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Housing and Transit Reinvestment Zone Amendments

2025 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Wayne A. Harper

(LONG TITLE Committee Note:
	The Economic Development and Workforce Services Interim Committee recommended
	this bill.
	Legislative Vote: 12 voting for 0 voting against 5 absent
	General Description:
	This bill modifies provisions regarding the Housing and Transit Reinvestment Zone Act.
	Highlighted Provisions:
	This bill:
	 modifies definitions;
	• amends the median gross income for a certain percentage of proposed dwelling units
	within the housing and transit reinvestment zone to the county median gross income for
	households of the same size;
	• clarifies that the collection of a tax increment for a housing and transit reinvestment zon
	project may be triggered no more than three times per project; and
	 makes technical and conforming changes.
	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
	Other Special Clauses:
	None
	Utah Code Sections Affected:
	AMENDS:
	63N-3-602, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 521, 537
	63N-3-603 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 521, 537

31 As used in this part:

32 (1) "Affordable housing" means housing occupied or reserved for occupancy by households 33 with a gross household income: 34 (a) equal to or less than 80% of the <u>county</u> median gross income[of the applicable 35 municipal or county statistical area] for households of the same size[, in certain 36 circumstances as provided in this part]; or 37 (b) equal to or less than 60% of the <u>county</u> median gross income[of the applicable 38 municipal or county statistical area] for households of the same size[, in certain 39 circumstances as provided in this part]. 40 (2) "Agency" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102. 41 (3) "Base taxable value" means a property's taxable value as shown upon the assessment 42 roll last equalized during the base year. 43 (4) "Base year" means, for each tax increment collection period triggered within a proposed 44 housing and transit reinvestment zone area, the calendar year prior to the calendar year 45 the tax increment begins to be collected for [those] the parcels that are in a project that is 46 triggered for that collection period. 47 (5) "Bus rapid transit" means a high-quality bus-based transit system that delivers fast and 48 efficient service that may include dedicated lanes, busways, traffic signal priority, 49 off-board fare collection, elevated platforms, and enhanced stations. 50 (6) "Bus rapid transit station" means an existing station, stop, or terminal, or a proposed 51 station, stop, or terminal that is specifically identified as needed in phase one of a 52 metropolitan planning organization's adopted long-range transportation plan and in 53 phase one of the relevant public transit district's adopted long-range transit plan: 54 (a) along an existing bus rapid transit line; or 55 (b) along an extension to an existing bus rapid transit line or new bus rapid transit line. 56 (7)(a) "Commuter rail" means a heavy-rail passenger rail transit facility operated by a 57 large public transit district. 58 (b) "Commuter rail" does not include a light-rail passenger rail facility of a large public 59 transit district. 60 (8) "Commuter rail station" means an existing station, stop, or terminal, or a proposed 61 station, stop, or terminal, which has been specifically identified as needed in phase one 62 of a metropolitan planning organization's adopted long-range transportation plan and in 63 phase one of the relevant public transit district's adopted long-range transit plan: 64 (a) along an existing commuter rail line;

(b) along an extension to an existing commuter rail line or new commuter rail line; or

66	(c) along a fixed guideway extension from an existing commuter rail line.
67	(9)(a) "Developable area" means the portion of land within a housing and transit
68	reinvestment zone available for development and construction of business and
69	residential uses.
70	(b) "Developable area" does not include portions of land within a housing and transit
71	reinvestment zone that are allocated to:
72	(i) parks;
73	(ii) recreation facilities;
74	(iii) open space;
75	(iv) trails;
76	(v) publicly-owned roadway facilities; or
77	(vi) other public facilities.
78	(10) "Dwelling unit" means one or more rooms arranged for the use of one or more
79	individuals living together, as a single housekeeping unit normally having cooking,
80	living, sanitary, and sleeping facilities.
81	(11) "Enhanced development" means the construction of mixed uses including housing,
82	commercial uses, and related facilities.
83	(12) "Enhanced development costs" means extra costs associated with structured parking
84	costs, vertical construction costs, horizontal construction costs, life safety costs,
85	structural costs, conveyor or elevator costs, and other costs incurred due to the increased
86	height of buildings or enhanced development.
87	(13) "First home investment zone" means the same as that term is defined in Section
88	63N-3-1601.
89	(14) "Fixed guideway" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-12-102.
90	(15) "Horizontal construction costs" means the additional costs associated with earthwork,
91	over excavation, utility work, transportation infrastructure, and landscaping to achieve
92	enhanced development in the housing and transit reinvestment zone.
93	(16) "Housing and transit reinvestment zone" means a housing and transit reinvestment
94	zone created pursuant to this part.
95	(17) "Housing and transit reinvestment zone committee" means a housing and transit
96	reinvestment zone committee created pursuant to Section 63N-3-605.
97	(18) "Large public transit district" means the same as that term is defined in Section
98	17B-2a-802.
99	(19) "Light rail" means a passenger rail public transit system with right-of-way and fixed

