than under Subsection ~~(i)(i)(i)~~ (1)(k)(i) that:
- 249 (A) is falsely represented to be any legally or illegally manufactured controlled
- 250 substance; and
- 251 (B) a reasonable person would believe to be a legal or illegal controlled substance.
- 252 ~~(j)~~ (l) "Deliver" or "delivery" means the actual, constructive, or attempted transfer of a
- 253 controlled substance or a listed chemical, whether or not an agency relationship exists.
- 254 ~~(k)~~ (m) "Department" means the Department of Commerce.
- 255 ~~(i)~~ (n) "Depressant or stimulant substance" means:
- 256 (i) a drug which contains any quantity of barbituric acid or any of the salts of
- 257 barbituric acid;
- 258 (ii) a drug which contains any quantity of:
- 259 (A) amphetamine or any of its optical isomers;
- 260 (B) any salt of amphetamine or any salt of an optical isomer of amphetamine; or
- 261 (C) any substance which the Secretary of Health and Human Services or the
- 262 Attorney General of the United States after investigation has found and by
- 263 regulation designated habit-forming because of its stimulant effect on the
- 264 central nervous system;
- 265 (iii) lysergic acid diethylamide; or
- 266 (iv) any drug which contains any quantity of a substance which the Secretary of
- 267 Health and Human Services or the Attorney General of the United States after
- 268 investigation has found to have, and by regulation designated as having, a



269 potential for abuse because of its depressant or stimulant effect on the central  
270 nervous system or its hallucinogenic effect.

271 ~~(m)~~ (o) "Dispense" means the delivery of a controlled substance by a pharmacist to an  
272 ultimate user pursuant to the lawful order or prescription of a practitioner, and  
273 includes distributing to, leaving with, giving away, or disposing of that substance as  
274 well as the packaging, labeling, or compounding necessary to prepare the substance  
275 for delivery.

276 ~~(n)~~ (p) "Dispenser" means a pharmacist who dispenses a controlled substance.

277 ~~(o)~~ (q) "Distribute" means to deliver other than by administering or dispensing a  
278 controlled substance or a listed chemical.

279 ~~(p)~~ (r) "Distributor" means a person who distributes controlled substances.

280 ~~(q)~~ (s) "Division" means the Division of Professional Licensing created in Section  
281 58-1-103.

282 ~~(r)~~ (t)(i) "Drug" means:

283 (A) a substance recognized in the official United States Pharmacopoeia, Official  
284 Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States, or Official National  
285 Formulary, or any supplement to any of them, intended for use in the  
286 diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in humans or  
287 animals;

288 (B) a substance that is required by any applicable federal or state law or rule to be  
289 dispensed by prescription only or is restricted to administration by practitioners  
290 only;

291 (C) a substance other than food intended to affect the structure or any function of  
292 the body of humans or other animals; and

293 (D) substances intended for use as a component of any substance specified in  
294 Subsections ~~(1)(r)(i)(A)~~ (1)(t)(i)(A), (B), and (C).

295 (ii) "Drug" does not include dietary supplements.

296 ~~(s)~~ (u) "Drug dependent person" means any individual who unlawfully and habitually  
297 uses any controlled substance to endanger the public morals, health, safety, or  
298 welfare, or who is so dependent upon the use of controlled substances as to have lost  
299 the power of self-control with reference to the individual's dependency.

300 ~~(t)~~ (v) "Food" means:

301 (i) any nutrient or substance of plant, mineral, or animal origin other than a drug as  
302 specified in this chapter, and normally ingested by human beings; and

303 (ii) foods for special dietary uses as exist by reason of a physical, physiological,  
304 pathological, or other condition including but not limited to the conditions of  
305 disease, convalescence, pregnancy, lactation, allergy, hypersensitivity to food,  
306 underweight, and overweight; uses for supplying a particular dietary need which  
307 exist by reason of age including but not limited to the ages of infancy and  
308 childbirth, and also uses for supplementing and for fortifying the ordinary or  
309 unusual diet with any vitamin, mineral, or other dietary property for use of a food.  
310 Any particular use of a food is a special dietary use regardless of the nutritional  
311 purposes.

312 [~~(t)~~] (w) "Immediate precursor" means a substance which the Attorney General of the  
313 United States has found to be, and by regulation designated as being, the principal  
314 compound used or produced primarily for use in the manufacture of a controlled  
315 substance, or which is an immediate chemical intermediary used or likely to be used  
316 in the manufacture of a controlled substance, the control of which is necessary to  
317 prevent, curtail, or limit the manufacture of the controlled substance.

318 [~~(v)~~] (x) "Indian" means a member of an Indian tribe.

319 [~~(w)~~] (y) "Indian religion" means any religion:

320 (i) the origin and interpretation of which is from within a traditional Indian culture or  
321 community; and

322 (ii) which is practiced by Indians.

323 [~~(x)~~] (z) "Indian tribe" means any tribe, band, nation, pueblo, or other organized group or  
324 community of Indians, including any Alaska Native village, which is legally  
325 recognized as eligible for and is consistent with the special programs, services, and  
326 entitlements provided by the United States to Indians because of their status as  
327 Indians.

328 [~~(y)~~] (aa) "Manufacture" means the production, preparation, propagation, compounding,  
329 or processing of a controlled substance, either directly or indirectly by extraction  
330 from substances of natural origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis  
331 or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis.

332 [~~(z)~~] (bb) "Manufacturer" includes any person who packages, repackages, or labels any  
333 container of any controlled substance, except pharmacists who dispense or compound  
334 prescription orders for delivery to the ultimate consumer.

335 [~~(aa)~~] (cc)(i) "Marijuana" means all species of the genus cannabis and all parts of the  
336 genus, whether growing or not, including:

- 337 (A) seeds;
- 338 (B) resin extracted from any part of the plant, including the resin extracted from  
339 the mature stalks;
- 340 (C) every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the  
341 plant, seeds, or resin;
- 342 (D) any synthetic equivalents of the substances contained in the plant cannabis  
343 sativa or any other species of the genus cannabis which are chemically  
344 indistinguishable and pharmacologically active; and
- 345 (E) any component part or cannabinoid extracted or isolated from the plant,  
346 including extracted or isolated tetrahydrocannabinols.
- 347 (ii) "Marijuana" does not include:
- 348 (A) the mature stalks of the plant;
- 349 (B) fiber produced from the stalks;
- 350 (C) oil or cake made from the seeds of the plant;
- 351 (D) except as provided in Subsection ~~[(1)(aa)(i)]~~ (1)(cc)(i), any other compound,  
352 manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the mature stalks,  
353 fiber, oil or cake;
- 354 (E) the sterilized seed of the plant which is incapable of germination;
- 355 (F) any compound, mixture, or preparation approved by the federal Food and  
356 Drug Administration under the federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, 21  
357 U.S.C. Sec. 301 et seq. that is not listed in a schedule of controlled substances  
358 in Section 58-37-4 or in the federal Controlled Substances Act, Title II, P.L.  
359 91-513; or
- 360 (G) transportable industrial hemp concentrate as that term is defined in Section  
361 4-41-102.
- 362 ~~[(bb)]~~ (dd) "Money" means officially issued coin and currency of the United States or  
363 any foreign country.
- 364 ~~[(ee)]~~ (ee) "Narcotic drug" means any of the following, whether produced directly or  
365 indirectly by extraction from substances of vegetable origin, or independently by  
366 means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical  
367 synthesis:
- 368 (i) opium, coca leaves, and opiates;
- 369 (ii) a compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, or preparation of opium, coca leaves,  
370 or opiates;

- 371 (iii) opium poppy and poppy straw; or
- 372 (iv) a substance, and any compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, or preparation of
- 373 the substance, which is chemically identical with any of the substances referred to
- 374 in Subsection ~~[(1)(ee)(i)]~~ (1)(ee)(i), (ii), or (iii), except narcotic drug does not
- 375 include decocainized coca leaves or extracts of coca leaves which do not contain
- 376 cocaine or ecgonine.
- 377 ~~[(dd)]~~ (ff) "Negotiable instrument" means documents, containing an unconditional
- 378 promise to pay a sum of money, which are legally transferable to another party by
- 379 endorsement or delivery.
- 380 ~~[(ee)]~~ (gg) "Opiate" means any drug or other substance having an addiction-forming or
- 381 addiction-sustaining liability similar to morphine or being capable of conversion into
- 382 a drug having addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability.
- 383 ~~[(ff)]~~ (hh) "Opium poppy" means the plant of the species *papaver somniferum* L., except
- 384 the seeds of the plant.
- 385 ~~[(gg)]~~ (ii) "Person" means any corporation, association, partnership, trust, other
- 386 institution or entity or one or more individuals.
- 387 ~~[(hh)]~~ (jj) "Poppy straw" means all parts, except the seeds, of the opium poppy, after
- 388 mowing.
- 389 ~~[(ii)]~~ (kk) "Possession" or "use" means the joint or individual ownership, control,
- 390 occupancy, holding, retaining, belonging, maintaining, or the application, inhalation,
- 391 swallowing, injection, or consumption, as distinguished from distribution, of
- 392 controlled substances and includes individual, joint, or group possession or use of
- 393 controlled substances. For a person to be a possessor or user of a controlled
- 394 substance, it is not required that the person be shown to have individually possessed,
- 395 used, or controlled the substance, but it is sufficient if it is shown that the person
- 396 jointly participated with one or more persons in the use, possession, or control of any
- 397 substances with knowledge that the activity was occurring, or the controlled
- 398 substance is found in a place or under circumstances indicating that the person had
- 399 the ability and the intent to exercise dominion and control over it.
- 400 ~~[(jj)]~~ (ll) "Practitioner" means a physician, dentist, naturopathic physician, veterinarian,
- 401 pharmacist, scientific investigator, pharmacy, hospital, or other person ~~[licensed,~~
- 402 ~~registered, or otherwise permitted to distribute, dispense, conduct research with~~
- 403 ~~respect to, administer, or use in teaching or chemical analysis a controlled substance~~
- 404 ~~in the course of professional practice or research in this state]~~ with a controlled

405 substance certification.

406 [~~(kk)~~] (mm) "Prescribe" means to issue a prescription:

407 (i) orally or in writing; or

408 (ii) by telephone, facsimile transmission, computer, or other electronic means of  
409 communication as defined by division rule.

410 [~~(H)~~] (nn) "Prescription" means an order issued:

411 (i) by a [~~licensed~~] certified practitioner, in the course of that practitioner's professional  
412 practice or by collaborative pharmacy practice agreement; and

413 (ii) for a controlled substance or other prescription drug or device for use by a patient  
414 or an animal.

415 [~~(mm)~~] (oo) "Production" means the manufacture, planting, cultivation, growing, or  
416 harvesting of a controlled substance.

417 [~~(nn)~~] (pp) "Securities" means any stocks, bonds, notes, or other evidences of debt or of  
418 property.

419 [~~(oo)~~] "State" means the state of Utah.]

420 [~~(pp)~~] (qq) "Ultimate user" means any person who lawfully possesses a controlled  
421 substance for the person's own use, for the use of a member of the person's  
422 household, or for administration to an animal owned by the person or a member of  
423 the person's household.

424 (2) If a term used in this chapter is not defined, the definition and terms of Title 76, Utah  
425 Criminal Code, shall apply.

426 Section 4. Section **58-37-4** is amended to read:

427 **58-37-4 (Effective 07/01/25). Schedules of controlled substances -- Schedules I**  
428 **through V -- Findings required -- Specific substances included in schedules.**

429 (1) There are established five schedules of controlled substances known as Schedules I, II,  
430 III, IV, and V which consist of substances listed in this section.

431 (2) Schedules I, II, III, IV, and V consist of the following drugs or other substances by the  
432 official name, common or usual name, chemical name, or brand name designated:

433 (a) Schedule I:

434 (i) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any of the  
435 following opiates, including their isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts of  
436 isomers, esters, and ethers, when the existence of the isomers, esters, ethers, and  
437 salts is possible within the specific chemical designation:

438 (A) Acetyl-alpha-methylfentanyl

- 439 (N-[1-(1-methyl-2-phenethyl)-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylacetamide);
- 440 (B) Acetyl fentanyl: (N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylacetamide);
- 441 (C) Acetylmethadol;
- 442 (D) Acryl fentanyl (N-(1-Phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylacrylamide);
- 443 (E) Allylprodine;
- 444 (F) Alphacetylmethadol, except levo-alphacetylmethadol also known as
- 445 levo-alpha-acetylmethadol, levomethadyl acetate, or LAAM;
- 446 (G) Alphameprodine;
- 447 (H) Alphamethadol;
- 448 (I) Alpha-methylfentanyl (N-[1-(alpha-methyl-beta-phenyl)ethyl-4-piperidyl]
- 449 propionanilide; 1-(1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)-4-(N-propanilido) piperidine);
- 450 (J) Alpha-methylthiofentanyl (N-[1-methyl-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-
- 451 piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide);
- 452 (K) Benzylpiperazine;
- 453 (L) Benzethidine;
- 454 (M) Betacetylmethadol;
- 455 (N) Beta-hydroxyfentanyl (N-[1-(2-hydroxy-2-phenethyl)-4-
- 456 piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide);
- 457 (O) Beta-hydroxy-3-methylfentanyl, other name: N-[1-(2-hydroxy-2-
- 458 phenethyl)-3-methyl-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide;
- 459 (P) Betameprodine;
- 460 (Q) Betamethadol;
- 461 (R) Betaprodine;
- 462 (S) Butyryl fentanyl (N-(1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidinyl)-N-phenylbutyramide);
- 463 (T) Clonitazene;
- 464 (U) Cyclopropyl fentanyl
- 465 (N-(1-Phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenylcyclopropanecarboxamide);
- 466 (V) Dextromoramide;
- 467 (W) Diampromide;
- 468 (X) Diethylthiambutene;
- 469 (Y) Difenoxin;
- 470 (Z) Dimenoxadol;
- 471 (AA) Dimepheptanol;
- 472 (BB) Dimethylthiambutene;

- 473 (CC) Dioxaphetyl butyrate;
- 474 (DD) Dipipanone;
- 475 (EE) Ethylmethylthiambutene;
- 476 (FF) Etizolam
- 477 (1-Methyl-6-o-chlorophenyl-8-ethyl-4H-s-triazolo[3,4-c]thieno[2,3-e]1,4-diazepine);
- 478 (GG) Etonitazene;
- 479 (HH) Etoxeridine;
- 480 (II) Furanyl fentanyl (N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-phenylethyl)piperidin-4-yl]
- 481 furan-2-carboxamide);
- 482 (JJ) Furethidine;
- 483 (KK) Hydroxypethidine;
- 484 (LL) Ketobemidone;
- 485 (MM) Levomoramide;
- 486 (NN) Levophenacylmorphane;
- 487 (OO) Methoxyacetyl fentanyl
- 488 (2-Methoxy-N-(1-phenylethylpiperidinyl-4-yl)-N-acetamide);
- 489 (PP) Morpheridine;
- 490 (QQ) MPPP (1-methyl-4-phenyl-4-propionoxypiperidine);
- 491 (RR) Noracymethadol;
- 492 (SS) Norlevorphanol;
- 493 (TT) Normethadone;
- 494 (UU) Norpipanone;
- 495 (VV) Para-fluorofentanyl (N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-[1-(2-phenethyl)-4- piperidinyl]
- 496 propanamide);
- 497 (WW) Para-fluoroisobutyryl fentanyl
- 498 (N-(4-Fluorophenyl)-N-(1-phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)isobutyramide);
- 499 (XX) PEPAP (1-(2-phenethyl)-4-phenyl-4-acetoxypiperidine);
- 500 (YY) Phenadoxone;
- 501 (ZZ) Phenampromide;
- 502 (AAA) Phenomorphan;
- 503 (BBB) Phenoperidine;
- 504 (CCC) Piritramide;
- 505 (DDD) Proheptazine;
- 506 (EEE) Properidine;

- 507 (FFF) Propiram;
- 508 (GGG) Racemoramide;
- 509 (HHH) Tetrahydrofuran fentanyl
- 510 (N-(1-Phenethylpiperidin-4-yl)-N-phenyltetrahydrofuran-2-carboxamide);
- 511 (III) Thiofentanyl (N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidinyl]- propanamide;
- 512 (JJJ) Tilidine;
- 513 (KKK) Trimeperidine;
- 514 (LLL) 3-methylfentanyl, including the optical and geometric isomers
- 515 (N-[3-methyl-1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidyl]- N-phenylpropanamide);
- 516 (MMM) 3-methylthiofentanyl
- 517 (N-[(3-methyl-1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide);
- 518 (NNN) 3,4-dichloro-N-[2-(dimethylamino)cyclohexyl]-N-methylbenzamide also
- 519 known as U-47700; and
- 520 (OOO) 4-cyano CUMYL-BUTINACA.
- 521 (ii) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any of the
- 522 following opium derivatives, their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers when the
- 523 existence of the salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific
- 524 chemical designation:
- 525 (A) Acetorphine;
- 526 (B) Acetyldihydrocodeine;
- 527 (C) Benzylmorphine;
- 528 (D) Codeine methylbromide;
- 529 (E) Codeine-N-Oxide;
- 530 (F) Cyprenorphine;
- 531 (G) Desomorphine;
- 532 (H) Dihydromorphine;
- 533 (I) Drotebanol;
- 534 (J) Etorphine (except hydrochloride salt);
- 535 (K) Heroin;
- 536 (L) Hydromorphanol;
- 537 (M) Methyldesorphine;
- 538 (N) Methylhydromorphine;
- 539 (O) Morphine methylbromide;
- 540 (P) Morphine methylsulfonate;



