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Sex, Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender Registry Amendments

2025 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Keith Grover

House Sponsor: Matthew H. Gwynn

2 3 **LONG TITLE** 4 **General Description:** 5 This bill amends provisions related to the Sex, Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender Registry. 6 **Highlighted Provisions:** 7 This bill: 8 recodifies the statutes applicable to the Sex, Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender Registry; 9 and 10 makes technical and conforming changes. 11 **Money Appropriated in this Bill:** 12 None 13 **Other Special Clauses:** 14 None **Utah Code Sections Affected:** 15 16 AMENDS: 17 **13-51-107** (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 234 18 **13-67-101** (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 234 19 **26B-2-120** (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 234 20 **41-3-205.5** (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 145 21 **41-3-209** (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 251 22 **42-1-1** (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 296 53-3-205 (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 116, 23 24 234 25 **53-3-216** (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 234 26 **53-3-804** (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 116, 27 234 28 **53-3-806.5** (Effective **05/07/25**), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 234 29 **53-3-807** (Effective **05/07/25**), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 234

53-10-214 (Effective 05/07/25), as enacted by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 406

31 **53-10-403** (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 96, 32 153, 187, and 256 33 **53-10-404** (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 234 34 **57-8-3** (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 519 35 **57-8-8.1** (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 115, 519 36 **57-8a-102** (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 519 37 **57-8a-218** (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 115, 38 519 39 **63G-2-302** (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 234 40 **63G-7-301** (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 234 41 **76-1-201** (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 234 42 **76-1-202** (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 234 43 **76-3-402** (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 234 44 **76-5-401** (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 234 45 **76-5-401.1** (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 234 46 **76-5-401.3** (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 234 47 **76-9-702** (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 234 48 **76-9-702.1** (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 234 49 **76-9-702.5** (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 2 50 77-2-2.3 (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 234 51 77-11c-101 (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 234 52 77-27-5.2 (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 116, 53 234 54 77-38-605 (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 234 55 **77-40a-303** (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 180 56 **77-40a-403** (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 180 57 **78A-2-301** (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 366 58 **78B-8-302** (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 234 59 **80-3-406** (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 320 60 **80-5-201** (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 116, 61 234 62 **80-8-101** (Effective 05/07/25), as enacted by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 371

81-9-202 (Effective 05/07/25), as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2024,

80-8-201 (Effective 05/07/25), as enacted by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 371

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65 Chapter 366 81-9-208 (Effective 05/07/25), as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2024, 66 67 Chapter 366 **ENACTS:** 68 69 **53-29-101** (Effective 05/07/25), Utah Code Annotated 1953 70 **53-29-102** (Effective 05/07/25), Utah Code Annotated 1953 71 **53-29-201** (Effective 05/07/25), Utah Code Annotated 1953 72 **53-29-202** (Effective 05/07/25), Utah Code Annotated 1953 73 **53-29-203** (Effective **05/07/25**), Utah Code Annotated 1953 74 **53-29-204** (Effective 05/07/25), Utah Code Annotated 1953 75 **53-29-205** (Effective 05/07/25), Utah Code Annotated 1953 76 **53-29-206** (Effective 05/07/25), Utah Code Annotated 1953 77 **53-29-207** (Effective 05/07/25), Utah Code Annotated 1953 78 **53-29-301** (Effective 05/07/25), Utah Code Annotated 1953 79 **53-29-302** (Effective **05/07/25**), Utah Code Annotated 1953 80 **53-29-303** (Effective 05/07/25), Utah Code Annotated 1953 81 **53-29-304** (Effective 05/07/25), Utah Code Annotated 1953 82 **53-29-305** (Effective 05/07/25), Utah Code Annotated 1953 83 **53-29-401** (Effective 05/07/25), Utah Code Annotated 1953 84 **53-29-402** (Effective 05/07/25), Utah Code Annotated 1953 85 **53-29-403** (Effective 05/07/25), Utah Code Annotated 1953 **53-29-404** (Effective 05/07/25), Utah Code Annotated 1953 86 87 **53-29-405** (Effective 05/07/25), Utah Code Annotated 1953 88 RENUMBERS AND AMENDS: 89 **53-29-306** (Effective 05/07/25), (Renumbered from 77-27-21.7, as last amended by 90 Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 116, 234) 91 **53-29-307** (Effective 05/07/25), (Renumbered from 77-27-21.8, as last amended by 92 Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 234) 93 **REPEALS:** 94 77-41-102 (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 234 95 77-41-103 (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 116, 96 234 97 **77-41-104** (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 128 98 **77-41-105** (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 234

99	77-41-106 (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 234
100	77-41-107 (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 234
101	77-41-108 (Effective 05/07/25), as enacted by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 145
102	77-41-109 (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 234
103	77-41-110 (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 234
104	77-41-111 (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 128
105	77-41-112 (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 116,
106	234
107	77-41-113 (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 234
108	77-41-114 (Effective 05/07/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 234
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110	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
111	Section 1. Section 13-51-107 is amended to read:
112	13-51-107 (Effective 05/07/25). Driver requirements.
113	(1) Before a transportation network company allows an individual to use the transportation
114	network company's software application as a transportation network driver, the
115	transportation network company shall:
116	(a) require the individual to submit to the transportation network company:
117	(i) the individual's name, address, and age;
118	(ii) a copy of the individual's driver license, including the driver license number; and
119	(iii) proof that the vehicle that the individual will use to provide transportation
120	network services is registered with the Division of Motor Vehicles;
121	(b) require the individual to consent to a criminal background check of the individual by
122	the transportation network company or the transportation network company's
123	designee; and
124	(c) obtain and review a report that lists the individual's driving history.
125	(2) A transportation company may not allow an individual to provide transportation
126	network services as a transportation network driver if the individual:
127	(a) has committed more than three moving violations in the three years before the day on
128	which the individual applies to become a transportation network driver;
129	(b) has been convicted, in the seven years before the day on which the individual applies
130	to become a transportation network driver, of:
131	(i) driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs;
132	(ii) fraud;

133	(iii) a sexual offense;
134	(iv) a felony involving a motor vehicle;
135	(v) a crime involving property damage;
136	(vi) a crime involving theft;
137	(vii) a crime of violence; or
138	(viii) an act of terror;
139	(c) is required to register as a sex offender, kidnap offender, or child abuse offender in
140	accordance with [Title 77, Chapter 41, Sex, Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender
141	Registry] Title 53, Chapter 29, Sex, Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender Registry;
142	(d) does not have a valid Utah driver license; or
143	(e) is not at least 18 years old.
144	(3)(a) A transportation network company shall prohibit a transportation network driver
145	from accepting a request for a prearranged ride if the motor vehicle that the
146	transportation network driver uses to provide transportation network services fails to
147	comply with:
148	(i) equipment standards described in Section 41-6a-1601; and
149	(ii) emission requirements adopted by a county under Section 41-6a-1642.
150	(b)(i) If upon visual inspection, a defect relating to the equipment standards
151	described in Section 41-6a-1601 can be reasonably identified, an airport operator
152	may perform a safety inspection of a transportation network driver's vehicle
153	operating within the airport to ensure compliance with equipment standards
154	described in Section 41-6a-1601.
155	(ii) An airport operator shall conduct all inspections under this Subsection (3) in such
156	a manner to minimize impact to the transportation network driver's and
157	transportation network company vehicle's availability to provide prearranged rides
158	(4) A transportation network driver, while providing transportation network services, shall
159	carry proof, in physical or electronic form, that the transportation network driver is
160	covered by insurance that satisfies the requirements of Section 13-51-108.
161	Section 2. Section 13-67-101 is amended to read:
162	13-67-101 (Effective 05/07/25). Definitions.
163	As used in this chapter:
164	(1) "Banned member" means a member whose account or profile is the subject of a fraud
165	ban.
166	(2) "Criminal background screening" means a name search for an individual's criminal

167	conviction and is conducted by searching:
168	(a) available and regularly updated government public record databases that in the
169	aggregate provide national coverage for criminal conviction records; or
170	(b) a regularly updated database with national coverage of criminal conviction records
171	and sexual offender registries maintained by a private vendor.
172	(3)(a) "Criminal conviction" means a conviction for a crime in this state, another state,
173	or under federal law.
174	(b) "Criminal conviction" includes an offense that would require registration under [Title
175	77, Chapter 41, Sex, Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender Registry] Title 53, Chapter
176	29, Sex, Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender Registry, or under a similar law in a
177	different jurisdiction.
178	(4) "Division" means the Division of Consumer Protection in the Department of Commerce.
179	(5) "Fraud ban" means the expulsion of a member from an online dating service because, in
180	the judgment of the online dating service provider, there is a significant risk the member
181	will attempt to obtain money from another member through fraudulent means.
182	(6) "Member" means an individual who submits to an online dating service provider the
183	information required by the online dating service provider to access the online dating
184	service provider's online dating service.
185	(7) "Online dating service" means a product or service that is:
186	(a) conducted through a website or a mobile application; and
187	(b) primarily marketed and intended to offer a member access to dating or romantic
188	relationships with another member by arranging or facilitating the social introduction
189	of members.
190	(8) "Online dating service provider" means a person [predominately] predominantly
191	engaged in the business of offering an online dating service.
192	(9) "Utah member" means a member who provides a Utah billing address or zip code when
193	registering with an online dating service provider.
194	Section 3. Section 26B-2-120 is amended to read:
195	26B-2-120 (Effective 05/07/25). Background check Direct access to children or
196	vulnerable adults.
197	(1) As used in this section:
198	(a)(i) "Applicant" means an individual who is associated with a certification,
199	contract, or licensee with the department under this part and has direct access,
200	including:

201	(A) an adoptive parent or prospective adoptive parent, including an applicant for
202	an adoption in accordance with Section 78B-6-128;
203	(B) a foster parent or prospective foster parent;
204	(C) an individual who provides respite care to a foster parent or an adoptive parent
205	on more than one occasion;
206	(D) an individual who transports a child for a youth transportation company;
207	(E) an individual who provides certified peer support, as defined in Section
208	26B-5-610;
209	(F) an individual who provides peer supports, has a disability or a family member
210	with a disability, or is in recovery from a mental illness or a substance use
211	disorder;
212	(G) an individual who has lived experience with the services provided by the
213	department, and uses that lived experience to provide support, guidance, or
214	services to promote resiliency and recovery;
215	(H) an individual who is identified as a mental health professional, licensed under
216	Title 58, Chapter 60, Mental Health Professional Practice Act, and engaged in
217	the practice of mental health therapy, as defined in Section 58-60-102;
218	(I) an individual, other than the child or vulnerable adult receiving the service,
219	who is 12 years old or older and resides in a home, that is licensed or certified
220	by the division;
221	(J) an individual who is 12 years old or older and is associated with a certification,
222	contract, or licensee with the department under this part and has or will likely
223	have direct access;
224	(K) a foster home licensee that submits an application for an annual background
225	screening as required by Subsection 26B-2-105(4)(d)(iii); or
226	(L) a short-term relief care provider.
227	(ii) "Applicant" does not include:
228	(A) an individual who is in the custody of the Division of Child and Family
229	Services or the Division of Juvenile Justice and Youth Services;
230	(B) an individual who applies for employment with, or is employed by, the
231	Department of Health and Human Services;
232	(C) a parent of a person receiving services from the Division of Services for
233	People with Disabilities, if the parent provides direct care to and resides with
234	the person, including if the parent provides direct care to and resides with the

235	person pursuant to a court order; or
236	(D) an individual or a department contractor who provides services in an adults
237	only substance use disorder program, as defined by rule adopted by the
238	Department of Health and Human Services in accordance with Title 63G,
239	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, and who is not a program
240	director or a member, as defined by Section 26B-2-105, of the program.
241	(b) "Application" means a background check application to the office.
242	(c) "Bureau" means the Bureau of Criminal Identification within the Department of
243	Public Safety, created in Section 53-10-201.
244	(d) "Criminal finding" means a record of:
245	(i) an arrest for a criminal offense;
246	(ii) a warrant for a criminal arrest;
247	(iii) charges for a criminal offense; or
248	(iv) a criminal conviction.
249	(e) "Direct access" means that an individual has, or likely will have:
250	(i) contact with or access to a child or vulnerable adult by which the individual will
251	have the opportunity for personal communication or touch with the child or
252	vulnerable adult; or
253	(ii) an opportunity to view medical, financial, or other confidential personal
254	identifying information of the child, the child's parent or legal guardian, or the
255	vulnerable adult.
256	(f)(i) "Direct access qualified" means that the applicant has an eligible determination
257	by the office within the license and renewal time period; and
258	(ii) no more than 180 days have passed since the date on which the applicant's
259	association with a certification, contract, or licensee with the department expires.
260	(g) "Incidental care" means occasional care, not in excess of five hours per week and
261	never overnight, for a foster child.
262	(h) "Licensee" means an individual or a human services program licensed by the
263	division.
264	(i) "Non-criminal finding" means a record maintained in:
265	(i) the Division of Child and Family Services' Management Information System
266	described in Section 80-2-1001;
267	(ii) the Division of Child and Family Services' Licensing Information System
268	described in Section 80-2-1002

269	(iii) the Division of Aging and Adult Services' vulnerable adult abuse, neglect, or
270	exploitation database described in Section 26B-6-210;
271	(iv) juvenile court arrest, adjudication, and disposition records;
272	(v) the Sex, Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender Registry described in [Title 77,
273	Chapter 41, Sex, Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender Registry] Title 53, Chapter
274	29, Sex, Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender Registry, or a national sex offender
275	registry; or
276	(vi) a state child abuse or neglect registry.
277	(j) "Office" means the Office of Background Processing within the department.
278	(k) "Personal identifying information" means:
279	(i) current name, former names, nicknames, and aliases;
280	(ii) date of birth;
281	(iii) physical address and email address;
282	(iv) telephone number;
283	(v) driver license or other government-issued identification;
284	(vi) social security number;
285	(vii) only for applicants who are 18 years old or older, fingerprints, in a form
286	specified by the office; and
287	(viii) other information specified by the office by rule made in accordance with Title
288	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
289	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (12), an applicant or a representative shall submit the
290	following to the office:
291	(a) personal identifying information;
292	(b) a fee established by the office under Section 63J-1-504;
293	(c) a disclosure form, specified by the office, for consent for:
294	(i) an initial background check upon association with a certification, contract, or
295	licensee with the department;
296	(ii) ongoing monitoring of fingerprints and registries until no longer associated with a
297	certification, contract, or licensee with the department for 180 days;
298	(iii) a background check when the office determines that reasonable cause exists; and
299	(iv) retention of personal identifying information, including fingerprints, for
300	monitoring and notification as described in Subsections (3)(c) and (4);
301	(d) if an applicant resided outside of the United States and its territories during the five
302	years immediately preceding the day on which the information described in

303	Subsections (2)(a) through (c) is submitted to the office, documentation establishing
304	whether the applicant was convicted of a crime during the time that the applicant
305	resided outside of the United States or its territories; and
306	(e) an application showing an applicant's association with a certification, contract, or a
307	licensee with the department, for the purpose of the office tracking the direct access
308	qualified status of the applicant, which expires 180 days after the date on which the
309	applicant is no longer associated with a certification, contract, or a licensee with the
310	department.
311	(3) The office:
312	(a) shall perform the following duties as part of a background check of an applicant
313	before the office grants or denies direct access qualified status to an applicant:
314	(i) check state and regional criminal background databases for the applicant's
315	criminal history by:
316	(A) submitting personal identifying information to the bureau for a search; or
317	(B) using the applicant's personal identifying information to search state and
318	regional criminal background databases as authorized under Section 53-10-108
319	(ii) submit the applicant's personal identifying information and fingerprints to the
320	bureau for a criminal history search of applicable national criminal background
321	databases;
322	(iii) search the Division of Child and Family Services' Licensing Information System
323	described in Section 80-2-1002;
324	(iv) search the Sex, Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender Registry described in [Title
325	77, Chapter 41, Sex, Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender Registry] Title 53,
326	Chapter 29, Sex, Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender Registry, or a national sex
327	offender registry for an applicant 18 years old or older;
328	(v) if the applicant is associated with a licensee for a prospective foster or adoptive
329	parent, search the Division of Child and Family Services' Management
330	Information System described in Section 80-2-1001;
331	(vi) search the Division of Aging and Adult Services' vulnerable adult abuse, neglect,
332	or exploitation database described in Section 26B-6-210;
333	(vii) search the juvenile court records for substantiated findings of severe child abuse
334	or neglect described in Section 80-3-404; and
335	(viii) search the juvenile court arrest, adjudication, and disposition records, as
336	provided under Section 78A-6-209:

337	(b)	may conduct all or portions of a background check in connection with determining
338		whether an applicant is direct access qualified, as provided by rule, made by the
339		office in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act
340		(i) for an annual renewal; or
341		(ii) when the office determines that reasonable cause exists;
342	(c)	may submit an applicant's personal identifying information, including fingerprints, to
343		the bureau for checking, retaining, and monitoring of state and national criminal
344		background databases and for notifying the office of new criminal activity associated
345		with the applicant;
346	(d)	shall track the status of an applicant under this section to ensure that the applicant is
347		not required to duplicate the submission of the applicant's fingerprints if the applicant
348		is associated with more than one certification, contract, or licensee with the
349		department;
350	(e)	shall notify the bureau when a direct access qualified individual has not been
351		associated with a certification, contract, or licensee with the department for a period
352		of 180 days;
353	(f)	shall adopt measures to strictly limit access to personal identifying information solely
354		to the individuals responsible for processing and entering the applications for
355		background checks and to protect the security of the personal identifying information
356		the office reviews under this Subsection (3);
357	(g)	as necessary to comply with the federal requirement to check a state's child abuse
358		and neglect registry regarding any applicant working in a congregate care program,
359		shall:
360		(i) search the Division of Child and Family Services' Licensing Information System
361		described in Section 80-2-1002; and
362		(ii) require the child abuse and neglect registry be checked in each state where an
363		applicant resided at any time during the five years immediately preceding the day
364		on which the application is submitted to the office; and
365	(h)	shall make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
366		Rulemaking Act, to implement the provisions of this Subsection (3) relating to
367		background checks.
368	(4)(a)	With the personal identifying information the office submits to the bureau under
369	Sul	osection (3), the bureau shall check against state and regional criminal background
370	dat	abases for the applicant's criminal history.

371	(b)	With the personal identifying information and fingerprints the office submits to the
372		bureau under Subsection (3), the bureau shall check against national criminal
373		background databases for the applicant's criminal history.
374	(c)	Upon direction from the office, and with the personal identifying information and
375		fingerprints the office submits to the bureau under Subsection (3)(c), the bureau shall
376		(i) maintain a separate file of the fingerprints for search by future submissions to the
377		local and regional criminal records databases, including latent prints; and
378		(ii) monitor state and regional criminal background databases and identify criminal
379		activity associated with the applicant.
380	(d)	The bureau is authorized to submit the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of
381		Investigation Next Generation Identification System, to be retained in the Federal
382		Bureau of Investigation Next Generation Identification System for the purpose of:
383		(i) being searched by future submissions to the national criminal records databases,
384		including the Federal Bureau of Investigation Next Generation Identification
385		System and latent prints; and
386		(ii) monitoring national criminal background databases and identifying criminal
387		activity associated with the applicant.
388	(e)	The [Bureau] bureau shall notify and release to the office all information of criminal
389		activity associated with the applicant.
390	(f)	Upon notice that an individual who has direct access qualified status will no longer
391		be associated with a certification, contract, or licensee with the department, the
392		bureau shall:
393		(i) discard and destroy any retained fingerprints; and
394		(ii) notify the Federal Bureau of Investigation when the license has expired or an
395		individual's direct access to a child or a vulnerable adult has ceased, so that the
396		Federal Bureau of Investigation will discard and destroy the retained fingerprints
397		from the Federal Bureau of Investigation Next Generation Identification System.
398	(5)(a)	Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), the office shall deny direct access
399	qua	alified status to an applicant who, within three years from the date on which the
400	off	ice conducts the background check, was convicted of:
401		(i) a felony or misdemeanor involving conduct that constitutes any of the following:
402		(A) an offense identified as domestic violence, lewdness, voyeurism, battery,
403		cruelty to animals, or bestiality;
404		(B) a violation of any pornography law, including sexual exploitation of a minor

405	or aggravated sexual exploitation of a minor;
406	(C) sexual solicitation or prostitution;
407	(D) a violent offense committed in the presence of a child, as described in Section
408	76-3-203.10;
409	(E) an offense included in Title 76, Chapter 4, Part 4, Enticement of a Minor;
410	(F) an offense included in Title 76, Chapter 5, Offenses Against the Individual;
411	(G) an offense included in Title 76, Chapter 5b, Sexual Exploitation Act;
412	(H) an offense included in Title 76, Chapter 7, Offenses Against the Family;
413	(I) an offense included in Title 76, Chapter 9, Part 4, Offenses Against Privacy;
414	(J) an offense included in Title 76, Chapter 10, Part 4, Weapons of Mass
415	Destruction;
416	(K) an offense included in Title 78B, Chapter 7, Protective Orders and Stalking
417	Injunctions;
418	(L) aggravated arson, as described in Section 76-6-103;
419	(M) aggravated burglary, as described in Section 76-6-203;
420	(N) aggravated exploitation of prostitution, as described in Section 76-10-1306;
421	(O) aggravated robbery, as described in Section 76-6-302;
422	(P) endangering persons in a human services program, as described in Section
423	26B-2-113;
424	(Q) failure to report, as described in Section 80-2-609;
425	(R) identity fraud crime, as described in Section 76-6-1102;
426	(S) leaving a child unattended in a motor vehicle, as described in Section
427	76-10-2202;
428	(T) riot, as described in Section 76-9-101;
429	(U) sexual battery, as described in Section 76-9-702.1; or
430	(V) threatening with or using a dangerous weapon in a fight or quarrel, as
431	described in Section 76-10-506; or
432	(ii) a felony or misdemeanor offense committed outside of the state that, if committed
433	in the state, would constitute a violation of an offense described in Subsection
434	(5)(a)(i).
435	(b)(i) Subsection (5)(a) does not apply to an applicant who is seeking a position as a
436	peer support provider or a mental health professional, if the applicant provides
437	services in a program that serves only adults with a primary mental health
438	diagnosis, with or without a co-occurring substance use disorder.

439	(ii) The office shall conduct a comprehensive review of an applicant described in
440	Subsection (5)(b)(i) in accordance with Subsection (7).
441	(c) The office shall deny direct access qualified status to an applicant if the office finds
442	that a court order prohibits the applicant from having direct access to a child or
443	vulnerable adult.
444	(6) The office shall conduct a comprehensive review of an applicant's background check if
445	the applicant:
446	(a) has a felony or class A misdemeanor conviction that is more than three years from
447	the date on which the office conducts the background check, for an offense described
448	in Subsection (5)(a);
449	(b) has a felony charge or conviction that is no more than 10 years from the date on
450	which the office conducts the background check for an offense not described in
451	Subsection (5)(a);
452	(c) has a felony charge or conviction that is more than 10 years from the date on which
453	the office conducts the background check, for an offense not described in Subsection
454	(5)(a), with criminal or non-criminal findings after the date of the felony charge or
455	conviction;
456	(d) has a class B misdemeanor or class C misdemeanor conviction that is more than
457	three years and no more than 10 years from the date on which the office conducts the
458	background check for an offense described in Subsection (5)(a);
459	(e) has a class B misdemeanor or class C misdemeanor conviction that is more than 10
460	years from the date on which the office conducts the background check, for an
461	offense described in Subsection (5)(a), with criminal or non-criminal findings after
462	the date of conviction;
463	(f) has a misdemeanor charge or conviction that is no more than three years from the
464	date on which the office conducts the background check for an offense not described
465	in Subsection (5)(a);
466	(g) has a misdemeanor charge or conviction that is more than three years from the date
467	on which the office conducts the background check, for an offense not described in
468	Subsection (5)(a), with criminal or non-criminal findings after the date of charge or
469	conviction;
470	(h) is currently subject to a plea in abeyance or diversion agreement for an offense
471	described in Subsection (5)(a);
472	(i) appears on the Sex, Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender Registry described in [Title

473	77, Chapter 41, Sex, Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender Registry] Title 53, Chapter
474	29, Sex, Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender Registry, or a national sex offender
475	registry;
476	(j) has a record of an adjudication in juvenile court for an act that, if committed by an
477	adult, would be a felony or misdemeanor, if the applicant is:
478	(i) under 28 years old; or
479	(ii) 28 years old or older and has been convicted of, has pleaded no contest to, or is
480	currently subject to a plea in abeyance or diversion agreement for a felony or a
481	misdemeanor offense described in Subsection (5)(a);
482	(k) has a pending charge for an offense described in Subsection (5)(a);
483	(l) has a listing that occurred no more than 15 years from the date on which the office
484	conducts the background check in the Division of Child and Family Services'
485	Licensing Information System described in Section 80-2-1002;
486	(m) has a listing that occurred more than 15 years from the date on which the office
487	conducts the background check in the Division of Child and Family Services'
488	Licensing Information System described in Section 80-2-1002, with criminal or
489	non-criminal findings after the date of the listing;
490	(n) has a listing that occurred no more than 15 years from the date on which the office
491	conducts the background check in the Division of Aging and Adult Services'
492	vulnerable adult abuse, neglect, or exploitation database described in Section
493	26B-6-210;
494	(o) has a listing that occurred more than 15 years from the date on which the office
495	conducts the background check in the Division of Aging and Adult Services'
496	vulnerable adult abuse, neglect, or exploitation database described in Section
497	26B-6-210, with criminal or non-criminal findings after the date of the listing;
498	(p) has a substantiated finding that occurred no more than 15 years from the date on
499	which the office conducts the background check of severe child abuse or neglect
500	under Section 80-3-404 or 80-3-504[-]; or
501	(q) has a substantiated finding that occurred more than 15 years from the date on which
502	the office conducts the background check of severe child abuse or neglect under
503	Section 80-3-404 or 80-3-504, with criminal or non-criminal findings after the date of
504	the listing.
505	(7)(a) The comprehensive review shall include an examination of:
506	(i) the date of the offense or incident:

507	(ii) the nature and seriousness of the offense or incident;
508	(iii) the circumstances under which the offense or incident occurred;
509	(iv) the age of the perpetrator when the offense or incident occurred;
510	(v) whether the offense or incident was an isolated or repeated incident;
511	(vi) whether the offense or incident directly relates to abuse of a child or vulnerable
512	adult, including:
513	(A) actual or threatened, nonaccidental physical, mental, or financial harm;
514	(B) sexual abuse;
515	(C) sexual exploitation; or
516	(D) negligent treatment;
517	(vii) any evidence provided by the applicant of rehabilitation, counseling, psychiatric
518	treatment received, or additional academic or vocational schooling completed;
519	(viii) the applicant's risk of harm to clientele in the program or in the capacity for
520	which the applicant is applying; and
521	(ix) if the background check of an applicant is being conducted for the purpose of
522	giving direct access qualified status to an applicant seeking a position in a
523	congregate care program or to become a prospective foster or adoptive parent, any
524	listing in the Division of Child and Family Services' Management Information
525	System described in Section 80-2-1001.
526	(b) At the conclusion of the comprehensive review, the office shall deny direct access
527	qualified status to an applicant if the office finds the approval would likely create a
528	risk of harm to a child or vulnerable adult.
529	(8) The office shall grant direct access qualified status to an applicant who is not denied
530	under this section.
531	(9)(a) The office may conditionally grant direct access qualified status to an applicant,
532	for a maximum of 60 days after the day on which the office sends written notice,
533	without requiring that the applicant be directly supervised, if the office:
534	(i) is awaiting the results of the criminal history search of national criminal
535	background databases; and
536	(ii) would otherwise grant direct access qualified status to the applicant under this
537	section.
538	(b) The office may conditionally grant direct access qualified status to an applicant, for a
539	maximum of one year after the day on which the office sends written notice, without
540	requiring that the applicant be directly supervised if the office:

541	(i) is awaiting the results of an out-of-state registry for providers other than foster and
542	adoptive parents; and
543	(ii) would otherwise grant direct access qualified status to the applicant under this
544	section.
545	(c) Upon receiving the results of the criminal history search of a national criminal
546	background database, the office shall grant or deny direct access qualified status to
547	the applicant in accordance with this section.
548	(10)(a) Each time an applicant is associated with a licensee, the department shall review
549	the current status of the applicant's background check to ensure the applicant is still
550	eligible for direct access qualified status in accordance with this section.
551	(b) A licensee may not permit an individual to have direct access to a child or a
552	vulnerable adult without being directly supervised unless:
553	(i) the individual is the parent or guardian of the child, or the guardian of the
554	vulnerable adult;
555	(ii) the individual is approved by the parent or guardian of the child, or the guardian
556	of the vulnerable adult, to have direct access to the child or the vulnerable adult;
557	(iii) the individual is only permitted to have direct access to a vulnerable adult who
558	voluntarily invites the individual to visit; or
559	(iv) the individual only provides incidental care for a foster child on behalf of a foster
560	parent who has used reasonable and prudent judgment to select the individual to
561	provide the incidental care for the foster child.
562	(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, an applicant who is denied direct
563	access qualified status shall not have direct access to a child or vulnerable adult
564	unless the office grants direct access qualified status to the applicant through a
565	subsequent application in accordance with this section.
566	(11) If the office denies direct access qualified status to an applicant, the applicant may
567	request a hearing in the department's Office of Administrative Hearings to challenge the
568	office's decision.
569	(12)(a) This Subsection (12) applies to an applicant associated with a certification,
570	contract, or licensee serving adults only.
571	(b) A program director or a member, as defined in Section 26B-2-105, of the licensee
572	shall comply with this section.
573	(c) The office shall conduct a comprehensive review for an applicant if:
574	(i) the applicant is seeking a position:

575	(A) as a peer support provider;
576	(B) as a mental health professional; or
577	(C) in a program that serves only adults with a primary mental health diagnosis,
578	with or without a co-occurring substance use disorder; and
579	(ii) within three years from the date on which the office conducts the background
580	check, the applicant has a felony or misdemeanor charge or conviction or a
581	non-criminal finding.
582	(13)(a) This Subsection (13) applies to an applicant seeking a position in a congregate
583	care program, an applicant seeking to provide a prospective foster home, an applicant
584	seeking to provide a prospective adoptive home, and each adult living in the home of
585	the prospective foster or prospective adoptive home.
586	(b) As federally required, the office shall:
587	(i) check the child abuse and neglect registry in each state where each applicant
588	resided in the five years immediately preceding the day on which the applicant
589	applied to be a foster or adoptive parent, to determine whether the prospective
590	foster or adoptive parent is listed in the registry as having a substantiated or
591	supported finding of child abuse or neglect; and
592	(ii) except for applicants seeking a position in a congregate care program, check the
593	child abuse and neglect registry in each state where each adult living in the home
594	of the prospective foster or adoptive home resided in the five years immediately
595	preceding the day on which the applicant applied to be a foster or adoptive parent,
596	to determine whether the adult is listed in the registry as having a substantiated or
597	supported finding of child abuse or neglect.
598	(c) The requirements described in Subsection (13)(b) do not apply to the extent that:
599	(i) federal law or rule permits otherwise; or
600	(ii) the requirements would prohibit the Division of Child and Family Services or a
601	court from placing a child with:
602	(A) a noncustodial parent under Section 80-2a-301, 80-3-302, or 80-3-303; or
603	(B) a relative, other than a noncustodial parent, under Section 80-2a-301, 80-3-302,
603a	
604	or 80-3-303, pending completion of the background check described in
605	Subsections (5), (6), and (7).
606	(d) Notwithstanding Subsections (5) through (10), the office shall deny direct access
607	qualified status if the applicant has been convicted of:

608	(i) a felony involving conduct that constitutes any of the following:
609	(A) child abuse, as described in Sections 76-5-109, 76-5-109.2, and 76-5-109.3;
610	(B) commission of domestic violence in the presence of a child, as described in
611	Section 76-5-114;
612	(C) abuse or neglect of a child with a disability, as described in Section 76-5-110;
613	(D) intentional aggravated abuse of a vulnerable adult, as described in Section
614	76-5-111;
615	(E) endangerment of a child or vulnerable adult, as described in Section
616	76-5-112.5;
617	(F) aggravated murder, as described in Section 76-5-202;
618	(G) murder, as described in Section 76-5-203;
619	(H) manslaughter, as described in Section 76-5-205;
620	(I) child abuse homicide, as described in Section 76-5-208;
621	(J) homicide by assault, as described in Section 76-5-209;
622	(K) kidnapping, as described in Section 76-5-301;
623	(L) child kidnapping, as described in Section 76-5-301.1;
624	(M) aggravated kidnapping, as described in Section 76-5-302;
625	(N) human trafficking of a child, as described in Section 76-5-308.5;
626	(O) an offense described in Title 76, Chapter 5, Part 4, Sexual Offenses;
627	(P) sexual exploitation of a minor, as described in Title 76, Chapter 5b, Sexual
628	Exploitation Act;
629	(Q) aggravated exploitation of a minor, as described in Section 76-5b-201.1;
630	(R) aggravated arson, as described in Section 76-6-103;
631	(S) aggravated burglary, as described in Section 76-6-203;
632	(T) aggravated robbery, as described in Section 76-6-302;
633	(U) lewdness involving a child, as described in Section 76-9-702.5;
634	(V) incest, as described in Section 76-7-102; or
635	(W) domestic violence, as described in Section 77-36-1; or
636	(ii) an offense committed outside the state that, if committed in the state, would
637	constitute a violation of an offense described in Subsection (13)(d)(i).
638	(e) Notwithstanding Subsections (5) through (10), the office shall deny direct access
639	qualified status to an applicant if, within the five years from the date on which the
640	office conducts the background check, the applicant was convicted of a felony
641	involving conduct that constitutes a violation of any of the following:

642	(i) aggravated assault, as described in Section 76-5-103;
643	(ii) aggravated assault by a prisoner, as described in Section 76-5-103.5;
644	(iii) mayhem, as described in Section 76-5-105;
645	(iv) an offense described in Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act;
646	(v) an offense described in Title 58, Chapter 37a, Utah Drug Paraphernalia Act;
647	(vi) an offense described in Title 58, Chapter 37b, Imitation Controlled Substances
648	Act;
649	(vii) an offense described in Title 58, Chapter 37c, Utah Controlled Substance
650	Precursor Act; or
651	(viii) an offense described in Title 58, Chapter 37d, Clandestine Drug Lab Act.
652	(f) In addition to the circumstances described in Subsection (6), the office shall conduct
653	a comprehensive review of an applicant's background check under this section if the
654	applicant:
655	(i) has an offense described in Subsection (5)(a);
656	(ii) has an infraction conviction entered on a date that is no more than three years
657	before the date on which the office conducts the background check;
658	(iii) has a listing in the Division of Child and Family Services' Licensing Information
659	System described in Section 80-2-1002;
660	(iv) has a listing in the Division of Aging and Adult Services' vulnerable adult,
661	neglect, or exploitation database described in Section 26B-2-210;
662	(v) has a substantiated finding of severe child abuse or neglect under Section
663	80-3-404 or 80-3-504; or
664	(vi) has a listing on the registry check described in Subsection (13)(b) as having a
665	substantiated or supported finding of a severe type of child abuse or neglect, as
666	defined in Section 80-1-102.
667	(14) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
668	office may make rules, consistent with this part, to:
669	(a) establish procedures for, and information to be examined in, the comprehensive
670	review described in Subsections (6), (7), and (13); and
671	(b) determine whether to consider an offense or incident that occurred while an
672	individual was in the custody of the Division of Child and Family Services or the
673	Division of Juvenile Justice and Youth Services for purposes of granting or denying
674	direct access qualified status to an applicant.
675	Section 4. Section 41-3-205.5 is amended to read:

676	41-3-205.5 (Effective 05/07/25). Licenses Criminal background check
677	required on salesperson's licenses Payment of cost.
678	(1)(a) Every applicant for a salesperson's license shall submit fingerprints with a
679	completed application to the division.
680	(b) [A person-] An individual required to renew a salesperson license on or before June
681	30, 2010, shall submit fingerprints to the division on or before November 30, 2010.
682	(2) The division shall submit fingerprints for each applicant described in Subsection (1) to
683	the Bureau of Criminal Identification established in Section 53-10-201.
684	(3) The Bureau of Criminal Identification shall:
685	(a) check the information submitted by the division for an applicant under Subsection (2)
686	against the applicable state and regional criminal records databases; and
687	(b) release to the division all information obtained under Subsection (3)(a) relating to the
688	applicant.
689	(4)(a) The Bureau of Criminal Identification shall maintain a separate file of
690	fingerprints submitted under Subsection (2) and notify the division when a new entry
691	is made in the applicable state and regional database against [a person] an individual
692	whose fingerprints are held in the file regarding any matter involving an arrest under
693	state law involving:
694	(i) motor vehicles;
695	(ii) controlled substances;
696	(iii) fraud; or
697	[(iv) a registerable sex offense under Section 77-41-106.]
698	(iv) an offense that would result in the individual being a sex offender under
699	Subsection 53-29-202(2)(b) and required to register for the individual's lifetime
700	under Subsection 53-29-203(1)(b).
701	(b) Upon request by the division, the Bureau of Criminal Identification shall inform the
702	division whether a person whose arrest was reported to the division under Subsection
703	(4)(a) was subsequently convicted of the charge for which the person was arrested.
704	(5) In addition to any fees imposed under this chapter, the division shall:
705	(a) impose on individuals submitting fingerprints in accordance with this section the fees
706	that the Bureau of Criminal Identification is authorized to collect for the services the
707	Bureau of Criminal Identification provides under Subsections (3) and (4); and
708	(b) remit the fees collected under Subsection (5)(a) to the Bureau of Criminal
709	Identification.