100	rails:
101	(a) dedicated to exclusive use by light-rail public transit vehicles;
102	(b) that may cross streets at grade; and
103	(c) that may share parts of surface streets.
104	(20) "Light rail station" means an existing station, stop, or terminal or a proposed station,
105	stop, or terminal, which has been specifically identified as needed in phase one of a
106	metropolitan planning organization's adopted long-range transportation plan and in
107	phase one of the relevant public transit district's adopted long-range plan:
108	(a) along an existing light rail line; or
109	(b) along an extension to an existing light rail line or new light rail line.
110	(21) "Metropolitan planning organization" means the same as that term is defined in
111	Section 72-1-208.5.
112	(22) "Mixed use development" means development with a mix of:
113	(a) multi-family residential use; and
114	(b) at least one additional land use, which shall be a significant part of the overall
115	development.
116	(23) "Municipality" means the same as that term is defined in Section 10-1-104.
117	(24) "Participant" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102.
118	(25) "Participation agreement" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102,
118a	
119	except that the agency may not provide and the person may not receive a direct subsidy.
120	(26) "Public transit county" means a county that has created a small public transit district.
121	(27) "Public transit hub" means a public transit depot or station where four or more routes
122	serving separate parts of the county-created transit district stop to transfer riders between
123	routes.
124	(28) "Sales and use tax base year" means a sales and use tax year determined by the first
125	year pertaining to the tax imposed in Section 59-12-103 after the sales and use tax
126	boundary for a housing and transit reinvestment zone is established.
127	(29) "Sales and use tax boundary" means a boundary created as described in Section
128	63N-3-604, based on state sales and use tax collection that corresponds as closely as
129	reasonably practicable to the housing and transit reinvestment zone boundary.
130	(30) "Sales and use tax increment" means the difference between:
131	(a) the amount of state sales and use tax revenue generated each year following the sales
132	and use tax base year by the sales and use tax from the area within a housing and

133	transit reinvestment zone designated in the housing and transit reinvestment zone
134	proposal as the area from which sales and use tax increment is to be collected; and
135	(b) the amount of state sales and use tax revenue that was generated from that same area
136	during the sales and use tax base year.
137	(31) "Sales and use tax revenue" means revenue that is generated from the tax imposed
138	under Section 59-12-103.
139	(32) "Small public transit district" means the same as that term is defined in Section
140	17B-2a-802.
141	(33) "Tax Commission" means the State Tax Commission created in Section 59-1-201.
142	(34)(a) "Tax increment" means the difference between:
143	(i) the amount of property tax revenue generated each tax year by a taxing entity from
144	the area within a housing and transit reinvestment zone designated in the housing
145	and transit reinvestment zone proposal as the area from which tax increment is to
146	be collected, using the current assessed value and each taxing entity's current
147	certified tax rate as defined in Section 59-2-924; and
148	(ii) the amount of property tax revenue that would be generated from that same area
149	using the base taxable value and each taxing entity's current certified tax rate as
150	defined in Section 59-2-924.
151	(b) "Tax increment" does not include property tax revenue from:
152	(i) a multicounty assessing and collecting levy described in Subsection 59-2-1602(2);
153	or
154	(ii) a county additional property tax described in Subsection 59-2-1602(4).
155	(35) "Taxing entity" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102.
156	(36) "Vertical construction costs" means the additional costs associated with construction
157	above four stories and structured parking to achieve enhanced development in the
158	housing and transit reinvestment zone.
159	Section 2. Section 63N-3-603 is amended to read:
160	63N-3-603 . Applicability, requirements, and limitations on a housing and transit
161	reinvestment zone.
162	(1) A housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal created under this part shall promote
163	the following objectives:
164	(a) higher utilization of public transit;
165	(b) increasing availability of housing, including affordable housing, and fulfillment of
166	moderate income housing plans;

