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Medical Waste Amendments

2025 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Bridger Bolinder

Senate Sponsor: 2 3 **LONG TITLE** 4 **General Description:** 5 This bill addresses the distribution of facility-provided medication to patients under certain 6 circumstances. 7 **Highlighted Provisions:** 8 This bill: 9 defines terms; 10 requires certain health facilities to offer the unused portion of a facility-provided 11 medication to the patient under certain circumstances; 12 requires that a facility-provided medication be labeled in accordance with the Pharmacy 13 Practice Act: 14 addresses counseling to patients regarding facility-provided medication; and 15 makes technical and conforming changes. 16 Money Appropriated in this Bill: 17 None 18 **Other Special Clauses:** 19 None 20 **Utah Code Sections Affected:** 21 AMENDS: 22 **26B-4-501**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 257 23 **ENACTS:** 24 **26B-4-516**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 25 26 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

- 27 Section 1. Section **26B-4-501** is amended to read:
- 28 26B-4-501. Definitions.
- 29 As used in this part:
- 30 (1) "Ambulatory surgical facility" means the same as that term is defined in Section

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- 31 <u>26B-2-201.</u>
- 32 (2) "Controlled substance" means the same as that term is defined in Title 58, Chapter 37,
- 33 Utah Controlled Substances Act.
- [(2)] (3) "Critical access hospital" means a critical access hospital that meets the criteria of
- 35 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1395i-4(c)(2) (1998).
- 36 [(3)] (4) "Designated facility" means:
- 37 (a) a freestanding urgent care center;
- 38 (b) a general acute hospital; or
- 39 (c) a critical access hospital.
- 40 [(4)] (5) "Dispense" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-17b-102.
- 41 [(5)] (6) "Division" means the Division of Professional Licensing created in Section
- 42 58-1-103.
- 43 [(6)] (7) "Emergency contraception" means the use of a substance, approved by the United
- States Food and Drug Administration, to prevent pregnancy after sexual intercourse.
- 45 (8) "Facility-provided medication" means a topical antibiotic, anti-inflammatory, dilation,
- or glaucoma drop or ointment that is:
- 47 (a) provided in an operating room, emergency department, or ambulatory surgical
- 48 facility; and
- 49 (b)(i) retrieved from a dispensing system during a procedure or visit; or
- 50 (ii) ordered at least 24 hours in advance and kept on standby for a specific patient's
- 51 <u>procedure or visit.</u>
- 52 [(7)] (9) "Freestanding urgent care center" means the same as that term is defined in Section
- 53 59-12-801.
- [(8)] (10) "General acute hospital" means the same as that term is defined in Section
- 55 26B-2-201.
- 56 [(9)] (11) "Health care facility" means a hospital, a hospice inpatient residence, a nursing
- facility, a dialysis treatment facility, an assisted living residence, an entity that provides
- home- and community-based services, a hospice or home health care agency, or another
- facility that provides or contracts to provide health care services, which facility is
- 60 licensed under Chapter 2, Part 2, Health Care Facility Licensing and Inspection.
- 61 [(10)] (12) "Health care provider" means:
- 62 (a) a physician, as defined in Section 58-67-102;
- (b) an advanced practice registered nurse, as defined in Section 58-31b-102;
- (c) a physician assistant, as defined in Section 58-70a-102; or

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65 (d) an individual licensed to engage in the practice of dentistry, as defined in Section 58-69-102. 66 67 [(11)] (13) "Increased risk" means risk exceeding the risk typically experienced by an 68 individual who is not using, and is not likely to use, an opiate. 69 [(12)] (14) "Opiate" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-2. 70 [(13)] (15) "Opiate antagonist" means naloxone hydrochloride or any similarly acting drug 71 that is not a controlled substance and that is approved by the federal Food and Drug 72 Administration for the diagnosis or treatment of an opiate-related drug overdose. [(14)] (16) "Opiate-related drug overdose event" means an acute condition, including a 73 74 decreased level of consciousness or respiratory depression resulting from the 75 consumption or use of a controlled substance, or another substance with which a 76 controlled substance was combined, and that a person would reasonably believe to 77 require medical assistance. [(15)] (17) "Overdose outreach provider" means: 78 79 (a) a law enforcement agency; 80 (b) a fire department; 81 (c) an emergency medical service provider, as defined in Section 26B-4-101; 82 (d) emergency medical service personnel, as defined in Section 26B-4-101; 83 (e) an organization providing treatment or recovery services for drug or alcohol use; 84 (f) an organization providing support services for an individual, or a family of an 85 individual, with a substance use disorder; 86 (g) a certified peer support specialist, as defined in Section 26B-5-610; 87 (h) an organization providing substance use or mental health services under contract 88 with a local substance abuse authority, as defined in Section 26B-5-101, or a local 89 mental health authority, as defined in Section 26B-5-101; 90 (i) an organization providing services to the homeless; 91 (i) a local health department; 92 (k) an individual licensed to practice under: 93 (i) Title 58, Chapter 17b, Pharmacy Practice Act; 94 (ii) Title 58, Chapter 60, Part 2, Social Worker Licensing Act; or 95 (iii) Title 58, Chapter 60, Part 5, Substance Use Disorder Counselor Act; or 96 (1) an individual. 97 [(16)] (18) "Patient counseling" means the same as that term is defined in Section

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58-17b-102.

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- 99 [(17)] (19) "Pharmacist" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-17b-102.
- 100 [(18)] (20) "Pharmacy intern" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-17b-102.
- [(19)] (21) "Physician" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-67-102.
- 102 [(20)] (22) "Practitioner" means:
- 103 (a) a physician; or
- (b) any other person who is permitted by law to prescribe emergency contraception.
- 105 [(21)] (23) "Prescribe" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-17b-102.
- 106 [(22)] (24)(a) "Self-administered hormonal contraceptive" means a self-administered
- hormonal contraceptive that is approved by the United States Food and Drug
- Administration to prevent pregnancy.
- 109 (b) "Self-administered hormonal contraceptive" includes an oral hormonal contraceptive,
- a hormonal vaginal ring, and a hormonal contraceptive patch.
- (c) "Self-administered hormonal contraceptive" does not include any drug intended to
- induce an abortion, as that term is defined in Section 76-7-301.
- 113 [(23)] (25) "Sexual assault" means any criminal conduct described in Title 76, Chapter 5,
- Part 4, Sexual Offenses, that may result in a pregnancy.
- 115 [(24)] (26) "Victim of sexual assault" means any person who presents to receive, or
- receives, medical care in consequence of being subjected to sexual assault.
- 117 Section 2. Section **26B-4-516** is enacted to read:
- 118 **26B-4-516**. Facility-provided medication -- Use and distribution.
- 119 (1) When a facility-provided medication is administered to a patient, any unused portion of
- the facility-provided medication shall be offered to the patient upon discharge if the
- medication is required for continued treatment.
- 122 (2) A facility-provided medication offered to a patient under this section shall be labeled in
- compliance with Title 58, Chapter 17b, Pharmacy Practice Act.
- 124 (3) If a facility-provided medication is used in an operating room or emergency department,
- the prescriber is responsible for providing the patient with counseling on the
- medication's proper use and administration.
- 127 (4) The pharmacist counseling requirement described in Section 58-17b-613 does not apply
- to a facility-provided medication dispensed in accordance with this section.
- 129 Section 3. **Effective Date.**
- 130 This bill takes effect on May 7, 2025.