710	(6) The division shall use information received from the Bureau of Criminal Identification
711	under this section to determine whether a license should be denied, suspended, or
712	revoked under Section 41-3-209.
713	Section 5. Section 41-3-209 is amended to read:
714	41-3-209 (Effective 05/07/25). Administrator's findings Suspension and
715	revocation of license.
716	(1) If the administrator finds that an applicant is not qualified to receive a license, a license
717	may not be granted.
718	(2)(a) If the administrator finds that there is reasonable cause to deny, suspend, or
719	revoke a license issued under this chapter, the administrator shall deny, suspend, or
720	revoke the license.
721	(b) Reasonable cause for denial, suspension, or revocation of a license includes, in
722	relation to the applicant or license holder or any of the applicant or license holder's
723	partners, officers, or directors:
724	(i) lack of a principal place of business or authorized service center as required by
725	this chapter;
726	(ii) lack of a sales tax license required under Title 59, Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax
727	Act;
728	(iii) lack of a bond in effect as required by this chapter;
729	(iv) current revocation or suspension of a dealer, dismantler, auction, or salesperson
730	license issued in another state;
731	(v) nonpayment of required fees;
732	(vi) making a false statement on any application for a license under this chapter or for
733	a special license plate;
734	(vii) a violation of any state or federal law involving motor vehicles;
735	(viii) a violation of any state or federal law involving controlled substances;
736	(ix) charges filed with any county attorney, district attorney, or U.S. attorney in any
737	court of competent jurisdiction for a violation of any state or federal law involving
738	motor vehicles;
739	(x) a violation of any state or federal law involving fraud;
740	(xi) a violation of any state or federal law involving [a registerable sex offense under
741	Section 77-41-106] an offense that would result in the individual being a sex
742	offender under Subsection 53-29-202(2)(b) and required to register for the
743	individual's lifetime under Subsection 53-29-203(1)(b):

744	(xii) having had a license issued under this chapter revoked within five years from
745	the date of application; or
746	(xiii) failure to comply with any applicable qualification or requirement imposed
747	under this chapter.
748	(c) Any action taken by the administrator under Subsection (2)(b)(ix) shall remain in
749	effect until a final resolution is reached by the court involved or the charges are
750	dropped.
751	(3) If the administrator finds that an applicant is not qualified to receive a license under this
752	section, the administrator shall provide the applicant written notice of the reason for the
753	denial.
754	(4) If the administrator finds that the license holder has been convicted by a court of
755	competent jurisdiction of violating any of the provisions of this chapter or any rules
756	made by the administrator, or finds other reasonable cause, the administrator may, by
757	complying with the emergency procedures of Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative
758	Procedures Act:
759	(a) suspend the license on terms and for a period of time the administrator finds
760	reasonable; or
761	(b) revoke the license.
762	(5)(a) After suspending or revoking a license, the administrator may take reasonable
763	action to:
764	(i) notify the public that the licensee is no longer in business; and
765	(ii) prevent the former licensee from violating the law by conducting business
766	without a license.
767	(b) Action under Subsection (5)(a) may include signs, banners, barriers, locks, bulletins
768	and notices.
769	(c) Any business being conducted incidental to the business for which the former
770	licensee was licensed may continue to operate subject to the preventive action taken
771	under this subsection.
772	Section 6. Section 42-1-1 is amended to read:
773	42-1-1 (Effective 05/07/25). By petition to district court Contents.
774	(1) Any natural person, desiring to change the natural person's name, may file a petition in
775	the district court of the county where the natural person resides, setting forth:
776	(a) the cause for which the change of name is sought;
777	(b) the name proposed; and

778 (c) that the natural person has been a bona fide resident of the county for the year 779 immediately prior to the filing of the petition. 780 (2)(a) A natural person petitioning for a name change under this section shall indicate 781 on the petition whether the individual is [registered with the state's Sex and Kidnap 782 Offender Registry required to register under Title 53, Chapter 29, Sex, Kidnap, and 783 Child Abuse Offender Registry. 784 (b) The court may request additional information from a natural person who is [785 registered with the state's Sex and Kidnap Offender Registry] required to register 786 under Title 53, Chapter 29, Sex, Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender Registry, to 787 make the determination described in Subsection [77-41-105(8)] 53-29-303(3). 788 (3) The provisions of Title 76, Chapter 8, Part 5, Falsification in Official Matters, apply to 789 this section when applicable. 790 Section 7. Section **53-3-205** is amended to read: 791 53-3-205 (Effective 05/07/25). Application for license or endorsement -- Fee 792 required -- Tests -- Expiration dates of licenses and endorsements -- Information 793 required -- Previous licenses surrendered -- Driving record transferred from other states 794 -- Reinstatement -- Fee required -- License agreement. 795 (1) An application for an original license, provisional license, or endorsement shall be: 796 (a) made upon a form furnished by the division; and 797 (b) accompanied by a nonrefundable fee set under Section 53-3-105. 798 (2) An application and fee for an original provisional class D license or an original class D 799 license entitle the applicant to: 800 (a) not more than three attempts to pass both the knowledge and the skills tests for a 801 class D license within six months after the date of the application; 802 (b) a learner permit if needed pending completion of the application and testing process; 803 and 804 (c) an original class D license and license certificate after all tests are passed and 805 requirements are completed. 806 (3) An application and fee for a motorcycle or taxicab endorsement entitle the applicant to: 807 (a) not more than three attempts to pass both the knowledge and skills tests within six 808 months after the date of the application; 809 (b) a motorcycle learner permit after the motorcycle knowledge test is passed; and

(c) a motorcycle or taxicab endorsement when all tests are passed.

(4) An application for a commercial class A, B, or C license entitles the applicant to:

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812	(a) not more than two attempts to pass a knowledge test when accompanied by the fee
813	provided in Subsection 53-3-105(18);
814	(b) not more than two attempts to pass a skills test when accompanied by a fee in
815	Subsection 53-3-105(19) within six months after the date of application;
816	(c) both a commercial driver instruction permit and a temporary license permit for the
817	license class held before the applicant submits the application if needed after the
818	knowledge test is passed; and
819	(d) an original commercial class A, B, or C license and license certificate when all
820	applicable tests are passed.
821	(5) An application and fee for a CDL endorsement entitle the applicant to:
822	(a) not more than two attempts to pass a knowledge test and not more than two attempts
823	to pass a skills test within six months after the date of the application; and
824	(b) a CDL endorsement when all tests are passed.
825	(6)(a) If a CDL applicant does not pass a knowledge test, skills test, or an endorsement
826	test within the number of attempts provided in Subsection (4) or (5), each test may be
827	taken two additional times within the six months for the fee provided in Section
828	53-3-105.
829	(b)(i) An out-of-state resident who holds a valid CDIP issued by a state or
830	jurisdiction that is compliant with 49 C.F.R. Part 383 may take a skills test
831	administered by the division if the out-of-state resident pays the fee provided in
832	Subsection 53-3-105(19).
833	(ii) The division shall:
834	(A) electronically transmit skills test results for an out-of-state resident to the
835	licensing agency in the state or jurisdiction in which the out-of-state resident
836	has obtained a valid CDIP; and
837	(B) provide the out-of-state resident with documentary evidence upon successful
838	completion of the skills test.
839	(7)(a)(i) Except as provided under Subsections (7)(a)(ii), (f), and (g), an original
840	class D license expires on the birth date of the applicant in the eighth year after the
841	year the license certificate was issued.
842	(ii) An original provisional class D license expires on the birth date of the applicant
843	in the fifth year following the year the license certificate was issued.
844	(iii) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(f), a limited term class D license expires or
845	the birth date of the applicant in the fifth year the license certificate was issued.

846	(b) Except as provided under Subsections (7)(f) and (g), a renewal or an extension to a
847	license expires on the birth date of the licensee in the eighth year after the expiration
848	date of the license certificate renewed or extended.
849	(c) Except as provided under Subsections (7)(f) and (g), a duplicate license expires on
850	the same date as the last license certificate issued.
851	(d) An endorsement to a license expires on the same date as the license certificate
852	regardless of the date the endorsement was granted.
853	(e)(i) A regular license certificate and an endorsement to the regular license
854	certificate held by an individual described in Subsection (7)(e)(ii), that expires
855	during the time period the individual is stationed outside of the state, is valid until
856	90 days after the individual's orders are terminated, the individual is discharged, or
857	the individual's assignment is changed or terminated, unless:
858	(A) the license is suspended, disqualified, denied, or has been cancelled or
859	revoked by the division; or
860	(B) the licensee updates the information or photograph on the license certificate.
861	(ii) The provisions in Subsection (7)(e)(i) apply to an individual:
862	(A) ordered to active duty and stationed outside of Utah in any of the armed forces
863	of the United States;
864	(B) who is an immediate family member or dependent of an individual described
865	in Subsection (7)(e)(ii)(A) and is residing outside of Utah;
866	(C) who is a civilian employee of the United States State Department or United
867	States Department of Defense and is stationed outside of the United States; or
868	(D) who is an immediate family member or dependent of an individual described
869	in Subsection (7)(e)(ii)(C) and is residing outside of the United States.
870	(f)(i) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(f)(ii), a limited-term license certificate or
871	a renewal to a limited-term license certificate expires:
872	(A) on the expiration date of the period of time of the individual's authorized stay
873	in the United States or on the date provided under this Subsection (7),
874	whichever is sooner; or
875	(B) on the date of issuance in the first year following the year that the limited-term
876	license certificate was issued if there is no definite end to the individual's
877	period of authorized stay.
878	(ii) A limited-term license certificate or a renewal to a limited-term license certificate
879	issued to an approved asylee or a refugee expires on the birth date of the applicant

880	in the fifth year following the year that the limited-term license certificate was
881	issued.
882	(g) A driving privilege card issued or renewed under Section 53-3-207 expires on the
883	birth date of the applicant in the first year following the year that the driving privilege
884	card was issued or renewed.
885	(8)(a) In addition to the information required by Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative
886	Procedures Act, for requests for agency action, an applicant shall:
887	(i) provide:
888	(A) the applicant's full legal name;
889	(B) the applicant's birth date;
890	(C) the applicant's sex;
891	(D)(I) documentary evidence of the applicant's valid social security number;
892	(II) written proof that the applicant is ineligible to receive a social security
893	number;
894	(III) the applicant's temporary identification number (ITIN) issued by the
895	Internal Revenue Service for an individual who:
896	(Aa) does not qualify for a social security number; and
897	(Bb) is applying for a driving privilege card; or
898	(IV) other documentary evidence approved by the division;
899	(E) the applicant's Utah residence address as documented by a form or forms
900	acceptable under rules made by the division under Section 53-3-104, unless the
901	application is for a temporary CDL issued under Subsection 53-3-407(2)(b);
902	and
903	(F) fingerprints, or a fingerprint confirmation form described in Subsection
904	53-3-205.5(1)(a)(ii), and a photograph in accordance with Section 53-3-205.5
905	if the applicant is applying for a driving privilege card;
906	(ii) provide evidence of the applicant's lawful presence in the United States by
907	providing documentary evidence:
908	(A) that the applicant is:
909	(I) a United States citizen;
910	(II) a United States national; or
911	(III) a legal permanent resident alien; or
912	(B) of the applicant's:
913	(I) unexpired immigrant or nonimmigrant visa status for admission into the

914	United States;
915	(II) pending or approved application for asylum in the United States;
916	(III) admission into the United States as a refugee;
917	(IV) pending or approved application for temporary protected status in the
918	United States;
919	(V) approved deferred action status;
920	(VI) pending application for adjustment of status to legal permanent resident or
921	conditional resident; or
922	(VII) conditional permanent resident alien status;
923	(iii) provide a description of the applicant;
924	(iv) state whether the applicant has previously been licensed to drive a motor vehicle
925	and, if so, when and by what state or country;
926	(v) state whether the applicant has ever had a license suspended, cancelled, revoked,
927	disqualified, or denied in the last 10 years, or whether the applicant has ever had a
928	license application refused, and if so, the date of and reason for the suspension,
929	cancellation, revocation, disqualification, denial, or refusal;
930	(vi) state whether the applicant intends to make an anatomical gift under Title 26B,
931	Chapter 8, Part 3, Revised Uniform Anatomical Gift Act, in compliance with
932	Subsection (15);
933	(vii) state whether the applicant is required to register as a sex offender, kidnap
934	offender, or child abuse offender, in accordance with [Title 77, Chapter 41, Sex,
935	Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender Registry] Title 53, Chapter 29, Sex, Kidnap,
936	and Child Abuse Offender Registry;
937	(viii) state whether the applicant is a veteran of the United States military, provide
938	verification that the applicant was granted an honorable or general discharge from
939	the United States Armed Forces, and state whether the applicant does or does not
940	authorize sharing the information with the Department of Veterans and Military
941	Affairs;
942	(ix) provide all other information the division requires; and
943	(x) sign the application which signature may include an electronic signature as
944	defined in Section 46-4-102.
945	(b) Unless the applicant provides acceptable verification of homelessness as described in
946	rules made by the division, an applicant shall have a Utah residence address, unless
947	the application is for a temporary CDL issued under Subsection 53-3-407(2)(b).

948	(c) An applicant shall provide evidence of lawful presence in the United States in
949	accordance with Subsection (8)(a)(ii), unless the application is for a driving privilege
950	card.
951	(d) The division shall maintain on the division's computerized records an applicant's:
952	(i)(A) social security number;
953	(B) temporary identification number (ITIN); or
954	(C) other number assigned by the division if Subsection (8)(a)(i)(D)(IV) applies
955	and
956	(ii) indication whether the applicant is required to register as a sex offender, kidnap
957	offender, or child abuse offender in accordance with [Title 77, Chapter 41, Sex,
958	Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender Registry] Title 53, Chapter 29, Sex, Kidnap,
959	and Child Abuse Offender Registry.
960	(9) The division shall require proof of an applicant's name, birth date, and birthplace by at
961	least one of the following means:
962	(a) current license certificate;
963	(b) birth certificate;
964	(c) Selective Service registration; or
965	(d) other proof, including church records, family Bible notations, school records, or
966	other evidence considered acceptable by the division.
967	(10)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (10)(c), if an applicant receives a license in a
968	higher class than what the applicant originally was issued:
969	(i) the license application is treated as an original application; and
970	(ii) license and endorsement fees is assessed under Section 53-3-105.
971	(b) An applicant that receives a downgraded license in a lower license class during an
972	existing license cycle that has not expired:
973	(i) may be issued a duplicate license with a lower license classification for the
974	remainder of the existing license cycle; and
975	(ii) shall be assessed a duplicate license fee under Subsection 53-3-105(25) if a
976	duplicate license is issued under Subsection (10)(b)(i).
977	(c) An applicant who has received a downgraded license in a lower license class under
978	Subsection (10)(b):
979	(i) may, when eligible, receive a duplicate license in the highest class previously
980	issued during a license cycle that has not expired for the remainder of the existin
981	license cycle; and

982	(ii) shall be assessed a duplicate license fee under Subsection 53-3-105(25) if a
983	duplicate license is issued under Subsection (10)(c)(i).
984	(11)(a) When an application is received from an applicant previously licensed in
985	another state to drive a motor vehicle, the division shall request a copy of the driver's
986	record from the other state.
987	(b) When received, the driver's record becomes part of the driver's record in this state
988	with the same effect as though entered originally on the driver's record in this state.
989	(12) An application for reinstatement of a license after the suspension, cancellation,
990	disqualification, denial, or revocation of a previous license is accompanied by the
991	additional fee or fees specified in Section 53-3-105.
992	(13) An individual who has an appointment with the division for testing and fails to keep
993	the appointment or to cancel at least 48 hours in advance of the appointment shall pay
994	the fee under Section 53-3-105.
995	(14) An applicant who applies for an original license or renewal of a license agrees that the
996	individual's license is subject to a suspension or revocation authorized under this title or
997	Title 41, Motor Vehicles.
998	(15)(a) A licensee shall authenticate the indication of intent under Subsection (8)(a)(vi)
999	in accordance with division rule.
1000	(b)(i) Notwithstanding Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and
1001	Management Act, the division may, upon request, release to an organ procurement
1002	organization, as defined in Section 26B-8-301, the names and addresses of all
1003	applicants who, under Subsection (8)(a)(vi), indicate that they intend to make an
1004	anatomical gift.
1005	(ii) An organ procurement organization may use released information only to:
1006	(A) obtain additional information for an anatomical gift registry; and
1007	(B) inform licensees of anatomical gift options, procedures, and benefits.
1008	(16) Notwithstanding Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management
1009	Act, the division may release to the Department of Veterans and Military Affairs the
1010	names and addresses of all applicants who indicate their status as a veteran under
1011	Subsection (8)(a)(viii).
1012	(17) Notwithstanding Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management
1013	Act, the division shall, upon request, release to the Sex, Kidnap, and Child Abuse
1014	Offender Registry office in the Department of Public Safety, the names and addresses of
1015	all applicants who, under Subsection (8)(a)(vii), indicate they are required to register as

1016	a sex offender, kidnap offender, or child abuse offender in accordance with [Title 77,
1017	Chapter 41, Sex, Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender Registry] Title 53, Chapter 29, Sex,
1018	Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender Registry.
1019	(18) The division and its employees are not liable, as a result of false or inaccurate
1020	information provided under Subsection (8)(a)(vi) or (viii), for direct or indirect:
1021	(a) loss;
1022	(b) detriment; or
1023	(c) injury.
1024	(19) An applicant who knowingly fails to provide the information required under
1025	Subsection (8)(a)(vii) is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
1026	(20) A person may not hold both an unexpired Utah license certificate and an unexpired
1027	identification card.
1028	(21)(a) An applicant who applies for an original motorcycle endorsement to a regular
1029	license certificate is exempt from the requirement to pass the knowledge and skills
1030	test to be eligible for the motorcycle endorsement if the applicant:
1031	(i) is a resident of the state of Utah;
1032	(ii)(A) is ordered to active duty and stationed outside of Utah in any of the armed
1033	forces of the United States; or
1034	(B) is an immediate family member or dependent of an individual described in
1035	Subsection (21)(a)(ii)(A) and is residing outside of Utah;
1036	(iii) has a digitized driver license photo on file with the division;
1037	(iv) provides proof to the division of the successful completion of a certified
1038	Motorcycle Safety Foundation rider training course; and
1039	(v) provides the necessary information and documentary evidence required under
1040	Subsection (8).
1041	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1042	division shall make rules:
1043	(i) establishing the procedures for an individual to obtain a motorcycle endorsement
1044	under this Subsection (21); and
1045	(ii) identifying the applicable restrictions for a motorcycle endorsement issued under
1046	this Subsection (21).
1047	Section 8. Section 53-3-216 is amended to read:
1048	53-3-216 (Effective 05/07/25). Change of address Duty of licensee to notify
1049	division within 10 days Change of name Proof necessary Method of giving notice

1050 by division.

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1051 (1)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), if an individual, after applying for or receiving a license, moves from the address named in the application or in the license certificate issued to the individual, the individual shall, within 10 days after the day on which the individual moves, notify the division in a manner specified by the division of the individual's new address and the number of any license certificate held by the individual.

- (b) If an individual who is required to register as a sex offender, kidnap offender, or child abuse offender under [Title 77, Chapter 41, Sex, Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender Registry] Title 53, Chapter 29, Sex, Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender Registry, after applying for or receiving a license, moves from the address named in the application or in the license certificate issued to the individual, the individual shall, within 30 days after the day on which the individual moves, apply for an updated license in-person at a division office.
- (2) If an applicant requests to change the surname on the applicant's license, the division shall issue a substitute license with the new name upon receiving an application and fee for a duplicate license and any of the following proofs of the applicant's full legal name:
 - (a) an original or certified copy of the applicant's marriage certificate;
- 1068 (b) a certified copy of a court order under Title 42, Chapter 1, Change of Name, showing the name change;
 - (c) an original or certified copy of a birth certificate issued by a government agency;
 - (d) a certified copy of a divorce decree or annulment granted the applicant that specifies the name change requested; or
 - (e) a certified copy of a divorce decree that does not specify the name change requested together with:
 - (i) an original or certified copy of the applicant's birth certificate;
 - (ii) the applicant's marriage license;
 - (iii) a driver license record showing use of a maiden name; or
- (iv) other documentation the division finds acceptable.
- 1079 (3)(a) If the division is authorized or required to give a notice under this chapter or 1080 other law regulating the operation of vehicles, the notice shall, unless otherwise 1081 prescribed, be given by:
- (i) personal delivery to the individual to be notified; or
 - (ii) deposit in the United States mail with postage prepaid, addressed to the individual

1084	at the individual's address as shown by the records of the division.
1085	(b) The giving of notice by mail is complete upon the expiration of four days after the
1086	deposit of the notice.
1087	(c) Proof of the giving of notice in either manner may be made by the certificate of an
1088	officer or employee of the division or affidavit of an individual 18 years [of age] old
1089	or older, naming the individual to whom the notice was given and specifying the
1090	time, place, and manner of giving the notice.
1091	(4) The division may use state mailing or United States Postal Service information to:
1092	(a) verify an address on an application or on records of the division; and
1093	(b) correct mailing addresses in the division's records.
1094	(5) A violation of the provisions of Subsection (1) is an infraction.
1095	Section 9. Section 53-3-804 is amended to read:
1096	53-3-804 (Effective 05/07/25). Application for identification card Required
1097	information Release of anatomical gift information Cancellation of identification
1098	card.
1099	(1) To apply for a regular identification card or limited-term identification card, an
1100	applicant shall:
1101	(a) be a Utah resident;
1102	(b) have a Utah residence address; and
1103	(c) appear in person at any license examining station.
1104	(2) An applicant shall provide the following information to the division:
1105	(a) true and full legal name and Utah residence address;
1106	(b) date of birth as set forth in a certified copy of the applicant's birth certificate, or other
1107	satisfactory evidence of birth, which shall be attached to the application;
1108	(c)(i) social security number; or
1109	(ii) written proof that the applicant is ineligible to receive a social security number;
1110	(d) place of birth;
1111	(e) height and weight;
1112	(f) color of eyes and hair;
1113	(g) signature;
1114	(h) photograph;
1115	(i) evidence of the applicant's lawful presence in the United States by providing
1116	documentary evidence:
1117	(i) that the applicant is:

1118	(A) a United States citizen;
1119	(B) a United States national; or
1120	(C) a legal permanent resident alien; or
1121	(ii) of the applicant's:
1122	(A) unexpired immigrant or nonimmigrant visa status for admission into the
1123	United States;
1124	(B) pending or approved application for asylum in the United States;
1125	(C) admission into the United States as a refugee;
1126	(D) pending or approved application for temporary protected status in the United
1127	States;
1128	(E) approved deferred action status;
1129	(F) pending application for adjustment of status to legal permanent resident or
1130	conditional resident; or
1131	(G) conditional permanent resident alien status;
1132	(j) an indication whether the applicant intends to make an anatomical gift under Title
1133	26B, Chapter 8, Part 3, Revised Uniform Anatomical Gift Act;
1134	(k) an indication whether the applicant is required to register as a sex offender, kidnap
1135	offender, or child abuse offender in accordance with [Title 77, Chapter 41, Sex,
1136	Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender Registry] Title 53, Chapter 29, Sex, Kidnap, and
1137	Child Abuse Offender Registry; and
1138	(l) an indication whether the applicant is a veteran of the United States Armed Forces,
1139	verification that the applicant has received an honorable or general discharge from
1140	the United States Armed Forces, and an indication whether the applicant does or does
1141	not authorize sharing the information with the state Department of Veterans and
1142	Military Affairs.
1143	(3)(a) The requirements of Section 53-3-234 apply to this section for each individual,
1144	age 16 and older, applying for an identification card.
1145	(b) Refusal to consent to the release of information under Section 53-3-234 shall result
1146	in the denial of the identification card.
1147	(4) An individual person who knowingly fails to provide the information required under
1148	Subsection (2)(k) is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
1149	(5)(a) A person may not hold both an unexpired Utah license certificate and an
1150	unexpired identification card.
1151	(b) A person who holds a regular or limited term Utah driver license and chooses to

1152	relinquish the person's driving privilege may apply for an identification card under
1153	this chapter, provided:
1154	(i) the driver:
1155	(A) no longer qualifies for a driver license for failure to meet the requirement in
1156	Section 53-3-304; or
1157	(B) makes a personal decision to permanently discontinue driving;
1158	(ii) the driver:
1159	(A) submits an application to the division on a form approved by the division in
1160	person, through electronic means, or by mail;
1161	(B) affirms their intention to permanently discontinue driving; and
1162	(C) surrenders to the division the driver license certificate; and
1163	(iii) the division possesses a digital photograph of the driver obtained within the
1164	preceding 10 years.
1165	(c)(i) The division shall waive the fee under Section 53-3-105 for an identification
1166	card for an original identification card application under this Subsection (5).
1167	(ii) The fee waiver described in Subsection (5)(c)(i) does not apply to a person whose
1168	driving privilege is suspended or revoked.
1169	(6) Notwithstanding Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management
1170	Act, the division shall, upon request, release to the Sex, Kidnap, and Child Abuse
1171	Offender Registry office in the Department of Public Safety, the names and addresses of
1172	all applicants who, under Subsection (2)(k), indicate they are required to register as a sex
1173	offender, kidnap offender, or child abuse offender in accordance with [Title 77, Chapter
1174	41, Sex, Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender Registry] Title 53, Chapter 29, Sex, Kidnap,
1175	and Child Abuse Offender Registry.
1176	Section 10. Section 53-3-806.5 is amended to read:
1177	53-3-806.5 (Effective 05/07/25). Identification card required if offender does not
1178	have driver license.
1179	(1)(a) An individual who does not hold a current driver license in compliance with
1180	Section 53-3-205 and is required to register as a sex offender, kidnap offender, or
1181	child abuse offender in accordance with [Title 77, Chapter 41, Sex, Kidnap, and
1182	Child Abuse Offender Registry] Title 53, Chapter 29, Sex, Kidnap, and Child Abuse
1183	Offender Registry, shall obtain an identification card.
1184	(b) The individual shall maintain a current identification card during the time the
1185	individual is required to register as a sex offender, kidnap offender, or child abuse

1186	offender and the individual does not hold a valid driver license.
1187	(2) Failure to maintain a current identification card as required under Subsection (1) is a
1188	class A misdemeanor for each month of violation of Subsection (1).
1189	Section 11. Section 53-3-807 is amended to read:
1190	53-3-807 (Effective 05/07/25). Expiration Address and name change
1191	Extension.
1192	(1)(a) A regular identification card expires on the birth date of the applicant in the fifth
1193	year after the issuance of the regular identification card.
1194	(b) A limited-term identification card expires on:
1195	(i) the expiration date of the period of time of the individual's authorized stay in the
1196	United States or on the birth date of the applicant in the fifth year after the
1197	issuance of the limited-term identification card, whichever is sooner; or
1198	(ii) on the date of issuance in the first year after the year that the limited-term
1199	identification card was issued if there is no definite end to the individual's period
1200	of authorized stay.
1201	(2)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), if an individual has applied for and
1202	received an identification card and subsequently moves from the address shown on
1203	the application or on the card, the individual shall, within 10 days after the day on
1204	which the individual moves, notify the division in a manner specified by the division
1205	of the individual's new address.
1206	(b) If an individual who is required to register as a sex offender, kidnap offender, or
1207	child abuse offender under [Title 77, Chapter 41, Sex, Kidnap, and Child Abuse
1208	Offender Registry] Title 53, Chapter 29, Sex, Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender
1209	Registry, has applied for and received an identification card and subsequently moves
1210	from the address shown on the application or on the card, the individual shall, within
1211	30 days after the day on which the individual moves, apply for an updated
1212	identification card in-person at a division office.
1213	(3) If an individual has applied for and received an identification card and subsequently
1214	changes the individual's name under Title 42, Chapter 1, Change of Name, the
1215	individual:
1216	(a) shall surrender the card to the division; and
1217	(b) may apply for a new card in the individual's new name by:
1218	(i) furnishing proper documentation to the division as provided in Section 53-3-804;
1219	and

1220	(ii) paying the fee required under Section 53-3-105.
1221	(4) A person 21 years old or older with a disability, as defined under the Americans with
1222	Disabilities Act of 1990, Pub. L. 101-336, may extend the expiration date on an
1223	identification card for five years if the person with a disability or an agent of the person
1224	with a disability:
1225	(a) requests that the division send the application form to obtain the extension or
1226	requests an application form in person at the division's offices;
1227	(b) completes the application;
1228	(c) certifies that the extension is for a person 21 years old or older with a disability; and
1229	(d) returns the application to the division together with the identification card fee
1230	required under Section 53-3-105.
1231	(5)(a) The division may extend a valid regular identification card issued after January 1,
1232	2010, for five years at any time within six months before the day on which the
1233	identification card expires.
1234	(b) The application for an extension of a regular identification card is accompanied by a
1235	fee under Section 53-3-105.
1236	(c) The division shall allow extensions:
1237	(i) by mail, electronic means, or other means as determined by the division at the
1238	appropriate extension fee rate under Section 53-3-105; and
1239	(ii) only if the applicant qualifies under this section.
1240	(6)(a) A regular identification card may only be extended once under Subsections (4)
1241	and (5).
1242	(b) After an extension an application for an identification card must be applied for in
1243	person at the division's offices.
1244	Section 12. Section 53-10-214 is amended to read:
1245	53-10-214 (Effective 05/07/25). Reporting requirements.
1246	The bureau shall submit a record received pursuant to Section 53-10-208.1 for all
1247	nonextraditable warrants issued for violent felonies as defined in Section 76-3-203.5 and all
1248	nonextraditable warrants issued for knowingly failing to register under Title 53, Chapter 29,
1249	Sex, Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender Registry, for a sexual offense pursuant to Section [
1250	77-41-107] 53-29-305 to the National Crime Information Center within 48 hours of receipt,
1251	excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays.
1252	Section 13. Section 53-10-403 is amended to read:
1253	53-10-403 (Effective 05/07/25). DNA specimen analysis Application to