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167	(c) promoting and encouraging development of owner-occupied housing;
168	(d) improving efficiencies in parking and transportation, including walkability of
169	communities near public transit facilities;
170	(e) overcoming development impediments and market conditions that render a
171	development cost prohibitive absent the proposal and incentives;
172	(f) conserving water resources through efficient land use;
173	(g) improving air quality by reducing fuel consumption and motor vehicle trips;
174	(h) encouraging transformative mixed-use development and investment in transportation
175	and public transit infrastructure in strategic areas;
176	(i) strategic land use and municipal planning in major transit investment corridors as
177	described in Subsection 10-9a-403(2);
178	(j) increasing access to employment and educational opportunities; and
179	(k) increasing access to child care.
180	(2)(a) In order to accomplish the objectives described in Subsection (1), a municipality
181	or public transit county that initiates the process to create a housing and transit
182	reinvestment zone as described in this part shall ensure that the proposal for a
183	housing and transit reinvestment zone includes:
184	(i) except as provided in Subsection (3), at least 12% of the proposed dwelling units
185	within the housing and transit reinvestment zone are affordable housing units,
186	with:
187	(A) up to 9% of the proposed dwelling units occupied or reserved for occupancy
188	by households with a gross household income equal to or less than 80% of the
189	county median gross income [of the applicable municipal or county statistical
190	area] for households of the same size; and $[(B)]$ at least 3% of the proposed
191	dwelling units occupied or reserved for occupancy by households with a gross
192	household income equal to or less than 60% of the county median gross
193	income [of the applicable municipal or county statistical area]for households
194	of the same size;
195	(ii) except as provided in Subsection (2)(c), a housing and transit reinvestment zone
196	shall include:
197	(A) at least 51% of the developable area within a housing and transit reinvestment
198	zone as residential uses; and
199	(B) an average of at least 50 dwelling units per acre within the acreage of the
200	housing and transit reinvestment zone dedicated to residential uses;

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201	(iii) mixed-use development; and
202	(iv) a mix of dwelling units to ensure that a reasonable percentage of the dwelling
203	units has more than one bedroom.
204	(b)(i) If a housing and transit reinvestment zone is phased, a municipality or public
205	transit county shall ensure that a housing and transit reinvestment zone is phased
206	and developed to provide the required 12% of affordable housing units in each
207	phase of development.
208	(ii) A municipality or public transit county may allow a housing and transit
209	reinvestment zone to be phased and developed in a manner to provide more of the
210	required affordable housing units in early phases of development.
211	(iii) A municipality or public transit county shall include in a housing and transit
212	reinvestment zone proposal an affordable housing plan, which may include deed
213	restrictions, to ensure the affordable housing required in the proposal will continue
214	to meet the definition of affordable housing at least throughout the entire term of
215	the housing and transit reinvestment zone.
216	(c) For a housing and transit reinvestment zone proposed by a public transit county at a
217	public transit hub, or for a housing and transit reinvestment zone proposed by a
218	municipality at a bus rapid transit station, the housing and transit reinvestment zone
219	shall include:
220	(i) at least 51% of the developable area within a housing and transit reinvestment
221	zone as residential uses; and
222	(ii) an average of at least 39 dwelling units per acre within the acreage of the housing
223	and transit reinvestment zone dedicated to residential uses.
224	(3) A municipality or public transit county that, at the time the housing and transit
225	reinvestment zone proposal is approved by the housing and transit reinvestment zone
226	committee, meets the affordable housing guidelines of the United States Department of
227	Housing and Urban Development at 60% area median income is exempt from the
228	requirement described in Subsection (2)(a).
229	(4)(a) A municipality may only propose a housing and transit reinvestment zone at a
230	commuter rail station, and a public transit county may only propose a housing and
231	transit reinvestment zone at a public transit hub, that:
232	(i) subject to Subsection (5)(a):
233	(A)(I) except as provided in Subsection (4)(a)(i)(A)(II), for a municipality,
234	does not exceed a 1/3 mile radius of a commuter rail station;