- 541 (Q) Morphine-N-Oxide;
- 542 (R) Myrophine;
- 543 (S) Nicocodeine;
- 544 (T) Nicomorphine;
- 545 (U) Normorphine;
- 546 (V) Pholcodine; and
- 547 (W) Thebacon.
- 548 (iii) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material,
- 549 compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following
- 550 hallucinogenic substances, or which contains any of their salts, isomers, and salts
- 551 of isomers when the existence of the salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible
- 552 within the specific chemical designation; as used in this Subsection (2)(a)(iii)
- 553 only, "isomer" includes the optical, position, and geometric isomers:
- 554 (A) Alpha-ethyltryptamine, some trade or other names: etryptamine; Monase;  $\alpha$
- 555 -ethyl-1H-indole-3-ethanamine; 3-(2-aminobutyl) indole;  $\alpha$ -ET; and AET;
- 556 (B) 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxy-amphetamine, some trade or other names:
- 557 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxy- $\alpha$ -methylphenethylamine; 4-bromo-2,5-DMA;
- 558 (C) 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine, some trade or other names:
- 559 2-(4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-1-aminoethane; alpha-desmethyl DOB;
- 560 2C-B, Nexus;
- 561 (D) 2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine, some trade or other names: 2,5-dimethoxy- $\alpha$
- 562 -methylphenethylamine; 2,5-DMA;
- 563 (E) 2,5-dimethoxy-4-ethylamphetamine, some trade or other names: DOET;
- 564 (F) 4-methoxyamphetamine, some trade or other names: 4-methoxy- $\alpha$
- 565 -methylphenethylamine; paramethoxyamphetamine, PMA;
- 566 (G) 5-methoxy-3,4-methylenedioxyamphetamine;
- 567 (H) 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxy-amphetamine, some trade and other names:
- 568 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxy- $\alpha$ -methylphenethylamine; "DOM"; and "STP";
- 569 (I) 3,4-methylenedioxy amphetamine;
- 570 (J) 3,4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine (MDMA);
- 571 (K) 3,4-methylenedioxy-N-ethylamphetamine, also known as N-ethyl-
- 572 alpha-methyl-3,4(methylenedioxy)phenethylamine, N-ethyl MDA, MDE,
- 573 MDEA;
- 574 (L) N-hydroxy-3,4-methylenedioxyamphetamine, also known as

- 575 N-hydroxy-alpha-methyl-3,4(methylenedioxy)phenethylamine, and N-hydroxy  
 576 MDA;
- 577 (M) 3,4,5-trimethoxy amphetamine;
- 578 (N) Bufotenine, some trade and other names: 3-(β  
 579 -Dimethylaminoethyl)-5-hydroxyindole; 3-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)-5-indolol;  
 580 N, N-dimethylserotonin; 5-hydroxy-N,N-dimethyltryptamine; mappine;
- 581 (O) Diethyltryptamine, some trade and other names: N,N-Diethyltryptamine; DET;
- 582 (P) Dimethyltryptamine, some trade or other names: DMT;
- 583 (Q) Ibogaine, some trade and other names: 7-Ethyl-6,6β  
 584 ,7,8,9,10,12,13-octahydro-2-methoxy-6,9-methano-5H-pyrido [1', 2':1,2]  
 585 azepino [5,4-b] indole; Tabernanthe iboga;
- 586 (R) Lysergic acid diethylamide;
- 587 (S) Marijuana;
- 588 (T) Mescaline;
- 589 (U) Parahexyl, some trade or other names:  
 590 3-Hexyl-1-hydroxy-7,8,9,10-tetrahydro-6,6,9-trimethyl-6H-dibenzo[b,d]pyran;  
 591 Synhexyl;
- 592 (V) Peyote, meaning all parts of the plant presently classified botanically as  
 593 *Lophophora williamsii* Lemaire, whether growing or not, the seeds thereof, any  
 594 extract from any part of such plant, and every compound, manufacture, salts,  
 595 derivative, mixture, or preparation of such plant, its seeds or extracts  
 596 (Interprets 21 USC 812(c), Schedule I(c) (12));
- 597 (W) N-ethyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;
- 598 (X) N-methyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;
- 599 (Y) Psilocybin;
- 600 (Z) Psilocyn;
- 601 (AA) Tetrahydrocannabinols, naturally contained in a plant of the genus *Cannabis*  
 602 (*cannabis* plant), except for marijuana as defined in Subsection [58-37-2  
 603 (1)(aa)(i)(E)] 58-37-2(1)(cc)(i)(E), as well as synthetic equivalents of the  
 604 substances contained in the *cannabis* plant, or in the resinous extractives of  
 605 *Cannabis*, sp. and/or synthetic substances, derivatives, and their isomers with  
 606 similar chemical structure and pharmacological activity to those substances  
 607 contained in the plant, such as the following: Δ1 cis or trans  
 608 tetrahydrocannabinol, and their optical isomers Δ6 cis or trans

- 609 tetrahydrocannabinol, and their optical isomers  $\Delta$ 3,4 cis or trans  
610 tetrahydrocannabinol, and its optical isomers, and since nomenclature of these  
611 substances is not internationally standardized, compounds of these structures,  
612 regardless of numerical designation of atomic positions covered;
- 613 (BB) Ethylamine analog of phencyclidine, some trade or other names:  
614 N-ethyl-1-phenylcyclohexylamine, (1-phenylcyclohexyl)ethylamine,  
615 N-(1-phenylcyclohexyl)ethylamine, cyclohexamine, PCE;
- 616 (CC) Pyrrolidine analog of phencyclidine, some trade or other names:  
617 1-(1-phenylcyclohexyl)-pyrrolidine, PCPy, PHP;
- 618 (DD) Thiophene analog of phencyclidine, some trade or other names:  
619 1-[1-(2-thienyl)-cyclohexyl]-piperidine, 2-thienylanalog of phencyclidine,  
620 TPCP, TCP; and
- 621 (EE) 1-[1-(2-thienyl)cyclohexyl]pyrrolidine, some other names: TCPy.
- 622 (iv) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material  
623 compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following  
624 substances having a depressant effect on the central nervous system, including its  
625 salts, isomers, and salts of isomers when the existence of the salts, isomers, and  
626 salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:
- 627 (A) Mecloqualone; and  
628 (B) Methaqualone.
- 629 (v) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing any quantity of the  
630 following substances having a stimulant effect on the central nervous system,  
631 including their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers:
- 632 (A) Aminorex, some other names: aminoxaphen; 2-amino-5-phenyl-2-oxazoline;  
633 or 4,5-dihydro-5-phenyl-2-oxazolamine;
- 634 (B) Cathinone, some trade or other names: 2-amino-1-phenyl-1-propanone,  
635 alpha-aminopropiophenone, 2-aminopropiophenone, and norephedrone;
- 636 (C) Fenethylamine;
- 637 (D) Methcathinone, some other names: 2-(methylamino)-propiophenone;  
638 alpha-(methylamino)propiophenone; 2-(methylamino)-1-phenylpropan-1-one;  
639 alpha-N-methylaminopropiophenone; monomethylpropion; ephedrone;  
640 N-methylcathinone; methylcathinone; AL-464; AL-422; AL-463 and UR1432,  
641 its salts, optical isomers, and salts of optical isomers;
- 642 (E) ( $\pm$ )cis-4-methylaminorex (( $\pm$ )cis-4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-5-phenyl-2-oxazolamine);

- 643 (F) N-ethylamphetamine; and  
644 (G) N,N-dimethylamphetamine, also known as  
645 N,N-alpha-trimethyl-benzeneethanamine; N,N-alpha-trimethylphenethylamine.
- 646 (vi) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of  
647 the following substances, including their optical isomers, salts, and salts of  
648 isomers, subject to temporary emergency scheduling:  
649 (A) N-[1-benzyl-4-piperidyl]-N-phenylpropanamide (benzylfentanyl); and  
650 (B) N-[1-(2-thienyl)methyl-4-piperidyl]-N-phenylpropanamide (thenylfentanyl).
- 651 (vii) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material,  
652 compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of gamma  
653 hydroxy butyrate (gamma hydrobutyric acid), including its salts, isomers, and  
654 salts of isomers.
- 655 (b) Schedule II:
- 656 (i) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any of the  
657 following substances whether produced directly or indirectly by extraction from  
658 substances of vegetable origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis,  
659 or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis:  
660 (A) Opium and opiate, and any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of  
661 opium or opiate, excluding apomorphine, dextrorphan, nalbuphine, nalmefene,  
662 naloxone, and naltrexone, and their respective salts, but including:  
663 (I) Raw opium;  
664 (II) Opium extracts;  
665 (III) Opium fluid;  
666 (IV) Powdered opium;  
667 (V) Granulated opium;  
668 (VI) Tincture of opium;  
669 (VII) Codeine;  
670 (VIII) Ethylmorphine;  
671 (IX) Etorphine hydrochloride;  
672 (X) Hydrocodone;  
673 (XI) Hydromorphone;  
674 (XII) Metopon;  
675 (XIII) Morphine;  
676 (XIV) Oxycodone;

- 677 (XV) Oxymorphone; and  
678 (XVI) Thebaine;
- 679 (B) Any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation which is chemically equivalent  
680 or identical with any of the substances referred to in Subsection (2)(b)(i)(A),  
681 except that these substances may not include the isoquinoline alkaloids of  
682 opium;
- 683 (C) Opium poppy and poppy straw;
- 684 (D) Coca leaves and any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of coca leaves,  
685 and any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation which is chemically  
686 equivalent or identical with any of these substances, and includes cocaine and  
687 ecgonine, their salts, isomers, derivatives, and salts of isomers and derivatives,  
688 whether derived from the coca plant or synthetically produced, except the  
689 substances may not include decocainized coca leaves or extraction of coca  
690 leaves, which extractions do not contain cocaine or ecgonine; and
- 691 (E) Concentrate of poppy straw, which means the crude extract of poppy straw in  
692 either liquid, solid, or powder form which contains the phenanthrene alkaloids  
693 of the opium poppy.
- 694 (ii) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any of the  
695 following opiates, including their isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts of  
696 isomers, esters, and ethers, when the existence of the isomers, esters, ethers, and  
697 salts is possible within the specific chemical designation, except dextrorphan and  
698 levopropoxyphene:
- 699 (A) Alfentanil;  
700 (B) Alphaprodine;  
701 (C) Anileridine;  
702 (D) Bezitramide;  
703 (E) Bulk dextropropoxyphene (nondosage forms);  
704 (F) Carfentanil;  
705 (G) Dihydrocodeine;  
706 (H) Diphenoxylate;  
707 (I) Fentanyl;  
708 (J) Isomethadone;  
709 (K) Levo-alpha-acetylmethadol, some other names: levo-alpha-acetylmethadol,  
710 levomethadyl acetate, or LAAM;

- 711 (L) Levomethorphan;  
712 (M) Levorphanol;  
713 (N) Metazocine;  
714 (O) Methadone;  
715 (P) Methadone-Intermediate, 4-cyano-2-dimethylamino-4, 4-diphenyl butane;  
716 (Q) Moramide-Intermediate, 2-methyl-3-morpholino-1,  
717 1-diphenylpropane-carboxylic acid;  
718 (R) Pethidine (meperidine);  
719 (S) Pethidine-Intermediate-A, 4-cyano-1-methyl-4-phenylpiperidine;  
720 (T) Pethidine-Intermediate-B, ethyl-4-phenylpiperidine-4-carboxylate;  
721 (U) Pethidine-Intermediate-C, 1-methyl-4-phenylpiperidine-4-carboxylic acid;  
722 (V) Phenazocine;  
723 (W) Piminodine;  
724 (X) Racemethorphan;  
725 (Y) Racemorphan;  
726 (Z) Remifentanyl; and  
727 (AA) Sufentanyl.
- 728 (iii) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material,  
729 compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following  
730 substances having a stimulant effect on the central nervous system:  
731 (A) Amphetamine, its salts, optical isomers, and salts of its optical isomers;  
732 (B) Methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, and salts of its isomers;  
733 (C) Phenmetrazine and its salts; and  
734 (D) Methylphenidate.
- 735 (iv) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material,  
736 compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following  
737 substances having a depressant effect on the central nervous system, including its  
738 salts, isomers, and salts of isomers when the existence of the salts, isomers, and  
739 salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:  
740 (A) Amobarbital;  
741 (B) Glutethimide;  
742 (C) Pentobarbital;  
743 (D) Phencyclidine;  
744 (E) Phencyclidine immediate precursors: 1-phenylcyclohexylamine and

- 745 1-piperidinocyclohexanecarbonitrile (PCC); and  
746 (F) Secobarbital.
- 747 (v)(A) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any  
748 material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of  
749 Phenylacetone.
- 750 (B) Some of these substances may be known by trade or other names:  
751 phenyl-2-propanone; P2P; benzyl methyl ketone; and methyl benzyl ketone.
- 752 (vi) Nabilone, another name for nabilone: ( $\pm$   
753 )-trans-3-(1,1-dimethylheptyl)-6,6a,7,8,10,10a-hexahydro-1-hydroxy-6,  
754 6-dimethyl-9H-dibenzo[b,d]pyran-9-one.
- 755 (vii) A drug product or preparation that contains any component of marijuana,  
756 including tetrahydrocannabinol, and is approved by the United States Food and  
757 Drug Administration and scheduled by the federal Drug Enforcement  
758 Administration in Schedule II of the federal Controlled Substances Act, Title II,  
759 P.L. 91-513.
- 760 (c) Schedule III:
- 761 (i) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material,  
762 compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following  
763 substances having a stimulant effect on the central nervous system, including its  
764 salts, isomers whether optical, position, or geometric, and salts of the isomers  
765 when the existence of the salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the  
766 specific chemical designation:
- 767 (A) Those compounds, mixtures, or preparations in dosage unit form containing  
768 any stimulant substances listed in Schedule II, which compounds, mixtures, or  
769 preparations were listed on August 25, 1971, as excepted compounds under  
770 Section 1308.32 of Title 21 of the Code of Federal Regulations, and any other  
771 drug of the quantitative composition shown in that list for those drugs or which  
772 is the same except that it contains a lesser quantity of controlled substances;
- 773 (B) Benzphetamine;  
774 (C) Chlorphentermine;  
775 (D) Clortermine; and  
776 (E) Phendimetrazine.
- 777 (ii) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material,  
778 compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following

- 779 substances having a depressant effect on the central nervous system:
- 780 (A) Any compound, mixture, or preparation containing amobarbital, secobarbital,  
781 pentobarbital, or any salt of any of them, and one or more other active  
782 medicinal ingredients which are not listed in any schedule;
- 783 (B) Any suppository dosage form containing amobarbital, secobarbital, or  
784 pentobarbital, or any salt of any of these drugs which is approved by the United  
785 States Food and Drug Administration for marketing only as a suppository;
- 786 (C) Any substance which contains any quantity of a derivative of barbituric acid  
787 or any salt of any of them;
- 788 (D) Chlorhexadol;
- 789 (E) Buprenorphine;
- 790 (F) Any drug product containing gamma hydroxybutyric acid, including its salts,  
791 isomers, and salts of isomers, for which an application is approved under the  
792 federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, Section 505;
- 793 (G) Ketamine, its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers, some other names for  
794 ketamine:  $\pm$  -2-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-(methylamino)-cyclohexanone;
- 795 (H) Lysergic acid;
- 796 (I) Lysergic acid amide;
- 797 (J) Methyprylon;
- 798 (K) Sulfondiethylmethane;
- 799 (L) Sulfonethylmethane;
- 800 (M) Sulfonmethane; and
- 801 (N) Tiletamine and zolazepam or any of their salts, some trade or other names for  
802 a tiletamine-zolazepam combination product: Telazol, some trade or other  
803 names for tiletamine: 2-(ethylamino)-2-(2-thienyl)-cyclohexanone, some trade  
804 or other names for zolazepam:  
805 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6,8-dihydro-1,3,8-trimethylpyrazolo-[3,4-e]  
806 [1,4]-diazepin-7(1H)-one, flupyrazapon.
- 807 (iii) Dronabinol (synthetic) in sesame oil and encapsulated in a soft gelatin capsule in  
808 a U.S. Food and Drug Administration approved drug product, some other names  
809 for dronabinol:  
810 (6aR-trans)-6a,7,8,10a-tetrahydro-6,6,9-trimethyl-3-pentyl-6H-dibenzo[b,d]pyran-1-ol,  
811 or (-)-delta-9-(trans)-tetrahydrocannabinol.
- 812 (iv) Nalorphine.