1254	offenders, including minors.
1255	(1) Sections 53-10-403.6, 53-10-404, 53-10-404.5, 53-10-405, and 53-10-406 apply to:
1256	(a) a person who has pled guilty to or has been convicted of any of the offenses under
1257	Subsection (2)(a) or (b) on or after July 1, 2002;
1258	(b) a person who has pled guilty to or has been convicted by any other state or by the
1259	United States government of an offense which if committed in this state would be
1260	punishable as one or more of the offenses listed in Subsection (2)(a) or (b) on or after
1261	July 1, 2003;
1262	(c) a person who has been booked on or after January 1, 2011, through December 31,
1263	2014, for any offense under Subsection (2)(c);
1264	(d) a person who has been booked:
1265	(i) by a law enforcement agency that is obtaining a DNA specimen on or after May
1266	13, 2014, through December 31, 2014, under Subsection 53-10-404(4)(b) for any
1267	felony offense; or
1268	(ii) on or after January 1, 2015, for any felony offense; or
1269	(e) a minor:
1270	(i)(A) who is adjudicated by the juvenile court for an offense described in
1271	Subsection (2) that is within the jurisdiction of the juvenile court on or after
1272	July 1, 2002; or
1273	(B) who is adjudicated by the juvenile court for an offense described in
1274	Subsection (2) and is in the legal custody of the Division of Juvenile Justice
1275	Services for the offense on or after July 1, 2002; and
1276	(ii) who is 14 years old or older at the time of the commission of the offense
1277	described in Subsection (2).
1278	(2) Offenses referred to in Subsection (1) are:
1279	(a) any felony or class A misdemeanor under the Utah Code;
1280	(b) any offense under Subsection (2)(a):
1281	(i) for which the court enters a judgment for conviction to a lower degree of offense
1282	under Section 76-3-402; or
1283	(ii) regarding which the court allows the defendant to enter a plea in abeyance as
1284	defined in Section 77-2a-1; or
1285	(c)(i) any violent felony as defined in Section 53-10-403.5;
1286	(ii) sale or use of body parts, Section 26B-8-315;
1287	(iii) failure to stop at an accident that resulted in death, Section 41-6a-401.5;

1288	(iv) operating a motor vehicle with any amount of a controlled substance in an
1289	individual's body and causing serious bodily injury or death, as codified before
1290	May 4, 2022, Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 236, Section 1, Subsection 58-37-8
1291	(2)(g);
1292	(v) a felony violation of enticing a minor, Section 76-4-401;
1293	(vi) negligently operating a vehicle resulting in injury, Subsection 76-5-102.1(2)(b);
1294	(vii) a felony violation of propelling a substance or object at a correctional officer, a
1295	peace officer, or an employee or a volunteer, including health care providers,
1296	Section 76-5-102.6;
1297	(viii) automobile homicide, Subsection 76-5-207(2)(b);
1298	(ix) aggravated human trafficking, Section 76-5-310, and aggravated human
1299	smuggling, Section 76-5-310.1;
1300	(x) a felony violation of unlawful sexual activity with a minor, Section 76-5-401;
1301	(xi) a felony violation of sexual abuse of a minor, Section 76-5-401.1;
1302	(xii) unlawful sexual contact with a 16 or 17-year old, Section 76-5-401.2;
1303	(xiii) sale of a child, Section 76-7-203;
1304	(xiv) aggravated escape, Section 76-8-309.3;
1305	(xv) a felony violation of threatened or attempted assault on an elected official,
1306	Section 76-8-313;
1307	(xvi) threat with intent to impede, intimidate, interfere, or retaliate against a judge or
1308	a member of the Board of Pardons and Parole or acting against a family member
1309	of a judge or a member of the Board of Pardons and Parole, Section 76-8-316;
1310	(xvii) assault with intent to impede, intimidate, interfere, or retaliate against a judge
1311	or a member of the Board of Pardons and Parole or acting against a family
1312	member of a judge or a member of the Board of Pardons and Parole, Section
1313	76-8-316.2;
1314	(xviii) aggravated assault with intent to impede, intimidate, interfere, or retaliate
1315	against a judge or a member of the Board of Pardons and Parole or acting against
1316	a family member of a judge or a member of the Board of Pardons and Parole,
1317	Section 76-8-316.4;
1318	(xix) attempted murder with intent to impede, intimidate, interfere, or retaliate
1319	against a judge or a member of the Board of Pardons and Parole or acting against
1320	a family member of a judge or a member of the Board of Pardons and Parole,
1321	Section 76-8-316.6;

1322	(xx) advocating criminal syndicalism or sabotage, Section 76-8-902;
1323	(xxi) assembling for advocating criminal syndicalism or sabotage, Section 76-8-903;
1324	(xxii) a felony violation of sexual battery, Section 76-9-702.1;
1325	(xxiii) a felony violation of lewdness involving a child, Section 76-9-702.5;
1326	(xxiv) a felony violation of abuse or desecration of a dead human body, Section
1327	76-9-704;
1328	(xxv) manufacture, possession, sale, or use of a weapon of mass destruction, Section
1329	76-10-402;
1330	(xxvi) manufacture, possession, sale, or use of a hoax weapon of mass destruction,
1331	Section 76-10-403;
1332	(xxvii) possession of a concealed firearm in the commission of a violent felony,
1333	Subsection 76-10-504(4);
1334	(xxviii) assault with the intent to commit bus hijacking with a dangerous weapon,
1335	Subsection 76-10-1504(3);
1336	(xxix) commercial obstruction, Subsection 76-10-2402(2);
1337	(xxx) a felony violation of failure to register as a sex or kidnap offender, Section [
1338	77-41-107] <u>53-29-305</u> ;
1339	(xxxi) repeat violation of a protective order, Subsection 77-36-1.1(4); or
1340	(xxxii) violation of condition for release after arrest under Section 78B-7-802.
1341	Section 14. Section 53-10-404 is amended to read:
1342	53-10-404 (Effective 05/07/25). DNA specimen analysis Requirement to obtain
1343	the specimen.
1344	(1) As used in this section, "person" means a person or minor described in Section
1345	53-10-403.
1346	(2)(a) A person under Section 53-10-403 or any person required to register as a sex
1347	offender, kidnap offender, or child abuse offender under [Title 77, Chapter 41, Sex,
1348	Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender Registry] Title 53, Chapter 29, Sex, Kidnap, and
1349	Child Abuse Offender Registry, shall provide a DNA specimen and shall reimburse
1350	the agency responsible for obtaining the DNA specimen \$150 for the cost of
1351	obtaining the DNA specimen unless:
1352	(i) the person was booked under Section 53-10-403 and is not required to reimburse
1353	the agency under Section 53-10-404.5; or
1354	(ii) the agency determines the person lacks the ability to pay.
1355	(b)(i)(A) The responsible agencies shall establish guidelines and procedures for

1356	determining if the person is able to pay the fee.
1357	(B) An agency's implementation of Subsection (2)(b)(i) meets an agency's
1358	obligation to determine an inmate's ability to pay.
1359	(ii) An agency's guidelines and procedures may provide for the assessment of \$150
1360	on the inmate's county trust fund account and may allow a negative balance in the
1361	account until the \$150 is paid in full.
1362	(3)(a)(i) All fees collected under Subsection (2) shall be deposited into the DNA
1363	Specimen Restricted Account created in Section 53-10-407, except that the
1364	agency collecting the fee may retain not more than \$25 per individual specimen
1365	for the costs of obtaining the saliva DNA specimen.
1366	(ii) The agency collecting the \$150 fee may not retain from each separate fee more
1367	than \$25, and no amount of the \$150 fee may be credited to any other fee or
1368	agency obligation.
1369	(b) The responsible agency shall determine the method of collecting the DNA specimen.
1370	Unless the responsible agency determines there are substantial reasons for using a
1371	different method of collection or the person refuses to cooperate with the collection,
1372	the preferred method of collection shall be obtaining a saliva specimen.
1373	(c) The responsible agency may use reasonable force, as established by its guidelines
1374	and procedures, to collect the DNA sample if the person refuses to cooperate with the
1375	collection.
1376	(d) If the judgment places the person on probation, the person shall submit to the
1377	obtaining of a DNA specimen as a condition of the probation.
1378	(e)(i) Under this section a person is required to provide one DNA specimen and pay
1379	the collection fee as required under this section.
1380	(ii) The person shall provide an additional DNA specimen only if the DNA specimen
1381	previously provided is not adequate for analysis.
1382	(iii) The collection fee is not imposed for a second or subsequent DNA specimen
1383	collected under this section.
1384	(f) Any agency that is authorized to obtain a DNA specimen under this part may collect
1385	any outstanding amount of a fee due under this section from any person who owes
1386	any portion of the fee and deposit the amount in the DNA Specimen Restricted
1387	Account created in Section 53-10-407.
1388	(4)(a) The responsible agency shall cause a DNA specimen to be obtained as soon as
1389	possible and transferred to the Department of Public Safety:

1390	(i) after a conviction or an adjudication by the juvenile court;
1391	(ii) on and after January 1, 2011, through December 31, 2014, after the booking of a
1392	person for any offense under Subsection 53-10-403(1)(c); and
1393	(iii) on and after January 1, 2015, after the booking of a person for any felony
1394	offense, as provided under Subsection 53-10-403(1)(d)(ii).
1395	(b) On and after May 13, 2014, through December 31, 2014, the responsible agency may
1396	cause a DNA specimen to be obtained and transferred to the Department of Public
1397	Safety after the booking of a person for any felony offense, as provided under
1398	Subsection 53-10-403(1)(d)(i).
1399	(c) If notified by the Department of Public Safety that a DNA specimen is not adequate
1400	for analysis, the agency shall, as soon as possible:
1401	(i) obtain and transmit an additional DNA specimen; or
1402	(ii) request that another agency that has direct access to the person and that is
1403	authorized to collect DNA specimens under this section collect the necessary
1404	second DNA specimen and transmit it to the Department of Public Safety.
1405	(d) Each agency that is responsible for collecting DNA specimens under this section
1406	shall establish:
1407	(i) a tracking procedure to record the handling and transfer of each DNA specimen it
1408	obtains; and
1409	(ii) a procedure to account for the management of all fees it collects under this
1410	section.
1411	(5)(a) The Department of Corrections is the responsible agency whenever the person is
1412	committed to the custody of or is under the supervision of the Department of
1413	Corrections.
1414	(b) If a minor described in Subsection 53-10-403(3) is not committed to the legal
1415	custody of the Division of Juvenile Justice and Youth Services upon an adjudication,
1416	the juvenile court is the responsible agency regarding the collection of a DNA
1417	specimen from the minor.
1418	(c) If a minor described in Subsection 53-10-403(3) is committed to the legal custody of
1419	the Division of Juvenile Justice and Youth Services upon an adjudication, the
1420	Division of Juvenile Justice and Youth Services is the responsible agency regarding
1421	the collection of a DNA specimen from the minor.
1422	(d) The sheriff operating a county jail is the responsible agency regarding the collection
1423	of DNA specimens from persons who:

1424	(i) have pled guilty to or have been convicted of an offense listed under Subsection
1425	53-10-403(2) but who have not been committed to the custody of or are not under
1426	the supervision of the Department of Corrections;
1427	(ii) are incarcerated in the county jail:
1428	(A) as a condition of probation for a felony offense; or
1429	(B) for a misdemeanor offense for which collection of a DNA specimen is
1430	required;
1431	(iii) on and after January 1, 2011, through May 12, 2014, are booked at the county
1432	jail for any offense under Subsection 53-10-403(1)(c); and
1433	(iv) are booked at the county jail:
1434	(A) by a law enforcement agency that is obtaining a DNA specimen for any felony
1435	offense on or after May 13, 2014, through December 31, 2014, under
1436	Subsection 53-10-404(4)(b); or
1437	(B) on or after January 1, 2015, for any felony offense.
1438	(e) Each agency required to collect a DNA specimen under this section shall:
1439	(i) designate employees to obtain the saliva DNA specimens required under this
1440	section; and
1441	(ii) ensure that employees designated to collect the DNA specimens receive
1442	appropriate training and that the specimens are obtained in accordance with
1443	generally accepted protocol.
1444	(6)(a) As used in this Subsection (6), "department" means the Department of
1445	Corrections.
1446	(b) Priority of obtaining DNA specimens by the department is:
1447	(i) first, to obtain DNA specimens of persons who as of July 1, 2002, are in the
1448	custody of or under the supervision of the department before these persons are
1449	released from incarceration, parole, or probation, if their release date is prior to
1450	that of persons under Subsection (6)(b)(ii), but in no case later than July 1, 2004;
1451	and
1452	(ii) second, the department shall obtain DNA specimens from persons who are
1453	committed to the custody of the department or who are placed under the
1454	supervision of the department after July 1, 2002, within 120 days after the
1455	commitment, if possible, but not later than prior to release from incarceration if
1456	the person is imprisoned, or prior to the termination of probation if the person is
1457	placed on probation.

1458	(c) The priority for obtaining DNA specimens from persons under Subsection (6)(b)(ii)
1459	is:
1460	(i) first, persons on probation;
1461	(ii) second, persons on parole; and
1462	(iii) third, incarcerated persons.
1463	(d) Implementation of the schedule of priority under Subsection (6)(c) is subject to the
1464	priority of Subsection (6)(b)(i), to ensure that the Department of Corrections obtains
1465	DNA specimens from persons in the custody of or under the supervision of the
1466	Department of Corrections as of July 1, 2002, prior to their release.
1467	(7)(a) As used in this Subsection (7):
1468	(i) "Court" means the juvenile court.
1469	(ii) "Division" means the Division of Juvenile Justice and Youth Services.
1470	(b) Priority of obtaining DNA specimens by the court from minors under Section
1471	53-10-403 whose cases are under the jurisdiction of the court but who are not in the
1472	legal custody of the division shall be:
1473	(i) first, to obtain specimens from minors whose cases, as of July 1, 2002, are under
1474	the court's jurisdiction, before the court's jurisdiction over the minors' cases
1475	terminates; and
1476	(ii) second, to obtain specimens from minors whose cases are under the jurisdiction
1477	of the court after July 1, 2002, within 120 days of the minor's case being found to
1478	be within the court's jurisdiction, if possible, but no later than before the court's
1479	jurisdiction over the minor's case terminates.
1480	(c) Priority of obtaining DNA specimens by the division from minors under Section
1481	53-10-403 who are committed to the legal custody of the division shall be:
1482	(i) first, to obtain specimens from minors who as of July 1, 2002, are within the
1483	division's legal custody and who have not previously provided a DNA specimen
1484	under this section, before termination of the division's legal custody of these
1485	minors; and
1486	(ii) second, to obtain specimens from minors who are placed in the legal custody of
1487	the division after July 1, 2002, within 120 days of the minor's being placed in the
1488	custody of the division, if possible, but no later than before the termination of the
1489	court's jurisdiction over the minor's case.
1490	(8)(a) The Department of Corrections, the juvenile court, the Division of Juvenile
1491	Justice and Youth Services, and all law enforcement agencies in the state shall by

1492	policy establish procedures for obtaining saliva DNA specimens, and shall provide
1493	training for employees designated to collect saliva DNA specimens.
1494	(b)(i) The department may designate correctional officers, including those employed
1495	by the adult probation and parole section of the department, to obtain the saliva
1496	DNA specimens required under this section.
1497	(ii) The department shall ensure that the designated employees receive appropriate
1498	training and that the specimens are obtained in accordance with accepted protocol
1499	(c) Blood DNA specimens shall be obtained in accordance with Section 53-10-405.
1500	Section 15. Section 53-29-101 is enacted to read:
1501	CHAPTER 29. SEX, KIDNAP, AND CHILD ABUSE OFFENDER REGISTRY
1502	Part 1. General Provisions
1503	53-29-101 (Effective 05/07/25). Definitions.
1504	As used in this chapter:
1505	(1) "Bureau" means the Bureau of Criminal Identification of the Department of Public
1506	Safety established in Section 53-10-201.
1507	(2) "Certificate of eligibility" means the certificate issued by the bureau described in
1508	<u>Section 53-29-207.</u>
1509	(3) "Child abuse offender" means an individual who meets the requirements under
1510	Subsection 53-29-202(2)(a).
1511	(4)(a) "Convicted" means a plea or conviction of:
1512	(i) guilty;
1513	(ii) guilty with a mental illness; or
1514	(iii) no contest.
1515	(b) "Convicted" includes, except as provided in Subsection 53-29-202(4), the period a
1516	plea is held in abeyance pursuant to a plea in abeyance agreement as defined in
1517	Section 77-2a-1.
1518	(c) "Convicted" does not include:
1519	(i) a withdrawn or dismissed plea in abeyance;
1520	(ii) a diversion agreement; or
1521	(iii) an adjudication of a minor for an offense under Section 80-6-701.
1522	(5) "Division" means the Division of Juvenile Justice and Youth Services.
1523	(6) "Employed" means employment that is full time or part time, whether financially
1524	compensated, volunteered, or for the purpose of government or educational benefit.

1525	(7) "Kidnap offender" means an individual who meets the requirements under Subsection
1526	53-29-202(2)(c).
1527	(8) "Offender" means an individual who qualifies as a sex offender, a kidnap offender, or a
1528	child abuse offender as described in Section 53-29-202.
1529	(9)(a) "Online identifier" means any electronic mail, chat, instant messenger, social
1530	networking, or similar name used for Internet communication.
1531	(b) "Online identifier" does not include date of birth, social security number, PIN
1532	number, or Internet passwords.
1533	(10) "Primary residence" means the location where an offender regularly resides, even if the
1534	offender intends to move to another location or return to another location at a future date
1535	(11) "Registrable offense" means an offense described in Subsection 53-29-202(1).
1536	(12) "Registration website" means the Sex, Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender Notification
1537	and Registration website described in Section 53-29-404.
1538	(13) "Registry" means the Sex, Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender Registry maintained by
1539	the department and created in Section 53-29-102 to monitor and track offenders.
1540	(14) "Registry office" means the office within the department that manages the Sex,
1541	Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender Registry.
1542	(15) "Sex offender" means an individual who meets the requirements under Subsection
1543	53-29-202(2)(b).
1544	(16) "Vehicle" means a motor vehicle, an aircraft, or a watercraft subject to registration in
1545	any jurisdiction.
1546	Section 16. Section 53-29-102 is enacted to read:
1547	53-29-102 (Effective 05/07/25). Sex, Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender Registry
1548	Creation Purpose.
1549	(1) The department, to assist law enforcement in investigating kidnapping and sex-related
1550	crimes and in apprehending offenders, shall:
1551	(a) develop and operate a system known as the Sex, Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender
1552	Registry to collect, analyze, maintain, and disseminate information on offenders and
1553	registrable offenses; and
1554	(b) make information listed in Subsection 53-29-404(3) available to the public.
1555	(2) This chapter does not create or impose any duty on any individual to request or obtain
1556	information regarding any offender from the department.
1557	Section 17. Section 53-29-201 is enacted to read:
1558	

Part 2. Registrable Offenses, Timelines for Registration, and Petitions for Removal

1559	<u>53-29-201</u> (Effective 05/07/25). Definitions.
1560	As used in this part:
1561	(1) "Court" means a state, federal, or military court.
1562	(2) "External jurisdiction" means:
1563	(a) a state of the United States not including Utah;
1564	(b) the United States federal government;
1565	(c) Indian country;
1566	(d) a United States territory;
1567	(e) the United States military; or
1568	(f) Canada, Australia, New Zealand, or the United Kingdom.
1569	(3) "Indian country" means:
1570	(a) all land within the limits of an Indian reservation under the jurisdiction of the United
1571	States government, regardless of the issuance of any patent, and includes
1572	rights-of-way running through the reservation;
1573	(b) all dependent Indian communities within the borders of the United States whether
1574	within the original or subsequently acquired territory, and whether or not within the
1575	limits of a state; and
1576	(c) all Indian allotments, including the Indian allotments to which the Indian titles have
1577	not been extinguished, including rights-of-way running through the allotments.
1578	(4) "Natural parent" means a minor's biological or adoptive parent, including the minor's
1579	noncustodial parent.
1580	(5) "Traffic offense" does not include a violation of Title 41, Chapter 6a, Part 5, Driving
1581	<u>Under the Influence and Reckless Driving.</u>
1582	Section 18. Section 53-29-202 is enacted to read:
1583	53-29-202 (Effective 05/07/25). Registrable offenses Status as a sex offender,
1584	kidnap offender, and child abuse offender established.
1585	(1) An individual is an offender described in Subsection (2) and subject to the requirements,
1586	restrictions, and penalties described in this chapter if the individual:
1587	(a) has been convicted in this state of:
1588	(i) aggravated child abuse under Subsection 76-5-109.2(3)(a) or (b);
1589	(ii) a felony or class A misdemeanor violation of enticing a minor under Section
1590	76-4-401;

1591	(iii) sexual exploitation of a vulnerable adult under Section 76-5b-202;
1592	(iv) human trafficking for sexual exploitation under Section 76-5-308.1;
1593	(v) human trafficking of a child for sexual exploitation under Subsection
1594	76-5-308.5(4)(b);
1595	(vi) aggravated human trafficking for sexual exploitation under Section 76-5-310;
1596	(vii) human trafficking of a vulnerable adult for sexual exploitation under Section
1597	<u>76-5-311;</u>
1598	(viii) unlawful sexual activity with a minor under Section 76-5-401, except as
1599	provided in Subsection 76-5-401(3)(b) or (c);
1600	(ix) sexual abuse of a minor under Section 76-5-401.1, on the individual's first
1601	offense unless the individual was younger than 21 years old at the time of the
1602	offense then on the individual's second offense;
1603	(x) unlawful sexual conduct with a 16 or 17 year old under Section 76-5-401.2;
1604	(xi) rape under Section 76-5-402;
1605	(xii) rape of a child under Section 76-5-402.1;
1606	(xiii) object rape under Section 76-5-402.2;
1607	(xiv) object rape of a child under Section 76-5-402.3;
1608	(xv) a felony violation of forcible sodomy under Section 76-5-403;
1609	(xvi) sodomy on a child under Section 76-5-403.1;
1610	(xvii) forcible sexual abuse under Section 76-5-404;
1611	(xviii) sexual abuse of a child under Section 76-5-404.1;
1612	(xix) aggravated sexual abuse of a child under Section 76-5-404.3;
1613	(xx) aggravated sexual assault under Section 76-5-405;
1614	(xxi) custodial sexual relations under Section 76-5-412, if the victim in custody is
1615	younger than 18 years old and the offense is committed on or after May 10, 2011;
1616	(xxii) sexual exploitation of a minor under Section 76-5b-201;
1617	(xxiii) aggravated sexual exploitation of a minor under Section 76-5b-201.1;
1618	(xxiv) sexual extortion or aggravated sexual extortion under Section 76-5b-204;
1619	(xxv) incest under Section 76-7-102;
1620	(xxvi) lewdness under Section 76-9-702, if the individual has been convicted of the
1621	offense four or more times;
1622	(xxvii) sexual battery under Section 76-9-702.1, if the individual has been convicted
1623	of the offense four or more times;
1624	(xxviii) any combination of convictions of lewdness under Section 76-9-702, and of

1625	sexual battery under Section 76-9-702.1, that total four or more convictions;
1626	(xxix) lewdness involving a child under Section 76-9-702.5;
1627	(xxx) a felony or class A misdemeanor violation of voyeurism under Section
1628	<u>76-9-702.7;</u>
1629	(xxxi) aggravated exploitation of prostitution under Section 76-10-1306;
1630	(xxxii) kidnapping under Subsection 76-5-301(2)(c) or (d), if the offender was not the
1631	natural parent of the child victim;
1632	(xxxiii) child kidnapping under Section 76-5-301.1, if the offender was not the
1633	natural parent of the child victim;
1634	(xxxiv) aggravated kidnapping under Section 76-5-302, if the offender was not the
1635	natural parent of the child victim;
1636	(xxxv) human trafficking for labor under Section 76-5-308, if the offender was not
1637	the natural parent of the child victim;
1638	(xxxvi) human smuggling under Section 76-5-308.3, if the offender was not the
1639	natural parent of the child victim;
1640	(xxxvii) human trafficking of a child for labor under Subsection 76-5-308.5(4)(a), if
1641	the offender was not the natural parent of the child victim;
1642	(xxxviii) aggravated human trafficking for labor under Section 76-5-310, if the
1643	offender was not the natural parent of the child victim;
1644	(xxxix) aggravated human smuggling under Section 76-5-310.1, if the offender was
1645	not the natural parent of the child victim;
1646	(xl) human trafficking of a vulnerable adult for labor under Section 76-5-311, if the
1647	offender was not the natural parent of the child victim; or
1648	(xli) attempting, soliciting, or conspiring to commit a felony violation of an offense
1649	listed in Subsections (1)(a)(i) through (xl);
1650	(b)(i) has been convicted of a criminal offense, or an attempt, solicitation, or
1651	conspiracy to commit a criminal offense in an external jurisdiction that is
1652	substantially equivalent to the offense listed in Subsection (1)(a); and
1653	(ii)(A) is a Utah resident; or
1654	(B) is not a Utah resident and is in this state for a total of 10 days in a 12-month
1655	period, regardless of whether the individual intends to permanently reside in
1656	this state:
1657	(c)(i)(A) is required to register on a registry in an external jurisdiction for
1658	individuals who have committed an offense listed in Subsection (1)(a) or a

1659	substantially equivalent offense;
1660	(B) is ordered by a court to register on a registry for individuals who have
1661	committed an offense listed in Subsection (1)(a) or a substantially equivalent
1662	offense; or
1663	(C) would be required to register on a registry in an external jurisdiction for
1664	individuals who have committed an offense listed in Subsection (1)(a), or a
1665	substantially equivalent offense, if residing in the external jurisdiction of the
1666	conviction regardless of the date of the conviction or a previous registration
1667	requirement; and
1668	(ii) is in this state for a total of 10 days in a 12-month period, regardless of whether
1669	the individual intends to permanently reside in this state;
1670	(d)(i)(A) is a nonresident regularly employed or working in this state; or
1671	(B) who is a student in this state; and
1672	(ii)(A) is convicted of an offense listed in Subsection (1)(a) or a substantially
1673	equivalent offense in an external jurisdiction; or
1674	(B) is required to register on a sex, kidnap, and child abuse registry, or an
1675	equivalent registry, in the individual's state of residence based on a conviction
1676	for an offense that is not substantially equivalent to an offense listed in
1677	Subsection (1)(a);
1678	(e) is found not guilty by reason of insanity in this state or in an external jurisdiction of
1679	an offense listed in Subsection (1)(a) or a substantially equivalent offense; or
1680	(f)(i) is adjudicated under Section 80-6-701 for one or more offenses listed in
1681	Subsection (1)(a); and
1682	(ii) has been committed to the division for secure care, as defined in Section 80-1-102,
16683	for that offense if:
1684	(A) the individual remains in the division's custody until 30 days before the
1685	individual's 21st birthday:
1686	(B) the juvenile court extended the juvenile court's jurisdiction over the individual
1687	under Section 80-6-605 and the individual remains in the division's custody
1688	until 30 days before the individual's 25th birthday; or
1689	(C) the individual is moved from the division's custody to the custody of the
1690	department before expiration of the division's jurisdiction over the individual.
1691	(2) Subject to Subsection (3), an individual is:
1692	(a) a child abuse offender if the individual:

1693	(i) has committed, attempted, solicited, or conspired to commit an offense described
1694	in Subsection (1)(a)(i); or
1695	(ii) meets a requirement described in Subsections (1)(b) through (e) for an offense
1696	described in Subsection (1)(a)(i) or a substantially equivalent offense;
1697	(b) a sex offender if the individual:
1698	(i) has committed, attempted, solicited, or conspired to commit an offense described
1699	in Subsections (1)(a)(ii) through (xxxi); or
1700	(ii) meets a requirement described in Subsections (1)(b) through (e) for an offense
1701	described in Subsections (1)(a)(ii) through (xxxi) or a substantially equivalent
1702	offense; or
1703	(c) a kidnap offender if the individual:
1704	(i) has committed, attempted, solicited, or conspired to commit an offense described
1705	in Subsections (1)(a)(xxxii) through (xl); or
1706	(ii) meets a requirement described in Subsections (1)(b) through (e) for an offense
1707	described in Subsections (1)(a)(xxxii) through (xl) or a substantially equivalent
1708	offense.
1709	(3) An individual who has committed a registrable offense described in Subsection
1710	(1)(d)(ii)(B) in an external jurisdiction that is not substantially equivalent to an offense
1711	described in Subsection (1)(a) and is required to register on a sex, kidnap, and child
1712	abuse registry, or an equivalent registry, in the individual's state of residence is a child
1713	abuse offender, sex offender, or kidnap offender based on the individual's status on the
1714	registry in the individual's state of residence.
1715	(4) Notwithstanding Subsection 53-29-101(2)(a), a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to a
1716	charge of sexual battery or lewdness that is held in abeyance under Title 77, Chapter 2a,
1717	Pleas in Abeyance, is the equivalent of a conviction even if the charge is subsequently
1718	reduced or dismissed in accordance with the plea in abeyance agreement.
1719	Section 19. Section 53-29-203 is enacted to read:
1720	53-29-203 (Effective 05/07/25). Registration lengths 10 years Lifetime.
1721	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), (3), or (4), an individual who commits a
1722	registrable offense is required to register on the registry for:
1723	(a) 10 years after the day on which the offender's sentence for the offense has been
1724	terminated if the registrable offense is for:
1725	(i) a felony or class A misdemeanor violation of enticing a minor under Section
1726	76-4-401, if the offender enticed the minor to engage in sexual activity that is one

1727	of the offenses described in Subsections (1)(a)(ii) through (xxiii);
1728	(ii) aggravated child abuse under Subsection 76-5-109.2(3)(a) or (b);
1729	(iii) kidnapping under Subsection 76-5-301(2)(c) or (d), if the offender was not the
1730	natural parent of the child victim;
1731	(iv) human trafficking for labor under Section 76-5-308, if the offender was not the
1732	natural parent of the child victim;
1733	(v) human smuggling under Section 76-5-308.3, if the offender was not the natural
1734	parent of the child victim;
1735	(vi) human trafficking of a child for labor under Subsection 76-5-308.5(4)(a), if the
1736	offender was not the natural parent of the child victim;
1737	(vii) aggravated human trafficking for labor under Section 76-5-310, if the offender
1738	was not the natural parent of the child victim;
1739	(viii) aggravated human smuggling under Section 76-5-310.1;
1740	(ix) human trafficking of a vulnerable adult for labor under Section 76-5-311;
1741	(x) a felony violation of unlawful sexual activity with a minor under Section 76-5-401:
1742	(xi) sexual abuse of a minor under Section 76-5-401.1;
1743	(xii) unlawful sexual conduct with a 16 or 17 year old under Section 76-5-401.2;
1744	(xiii) forcible sexual abuse under Section 76-5-404;
1745	(xiv) custodial sexual relations under Section 76-5-412;
1746	(xv) sexual exploitation of a vulnerable adult under Section 76-5b-202;
1747	(xvi) sexual extortion under Subsection 76-5b-204(2)(a);
1748	(xvii) incest under Section 76-7-102;
1749	(xviii) four to seven convictions of lewdness under Section 76-9-702;
1750	(xix) four to seven convictions of sexual battery under Section 76-9-702.1;
1751	(xx) any combination of convictions of lewdness under Section 76-9-702, and of
1752	sexual battery under Section 76-9-702.1, that total four to seven convictions;
1753	(xxi) lewdness involving a child under Section 76-9-702.5;
1754	(xxii) a felony or class A misdemeanor violation of voyeurism under Section
1755	<u>76-9-702.7;</u>
1756	(xxiii) aggravated exploitation of prostitution under Section 76-10-1306, committed
1757	on or before May 9, 2011; or
1758	(xxiv) attempting, soliciting, or conspiring to commit an offense listed in Subsections
1759	(1)(a)(i) through (xxiii) if the attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy is a registrable
1760	offense; or

1/61	(b) for the offender's lifetime if the registrable offense is:
1762	(i) a conviction for an offense described in Subsection (1)(a), if the offender has, at
1763	the time of conviction for the offense:
1764	(A) previously been convicted of an offense described in Subsection (1)(a), or a
1765	substantially equivalent offense in an external jurisdiction, not including the
1766	offenses listed in Subsections (1)(a)(xviii) through (xx); or
1767	(B) previously been required to register as an offender for an offense described in
1768	Subsection (1)(a) committed as a juvenile;
1769	(ii) a felony violation of enticing a minor under Section 76-4-401, if the offender
1770	enticed the minor to engage in sexual activity that is one of the offenses described
1771	in Subsections (1)(b)(iii) through (xxiv);
1772	(iii) child kidnapping under Section 76-5-301.1, if the offender was not the natural
1773	parent of the child victim;
1774	(iv) aggravated kidnapping under Section 76-5-302, if the offender was not the
1775	natural parent of the child victim;
1776	(v) human trafficking for sexual exploitation under Section 76-5-308.1, if the
1777	offender was not the natural parent of the child victim;
1778	(vi) human trafficking of a child for sexual exploitation under Subsection
1779	76-5-308.5(4)(b), if the offender was not the natural parent of the child victim;
1780	(vii) aggravated human trafficking for sexual exploitation under Section 76-5-310, if
1781	the offender was not the natural parent of the child victim;
1782	(viii) human trafficking of a vulnerable adult for sexual exploitation under Section
1783	76-5-311, if the offender was not the natural parent of the child victim;
1784	(ix) forcible sodomy under Section 76-5-403;
1785	(x) sexual abuse of a child under Section 76-5-404.1;
1786	(xi) sexual exploitation of a minor under Section 76-5b-201;
1787	(xii) aggravated sexual exploitation of a minor under Section 76-5b-201.1;
1788	(xiii) aggravated sexual extortion under Subsection 76-5b-204(2)(b);
1789	(xiv) rape under Section 76-5-402;
1790	(xv) rape of a child under Section 76-5-402.1;
1791	(xvi) object rape under Section 76-5-402.2;
1792	(xvii) object rape of a child under Section 76-5-402.3;
1793	(xviii) sodomy on a child under Section 76-5-403.1;
1794	(xix) aggravated sexual abuse of a child under Section 76-5-404.3;

1795		(xx) aggravated sexual assault under Section 76-5-405;
1796		(xxi) five or more convictions of lewdness under Section 76-9-702, or a substantially
1797		equivalent offense in an external jurisdiction;
1798		(xxii) five or more convictions of sexual battery under Section 76-9-702.1, or a
1799		substantially equivalent offense in an external jurisdiction;
1800		(xxiii) any combination of convictions of lewdness under Section 76-9-702, and of
1801		sexual battery under Section 76-9-702.1, or substantially equivalent offenses in an
1802		external jurisdiction, that total five or more convictions;
1803		(xxiv) aggravated exploitation of prostitution under Section 76-10-1306, on or after
1804		May 10, 2011; or
1805		(xxv) attempting, soliciting, or conspiring to commit an offense listed in Subsections
1806		(1)(b)(i) through (xxiv) if the attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy is a registrable
1807		offense.
1808	<u>(2)</u>	An individual who qualifies as an offender based on a conviction in an external
1809		jurisdiction for a registrable offense or a substantially equivalent offense and is on an
1810		external jurisdiction's sex, kidnap, and child abuse registry, or an equivalent registry, is
1811		required to register on the registry for the time period required by the external
1812		jurisdiction.
1813	<u>(3)</u>	If the sentencing court at any time after an offender is convicted of an offense requiring
1814		lifetime registration described in Subsection (1)(b) determines that the offender was
1815		under 21 years old at the time the offense was committed and the offense did not involve
1816		force or coercion, the requirement that the offender register for the offender's lifetime
1817		does not apply and the offender shall register for 10 years after the day on which the
1818		offender's sentence for the offense has been terminated.
1819	(4)	Except for an individual who is adjudicated for a registrable offense and is an offender
1820		who meets the requirements under Subsection 53-29-202(1)(f), an individual who is
1821		under 18 years old and commits a registrable offense after May 3, 2023, is not subject to
1822		registration requirements under this chapter unless the offender:
1823		(a) is charged by criminal information in juvenile court under Section 80-6-503;
1824		(b) is bound over to district court in accordance with Section 80-6-504; and
1825		(c) is convicted of a registrable offense.
1826	(5)	An offender subject to the 10-year or lifetime registration requirements under
	<u>(3)</u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1827		Subsection (1) may petition the court for an order of removal from the registry in
1828		accordance with Section 53-29-204, 53-29-205, or 53-29-206.