235	(II) for a municipality that is a city of the first class with a population greater
236	than 150,000 that is within a county of the first class, with an opportunity
237	zone created pursuant to Section 1400Z-1, Internal Revenue Code, does not
238	exceed a 1/2 mile radius of a commuter rail station located within the
239	opportunity zone; or
240	(III) for a public transit county, does not exceed a 1/3 mile radius of a public
241	transit hub; and
242	(B) has a total area of no more than 125 noncontiguous acres;
243	(ii) subject to Section 63N-3-607, proposes the capture of a maximum of 80% of each
244	taxing entity's tax increment above the base year for a term of no more than 25
245	consecutive years on each parcel within a 45-year period not to exceed the tax
246	increment amount approved in the housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal;
247	and
248	(iii) the commencement of collection of tax increment, for all or a portion of the
249	housing and transit reinvestment zone, will be triggered by providing notice as
250	described in Subsection (6), but a housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal
251	may not propose or include triggering more than three tax increment collection
252	periods for the same project during the applicable 45-year period.
253	(b) A municipality or public transit county may only propose a housing and transit
254	reinvestment zone at a light rail station or bus rapid transit station that:
255	(i) subject to Subsection (5):
256	(A) does not exceed:
257	(I) except as provided in Subsection (4)(b)(i)(A)(II), (III), or (4)(e), a 1/4 mile
258	radius of a bus rapid transit station or light rail station;
259	(II) for a municipality that is a city of the first class with a population greater than 150,000 that
260	is within a county of the first class, a 1/2 mile radius of a light rail station located in an
261	opportunity zone created pursuant to Section
262	1400Z-1, Internal Revenue Code; or
263	(III) a 1/2 mile radius of a light rail station located within a master-planned
264	development of 500 acres or more; and
265	(B) has a total area of no more than 100 noncontiguous acres;
266	(ii) subject to Subsection (4)(c) and Section 63N-3-607, proposes the capture of a
267	maximum of 80% of each taxing entity's tax increment above the base year for a
268	term of no more than 15 consecutive years on each parcel within a 30-year period

269	not to exceed the tax increment amount approved in the housing and transit
270	reinvestment zone proposal; and
271	(iii) the commencement of collection of tax increment, for all or a portion of the
272	housing and transit reinvestment zone, will be triggered by providing notice as
273	described in Subsection (6), but a housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal
274	may not propose or include triggering more than three tax increment collection
275	periods for the same project during the applicable 30-year period.
276	(c) For a housing and transit reinvestment zone proposed by a public transit county at a
277	public transit hub, or for a housing and transit reinvestment zone proposed by a
278	municipality at a bus rapid transit station, if the proposed housing density within the
279	housing and transit reinvestment zone is between 39 and 49 dwelling units per acre,
280	the maximum capture of each taxing entity's tax increment above the base year is
281	60%.
282	(d) A municipality that is a city of the first class with a population greater than 150,000
283	in a county of the first class as described in Subsections (4)(a)(i)(A)(II) and
284	(4)(b)(i)(A)(II) may only propose one housing and transit reinvestment zone within
285	an opportunity zone.
286	(e)(i) Subject to Subsection (4)(e)(ii), the radius restrictions described in Subsection
287	(4)(b)(i) do not apply, and a housing and transit reinvestment zone may extend to
288	an area between two light rail stations located within a city of the third class if the
289	two light rail stations are within a .95 mile distance on the same light rail line.
290	(ii) If a housing and transit reinvestment zone is extended to accommodate two light
291	rail stations as described in Subsection (4)(e)(i):
292	(A) the housing and transit reinvestment zone is limited to a total area not to
293	exceed 100 noncontiguous acres; and
294	(B) the housing and transit reinvestment zone may not exceed a 1/4 mile radius
295	from the light rail stations or any point on the light rail line between the two
296	stations.
297	(f) If a parcel within the housing and transit reinvestment zone is included as an area that
298	is part of a project area, as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102, and created
299	under Title 17C, Chapter 1, Agency Operations, that parcel may not be triggered for
300	collection unless the project area funds collection period, as that term is defined in
301	Section 17C-1-102, has expired.
302	(5)(a) For a housing and transit reinvestment zone for a commuter rail station, if a