- 813 (v) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material,  
814 compound, mixture, or preparation containing limited quantities of any of the  
815 following narcotic drugs, or their salts calculated as the free anhydrous base or  
816 alkaloid:
- 817 (A) Not more than 1.8 grams of codeine per 100 milliliters or not more than 90  
818 milligrams per dosage unit, with an equal or greater quantity of an isoquinoline  
819 alkaloid of opium;
- 820 (B) Not more than 1.8 grams of codeine per 100 milliliters or not more than 90  
821 milligrams per dosage unit, with one or more active non-narcotic ingredients in  
822 recognized therapeutic amounts;
- 823 (C) Not more than 300 milligrams of dihydrocodeinone per 100 milliliters or not  
824 more than 15 milligrams per dosage unit, with a fourfold or greater quantity of  
825 an isoquinoline alkaloid of opium;
- 826 (D) Not more than 300 milligrams of dihydrocodeinone per 100 milliliters or not  
827 more than 15 milligrams per dosage unit, with one or more active, non-narcotic  
828 ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts;
- 829 (E) Not more than 1.8 grams of dihydrocodeine per 100 milliliters or not more  
830 than 90 milligrams per dosage unit, with one or more active non-narcotic  
831 ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts;
- 832 (F) Not more than 300 milligrams of ethylmorphine per 100 milliliters or not more  
833 than 15 milligrams per dosage unit, with one or more active, non-narcotic  
834 ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts;
- 835 (G) Not more than 500 milligrams of opium per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams,  
836 or not more than 25 milligrams per dosage unit, with one or more active,  
837 non-narcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts; and
- 838 (H) Not more than 50 milligrams of morphine per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams  
839 with one or more active, non-narcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic  
840 amounts.
- 841 (vi) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, anabolic  
842 steroids including any of the following or any isomer, ester, salt, or derivative of  
843 the following that promotes muscle growth:
- 844 (A) Boldenone;
- 845 (B) Chlorotestosterone (4-chlortestosterone);
- 846 (C) Clostebol;

- 847 (D) Dehydrochlormethyltestosterone;  
848 (E) Dihydrotestosterone (4-dihydrotestosterone);  
849 (F) Drostanolone;  
850 (G) Ethylestrenol;  
851 (H) Fluoxymesterone;  
852 (I) Formebolone (formebolone);  
853 (J) Mesterolone;  
854 (K) Methandienone;  
855 (L) Methandranone;  
856 (M) Methandriol;  
857 (N) Methandrostenolone;  
858 (O) Methenolone;  
859 (P) Methyltestosterone;  
860 (Q) Mibolerone;  
861 (R) Nandrolone;  
862 (S) Norethandrolone;  
863 (T) Oxandrolone;  
864 (U) Oxymesterone;  
865 (V) Oxymetholone;  
866 (W) Stanolone;  
867 (X) Stanozolol;  
868 (Y) Testolactone;  
869 (Z) Testosterone; and  
870 (AA) Trenbolone.
- 871 (vii) Anabolic steroids expressly intended for administration through implants to  
872 cattle or other nonhuman species, and approved by the Secretary of Health and  
873 Human Services for use, may not be classified as a controlled substance.
- 874 (viii) A drug product or preparation that contains any component of marijuana,  
875 including tetrahydrocannabinol, and is approved by the United States Food and  
876 Drug Administration and scheduled by the federal Drug Enforcement  
877 Administration in Schedule III of the federal Controlled Substances Act, Title II,  
878 P.L. 91-513.
- 879 (ix) Nabiximols.
- 880 (d) Schedule IV:

- 881 (i) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material,  
882 compound, mixture, or preparation containing not more than 1 milligram of  
883 difenoxin and not less than 25 micrograms of atropine sulfate per dosage unit, or  
884 any salts of any of them.
- 885 (ii) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material,  
886 compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following  
887 substances, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers when the existence of  
888 the salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical  
889 designation:
- 890 (A) Alprazolam;
  - 891 (B) Barbital;
  - 892 (C) Bromazepam;
  - 893 (D) Butorphanol;
  - 894 (E) Camazepam;
  - 895 (F) Carisoprodol;
  - 896 (G) Chloral betaine;
  - 897 (H) Chloral hydrate;
  - 898 (I) Chlordiazepoxide;
  - 899 (J) Clobazam;
  - 900 (K) Clonazepam;
  - 901 (L) Clorazepate;
  - 902 (M) Clotiazepam;
  - 903 (N) Cloxazolam;
  - 904 (O) Delorazepam;
  - 905 (P) Diazepam;
  - 906 (Q) Dichloralphenazone;
  - 907 (R) Estazolam;
  - 908 (S) Ethchlorvynol;
  - 909 (T) Ethinamate;
  - 910 (U) Ethyl loflazepate;
  - 911 (V) Fludiazepam;
  - 912 (W) Flunitrazepam;
  - 913 (X) Flurazepam;
  - 914 (Y) Halazepam;

- 915 (Z) Haloxazolam;  
916 (AA) Ketazolam;  
917 (BB) Loprazolam;  
918 (CC) Lorazepam;  
919 (DD) Lormetazepam;  
920 (EE) Mebutamate;  
921 (FF) Medazepam;  
922 (GG) Meprobamate;  
923 (HH) Methohexital;  
924 (II) Methylphenobarbital (mephobarbital);  
925 (JJ) Midazolam;  
926 (KK) Nimetazepam;  
927 (LL) Nitrazepam;  
928 (MM) Nordiazepam;  
929 (NN) Oxazepam;  
930 (OO) Oxazolam;  
931 (PP) Paraldehyde;  
932 (QQ) Pentazocine;  
933 (RR) Petrichloral;  
934 (SS) Phenobarbital;  
935 (TT) Pinazepam;  
936 (UU) Prazepam;  
937 (VV) Quazepam;  
938 (WW) Temazepam;  
939 (XX) Tetrazepam;  
940 (YY) Tramadol;  
941 (ZZ) Triazolam;  
942 (AAA) Zaleplon; and  
943 (BBB) Zolpidem.
- 944 (iii) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation of fenfluramine which contains  
945 any quantity of the following substances, including its salts, isomers whether  
946 optical, position, or geometric, and salts of the isomers when the existence of the  
947 salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible.
- 948 (iv) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material,

949 compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following  
950 substances having a stimulant effect on the central nervous system, including its  
951 salts, isomers whether optical, position, or geometric isomers, and salts of the  
952 isomers when the existence of the salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible  
953 within the specific chemical designation:

954 (A) Cathine ((+)-norpseudoephedrine);

955 (B) Diethylpropion;

956 (C) Fencamfamine;

957 (D) Fenproporex;

958 (E) Mazindol;

959 (F) Mefenorex;

960 (G) Modafinil;

961 (H) Pemoline, including organometallic complexes and chelates thereof;

962 (I) Phentermine;

963 (J) Pipradrol;

964 (K) Sibutramine; and

965 (L) SPA ((-)-1-dimethylamino-1,2-diphenylethane).

966 (v) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material,  
967 compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of  
968 dextropropoxyphene (alpha-(+)-4-dimethylamino-1,  
969 2-diphenyl-3-methyl-2-propionoxybutane), including its salts.

970 (vi) A drug product or preparation that contains any component of marijuana and is  
971 approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration and scheduled by  
972 the federal Drug Enforcement Administration in Schedule IV of the federal  
973 Controlled Substances Act, Title II, P.L. 91-513.

974 (e) Schedule V:

975 (i) Any compound, mixture, or preparation containing any of the following limited  
976 quantities of narcotic drugs, or their salts calculated as the free anhydrous base or  
977 alkaloid, which includes one or more non-narcotic active medicinal ingredients in  
978 sufficient proportion to confer upon the compound, mixture, or preparation  
979 valuable medicinal qualities other than those possessed by the narcotic drug alone:

980 (A) not more than 200 milligrams of codeine per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams;

981 (B) not more than 100 milligrams of dihydrocodeine per 100 milliliters or per 100  
982 grams;

- 983 (C) not more than 100 milligrams of ethylmorphine per 100 milliliters or per 100  
 984 grams;
- 985 (D) not more than 2.5 milligrams of diphenoxylate and not less than 25  
 986 micrograms of atropine sulfate per dosage unit;
- 987 (E) not more than 100 milligrams of opium per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams;
- 988 (F) not more than 0.5 milligram of difenoxin and not less than 25 micrograms of  
 989 atropine sulfate per dosage unit; and
- 990 (G) unless specifically exempted or excluded or unless listed in another schedule,  
 991 any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains Pyrovalerone  
 992 having a stimulant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts,  
 993 isomers, and salts of isomers.
- 994 (ii) A drug product or preparation that contains any component of marijuana,  
 995 including cannabidiol, and is approved by the United States Food and Drug  
 996 Administration and scheduled by the federal Drug Enforcement Administration in  
 997 Schedule V of the federal Controlled Substances Act, Title II, P.L. 91-513.
- 998 (iii) Gabapentin.

999 Section 5. Section **58-37-5.5** is amended to read:

1000 **58-37-5.5 (Effective 07/01/25). Recognized controlled substance analogs.**

- 1001 (1) A substance listed under Subsection (2) is an analog, as defined in Subsection [  
 1002 ~~58-37-2(1)(g)~~] 58-37-2(1)(h), if the substance, in any quantity, and in any material,  
 1003 compound, mixture, or preparation, is present in:
- 1004 (a) any product manufactured, distributed, or possessed for the purpose of human  
 1005 consumption; or
- 1006 (b) any product, the use or administration of which results in human consumption.
- 1007 (2) Substances referred to in Subsection (1) include, but are not limited to:
- 1008 (a) gamma butyrolactone (GBL);
- 1009 (b) butyrolactone;
- 1010 (c) 1,2 butanolide;
- 1011 (d) 2-oxanolone;
- 1012 (e) tetrahydro-2-furanone;
- 1013 (f) dihydro-2 (3H)-furanone;
- 1014 (g) tetramethylene glycol;
- 1015 (h) 1,4 butanediol; and
- 1016 (i) gamma valerolactone.

1017 Section 6. Section **58-37-6** is amended to read:

1018 **58-37-6 (Effective 07/01/25). Certified practitioners -- Records required --**

1019 **Prescriptions.**

1020 (1)[(a) The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking  
1021 Act, the division may adopt rules [relating to the licensing and control of the  
1022 manufacture] to control the manufacturing, distribution, production, prescription,  
1023 administration, dispensing, conducting of research with, and performing of laboratory  
1024 analysis upon controlled substances within this state.

1025 [~~(b) The division may assess reasonable fees to defray the cost of issuing original and~~  
1026 ~~renewal licenses under this chapter pursuant to Section 63J-1-504.]~~

1027 [(2)(a)(i) Every person who manufactures, produces, distributes, prescribes,  
1028 dispenses, administers, conducts research with, or performs laboratory analysis  
1029 upon any controlled substance in Schedules I through V within this state, or who  
1030 proposes to engage in manufacturing, producing, distributing, prescribing,  
1031 dispensing, administering, conducting research with, or performing laboratory  
1032 analysis upon controlled substances included in Schedules I through V within this  
1033 state shall obtain a license issued by the division.]

1034 [(ii) The division shall issue each license under this chapter in accordance with a  
1035 two-year renewal cycle established by rule. The division may by rule extend or  
1036 shorten a renewal period by as much as one year to stagger the renewal cycles it  
1037 administers.]

1038 [(b) Persons licensed to manufacture, produce, distribute, prescribe, dispense,  
1039 administer, conduct research with, or perform laboratory analysis upon controlled  
1040 substances in Schedules I through V within this state may possess, manufacture,  
1041 produce, distribute, prescribe, dispense, administer, conduct research with, or  
1042 perform laboratory analysis upon those substances to the extent authorized by their  
1043 license and in conformity with this chapter.]

1044 [(e) The following persons are not required to obtain a license and may lawfully possess  
1045 controlled substances included in Schedules II through V under this section:]

1046 [(i) an agent or employee, except a sales representative, of any registered  
1047 manufacturer, distributor, or dispenser of any controlled substance, if the agent or  
1048 employee is acting in the usual course of the agent or employee's business or  
1049 employment; however, nothing in this subsection shall be interpreted to permit an  
1050 agent, employee, sales representative, or detail man to maintain an inventory of

1051 ~~controlled substances separate from the location of the person's employer's~~  
1052 ~~registered and licensed place of business;]~~

1053 ~~[(ii) a motor carrier or warehouseman, or an employee of a motor carrier or~~  
1054 ~~warehouseman, who possesses a controlled substance in the usual course of the~~  
1055 ~~person's business or employment; and]~~

1056 ~~[(iii) an ultimate user, or a person who possesses any controlled substance pursuant to~~  
1057 ~~a lawful order of a practitioner.]~~

1058 ~~[(d) The division may enact rules waiving the license requirement for certain~~  
1059 ~~manufacturers, producers, distributors, prescribers, dispensers, administrators,~~  
1060 ~~research practitioners, or laboratories performing analysis if waiving the license~~  
1061 ~~requirement is consistent with public health and safety.]~~

1062 ~~[(e) A separate license is required at each principal place of business or professional~~  
1063 ~~practice where the applicant manufactures, produces, distributes, dispenses, conducts~~  
1064 ~~research with, or performs laboratory analysis upon controlled substances.]~~

1065 ~~[(f) The division may enact rules providing for the inspection of a licensee or applicant's~~  
1066 ~~establishment, and may inspect the establishment according to those rules.]~~

1067 ~~[(3)(a)(i) Upon proper application, the division shall license a qualified applicant to~~  
1068 ~~manufacture, produce, distribute, conduct research with, or perform laboratory~~  
1069 ~~analysis upon controlled substances included in Schedules I through V, unless it~~  
1070 ~~determines that issuance of a license is inconsistent with the public interest.]~~

1071 ~~[(ii) The division may not issue a license to any person to prescribe, dispense, or~~  
1072 ~~administer a Schedule I controlled substance except under Subsection (3)(a)(i).]~~

1073 ~~[(iii) In determining public interest under this Subsection (3)(a), the division shall~~  
1074 ~~consider whether the applicant has:]~~

1075 ~~[(A) maintained effective controls against diversion of controlled substances and~~  
1076 ~~any Schedule I or II substance compounded from any controlled substance into~~  
1077 ~~channels other than legitimate medical, scientific, or industrial channels;]~~

1078 ~~[(B) complied with applicable state and local law;]~~

1079 ~~[(C) been convicted under federal or state laws relating to the manufacture,~~  
1080 ~~distribution, or dispensing of substances;]~~

1081 ~~[(D) past experience in the manufacture of controlled dangerous substances;]~~

1082 ~~[(E) established effective controls against diversion; and]~~

1083 ~~[(F) complied with any other factors that the division establishes that promote the~~  
1084 ~~public health and safety.]~~



- 1085       ~~[(b) Licenses granted under Subsection (3)(a) do not entitle a licensee to manufacture,~~  
1086           ~~produce, distribute, conduct research with, or perform laboratory analysis upon~~  
1087           ~~controlled substances in Schedule I other than those specified in the license.]~~
- 1088       ~~[(c)(i) Practitioners shall be licensed to administer, dispense, or conduct research~~  
1089           ~~with substances in Schedules II through V if they are authorized to administer,~~  
1090           ~~dispense, or conduct research under the laws of this state.]~~
- 1091       ~~[(ii) The division need not require a separate license for practitioners engaging in~~  
1092           ~~research with nonnarcotic controlled substances in Schedules II through V where~~  
1093           ~~the licensee is already licensed under this chapter in another capacity.]~~
- 1094       ~~[(iii) With respect to research involving narcotic substances in Schedules II through~~  
1095           ~~V, or where the division by rule requires a separate license for research of~~  
1096           ~~nonnarcotic substances in Schedules II through V, a practitioner shall apply to the~~  
1097           ~~division prior to conducting research.]~~
- 1098       ~~[(iv) Licensing for purposes of bona fide research with controlled substances by a~~  
1099           ~~practitioner considered qualified may be denied only on a ground specified in~~  
1100           ~~Subsection (4), or upon evidence that the applicant will abuse or unlawfully~~  
1101           ~~transfer or fail to safeguard adequately the practitioner's supply of substances~~  
1102           ~~against diversion from medical or scientific use.]~~
- 1103       ~~[(v) Practitioners registered under federal law to conduct research in Schedule I~~  
1104           ~~substances may conduct research in Schedule I substances within this state upon~~  
1105           ~~providing the division with evidence of federal registration.]~~
- 1106       ~~[(d) Compliance by manufacturers, producers, and distributors with the provisions of~~  
1107           ~~federal law respecting registration, excluding fees, entitles them to be licensed under~~  
1108           ~~this chapter.]~~
- 1109       ~~[(e) The division shall initially license those persons who own or operate an~~  
1110           ~~establishment engaged in the manufacture, production, distribution, dispensation, or~~  
1111           ~~administration of controlled substances prior to April 3, 1980, and who are licensed~~  
1112           ~~by the state.]~~
- 1113       ~~[(4)] (2)(a) [Any license issued pursuant to Subsection (2) or (3) may be denied,~~  
1114           ~~suspended, placed on probation, or revoked by the division] The division or an~~  
1115           ~~applicable professional licensing board may limit, suspend, place on probation, or~~  
1116           ~~revoke a practitioner's controlled substance certification upon finding that the [  
1117           ~~applicant or licensee] practitioner has:~~~~
- 1118           (i) materially falsified any application filed or required pursuant to this chapter;