1829	Section 20. Section 53-29-204 is enacted to read:
1830	53-29-204 (Effective 05/07/25). Five-year petition for removal from registry
1831	Eligibility.
1832	(1) An offender who is required to register on the registry for a registrable offense
1833	described in Subsection (2) that is subject to a 10-year registration period, as described
1834	in Section 53-29-203, is eligible to petition the court under Section 53-29-207 for an
1835	order of removal from the registry after five years after the day on which the offender's
1836	sentence for the offense has been terminated if:
1837	(a) the offense is the only offense for which the offender was required to register;
1838	(b) the offender has not been convicted of another offense, excluding a traffic offense,
1839	after the day on which the offender was convicted of the offense for which the
1840	offender is required to register, as evidenced by a certificate of eligibility issued by
1841	the bureau;
1842	(c) the offender successfully completed all treatment ordered by the court or the Board
1843	of Pardons and Parole relating to the offense; and
1844	(d) the offender has paid all restitution ordered by the court or the Board of Pardons and
1845	Parole relating to the offense.
1846	(2) The offenses that qualify for a five-year petition for an order of removal from the
1847	registry referenced in Subsection (1) are:
1848	(a) a class A misdemeanor violation of enticing a minor under Section 76-4-401;
1849	(b) kidnapping under Subsection 76-5-301(2)(c) or (d);
1850	(c) a felony violation of unlawful sexual activity with a minor under Section 76-5-401,
1851	if, at the time of the offense, the offender is not more than 10 years older than the
1852	victim;
1853	(d) sexual abuse of a minor under Section 76-5-401.1, if, at the time of the offense, the
1854	offender is not more than 10 years older than the victim;
1855	(e) unlawful sexual conduct with a 16 or 17 year old under Section 76-5-401.2, if at the
1856	time of the offense, the offender is not more than 15 years older than the victim;
1857	(f) a class A misdemeanor violation of voyeurism under Section 76-9-702.7;
1858	(g) attempting, soliciting, or conspiring to commit an offense listed in Subsections (2)(a)
1859	through (f) if the attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy is a registrable offense; and
1860	(h) an offense committed in an external jurisdiction that is not substantially equivalent to
1861	a registrable offense described in Subsection 53-29-202(1)(a).
1862	Section 21. Section 53-29-205 is enacted to read:

1863	53-29-205 (Effective 05/07/25). Ten-year petition for removal from registry
1864	Eligibility.
1865	(1) An offender who is required to register on the registry for a registrable offense
1866	described in Subsection (3) subject to a 10-year registration period as described in
1867	Section 53-29-203 is eligible to petition the court under Section 53-29-207 for an order
1868	of removal from the registry at a 10-year after entrance into the community period
1869	described in Subsection (2) if:
1870	(a) the offender has not been convicted of another offense that is a class A misdemeanor,
1871	felony, or capital felony within the most recent 10-year period after the date
1872	described in Subsection (2), as evidenced by a certificate of eligibility issued by the
1873	bureau;
1874	(b) the offender successfully completed all treatment ordered by the court or the Board
1875	of Pardons and Parole relating to the offense; and
1876	(c) the offender has paid all restitution ordered by the court or the Board of Pardons and
1877	Parole relating to the offense.
1878	(2) An offender who qualifies under Subsection (1) may petition the court under Section
1879	53-29-207 for an order of removal from the registry if 10 years have passed after the
1880	later of the following events in which the offender entered into the community:
1881	(a) the day on which the offender was placed on probation;
1882	(b) the day on which the offender was released from incarceration to parole;
1883	(c) the day on which the offender's sentence was terminated without parole;
1884	(d) the day on which the offender entered a community-based residential program; or
1885	(e) for a minor, as defined in Section 80-1-102, the day on which the division's custody
1886	of the offender was terminated.
1887	(3) The offenses that qualify for a 10-year petition for an order of removal from the registry
1888	referenced in Subsection (1) are:
1889	(a) a felony violation of enticing a minor under Section 76-4-401, if the offender enticed
1890	the minor to engage in sexual activity that is one of the offenses described in
1891	Subsections (3)(b) through (v);
1892	(b) aggravated child abuse under Subsection 76-5-109.2(3)(a) or (b);
1893	(c) human trafficking for labor under Section 76-5-308;
1894	(d) human smuggling under Section 76-5-308.3;
1895	(e) human trafficking of a child for labor under Subsection 76-5-308.5(4)(a);
1896	(f) aggravated human trafficking for labor under Section 76-5-310;

1897	(g) aggravated human smuggling under Section 76-5-310.1;
1898	(h) human trafficking of a vulnerable adult for labor under Section 76-5-311;
1899	(i) a felony violation of unlawful sexual activity with a minor under Section 76-5-401, if,
1900	at the time of the offense, the offender is more than 10 years older than the victim;
1901	(j) sexual abuse of a minor under Section 76-5-401.1, if, at the time of the offense, the
1902	offender is more than 10 years older than the victim;
1903	(k) unlawful sexual conduct with a 16 or 17 year old under Section 76-5-401.2, if, at the
1904	time of the offense, the offender is more than 15 years older than the victim;
1905	(l) forcible sexual abuse under Section 76-5-404;
1906	(m) custodial sexual relations under Section 76-5-412, if the victim in custody is
1907	younger than 18 years old and the offense is committed on or after May 10, 2011;
1908	(n) sexual exploitation of a vulnerable adult under Section 76-5b-202;
1909	(o) sexual extortion under Subsection 76-5b-204(2)(a);
1910	(p) incest under Section 76-7-102;
1911	(q) four convictions of lewdness under Section 76-9-702;
1912	(r) four convictions of sexual battery under Section 76-9-702.1;
1913	(s) any combination of convictions of lewdness under Section 76-9-702, and of sexual
1914	battery under Section 76-9-702.1, that total four convictions;
1915	(t) lewdness involving a child under Section 76-9-702.5;
1916	(u) a felony violation of voyeurism under Section 76-9-702.7;
1917	(v) aggravated exploitation of prostitution under Section 76-10-1306, committed on or
1918	before May 9, 2011;
1919	(w) attempting, soliciting, or conspiring to commit an offense listed in Subsections (3)(a)
1920	through (w) if the attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy is a registrable offense; or
1921	(x) an offense described in Subsection 53-29-203(1)(b) that would otherwise be subject
1922	to a 20-year petition for removal as described in Section 53-29-206, if:
1923	(i) the sentencing court determines that the offender was under 21 years old at the
1924	time the offense was committed; and
1925	(ii) the offense did not involve force or coercion as described in Subsection
1926	<u>53-29-203(3).</u>
1927	(4) An individual who is as an offender under Section 53-29-202 based on a conviction in
1928	an external jurisdiction for a registrable offense, or a substantially equivalent offense,
1929	and is required to register on the external jurisdiction's sex, kidnap, or child abuse
1930	offender registry, or an equivalent registry, may petition for removal from the registry in

1931	accordance with the requirements of this section if the individual:
1932	(a) does not have a lifetime registration requirement on the external jurisdiction's sex,
1933	kidnap, or child abuse offender registry, or an equivalent registry;
1934	(b) meets the requirements described in Subsections (1)(a) through (c);
1935	(c) has resided in this state for at least 183 days in a year for two consecutive years; and
1936	(d) intends to primarily reside in this state.
1937	Section 22. Section 53-29-206 is enacted to read:
1938	$\underline{53-29-206}$ (Effective 05/07/25). Twenty-year petition for removal from registry
1939	Eligibility.
1940	(1) An offender who is required to register on the registry for a registrable offense subject
1941	to a lifetime registration period described in Subsection 53-29-203(1)(b) is eligible to
1942	petition the court under Section 53-29-207 for an order of removal from the registry at a
1943	20-year entrance into the community period described in Subsection (2) if:
1944	(a) the offender has not been convicted of another offense that is a class A misdemeanor
1945	felony, or capital felony within the most recent 20-year period after the date
1946	described in Subsection (2), as evidenced by a certificate of eligibility issued by the
1947	bureau;
1948	(b) the offender successfully completed all treatment ordered by the court or the Board
1949	of Pardons and Parole relating to the offense;
1950	(c) the offender has paid all restitution ordered by the court or the Board of Pardons and
1951	Parole relating to the offense; and
1952	(d) the offender submits to an evidence-based risk assessment that:
1953	(i) meets the standards for the current risk assessment, score, and risk level required
1954	by the Board of Pardons and Parole for parole termination requests;
1955	(ii) is completed within the six months before the date on which the petition is filed:
1956	<u>and</u>
1957	(iii) describes the evidence-based risk assessment of the current level of risk to the
1958	safety of the public posed by the offender.
1959	(2) An offender who qualifies under Subsection (1) may petition the court under Section
1960	53-29-207 for an order of removal from the registry if 20 years have passed after the
1961	later of the following events in which the offender has entered into the community:
1962	(a) the day on which the offender was placed on probation;
1963	(b) the day on which the offender was released from incarceration to parole;
1964	(c) the day on which the offender's sentence was terminated without parole:

1965	(d) the day on which the offender entered a community-based residential program; or
1966	(e) for a minor, as defined in Section 80-1-102, the day on which the division's custody
1967	of the offender was terminated.
1968	(3) An individual who is as an offender under Section 53-29-202 based on a conviction in
1969	an external jurisdiction for a registrable offense or a substantially equivalent offense,
1970	and is required to register on the external jurisdiction's sex, kidnap, or child abuse
1971	offender registry, or an equivalent registry, may petition for removal from the registry in
1972	accordance with the requirements of this section if the individual:
1973	(a) is required to register on the external jurisdiction's sex, kidnap, or child abuse
1974	offender registry, or an equivalent registry, for the individual's lifetime;
1975	(b) meets the requirements described in Subsections (1)(a) through (d);
1976	(c) has resided in this state for at least 183 days in a year for two consecutive years; and
1977	(d) intends to primarily reside in this state.
1978	Section 23. Section 53-29-207 is enacted to read:
1979	53-29-207 (Effective 05/07/25). Process to petition for removal from registry
1980	Offender, bureau, court, and prosecutor responsibilities.
1981	(1) Before an an offender who is eligible to petition for an order of removal from the
1982	registry as described in Section 53-29-204, 53-29-205, or 53-29-206 may file a petition
1983	with the court for an order of removal from the registry, the offender shall apply to the
1984	bureau for a certificate of eligibility for removal from the registry that states that the
1985	offender has met certain qualifications for removal.
1986	(2) After the bureau receives an offender's application for a certificate of eligibility for
1987	removal from the registry, the bureau shall:
1988	(a) perform a check of records of governmental agencies, including national criminal
1989	databases, to determine whether an offender meets the requirements described in:
1990	(i) Subsection 53-29-204(1), if the offender is seeking a five-year petition for
1991	<u>removal;</u>
1992	(ii) Subsections 53-29-205(1) and (2), if the offender is seeking a 10-year petition for
1993	removal; or
1994	(iii) Subsections 53-29-206(1) and (2), if the offender is seeking a 20-year petition
1995	for removal; and
1996	(b) if the bureau determines that the offender meets the requirements described in
1997	Subsection (2)(a), issue a certificate of eligibility for removal from the registry to the
1998	offender, which is valid for 90 days after the day on which the bureau issues the

1999	certificate.
2000	(3)(a) After an offender has received the certificate of eligibility for removal from the
2001	registry described in Subsection (2), the offender may petition the court for an order
2002	or removal from the registry, and shall include in the petition:
2003	(i) the original information or indictment regarding the registrable offense that the
2004	offender committed;
2005	(ii) the court docket; and
2006	(iii) the certificate of eligibility for removal from the registry.
2007	(b) An offender who files a petition with the court as described in Subsection (3)(a) shall
2008	provide a copy of the petition to the prosecutor.
2009	(4) A prosecutor, upon receipt of the petition described in Subsection (3), shall:
2010	(a) provide notice of the petition by first-class mail to the victim at the most recent
2011	address of record on file or, if the victim is still a minor under 18 years old, to the
2012	parent or guardian of the victim, that includes:
2013	(i) a copy of the petition;
2014	(ii) an explanation that the victim has a right to object to the removal of the offender
2015	from the registry or make other recommendations to the court; and
2016	(iii) instructions for how the victim can file an objection or recommendation with the
2017	court; and
2018	(b) provide the following, if available, to the court within 30 days after the day on which
2019	the prosecutor receives the petition:
2020	(i) the presentencing report created for the offender based on the registrable offense
2021	committed by the offender;
2022	(ii) any evaluation done as part of sentencing for the registrable offense; and
2023	(iii) other information the prosecutor determines the court should consider.
2024	(5) A victim, or the victim's parent or guardian if the victim is a minor under 18 years old,
2025	may respond to a petition described in Subsection (3) by filing a recommendation or
2026	objection with the court within 45 days after the day on which the petition is mailed to
2027	the victim.
2028	(6)(a) A court receiving a petition under this section shall:
2029	(i) review the petition and all documents submitted with the petition; and
2030	(ii) hold a hearing if requested by the prosecutor or the victim.
2031	(b)(i) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b)(ii) or (iii), the court may grant the
2032	petition for removal and order the removal of the offender from the registry if the

2033	court determines that the offender has met the requirements described in the
2034	certificate of eligibility for removal issued under Subsection (2) and removal is
2035	not contrary to the interests of the public.
2036	(ii) When considering a petition filed by an offender subject to a lifetime registration
2037	requirement and eligible for a 20-year petition for removal from the registry as
2038	described in Section 53-29-206, the court shall determine whether the offender has
2039	demonstrated, by clear and convincing evidence, that the offender is rehabilitated
2040	and does not pose a threat to the safety of the public.
2041	(iii) In making the determination described in Subsection (6)(b)(ii), the court may
2042	consider:
2043	(A) the nature and degree of violence involved in the registrable offense;
2044	(B) the age and number of victims of the registrable offense;
2045	(C) the age of the offender at the time the registrable offense was committed;
2046	(D) the offender's performance while on supervision for the registrable offense;
2047	(E) the offender's stability in employment and housing;
2048	(F) the offender's community and personal support system;
2049	(G) other criminal and relevant noncriminal behavior of the offender both before
2050	and after the offender committed the registrable offense;
2051	(H) if applicable, the level of risk posed by the offender as evidenced by the
2052	evidence-based risk assessment described in Subsection 53-29-206(1)(d); and
2053	(I) any other relevant factors.
2054	(c) In determining whether removal from the registry is contrary to the interests of the
2055	public, the court may not consider removal unless the offender has substantially
2056	complied with all registration requirements under this chapter at all times.
2057	(d) If the court grants the petition, the court shall forward a copy of the order directing
2058	removal of the offender from the registry to the department and the office of the
2059	prosecutor.
2060	(e)(i) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(e)(ii), if the court denies the petition, the
2061	offender may not submit another petition for three years after the day on which the
2062	court denied the petition.
2063	(ii) If the offender is an offender subject to a lifetime registration requirement and
2064	eligible for a 20-year petition for removal from the registry as described in Section
2065	53-29-206 and files a petition for removal that is denied by the court, the offender
2066	may not submit another petition for eight years after the day on which the court

2067	denied the petition.
2068	(f) The court shall notify the victim and the registry office of the court's decision under
2069	this Subsection (6) within three days after the day on which the court issues the
2070	court's decision.
2071	(7)(a) An offender who intentionally or knowingly provides false or misleading
2072	information to the bureau when applying for a certificate of eligibility under this
2073	section is guilty of a class B misdemeanor and subject to prosecution under Section
2074	<u>76-8-504.6.</u>
2075	(b) The bureau may, even if the offender is not prosecuted for providing the false or
2076	misleading information, deny a certificate of eligibility to an offender who provides
2077	false or misleading information on an application.
2078	(8)(a)(i) The bureau shall charge application and issuance fees for a certificate of
2079	eligibility for removal from the registry under this section in accordance with the
2080	process in Section 63J-1-504.
2081	(ii) The application fee shall be paid at the time the offender submits an application to
2082	the bureau for a certificate of eligibility for removal from the registry.
2083	(iii) If the bureau determines that the issuance of a certificate of eligibility for
2084	removal from the registry is appropriate, the offender will be charged an
2085	additional fee for the issuance of the certificate.
2086	(b) Funds generated under this Subsection (8) shall be deposited into the General Fund
2087	as a dedicated credit by the department to cover the costs incurred in determining
2088	eligibility.
2089	Section 24. Section 53-29-301 is enacted to read:
2090	Part 3. Offender, Court, and Law Enforcement Responsibilities
2091	53-29-301 (Effective 05/07/25). Definitions.
2092	As used in this part:
2093	(1) "Business day" means a day on which state offices are open for regular business.
2094	(2) "Correctional facility" means:
2095	(a) a county jail;
2096	(b) a secure correctional facility as defined by Section 64-13-1; or
2097	(c) a secure care facility as defined in Section 80-1-102.
2098	(3) "Secondary residence" means real property that an offender owns or has a financial
2099	interest in, or a location where the offender stays overnight a total of 10 or more nights

2100	in a 12-month period when not staying at the offender's primary residence.
2100	Section 25. Section 53-29-302 is enacted to read:
2101	
	53-29-302 (Effective 05/07/25). Law enforcement and agency responsibilities
2103	related to the registry.
2104	(1) A law enforcement agency shall, in the manner prescribed by the department, inform
2105	the department of:
2106	(a) the receipt of a report or complaint of a registrable offense, within three business
2107	days after the day on which the law enforcement agency received the report or
2108	complaint; and
2109	(b) the arrest of an individual suspected of a registrable offense, within five business
2110	days after the day on which the law enforcement agency arrested the individual.
2111	(2) The Department of Corrections shall register an offender in the custody of the
2112	Department of Corrections with the department upon:
2113	(a) placement on probation;
2114	(b) commitment to a secure correctional facility operated by or under contract with the
2115	Department of Corrections:
2116	(c) release from confinement to parole status, termination or expiration of sentence, or
2117	escape;
2118	(d) entrance to and release from any community-based residential program operated by
2119	or under contract with the Department of Corrections; or
2120	(e) termination of probation or parole.
2121	(3) The sheriff of the county in which an offender is confined shall register an offender with
2122	the department, as required under this chapter, if the offender is not in the custody of the
2123	Department of Corrections and is confined in a correctional facility not operated by or
2124	under contract with the Department of Corrections upon:
2125	(a) commitment to the correctional facility; and
2126	(b) release from confinement.
2127	(4)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), if an offender is sent on an assignment
2128	outside a secure facility, including being assigned for firefighting or disaster control,
2129	the official who has physical custody of the offender shall, within a reasonable time
2130	after the day of the offender's removal from the secure facility, notify the local law
2131	enforcement agencies where the offender is assigned.
2132	(b) Subsection (4)(a) does not apply to an offender temporarily released from a secure
2133	facility setting who is under the supervision of a correctional facility official.

2134	(5) The division shall register an offender in the custody of the division with the
2135	department, as required under this chapter, before the offender's release from custody of
2136	the division.
2137	(6) A state mental hospital shall register an offender committed to the state mental hospital
2138	with the department, as required under this chapter, upon the offender's admission and
2139	upon the offender's discharge.
2140	(7)(a) A municipal or county law enforcement agency shall register an offender who
2141	resides within the agency's jurisdiction and is not under the supervision of the
2142	Division of Adult Probation and Parole within the Department of Corrections.
2143	(b) A municipal or county law enforcement agency may conduct offender registration
2144	under this chapter, if the agency ensures that the agency's staff responsible for
2145	registration:
2146	(i) have received initial training by the department and have been certified by the
2147	department as qualified and authorized to conduct registrations and enter offender
2148	registration information into the registry database; and
2149	(ii) annually certifies with the department.
2150	(8) An agency in the state that registers with the department an offender on probation, an
2151	offender who has been released from confinement to parole status or termination, or an
2152	offender whose sentence has expired, shall inform the offender of the duty to comply
2153	with the continuing registration requirements of this chapter during the period of
2154	registration required in Section 53-29-203, including:
2155	(a) notification to the state agencies in the states where the registrant presently resides
2156	and plans to reside when moving across state lines;
2157	(b) verification of address at least every 60 days pursuant to a parole agreement for
2158	lifetime parolees; and
2159	(c) notification to the out-of-state agency where the offender is living, regardless of
2160	whether the offender is a resident of that state.
2161	Section 26. Section 53-29-303 is enacted to read:
2162	$\underline{53-29-303}$ (Effective 05/07/25). Court responsibilities related to the registry.
2163	(1) The court shall, after an offender is convicted of a registrable offense, within three
2164	business days after the day on which the conviction is entered, forward a signed copy of
2165	the judgment and sentence to the registry office.
2166	(2) Upon modifying, withdrawing, setting aside, vacating, or otherwise altering a
2167	conviction for a registrable offense, the court shall, within three business days, forward a

2168		signed copy of the order to the registry office.
2169	<u>(3)</u>	(a) An offender may change the offender's name in accordance with Title 42,
2170		Chapter 1, Change of Name, if the name change is not contrary to the interests of the
2171		public.
2172		(b) Notwithstanding Section 42-1-2, an offender shall provide notice to the department
2173		at least 30 days before the day on which the hearing for the name change is held.
2174		(c) The court shall provide a copy of the order granting the offender's name change to
2175		the department within 10 days after the day on which the court issues the order.
2176		$\underline{(d)} \;\; \underline{If \; the \; court \; orders \; an \; offender's \; name \; to \; be \; changed, \; the \; department \; shall \; publish \; on \; \underline{(d)} \;\; \underline{(d)}$
2177		the registration website the offender's former name and the offender's changed name
2178		as an alias.
2179	<u>(4)</u>	Notwithstanding Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management
2180		Act, information under Subsection (2) that is collected and released under Subsection
2181		53-29-404(3)(a) is public information, unless otherwise restricted under this chapter.
2182	<u>(5)</u>	The department shall redact information regarding the identity or location of a victim
2183		from information provided under Subsection (2).
2184		Section 27. Section 53-29-304 is enacted to read:
2185		$\underline{53-29-304}$ (Effective 05/07/25). Offender responsibilities related to the registry.
2186	<u>(1)</u>	An offender shall:
2187		(a) if the offender is on probation or parole under the supervision of the Department of
2188		Corrections, register in person with the Division of Adult Probation and Parole; or
2189		(b) if the offender is not on probation or parole under the supervision of the Department
2190		of Corrections, register in person with the police department or sheriff's office that
2191		has jurisdiction over the area where the offender resides.
2192	<u>(2)</u>	An offender registering under Subsection (1) shall register for the duration of the
2193		offender's applicable registration period described in Section 53-29-203:
2194		(a) each year during the month of the offender's date of birth;
2195		(b) during the month that is the sixth month after the offender's birth month; and
2196		(c) within three business days after the day on which there is a change of the offender's
2197		primary residence, any secondary residences, place of employment, vehicle
2198		information, or educational information described in Subsection (4).
2199	<u>(3)</u>	An offender who enters this state from another jurisdiction is required to register with
2200		the department within 10 days after the day on which the offender enters the state,

2202	(4)(a) When registering under Subsection (1), an offender shall provide the following
2203	information:
2204	(i) all names and aliases by which the offender is or has been known;
2205	(ii) the addresses of the offender's primary and secondary residences;
2206	(iii) a physical description, including the offender's date of birth, height, weight, eye
2207	color, and hair color;
2208	(iv) the make, model, color, year, plate number, and vehicle identification number of
2209	a vehicle or vehicles the offender owns or drives more than 12 times per year;
2210	(v) a current photograph of the offender;
2211	(vi) a set of fingerprints, if a set has not already been provided;
2212	(vii) a DNA specimen, taken in accordance with Section 53-10-404, if a set has not
2213	already been provided;
2214	(viii) telephone numbers and any other designations used by the offender for routing
2215	or self-identification in telephonic communications from fixed locations or
2216	cellular telephones;
2217	(ix) online identifiers and the addresses the offender uses for routing or
2218	self-identification in Internet communications or postings;
2219	(x) the name and Internet address of all websites on which the offender is registered
2220	using an online identifier, including all online identifiers used to access those
2221	websites;
2222	(xi) a copy of the offender's passport, if a passport has been issued to the offender;
2223	(xii) if the offender is an alien, all documents establishing the offender's immigration
2224	status;
2225	(xiii) all professional licenses that authorize the offender to engage in an occupation
2226	or carry out a trade or business, including any identifiers, such as numbers;
2227	(xiv) each educational institution in Utah at which the offender is employed or is a
2228	student, and a change of enrollment or employment status of the offender at an
2229	educational institution;
2230	(xv) the name, the telephone number, and the address of a place where the offender is
2231	employed or will be employed;
2232	(xvi) the name, the telephone number, and the address of a place where the offender
2233	works as a volunteer or will work as a volunteer; and
2234	(xvii) the offender's social security number.
2235	(b) The department shall redact information regarding the identity or location of a victim

2236	from information provided under Subsection (4)(a).
2237	(5) Notwithstanding Subsections (4)(a)(ix) and (x) and 53-29-404(7), an offender is not
2238	required to provide the department with:
2239	(a) the offender's online identifier and password used exclusively for the offender's
2240	employment on equipment provided by an employer and used to access the
2241	employer's private network; or
2242	(b) online identifiers for the offender's financial accounts, including a bank, retirement,
2243	or investment account.
2244	(6) Notwithstanding Title 77, Chapter 40a, Expungement of Criminal Records, an offender
2245	convicted of a registrable offense is required to register in accordance with this section
2246	unless the offender is removed from the registry under Section 53-29-207.
2247	(7) Except as provided in Subsection 53-29-404(7), in the case of an offender adjudicated in
2248	another jurisdiction as a juvenile and required to register under this chapter, the offender
2249	shall register in the time period and in the frequency consistent with the requirements of
2250	Subsection (3).
2251	(8)(a) An offender required to register on the registry shall, in the month of the
2252	offender's birth:
2253	(i) pay to the department an annual fee of \$100 each year the offender is subject to
2254	the registration requirements of this chapter; and
2255	(ii) pay to the registering agency, if the registering agency is an agency other than the
2256	department, an annual fee of not more than \$25, which may be assessed by that
2257	agency for providing registration.
2258	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (8)(a), an offender who is confined in a secure facility
2259	or in a state mental hospital is not required to pay the annual fee.
2260	(c) The department shall deposit fees collected in accordance with this chapter into the
2261	General Fund as a dedicated credit, to be used by the department for maintaining the
2262	offender registry under this chapter and monitoring offender registration compliance,
2263	including the costs of:
2264	(i) data entry;
2265	(ii) processing registration packets;
2266	(iii) updating registry information; and
2267	(iv) reporting an offender not in compliance with registration requirements to a law
2268	enforcement agency.
2269	Section 28. Section 53-29-305 is enacted to read:

2270	53-29-305 (Effective 05/07/25). Failing to register or providing false or
2271	incomplete information Penalties.
2272	(1) An offender who knowingly fails to register under this chapter or provides false or
2273	incomplete information is guilty of:
2274	(a) a third degree felony and shall be sentenced to serve a term of incarceration of not
2275	less than 30 days and also at least one year of probation if:
2276	(i) the offender is required to register for a registrable offense that is a felony or
2277	adjudicated delinquent for a registrable offense committed before May 3, 2023,
2278	that would be a felony if the juvenile were an adult; or
2279	(ii) the offender is required to register for the offender's lifetime as described in
2280	Subsection 53-29-203(1)(b); or
2281	(b) a class A misdemeanor and shall be sentenced to serve a term of incarceration of not
2282	less than 30 days and also at least one year of probation if the offender is required to
2283	register for a misdemeanor conviction that is a registrable offense or is adjudicated
2284	delinquent for a registrable offense committed before May 3, 2023, that would be a
2285	misdemeanor if the juvenile were an adult.
2286	(2)(a) The court or Board of Pardons and Parole may not release an individual who
2287	violates this chapter from serving the term required under Subsection (1).
2288	(b) This Subsection (2) supersedes any other provision of the law contrary to this chapter.
2289	(3) The offender shall register for an additional year for every year in which the offender
2290	does not comply with the registration requirements of this chapter.
2291	Section 29. Section 53-29-306, which is renumbered from Section 77-27-21.7 is renumbered
2291	and amended to read:
2293	[77-27-21.7] 53-29-306 (Effective 05/07/25). Sex offender restrictions.
2294	(1) As used in this section:
2295	(a) "Condominium project" means the same as that term is defined in Section 57-8-3.
2296	(b) "Minor" means an individual who is younger than 18 years old[;] .
2297	(c)(i) "Protected area" means the premises occupied by:
2298	(A) a licensed day care or preschool facility;
2299	(B) a public swimming pool or a swimming pool maintained, operated, or owned
2300	by a homeowners' association, condominium project, or apartment complex;
2301	(C) a public or private primary or secondary school that is not on the grounds of a
2302	correctional facility;
2303	(D) a community park that is open to the public or a park maintained, operated, or

2304	owned by a homeowners' association, condominium project, or apartment
2305	complex;
2306	(E) a public playground or a playground maintained, operated, or owned by a
2307	homeowners' association, condominium project, or apartment complex,
2308	including those areas designed to provide minors with space, recreational
2309	equipment, or other amenities intended to allow minors to engage in physical
2310	activity; and
2311	(F) except as provided in Subsection (1)(c)(ii), an area that is 1,000 feet or less
2312	from the residence of a victim of the sex offender if the sex offender is subject
2313	to a victim requested restriction.
2314	(ii) "Protected area" does not include:
2315	(A) the area described in Subsection (1)(c)(i)(F) if the victim is a member of the
2316	immediate family of the sex offender and the terms of the sex offender's
2317	agreement of probation or parole allow the sex offender to reside in the same
2318	residence as the victim;
2319	(B) a park, playground, or swimming pool located on the property of a residential
2320	home;
2321	(C) a park or swimming pool that prohibits minors at all times from using the park
2322	or swimming pool; or
2323	(D) a park or swimming pool maintained, operated, or owned by a homeowners'
2324	association, condominium project, or apartment complex established for
2325	residents 55 years old or older if no minors are present at the park or swimming
2326	pool at the time the sex offender is present at the park or swimming pool.
2327	[(d) "Sex offender" means an adult or juvenile who is required to register in accordance
2328	with Title 77, Chapter 41, Sex, Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender Registry, due to a
2329	conviction for an offense that is committed against a person younger than 18 years
2330	old.]
2331	(2) For purposes of Subsection (1)(c)(i)(F), a sex offender who has committed a registrable
2332	offense against an individual younger than 18 years old is subject to a victim requested
2333	restriction if:
2334	(a) the sex offender is on probation or parole for an offense that requires the offender to
2335	register in accordance with [Title 77, Chapter 41, Sex, Kidnap, and Child Abuse
2336	Offender Registry] this chapter;
2337	(b) the victim or the victim's parent or guardian advises the [Department of Public Safety]