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303	parcel is bisected by the relevant radius limitation, the full parcel may be included as
304	part of the housing and transit reinvestment zone area and will not count against the
305	limitations described in Subsection (4)(a)(i).
306	(b) For a housing and transit reinvestment zone for a light rail or bus rapid transit
307	station, if a parcel is bisected by the relevant radius limitation, the full parcel may be
308	included as part of the housing and transit reinvestment zone area and will not count
309	against the limitations described in Subsection (4)(b)(i).
310	(c) A housing and transit reinvestment zone may not be smaller than 10 acres.
311	(6) The notice of commencement of collection of tax increment required in Subsection
312	(4)(a)(iii) or (4)(b)(iii) shall be sent by mail or electronically to the following entities no
313	later than January 1 of the year for which the tax increment collection is proposed to
314	commence:
315	(a) the tax commission;
316	(b) the State Board of Education;
317	(c) the state auditor;
318	(d) the auditor of the county in which the housing and transit reinvestment zone is
319	located;
320	(e) each taxing entity affected by the collection of tax increment from the housing and
321	transit reinvestment zone; and
322	(f) the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity.
323	(7)(a) The maximum number of housing and transit reinvestment zones at light rail
324	stations is eight in any given county.
325	(b) Within a county of the first class, the maximum number of housing and transit
326	reinvestment zones at bus rapid transit stations is three.
327	(c) Within a county of the first class, the maximum total combined number of housing
328	and transit reinvestment zones described in Subsections (7)(a) and (b) and first home
329	investment zones created under Part 16, First Home Investment Zone Act, is 11.
330	(8)(a) This Subsection (8) applies to a specified county, as defined in Section
331	17-27a-408, that has created a small public transit district on or before January 1,
332	2022.
333	(b)(i) A county described in Subsection (8)(a) shall, in accordance with Section
334	63N-3-604, prepare and submit to the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity
335	a proposal to create a housing and transit reinvestment zone on or before
336	December 31, 2022.

337	(ii) A county described in Subsection (8)(a) that, on December 31, 2022, was
338	noncompliant under Section 17-27a-408 for failure to demonstrate in the county's
339	moderate income housing report that the county complied with Subsection
340	(8)(b)(i), may cure the deficiency in the county's moderate income housing report
341	by submitting satisfactory proof to the Housing and Community Development
342	Division that, notwithstanding the deadline in Subsection (8)(b)(i), the county has
343	submitted to the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity a proposal to create
344	a housing and transit reinvestment zone.
345	(c)(i) A county described in Subsection (8)(a) may not propose a housing and transit
346	reinvestment zone if more than 15% of the acreage within the housing and transit
347	reinvestment zone boundary is owned by the county.
348	(ii) For purposes of determining the percentage of acreage owned by the county as
349	described in Subsection (8)(c)(i), a county may exclude any acreage owned that is
350	used for highways, bus rapid transit, light rail, or commuter rail within the
351	boundary of the housing and transit reinvestment zone.
352	(d) To accomplish the objectives described in Subsection (1), if a county described in
353	Subsection (8)(a) has failed to comply with Subsection (8)(b)(i) by failing to submit
354	an application before December 31, 2022, an owner of undeveloped property who
355	has submitted a land use application to the county on or before December 31, 2022,
356	and is within a 1/3 mile radius of a public transit hub in a county described in
357	Subsection (8)(a), including parcels that are bisected by the $1/3$ mile radius, shall
358	have the right to develop and build a mixed-use development including the following:
359	(i) excluding the parcels devoted to commercial uses as described in Subsection
360	(8)(d)(ii), at least 39 dwelling units per acre on average over the developable area,
361	with at least 10% of the dwelling units as affordable housing units;
362	(ii) commercial uses including office, retail, educational, and healthcare in support of
363	the mixed-use development constituting up to 1/3 of the total planned gross
364	building square footage of the subject parcels; and
365	(iii) any other infrastructure element necessary or reasonable to support the
366	mixed-use development, including parking infrastructure, streets, sidewalks,
367	parks, and trails.
368	Section 3. Effective date.
369	This bill takes effect on May 7, 2025.