- 1119 (ii) been convicted of an offense under this chapter or any law of the United States, or  
1120 any state, relating to any substance defined as a controlled substance;
- 1121 (iii) been convicted of a felony under any other law of the United States or any state  
1122 within five years of the date of the ~~[issuance of the license]~~ division's action;
- 1123 (iv) had a federal registration or license denied, suspended, or revoked by competent  
1124 federal authority and is no longer authorized to manufacture, distribute, prescribe,  
1125 or dispense controlled substances;
- 1126 (v) had the ~~[licensee's]~~ practitioner's license suspended, placed on probation, or  
1127 revoked by competent authority of another state for violation of laws or  
1128 regulations comparable to those of this state relating to the manufacture,  
1129 distribution, or dispensing of controlled substances;
- 1130 (vi) violated any division rule that reflects adversely on the ~~[licensee's]~~ practitioner's  
1131 reliability and integrity with respect to controlled substances;
- 1132 (vii) refused inspection of records required to be maintained under this chapter by a  
1133 person authorized to inspect them; or
- 1134 (viii) prescribed, dispensed, administered, or injected an anabolic steroid for the  
1135 purpose of manipulating human hormonal structure so as to:
- 1136 (A) increase muscle mass, strength, or weight without medical necessity and  
1137 without a written prescription by any practitioner in the course of the  
1138 practitioner's professional practice; or
- 1139 (B) improve performance in any form of human exercise, sport, or game.
- 1140 (b) If the division or a professional licensing board limits, suspends, places on probation,  
1141 or revokes a practitioner's controlled substance certification, the division shall enter  
1142 that action in the controlled substance database created in Section 58-37f-201 and  
1143 notify the federal Drug Enforcement Administration of that action.
- 1144 (c) If a practitioner distributes, dispenses, or administers a controlled substance without  
1145 a controlled substance certification or in violation of a limitation, suspension, or  
1146 probation under Subsection (2)(b), the division or the applicable professional  
1147 licensing board may suspend, restrict, place on probation, or otherwise act upon the  
1148 practitioner's professional license.
- 1149 ~~[(b) The division may limit revocation or suspension of a license to a particular~~  
1150 ~~controlled substance with respect to which grounds for revocation or suspension exist.]~~
- 1151 ~~[(c)(i) Proceedings to deny, revoke, or suspend a license shall be conducted pursuant~~  
1152 ~~to this section and in accordance with the procedures set forth in Title 58, Chapter~~

- 1153 1, Division of Professional Licensing Act, and conducted in conjunction with the  
1154 appropriate representative committee designated by the director of the department.]
- 1155 [(ii) Nothing in this Subsection (4)(c) gives the Division of Professional Licensing  
1156 exclusive authority in proceedings to deny, revoke, or suspend licenses, except  
1157 where the division is designated by law to perform those functions, or, when not  
1158 designated by law, is designated by the executive director of the Department of  
1159 Commerce to conduct the proceedings.]
- 1160 [(d)(i) The division may suspend any license simultaneously with the institution of  
1161 proceedings under this section if it finds there is an imminent danger to the public  
1162 health or safety.]
- 1163 [(ii) Suspension shall continue in effect until the conclusion of proceedings, including  
1164 judicial review, unless withdrawn by the division or dissolved by a court of  
1165 competent jurisdiction.]
- 1166 [(e)(i) If a license is suspended or revoked under this Subsection (4), all controlled  
1167 substances owned or possessed by the licensee may be placed under seal in the  
1168 discretion of the division.]
- 1169 [(ii) Disposition may not be made of substances under seal until the time for taking  
1170 an appeal has lapsed, or until all appeals have been concluded, unless a court,  
1171 upon application, orders the sale of perishable substances and the proceeds  
1172 deposited with the court.]
- 1173 [(iii) If a revocation order becomes final, all controlled substances shall be forfeited.]
- 1174 [(f) The division shall notify promptly the Drug Enforcement Administration of all  
1175 orders suspending or revoking a license and all forfeitures of controlled substances.]
- 1176 [(g) If an individual's Drug Enforcement Administration registration is denied, revoked,  
1177 surrendered, or suspended, the division shall immediately suspend the individual's  
1178 controlled substance license, which shall only be reinstated by the division upon  
1179 reinstatement of the federal registration, unless the division has taken further  
1180 administrative action under Subsection (4)(a)(iv), which would be grounds for the  
1181 continued denial of the controlled substance license.]
- 1182 [(5)] (3)[(a) A person licensed under Subsection (2) or (3)] A practitioner shall maintain  
1183 records and inventories in conformance with the record keeping and inventory  
1184 requirements of federal and state law and any additional rules issued by the division.
- 1185 [(b)(i) A physician, dentist, naturopathic physician, veterinarian, practitioner, or  
1186 other individual who is authorized to administer or professionally use a controlled

- 1187 substance shall keep a record of the drugs received by the individual and a record  
1188 of all drugs administered, dispensed, or professionally used by the individual  
1189 otherwise than by a prescription.]
- 1190 [(ii) An individual using small quantities or solutions or other preparations of those  
1191 drugs for local application has complied with this Subsection (5)(b) if the  
1192 individual keeps a record of the quantity, character, and potency of those solutions  
1193 or preparations purchased or prepared by the individual, and of the dates when  
1194 purchased or prepared.]
- 1195 [(6)] (4) Controlled substances in Schedules I through V may be distributed only by a [  
1196 licensee and] certified practitioner and pursuant to an order form prepared in compliance  
1197 with division rules or a lawful order under the rules and regulations of the United States.
- 1198 [(7)] (5)(a) An individual may not write or authorize a prescription for a controlled  
1199 substance unless the individual is[:]
- 1200 [(i)] a practitioner authorized to prescribe drugs and medicine under the laws of this  
1201 state or under the laws of another state having similar standards[; and] .
- 1202 [(ii) licensed under this chapter or under the laws of another state having similar  
1203 standards.]
- 1204 (b) An individual other than a pharmacist licensed under the laws of this state, or the  
1205 pharmacist's licensed intern, as required by Sections 58-17b-303 and 58-17b-304,  
1206 may not dispense a controlled substance.
- 1207 (c)(i) A controlled substance may not be dispensed without the written prescription of  
1208 a practitioner, if the written prescription is required by the federal Controlled  
1209 Substances Act.
- 1210 (ii) That written prescription shall be made in accordance with Subsection [(7)(a)]  
1211 (5)(a) and in conformity with Subsection [(7)(d)] (5)(d).
- 1212 (iii) In emergency situations, as defined by division rule, controlled substances may  
1213 be dispensed upon oral prescription of a practitioner, if reduced promptly to  
1214 writing on forms designated by the division and filed by the pharmacy.
- 1215 (iv) Prescriptions reduced to writing by a pharmacist shall be in conformity with  
1216 Subsection [(7)(d)] (5)(d).
- 1217 (d) Except for emergency situations designated by the division, an individual may not  
1218 issue, fill, compound, or dispense a prescription for a controlled substance unless the  
1219 prescription is signed by the prescriber in ink or indelible pencil or is signed with an  
1220 electronic signature of the prescriber as authorized by division rule, and contains the

- 1221 following information:
- 1222 (i) the name, address, and registry number of the prescriber;
- 1223 (ii) the name, address, and age of the person to whom or for whom the prescription is  
1224 issued;
- 1225 (iii) the date of issuance of the prescription; and
- 1226 (iv) the name, quantity, and specific directions for use by the ultimate user of the  
1227 controlled substance.
- 1228 (e) A prescription may not be written, issued, filled, or dispensed for a Schedule I  
1229 controlled substance unless:
- 1230 (i) the individual who writes the prescription is [~~licensed under Subsection (2)~~] a  
1231 certified practitioner; and
- 1232 (ii) the prescribed controlled substance is to be used in research.
- 1233 (f) Except when administered directly to an ultimate user by a [~~licensed~~] certified  
1234 practitioner, controlled substances are subject to the restrictions of this Subsection [  
1235 ~~(7)(f)~~] (5)(f).
- 1236 (i) A prescription for a Schedule II substance may not be refilled.
- 1237 (ii) A Schedule II controlled substance may not be filled in a quantity to exceed a  
1238 one-month's supply, as directed on the daily dosage rate of the prescriptions.
- 1239 (iii)(A) A prescription for a Schedule II or Schedule III controlled substance that  
1240 is an opiate and that is issued for an acute condition shall be completely or  
1241 partially filled in a quantity not to exceed a seven-day supply as directed on the  
1242 daily dosage rate of the prescription.
- 1243 (B) Subsection [~~(7)(f)(iii)(A)~~] (5)(f)(iii)(A) does not apply to prescriptions issued  
1244 for complex or chronic conditions which are documented as being complex or  
1245 chronic in the medical record.
- 1246 (C) A pharmacist is not required to verify that a prescription is in compliance with  
1247 this Subsection [~~(7)(f)(iii)~~] (5)(f)(iii).
- 1248 (iv) A Schedule III or IV controlled substance may be filled only within six months  
1249 of issuance, and may not be refilled more than six months after the date of its  
1250 original issuance or be refilled more than five times after the date of the  
1251 prescription unless renewed by the practitioner.
- 1252 (v) All other controlled substances in Schedule V may be refilled as the prescriber's  
1253 prescription directs, but they may not be refilled one year after the date the  
1254 prescription was issued unless renewed by the certified practitioner.

- 1255 (vi) Any prescription for a Schedule II substance may not be dispensed if it is not  
1256 presented to a pharmacist for dispensing by a pharmacist or a pharmacy intern  
1257 within 30 days after the date the prescription was issued, or 30 days after the  
1258 dispensing date, if that date is specified separately from the date of issue.
- 1259 (vii) A certified practitioner may issue more than one prescription at the same time  
1260 for the same Schedule II controlled substance, but only under the following  
1261 conditions:
- 1262 (A) no more than three prescriptions for the same Schedule II controlled substance  
1263 may be issued at the same time;
- 1264 (B) no one prescription may exceed a 30-day supply; and
- 1265 (C) a second or third prescription shall include the date of issuance and the date  
1266 for dispensing.
- 1267 (g) An order for a controlled substance in Schedules II through V for use by an inpatient  
1268 or an outpatient of a licensed hospital is exempt from all requirements of this  
1269 Subsection [~~(7)~~] (5) if the order is:
- 1270 (i) issued or made by a prescribing practitioner who holds an unrestricted registration  
1271 with the federal Drug Enforcement Administration~~[-and an active Utah controlled~~  
1272 ~~substance license in good standing issued by the division under this section, or a~~  
1273 ~~medical resident who is exempted from licensure under Subsection 58-1-307(1)(e)];~~
- 1274 (ii) authorized by the prescribing practitioner treating the patient and the prescribing  
1275 practitioner designates the quantity ordered;
- 1276 (iii) entered upon the record of the patient, the record is signed by the prescriber  
1277 affirming the prescriber's authorization of the order within 48 hours after filling or  
1278 administering the order, and the patient's record reflects the quantity actually  
1279 administered; and
- 1280 (iv) filled and dispensed by a pharmacist practicing the pharmacist's profession  
1281 within the physical structure of the hospital, or the order is taken from a supply  
1282 lawfully maintained by the hospital and the amount taken from the supply is  
1283 administered directly to the patient authorized to receive it.
- 1284 (h)(i) A certified practitioner [~~licensed under this chapter~~] may not prescribe,  
1285 administer, or dispense a controlled substance to a child~~[-]~~ without first obtaining  
1286 the consent required in Section 78B-3-406 of a parent, guardian, or person  
1287 standing in loco parentis of the child except in cases of an emergency.
- 1288 (ii) For purposes of this Subsection [~~(7)(h)~~, "child"] (5)(h):

- 1289           (A) ~~[has the same meaning as]~~ "Child" means the same as that term is defined in  
 1290           Section 80-1-102~~[, and "emergency"]~~ .
- 1291           (B) "Emergency" means any physical condition requiring the administration of a  
 1292           controlled substance for immediate relief of pain or suffering.
- 1293           (i) A certified practitioner ~~[licensed under this chapter]~~ may not prescribe or administer  
 1294           dosages of a controlled substance in excess of medically recognized quantities  
 1295           necessary to treat the ailment, malady, or condition of the ultimate user.
- 1296           (j) A certified practitioner ~~[licensed under this chapter]~~ may not prescribe, administer, or  
 1297           dispense any controlled substance to another person knowing that the other person is  
 1298           using a false name, address, or other personal information for the purpose of securing  
 1299           the controlled substance.
- 1300           ~~[(k) A person who is licensed under this chapter to manufacture, distribute, or dispense a  
 1301           controlled substance may not manufacture, distribute, or dispense a controlled  
 1302           substance to another licensee or any other authorized person not authorized by this  
 1303           license.]~~
- 1304           ~~[(t)]~~ (k) A ~~[person licensed under this chapter]~~ certified practitioner may not omit,  
 1305           remove, alter, or obliterate a symbol required by this chapter or by a rule issued under  
 1306           this chapter.
- 1307           ~~[(m)]~~ (l) A ~~[person licensed under this chapter]~~ certified practitioner may not refuse or fail  
 1308           to make, keep, or furnish any record notification, order form, statement, invoice, or  
 1309           information required under this chapter.
- 1310           ~~[(n)]~~ (m) A ~~[person licensed under this chapter]~~ certified practitioner may not refuse entry  
 1311           into any premises for inspection as authorized by this chapter.
- 1312           ~~[(o)]~~ (n) A ~~[person licensed under this chapter]~~ certified practitioner may not furnish false  
 1313           or fraudulent material information in any application, report, or other document  
 1314           required to be kept by this chapter or willfully make any false statement in any  
 1315           prescription, order, report, or record required by this chapter.
- 1316           ~~[(8)]~~ (6)(a)(i) Any ~~[person licensed under this chapter]~~ certified practitioner who is  
 1317           found by the division to have violated any of the provisions of Subsections ~~[(7)(k)~~  
 1318           ~~through (o) or Subsection (10)]~~ (5)(k) through (n) is subject to a penalty not to  
 1319           exceed \$5,000.
- 1320           (ii) The division shall determine the procedure for adjudication of any violations in  
 1321           accordance with Sections 58-1-106 and 58-1-108.
- 1322           ~~[(ii)]~~ (iii) The division shall deposit all penalties collected under Subsection ~~[(8)(a)(i)]~~

- 1323            (6)(a)(i) into the General Fund as a dedicated credit to be used by the division  
 1324            under Subsection 58-37f-502(1).
- 1325            ~~[(iii)]~~ (iv) The director may collect a penalty that is not paid by:  
 1326            (A) referring the matter to a collection agency; or  
 1327            (B) bringing an action in the district court of the county where the person against  
 1328            whom the penalty is imposed resides or in the county where the office of the  
 1329            director is located.
- 1330            ~~[(iv)]~~ (v) A county attorney or the attorney general of the state shall provide legal  
 1331            assistance and advice to the director in an action to collect a penalty.
- 1332            ~~[(v)]~~ (vi) A court shall award reasonable attorney fees and costs to the prevailing party  
 1333            in an action brought by the division to collect a penalty.
- 1334            (b) Any person who knowingly and intentionally violates Subsections ~~[(7)(h)]~~ (5)(h)  
 1335            through (j)~~[or Subsection (10)]~~ is:  
 1336            (i) upon first conviction, guilty of a class B misdemeanor;  
 1337            (ii) upon second conviction, guilty of a class A misdemeanor; and  
 1338            (iii) on third or subsequent conviction, guilty of a third degree felony.
- 1339            (c) Any person who knowingly and intentionally violates Subsections ~~[(7)(k) through (o)]~~  
 1340            (5)(k) through (n) shall upon conviction be guilty of a third degree felony.
- 1341            ~~[(9)]~~ (7) Any information communicated to any ~~[licensed]~~ certified practitioner in an  
 1342            attempt to unlawfully procure, or to procure the administration of, a controlled substance  
 1343            is not considered to be a privileged communication.
- 1344            ~~[(10) A person holding a valid license under this chapter who is engaged in medical  
 1345            research may produce, possess, administer, prescribe, or dispense a controlled substance  
 1346            for research purposes as licensed under Subsection (2) but may not otherwise prescribe  
 1347            or dispense a controlled substance listed in Section 58-37-4.2.]~~
- 1348            ~~[(11)]~~ (8)(a) As used in this Subsection ~~[(11)]~~ (8):  
 1349            (i) "High risk prescription" means a prescription for an opiate or a benzodiazepine  
 1350            that is written to continue for longer than 30 consecutive days.  
 1351            (ii) "Database" means the controlled substance database created in Section 58-37f-201.
- 1352            (b) A certified practitioner who issues a high risk prescription to a patient shall, before  
 1353            issuing the high risk prescription to the patient, verify in the database that the patient  
 1354            does not have a high risk prescription from a different practitioner that is currently  
 1355            active.
- 1356            (c) If the database shows that the patient has received a high risk prescription that is



1357 currently active from a different practitioner, the certified practitioner may not issue a  
 1358 high risk prescription to the patient unless the certified practitioner:

- 1359 (i) contacts and consults with each practitioner who issued a high risk prescription  
 1360 that is currently active to the patient;
- 1361 (ii) documents in the patient's medical record that the certified practitioner made  
 1362 contact with each practitioner in accordance with Subsection [~~(H)(e)(i)~~] (8)(c)(i);  
 1363 and
- 1364 (iii) documents in the patient's medical record the reason why the certified  
 1365 practitioner believes that the patient needs multiple high risk prescriptions from  
 1366 different practitioners.
- 1367 (d) A certified practitioner shall satisfy the requirement described in Subsection [~~(H)(e)~~]  
 1368 (8)(c) in a timely manner, which may be after the practitioner issues the high risk  
 1369 prescription to the patient.