2338	department that the victim elects to restrict the sex offender from the area and
2339	authorizes the [Department of Public Safety] department to advise the sex offender of
2340	the area where the victim resides; and
2341	(c) the [Department of Public Safety] department notifies the sex offender in writing that
2342	the sex offender is prohibited from being in the area described in Subsection
2343	(1)(c)(i)(F) and provides a description of the location of the protected area to the sex
2344	offender.
2345	(3) A sex offender who has committed a registrable offense against an individual younger
2346	than 18 years old may not:
2347	(a) be in a protected area except:
2348	(i) when the sex offender must be in a protected area to perform the sex offender's
2349	parental responsibilities;
2350	(ii)(A) when the protected area is a public or private primary or secondary school;
2351	and
2352	(B) the school is open and being used for a public activity other than a
2353	school-related function that involves a minor; or
2354	(iii)(A) if the protected area is a licensed day care or preschool facility located
2355	within a building that is open to the public for purposes other than the
2356	operation of the day care or preschool facility; and
2357	(B) the sex offender does not enter a part of the building that is occupied by the
2358	day care or preschool facility; or
2359	(b) serve as an athletic coach, manager, or trainer for a sports team of which a minor
2360	who is younger than 18 years old is a member.
2361	(4) A sex offender who violates this section is guilty of:
2362	(a) a class A misdemeanor; or
2363	(b) if previously convicted of violating this section within the last ten years, a third
2364	degree felony.
2365	Section 30. Section 53-29-307, which is renumbered from Section 77-27-21.8 is renumbered
2365	and amended to read:
2367	[77-27-21.8] 53-29-307 (Effective 05/07/25). Sex offender in presence of a child Definitions
2368	Penalties.
2369	(1) As used in this section:
2370	(a) "Accompany" means:
2371	(i) to be in the presence of an individual; and

2372	(ii) to move or travel with that individual from one location to another, whether
2373	outdoors, indoors, or in or on any type of vehicle.
2374	(b) "Child" means an individual younger than 14 years [of age] old.
2375	(2) A sex offender subject to registration in accordance with [Title 77, Chapter 41, Sex,
2376	Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender Registry] this chapter, for [an] a registrable offense
2377	committed or attempted to be committed against a child younger than 14 years [of age]
2378	old is guilty of a class A misdemeanor if the sex offender requests, invites, or solicits a
2379	child to accompany the sex offender, under circumstances that do not constitute an
2380	attempt to violate Section 76-5-301.1, child kidnapping, unless:
2381	(a)(i) the sex offender, prior to accompanying the child:
2382	(A) verbally advises the child's parent or legal guardian that the sex offender is on
2383	the state sex offender registry and is required by state law to obtain written
2384	permission in order for the sex offender to accompany the child; and
2385	(B) requests that the child's parent or legal guardian provide written authorization
2386	for the sex offender to accompany the child, including the specific dates and
2387	locations;
2388	(ii) the child's parent or legal guardian has provided to the sex offender written
2389	authorization, including the specific dates and locations, for the sex offender to
2390	accompany the child; and
2391	(iii) the sex offender has possession of the written authorization and is accompanying
2392	the child only at the dates and locations specified in the authorization;
2393	(b) the child's parent or guardian has verbally authorized the sex offender to accompany
2394	the child either in the child's residence or on property appurtenant to the child's
2395	residence, but in no other locations; or
2396	(c) the child is the natural child of the sex offender, and the offender is not prohibited by
2397	any court order, or probation or parole provision, from contact with the child.
2398	(3)(a) A sex offender convicted of a violation of Subsection (2) is subject to registration
2399	in accordance with [Title 77, Chapter 41, Sex, Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender
2400	Registry] this chapter, for an additional five years subsequent to the required
2401	registration [under Section 77-41-105] described in Section 53-29-203.
2402	(b) The period of additional registration imposed under Subsection (3)(a) is also in
2403	addition to any period of registration imposed under Subsection [77-41-107(3)]
2404	53-29-305(3) for failure to comply with registration requirements.
2405	(4) It is not a defense to a prosecution under this section that the defendant mistakenly

2406	believed the individual to be 14 years [of age] old or older at the time of the offense or
2407	was unaware of the individual's true age.
2408	(5) This section does not apply if a sex offender is acting to rescue a child who is in an
2409	emergency and life-threatening situation.
2410	Section 31. Section 53-29-401 is enacted to read:
2411	Part 4. Department Functions Related to the Registry
2412	53-29-401 (Effective 05/07/25). Definitions.
2413	Reserved.
2414	Section 32. Section 53-29-402 is enacted to read:
2415	53-29-402 (Effective 05/07/25). Department responsibilities related to the
2416	registry.
2417	(1) The department shall:
2418	(a) maintain the registration website;
2419	(b) ensure that the registration information collected regarding an offender's enrollment
2420	or employment at an educational institution is:
2421	(i)(A) promptly made available to any law enforcement agency that has
2422	jurisdiction where the institution is located if the educational institution is an
2423	institution of higher education; or
2424	(B) promptly made available to the district superintendent of the school district
2425	where the offender is employed if the educational institution is an institution of
2426	primary education; and
2427	(ii) entered into the appropriate state records or data system; and
2428	(c) make available to an offender the name of the local law enforcement agency or state
2429	agency that the offender should contact to register, the location for registering, and
2430	the requirements of registration.
2431	(2)(a) When the department receives offender registration information regarding a
2432	change of an offender's primary residence, the department shall, within five days
2433	after the day on which the department receives the information, electronically notify
2434	the law enforcement agencies that have jurisdiction over the area where:
2435	(i) the residence that the offender is leaving is located; and
2436	(ii) the residence to which the offender is moving is located.
2437	(b) The department shall provide notification under Subsection (2)(a) if the offender's
2438	change of address is:

2439	(i) between law enforcement agency jurisdictions; or
2440	(ii) within one law enforcement agency jurisdiction.
2441	(3) The department may make administrative rules necessary to implement this chapter,
2442	including:
2443	(a) the method for dissemination of the information; and
2444	(b) instructions to the public regarding the use of the information.
2445	Section 33. Section 53-29-403 is enacted to read:
2446	$\underline{53-29-403}$ (Effective 05/07/25). Intervention in legal action by the department.
2447	(1) Subject to Subsection (2), the department may intervene in any matter, including a
2448	criminal action, where the matter purports to affect an individual's registration
2449	requirements under this chapter.
2450	(2) The department may only file a motion to intervene under Subsection (1) within 60 days
2451	after the day on which:
2452	(a) the sentencing court enters a judgment or sentence against an individual for a
2453	registrable offense, if the details of the written plea agreement, judgment, or sentence
2454	indicate that the individual's registration requirements under this chapter could be
2455	affected; or
2456	(b) a court modifies, withdraws, sets aside, vacates, or otherwise alters an individual's
2457	conviction for a registrable offense, affecting the individual's registration requirement
2458	under this chapter if the written plea agreement, judgment, or sentence entered at the
2459	time the individual was sentenced did not indicate that the individual's registration
2460	requirement could be affected.
2461	Section 34. Section 53-29-404 is enacted to read:
2462	53-29-404 (Effective 05/07/25). Sex, Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender
2463	Notification and Registration website.
2464	(1) The department shall maintain a Sex, Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender Notification
2465	and Registration website on the Internet available to the public.
2466	(2) The registration website shall be indexed by both the surname of the offender and by
2467	postal codes.
2468	(3)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), the registration website shall include the
2469	following information:
2470	(i) all names and aliases by which the offender is or has been known, but not
2471	including any online identifiers;
2472	(ii) the addresses of the offender's primary, secondary, and temporary residences;

2473	(iii) a physical description, including the offender's date of birth, height, weight, eye
2474	color, and hair color;
2475	(iv) the make, model, color, year, and plate number of any vehicle or vehicles the
2476	offender owns or regularly drives;
2477	(v) a current photograph of the offender;
2478	(vi) a list of all professional licenses that authorize the offender to engage in an
2479	occupation or carry out a trade or business;
2480	(vii) each educational institution in Utah at which the offender is employed or is a
2481	student;
2482	(viii) a list of places where the offender works as a volunteer;
2483	(ix) any registrable offenses for which the offender has been convicted or
2484	adjudicated; and
2485	(x) other relevant identifying information of the offender as determined by the
2486	department.
2487	(b) The department shall redact any information the department receives under
2488	Subsection (3)(a) that, if disclosed, could reasonably identify a victim.
2489	(4)(a) The department shall enable the public to search the registration website to
2490	determine if the following search criteria are linked to an offender:
2491	(i) telephone numbers or other designations for an offender provided under
2492	Subsection 53-29-304(4)(a)(vii);
2493	(ii) online identifiers or other addresses for an offender provided under Subsection
2494	53-29-304(4)(a)(ix); and
2495	(iii) names and Internet addresses of websites on which an offender is registered
2496	using an online identifier, including the online identifier used to access the
2497	website.
2498	(b) The department shall ensure that a search performed using the criteria in Subsection
2499	(4)(a):
2500	(i) provides the individual requesting the search with only information regarding
2501	whether the criteria are linked to an offender; and
2502	(ii) does not return the name or any other identifying information about an offender.
2503	(c) The department is not required to:
2504	(i) report the results of the search under Subsection (4)(a) to a law enforcement
2505	agency; or
2506	(ii) based on the results of a search under Subsection (4)(a), open an investigation.

2507	(5)(a) Subject to Subsection (5)(b), the department shall place a disclaimer on the
2508	registration website informing the public that:
2509	(i) the information contained on the site is obtained from offenders and the
2510	department does not guarantee the information's accuracy or completeness;
2511	(ii) members of the public are not allowed to use the information to harass or threaten
2512	an offender or a member of an offender's family; and
2513	(iii) harassment, stalking, or threats against an offender or an offender's family are
2514	prohibited and may violate Utah criminal laws.
2515	(b) Before a user may access the registry website, the department shall require the user
2516	to indicate that the user has read the disclaimer, understands the disclaimer, and
2517	agrees to comply with the disclaimer's terms.
2518	(6)(a) If an offender was under 18 years old at the time of committing a registrable
2519	offense described in Subsection 53-29-202(1)(a), (c), or (f), and as a result is required
2520	to register on the registry, the department shall maintain, but not publish, the
2521	offender's information on the registration website.
2522	(b)(i) If, based on the information provided to the department by the sentencing
2523	court, prosecuting entity, offender, or offender's counsel, the department cannot
2524	determine whether the offender is eligible for an exemption to publication on the
2525	registration website as described in Subsection (6)(a), the department shall
2526	continue to publish the offender's information on the registration website.
2527	(ii) Information may be provided to the department at any time in order to clarify the
2528	offender's age at the time the offender committed the registrable offense.
2529	(iii) This section does not prohibit the department from seeking or receiving
2530	information from individuals or entities other than those identified in Subsection
2531	<u>(6)(b)(i).</u>
2532	(c) This Subsection (6):
2533	(i) applies to an offender with a registration requirement on or after May 3, 2023,
2534	regardless of when the offender was first required to register; and
2535	(ii) does not apply to an offender who is required to register for the offender's lifetime
2536	due to the offender being convicted of two or more registrable offenses or being
2537	convicted of one registrable offense and, at the time of the conviction for the
2538	registrable offense, being previously required to register as an offender for an
2539	offense committed as a juvenile as described in Subsection 53-29-203(1)(b).
2540	(7) In the case of an offender adjudicated in an external jurisdiction as a juvenile and

2541		required to register under this chapter the department shall maintain, but not publish, the
2542		offender's information on the registration website if the external jurisdiction where the
2543		juvenile offender was adjudicated does not publish the juvenile offender's information
2544		on a public website.
2545	<u>(8)</u>	Any information in the department's possession not listed in Subsection (3)(a) that is not
2546		available to the public shall be shared:
2547		(a) for a purpose under this chapter; or
2548		(b) in accordance with Section 63G-2-206.
2549		Section 35. Section 53-29-405 is enacted to read:
2550		$\underline{53-29-405}$ (Effective 05/07/25). Removal for offenses or convictions for which
2551	reg	istration is no longer required.
2552	<u>(1)</u>	The department shall automatically remove an individual who is currently on the
2553		registry if:
2554		(a) the only offense or offenses for which the individual is on the registry are listed in
2555		Subsection (2); or
2556		(b) the department receives a formal notification or order from the court or the Board of
2557		Pardons and Parole that the conviction for the registrable offense for which the
2558		individual is on the registry has been reversed, vacated, or pardoned.
2559	<u>(2)</u>	The offenses described in Subsection (1)(a) are:
2560		(a) a class B or class C misdemeanor for enticing a minor under Section 76-4-401;
2561		(b) kidnapping under Subsection 76-5-301(2)(a) or (b);
2562		$ (c) \ \ child \ kidnapping \ under \ Section \ 76\text{-}5\text{-}301.1, if the \ of fender \ was \ the \ natural \ parent \ of$
2563		the child victim;
2564		(d) unlawful detention under Section 76-5-304;
2565		(e) a third degree felony for unlawful sexual intercourse before 1986, or a class B
2566		misdemeanor for unlawful sexual intercourse, under Section 76-5-401; or
2567		(f) sodomy, but not forcible sodomy, under Section 76-5-403.
2568	<u>(3)</u>	The department shall notify an individual who has been removed from the registry in
2569		accordance with Subsection (1) and inform the individual in the notice that the
2570		individual is no longer required to register as an offender.
2571	<u>(4)</u>	An individual who is currently on the registry may submit a request to the department to
2572		be removed from the registry if the individual believes that the individual qualifies for
2573		removal under Subsection (1).
2574	(5)	The department upon receipt of a request for removal from the registry in accordance

2575	with this section, shall:
2576	(a) check the registry for the individual's current status;
2577	(b) determine whether the individual qualifies for removal based upon this section; and
2578	(c) notify the individual in writing of the department's determination and whether the
2579	individual:
2580	(i) qualifies for removal from the registry; or
2581	(ii) does not qualify for removal.
2582	(6) If the department determines that the individual qualifies for removal from the registry,
2583	the department shall remove the offender from the registry.
2584	(7)(a) If the department determines that the individual does not qualify for removal
2585	from the registry, the department shall provide an explanation in writing for the
2586	department's determination.
2587	(b) The department's determination under Subsection (7)(a) is final and not subject to
2588	administrative review.
2589	(8) The department or an employee of the department is not civilly liable for a
2590	determination made in good faith in accordance with this section.
2591	(9)(a) The department shall provide a response to a request for removal within 30 days
2592	after the day on which the department receives the request.
2593	(b) If the response under Subsection (9)(a) cannot be provided within 30 days after the
2594	day on which the department receives the request, the department shall notify the
2595	individual that the response may be delayed up to 30 additional days.
2596	Section 36. Section 57-8-3 is amended to read:
2597	57-8-3 (Effective 05/07/25). Definitions.
2598	As used in this chapter:
2599	(1) "Assessment" means any charge imposed by the association, including:
2600	(a) common expenses on or against a unit owner pursuant to the provisions of the
2601	declaration, bylaws, or this chapter; and
2602	(b) an amount that an association of unit owners assesses to a unit owner under
2603	Subsection 57-8-43(9)(g).
2604	(2) "Association of unit owners" or "association" means all of the unit owners:
2605	(a) acting as a group in accordance with the declaration and bylaws; or
2606	(b) organized as a legal entity in accordance with the declaration.
2607	(3) "Building" means a building, containing units, and comprising a part of the property.
2608	(4) "Commercial condominium project" means a condominium project that has no

- residential units within the project.
- 2610 (5) "Common areas and facilities" unless otherwise provided in the declaration or lawful
- amendments to the declaration means:
- 2612 (a) the land included within the condominium project, whether leasehold or in fee
- 2613 simple;
- (b) the foundations, columns, girders, beams, supports, main walls, roofs, halls,
- 2615 corridors, lobbies, stairs, stairways, fire escapes, entrances, and exits of the building;
- 2616 (c) the basements, yards, gardens, parking areas, and storage spaces;
- 2617 (d) the premises for lodging of janitors or persons in charge of the property;
- (e) installations of central services such as power, light, gas, hot and cold water, heating,
- refrigeration, air conditioning, and incinerating;
- 2620 (f) the elevators, tanks, pumps, motors, fans, compressors, ducts, and in general all
- apparatus and installations existing for common use;
- 2622 (g) such community and commercial facilities as may be provided for in the declaration;
- 2623 and
- (h) all other parts of the property necessary or convenient to its existence, maintenance,
- and safety, or normally in common use.
- 2626 (6) "Common expenses" means:
- 2627 (a) all sums lawfully assessed against the unit owners;
- (b) expenses of administration, maintenance, repair, or replacement of the common areas
- 2629 and facilities:
- 2630 (c) expenses agreed upon as common expenses by the association of unit owners; and
- (d) expenses declared common expenses by this chapter, or by the declaration or the
- bylaws.
- 2633 (7) "Common profits," unless otherwise provided in the declaration or lawful amendments
- to the declaration, means the balance of all income, rents, profits, and revenues from the
- common areas and facilities remaining after the deduction of the common expenses.
- 2636 (8) "Condominium" means the ownership of a single unit in a multiunit project together
- with an undivided interest in common in the common areas and facilities of the property.
- 2638 (9) "Condominium plat" means a plat or plats of survey of land and units prepared in
- accordance with Section 57-8-13.
- 2640 (10) "Condominium project" means a real estate condominium project; a plan or project
- whereby two or more units, whether contained in existing or proposed apartments,
- commercial or industrial buildings or structures, or otherwise, are separately offered or

proposed to be offered for sale. Condominium project also means the property when the context so requires.

- 2645 (11) "Condominium unit" means a unit together with the undivided interest in the common 2646 areas and facilities appertaining to that unit. Any reference in this chapter to a 2647 condominium unit includes both a physical unit together with its appurtenant undivided 2648 interest in the common areas and facilities and a time period unit together with its 2649 appurtenant undivided interest, unless the reference is specifically limited to a time 2650 period unit.
 - (12) "Contractible condominium" means a condominium project from which one or more portions of the land within the project may be withdrawn in accordance with provisions of the declaration and of this chapter. If the withdrawal can occur only by the expiration or termination of one or more leases, then the condominium project is not a contractible condominium within the meaning of this chapter.
- 2656 (13) "Convertible land" means a building site which is a portion of the common areas and facilities, described by metes and bounds, within which additional units or limited common areas and facilities may be created in accordance with this chapter.
- 2659 (14) "Convertible space" means a portion of the structure within the condominium project, 2660 which portion may be converted into one or more units or common areas and facilities, 2661 including limited common areas and facilities in accordance with this chapter.
 - (15) "Declarant" means all persons who execute the declaration or on whose behalf the declaration is executed. From the time of the recordation of any amendment to the declaration expanding an expandable condominium, all persons who execute that amendment or on whose behalf that amendment is executed shall also come within this definition. Any successors of the persons referred to in this subsection who come to stand in the same relation to the condominium project as their predecessors also come within this definition.
- 2669 (16) "Declaration" means the instrument by which the property is submitted to the provisions of this act, as it from time to time may be lawfully amended.
- 2671 (17) "Electrical corporation" means the same as that term is defined in Section 54-2-1.
- 2672 (18) "Expandable condominium" means a condominium project to which additional land or an interest in it may be added in accordance with the declaration and this chapter.
- 2674 (19) "Gas corporation" means the same as that term is defined in Section 54-2-1.
- 2675 (20) "Governing documents":

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2676 (a) means a written instrument by which an association of unit owners may:

2677	(i) exercise powers; or
2678	(ii) manage, maintain, or otherwise affect the property under the jurisdiction of the
2679	association of unit owners; and
2680	(b) includes:
2681	(i) articles of incorporation;
2682	(ii) bylaws;
2683	(iii) a plat;
2684	(iv) a declaration of covenants, conditions, and restrictions; and
2685	(v) rules of the association of unit owners.
2686	(21) "Independent third party" means a person that:
2687	(a) is not related to the unit owner;
2688	(b) shares no pecuniary interests with the unit owner; and
2689	(c) purchases the unit in good faith and without the intent to defraud a current or future
2690	lienholder.
2691	(22) "Judicial foreclosure" means a foreclosure of a unit:
2692	(a) for the nonpayment of an assessment;
2693	(b) in the manner provided by law for the foreclosure of a mortgage on real property; and
2694	(c) as provided in this chapter.
2695	(23) "Leasehold condominium" means a condominium project in all or any portion of
2696	which each unit owner owns an estate for years in his unit, or in the land upon which
2697	that unit is situated, or both, with all those leasehold interests to expire naturally at the
2698	same time. A condominium project including leased land, or an interest in the land,
2699	upon which no units are situated or to be situated is not a leasehold condominium within
2700	the meaning of this chapter.
2701	(24) "Limited common areas and facilities" means those common areas and facilities
2702	designated in the declaration as reserved for use of a certain unit or units to the exclusion
2703	of the other units.
2704	(25) "Majority" or "majority of the unit owners," unless otherwise provided in the
2705	declaration or lawful amendments to the declaration, means the owners of more than
2706	50% in the aggregate in interest of the undivided ownership of the common areas and
2707	facilities.
2708	(26) "Management committee" means the committee as provided in the declaration charged
2709	with and having the responsibility and authority to make and to enforce all of the
2710	reasonable rules covering the operation and maintenance of the property.

- 2711 (27) "Management committee meeting" means a gathering of a management committee,
- whether in person or by means of electronic communication, at which the management
- committee can take binding action.
- 2714 (28)(a) "Means of electronic communication" means an electronic system that allows
- individuals to communicate orally in real time.
- 2716 (b) "Means of electronic communication" includes:
- 2717 (i) web conferencing;
- 2718 (ii) video conferencing; and
- 2719 (iii) telephone conferencing.
- 2720 (29) "Mixed-use condominium project" means a condominium project that has both
- residential and commercial units in the condominium project.
- 2722 (30) "Nonjudicial foreclosure" means the sale of a unit:
- (a) for the nonpayment of an assessment;
- (b) in the same manner as the sale of trust property under Sections 57-1-19 through
- 2725 57-1-34; and
- (c) as provided in this chapter.
- 2727 (31) "Par value" means a number of dollars or points assigned to each unit by the
- declaration. Substantially identical units shall be assigned the same par value, but units
- located at substantially different heights above the ground, or having substantially
- different views, or having substantially different amenities or other characteristics that
- 2731 might result in differences in market value, may be considered substantially identical
- within the meaning of this subsection. If par value is stated in terms of dollars, that
- statement may not be considered to reflect or control the sales price or fair market value
- of any unit, and no opinion, appraisal, or fair market transaction at a different figure may
- affect the par value of any unit, or any undivided interest in the common areas and
- facilities, voting rights in the unit owners' association, liability for common expenses, or
- 2737 right to common profits, assigned on the basis thereof.
- 2738 (32) "Period of administrative control" means the period of control described in Subsection
- 2739 57-8-16.5(1).
- 2740 (33) "Person" means an individual, corporation, partnership, association, trustee, or other
- 2741 legal entity.
- 2742 (34) "Political sign" means any sign or document that advocates:
- (a) the election or defeat of a candidate for public office; or
- (b) the approval or defeat of a ballot proposition.

- 2745 (35) "Property" means the land, whether leasehold or in fee simple, the building, if any, all improvements and structures thereon, all easements, rights, and appurtenances belonging
- 2747 thereto, and all articles of personal property intended for use in connection therewith.
- 2748 (36) "Protected area" means the same as that term is defined in Section [77-27-21.7] 53-29-306.
- 2750 (37) "Record," "recording," "recorded," and "recorder" have the meaning stated in Chapter
- 2751 3, Recording of Documents.
- 2752 (38) "Rentals" or "rental unit" means:
- 2753 (a) a unit that:
- (i) is not owned by an entity or trust; and
- 2755 (ii) is occupied by an individual while the unit owner is not occupying the unit as the unit owner's primary residence; or
- (b) an occupied unit owned by an entity or trust, regardless of who occupies the unit.
- 2758 (39) "Size" means the number of cubic feet, or the number of square feet of ground or floor
- space, within each unit as computed by reference to the record of survey map and
- rounded off to a whole number. Certain spaces within the units including attic,
- basement, or garage space may be omitted from the calculation or be partially
- discounted by the use of a ratio, if the same basis of calculation is employed for all units
- in the condominium project and if that basis is described in the declaration.
- 2764 (40) "Time period unit" means an annually recurring part or parts of a year specified in the
- declaration as a period for which a unit is separately owned and includes a timeshare
- estate as defined in Section 57-19-2.
- 2767 (41) "Unconstructed unit" means a unit that:
- (a) is intended, as depicted in the condominium plat, to be fully or partially contained in a building; and
- (b) is not constructed.
- 2771 (42)(a) "Unit" means a separate part of the property intended for any type of
- independent use, which is created by the recording of a declaration and a
- condominium plat that describes the unit boundaries.
- (b) "Unit" includes one or more rooms or spaces located in one or more floors or a portion of a floor in a building.
- (c) "Unit" includes a convertible space, in accordance with Subsection 57-8-13.4(3).
- 2777 (43) "Unit number" means the number, letter, or combination of numbers and letters
- designating the unit in the declaration and in the record of survey map.

2779	(44) "Unit owner" means the person or persons owning a unit in fee simple and an
2780	undivided interest in the fee simple estate of the common areas and facilities in the
2781	percentage specified and established in the declaration or, in the case of a leasehold
2782	condominium project, the person or persons whose leasehold interest or interests in the
2783	condominium unit extend for the entire balance of the unexpired term or terms.
2784	(45) "Water wise landscaping" means:
2785	(a) installation of plant materials, suited to the microclimate and soil conditions, that can:
2786	(i) remain healthy with minimal irrigation once established; or
2787	(ii) be maintained without the use of overhead spray irrigation;
2788	(b) use of water for outdoor irrigation through proper and efficient irrigation design and
2789	water application; or
2790	(c) use of other landscape design features that:
2791	(i) minimize the landscape's need for supplemental water from irrigation;
2792	(ii) reduce the landscape area dedicated to lawn or turf; or
2793	(iii) encourage vegetative coverage.
2794	(46) "Water wise plant material" means a plant material suited to water wise landscaping.
2795	Section 37. Section 57-8-8.1 is amended to read:
2796	57-8-8.1 (Effective 05/07/25). Equal treatment by rules required Limits on
2797	rules.
2798	(1)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), a rule shall treat similarly situated unit
2799	owners similarly.
2800	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), a rule may:
2801	(i) vary according to the level and type of service that the association of unit owners
2802	provides to unit owners;
2803	(ii) differ between residential and nonresidential uses; or
2804	(iii) for a unit that a unit owner leases for a term of less than 30 days, impose a
2805	reasonable limit on the number of individuals that may use the common areas and
2806	facilities as the rental unit tenant's guest or as the unit owner's guest.
2807	(2)(a) If a unit owner owns a rental unit and is in compliance with the association of
2808	unit owners' governing documents and any rule that the association of unit owners
2809	adopts under Subsection (5), a rule may not treat the unit owner differently because
2810	the unit owner owns a rental unit.
2811	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a), a rule may:

(i) limit or prohibit a rental unit owner from using the common areas and facilities for

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2813	purposes other than attending an association meeting or managing the rental unit;
2814	(ii) if the rental unit owner retains the right to use the association of unit owners'
2815	common areas and facilities, even occasionally:
2816	(A) charge a rental unit owner a fee to use the common areas and facilities; and
2817	(B) for a unit that a unit owner leases for a term of less than 30 days, impose a
2818	reasonable limit on the number of individuals that may use the common areas
2819	and facilities as the rental unit tenant's guest or as the unit owner's guest; or
2820	(iii) include a provision in the association of unit owners' governing documents that:
2821	(A) requires each tenant of a rental unit to abide by the terms of the governing
2822	documents; and
2823	(B) holds the tenant and the rental unit owner jointly and severally liable for a
2824	violation of a provision of the governing documents.
2825	(3)(a) A rule may not interfere with the freedom of a unit owner to determine the
2826	composition of the unit owner's household.
2827	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), an association of unit owners may:
2828	(i) require that all occupants of a dwelling be members of a single housekeeping unit;
2829	or
2830	(ii) limit the total number of occupants permitted in each residential dwelling on the
2831	basis of the residential dwelling's:
2832	(A) size and facilities; and
2833	(B) fair use of the common areas and facilities.
2834	(4) Unless contrary to a declaration, a rule may require a minimum lease term.
2835	(5) Unless otherwise provided in the declaration, an association of unit owners may by rule:
2836	(a) regulate the use, maintenance, repair, replacement, and modification of common
2837	areas and facilities;
2838	(b) impose and receive any payment, fee, or charge for:
2839	(i) the use, rental, or operation of the common areas, except limited common areas
2840	and facilities; and
2841	(ii) a service provided to a unit owner;
2842	(c) impose a charge for a late payment of an assessment; or
2843	(d) provide for the indemnification of the association of unit owners' officers and
2844	management committee consistent with Title 16, Chapter 6a, Utah Revised Nonprofit
2845	Corporation Act.
2846	(6)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), a rule may not prohibit a unit owner

2847	from installing a personal security camera immediately adjacent to the entryway,
2848	window, or other outside entry point of the owner's condominium unit.
2849	(b) A rule may prohibit a unit owner from installing a personal security camera in a
2850	common area not physically connected to the owner's unit.
2851	(7)(a) A rule may not abridge the right of a unit owner to display a religious or holiday
2852	sign, symbol, or decoration inside the owner's condominium unit.
2853	(b) An association may adopt a reasonable time, place, and manner restriction with
2854	respect to a display that is visible from the exterior of a unit.
2855	(8)(a) A rule may not:
2856	(i) prohibit a unit owner from displaying in a window of the owner's condominium
2857	unit:
2858	(A) a for-sale sign; or
2859	(B) a political sign;
2860	(ii) regulate the content of a political sign; or
2861	(iii) establish design criteria for a political sign.
2862	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (8)(a), a rule may reasonably regulate the size and time,
2863	place, and manner of posting a for-sale sign or a political sign.
2864	(9) For any area for which one or more unit owners are responsible for landscape
2865	maintenance, the association of unit owners:
2866	(a) shall adopt rules supporting water wise landscaping, including:
2867	(i) low water use requirements on lawns during drought conditions;
2868	(ii) design criterion for water wise landscaping; and
2869	(iii) limiting permissible plant material to specific water wise plant material;
2870	(b) may not prohibit low water use on lawns during drought conditions; and
2871	(c) may not prohibit or restrict the conversion of a grass park strip to water-efficient
2872	landscaping.
2873	(10) A rule may restrict a sex offender from accessing a protected area that is maintained,
2874	operated, or owned by the association, subject to the exceptions described in Subsection [
2875	77-27-21.7(3)] <u>53-29-306(3)</u> .
2876	(11)(a) Except as provided in this Subsection (11), a rule may not prohibit a unit owner
2877	from making modifications, consistent with industry standards, for radon mitigation.
2878	(b) Subsection (11)(a) does not apply if the modifications would violate:
2879	(i) a local land use ordinance;
2880	(ii) a building code;

2881	(iii) a health code; or
2882	(iv) a fire code.
2883	(c) A rule governing the placement or external appearance of modifications may apply to
2884	modifications for radon mitigation unless the rule would:
2885	(i) unreasonably interfere with the modifications' functionality; or
2886	(ii) add more than 40% of the modifications' original cost to the cost of installing the
2887	modifications.
2888	(d) A rule may require that a unit owner making modifications related to radon
2889	mitigation:
2890	(i) demonstrate or provide proof of radon contamination; and
2891	(ii) provide proof that the modifications and any related construction will be
2892	performed by a licensed person.
2893	(12) A rule shall be reasonable.
2894	(13) A declaration, or an amendment to a declaration, may vary any of the requirements of
2895	Subsections (1) through (5), except Subsection (1)(b)(ii).
2896	(14) This section applies to an association of unit owners regardless of when the association
2897	of unit owners is created.
2898	Section 38. Section 57-8a-102 is amended to read:
2899	57-8a-102 (Effective 05/07/25). Definitions.
2900	As used in this chapter:
2901	(1)(a) "Assessment" means a charge imposed or levied:
2902	(i) by the association;
2903	(ii) on or against a lot or a lot owner; and
2904	(iii) pursuant to a governing document recorded with the county recorder.
2905	(b) "Assessment" includes:
2906	(i) a common expense; and
2907	(ii) an amount assessed against a lot owner under Subsection 57-8a-405(7).
2908	(2)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), "association" means a corporation or
2909	other legal entity, any member of which:
2910	(i) is an owner of a residential lot located within the jurisdiction of the association, as
2911	described in the governing documents; and
2912	(ii) by virtue of membership or ownership of a residential lot is obligated to pay:
2913	(A) real property taxes;
2914	(B) insurance premiums;

2915	(C) maintenance costs; or
2916	(D) for improvement of real property not owned by the member.
2917	(b) "Association" or "homeowner association" does not include an association created
2918	under Chapter 8, Condominium Ownership Act.
2919	(3) "Board meeting" means a gathering of a board, whether in person or by means of
2920	electronic communication, at which the board can take binding action.
2921	(4) "Board of directors" or "board" means the entity, regardless of name, with primary
2922	authority to manage the affairs of the association.
2923	(5) "Common areas" means property that the association:
2924	(a) owns;
2925	(b) maintains;
2926	(c) repairs; or
2927	(d) administers.
2928	(6) "Common expense" means costs incurred by the association to exercise any of the
2929	powers provided for in the association's governing documents.
2930	(7) "Declarant":
2931	(a) means the person who executes a declaration and submits it for recording in the
2932	office of the recorder of the county in which the property described in the declaration
2933	is located; and
2934	(b) includes the person's successor and assign.
2935	(8) "Director" means a member of the board of directors.
2936	(9) "Electrical corporation" means the same as that term is defined in Section 54-2-1.
2937	(10) "Gas corporation" means the same as that term is defined in Section 54-2-1.
2938	(11)(a) "Governing documents" means a written instrument by which the association
2939	may:
2940	(i) exercise powers; or
2941	(ii) manage, maintain, or otherwise affect the property under the jurisdiction of the
2942	association.
2943	(b) "Governing documents" includes:
2944	(i) articles of incorporation;
2945	(ii) bylaws;
2946	(iii) a plat;
2947	(iv) a declaration of covenants, conditions, and restrictions; and
2948	(v) rules of the association.