1370 Section 7. Section **58-37-8** is amended to read:

1371 **58-37-8 (Effective 07/01/25). Prohibited acts -- Penalties.**

- 1372 (1) Prohibited acts A -- Penalties and reporting:
- 1373 (a) Except as authorized by this chapter, it is unlawful for a person to knowingly and  
 1374 intentionally:
- 1375 (i) produce, manufacture, or dispense, or to possess with intent to produce,  
 1376 manufacture, or dispense, a controlled or counterfeit substance;
- 1377 (ii) distribute a controlled or counterfeit substance, or to agree, consent, offer, or  
 1378 arrange to distribute a controlled or counterfeit substance;
- 1379 (iii) possess a controlled or counterfeit substance with intent to distribute; or
- 1380 (iv) engage in a continuing criminal enterprise where:
- 1381 (A) the person participates, directs, or engages in conduct that results in a  
 1382 violation of this chapter, Chapter 37a, Utah Drug Paraphernalia Act, Chapter  
 1383 37b, Imitation Controlled Substances Act, Chapter 37c, Utah Controlled  
 1384 Substance Precursor Act, or Chapter 37d, Clandestine Drug Lab Act, that is a  
 1385 felony; and
- 1386 (B) the violation is a part of a continuing series of two or more violations of this  
 1387 chapter, Chapter 37a, Utah Drug Paraphernalia Act, Chapter 37b, Imitation  
 1388 Controlled Substances Act, Chapter 37c, Utah Controlled Substance Precursor  
 1389 Act, or Chapter 37d, Clandestine Drug Lab Act, on separate occasions that are  
 1390 undertaken in concert with five or more persons with respect to whom the

1391 person occupies a position of organizer, supervisor, or any other position of  
1392 management.

1393 (b) A person convicted of violating Subsection (1)(a) with respect to:

1394 (i) a substance or a counterfeit of a substance classified in Schedule I or II, a  
1395 controlled substance analog, or gammahydroxybutyric acid as listed in Schedule  
1396 III is guilty of a second degree felony, punishable by imprisonment for not more  
1397 than 15 years, and upon a second or subsequent conviction is guilty of a first  
1398 degree felony;

1399 (ii) a substance or a counterfeit of a substance classified in Schedule III or IV, or  
1400 marijuana, or a substance listed in Section 58-37-4.2 is guilty of a third degree  
1401 felony, and upon a second or subsequent conviction is guilty of a second degree  
1402 felony; or

1403 (iii) a substance or a counterfeit of a substance classified in Schedule V is guilty of a  
1404 class A misdemeanor and upon a second or subsequent conviction is guilty of a  
1405 third degree felony.

1406 (c)(i) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(c)(ii), a person who has been convicted of  
1407 a violation of Subsection (1)(a)(ii) or (iii) may be sentenced to imprisonment for  
1408 an indeterminate term as described in Subsection [~~(1)(b)~~] (1)(c)(ii) and Title 76,  
1409 Chapter 3, Punishments.

1410 (ii) The court shall impose an indeterminate prison term for a person who has been  
1411 convicted of a violation of Subsection (1)(a)(ii) or (iii) that is a first degree felony  
1412 or a second degree felony if the trier of fact finds beyond a reasonable doubt that,  
1413 during the commission or furtherance of the violation, the person intentionally or  
1414 knowingly:

1415 (A) used, drew, or exhibited a dangerous weapon, as that term is defined in  
1416 Section 76-10-501, that is not a firearm, in an angry, threatening, intimidating,  
1417 or coercive manner;

1418 (B) used a firearm or had a firearm readily accessible for immediate use, as those  
1419 terms are defined in Section 76-10-501; or

1420 (C) distributed a firearm, as that term is defined in Section 76-10-501, or  
1421 possessed a firearm with intent to distribute the firearm.

1422 (iii) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(c)(ii), a court may suspend the indeterminate  
1423 prison term for a person convicted under Subsection (1)(c)(ii) if the court:

1424 (A) details on the record the reasons why it is in the interests of justice not to

- 1425 impose the indeterminate prison term;
- 1426 (B) makes a finding on the record that the person does not pose a significant  
1427 safety risk to the public; and
- 1428 (C) orders the person to complete the terms and conditions of supervised  
1429 probation provided by the Department of Corrections.
- 1430 (d)(i) A person convicted of violating Subsection (1)(a)(iv) is guilty of a first degree  
1431 felony punishable by imprisonment for an indeterminate term of not less than:
- 1432 (A) seven years and which may be for life; or
- 1433 (B) 15 years and which may be for life if the trier of fact determined that the  
1434 defendant knew or reasonably should have known that any subordinate under  
1435 Subsection (1)(a)(iv)(B) was under 18 years old.
- 1436 (ii) Imposition or execution of the sentence may not be suspended, and the person is  
1437 not eligible for probation.
- 1438 (iii) Subsection (1)(d)(i)(B) does not apply to any defendant who, at the time of the  
1439 offense, was under 18 years old.
- 1440 (e) The Administrative Office of the Courts shall report to the Division of Professional  
1441 Licensing the name, case number, date of conviction, and if known, the date of birth  
1442 of each person convicted of violating Subsection (1)(a).
- 1443 (2) Prohibited acts B -- Penalties and reporting:
- 1444 (a) It is unlawful:
- 1445 (i) for a person knowingly and intentionally to possess or use a controlled substance  
1446 analog or a controlled substance, unless it was obtained under a valid prescription  
1447 or order, directly from a practitioner while acting in the course of the person's  
1448 professional practice, or as otherwise authorized by this chapter;
- 1449 (ii) for an owner, tenant, licensee, or person in control of a building, room, tenement,  
1450 vehicle, boat, aircraft, or other place knowingly and intentionally to permit them  
1451 to be occupied by persons unlawfully possessing, using, or distributing controlled  
1452 substances in any of those locations; or
- 1453 (iii) for a person knowingly and intentionally to possess an altered or forged  
1454 prescription or written order for a controlled substance.
- 1455 (b) A person convicted of violating Subsection (2)(a)(i) with respect to:
- 1456 (i) marijuana, if the amount is 100 pounds or more, is guilty of a second degree  
1457 felony; or
- 1458 (ii) a substance classified in Schedule I or II, or a controlled substance analog, is

1459 guilty of a class A misdemeanor on a first or second conviction, and on a third or  
1460 subsequent conviction if each prior offense was committed within seven years  
1461 before the date of the offense upon which the current conviction is based is guilty  
1462 of a third degree felony.

1463 (c) Upon a person's conviction of a violation of this Subsection (2) subsequent to a  
1464 conviction under Subsection (1)(a), that person shall be sentenced to a one degree  
1465 greater penalty than provided in this Subsection (2).

1466 (d)(i) A person who violates Subsection (2)(a)(i) with respect to all other controlled  
1467 substances not included in Subsection (2)(b)(i) or (ii), including a substance listed  
1468 in Section 58-37-4.2, or marijuana, is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.

1469 [(ii)] (ii) Upon a third conviction the person is guilty of a class A misdemeanor, if each  
1470 prior offense was committed within seven years before the date of the offense  
1471 upon which the current conviction is based.

1472 [(iii)] (iii) Upon a fourth or subsequent conviction the person is guilty of a third degree  
1473 felony if each prior offense was committed within seven years before the date of  
1474 the offense upon which the current conviction is based.

1475 (e) A person convicted of violating Subsection (2)(a)(i) while inside the exterior  
1476 boundaries of property occupied by a correctional facility as defined in Section  
1477 64-13-1 or a public jail or other place of confinement shall be sentenced to a penalty  
1478 one degree greater than provided in Subsection (2)(b), and if the conviction is with  
1479 respect to controlled substances as listed in:

1480 (i) Subsection (2)(b), the person may be sentenced to imprisonment for an  
1481 indeterminate term as provided by law, and:

1482 (A) the court shall additionally sentence the person convicted to a term of one year  
1483 to run consecutively and not concurrently; and

1484 (B) the court may additionally sentence the person convicted for an indeterminate  
1485 term not to exceed five years to run consecutively and not concurrently; and

1486 (ii) Subsection (2)(d), the person may be sentenced to imprisonment for an  
1487 indeterminate term as provided by law, and the court shall additionally sentence  
1488 the person convicted to a term of six months to run consecutively and not  
1489 concurrently.

1490 (f) A person convicted of violating Subsection (2)(a)(ii) or (iii) is:

1491 (i) on a first conviction, guilty of a class B misdemeanor;

1492 (ii) on a second conviction, guilty of a class A misdemeanor; and

- 1493 (iii) on a third or subsequent conviction, guilty of a third degree felony.
- 1494 (g) The Administrative Office of the Courts shall report to the Division of Professional  
1495 Licensing the name, case number, date of conviction, and if known, the date of birth  
1496 of each person convicted of violating Subsection (2)(a).
- 1497 (3) Prohibited acts C -- Penalties:
- 1498 (a) It is unlawful for a person knowingly and intentionally:
- 1499 (i) to use in the course of the manufacture or distribution of a controlled substance a [  
1500 license] federal Drug Enforcement Administration registration number or  
1501 controlled substance certification which is fictitious, revoked, suspended, or  
1502 issued to another person or, for the purpose of obtaining a controlled substance, to  
1503 assume the title of, or represent oneself to be, a manufacturer, wholesaler,  
1504 apothecary, physician, dentist, veterinarian, or other authorized person;
- 1505 (ii) to acquire or obtain possession of, to procure or attempt to procure the  
1506 administration of, to obtain a prescription for, to prescribe or dispense to a person  
1507 known to be attempting to acquire or obtain possession of, or to procure the  
1508 administration of a controlled substance by misrepresentation or failure by the  
1509 person to disclose receiving a controlled substance from another source, fraud,  
1510 forgery, deception, subterfuge, alteration of a prescription or written order for a  
1511 controlled substance, or the use of a false name or address;
- 1512 (iii) to make a false or forged prescription or written order for a controlled substance,  
1513 or to utter the same, or to alter a prescription or written order issued or written  
1514 under the terms of this chapter; or
- 1515 (iv) to make, distribute, or possess a punch, die, plate, stone, or other thing designed  
1516 to print, imprint, or reproduce the trademark, trade name, or other identifying  
1517 mark, imprint, or device of another or any likeness of any of the foregoing upon  
1518 any drug or container or labeling so as to render a drug a counterfeit controlled  
1519 substance.
- 1520 (b)(i) A first or second conviction under Subsection (3)(a)(i), (ii), or (iii) is a class A  
1521 misdemeanor.
- 1522 (ii) A third or subsequent conviction under Subsection (3)(a)(i), (ii), or (iii) is a third  
1523 degree felony.
- 1524 (c) A violation of Subsection (3)(a)(iv) is a third degree felony.
- 1525 (4) Prohibited acts D -- Penalties:
- 1526 (a) Notwithstanding other provisions of this section, a person not authorized under this

- 1527 chapter who commits any act that is unlawful under Subsection (1)(a) or Section  
1528 58-37b-4 is upon conviction subject to the penalties and classifications under this  
1529 Subsection (4) if the trier of fact finds the act is committed:
- 1530 (i) in a public or private elementary or secondary school or on the grounds of any of  
1531 those schools during the hours of 6 a.m. through 10 p.m.;
  - 1532 (ii) in a public or private vocational school or postsecondary institution or on the  
1533 grounds of any of those schools or institutions during the hours of 6 a.m. through  
1534 10 p.m.;
  - 1535 (iii) in or on the grounds of a preschool or child-care facility during the preschool's or  
1536 facility's hours of operation;
  - 1537 (iv) in a public park, amusement park, arcade, or recreation center when the public or  
1538 amusement park, arcade, or recreation center is open to the public;
  - 1539 (v) in or on the grounds of a house of worship as defined in Section 76-10-501;
  - 1540 (vi) in or on the grounds of a library when the library is open to the public;
  - 1541 (vii) within an area that is within 100 feet of any structure, facility, or grounds  
1542 included in Subsections (4)(a)(i) through (vi);
  - 1543 (viii) in the presence of a person younger than 18 years old, regardless of where the  
1544 act occurs; or
  - 1545 (ix) for the purpose of facilitating, arranging, or causing the transport, delivery, or  
1546 distribution of a substance in violation of this section to an inmate or on the  
1547 grounds of a correctional facility as defined in Section 76-8-311.3.
- 1548 (b)(i) A person convicted under this Subsection (4) is guilty of a first degree felony  
1549 and shall be imprisoned for a term of not less than five years if the penalty that  
1550 would otherwise have been established but for this Subsection (4) would have  
1551 been a first degree felony.
- 1552 (ii) Imposition or execution of the sentence may not be suspended, and the person is  
1553 not eligible for probation.
- 1554 (c) If the classification that would otherwise have been established would have been less  
1555 than a first degree felony but for this Subsection (4), a person convicted under this  
1556 Subsection (4) is guilty of one degree more than the maximum penalty prescribed for  
1557 that offense.
- 1558 (d)(i) If the violation is of Subsection (4)(a)(ix):
- 1559 (A) the person may be sentenced to imprisonment for an indeterminate term as  
1560 provided by law, and the court shall additionally sentence the person convicted

- 1561 for a term of one year to run consecutively and not concurrently; and
- 1562 (B) the court may additionally sentence the person convicted for an indeterminate
- 1563 term not to exceed five years to run consecutively and not concurrently; and
- 1564 (ii) the penalties under this Subsection (4)(d) apply also to a person who, acting with
- 1565 the mental state required for the commission of an offense, directly or indirectly
- 1566 solicits, requests, commands, coerces, encourages, or intentionally aids another
- 1567 person to commit a violation of Subsection (4)(a)(ix).
- 1568 (e) It is not a defense to a prosecution under this Subsection (4) that:
- 1569 (i) the actor mistakenly believed the individual to be 18 years old or older at the time
- 1570 of the offense or was unaware of the individual's true age; or
- 1571 (ii) the actor mistakenly believed that the location where the act occurred was not as
- 1572 described in Subsection (4)(a) or was unaware that the location where the act
- 1573 occurred was as described in Subsection (4)(a).
- 1574 (5) A violation of this chapter for which no penalty is specified is a class B misdemeanor.
- 1575 (6)(a) For purposes of penalty enhancement under Subsections (1) and (2), a plea of
- 1576 guilty or no contest to a violation or attempted violation of this section or a plea
- 1577 which is held in abeyance under Title 77, Chapter 2a, Pleas in Abeyance, is the
- 1578 equivalent of a conviction, even if the charge has been subsequently reduced or
- 1579 dismissed in accordance with the plea in abeyance agreement.
- 1580 (b) A prior conviction used for a penalty enhancement under Subsection (2) shall be a
- 1581 conviction that is:
- 1582 (i) from a separate criminal episode than the current charge; and
- 1583 (ii) from a conviction that is separate from any other conviction used to enhance the
- 1584 current charge.
- 1585 (7) A person may be charged and sentenced for a violation of this section, notwithstanding
- 1586 a charge and sentence for a violation of any other section of this chapter.
- 1587 (8)(a) A penalty imposed for violation of this section is in addition to, and not in lieu of,
- 1588 a civil or administrative penalty or sanction authorized by law.
- 1589 (b) When a violation of this chapter violates a federal law or the law of another state,
- 1590 conviction or acquittal under federal law or the law of another state for the same act
- 1591 is a bar to prosecution in this state.
- 1592 (9) In any prosecution for a violation of this chapter, evidence or proof that shows a person
- 1593 or persons produced, manufactured, possessed, distributed, or dispensed a controlled
- 1594 substance or substances, is prima facie evidence that the person or persons did so with

- 1595 knowledge of the character of the substance or substances.
- 1596 (10) This section does not prohibit a veterinarian, in good faith and in the course of the  
1597 veterinarian's professional practice only and not for humans, from prescribing,  
1598 dispensing, or administering controlled substances or from causing the substances to be  
1599 administered by an assistant or orderly under the veterinarian's direction and supervision.
- 1600 (11) Civil or criminal liability may not be imposed under this section on:
- 1601 (a) a person registered under this chapter who manufactures, distributes, or possesses an  
1602 imitation controlled substance for use as a placebo or investigational new drug by a  
1603 registered practitioner in the ordinary course of professional practice or research;
- 1604 (b) a law enforcement officer acting in the course and legitimate scope of the officer's  
1605 employment;\_or
- 1606 (c) a healthcare facility, substance use harm reduction services program, or drug  
1607 addiction treatment facility that temporarily possesses a controlled or counterfeit  
1608 substance to conduct a test or analysis on the controlled or counterfeit substance to  
1609 identify or analyze the strength, effectiveness, or purity of the substance for a public  
1610 health or safety reason.
- 1611 (12)(a) Civil or criminal liability may not be imposed under this section on any Indian,  
1612 as defined in Section 58-37-2, who uses, possesses, or transports peyote for bona fide  
1613 traditional ceremonial purposes in connection with the practice of a traditional Indian  
1614 religion as defined in Section 58-37-2.
- 1615 (b) In a prosecution alleging violation of this section regarding peyote as defined in  
1616 Section 58-37-4, it is an affirmative defense that the peyote was used, possessed, or  
1617 transported by an Indian for bona fide traditional ceremonial purposes in connection  
1618 with the practice of a traditional Indian religion.
- 1619 (c)(i) The defendant shall provide written notice of intent to claim an affirmative  
1620 defense under this Subsection (12) as soon as practicable, but not later than 10  
1621 days before trial.
- 1622 (ii) The notice shall include the specific claims of the affirmative defense.
- 1623 (iii) The court may waive the notice requirement in the interest of justice for good  
1624 cause shown, if the prosecutor is not unfairly prejudiced by the lack of timely  
1625 notice.
- 1626 (d) The defendant shall establish the affirmative defense under this Subsection (12) by a  
1627 preponderance of the evidence. If the defense is established, it is a complete defense  
1628 to the charges.



- 1629 (13)(a) It is an affirmative defense that the person produced, possessed, or administered  
1630 a controlled substance listed in Section 58-37-4.2 if the person was:
- 1631 (i) engaged in medical research; and
  - 1632 (ii) a holder of a valid [~~license to possess controlled substances under Section 58-37-6]~~  
1633 federal Drug Enforcement Administration registration.
- 1634 (b) It is not a defense under Subsection (13)(a) that the person prescribed or dispensed a  
1635 controlled substance listed in Section 58-37-4.2.
- 1636 (14) It is an affirmative defense that the person possessed, in the person's body, a controlled  
1637 substance listed in Section 58-37-4.2 if:
- 1638 (a) the person was the subject of medical research conducted by a holder of a valid [  
1639 ~~license to possess controlled substances under Section 58-37-6]~~ federal Drug  
1640 Enforcement Administration registration; and
  - 1641 (b) the substance was administered to the person by the medical researcher.
- 1642 (15) The application of any increase in penalty under this section to a violation of  
1643 Subsection (2)(a)(i) may not result in any greater penalty than a second degree felony.  
1644 This Subsection (15) takes precedence over any conflicting provision of this section.
- 1645 (16)(a) It is an affirmative defense to an allegation of the commission of an offense  
1646 listed in Subsection (16)(b) that the person or bystander:
- 1647 (i) reasonably believes that the person or another person is experiencing an overdose  
1648 event due to the ingestion, injection, inhalation, or other introduction into the  
1649 human body of a controlled substance or other substance;
  - 1650 (ii) reports, or assists a person who reports, in good faith the overdose event to a  
1651 medical provider, an emergency medical service provider as defined in Section  
1652 53-2d-101, a law enforcement officer, a 911 emergency call system, or an  
1653 emergency dispatch system, or the person is the subject of a report made under  
1654 this Subsection (16);
  - 1655 (iii) provides in the report under Subsection (16)(a)(ii) a functional description of the  
1656 actual location of the overdose event that facilitates responding to the person  
1657 experiencing the overdose event;
  - 1658 (iv) remains at the location of the person experiencing the overdose event until a  
1659 responding law enforcement officer or emergency medical service provider  
1660 arrives, or remains at the medical care facility where the person experiencing an  
1661 overdose event is located until a responding law enforcement officer arrives;
  - 1662 (v) cooperates with the responding medical provider, emergency medical service

1663 provider, and law enforcement officer, including providing information regarding  
1664 the person experiencing the overdose event and any substances the person may  
1665 have injected, inhaled, or otherwise introduced into the person's body; and  
1666 (vi) is alleged to have committed the offense in the same course of events from which  
1667 the reported overdose arose.

1668 (b) The offenses referred to in Subsection (16)(a) are:

1669 (i) the possession or use of less than 16 ounces of marijuana;

1670 (ii) the possession or use of a scheduled or listed controlled substance other than  
1671 marijuana; and

1672 (iii) any violation of Chapter 37a, Utah Drug Paraphernalia Act, or Chapter 37b,  
1673 Imitation Controlled Substances Act.

1674 (c) As used in this Subsection (16) and in Section 76-3-203.11, "good faith" does not  
1675 include seeking medical assistance under this section during the course of a law  
1676 enforcement agency's execution of a search warrant, execution of an arrest warrant,  
1677 or other lawful search.

1678 (17) If any provision of this chapter, or the application of any provision to any person or  
1679 circumstances, is held invalid, the remainder of this chapter shall be given effect without  
1680 the invalid provision or application.

1681 (18) A legislative body of a political subdivision may not enact an ordinance that is less  
1682 restrictive than any provision of this chapter.

1683 (19) If a minor who is under 18 years old is found by a court to have violated this section or  
1684 Subsection 76-5-102.1(2)(b) or 76-5-207(2)(b), the court may order the minor to  
1685 complete:

1686 (a) a screening as defined in Section 41-6a-501;

1687 (b) an assessment as defined in Section 41-6a-501 if the screening indicates an  
1688 assessment to be appropriate; and

1689 (c) an educational series as defined in Section 41-6a-501 or substance use disorder  
1690 treatment as indicated by an assessment.

1691 Section 8. Section **58-37-10** is amended to read:

1692 **58-37-10 (Effective 07/01/25). Search warrants -- Administrative inspection**  
1693 **warrants -- Inspections and seizures of property without warrant.**

1694 (1) Search warrants relating to offenses involving controlled substances may be authorized  
1695 pursuant to the Utah Rules of Criminal Procedure.

1696 (2) Issuance and execution of administrative inspection warrants shall be as follows:

- 1697 (a) Any judge or magistrate of this state within his jurisdiction upon proper oath or  
1698 affirmation showing probable cause, may issue warrants for the purpose of  
1699 conducting administrative inspections authorized by this act or regulations thereunder  
1700 and seizures of property appropriate to such inspections. Probable cause for purposes  
1701 of this act exists upon showing a valid public interest in the effective enforcement of  
1702 the act or rules promulgated thereunder sufficient to justify administrative inspection  
1703 of the area, premises, building, or conveyance in the circumstances specified in the  
1704 application for the warrant.
- 1705 (b) A warrant shall issue only upon an affidavit of an officer or employee duly  
1706 designated and having knowledge of the facts alleged sworn to before a judge or  
1707 magistrate which establish the grounds for issuing the warrant. If the judge or  
1708 magistrate is satisfied that grounds for the application exist or that there is probable  
1709 cause to believe they exist, he shall issue a warrant identifying the area, premises,  
1710 building, or conveyance to be inspected, the purpose of the inspection, and if  
1711 appropriate, the type of property to be inspected, if any. The warrant shall:
- 1712 (i) state the grounds for its issuance and the name of each person whose affidavit has  
1713 been taken to support it;
  - 1714 (ii) be directed to a person authorized by Section 58-37-9 of this act to execute it;
  - 1715 (iii) command the person to whom it is directed to inspect the area, premises,  
1716 building, or conveyance identified for the purpose specified and if appropriate,  
1717 direct the seizure of the property specified;
  - 1718 (iv) identify the item or types of property to be seized, if any; and
  - 1719 (v) direct that it be served during normal business hours and designate the judge or  
1720 magistrate to whom it shall be returned.
- 1721 (c) A warrant issued pursuant to this section must be executed and returned within 10  
1722 days after its date unless, upon a showing of a need for additional time, the court  
1723 instructs otherwise in the warrant. If property is seized pursuant to a warrant, the  
1724 person executing the warrant shall give to the person from whom or from whose  
1725 premises the property was taken a copy of the warrant and a receipt for the property  
1726 taken or leave the copy and receipt at the place where the property was taken. Return  
1727 of the warrant shall be made promptly and be accompanied by a written inventory of  
1728 any property taken. The inventory shall be made in the presence of the person  
1729 executing the warrant and of the person from whose possession or premises the  
1730 property was taken, if they are present, or in the presence of at least one credible

- 1731 person other than the person executing the warrant. A copy of the inventory shall be  
1732 delivered to the person from whom or from whose premises the property was taken  
1733 and to the applicant for the warrant.
- 1734 (d) The judge or magistrate who issued the warrant under this section shall attach a copy  
1735 of the return and all other papers to the warrant and file them with the court.
- 1736 (3) The department is authorized to make administrative inspections of controlled premises  
1737 in accordance with the following provisions:
- 1738 (a) For purposes of this section only, "controlled premises" means:
- 1739 (i) ~~[Places]~~ places where persons ~~[licensed or exempted from licensing requirements~~  
1740 ~~under this act]~~ are required to keep records~~[-]~~ under this act; and
- 1741 (ii) ~~[Places]~~ places including factories, warehouses, establishments, and conveyances  
1742 where persons ~~[licensed or exempted from licensing requirements]~~ are permitted  
1743 to possess, manufacture, compound, process, sell, deliver, or otherwise dispose of  
1744 any controlled substance under this act.
- 1745 (b) When authorized by an administrative inspection warrant a law enforcement officer  
1746 or employee designated in Section 58-37-9, upon presenting the warrant and  
1747 appropriate credentials to the owner, operator, or agent in charge, has the right to  
1748 enter controlled premises for the purpose of conducting an administrative inspection.
- 1749 (c) When authorized by an administrative inspection warrant, a law enforcement officer  
1750 or employee designated in Section 58-37-9 has the right:
- 1751 (i) ~~[To]~~ to inspect and copy records required by this chapter~~[-]~~ ;
- 1752 (ii) ~~[To]~~ to inspect within reasonable limits and a reasonable manner, the controlled  
1753 premises and all pertinent equipment, finished and unfinished material, containers,  
1754 and labeling found, and except as provided in Subsection (3)(e), all other things  
1755 including records, files, papers, processes, controls, and facilities subject to  
1756 regulation and control by this chapter or by rules promulgated by the department~~[-]~~ ;  
1757 and
- 1758 (iii) ~~[To]~~ to inventory and take stock of any controlled substance and obtain samples  
1759 of any substance.
- 1760 (d) This section shall not be construed to prevent the inspection of books and records  
1761 without a warrant pursuant to an administrative subpoena issued by a court or the  
1762 department nor shall it be construed to prevent entries and administrative inspections  
1763 including seizures of property without a warrant:
- 1764 (i) with the consent of the owner, operator, or agent in charge of the controlled

- 1765 premises;
- 1766 (ii) in situations presenting imminent danger to health or safety;
- 1767 (iii) in situations involving inspection of conveyances where there is reasonable cause
- 1768 to believe that the mobility of the conveyance makes it impracticable to obtain a
- 1769 warrant;
- 1770 (iv) in any other exceptional or emergency circumstance where time or opportunity to
- 1771 apply for a warrant is lacking; and
- 1772 (v) in all other situations where a warrant is not constitutionally required.
- 1773 (e) No inspection authorized by this section shall extend to financial data, sales data,
- 1774 other than shipment data, or pricing data unless the owner, operator, or agent in
- 1775 charge of the controlled premises consents in writing.

1776 Section 9. Section **58-37-15** is amended to read:

1777 **58-37-15 (Effective 07/01/25). Burden of proof in proceedings on violations --**

1778 **Enforcement officers exempt from liability.**

1779 (1) It is not necessary for the state to negate any exemption or exception set forth in this act

1780 in any complaint, information, indictment or other pleading or trial, hearing, or other

1781 proceeding under this act, and the burden of proof of any exemption or exception is

1782 upon the person claiming its benefit.

1783 (2) In absence of proof that a person is the duly authorized holder of an appropriate [

1784 ~~license,~~]registration, certification, order form, or prescription issued under this act, [he]

1785 that person shall be presumed not to be the holder of a [~~license,~~]registration,

1786 certification, order form, or prescription, and the burden of proof is upon [him] that

1787 person to rebut the presumption.

1788 (3) No liability shall be imposed upon any duly authorized state or federal officer engaged

1789 in the enforcement of this act who is engaged in the enforcement of any law, municipal

1790 ordinance, or regulation relating to controlled substances.

1791 Section 10. Section **58-37-19** is amended to read:

1792 **58-37-19 (Effective 07/01/25). Opiate prescription consultation -- Prescription**

1793 **for opiate antagonist required.**

1794 (1) As used in this section:

- 1795 (a) "Initial opiate prescription" means a prescription for an opiate to a patient who:
- 1796 (i) has never previously been issued a prescription for an opiate; or
- 1797 (ii) was previously issued a prescription for an opiate, but the date on which the
- 1798 current prescription is being issued is more than one year after the date on which

- 1799 an opiate was previously prescribed or administered to the patient.
- 1800 (b) "Opiate antagonist" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26B-4-501.
- 1801 (c) "Prescriber" means an individual authorized to prescribe a controlled substance under
- 1802 this chapter.
- 1803 (2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), a prescriber may not issue an initial opiate
- 1804 prescription without discussing with the patient, or the patient's parent or guardian if the
- 1805 patient is under 18 years old and is not an emancipated minor:
- 1806 (a) the risks of addiction and overdose associated with opiate drugs;
- 1807 (b) the dangers of taking opiates with alcohol, benzodiazepines, and other central
- 1808 nervous system depressants;
- 1809 (c) the reasons why the prescription is necessary;
- 1810 (d) alternative treatments that may be available; and
- 1811 (e) other risks associated with the use of the drugs being prescribed.
- 1812 (3) Subsection (2) does not apply to a prescription for:
- 1813 (a) a patient who is currently in active treatment for cancer;
- 1814 (b) a patient who is receiving hospice care from a licensed hospice as defined in Section
- 1815 26B-2-201; or
- 1816 (c) a medication that is being prescribed to a patient for the treatment of the patient's
- 1817 substance abuse or opiate dependence.
- 1818 (4)(a) Beginning January 1, 2024, a prescriber shall offer to prescribe or dispense an
- 1819 opiate antagonist to a patient if the patient receives an initial opiate prescription for:
- 1820 (i) 50 morphine milligram equivalents or more per day, calculated in accordance with
- 1821 guidelines developed by the United States Centers for Disease Control and
- 1822 Prevention; or
- 1823 (ii) any opiate if the practitioner is also prescribing a benzodiazepine to the patient.
- 1824 (b) Subsection (4)(a) does not apply if the initial opiate prescription:
- 1825 (i) is administered directly to an ultimate user by a [licensed] certified practitioner; or
- 1826 (ii) is for a three-day supply or less.
- 1827 (c) This Subsection (4) does not require a patient to purchase or obtain an opiate
- 1828 antagonist as a condition of receiving the patient's initial opiate prescription.
- 1829 Section 11. Section **58-37-22** is amended to read:
- 1830 **58-37-22 (Effective 07/01/25). Electronic prescriptions for controlled substances.**
- 1831 (1) Beginning January 1, 2022, each prescription issued for a controlled substance shall be
- 1832 transmitted electronically as an electronic prescription unless the prescription is:

- 1833 (a) for a patient residing in an assisted living facility as that term is defined in Section  
 1834 26B-2-201, a long-term care facility as that term is defined in Section 58-31b-102, or  
 1835 a correctional facility as that term is defined in Section 64-13-1;
- 1836 (b) issued by a veterinarian licensed under Chapter 28, Veterinary Practice Act;
- 1837 (c) dispensed by a Department of Veterans Affairs pharmacy;
- 1838 (d) issued during a temporary technical or electronic failure at the practitioner's or  
 1839 pharmacy's location; or
- 1840 (e) issued in an emergency situation.
- 1841 (2) The division, in collaboration with the appropriate boards that govern the licensure of [  
 1842 ~~the licensees who are authorized by the division to prescribe or to dispense controlled~~  
 1843 ~~substances]~~ certified practitioners, shall make rules in accordance with Title 63G,  
 1844 Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to:
- 1845 (a) require that controlled substances prescribed or dispensed under Subsection (1)(d)  
 1846 indicate on the prescription that the prescribing practitioner or the pharmacy is  
 1847 experiencing a technical difficulty or an electronic failure;
- 1848 (b) define an emergency situation for purposes of Subsection (1)(e);
- 1849 (c) establish additional exemptions to the electronic prescription requirements  
 1850 established in this section;
- 1851 (d) establish guidelines under which a prescribing practitioner or a pharmacy may obtain  
 1852 an extension of up to two additional years to comply with Subsection (1);
- 1853 (e) establish a protocol to follow if the pharmacy that receives the electronic prescription  
 1854 is not able to fill the prescription; and
- 1855 (f) establish requirements that comply with federal laws and regulations for software  
 1856 used to issue and dispense electronic prescriptions.
- 1857 (3) Beginning July 1, 2024, a pharmacy software program for receiving an electronic  
 1858 prescription for a controlled substance shall be capable of electronically transferring a  
 1859 prescription to a different pharmacy:
- 1860 (a) upon the request of the patient or the practitioner;
- 1861 (b) with the approval of a pharmacist at the originating pharmacy; and
- 1862 (c) if the prescription is unfilled.