2949	(12) "Independent third party" means a person that:
2950	(a) is not related to the owner of the residential lot;
2951	(b) shares no pecuniary interests with the owner of the residential lot; and
2952	(c) purchases the residential lot in good faith and without the intent to defraud a current
2953	or future lienholder.
2954	(13) "Judicial foreclosure" means a foreclosure of a lot:
2955	(a) for the nonpayment of an assessment;
2956	(b) in the manner provided by law for the foreclosure of a mortgage on real property; and
2957	(c) as provided in Part 3, Collection of Assessments.
2958	(14) "Lease" or "leasing" means regular, exclusive occupancy of a lot:
2959	(a) by a person or persons other than the owner; and
2960	(b) for which the owner receives a consideration or benefit, including a fee, service,
2961	gratuity, or emolument.
2962	(15) "Limited common areas" means common areas described in the declaration and
2963	allocated for the exclusive use of one or more lot owners.
2964	(16) "Lot" means:
2965	(a) a lot, parcel, plot, or other division of land:
2966	(i) designated for separate ownership or occupancy; and
2967	(ii)(A) shown on a recorded subdivision plat; or
2968	(B) the boundaries of which are described in a recorded governing document; or
2969	(b)(i) a unit in a condominium association if the condominium association is a part
2970	of a development; or
2971	(ii) a unit in a real estate cooperative if the real estate cooperative is part of a
2972	development.
2973	(17)(a) "Means of electronic communication" means an electronic system that allows
2974	individuals to communicate orally in real time.
2975	(b) "Means of electronic communication" includes:
2976	(i) web conferencing;
2977	(ii) video conferencing; and
2978	(iii) telephone conferencing.
2979	(18) "Mixed-use project" means a project under this chapter that has both residential and
2980	commercial lots in the project.
2981	(19) "Nonjudicial foreclosure" means the sale of a lot:
2982	(a) for the nonpayment of an assessment;

2983	(b) in the same manner as the sale of trust property under Sections 57-1-19 through
2984	57-1-34; and
2985	(c) as provided in Part 3, Collection of Assessments.
2986	(20) "Period of administrative control" means the period during which the person who filed
2987	the association's governing documents or the person's successor in interest retains
2988	authority to:
2989	(a) appoint or remove members of the association's board of directors; or
2990	(b) exercise power or authority assigned to the association under the association's
2991	governing documents.
2992	(21) "Political sign" means any sign or document that advocates:
2993	(a) the election or defeat of a candidate for public office; or
2994	(b) the approval or defeat of a ballot proposition.
2995	(22) "Protected area" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-27-21.7.
2996	(23) "Rentals" or "rental lot" means:
2997	(a) a lot that:
2998	(i) is not owned by an entity or trust; and
2999	(ii) is occupied by an individual while the lot owner is not occupying the lot as the lot
3000	owner's primary residence;
3001	(b) an occupied lot owned by an entity or trust, regardless of who occupies the lot; or
3002	(c) an internal accessory dwelling unit as defined in Section 10-9a-530 or 17-27a-526.
3003	(24) "Residential lot" means a lot, the use of which is limited by law, covenant, or
3004	otherwise to primarily residential or recreational purposes.
3005	(25)(a) "Rule" means a policy, guideline, restriction, procedure, or regulation of an
3006	association that:
3007	(i) is not set forth in a contract, easement, article of incorporation, bylaw, or
3008	declaration; and
3009	(ii) governs:
3010	(A) the conduct of persons; or
3011	(B) the use, quality, type, design, or appearance of real property or personal
3012	property.
3013	(b) "Rule" does not include the internal business operating procedures of a board.
3014	(26) "Sex offender" means [the same as that term is defined in Section 77-27-21.7] an
3015	individual who is a sex offender as described in Subsection 53-29-202(2)(b) if the
3016	offense that the individual committed that resulted in the individual being a sex offender

3017	was committed against an individual younger than 18 years old.
3018	(27) "Solar energy system" means:
3019	(a) a system that is used to produce electric energy from sunlight; and
3020	(b) the components of the system described in Subsection (27)(a).
3021	Section 39. Section 57-8a-218 is amended to read:
3022	57-8a-218 (Effective 05/07/25). Equal treatment by rules required Limits on
3023	association rules and design criteria.
3024	(1)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), a rule shall treat similarly situated lot
3025	owners similarly.
3026	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), a rule may:
3027	(i) vary according to the level and type of service that the association provides to lot
3028	owners;
3029	(ii) differ between residential and nonresidential uses; and
3030	(iii) for a lot that an owner leases for a term of less than 30 days, impose a reasonable
3031	limit on the number of individuals who may use the common areas and facilities
3032	as guests of the lot tenant or lot owner.
3033	(2)(a) If a lot owner owns a rental lot and is in compliance with the association's
3034	governing documents and any rule that the association adopts under Subsection (4), a
3035	rule may not treat the lot owner differently because the lot owner owns a rental lot.
3036	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a), a rule may:
3037	(i) limit or prohibit a rental lot owner from using the common areas for purposes
3038	other than attending an association meeting or managing the rental lot;
3039	(ii) if the rental lot owner retains the right to use the association's common areas,
3040	even occasionally:
3041	(A) charge a rental lot owner a fee to use the common areas; or
3042	(B) for a lot that an owner leases for a term of less than 30 days, impose a
3043	reasonable limit on the number of individuals who may use the common areas
3044	and facilities as guests of the lot tenant or lot owner; or
3045	(iii) include a provision in the association's governing documents that:
3046	(A) requires each tenant of a rental lot to abide by the terms of the governing
3047	documents; and
3048	(B) holds the tenant and the rental lot owner jointly and severally liable for a
3049	violation of a provision of the governing documents.
3050	(3)(a) A rule criterion may not abridge the rights of a lot owner to display a religious or

3051	holiday sign, symbol, or decoration:
3052	(i) inside a dwelling on a lot; or
3053	(ii) outside a dwelling on:
3054	(A) a lot;
3055	(B) the exterior of the dwelling, unless the association has an ownership interest
3056	in, or a maintenance, repair, or replacement obligation for, the exterior; or
3057	(C) the front yard of the dwelling, unless the association has an ownership interest
3058	in, or a maintenance, repair, or replacement obligation for, the yard.
3059	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), the association may adopt a reasonable time,
3060	place, and manner restriction with respect to a display that is:
3061	(i) outside a dwelling on:
3062	(A) a lot;
3063	(B) the exterior of the dwelling; or
3064	(C) the front yard of the dwelling; and
3065	(ii) visible from outside the lot.
3066	(4)(a) A rule may not prohibit a lot owner from displaying a political sign:
3067	(i) inside a dwelling on a lot; or
3068	(ii) outside a dwelling on:
3069	(A) a lot;
3070	(B) the exterior of the dwelling, regardless of whether the association has an
3071	ownership interest in the exterior; or
3072	(C) the front yard of the dwelling, regardless of whether the association has an
3073	ownership interest in the yard.
3074	(b) A rule may not regulate the content of a political sign.
3075	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a), a rule may reasonably regulate the time, place,
3076	and manner of posting a political sign.
3077	(d) An association design provision may not establish design criteria for a political sign.
3078	(5)(a) A rule may not prohibit a lot owner from displaying a for-sale sign:
3079	(i) inside a dwelling on a lot; or
3080	(ii) outside a dwelling on:
3081	(A) a lot;
3082	(B) the exterior of the dwelling, regardless of whether the association has an
3083	ownership interest in the exterior; or
3084	(C) the front yard of the dwelling, regardless of whether the association has an

3085	ownership interest in the yard.
3086	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (5)(a), a rule may reasonably regulate the time, place,
3087	and manner of posting a for-sale sign.
3088	(6)(a) A rule may not interfere with the freedom of a lot owner to determine the
3089	composition of the lot owner's household.
3090	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (6)(a), an association may:
3091	(i) require that all occupants of a dwelling be members of a single housekeeping unit;
3092	or
3093	(ii) limit the total number of occupants permitted in each residential dwelling on the
3094	basis of the residential dwelling's:
3095	(A) size and facilities; and
3096	(B) fair use of the common areas.
3097	(7)(a) A rule may not interfere with a reasonable activity of a lot owner within the
3098	confines of a dwelling or lot, including backyard landscaping or amenities, to the
3099	extent that the activity is in compliance with local laws and ordinances, including
3100	nuisance laws and ordinances.
3101	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (7)(a), a rule may prohibit an activity within the
3102	confines of a dwelling or lot, including backyard landscaping or amenities, if the
3103	activity:
3104	(i) is not normally associated with a project restricted to residential use; or
3105	(ii)(A) creates monetary costs for the association or other lot owners;
3106	(B) creates a danger to the health or safety of occupants of other lots;
3107	(C) generates excessive noise or traffic;
3108	(D) creates unsightly conditions visible from outside the dwelling;
3109	(E) creates an unreasonable source of annoyance to persons outside the lot; or
3110	(F) if there are attached dwellings, creates the potential for smoke to enter another
3111	lot owner's dwelling, the common areas, or limited common areas.
3112	(c) If permitted by law, an association may adopt rules described in Subsection (7)(b)
3113	that affect the use of or behavior inside the dwelling.
3114	(8)(a) A rule may not, to the detriment of a lot owner and over the lot owner's written
3115	objection to the board, alter the allocation of financial burdens among the various lots.
3116	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (8)(a), an association may:
3117	(i) change the common areas available to a lot owner;
3118	(ii) adopt generally applicable rules for the use of common areas; or

3119	(iii) deny use privileges to a lot owner who:
3120	(A) is delinquent in paying assessments;
3121	(B) abuses the common areas; or
3122	(C) violates the governing documents.
3123	(c) This Subsection (8) does not permit a rule that:
3124	(i) alters the method of levying assessments; or
3125	(ii) increases the amount of assessments as provided in the declaration.
3126	(9)(a) Subject to Subsection (9)(b), a rule may not:
3127	(i) prohibit the transfer of a lot; or
3128	(ii) require the consent of the association or board to transfer a lot.
3129	(b) Unless contrary to a declaration, a rule may require a minimum lease term.
3130	(10)(a) A rule may not require a lot owner to dispose of personal property that was in or
3131	on a lot before the adoption of the rule or design criteria if the personal property was
3132	in compliance with all rules and other governing documents previously in force.
3133	(b) The exemption in Subsection (10)(a):
3134	(i) applies during the period of the lot owner's ownership of the lot; and
3135	(ii) does not apply to a subsequent lot owner who takes title to the lot after adoption
3136	of the rule described in Subsection (10)(a).
3137	(11) A rule or action by the association or action by the board may not unreasonably
3138	impede a declarant's ability to satisfy existing development financing for community
3139	improvements and right to develop:
3140	(a) the project; or
3141	(b) other properties in the vicinity of the project.
3142	(12) A rule or association or board action may not interfere with:
3143	(a) the use or operation of an amenity that the association does not own or control; or
3144	(b) the exercise of a right associated with an easement.
3145	(13) A rule may not divest a lot owner of the right to proceed in accordance with a
3146	completed application for design review, or to proceed in accordance with another
3147	approval process, under the terms of the governing documents in existence at the time
3148	the completed application was submitted by the owner for review.
3149	(14) Unless otherwise provided in the declaration, an association may by rule:
3150	(a) regulate the use, maintenance, repair, replacement, and modification of common
3151	areas;
3152	(b) impose and receive any payment, fee, or charge for:

3153	(i) the use, rental, or operation of the common areas, except limited common areas;
3154	and
3155	(ii) a service provided to a lot owner;
3156	(c) impose a charge for a late payment of an assessment; or
3157	(d) provide for the indemnification of the association's officers and board consistent with
3158	Title 16, Chapter 6a, Utah Revised Nonprofit Corporation Act.
3159	(15) A rule may not prohibit a lot owner from installing a personal security camera
3160	immediately adjacent to the entryway, window, or other outside entry point of the
3161	owner's dwelling unit.
3162	(16)(a) For any area for which one or more lot owners are responsible for landscape
3163	maintenance of any landscaping within the lot owner's lot or the common areas, the association
3164	shall adopt rules supporting water wise landscaping as defined in Section 57-8a-231
3165	including:
3166	(i) low water use requirements on lawns during drought conditions;
3167	(ii) design criterion for water wise landscaping; and
3168	(iii) limiting permissible plant material to specific water wise plant material.
3169	(b) A rule may not:
3170	(i) prohibit or restrict the conversion of a grass park strip to water wise landscaping
3171	as defined in Section 57-8a-231; or
3172	(ii) prohibit low water use on lawns during drought conditions.
3173	(17)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (17)(b), a rule may not prohibit the owner of a
3174	residential lot from constructing an internal accessory dwelling unit, as defined in
3175	Section 10-9a-530 or 17-27a-526, within the owner's residential lot.
3176	(b) Subsection (17)(a) does not apply if the construction would violate:
3177	(i) a local land use ordinance;
3178	(ii) a building code;
3179	(iii) a health code; or
3180	(iv) a fire code.
3181	(18)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (18)(b), a rule may not prohibit the owner of a
3182	residential lot from making modifications, consistent with industry standards, for
3183	radon mitigation.
3184	(b) Subsection (18)(a) does not apply if the modifications would violate:
3185	(i) a local land use ordinance;
3186	(ii) a building code;

3187	(iii) a health code; or
3188	(iv) a fire code.
3189	(c) A rule governing the placement or external appearance of modifications for radon
3190	mitigation does not apply to a lot owner's modifications if the rule would:
3191	(i) unreasonably interfere with the modifications' functionality; or
3192	(ii) add more than 40% of the modifications' original cost to the cost of installing the
3193	modifications.
3194	(d) A rule may require that a lot owner making modifications related to radon mitigation
3195	(i) demonstrate or provide proof of radon contamination; and
3196	(ii) provide proof that the modifications and any related construction will be
3197	performed by a licensed person.
3198	(19) A rule may restrict a sex offender from accessing a protected area that is maintained,
3199	operated, or owned by the association, subject to the exceptions described in Subsection [
3200	77-27-21.7(3)] <u>53-29-306(3)</u> .
3201	(20) A rule shall be reasonable.
3202	(21) A declaration, or an amendment to a declaration, may vary any of the requirements of
3203	Subsections (1), (2), (6), and (8) through (14), except Subsection (1)(b)(ii).
3204	(22) A rule may not be inconsistent with a provision of the association's declaration,
3205	bylaws, or articles of incorporation.
3206	(23) This section applies to an association regardless of when the association is created.
3207	Section 40. Section 63G-2-302 is amended to read:
3208	63G-2-302 (Effective 05/07/25). Private records.
3209	(1) The following records are private:
3210	(a) records concerning an individual's eligibility for unemployment insurance benefits,
3211	social services, welfare benefits, or the determination of benefit levels;
3212	(b) records containing data on individuals describing medical history, diagnosis,
3213	condition, treatment, evaluation, or similar medical data;
3214	(c) records of publicly funded libraries that when examined alone or with other records
3215	identify a patron;
3216	(d) records received by or generated by or for:
3217	(i) the Independent Legislative Ethics Commission, except for:
3218	(A) the commission's summary data report that is required under legislative rule;
3219	and
3220	(B) any other document that is classified as public under legislative rule; or

3221	(ii) a Senate or House Ethics Committee in relation to the review of ethics
3222	complaints, unless the record is classified as public under legislative rule;
3223	(e) records received by, or generated by or for, the Independent Executive Branch Ethics
3224	Commission, except as otherwise expressly provided in Title 63A, Chapter 14,
3225	Review of Executive Branch Ethics Complaints;
3226	(f) records received or generated for a Senate confirmation committee concerning
3227	character, professional competence, or physical or mental health of an individual:
3228	(i) if, prior to the meeting, the chair of the committee determines release of the
3229	records:
3230	(A) reasonably could be expected to interfere with the investigation undertaken by
3231	the committee; or
3232	(B) would create a danger of depriving a person of a right to a fair proceeding or
3233	impartial hearing; and
3234	(ii) after the meeting, if the meeting was closed to the public;
3235	(g) employment records concerning a current or former employee of, or applicant for
3236	employment with, a governmental entity that would disclose that individual's home
3237	address, home telephone number, social security number, insurance coverage, marital
3238	status, or payroll deductions;
3239	(h) records or parts of records under Section 63G-2-303 that a current or former
3240	employee identifies as private according to the requirements of that section;
3241	(i) that part of a record indicating a person's social security number or federal employer
3242	identification number if provided under Section 31A-23a-104, 31A-25-202,
3243	31A-26-202, 58-1-301, 58-55-302, 61-1-4, or 61-2f-203;
3244	(j) that part of a voter registration record identifying a voter's:
3245	(i) driver license or identification card number;
3246	(ii) social security number, or last four digits of the social security number;
3247	(iii) email address;
3248	(iv) date of birth; or
3249	(v) phone number;
3250	(k) a voter registration record that is classified as a private record by the lieutenant
3251	governor or a county clerk under Subsection 20A-2-101.1(5)(a), 20A-2-104(4)(h), or
3252	20A-2-204(4)(b);
3253	(l) a voter registration record that is withheld under Subsection 20A-2-104(7);
3254	(m) a withholding request form described in Subsections 20A-2-104(7) and (8) and any

3255		verification submitted in support of the form;
3256	(n)	a record that:
3257		(i) contains information about an individual;
3258		(ii) is voluntarily provided by the individual; and
3259		(iii) goes into an electronic database that:
3260		(A) is designated by and administered under the authority of the Chief Information
3261		Officer; and
3262		(B) acts as a repository of information about the individual that can be
3263		electronically retrieved and used to facilitate the individual's online interaction
3264		with a state agency;
3265	(o)	information provided to the Commissioner of Insurance under:
3266		(i) Subsection 31A-23a-115(3)(a);
3267		(ii) Subsection 31A-23a-302(4); or
3268		(iii) Subsection 31A-26-210(4);
3269	(p)	information obtained through a criminal background check under Title 11, Chapter
3270		40, Criminal Background Checks by Political Subdivisions Operating Water Systems;
3271	(q)	information provided by an offender that is:
3272		(i) required by the registration requirements of [Title 77, Chapter 41, Sex, Kidnap,
3273		and Child Abuse Offender Registry] Title 53, Chapter 29, Sex, Kidnap, and Child
3274		Abuse Offender Registry; and
3275		(ii) not required to be made available to the public under Subsection [77-41-110(4)]
3276		53-29-404(3)(a);
3277	(r)	a statement and any supporting documentation filed with the attorney general in
3278		accordance with Section 34-45-107, if the federal law or action supporting the filing
3279		involves homeland security;
3280	(s)	electronic toll collection customer account information received or collected under
3281		Section 72-6-118 and customer information described in Section 17B-2a-815
3282		received or collected by a public transit district, including contact and payment
3283		information and customer travel data;
3284	(t)	an email address provided by a military or overseas voter under Section 20A-16-501;
3285	(u)	a completed military-overseas ballot that is electronically transmitted under Title
3286		20A, Chapter 16, Uniform Military and Overseas Voters Act;
3287	(v)	records received by or generated by or for the Political Subdivisions Ethics Review
3288		Commission established in Section 63A-15-201 except for:

3289	(i) the commission's summary data report that is required in Section 63A-15-202; and
3290	(ii) any other document that is classified as public in accordance with Title 63A,
3291	Chapter 15, Political Subdivisions Ethics Review Commission;
3292	(w) a record described in Section 53G-9-604 that verifies that a parent was notified of an
3293	incident or threat;
3294	(x) a criminal background check or credit history report conducted in accordance with
3295	Section 63A-3-201;
3296	(y) a record described in Subsection 53-5a-104(7);
3297	(z) on a record maintained by a county for the purpose of administering property taxes,
3298	an individual's:
3299	(i) email address;
3300	(ii) phone number; or
3301	(iii) personal financial information related to a person's payment method;
3302	(aa) a record submitted by a taxpayer to establish the taxpayer's eligibility for an
3303	exemption, deferral, abatement, or relief under:
3304	(i) Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 11, Exemptions;
3305	(ii) Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 12, Property Tax Relief;
3306	(iii) Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 18, Tax Deferral and Tax Abatement; or
3307	(iv) Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 19, Armed Forces Exemptions;
3308	(bb) a record provided by the State Tax Commission in response to a request under
3309	Subsection 59-1-403(4)(y)(iii);
3310	(cc) a record of the Child Welfare Legislative Oversight Panel regarding an individual
3311	child welfare case, as described in Subsection 36-33-103(3); and
3312	(dd) a record relating to drug or alcohol testing of a state employee under Section
3313	63A-17-1004;
3314	(ee) a record relating to a request by a state elected official or state employee who has
3315	been threatened to the Division of Technology Services to remove personal
3316	identifying information from the open web under Section 63A-16-109; and
3317	(ff) a record including confidential information as that term is defined in Section
3318	67-27-105.
3319	(2) The following records are private if properly classified by a governmental entity:
3320	(a) records concerning a current or former employee of, or applicant for employment
3321	with a governmental entity, including performance evaluations and personal status
3322	information such as race, religion, or disabilities, but not including records that are

3323		public under Subsection 63G-2-301(2)(b) or 63G-2-301(3)(o) or private under
3324		Subsection (1)(b);
3325	(b)	records describing an individual's finances, except that the following are public:
3326		(i) records described in Subsection 63G-2-301(2);
3327		(ii) information provided to the governmental entity for the purpose of complying
3328		with a financial assurance requirement; or
3329		(iii) records that must be disclosed in accordance with another statute;
3330	(c)	records of independent state agencies if the disclosure of those records would
3331		conflict with the fiduciary obligations of the agency;
3332	(d)	other records containing data on individuals the disclosure of which constitutes a
3333		clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;
3334	(e)	records provided by the United States or by a government entity outside the state that
3335		are given with the requirement that the records be managed as private records, if the
3336		providing entity states in writing that the record would not be subject to public
3337		disclosure if retained by it;
3338	(f)	any portion of a record in the custody of the Division of Aging and Adult Services,
3339		created in Section 26B-6-102, that may disclose, or lead to the discovery of, the
3340		identity of a person who made a report of alleged abuse, neglect, or exploitation of a
3341		vulnerable adult; and
3342	(g)	audio and video recordings created by a body-worn camera, as defined in Section
3343		77-7a-103, that record sound or images inside a home or residence except for
3344		recordings that:
3345		(i) depict the commission of an alleged crime;
3346		(ii) record any encounter between a law enforcement officer and a person that results
3347		in death or bodily injury, or includes an instance when an officer fires a weapon;
3348		(iii) record any encounter that is the subject of a complaint or a legal proceeding
3349		against a law enforcement officer or law enforcement agency;
3350		(iv) contain an officer involved critical incident as defined in Subsection 76-2-408
3351		(1)(f); or
3352		(v) have been requested for reclassification as a public record by a subject or
3353		authorized agent of a subject featured in the recording.
3354	(3)(a)	As used in this Subsection (3), "medical records" means medical reports, records,
3355	stat	tements, history, diagnosis, condition, treatment, and evaluation.
3356	(b)	Medical records in the possession of the University of Utah Hospital, its clinics,

3357	doctors, or affiliated entities are not private records or controlled records under
3358	Section 63G-2-304 when the records are sought:
3359	(i) in connection with any legal or administrative proceeding in which the patient's
3360	physical, mental, or emotional condition is an element of any claim or defense; or
3361	(ii) after a patient's death, in any legal or administrative proceeding in which any
3362	party relies upon the condition as an element of the claim or defense.
3363	(c) Medical records are subject to production in a legal or administrative proceeding
3364	according to state or federal statutes or rules of procedure and evidence as if the
3365	medical records were in the possession of a nongovernmental medical care provider.
3366	Section 41. Section 63G-7-301 is amended to read:
3367	63G-7-301 (Effective 05/07/25). Waivers of immunity.
3368	(1)(a) Immunity from suit of each governmental entity is waived as to any contractual
3369	obligation.
3370	(b) Actions arising out of contractual rights or obligations are not subject to the
3371	requirements of Section 63G-7-401, 63G-7-402, 63G-7-403, or 63G-7-601.
3372	(c) The Division of Water Resources is not liable for failure to deliver water from a
3373	reservoir or associated facility authorized by Title 73, Chapter 26, Bear River
3374	Development Act, if the failure to deliver the contractual amount of water is due to
3375	drought, other natural condition, or safety condition that causes a deficiency in the
3376	amount of available water.
3377	(2) Immunity from suit of each governmental entity is waived:
3378	(a) as to any action brought to recover, obtain possession of, or quiet title to real or
3379	personal property;
3380	(b) as to any action brought to foreclose mortgages or other liens on real or personal
3381	property, to determine any adverse claim on real or personal property, or to obtain an
3382	adjudication about any mortgage or other lien that the governmental entity may have
3383	or claim on real or personal property;
3384	(c) as to any action based on the negligent destruction, damage, or loss of goods,
3385	merchandise, or other property while it is in the possession of any governmental
3386	entity or employee, if the property was seized for the purpose of forfeiture under any
3387	provision of state law;
3388	(d) subject to Section 63G-7-302, as to any action brought under the authority of Utah
3389	Constitution, Article I, Section 22, for the recovery of compensation from the
3390	governmental entity when the governmental entity has taken or damaged private property for

3391	public uses without just compensation;
3392	(e) as to any claim for attorney fees or costs under Section 63G-2-209, 63G-2-405, or
3393	63G-2-802;
3394	(f) for actual damages under Title 67, Chapter 21, Utah Protection of Public Employees
3395	Act;
3396	(g) as to any action brought to obtain relief from a land use regulation that imposes a
3397	substantial burden on the free exercise of religion under Title 63L, Chapter 5, Utah
3398	Religious Land Use Act;
3399	(h) except as provided in Subsection 63G-7-201(3), as to any injury caused by:
3400	(i) a defective, unsafe, or dangerous condition of any highway, road, street, alley,
3401	crosswalk, sidewalk, culvert, tunnel, bridge, viaduct, or other structure located on
3402	them; or
3403	(ii) any defective or dangerous condition of a public building, structure, dam,
3404	reservoir, or other public improvement;
3405	(i) subject to Subsections 63G-7-101(4) and 63G-7-201(4), as to any injury proximately
3406	caused by a negligent act or omission of an employee committed within the scope of
3407	employment;
3408	(j) notwithstanding Subsection 63G-7-101(4), as to a claim for an injury resulting from a
3409	sexual battery, as provided in Section 76-9-702.1, committed:
3410	(i) against a student of a public elementary or secondary school, including a charter
3411	school; and
3412	(ii) by an employee of a public elementary or secondary school or charter school who:
3413	(A) at the time of the sexual battery, held a position of special trust, as defined in
3414	Section 76-5-404.1, with respect to the student;
3415	(B) is criminally charged in connection with the sexual battery; and
3416	(C) the public elementary or secondary school or charter school knew or in the
3417	exercise of reasonable care should have known, at the time of the employee's
3418	hiring, to be a sex offender, <u>a</u> kidnap offender, or <u>a</u> child abuse offender as [
3419	defined] described in Section [77-41-102] 53-29-202, required to register under
3420	Title 77, Chapter 41, Sex, Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender Registry] Title
3421	53, Chapter 29, Sex, Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender Registry, whose status
3422	as a sex offender, kidnap offender, or child abuse offender would have been
3423	revealed in a background check under Section 53G-11-402;
3424	(k) as to any action brought under Section 78B-6-2303; and

3425	(l) as to any action brought to obtain relief under Title 53B, Chapter 27, Part 6, Student
3426	Legal Representation.
3427	(3)(a) As used in this Subsection (3):
3428	(i) "Code of conduct" means a code of conduct that:
3429	(A) is not less stringent than a model code of conduct, created by the State Board
3430	of Education, establishing a professional standard of care for preventing the
3431	conduct described in Subsection (3)(a)(i)(D);
3432	(B) is adopted by the applicable local education governing body;
3433	(C) regulates behavior of a school employee toward a student; and
3434	(D) includes a prohibition against any sexual conduct between an employee and a
3435	student and against the employee and student sharing any sexually explicit or
3436	lewd communication, image, or photograph.
3437	(ii) "Local education agency" means:
3438	(A) a school district;
3439	(B) a charter school; or
3440	(C) the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.
3441	(iii) "Local education governing board" means:
3442	(A) for a school district, the local school board;
3443	(B) for a charter school, the charter school governing board; or
3444	(C) for the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind, the state board.
3445	(iv) "Public school" means a public elementary or secondary school.
3446	(v) "Sexual abuse" means the offense described in Subsection 76-5-404.1(2).
3447	(vi) "Sexual battery" means the offense described in Section 76-9-702.1, considering
3448	the term "child" in that section to include an individual under age 18.
3449	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection 63G-7-101(4), immunity from suit is waived as to a
3450	claim against a local education agency for an injury resulting from a sexual battery or
3451	sexual abuse committed against a student of a public school by a paid employee of
3452	the public school who is criminally charged in connection with the sexual battery or
3453	sexual abuse, unless:
3454	(i) at the time of the sexual battery or sexual abuse, the public school was subject to a
3455	code of conduct; and
3456	(ii) before the sexual battery or sexual abuse occurred, the public school had:
3457	(A) provided training on the code of conduct to the employee; and
3458	(B) required the employee to sign a statement acknowledging that the employee

3459	has read and understands the code of conduct.
3460	(4)(a) As used in this Subsection (4):
3461	(i) "Higher education institution" means an institution included within the state
3462	system of higher education under Section 53B-1-102.
3463	(ii) "Policy governing behavior" means a policy adopted by a higher education
3464	institution or the Utah Board of Higher Education that:
3465	(A) establishes a professional standard of care for preventing the conduct
3466	described in Subsections (4)(a)(ii)(C) and (D);
3467	(B) regulates behavior of a special trust employee toward a subordinate student;
3468	(C) includes a prohibition against any sexual conduct between a special trust
3469	employee and a subordinate student; and
3470	(D) includes a prohibition against a special trust employee and subordinate student
3471	sharing any sexually explicit or lewd communication, image, or photograph.
3472	(iii) "Sexual battery" means the offense described in Section 76-9-702.1.
3473	(iv) "Special trust employee" means an employee of a higher education institution
3474	who is in a position of special trust, as defined in Section 76-5-404.1, with a
3475	higher education student.
3476	(v) "Subordinate student" means a student:
3477	(A) of a higher education institution; and
3478	(B) whose educational opportunities could be adversely impacted by a special
3479	trust employee.
3480	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection 63G-7-101(4), immunity from suit is waived as to a
3481	claim for an injury resulting from a sexual battery committed against a subordinate
3482	student by a special trust employee, unless:
3483	(i) the institution proves that the special trust employee's behavior that otherwise
3484	would constitute a sexual battery was:
3485	(A) with a subordinate student who was at least 18 years old at the time of the
3486	behavior; and
3487	(B) with the student's consent; or
3488	(ii)(A) at the time of the sexual battery, the higher education institution was
3489	subject to a policy governing behavior; and
3490	(B) before the sexual battery occurred, the higher education institution had taken
3491	steps to implement and enforce the policy governing behavior.
3492	Section 42. Section 76-1-201 is amended to read:

3493	76-1-201 (Effective 05/07/25). Jurisdiction of offenses.
3494	(1) A person is subject to prosecution in this state for an offense which the person commits,
3495	while either within or outside the state, by the person's own conduct or that of another
3496	for which the person is legally accountable, if:
3497	(a) the offense is committed either wholly or partly within the state;
3498	(b) the conduct outside the state constitutes an attempt to commit an offense within the
3499	state;
3500	(c) the conduct outside the state constitutes a conspiracy to commit an offense within the
3501	state and an act in furtherance of the conspiracy occurs in the state; or
3502	(d) the conduct within the state constitutes an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to
3503	commit in another jurisdiction an offense under the laws of both this state and the
3504	other jurisdiction.
3505	(2) An offense is committed partly within this state if either the conduct which is any
3506	element of the offense, or the result which is an element, occurs within this state.
3507	(3) In homicide offenses, the "result" is either the physical contact which causes death or
3508	the death itself.
3509	(a) If the body of a homicide victim is found within the state, the death shall be
3510	presumed to have occurred within the state.
3511	(b) If jurisdiction is based on this presumption, this state retains jurisdiction unless the
3512	defendant proves by clear and convincing evidence that:
3513	(i) the result of the homicide did not occur in this state; and
3514	(ii) the defendant did not engage in any conduct in this state which is any element of
3515	the offense.
3516	(4)[(a)] An offense which is based on an omission to perform a duty imposed by the law
3517	of this state is committed within the state regardless of the location of the offender at
3518	the time of the omission.
3519	[(b) For the purpose of establishing venue for a violation of Subsection 77-41-105(3)
3520	concerning sex offender, kidnap offender, or child abuse registration, the offense is
3521	considered to be committed:
3522	[(i) at the most recent registered primary residence of the offender, if the actual location
3523	of the offender at the time of the violation is not known; or]
3524	[(ii) at the location of the offender at the time the offender is apprehended.]
3525	(5)(a) If no jurisdictional issue is raised, the pleadings are sufficient to establish
3526	iurisdiction.