1863 Section 12. Section **58-37b-2** is amended to read:

1864 **58-37b-2 (Effective 07/01/25). Definitions.**

1865 As used in this chapter:

- 1866 (1) "Controlled substance" has the same meaning as provided in Section 58-37-2.

- 1867 (2) "Distribute" means the actual, constructive, or attempted sale, transfer, delivery, or  
 1868 dispensing to another of an imitation controlled substance.
- 1869 (3) "Imitation controlled substance" means a substance designed or packaged to  
 1870 substantially resemble any legally or illegally manufactured controlled substance, but  
 1871 that is not:
- 1872 (a) a controlled substance; or
- 1873 (b) represented to be any legally or illegally manufactured controlled substance under  
 1874 Subsection ~~[58-37-2(1)(i)(ii)]~~ 58-37-2(1)(k)(ii).
- 1875 (4) "Manufacture" means the production, preparation, compounding, processing,  
 1876 encapsulating, tableting, packaging or repackaging, labeling or relabeling, of an  
 1877 imitation controlled substance.

1878 Section 13. Section **58-37f-201** is amended to read:

1879 **58-37f-201 (Effective 07/01/25). Controlled substance database -- Creation --**

1880 **Purpose.**

- 1881 (1) There is created within the division a controlled substance database.
- 1882 (2) The division shall administer and direct the functioning of the database in accordance  
 1883 with this chapter.
- 1884 (3) The division may, under state procurement laws, contract with another state agency or a  
 1885 private entity to establish, operate, or maintain the database.
- 1886 (4) The division shall, in collaboration with the board, determine whether to operate the  
 1887 database within the division or contract with another entity to operate the database,  
 1888 based on an analysis of costs and benefits.
- 1889 (5) The purpose of the database is to contain:
- 1890 (a) the data described in Section 58-37f-203 regarding prescriptions for dispensed  
 1891 controlled substances;
- 1892 (b) data reported to the division under Section 26B-2-225 regarding poisoning or  
 1893 overdose;
- 1894 (c) data reported to the division under Subsection 41-6a-502(5) or 41-6a-502.5(5)(b)  
 1895 regarding convictions for driving under the influence of a prescribed controlled  
 1896 substance or impaired driving; ~~and~~
- 1897 (d) data reported to the division under Subsection 58-37-8(1)(e) or 58-37-8(2)(g)  
 1898 regarding certain violations of Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act[-] ; and
- 1899 (e) the data described in Subsection 58-37-6(2)(b).
- 1900 (6) The division shall maintain the database in an electronic file or by other means



- 1901 established by the division to facilitate use of the database for identification of:
- 1902 (a) prescribing practices and patterns of prescribing and dispensing controlled
- 1903 substances;
- 1904 (b) practitioners prescribing controlled substances in an unprofessional or unlawful
- 1905 manner;
- 1906 (c) individuals receiving prescriptions for controlled substances from licensed
- 1907 practitioners, and who subsequently obtain dispensed controlled substances from a
- 1908 drug outlet in quantities or with a frequency inconsistent with generally recognized
- 1909 standards of dosage for that controlled substance;
- 1910 (d) individuals presenting forged or otherwise false or altered prescriptions for
- 1911 controlled substances to a pharmacy;
- 1912 (e) individuals admitted to a general acute hospital for poisoning or overdose involving a
- 1913 prescribed controlled substance; and
- 1914 (f) individuals convicted for:
- 1915 (i) driving under the influence of a prescribed controlled substance that renders the
- 1916 individual incapable of safely operating a vehicle;
- 1917 (ii) driving while impaired, in whole or in part, by a prescribed controlled substance;
- 1918 or
- 1919 (iii) certain violations of Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act.

1920 Section 14. Section **58-37f-303** is amended to read:

1921 **58-37f-303 (Effective 07/01/25). Access to opioid prescription information via an**

1922 **electronic data system.**

1923 (1) As used in this section:

1924 (a) "Dispense" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-17b-102.

1925 (b) "EDS user":

1926 (i) means:

1927 (A) a prescriber;

1928 (B) a pharmacist;

1929 (C) a pharmacy intern;

1930 (D) a pharmacy technician; or

1931 (E) an individual granted access to the database under Subsection 58-37f-301(3)(c);

1932 and

1933 (ii) does not mean an individual whose access to the database has been revoked by

1934 the division pursuant to Subsection 58-37f-301(5)(c).

- 1935 (c) "Electronic data system" means a software product or an electronic service used by:  
1936 (i) a prescriber to manage electronic health records; or  
1937 (ii) a pharmacist, pharmacy intern, or pharmacy technician working under the general  
1938 supervision of a licensed pharmacist, for the purpose of:  
1939 (A) managing the dispensing of prescription drugs; or  
1940 (B) providing pharmaceutical care as defined in Section 58-17b-102 to a patient.
- 1941 (d) "Opioid" means any substance listed in Subsection 58-37-4(2)(b)(i) or (2)(b)(ii).  
1942 (e) "Pharmacist" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-17b-102.  
1943 (f) "Prescriber" means a [~~practitioner, as that term is defined in Section 58-37-2, who is~~  
1944 ~~licensed under Section 58-37-6 to prescribe an opioid]~~ certified practitioner as that  
1945 term is defined in Section 58-37-2.
- 1946 (g) "Prescription drug" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-17b-102.
- 1947 (2) Subject to Subsections (3) through (6), no later than January 1, 2017, the division shall  
1948 make opioid prescription information in the database available to an EDS user via the  
1949 user's electronic data system.
- 1950 (3) An electronic data system may be used to make opioid prescription information in the  
1951 database available to an EDS user only if the electronic data system complies with rules  
1952 established by the division under Subsection (4).
- 1953 (4)(a) The division shall make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah  
1954 Administrative Rulemaking Act, specifying:  
1955 (i) an electronic data system's:  
1956 (A) allowable access to and use of opioid prescription information in the database;  
1957 and  
1958 (B) minimum actions that must be taken to ensure that opioid prescription  
1959 information accessed from the database is protected from inappropriate  
1960 disclosure or use; and  
1961 (ii) an EDS user's:  
1962 (A) allowable access to opioid prescription information in the database via an  
1963 electronic data system; and  
1964 (B) allowable use of the information.
- 1965 (b) The rules shall establish:  
1966 (i) minimum user identification requirements that in substance are the same as the  
1967 database identification requirements in Section 58-37f-301;  
1968 (ii) user access restrictions that in substance are the same as the database

- 1969 identification requirements in Section 58-37f-301; and
- 1970 (iii) any other requirements necessary to ensure that in substance the provisions of
- 1971 Sections 58-37f-301 and 58-37f-302 apply to opioid prescription information in
- 1972 the database that has been made available to an EDS user via an electronic data
- 1973 system.
- 1974 (5) The division may not make opioid prescription information in the database available to
- 1975 an EDS user via the user's electronic data system if:
- 1976 (a) the electronic data system does not comply with the rules established by the division
- 1977 under Subsection (4); or
- 1978 (b) the EDS user does not comply with the rules established by the division under
- 1979 Subsection (4).
- 1980 (6)(a) The division shall periodically audit the use of opioid prescription information
- 1981 made available to an EDS user via the user's electronic data system.
- 1982 (b) The audit shall review compliance by:
- 1983 (i) the electronic data system with rules established by the division under Subsection
- 1984 (4); and
- 1985 (ii) the EDS user with rules established by the division under Subsection (4).
- 1986 (c)(i) If the division determines by audit or other means that an electronic data system
- 1987 is not in compliance with rules established by the division under Subsection (4),
- 1988 the division shall immediately suspend or revoke the electronic data system's
- 1989 access to opioid prescription information in the database.
- 1990 (ii) If the division determines by audit or other means that an EDS user is not in
- 1991 compliance with rules established by the division under Subsection (4), the
- 1992 division shall immediately suspend or revoke the EDS user's access to opioid
- 1993 prescription information in the database via an electronic data system.
- 1994 (iii) If the division suspends or revokes access to opioid prescription information in
- 1995 the database under Subsection (6)(c)(i) or (6)(c)(ii), the division shall also take
- 1996 any other appropriate corrective or disciplinary action authorized by this chapter
- 1997 or title.
- 1998 Section 15. Section **58-37f-304** is amended to read:
- 1999 **58-37f-304 (Effective 07/01/25). Database utilization.**
- 2000 (1) As used in this section:
- 2001 (a) "Dispenser" means a licensed pharmacist, as described in Section 58-17b-303, the
- 2002 pharmacist's licensed intern, as described in Section 58-17b-304, or licensed

- 2003 pharmacy technician, as described in Section 58-17b-305, working under the  
2004 supervision of a licensed pharmacist who is also licensed to dispense a controlled  
2005 substance under [~~Title 58,~~]Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act.
- 2006 (b) "Outpatient" means a setting in which an individual visits a licensed healthcare  
2007 facility or a healthcare provider's office for a diagnosis or treatment but is not  
2008 admitted to a licensed healthcare facility for an overnight stay.
- 2009 (c) "Prescriber" means an individual authorized to prescribe a controlled substance under [  
2010 ~~Title 58,~~]Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act.
- 2011 (d) "Schedule II opioid" means those substances listed in Subsection 58-37-4(2)(b)(i) or  
2012 (2)(b)(ii).
- 2013 (e) "Schedule III opioid" means those substances listed in Subsection 58-37-4(2)(c) that  
2014 are opioids.
- 2015 (2)(a) A prescriber shall check the database for information about a patient before the  
2016 first time the prescriber gives a prescription to a patient for a Schedule II opioid or a  
2017 Schedule III opioid.
- 2018 (b) If a prescriber is repeatedly prescribing a Schedule II opioid or Schedule III opioid to  
2019 a patient, the prescriber shall periodically review information about the patient in:  
2020 (i) the database; or  
2021 (ii) other similar records of controlled substances the patient has filled.
- 2022 (c) A prescriber may assign the access and review required under Subsection (2)(a) to  
2023 one or more employees in accordance with Subsections 58-37f-301(2)(i) and (j).
- 2024 (d)(i) A prescriber may comply with the requirements in Subsections (2)(a) and (b)  
2025 by checking an electronic health record system if the electronic health record  
2026 system:
- 2027 (A) is connected to the database through a connection that has been approved by  
2028 the division; and
- 2029 (B) displays the information from the database in a prominent manner for the  
2030 prescriber.
- 2031 (ii) The division may not approve a connection to the database if the connection does  
2032 not satisfy the requirements established by the division under Section 58-37f-301.
- 2033 (e) A prescriber is not in violation of the requirements of Subsection (2)(a) or (b) if the  
2034 failure to comply with Subsection (2)(a) or (b):
- 2035 (i) is necessary due to an emergency situation;
- 2036 (ii) is caused by a suspension or disruption in the operation of the database; or

- 2037 (iii) is caused by a failure in the operation or availability of the Internet.
- 2038 (f) The division may not take action against the license of a prescriber for failure to
- 2039 comply with this Subsection (2) unless the failure occurs after the earlier of:
- 2040 (i) December 31, 2018; or
- 2041 (ii) the date that the division has the capability to establish a connection that meets
- 2042 the requirements established by the division under Section 58-37f-301 between
- 2043 the database and an electronic health record system.
- 2044 (3) The division shall, in collaboration with the licensing boards for prescribers and
- 2045 dispensers:
- 2046 (a) develop a system that gathers and reports to prescribers and dispensers the progress
- 2047 and results of the prescriber's and dispenser's individual access and review of the
- 2048 database, as provided in this section; and
- 2049 (b) reduce or waive the division's continuing education requirements regarding opioid
- 2050 prescriptions, described in [~~Section 58-37-6.5, including the online tutorial and test~~
- 2051 ~~relating to the database~~] Section 58-1-605, for prescribers and dispensers whose
- 2052 individual utilization of the database, as determined by the division, demonstrates
- 2053 substantial compliance with this section.
- 2054 (4) If the dispenser's access and review of the database suggest that the individual seeking
- 2055 an opioid may be obtaining opioids in quantities or frequencies inconsistent with
- 2056 generally recognized standards as provided in this section and Section 58-37f-201, the
- 2057 dispenser shall reasonably attempt to contact the prescriber to obtain the prescriber's
- 2058 informed, current, and professional decision regarding whether the prescribed opioid is
- 2059 medically justified, notwithstanding the results of the database search.
- 2060 (5)(a) The division shall review the database to identify any prescriber who has a pattern
- 2061 of prescribing opioids not in accordance with the recommendations of:
- 2062 (i) the CDC Guideline for Prescribing Opioids for Chronic Pain, published by the
- 2063 Centers for Disease Control and Prevention;
- 2064 (ii) the Utah Clinical Guidelines on Prescribing Opioids for Treatment of Pain,
- 2065 published by the Department of Health and Human Services; or
- 2066 (iii) other publications describing best practices related to prescribing opioids as
- 2067 identified by division rule in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
- 2068 Administrative Rulemaking Act, and in consultation with the Medical Licensing
- 2069 Board.
- 2070 (b) The division shall offer education to a prescriber identified under this Subsection (5)

- 2071 regarding best practices in the prescribing of opioids.
- 2072 (c) A decision by a prescriber to accept or not accept the education offered by the
- 2073 division under this Subsection (5) is voluntary.
- 2074 (d) The division may not use an identification the division has made under this
- 2075 Subsection (5) or the decision by a prescriber to accept or not accept education
- 2076 offered by the division under this Subsection (5) in a licensing investigation or action
- 2077 by the division.
- 2078 (e) Any record created by the division as a result of this Subsection (5) is a protected
- 2079 record under Section 63G-2-305.

- 2080 (6) The division may consult with a prescriber or health care system to assist the prescriber
- 2081 or health care system in following evidence-based guidelines regarding the prescribing
- 2082 of controlled substances, including the recommendations listed in Subsection (5)(a).

2083 Section 16. Section **58-37f-502** is amended to read:

2084 **58-37f-502 (Effective 07/01/25). Use of dedicated credits -- Controlled Substance**

2085 **Database -- Collection of penalties.**

- 2086 (1) The director may use the money deposited in the General Fund as a dedicated credit
- 2087 under Subsections [~~58-37-6(8)(a)~~] 58-37-6(6)(a), 58-37f-601(3)(d), and 58-37f-602(2)
- 2088 for the following purposes:
- 2089 (a) maintenance and replacement of the database equipment, including hardware and
- 2090 software;
- 2091 (b) training of staff; and
- 2092 (c) pursuit of external grants and matching funds.
- 2093 (2) The director of the division may collect any penalty imposed under Subsections [
- 2094 ~~58-37-6(8)(a)~~] 58-37-6(6)(a), 58-37f-601(3)(d), and 58-37f-602(2) and which is not paid
- 2095 by:
- 2096 (a) referring the matter to the Office of State Debt Collection or a collection agency; or
- 2097 (b) bringing an action in the district court of the county in which the person owing the
- 2098 debt resides or in the county where the office of the director is located.
- 2099 (3) The director may seek legal assistance from the attorney general or the county or district
- 2100 attorney of the district in which the action is brought to collect the fine.
- 2101 (4) The court shall award reasonable attorney fees and costs to the division for successful
- 2102 collection actions under Subsection (2)(b).