3527 (b) The defendant may challenge jurisdiction by filing a motion before trial stating 3528 which facts exist that deprive the state of jurisdiction. 3529 (c) The burden is upon the state to initially establish jurisdiction over the offense by a 3530 preponderance of the evidence by showing under the provisions of Subsections (1) 3531 through (4) that the offense was committed either wholly or partly within the borders 3532 of the state. 3533 (d) If after the prosecution has met its burden of proof under Subsection (5)(c) the 3534 defendant claims that the state is deprived of jurisdiction or may not exercise 3535 jurisdiction, the burden is upon the defendant to prove by a preponderance of the 3536 evidence: 3537 (i) any facts claimed; and 3538 (ii) why those facts deprive the state of jurisdiction. 3539 (6) Facts that deprive the state of jurisdiction or prohibit the state from exercising 3540 jurisdiction include the fact that the: 3541 (a) defendant is serving in a position that is entitled to diplomatic immunity from 3542 prosecution and that the defendant's country has not waived that diplomatic immunity; 3543 (b) defendant is a member of the armed forces of another country and that the crime that 3544 he is alleged to have committed is one that due to an international agreement, such as 3545 a status of forces agreement between his country and the United States, cedes the 3546 exercise of jurisdiction over him for that offense to his country; 3547 (c) defendant is an enrolled member of an Indian tribe, as defined in Section 9-9-101, 3548 and that the Indian tribe has a legal status with the United States or the state that vests 3549 jurisdiction in either tribal or federal courts for certain offenses committed within the 3550 exterior boundaries of a tribal reservation, and that the facts establish that the crime is 3551 one that vests jurisdiction in tribal or federal court; or 3552 (d) offense occurred on land that is exclusively within federal jurisdiction. 3553 (7)(a) The Legislature finds that identity fraud under Chapter 6, Part 11, Identity Fraud 3554 Act, involves the use of personal identifying information which is uniquely personal 3555 to the consumer or business victim of that identity fraud and which information is 3556 considered to be in lawful possession of the consumer or business victim wherever 3557 the consumer or business victim currently resides or is found. 3558 (b) For purposes of Subsection (1)(a), an offense which is based on a violation of 3559 Chapter 6, Part 11, Identity Fraud Act, is committed partly within this state, 3560 regardless of the location of the offender at the time of the offense, if the victim of

3561	the identity fraud resides or is found in this state.
3562	(8) The judge shall determine jurisdiction.
3563	Section 43. Section 76-1-202 is amended to read:
3564	76-1-202 (Effective 05/07/25). Venue of actions.
3565	(1) Criminal actions shall be tried in the county, district, or precinct where the offense is
3566	alleged to have been committed. In determining the proper place of trial, the following
3567	provisions shall apply:
3568	(a) If the commission of an offense commenced outside the state is consummated within
3569	this state, the offender shall be tried in the county where the offense is consummated
3570	(b) When conduct constituting elements of an offense or results that constitute elements
3571	whether the conduct or result constituting elements is in itself unlawful, shall occur
3572	two or more counties, trial of the offense may be held in any of the counties
3573	concerned.
3574	(c) If a person committing an offense upon the person of another is located in one count
3575	and his victim is located in another county at the time of the commission of the
3576	offense, trial may be held in either county.
3577	(d) If a cause of death is inflicted in one county and death ensues in another county, the
3578	offender may be tried in either county.
3579	(e) A person who commits an inchoate offense may be tried in any county in which any
3580	act that is an element of the offense, including the agreement in conspiracy, is
3581	committed.
3582	(f) Where a person in one county solicits, aids, abets, agrees, or attempts to aid another
3583	in the planning or commission of an offense in another county, he may be tried for
3584	the offense in either county.
3585	(g) When an offense is committed within this state and it cannot be readily determined
3586	in which county or district the offense occurred, the following provisions shall be
3587	applicable:
3588	(i) When an offense is committed upon any railroad car, vehicle, watercraft, or
3589	aircraft passing within this state, the offender may be tried in any county through
3590	which such railroad car, vehicle, watercraft, or aircraft has passed.
3591	(ii) When an offense is committed on any body of water bordering on or within this
3592	state, the offender may be tried in any county adjacent to such body of water. T
3593	words "body of water" shall include but not be limited to any stream, river, lake
3594	or reservoir, whether natural or man-made.

3595	(iii) A person who commits theft may be tried in any county in which he exerts
3596	control over the property affected.
3597	(iv) If an offense is committed on or near the boundary of two or more counties, trial
3598	of the offense may be held in any of such counties.
3599	(v) For any other offense, trial may be held in the county in which the defendant
3600	resides, or, if he has no fixed residence, in the county in which he is apprehended
3601	or to which he is extradited.
3602	(h) A person who commits an offense based on Chapter 6, Part 11, Identity Fraud Act,
3603	may be tried in the county:
3604	(i) where the victim's personal identifying information was obtained;
3605	(ii) where the defendant used or attempted to use the personally identifying
3606	information;
3607	(iii) where the victim of the identity fraud resides or is found; or
3608	(iv) if multiple offenses of identity fraud occur in multiple jurisdictions, in any
3609	county where the victim's identity was used or obtained, or where the victim
3610	resides or is found.
3611	(i) For the purpose of establishing venue for a violation of [Subsection 77-41-105(3)]
3612	Section 53-29-304 concerning sex offender, kidnap offender, or child abuse offender
3613	registration, the offense is considered to be committed:
3614	(i) at the most recent registered primary residence of the offender, if the actual
3615	location of the offender at the time of the violation is not known; or
3616	(ii) at the location of the offender at the time the offender is apprehended.
3617	(2) All objections of improper place of trial are waived by a defendant unless made before
3618	trial.
3619	Section 44. Section 76-3-402 is amended to read:
3620	76-3-402 (Effective 05/07/25). Conviction of lower degree of offense Procedure
3621	and limitations.
3622	(1) As used in this section:
3623	(a) "Lower degree of offense" includes an offense for which:
3624	(i) a statutory enhancement is charged in the information or indictment that would
3625	increase either the maximum or the minimum sentence; and
3626	(ii) the court removes the statutory enhancement in accordance with this section.
3627	(b) "Minor regulatory offense" means the same as that term is defined in Section
3628	77-40a-101.

3629	(c)(1) "Rehabilitation program" means a program designed to reduce criminogenic
3630	and recidivism risks.
3631	(ii) "Rehabilitation program" includes:
3632	(A) a domestic violence treatment program, as that term is defined in Section
3633	26B-2-101;
3634	(B) a residential, vocational, and life skills program, as that term is defined in
3635	Section 13-53-102;
3636	(C) a substance abuse treatment program, as that term is defined in Section
3637	26B-2-101;
3638	(D) a substance use disorder treatment program, as that term is defined in Section
3639	26B-2-101;
3640	(E) a youth program, as that term is defined in Section 26B-2-101;
3641	(F) a program that meets the standards established by the Department of
3642	Corrections under Section 64-13-25;
3643	(G) a drug court, a veterans court, or a mental health court certified by the Judicial
3644	Council; or
3645	(H) a program that is substantially similar to a program described in Subsections
3646	(1)(c)(ii)(A) through (G) .
3647	(d) "Serious offense" means a felony or misdemeanor offense that is not a minor
3648	regulatory offense or a traffic offense.
3649	(e) "Traffic offense" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-40a-101.
3650	(f)(i) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(f)(ii), "violent felony" means the same as
3651	that term is defined in Section 76-3-203.5.
3652	(ii) "Violent felony" does not include an offense, or any attempt, solicitation, or
3653	conspiracy to commit an offense, for:
3654	(A) the possession, use, or removal of explosive, chemical, or incendiary devices
3655	under Subsection 76-10-306(3), (5), or (6); or
3656	(B) the purchase or possession of a dangerous weapon or handgun by a restricted
3657	person under Section 76-10-503.
3658	(2) The court may enter a judgment of conviction for a lower degree of offense than
3659	established by statute and impose a sentence at the time of sentencing for the lower
3660	degree of offense if the court:
3661	(a) takes into account:
3662	(i) the nature and circumstances of the offense of which the defendant was found

3663	guilty; and
3664	(ii) the history and character of the defendant;
3665	(b) gives any victim present at the sentencing and the prosecuting attorney an
3666	opportunity to be heard; and
3667	(c) concludes that the degree of offense established by statute would be unduly harsh to
3668	record as a conviction on the record for the defendant.
3669	(3) Upon a motion from the prosecuting attorney or the defendant, the court may enter a
3670	judgment of conviction for a lower degree of offense than established by statute:
3671	(a) after the defendant is successfully discharged from probation or parole for the
3672	conviction; and
3673	(b) if the court finds that entering a judgment of conviction for a lower degree of offense
3674	is in the interest of justice in accordance with Subsection (7).
3675	(4) Upon a motion from the prosecuting attorney or the defendant, the court may enter a
3676	judgment of conviction for a lower degree of offense than established by statute if:
3677	(a) the defendant's probation or parole for the conviction did not result in a successful
3678	discharge but the defendant is successfully discharged from probation or parole for a
3679	subsequent conviction of an offense;
3680	(b)(i) at least five years have passed after the day on which the defendant is
3681	sentenced for the subsequent conviction; or
3682	(ii) at least three years have passed after the day on which the defendant is sentenced
3683	for the subsequent conviction and the prosecuting attorney consents to the
3684	reduction;
3685	(c) the defendant is not convicted of a serious offense during the time period described
3686	in Subsection (4)(b);
3687	(d) there are no criminal proceedings pending against the defendant;
3688	(e) the defendant is not on probation, on parole, or currently incarcerated for any other
3689	offense;
3690	(f) if the offense for which the reduction is sought is a violent felony, the prosecuting
3691	attorney consents to the reduction; and
3692	(g) the court finds that entering a judgment of conviction for a lower degree of offense is
3693	in the interest of justice in accordance with Subsection (7).
3694	(5) Upon a motion from the prosecuting attorney or the defendant, the court may enter a
3695	judgment of conviction for a lower degree of offense than established by statute if:
3696	(a) the defendant's probation or parole for the conviction did not result in a successful

3697	discharge but the defendant is successfully discharged from a rehabilitation program;
3698	(b) at least three years have passed after the day on which the defendant is successfully
3699	discharged from the rehabilitation program;
3700	(c) the defendant is not convicted of a serious offense during the time period described
3701	in Subsection (5)(b);
3702	(d) there are no criminal proceedings pending against the defendant;
3703	(e) the defendant is not on probation, on parole, or currently incarcerated for any other
3704	offense;
3705	(f) if the offense for which the reduction is sought is a violent felony, the prosecuting
3706	attorney consents to the reduction; and
3707	(g) the court finds that entering a judgment of conviction for a lower degree of offense is
3708	in the interest of justice in accordance with Subsection (7).
3709	(6) Upon a motion from the prosecuting attorney or the defendant, the court may enter a
3710	judgment of conviction for a lower degree of offense than established by statute if:
3711	(a) at least five years have passed after the day on which the defendant's probation or
3712	parole for the conviction did not result in a successful discharge;
3713	(b) the defendant is not convicted of a serious offense during the time period described
3714	in Subsection (6)(a);
3715	(c) there are no criminal proceedings pending against the defendant;
3716	(d) the defendant is not on probation, on parole, or currently incarcerated for any other
3717	offense;
3718	(e) if the offense for which the reduction is sought is a violent felony, the prosecuting
3719	attorney consents to the reduction; and
3720	(f) the court finds that entering a judgment of conviction for a lower degree of offense is
3721	in the interest of justice in accordance with Subsection (7).
3722	(7) In determining whether entering a judgment of a conviction for a lower degree of
3723	offense is in the interest of justice under Subsection (3), (4), (5), or (6):
3724	(a) the court shall consider:
3725	(i) the nature, circumstances, and severity of the offense for which a reduction is
3726	sought;
3727	(ii) the physical, emotional, or other harm that the defendant caused any victim of the
3728	offense for which the reduction is sought; and
3729	(iii) any input from a victim of the offense; and
3730	(b) the court may consider:

3731	(i) any special characteristics or circumstances of the defendant, including the
3732	defendant's criminogenic risks and needs;
3733	(ii) the defendant's criminal history;
3734	(iii) the defendant's employment and community service history;
3735	(iv) whether the defendant participated in a rehabilitative program and successfully
3736	completed the program;
3737	(v) any effect that a reduction would have on the defendant's ability to obtain or
3738	reapply for a professional license from the Department of Commerce;
3739	(vi) whether the level of the offense has been reduced by law after the defendant's
3740	conviction;
3741	(vii) any potential impact that the reduction would have on public safety; or
3742	(viii) any other circumstances that are reasonably related to the defendant or the
3743	offense for which the reduction is sought.
3744	(8)(a) A court may only enter a judgment of conviction for a lower degree of offense
3745	under Subsection (3), (4), (5), or (6) after:
3746	(i) notice is provided to the other party;
3747	(ii) reasonable efforts have been made by the prosecuting attorney to provide notice
3748	to any victims; and
3749	(iii) a hearing is held if a hearing is requested by either party.
3750	(b) A prosecuting attorney is entitled to a hearing on a motion seeking to reduce a
3751	judgment of conviction for a lower degree of offense under Subsection (3), (4), (5),
3752	or (6).
3753	(c) In a motion under Subsection (3), (4), (5), or (6) and at a requested hearing on the
3754	motion, the moving party has the burden to provide evidence sufficient to
3755	demonstrate that the requirements under Subsection (3), (4), (5), or (6) are met.
3756	(d) If a defendant files a motion under this section, the prosecuting attorney shall
3757	respond to the motion within 35 days after the day on which the motion is filed with
3758	the court.
3759	(9) A court has jurisdiction to consider and enter a judgment of conviction for a lower
3760	degree of offense under Subsection (3), (4), (5), or (6) regardless of whether the
3761	defendant is committed to jail as a condition of probation or is sentenced to prison.
3762	(10)(a) An offense may be reduced only one degree under this section, unless the
3763	prosecuting attorney specifically agrees in writing or on the court record that the
3764	offense may be reduced two degrees.

3765	(b) An offense may not be reduced under this section by more than two degrees.
3766	(11) This section does not preclude an individual from obtaining or being granted an
3767	expungement of the individual's record in accordance with [Title 44, Chapter 40A,
3768	Expungement of Criminal Records] Title 77, Chapter 40a, Expungement of Criminal
3769	Records.
3770	(12) The court may not enter a judgment for a conviction for a lower degree of offense
3771	under this section if:
3772	(a) the reduction is specifically precluded by law; or
3773	(b) any unpaid balance remains on court-ordered restitution for the offense for which the
3774	reduction is sought.
3775	(13) When the court enters a judgment for a lower degree of offense under this section, the
3776	actual title of the offense for which the reduction is made may not be altered.
3777	(14)(a) An individual may not obtain a reduction under this section of a conviction that
3778	requires the individual to register as a sex offender, kidnap offender, or child abuse
3779	offender <u>under Section 53-29-202</u> until the registration requirements under [Title 77,
3780	Chapter 41, Sex, Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender Registry] Title 53, Chapter 29,
3781	Sex, Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender Registry, have expired.
3782	(b) An individual required to register as a sex offender, kidnap offender, or child abuse
3783	offender under Section 53-29-202 and required to register for the individual's lifetime [
3784	under Subsection 77-41-105(3)(e)] as described in Subsection 53-29-203(1)(b), may
3785	not be granted a reduction of the conviction for the offense or offenses that require
3786	the individual to register as a sex offender, kidnap offender, or child abuse offender.
3787	Section 45. Section 76-5-401 is amended to read:
3788	76-5-401 (Effective 05/07/25). Unlawful sexual activity with a minor Penalties
3789	Evidence of age raised by defendant Limitations.
3790	(1)(a) As used in this section, "minor" means an individual who is 14 years old or older,
3791	but younger than 16 years old, at the time the sexual activity described in Subsection
3792	(2) occurred.
3793	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
3794	(2)(a) Under circumstances not amounting to an offense listed in Subsection (4), an
3795	actor 18 years old or older commits unlawful sexual activity with a minor if the actor:
3796	(i) has sexual intercourse with the minor;
3797	(ii) engages in any sexual act with the minor involving the genitals of an individual
3798	and the mouth or anus of another individual; or

3799	(iii) causes the penetration, however slight, of the genital or anal opening of the
3800	minor by a foreign object, substance, instrument, or device, including a part of the
3801	human body, with the intent to cause substantial emotional or bodily pain to any
3802	individual or with the intent to arouse or gratify the sexual desire of any individual
3803	(b) Any touching, however slight, is sufficient to constitute the relevant element of a
3804	violation of Subsection (2)(a)(ii).
3805	(3)(a) A violation of Subsection (2) is a third degree felony.
3806	(b)[(i)] Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a) or (c), a violation of Subsection (2) is a
3807	class B misdemeanor if the defendant establishes by a preponderance of the
3808	evidence the mitigating factor that:
3809	[(A)] (i) the defendant is less than four years older than the minor at the time the
3810	sexual activity occurred; or
3811	[(B)] (ii) the defendant is 18 years old and enrolled in high school at the time the
3812	sexual activity occurred.
3813	[(ii) An offense under Subsection (3)(b)(i) is not subject to registration under
3814	Subsection 77-41-102(19)(a)(vii).]
3815	(c)[(i)] Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), if the defendant establishes by a
3816	preponderance of the evidence the mitigating factor that the defendant was
3817	younger than 21 years old at the time the sexual activity occurred, the offense is a
3818	class A misdemeanor.
3819	[(ii) An offense under Subsection (3)(c)(i) is not subject to registration under
3820	Subsection 77-41-102(19)(a)(vii).]
3821	(4) The offenses referred to in Subsection (2)(a) are:
3822	(a) rape, in violation of Section 76-5-402;
3823	(b) object rape, in violation of Section 76-5-402.2;
3824	(c) forcible sodomy, in violation of Section 76-5-403;
3825	(d) aggravated sexual assault, in violation of Section 76-5-405; or
3826	(e) an attempt to commit an offense listed in Subsections (4)(a) through (4)(d).
3827	Section 46. Section 76-5-401.1 is amended to read:
3828	76-5-401.1 (Effective 05/07/25). Sexual abuse of a minor.
3829	(1)(a) As used in this section:
3830	(i) "Indecent liberties" means:
3831	(A) the actor touching another individual's genitals, anus, buttocks, pubic area, or
3832	female breast

3833	(B) causing any part of an individual's body to touch the actor's or another's
3834	genitals, pubic area, anus, buttocks, or female breast;
3835	(C) simulating or pretending to engage in sexual intercourse with another
3836	individual, including genital-genital, oral-genital, anal-genital, or oral-anal
3837	intercourse; or
3838	(D) causing an individual to simulate or pretend to engage in sexual intercourse
3839	with the actor or another, including genital-genital, oral-genital, anal-genital, or
3840	oral-anal intercourse.
3841	(ii) "Minor" means an individual who is 14 years old or older, but younger than 16
3842	years old, at the time the sexual activity described in Subsection (2) occurred.
3843	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
3844	(2)(a) Under circumstances not amounting to an offense listed in Subsection (4), an
3845	actor commits sexual abuse of a minor if the actor:
3846	(i) is four years or more older than the minor; and
3847	(ii) with the intent to cause substantial emotional or bodily pain to any individual, or
3848	with the intent to arouse or gratify the sexual desire of any individual:
3849	(A) touches the anus, buttocks, pubic area, or any part of the genitals of the minor;
3850	(B) touches the breast of a female minor; or
3851	(C) otherwise takes indecent liberties with the minor.
3852	(b) Any touching, even if accomplished through clothing, is sufficient to constitute the
3853	relevant element of a violation of Subsection (2)(a).
3854	(3) A violation of Subsection (2)(a) is[÷]
3855	[(a)] a class A misdemeanor[; and] .
3856	[(b) not subject to registration under Subsection 77-41-102(19)(a)(viii) on a first
3857	offense if the offender was younger than 21 years old at the time of the offense.]
3858	(4) The offenses referred to in Subsection (2)(a) are:
3859	(a) unlawful sexual activity with a minor, in violation of Section 76-5-401;
3860	(b) rape, in violation of Section 76-5-402;
3861	(c) object rape, in violation of Section 76-5-402.2;
3862	(d) forcible sodomy, in violation of Section 76-5-403;
3863	(e) aggravated sexual assault, in violation of Section 76-5-405; or
3864	(f) an attempt to commit an offense listed in Subsections (4)(a) through (e).
3865	Section 47. Section 76-5-401.3 is amended to read:
3866	76-5-401.3 (Effective 05/07/25). Unlawful adolescent sexual activity Penalties

3867	Limitations.
3868	(1)(a) As used in this section, "adolescent" means an individual who is 12 years old or
3869	older but younger than 18 years old.
3870	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
3871	(2) Under circumstances not amounting to an offense listed in Subsection (5), an actor
3872	commits unlawful sexual activity if:
3873	(a)(i) the actor is 12 years old or older but younger than 18 years old;
3874	(ii) the actor engages in sexual activity with an adolescent;
3875	(iii) the actor is not the biological sibling of the adolescent; and
3876	(iv) both the actor and the adolescent mutually agree to the sexual activity; or
3877	(b)(i) the actor engages in sexual activity with an adolescent who is 13 years old;
3878	(ii) the actor is 18 years old and enrolled in high school at the time that the sexual
3879	activity occurred;
3880	(iii) the actor is not the biological sibling of the adolescent; and
3881	(iv) both the actor and the adolescent mutually agree to the sexual activity.
3882	(3)(a) A violation of Subsection (2)(a) is a:
3883	(i) third degree felony if an actor who is 17 years old engages in unlawful adolescent
3884	sexual activity with an adolescent who is 13 years old;
3885	(ii) third degree felony if an actor who is 16 years old engages in unlawful adolescent
3886	sexual activity with an adolescent who is 12 years old;
3887	(iii) class A misdemeanor if an actor who is 16 years old engages in unlawful
3888	adolescent sexual activity with an adolescent who is 13 years old;
3889	(iv) class A misdemeanor if an actor who is 14 or 15 years old engages in unlawful
3890	adolescent sexual activity with an adolescent who is 12 years old;
3891	(v) class B misdemeanor if an actor who is 17 years old engages in unlawful
3892	adolescent sexual activity with an adolescent who is 14 years old;
3893	(vi) class B misdemeanor if an actor who is 15 years old engages in unlawful
3894	adolescent sexual activity with an adolescent who is 13 years old;
3895	(vii) class C misdemeanor if an actor who is 12 or 13 years old engages in unlawful
3896	adolescent sexual activity with an adolescent who is 12 or 13 years old; and
3897	(viii) class C misdemeanor if an actor who is 14 years old engages in unlawful
3898	adolescent sexual activity with an adolescent who is 13 years old.
3899	(b) A violation of Subsection (2)(b) is a third degree felony.
3900	(4) The actor and the adolescent do not mutually agree to the sexual activity under

3901		Subsection (2) if:
3902		(a) the adolescent expresses lack of agreement to the sexual activity through words or
3903		conduct;
3904		(b) the actor overcomes the adolescent's will through:
3905		(i) threats to the adolescent or any other individual;
3906		(ii) force;
3907		(iii) coercion; or
3908		(iv) enticement;
3909		(c) the actor is able to overcome the adolescent through concealment or by the element
3910		of surprise;
3911		(d) the actor knows, or reasonably should know, that the adolescent has a mental disease
3912		or defect, which renders the adolescent unable to:
3913		(i) appraise the nature of the act;
3914		(ii) resist the act;
3915		(iii) understand the possible consequences to the adolescent's health or safety; or
3916		(iv) appraise the nature of the relationship between the actor and the adolescent;
3917		(e) the actor knows that the adolescent participates in the sexual activity because the
3918		adolescent erroneously believes that the actor is someone else; or
3919		(f) the actor intentionally impaired the power of the adolescent to appraise or control the
3920		adolescent's conduct by administering any substance without the adolescent's
3921		knowledge.
3922	(5)	The offenses referred to in Subsection (2) are:
3923		(a) rape under Section 76-5-402;
3924		(b) object rape under Section 76-5-402.2;
3925		(c) forcible sodomy under Section 76-5-403;
3926		(d) aggravated sexual assault under Section 76-5-405;
3927		(e) incest under Section 76-7-102; or
3928		(f) an attempt to commit an offense listed in Subsections (5)(a) through (e).
3929	(6)	An offense under this section is not eligible for a nonjudicial adjustment under Section
3930		80-6-303.5 or a referral to a youth court under Section 80-6-902.
3931	(7)	Except for an offense that is transferred to a district court by the juvenile court in
3932		accordance with Section 80-6-504, the district court may enter any sentence or
3933		combination of sentences that would have been available in juvenile court but for the
3934		delayed reporting or delayed filing of the information in the district court.

3935	[(8) An offense under this section is not subject to registration under Subsection 77-41-102
3936	(19).]
3937	Section 48. Section 76-9-702 is amended to read:
3938	76-9-702 (Effective 05/07/25). Lewdness.
3939	(1) A person is guilty of lewdness if the person under circumstances not amounting to rape,
3940	object rape, forcible sodomy, forcible sexual abuse, aggravated sexual assault, sexual
3941	abuse of a minor, unlawful sexual conduct with a 16- or 17-year-old, custodial sexual
3942	relations under Section 76-5-412, custodial sexual misconduct under Section 76-5-412.2,
3943	custodial sexual relations with youth receiving state services under Section 76-5-413,
3944	custodial sexual misconduct with youth receiving state services under Section 76-5-413.2,
3944a	
3945	or an attempt to commit any of these offenses, performs any of the following acts in a
3946	public place or under circumstances which the person should know will likely cause
3947	affront or alarm to, on, or in the presence of another individual who is 14 years old or
3948	older:
3949	(a) an act of sexual intercourse or sodomy;
3950	(b) exposes his or her genitals, the female breast below the top of the areola, the
3951	buttocks, the anus, or the pubic area;
3952	(c) masturbates; or
3953	(d) any other act of lewdness.
3954	(2)(a) A person convicted the first or second time of a violation of Subsection (1) is
3955	guilty of a class B misdemeanor, except under Subsection (2)(b).
3956	(b) A person convicted of a violation of Subsection (1) is guilty of a third degree felony
3957	if at the time of the violation:
3958	(i) the person is a sex offender as defined in Section [77-27-21.7] 57-8a-102;
3959	(ii) the person has been previously convicted two or more times of violating
3960	Subsection (1);
3961	(iii) the person has previously been convicted of a violation of Subsection (1) and has
3962	also previously been convicted of a violation of Section 76-9-702.5;
3963	(iv) the person commits the offense of lewdness while also committing the offense of:
3964	(A) criminal trespass in a sex-designated changing room under Subsection
3965	76-6-206(2)(d);
3966	(B) lewdness involving a child under Section 76-9-702.5;
3967	(C) voyeurism under Section 76-9-702.7; or

3968	(D) loitering in a privacy space under Section 76-9-702.8; or
3969	(v) the person commits the offense of lewdness in a sex-designated privacy space, as
3970	defined in Section 76-9-702.8, that is not designated for individuals of the actor's
3971	sex.
3972	[(e)(i) For] As described in Subsection 53-29-202(4), for purposes of this Subsection
3973	(2)[-and Subsection 77-41-102(19)], a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to a charge
3974	under this section that is held in abeyance under Title 77, Chapter 2a, Pleas in
3975	Abeyance, is the equivalent of a conviction. [(ii)] This Subsection (2)(c) also applies if
3976	the charge under this Subsection (2) has been subsequently reduced or dismissed in
3977	accordance with the plea in abeyance agreement.
3978	(3)(a) As used in this Subsection (3):
3979	(i) "Common area of a privacy space" means any area of a privacy space other than:
3980	(A) a toilet stall with a closed door;
3981	(B) immediately in front of a urinal during use; or
3982	(C) a shower stall with a closed door or other closed covering.
3983	(ii) "Privacy space" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-9-702.8.
3984	(b) The common area of a privacy space constitutes a public place or circumstance
3985	described in Subsection (1) where an act or an attempted act described in Subsection
3986	(1) constitutes lewdness.
3987	(c) Within the common area of a dressing room, fitting room, locker room, changing
3988	facility, or any other space designated for multiple individuals to dress or undress
3989	within the same space, exposing, displaying, or otherwise uncovering genitalia that
3990	does not correspond with the sex designation of the changing room constitutes an act
3991	or an attempted act described in Subsection (1) that constitutes lewdness.
3992	(4) A woman's breast feeding, including breast feeding in any location where the woman
3993	otherwise may rightfully be, does not under any circumstance constitute a lewd act,
3994	irrespective of whether or not the breast is covered during or incidental to feeding.
3995	Section 49. Section 76-9-702.1 is amended to read:
3996	76-9-702.1 (Effective 05/07/25). Sexual battery.
3997	(1) An actor is guilty of sexual battery if the actor, under circumstances not amounting to an
3998	offense under Subsection (2), intentionally touches, whether or not through clothing, the
3999	anus, buttocks, or any part of the genitals of another individual, or the breast of a female
4000	individual, and the actor's conduct is under circumstances the actor knows or should
4001	know will likely cause affront or alarm to the individual touched.

4002 (2) Offenses referred to in Subsection (1) are: 4003 (a) rape under Section 76-5-402; 4004 (b) rape of a child under Section 76-5-402.1; 4005 (c) object rape under Section 76-5-402.2; 4006 (d) object rape of a child under Section 76-5-402.3; 4007 (e) forcible sodomy under Subsection 76-5-403(2); 4008 (f) sodomy on a child under Section 76-5-403.1; 4009 (g) forcible sexual abuse under Section 76-5-404; 4010 (h) sexual abuse of a child under Section 76-5-404.1; 4011 (i) aggravated sexual abuse of a child under Section 76-5-404.3; 4012 (j) aggravated sexual assault under Section 76-5-405; and 4013 (k) an attempt to commit an offense under this Subsection (2). 4014 (3) Sexual battery is a class A misdemeanor. 4015 [(4)(a) For purposes of Subsection 77-41-102(19) only, a plea of guilty or nolo 4016 contendere to a charge under this section that is held in abeyance under Title 77, Chapter 4017 2a, Pleas in Abeyance, is the equivalent of a conviction. 4018 (b) This Subsection (4) also applies if the charge under this section has been subsequently 4019 reduced or dismissed in accordance with the plea in abeyance agreement. 4020 Section 50. Section **76-9-702.5** is amended to read: 4021 76-9-702.5 (Effective 05/07/25). Lewdness involving a child. 4022 (1) As used in this section: 4023 (a) "In the presence of" includes within visual contact through an electronic device. 4024 (b) "Common area of a privacy space" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-9-702. 4025 4026 (c) "Privacy space" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-9-702.8. 4027 (2) A person is guilty of lewdness involving a child if the person under circumstances not 4028 amounting to rape of a child, object rape of a child, sodomy upon a child, sexual abuse 4029 of a child, aggravated sexual abuse of a child, or an attempt to commit any of those 4030 offenses, intentionally or knowingly: 4031 (a) does any of the following in the presence of a child who is under 14 years of age: 4032 (i) performs an act of sexual intercourse or sodomy; 4033 (ii) exposes his or her genitals, the female breast below the top of the areola, the 4034 buttocks, the anus, or the pubic area: 4035 (A) in a public place; or

4036	(B) in a private place under circumstances the person should know will likely
4037	cause affront or alarm or with the intent to arouse or gratify the sexual desire of
4038	the actor or the child;
4039	(iii) masturbates; or
4040	(iv) performs any other act of lewdness; or
4041	(b) under circumstances not amounting to sexual exploitation of a child under Section
4042	76-5b-201 or aggravated sexual exploitation of a child under Section 76-5b-201.1,
4043	causes a child under the age of 14 years to expose his or her genitals, anus, or breast,
4044	if female, to the actor, with the intent to arouse or gratify the sexual desire of the
4045	actor or the child.
4046	(3)(a) Lewdness involving a child is a class A misdemeanor, except under Subsection
4047	(3)(b).
4048	(b) Lewdness involving a child is a third degree felony if at the time of the violation:
4049	(i) the person is a sex offender [as defined in Section 77-27-21.7] as described in
4050	Subsection 53-29-202(2)(b) and the offense that the individual committed that
4051	resulted in the individual being a sex offender was committed against an
4052	individual younger than 18 years old;
4053	(ii) the person has previously been convicted of a violation of this section;
4054	(iii) the person commits the offense of lewdness involving a child while also
4055	committing the offense of:
4056	(A) criminal trespass in a sex-designated changing room under Subsection
4057	76-6-206(2)(d);
4058	(B) lewdness under Section 76-9-702;
4059	(C) voyeurism under Section 76-9-702.7; or
4060	(D) loitering in a privacy space under Section 76-9-702.8; or
4061	(iv) the person commits the offense of lewdness involving a child in a sex-designated
4062	privacy space, as defined in Section 76-9-702.8, that is not designated for
4063	individuals of the actor's sex.
4064	(4)(a) The common area of a privacy space constitutes a public place or circumstance
4065	described in Subsection (2) where an act or an attempted act described in Subsection
4066	(2) constitutes lewdness involving a child.
4067	(b) Within the common area of a government entity's dressing room, fitting room, locker
4068	room, changing facility, or any other space designated for multiple individuals to
4069	dress or undress within the same space, exposing, displaying, or otherwise

4070	uncovering genitalia that does not correspond with the sex designation of the	
4071	changing room constitutes an act or an attempted act described in Subsection (2) that	ıt
4072	constitutes lewdness involving a child.	
4073	Section 51. Section 77-2-2.3 is amended to read:	
4074	77-2-2.3 (Effective 05/07/25). Reducing the level of an offense.	
4075	(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a prosecuting attorney may:	
4076	(a) present and file an information charging an individual for an offense under	
4077	Subsections 76-3-103(1)(b) through (d), Subsection 76-3-103(2), or Section 76-3-10)4
4078	with a classification of the offense at one degree lower than the classification that is	
4079	provided in statute if the prosecuting attorney believes that the sentence would be	
4080	disproportionate to the offense because there are special circumstances relating to the	ıe
4081	offense; or	
4082	(b) subject to the approval of the court, amend an information, as part of a plea	
4083	agreement, to charge an individual for an offense under Subsections 76-3-103(1)(b)	
4084	through (d), Subsection 76-3-103(2), or Section 76-3-104 with a classification of the	Э
4085	offense at one degree lower than the classification that is provided in statute.	
4086	(2) A court may:	
4087	(a) enter a judgment of conviction for an offense filed under Subsection (1) at one	
4088	degree lower than classified in statute; and	
4089	(b) impose a sentence for the offense filed under Subsection (1) at one degree lower that	ın
4090	classified in statute.	
4091	(3) A conviction of an offense at one degree lower than classified in statute under	
4092	Subsection (2) does not affect the requirements for registration of the offense under [
4093	Title 77, Chapter 41, Sex, Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender Registry] Title 53, Chapte	<u>:r</u>
4094	29, Sex, Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender Registry, if the elements of the offense for	
4095	which the defendant is convicted are the same as the elements of [an] a registrable	
4096	offense described in Section [77-41-102] <u>53-29-202</u> .	
4097	(4) This section does not preclude an individual from obtaining and being granted an	
4098	expungement for the individual's record in accordance with Title 77, Chapter 40a,	
4099	Expungement of Criminal Records.	
4100	Section 52. Section 77-11c-101 is amended to read:	
4101	77-11c-101 (Effective 05/07/25). Definitions.	
4102	As used in this chapter:	
4103	(1) "Acquitted" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-11b-101.	