2103 Section 17. Section **58-37f-702** is amended to read:

2104 **58-37f-702 (Effective 07/01/25). Reporting prescribed controlled substance**

2105 **poisoning or overdose to a practitioner.**

- 2106 (1)(a) The division shall take the actions described in Subsection (1)(b) if the division  
2107 receives a report from a general acute hospital under Section 26B-2-225 regarding  
2108 admission to a general acute hospital for poisoning or overdose involving a  
2109 prescribed controlled substance.
- 2110 (b) The division shall, within three business days after the day on which a report in  
2111 Subsection (1)(a) is received:
- 2112 (i) attempt to identify, through the database, each practitioner who may have  
2113 prescribed the controlled substance to the patient; and
- 2114 (ii) provide each practitioner identified under Subsection (1)(b)(i) with:
- 2115 (A) a copy of the report provided by the general acute hospital under Section  
2116 26B-2-225; and
- 2117 (B) the information obtained from the database that led the division to determine  
2118 that the practitioner receiving the information may have prescribed the  
2119 controlled substance to the person named in the report.
- 2120 (2)(a) When the division receives a report from the medical examiner under Section  
2121 26B-8-210 regarding a death caused by poisoning or overdose involving a prescribed  
2122 controlled substance, for each practitioner identified by the medical examiner under  
2123 Subsection 26B-8-210(1)(c), the division:
- 2124 (i) shall, within five business days after the day on which the division receives the  
2125 report, provide the practitioner with a copy of the report; and
- 2126 (ii) may offer the practitioner an educational visit to review the report.
- 2127 (b) A practitioner may decline an educational visit described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii).
- 2128 (c) The division may not use, in a licensing investigation or action by the division:
- 2129 (i) information from an educational visit described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii); or  
2130 (ii) a practitioner's decision to decline an educational visit described in Subsection  
2131 (2)(a)(ii).
- 2132 (3) It is the intent of the Legislature that the information provided under Subsection (1) or  
2133 (2) is provided for the purpose of assisting the practitioner in:
- 2134 (a) discussing with the patient or others issues relating to the poisoning or overdose;  
2135 (b) advising the patient or others of measures that may be taken to avoid a future  
2136 poisoning or overdose; and
- 2137 (c) making decisions regarding future prescriptions written for the patient or others.
- 2138 (4) Any record created by the division as a result of an educational visit described in

2139 Subsection (2)(a)(ii) is a protected record for purposes of Title 63G, Chapter 2,  
2140 Government Records Access and Management Act.

2141 [~~(5) Beginning on July 1, 2010, the division shall, in accordance with Section 63J-1-504,~~  
2142 ~~increase the licensing fee described in Subsection 58-37-6(1)(b) to pay the startup and~~  
2143 ~~ongoing costs of the division for complying with the requirements of this section.]~~

2144 Section 18. Section **58-37f-703** is amended to read:

2145 **58-37f-703 (Effective 07/01/25). Entering certain convictions into the database**  
2146 **and reporting them to practitioners.**

2147 (1) When the division receives a report from a court under Subsection 41-6a-502(5) or  
2148 41-6a-502.5(5)(b) relating to a conviction for driving under the influence of, or while  
2149 impaired by, a prescribed controlled substance, the division shall:

2150 (a) daily enter into the database the information supplied in the report, including the date  
2151 on which the person was convicted;

2152 (b) attempt to identify, through the database, each practitioner who may have prescribed  
2153 the controlled substance to the convicted person; and

2154 (c) provide each practitioner identified under Subsection (1)(b) with:

2155 (i) a copy of the information provided by the court; and

2156 (ii) the information obtained from the database that led the division to determine that  
2157 the practitioner receiving the information may have prescribed the controlled  
2158 substance to the convicted person.

2159 (2) It is the intent of the Legislature that the information provided under Subsection (1)(b)  
2160 is provided for the purpose of assisting the practitioner in:

2161 (a) discussing the manner in which the controlled substance may impact the convicted  
2162 person's driving;

2163 (b) advising the convicted person on measures that may be taken to avoid adverse  
2164 impacts of the controlled substance on future driving; and

2165 (c) making decisions regarding future prescriptions written for the convicted person.

2166 [~~(3) Beginning on July 1, 2010, the division shall, in accordance with Section 63J-1-504,~~  
2167 ~~increase the licensing fee described in Subsection 58-37-6(1)(b) to pay the startup and~~  
2168 ~~ongoing costs of the division for complying with the requirements of this section.]~~

2169 Section 19. Section **63I-1-258** is amended to read:

2170 **63I-1-258 (Effective 07/01/25). Repeal dates: Title 58.**

2171 (1) Title 58, Chapter 13, Health Care Providers Immunity from Liability Act, is repealed  
2172 July 1, 2026.



- 2173 (2) Title 58, Chapter 15, Health Facility Administrator Act, is repealed July 1, 2025.
- 2174 (3) Title 58, Chapter 20b, Environmental Health Scientist Act, is repealed July 1, 2028.
- 2175 (4) Section 58-37-3.5, Drugs for behavioral health treatment, is repealed July 1, 2027.
- 2176 (5) Subsection [~~58-37-6(7)(f)(iii)~~] 58-37-6(5)(f)(iii), regarding a seven-day opiate supply  
2177 restriction, is repealed July 1, 2032.
- 2178 (6) Title 58, Chapter 40, Recreational Therapy Practice Act, is repealed July 1, 2033.
- 2179 (7) Title 58, Chapter 41, Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology Licensing Act, is  
2180 repealed July 1, 2029.
- 2181 (8) Title 58, Chapter 46a, Hearing Instrument Specialist Licensing Act, is repealed July 1,  
2182 2033.
- 2183 (9) Title 58, Chapter 47b, Massage Therapy Practice Act, is repealed July 1, 2034.
- 2184 (10) Subsection 58-55-201(2), regarding the Alarm System and Security Licensing  
2185 Advisory Board, is repealed July 1, 2027.
- 2186 (11) Title 58, Chapter 61, Part 7, Behavior Analyst Licensing Act, is repealed July 1, 2026.  
2187 Section 20. Section **76-5-102.1** is amended to read:
- 2188 **76-5-102.1 (Effective 07/01/25). Negligently operating a vehicle resulting in**  
2189 **injury.**
- 2190 (1)(a) As used in this section:
- 2191 (i) "Controlled substance" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-2.
- 2192 (ii) "Drug" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5-207.
- 2193 (iii) "Negligent" or "negligence" means the same as that term is defined in Section  
2194 76-5-207.
- 2195 (iv) "Vehicle" means the same as that term is defined in Section 41-6a-501.
- 2196 (b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
- 2197 (2) An actor commits negligently operating a vehicle resulting in injury if the actor:
- 2198 (a)(i) operates a vehicle in a negligent manner causing bodily injury to another; and  
2199 (ii)(A) has sufficient alcohol in the actor's body such that a subsequent chemical  
2200 test shows that the actor has a blood or breath alcohol concentration of .05  
2201 grams or greater at the time of the test;
- 2202 (B) is under the influence of alcohol, a drug, or the combined influence of alcohol  
2203 and a drug to a degree that renders the actor incapable of safely operating a  
2204 vehicle; or
- 2205 (C) has a blood or breath alcohol concentration of .05 grams or greater at the time  
2206 of operation; or

- 2207 (b)(i) operates a vehicle in a criminally negligent manner causing bodily injury to  
2208 another; and
- 2209 (ii) has in the actor's body any measurable amount of a controlled substance.
- 2210 (3) Except as provided in Subsection (4), a violation of Subsection (2) is:
- 2211 (a)(i) a class A misdemeanor; or
- 2212 (ii) a third degree felony if the actor has two or more driving under the influence  
2213 related convictions under Subsection 41-6a-501(2)(a), each of which is within 10  
2214 years of:
- 2215 (A) the current conviction; or
- 2216 (B) the commission of the offense upon which the current conviction is based;
- 2217 (iii) a third degree felony, if the current conviction is at any time after the conviction  
2218 of:
- 2219 (A) a conviction, as the term conviction is defined in Subsection 41-6a-501(2),  
2220 that is a felony; or
- 2221 (B) any conviction described in Subsection (3)(a)(iii)(A) for which judgment of  
2222 conviction is reduced under Section 76-3-402; or
- 2223 (iv) a third degree felony if the bodily injury is serious bodily injury; and
- 2224 (b) a separate offense for each victim suffering bodily injury as a result of the actor's  
2225 violation of this section, regardless of whether the injuries arise from the same  
2226 episode of driving.
- 2227 (4) An actor is not guilty of negligently operating a vehicle resulting in injury under  
2228 Subsection (2)(b) if:
- 2229 (a) the controlled substance was obtained under a valid prescription or order, directly  
2230 from a practitioner while acting in the course of the practitioner's professional  
2231 practice, or as otherwise authorized by Title 58, Occupations and Professions;
- 2232 (b) the controlled substance is 11-nor-9-carboxy-tetrahydrocannabinol; or
- 2233 (c) the actor possessed, in the actor's body, a controlled substance listed in Section  
2234 58-37-4.2 if:
- 2235 (i) the actor is the subject of medical research conducted by a holder of a valid [  
2236 ~~license to possess controlled substances under Section 58-37-6~~] registration issued  
2237 by the federal Drug Enforcement Administration; and
- 2238 (ii) the substance was administered to the actor by the medical researcher.
- 2239 (5)(a) A judge imposing a sentence under this section may consider:
- 2240 (i) the adult sentencing and supervision length guidelines, as defined in Section

- 2241                   63M-7-401.1;
- 2242                   (ii) the defendant's history;
- 2243                   (iii) the facts of the case;
- 2244                   (iv) aggravating and mitigating factors; or
- 2245                   (v) any other relevant fact.
- 2246                   (b) The judge may not impose a lesser sentence than would be required for a conviction
- 2247                   based on the defendant's history under Section 41-6a-505.
- 2248                   (c) The standards for chemical breath analysis under Section 41-6a-515 and the
- 2249                   provisions for the admissibility of chemical test results under Section 41-6a-516
- 2250                   apply to determination and proof of blood alcohol content under this section.
- 2251                   (d) A calculation of blood or breath alcohol concentration under this section shall be
- 2252                   made in accordance with Subsection 41-6a-502(3).
- 2253                   (e) Except as provided in Subsection (4), the fact that an actor charged with violating
- 2254                   this section is or has been legally entitled to use alcohol or a drug is not a defense.
- 2255                   (f) Evidence of a defendant's blood or breath alcohol content or drug content is
- 2256                   admissible except if prohibited by the Utah Rules of Evidence, the United States
- 2257                   Constitution, or the Utah Constitution.
- 2258                   (g) In accordance with Subsection 77-2a-3(8), a guilty or no contest plea to an offense
- 2259                   described in this section may not be held in abeyance.
- 2260                   Section 21. Section **76-5-207** is amended to read:
- 2261                   **76-5-207 (Effective 07/01/25). Automobile homicide -- Penalties -- Evidence.**
- 2262                   (1)(a) As used in this section:
- 2263                   (i) "Controlled substance" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-2.
- 2264                   (ii) "Criminally negligent" means the same as that term is described in Subsection
- 2265                   76-2-103(4).
- 2266                   (iii) "Drug" means:
- 2267                   (A) a controlled substance;
- 2268                   (B) a drug as defined in Section 58-37-2; or
- 2269                   (C) a substance that, when knowingly, intentionally, or recklessly taken into the
- 2270                   human body, can impair the ability of an individual to safely operate a vehicle.
- 2271                   (iv) "Negligent" or "negligence" means simple negligence, the failure to exercise that
- 2272                   degree of care that reasonable and prudent persons exercise under like or similar
- 2273                   circumstances.
- 2274                   (v) "Vehicle" means the same as that term is defined in Section 41-6a-501.

- 2275 (b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
- 2276 (2) An actor commits automobile homicide if the actor:
- 2277 (a)(i) operates a vehicle in a negligent or criminally negligent manner causing the
- 2278 death of another individual; and
- 2279 (ii)(A) has sufficient alcohol in the actor's body such that a subsequent chemical
- 2280 test shows that the actor has a blood or breath alcohol concentration of .05
- 2281 grams or greater at the time of the test;
- 2282 (B) is under the influence of alcohol, any drug, or the combined influence of
- 2283 alcohol and any drug to a degree that renders the actor incapable of safely
- 2284 operating a vehicle; or
- 2285 (C) has a blood or breath alcohol concentration of .05 grams or greater at the time
- 2286 of operation; or
- 2287 (b)(i) operates a vehicle in a criminally negligent manner causing death to another;
- 2288 and
- 2289 (ii) has in the actor's body any measurable amount of a controlled substance.
- 2290 (3) Except as provided in Subsection (4), an actor who violates Subsection (2) is guilty of:
- 2291 (a) a second degree felony, punishable by a term of imprisonment of not less than five
- 2292 years nor more than 15 years; and
- 2293 (b) a separate offense for each victim suffering death as a result of the actor's violation
- 2294 of this section, regardless of whether the deaths arise from the same episode of
- 2295 driving.
- 2296 (4) An actor is not guilty of a violation of automobile homicide under Subsection (2)(b) if:
- 2297 (a) the controlled substance was obtained under a valid prescription or order, directly
- 2298 from a practitioner while acting in the course of the practitioner's professional
- 2299 practice, or as otherwise authorized by Title 58, Occupations and Professions;
- 2300 (b) the controlled substance is 11-nor-9-carboxy-tetrahydrocannabinol; or
- 2301 (c) the actor possessed, in the actor's body, a controlled substance listed in Section
- 2302 58-37-4.2 if:
- 2303 (i) the actor is the subject of medical research conducted by a holder of a valid [  
2304 ~~license to possess controlled substances under Section 58-37-6]~~ registration issued  
2305 by the federal Drug Enforcement Administration; and
- 2306 (ii) the substance was administered to the actor by the medical researcher.
- 2307 (5)(a) A judge imposing a sentence under this section may consider:
- 2308 (i) the adult sentencing and supervision length guidelines, as defined in Section

- 2309                   63M-7-401.1;
- 2310                   (ii) the defendant's history;
- 2311                   (iii) the facts of the case;
- 2312                   (iv) aggravating and mitigating factors; or
- 2313                   (v) any other relevant fact.
- 2314                   (b) The judge may not impose a lesser sentence than would be required for a conviction
- 2315                   based on the defendant's history under Section 41-6a-505.
- 2316                   (c) The standards for chemical breath analysis as provided by Section 41-6a-515 and the
- 2317                   provisions for the admissibility of chemical test results as provided by Section
- 2318                   41-6a-516 apply to determination and proof of blood alcohol content under this
- 2319                   section.
- 2320                   (d) A calculation of blood or breath alcohol concentration under this section shall be
- 2321                   made in accordance with Subsection 41-6a-502(3).
- 2322                   (e) Except as provided in Subsection (4), the fact that an actor charged with violating
- 2323                   this section is or has been legally entitled to use alcohol or a drug is not a defense.
- 2324                   (f) Evidence of a defendant's blood or breath alcohol content or drug content is
- 2325                   admissible except when prohibited by the Utah Rules of Evidence, the United States
- 2326                   Constitution, or the Utah Constitution.
- 2327                   (g) In accordance with Subsection 77-2a-3(8), a guilty or no contest plea to an offense
- 2328                   described in this section may not be held in abeyance.
- 2329                   (6) If, when imposing a sentence under this section, the court finds that it is in the interest
- 2330                   of justice to suspend the imposition of prison, the court shall detail the finding on the
- 2331                   record, including why a suspended prison sentence is in the interest of justice.
- 2332                   (7) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), the court may impose a sentence of not less than
- 2333                   three years nor more than 15 years if the court details on the record why it is in the
- 2334                   interest of justice.

2335                   Section 22. **Repealer.**

2336                   This bill repeals:

2337                   Section **26B-3-131, Screening, Brief Intervention, and Referral to Treatment Medicaid**

2338 **reimbursement.**

2339                   Section **49-20-416, Screening, Brief Intervention, and Referral to Treatment program**

2340 **reimbursement.**

2341                   Section **58-37-6.5, Continuing education for controlled substance prescribers.**

2342                   Section 23. **Effective Date.**

2343 (1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), this bill takes effect July 1, 2025.

2344 (2) The actions affecting Section 58-1-605 (Effective 05/07/25) take effect on May 7, 2025.