4104	(2) "Adjudicated" means that:
4105	(a)(i) a judgment of conviction by plea or verdict of an offense has been entered by a
4106	court; and
4107	(ii) a sentence has been imposed by the court; or
4108	(b) a judgment has been entered for an adjudication of an offense by a juvenile court
4109	under Section 80-6-701.
4110	(3) "Adjudication" means:
4111	(a) a judgment of conviction by plea or verdict of an offense; or
4112	(b) an adjudication for an offense by a juvenile court under Section 80-6-701.
4113	(4) "Agency" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-11a-101.
4114	(5) "Appellate court" means the Utah Court of Appeals, the Utah Supreme Court, or the
4115	United States Supreme Court.
4116	(6)(a) "Biological evidence" means an item that contains blood, semen, hair, saliva,
4117	epithelial cells, latent fingerprint evidence that may contain biological material
4118	suitable for DNA testing, or other identifiable human biological material that:
4119	(i) is collected as part of an investigation or prosecution of a violent felony offense;
4120	and
4121	(ii) may reasonably be used to incriminate or exculpate a person for the violent
4122	felony offense.
4123	(b) "Biological evidence" includes:
4124	(i) material that is catalogued separately, including:
4125	(A) on a slide or swab; or
4126	(B) inside a test tube, if the evidentiary sample that previously was inside the test
4127	tube has been consumed by testing;
4128	(ii) material that is present on other evidence, including clothing, a ligature, bedding,
4129	a drinking cup, a cigarette, or a weapon, from which a DNA profile may be
4130	obtained;
4131	(iii) the contents of a sexual assault kit; and
4132	(iv) for a violent felony offense, material described in this Subsection (6) that is in
4133	the custody of an evidence collecting or retaining entity on May 4, 2022.
4134	(7) "Claimant" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-11a-101.
4135	(8) "Computer" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-11a-101.
4136	(9) "Continuous chain of custody" means:
4137	(a) for a law enforcement agency or a court, that legal standards regarding a continuous

4138	chain of custody are maintained; and
4139	(b) for an entity that is not a law enforcement agency or a court, that the entity maintains
4140	a record in accordance with legal standards required of the entity.
4141	(10) "Contraband" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-11a-101.
4142	(11) "Controlled substance" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-2.
4143	(12) "Court" means a municipal, county, or state court.
4144	(13) "DNA" means deoxyribonucleic acid.
4145	(14) "DNA profile" means a unique identifier of an individual derived from DNA.
4146	(15) "Drug paraphernalia" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37a-3.
4147	(16) "Evidence" means property, contraband, or an item or substance that:
4148	(a) is seized or collected as part of an investigation or prosecution of an offense; and
4149	(b) may reasonably be used to incriminate or exculpate an individual for an offense.
4150	(17)(a) "Evidence collecting or retaining entity" means an entity within the state that
4151	collects, stores, or retrieves biological evidence.
4152	(b) "Evidence collecting or retaining entity" includes:
4153	(i) a medical or forensic entity;
4154	(ii) a law enforcement agency;
4155	(iii) a court; and
4156	(iv) an official, employee, or agent of an entity or agency described in this Subsection
4157	(17).
4158	(v) "Evidence collecting or retaining entity" does not include a collecting facility
4159	defined in Section 53-10-902.
4160	(18) "Exhibit" means property, contraband, or an item or substance that is admitted into
4161	evidence for a court proceeding.
4162	(19) "In custody" means an individual who:
4163	(a) is incarcerated, civilly committed, on parole, or on probation; or
4164	(b) is required to register under [Title 77, Chapter 41, Sex, Kidnap, and Child Abuse
4165	Offender Registry] Title 53, Chapter 29, Sex, Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender
4166	Registry.
4167	(20) "Law enforcement agency" means the same as that term is defined in Section
4168	77-11a-101.
4169	(21) "Medical or forensic entity" means a private or public hospital, medical facility, or
4170	other entity that secures biological evidence or conducts forensic examinations related to
4171	criminal investigations.

- 4172 (22) "Physical evidence" includes evidence that: 4173 (a) is related to: 4174 (i) an investigation; 4175 (ii) an arrest; or 4176 (iii) a prosecution that resulted in a judgment of conviction; and 4177 (b) is in the actual or constructive possession of a law enforcement agency or a court or 4178 an agent of a law enforcement agency or a court. 4179 (23) "Property" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-11a-101. 4180 (24) "Prosecuting attorney" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-11a-101. 4181 (25) "Sexual assault kit" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53-10-902. 4182 (26) "Victim" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53-10-902. 4183 (27) "Violent felony offense" means the same as the term "violent felony" is defined in 4184 Section 76-3-203.5. 4185 (28) "Wildlife" means the same as that term is defined in Section 23A-1-101. 4186 Section 53. Section 77-27-5.2 is amended to read: 4187 77-27-5.2 (Effective 05/07/25). Board authority to order removal from Sex, 4188 Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender Registry. 4189 (1) If the board grants a pardon for a conviction described in Section 53-29-202 that is the 4190 basis for an individual's registration on the Sex, Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender 4191 Registry, the board shall issue an order directing the Department of Public Safety to 4192 remove the individual's name and personal information relating to the pardoned 4193 conviction from the Sex, Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender Registry. 4194 (2) An order described in Subsection (1), issued by the board, satisfies the notification 4195 requirement described in Subsection [77-41-113(1)(b)] 53-29-405(1)(b).
- Section 54. Section **77-38-605** is amended to read:
- 4197 **77-38-605** (Effective 05/07/25). Administration -- Application.
- 4198 (1) The commission shall provide an application form to an applicant who seeks to 4199 participate in the program under this part.
- 4200 (2) The commission may not charge an applicant or program participant for an application or participation fee to apply for, or participate in, the program.
- 4202 (3) The application shall include:
- 4203 (a) the applicant's name;
- 4204 (b) a mailing address, a phone number, and an email address where the applicant may be 4205 contacted by the commission;

4206	(c) an indication regarding whether the assailant is employed by a state or local
4207	government entity, and if applicable, the name of the state or local government entity
4208	(d) a statement that the applicant understands and consents to:
4209	(i) remain enrolled in the program for four years, unless the applicant's participation
4210	in the program is cancelled under Section 77-38-617;
4211	(ii) while the applicant is enrolled in the program, notify the commission when the
4212	applicant changes the applicant's actual address or legal name;
4213	(iii) develop a safety plan with a program assistant;
4214	(iv) authorize the commission to notify a state or local government entity that the
4215	applicant is a program participant;
4216	(v) submit written notice to the commission if the applicant chooses to cancel the
4217	applicant's participation in the program;
4218	(vi) register to vote in person at the office of the clerk in the county where the
4219	applicant's actual address is located; and
4220	(vii) certify that the commission is the applicant's designated agent for service of
4221	process for personal service;
4222	(e) evidence that the applicant, or a minor or an incapacitated individual residing with
4223	the applicant, is a victim, including:
4224	(i) a law enforcement, court, or other state, local, or federal government agency
4225	record; or
4226	(ii) a document from:
4227	(A) a domestic violence program, facility, or shelter;
4228	(B) a sexual assault program; or
4229	(C) a religious, medical, or other professional from whom the applicant, or the
4230	minor or the incapacitated individual residing with the applicant, sought
4231	assistance in dealing with alleged abuse, domestic violence, stalking, or a
4232	sexual offense;
4233	(f) a statement from the applicant that a disclosure of the applicant's actual address
4234	would endanger the applicant, or a minor or an incapacitated individual residing with
4235	the applicant;
4236	(g) a statement by the applicant that the applicant:
4237	(i) resides at a residential address that is not known by the assailant;
4238	(ii) has relocated to a different residential address in the past 90 days that is not
4239	known by the assailant; or

4240	(iii) will relocate to a different residential address in the state within 90 days that is
4241	not known by the assailant;
4242	(h) the actual address that:
4243	(i) the applicant requests that the commission not disclose; and
4244	(ii) is at risk of discovery by the assailant or potential assailant;
4245	(i) a statement by the applicant disclosing:
4246	(i) the existence of a court order or action involving the applicant, or a minor or an
4247	incapacitated individual residing with the applicant, related to a divorce
4248	proceeding, a child support order or judgment, or the allocation of custody or
4249	parent-time; and
4250	(ii) the court that issued the order or has jurisdiction over the action;
4251	(j) the name of any other individual who resides with the applicant who needs to be a
4252	program participant to ensure the safety of the applicant, or a minor or an
4253	incapacitated individual residing with the applicant;
4254	(k) a statement by the applicant that:
4255	(i) the applicant, or a minor or an incapacitated individual residing at the same
4256	address as the applicant, will benefit from participation in the program;
4257	(ii) if the applicant intends to vote, the applicant will register to vote at the office of
4258	the clerk in the county in which the applicant actually resides; and
4259	(iii) the applicant does not have a current obligation to register as a sex offender,
4260	kidnap offender, or child abuse offender under [Title 77, Chapter 41, Sex, Kidnap,
4261	and Child Abuse Offender Registry] Title 53, Chapter 29, Sex, Kidnap, and Child
4262	Abuse Offender Registry;
4263	(l) a statement by the applicant, under penalty of perjury, that the information contained
4264	in the application is true;
4265	(m) a statement that:
4266	(i) if the applicant intends to use the assigned address for any correspondence with
4267	the State Tax Commission, the applicant must provide the State Tax Commission
4268	with the applicant's social security number, federal employee identification
4269	number, and any other identification number related to a tax, fee, charge, or
4270	license administered by the State Tax Commission; and
4271	(ii) if the applicant intends to use the assigned address for correspondence to a state
4272	or local government entity for the purpose of titling or registering a motor vehicle
4273	or a watercraft that is owned or leased by the applicant, the applicant shall provide

4274	to the state or local government entity for each motor vehicle or watercraft:
4275	(A) the motor vehicle or hull identification number;
4276	(B) the license plate or registration number for the motor vehicle or the watercraft
4277	and
4278	(C) the physical address where each motor vehicle or watercraft is stored; and
4279	(n) a statement that any assistance or counseling provided by a program assistant as part
4280	of the program does not constitute legal advice or legal services to the applicant.
4281	Section 55. Section 77-40a-303 is amended to read:
4282	77-40a-303 (Effective 05/07/25). Requirements for a certificate of eligibility to
4283	expunge records of a conviction.
4284	(1) Except as otherwise provided by this section, a petitioner is eligible to receive a
4285	certificate of eligibility from the bureau to expunge the records of a conviction if:
4286	(a) the petitioner has paid in full all fines and interest ordered by the court related to the
4287	conviction for which expungement is sought;
4288	(b) the petitioner has paid in full all restitution ordered by the court under Section
4289	77-38b-205; and
4290	(c) the following time periods have passed after the day on which the petitioner was
4291	convicted or released from incarceration, parole, or probation, whichever occurred
4292	last, for the conviction that the petitioner seeks to expunge:
4293	(i) 10 years for the conviction of a misdemeanor under Subsection 41-6a-501(2);
4294	(ii) 10 years for the conviction of a felony for operating a motor vehicle with any amount of a
4295	controlled substance in an individual's body and causing serious bodily injury or death, as
4296	codified before May 4, 2022, Laws of Utah 2021,
4297	Chapter 236, Section 1, Subsection 58-37-8(2)(g);
4298	(iii) seven years for the conviction of a felony;
4299	(iv) five years for the conviction of a drug possession offense that is a felony;
4300	(v) five years for the conviction of a class A misdemeanor;
4301	(vi) four years for the conviction of a class B misdemeanor; or
4302	(vii) three years for the conviction of a class C misdemeanor or infraction.
4303	(2) A petitioner is not eligible to receive a certificate of eligibility from the bureau to
4304	expunge the records of a conviction under Subsection (1) if:
4305	(a) except as provided in Subsection (3), the conviction for which expungement is
4306	sought is:
4307	(i) a capital felony;

4308	(ii) a first degree felony;
4309	(iii) a felony conviction of a violent felony as defined in Subsection 76-3-203.5
4310	(1)(c)(i);
4311	(iv) a felony conviction described in Subsection 41-6a-501(2);
4312	(v) an offense, or a combination of offenses, that would [require the individual to
4313	register as a sex offender, as defined in Section 77-41-102] result in the individual
4314	being a sex offender under Subsection 53-29-202(2)(b); or
4315	(vi) [a registerable child abuse offense as defined in Subsection 77-41-102(1);] an
4316	offense, or a combination of offenses, that would result in the individual being a
4317	child abuse offender under Subsection 53-29-202(2)(a);
4318	(b) there is a criminal proceeding for a misdemeanor or felony offense pending against
4319	the petitioner, unless the criminal proceeding is for a traffic offense;
4320	(c) there is a plea in abeyance for a misdemeanor or felony offense pending against the
4321	petitioner, unless the plea in abeyance is for a traffic offense;
4322	(d) the petitioner is currently incarcerated, on parole, or on probation, unless the
4323	petitioner is on probation or parole for an infraction, a traffic offense, or a minor
4324	regulatory offense;
4325	(e) the petitioner intentionally or knowingly provides false or misleading information on
4326	the application for a certificate of eligibility;
4327	(f) there is a criminal protective order or a criminal stalking injunction in effect for the
4328	case; or
4329	(g) the bureau determines that the petitioner's criminal history makes the petitioner
4330	ineligible for a certificate of eligibility under Subsection (4) or (5).
4331	(3) Subsection (2)(a) does not apply to a conviction for a qualifying sexual offense, as
4332	defined in Section 76-3-209, if, at the time of the offense, a petitioner who committed
4333	the offense was at least 14 years old but under 18 years old, unless the petitioner was
4334	convicted by a district court as an adult in accordance with [Title 80, Chapter 6, Part 5,
4335	Transfer to District Court] Title 80, Chapter 6, Part 5, Minor Tried as an Adult.
4336	(4) Subject to Subsections (6), (7), and (8), a petitioner is not eligible to receive a certificate
4337	of eligibility if, at the time the petitioner seeks the certificate of eligibility, the bureau
4338	determines that the petitioner's criminal history, including previously expunged
4339	convictions, contains any of the following:
4340	(a) two or more felony convictions other than for drug possession offenses, each of
4341	which is contained in a separate criminal episode;

4342		(b) any combination of three or more convictions other than for drug possession offenses
4343		that include two class A misdemeanor convictions, each of which is contained in a
4344		separate criminal episode;
4345		(c) any combination of four or more convictions other than for drug possession offenses
4346		that include three class B misdemeanor convictions, each of which is contained in a
4347		separate criminal episode; or
4348		(d) five or more convictions other than for drug possession offenses of any degree
4349		whether misdemeanor or felony, each of which is contained in a separate criminal
4350		episode.
4351	(5)	Subject to Subsections (7) and (8), a petitioner is not eligible to receive a certificate of
4352		eligibility if, at the time the petitioner seeks the certificate of eligibility, the bureau
4353		determines that the petitioner's criminal history, including previously expunged
4354		convictions, contains any of the following:
4355		(a) three or more felony convictions for drug possession offenses, each of which is
4356		contained in a separate criminal episode; or
4357		(b) any combination of five or more convictions for drug possession offenses, each of
4358		which is contained in a separate criminal episode.
4359	(6)	If the petitioner's criminal history contains convictions for both a drug possession
4360		offense and a non-drug possession offense arising from the same criminal episode, the
4361		bureau shall count that criminal episode as a conviction under Subsection (4) if any
4362		non-drug possession offense in that episode:
4363		(a) is a felony or class A misdemeanor; or
4364		(b) has the same or a longer waiting period under Subsection (1)(c) than any drug
4365		possession offense in that episode.
4366	(7)	Except as provided in Subsection (8), if at least 10 years have passed after the day on
4367		which the petitioner was convicted or released from incarceration, parole, or probation,
4368		whichever occurred last, for all convictions:
4369		(a) each numerical eligibility limit under Subsections (4)(a) and (b) shall be increased by
4370		one; and
4371		(b) each numerical eligibility limit under Subsections (4)(c) and (d) is not applicable if
4372		the highest level of convicted offense in the criminal episode is:
4373		(i) a class B misdemeanor;
4374		(ii) a class C misdemeanor;
4375		(iii) a drug possession offense if none of the non-drug possession offenses in the

4376	criminal episode are a felony or a class A misdemeanor; or
4377	(iv) an infraction.
4378	(8) When determining whether a petitioner is eligible for a certificate of eligibility under
4379	Subsection (4), (5), or (7), the bureau may not consider a petitioner's pending case or
4380	prior conviction for:
4381	(a) an infraction;
4382	(b) a traffic offense;
4383	(c) a minor regulatory offense; or
4384	(d) a clean slate eligible case that was automatically expunged.
4385	(9) If the petitioner received a pardon before May 14, 2013, from the Utah Board of
4386	Pardons and Parole, the petitioner is entitled to an expungement order for all pardoned
4387	crimes in accordance with Section 77-27-5.1.
4388	Section 56. Section 77-40a-403 is amended to read:
4389	77-40a-403 (Effective 05/07/25). Release and use of expunged records
4390	Agencies.
4391	(1)(a) An agency with an expunged record, or any employee of an agency with an
4392	expunged record, may not knowingly or intentionally divulge any information
4393	contained in the expunged record to any person, or another agency, without a court
4394	order unless:
4395	(i) specifically authorized by Subsection (4) or Section 77-40a-404; or
4396	(ii) subject to Subsection (1)(b), the information in an expunged record is being
4397	shared with another agency through a records management system that both
4398	agencies use for the purpose of record management.
4399	(b) An agency with a records management system may not disclose any information in
4400	an expunged record to another agency or person, or allow another agency or person
4401	access to an expunged record, if that agency or person does not use the records
4402	management system for the purpose of record management.
4403	(2) The following entities or agencies may receive information contained in expunged
4404	records upon specific request:
4405	(a) the Board of Pardons and Parole;
4406	(b) Peace Officer Standards and Training;
4407	(c) federal authorities if required by federal law;
4408	(d) the State Board of Education;
4409	(e) the Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice, for purposes of investigating

4410	applicants for judicial office; and
4411	(f) a research institution or an agency engaged in research regarding the criminal justice
4412	system if:
4413	(i) the research institution or agency provides a legitimate research purpose for
4414	gathering information from the expunged records;
4415	(ii) the research institution or agency enters into a data sharing agreement with the
4416	court or agency with custody of the expunged records that protects the
4417	confidentiality of any identifying information in the expunged records;
4418	(iii) any research using expunged records does not include any individual's name or
4419	identifying information in any product of that research; and
4420	(iv) any product resulting from research using expunged records includes a disclosure
4421	that expunged records were used for research purposes.
4422	(3) Except as otherwise provided by this section or by court order, a person, an agency, or
4423	an entity authorized by this section to view expunged records may not reveal or release
4424	any information obtained from the expunged records to anyone outside the specific
4425	request, including distribution on a public website.
4426	(4) A prosecuting attorney may communicate with another prosecuting attorney, or another
4427	prosecutorial agency, regarding information in an expunged record that includes a
4428	conviction, or a charge dismissed as a result of a successful completion of a plea in
4429	abeyance agreement, for:
4430	(a) stalking as described in Section 76-5-106.5;
4431	(b) a domestic violence offense as defined in Section 77-36-1;
4432	(c) an offense that would [require the individual to register as a sex offender, kidnap
4433	offender, or child abuse offender as defined in Section 77-41-102] result in the
4434	individual being a child abuse offender, a sex offender, or a kidnap offender under
4435	<u>Section 53-29-202</u> ; or
4436	(d) a weapons offense under Title 76, Chapter 10, Part 5, Weapons.
4437	(5) Except as provided in Subsection (7), a prosecuting attorney may not use an expunged
4438	record for the purpose of a sentencing enhancement or as a basis for charging an
4439	individual with an offense that requires a prior conviction.
4440	(6) The bureau may also use the information in the bureau's index as provided in Section
4441	53-5-704.
4442	(7) If an individual is charged with a felony, or an offense eligible for enhancement based
4443	on a prior conviction, after obtaining an order of expungement, the prosecuting attorney

4444	may petition the court in which the individual is charged to open the expunged records
4445	upon a showing of good cause.
4446	(8)(a) For judicial sentencing, a court may order any records expunged under this
4447	chapter or Section 77-27-5.1 to be opened and admitted into evidence.
4448	(b) The records are confidential and are available for inspection only by the court,
4449	parties, counsel for the parties, and any other person who is authorized by the court to
4450	inspect them.
4451	(c) At the end of the action or proceeding, the court shall order the records expunged
4452	again.
4453	(d) Any person authorized by this Subsection (8) to view expunged records may not
4454	reveal or release any information obtained from the expunged records to anyone
4455	outside the court.
4456	(9) Records released under this chapter are classified as protected under Section 63G-2-305
4457	and are accessible only as provided under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Part 2, Access to
4458	Records, and Subsection 53-10-108(2)(k) for records held by the bureau.
4459	Section 57. Section 78A-2-301 is amended to read:
4460	78A-2-301 (Effective 05/07/25). Civil fees of the courts of record Courts
4461	complex design.
4462	(1)(a) The fee for filing any civil complaint or petition invoking the jurisdiction of a
4463	court of record not governed by another subsection is \$375.
4464	(b) The fee for filing a complaint or petition is:
4465	(i) \$90 if the claim for damages or amount in interpleader exclusive of court costs,
4466	interest, and attorney fees is \$2,000 or less;
4467	(ii) \$200 if the claim for damages or amount in interpleader exclusive of court costs,
4468	interest, and attorney fees is greater than \$2,000 and less than \$10,000;
4469	(iii) \$375 if the claim for damages or amount in interpleader is \$10,000 or more;
4470	(iv) except as provided in Subsection (1)(b)(v), \$325 if the petition is filed for an
4471	action described in Title 81, Chapter 4, Dissolution of Marriage;
4472	(v) \$35 for a petition for temporary separation described in Section 81-4-104;
4473	(vi) \$125 if the petition is for removal from the [The-]Sex, Kidnap, and Child Abuse
4474	Offender Registry under Section [77-41-112] 53-29-204, 53-29-205, or 53-29-206;
4475	and
4476	(vii) \$35 if the petition is for guardianship and the prospective ward is the biological
4477	or adoptive child of the petitioner.

4478	(c)	The fee for filing a small claims affidavit is:
4479		(i) \$60 if the claim for damages or amount in interpleader exclusive of court costs,
4480		interest, and attorney fees is \$2,000 or less;
4481		(ii) \$100 if the claim for damages or amount in interpleader exclusive of court costs,
4482		interest, and attorney fees is greater than \$2,000, but less than \$7,500; and
4483		(iii) \$185 if the claim for damages or amount in interpleader exclusive of court costs,
4484		interest, and attorney fees is \$7,500 or more.
4485	(d)	The fee for filing a counter claim, cross claim, complaint in intervention, third party
4486		complaint, or other claim for relief against an existing or joined party other than the
4487		original complaint or petition is:
4488		(i) \$55 if the claim for relief exclusive of court costs, interest, and attorney fees is
4489		\$2,000 or less;
4490		(ii) \$165 if the claim for relief exclusive of court costs, interest, and attorney fees is
4491		greater than \$2,000 and less than \$10,000;
4492		(iii) \$170 if the original petition is filed under Subsection (1)(a), the claim for relief is
4493		\$10,000 or more, or the party seeks relief other than monetary damages; and
4494		(iv) \$130 if the original petition is filed for an action described in Title 81, Chapter 4,
4495		Dissolution of Marriage.
4496	(e)	The fee for filing a small claims counter affidavit is:
4497		(i) \$50 if the claim for relief exclusive of court costs, interest, and attorney fees is
4498		\$2,000 or less;
4499		(ii) \$70 if the claim for relief exclusive of court costs, interest, and attorney fees is
4500		greater than \$2,000, but less than \$7,500; and
4501		(iii) \$120 if the claim for relief exclusive of court costs, interest, and attorney fees is
4502		\$7,500 or more.
4503	(f)	The fee for depositing funds under Section 57-1-29 when not associated with an
4504		action already before the court is determined under Subsection (1)(b) based on the
4505		amount deposited.
4506	(g)	The fee for filing a petition is:
4507		(i) \$240 for trial de novo of an adjudication of the justice court or of the small claims
4508		department; and
4509		(ii) \$80 for an appeal of a municipal administrative determination in accordance with
4510		Section 10-3-703.7.
4511	(h)	The fee for filing a notice of appeal, petition for appeal of an interlocutory order, or

4512	petition for writ of certiorari is \$240.
4513	(i) The fee for filing a petition for expungement is \$150.
4514	(j)(i) Fifteen dollars of the fees established by Subsections (1)(a) through (i) shall be
4515	allocated to and between the Judges' Contributory Retirement Trust Fund and the
4516	Judges' Noncontributory Retirement Trust Fund, as provided in Title 49, Chapter
4517	17, Judges' Contributory Retirement Act, and Title 49, Chapter 18, Judges'
4518	Noncontributory Retirement Act.
4519	(ii) Four dollars of the fees established by Subsections (1)(a) through (i) shall be
4520	allocated by the state treasurer to be deposited into the restricted account,
4521	Children's Legal Defense Account, as provided in Section 51-9-408.
4522	(iii) Five dollars of the fees established under Subsections (1)(a) through (e), (1)(g),
4523	and (1)(s) shall be allocated to and deposited with the Dispute Resolution Account
4524	as provided in Section 78B-6-209.
4525	(iv) Thirty dollars of the fees established by Subsections (1)(a), (1)(b)(iii) and (iv),
4526	(1)(d)(iii) and (iv), (1)(g)(ii), (1)(h), and (1)(i) shall be allocated by the state
4527	treasurer to be deposited into the restricted account, Court Security Account, as
4528	provided in Section 78A-2-602.
4529	(v) Twenty dollars of the fees established by Subsections (1)(b)(i) and (ii), (1)(d)(ii)
4530	and (1)(g)(i) shall be allocated by the state treasurer to be deposited into the
4531	restricted account, Court Security Account, as provided in Section 78A-2-602.
4532	(k) The fee for filing a judgment, order, or decree of a court of another state or of the
4533	United States is \$35.
4534	(l) The fee for filing a renewal of judgment in accordance with Section 78B-6-1801 is
4535	50% of the fee for filing an original action seeking the same relief.
4536	(m) The fee for filing probate or child custody documents from another state is \$35.
4537	(n)(i) The fee for filing an abstract or transcript of judgment, order, or decree of the
4538	State Tax Commission is \$30.
4539	(ii) The fee for filing an abstract or transcript of judgment of a court of law of this
4540	state or a judgment, order, or decree of an administrative agency, commission,
4541	board, council, or hearing officer of this state or of its political subdivisions other
4542	than the State Tax Commission, is \$50.
4543	(o) The fee for filing a judgment by confession without action under Section 78B-5-205
4544	is \$35.
4545	(p) The fee for filing an award of arbitration for confirmation, modification, or vacation

4546	under Title 78B, Chapter 11, Utah Uniform Arbitration Act, that is not part of an
4547	action before the court is \$35.
4548	(q) The fee for filing a petition or counter-petition to modify a domestic relations order
4549	other than a protective order or stalking injunction is \$100.
4550	(r) The fee for filing any accounting required by law is:
4551	(i) \$15 for an estate valued at \$50,000 or less;
4552	(ii) \$30 for an estate valued at \$75,000 or less but more than \$50,000;
4553	(iii) \$50 for an estate valued at \$112,000 or less but more than \$75,000;
4554	(iv) \$90 for an estate valued at \$168,000 or less but more than \$112,000; and
4555	(v) \$175 for an estate valued at more than \$168,000.
4556	(s) The fee for filing a demand for a civil jury is \$250.
4557	(t) The fee for filing a notice of deposition in this state concerning an action pending in
4558	another state under Utah Rules of Civil Procedure, Rule 30 is \$35.
4559	(u) The fee for filing documents that require judicial approval but are not part of an
4560	action before the court is \$35.
4561	(v) The fee for a petition to open a sealed record is \$35.
4562	(w) The fee for a writ of replevin, attachment, execution, or garnishment is \$50 in
4563	addition to any fee for a complaint or petition.
4564	(x)(i) The fee for a petition for authorization for a minor to marry required by
4565	Section 81-2-304 is \$5.
4566	(ii) The fee for a petition for emancipation of a minor provided in Title 80, Chapter 7
4567	Emancipation, is \$50.
4568	(y) The fee for a certificate issued under Section 26B-8-128 is \$8.
4569	(z) The fee for a certified copy of a document is \$4 per document plus 50 cents per page.
4570	(aa) The fee for an exemplified copy of a document is \$6 per document plus 50 cents per
4571	page.
4572	(bb) The Judicial Council shall, by rule, establish a schedule of fees for copies of
4573	documents and forms and for the search and retrieval of records under Title 63G,
4574	Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act. Fees under
4575	Subsection (1)(bb) and (cc) shall be credited to the court as a reimbursement of
4576	expenditures.
4577	(cc) The Judicial Council may, by rule, establish a reasonable fee to allow members of
4578	the public to conduct a limited amount of searches on the Xchange database without
4579	having to pay a monthly subscription fee.

4580 (dd) There is no fee for services or the filing of documents not listed in this section or 4581 otherwise provided by law. 4582 (ee) Except as provided in this section, all fees collected under this section are paid to 4583 the General Fund. Except as provided in this section, all fees shall be paid at the time 4584 the clerk accepts the pleading for filing or performs the requested service. 4585 (ff) The filing fees under this section may not be charged to the state, the state's 4586 agencies, or political subdivisions filing or defending any action. In judgments 4587 awarded in favor of the state, its agencies, or political subdivisions, except the Office 4588 of Recovery Services, the court shall order the filing fees and collection costs to be 4589 paid by the judgment debtor. The sums collected under this Subsection (1)(ff) shall 4590 be applied to the fees after credit to the judgment, order, fine, tax, lien, or other 4591 penalty and costs permitted by law. 4592 (2)(a)(i) From March 17, 1994, until June 30, 1998, the state court administrator 4593 shall transfer all revenues representing the difference between the fees in effect 4594 after May 2, 1994, and the fees in effect before February 1, 1994, as dedicated 4595 credits to the Division of Facilities Construction and Management Capital Projects 4596 Fund. 4597 (ii)(A) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(a)(ii)(B), the Division of Facilities 4598 Construction and Management shall use up to \$3,750,000 of the revenue 4599 deposited into the Capital Projects Fund under this Subsection (2)(a) to design 4600 and take other actions necessary to initiate the development of a courts 4601 complex in Salt Lake City. 4602 (B) If the Legislature approves funding for construction of a courts complex in 4603 Salt Lake City in the 1995 Annual General Session, the Division of Facilities 4604 Construction and Management shall use the revenue deposited into the Capital 4605 Projects Fund under this Subsection (2)(a)(ii) to construct a courts complex in 4606 Salt Lake City. 4607 (C) After the courts complex is completed and all bills connected with its 4608 construction have been paid, the Division of Facilities Construction and 4609 Management shall use any money remaining in the Capital Projects Fund under 4610 this Subsection (2)(a)(ii) to fund the Vernal District Court building. 4611 (iii) The Division of Facilities Construction and Management may enter into 4612 agreements and make expenditures related to this project before the receipt of

revenues provided for under this Subsection (2)(a)(iii).

4613

4614	(iv) The Division of Facilities Construction and Management shall:
4615	(A) make those expenditures from unexpended and unencumbered building funds
4616	already appropriated to the Capital Projects Fund; and
4617	(B) reimburse the Capital Projects Fund upon receipt of the revenues provided for
4618	under this Subsection (2).
4619	(b) After June 30, 1998, the state court administrator shall ensure that all revenues
4620	representing the difference between the fees in effect after May 2, 1994, and the fees
4621	in effect before February 1, 1994, are transferred to the Division of Finance for
4622	deposit in the restricted account.
4623	(c) The Division of Finance shall deposit all revenues received from the state court
4624	administrator into the restricted account created by this section.
4625	(d)(i) From May 1, 1995, until June 30, 1998, the state court administrator shall
4626	transfer \$7 of the amount of a fine or bail forfeiture paid for a violation of Title
4627	41, Motor Vehicles, in a court of record to the Division of Facilities Construction
4628	and Management Capital Projects Fund. The division of money pursuant to
4629	Section 78A-5-110 shall be calculated on the balance of the fine or bail forfeiture
4630	paid.
4631	(ii) After June 30, 1998, the state court administrator or a municipality shall transfer
4632	\$7 of the amount of a fine or bail forfeiture paid for a violation of Title 41, Motor
4633	Vehicles, in a court of record to the Division of Finance for deposit in the
4634	restricted account created by this section. The division of money pursuant to
4635	Section 78A-5-110 shall be calculated on the balance of the fine or bail forfeiture
4636	paid.
4637	(3)(a) There is created within the General Fund a restricted account known as the State
4638	Courts Complex Account.
4639	(b) The Legislature may appropriate money from the restricted account to the state court
4640	administrator for the following purposes only:
4641	(i) to repay costs associated with the construction of the court complex that were
4642	funded from sources other than revenues provided for under this Subsection
4643	(3)(b)(i); and
4644	(ii) to cover operations and maintenance costs on the court complex.
4645	Section 58. Section 78B-8-302 is amended to read:
4646	78B-8-302 (Effective 05/07/25). Process servers.
4647	(1) A complaint a summons or a subpoena may be served by an individual who is:

4648		(a) 18 years old or older at the time of service; and
4649		(b) not a party to the action or a party's attorney.
4650	(2)	Except as provided in Subsection (5), the following may serve all process issued by the
4651		courts of this state:
4652		(a) a peace officer employed by a political subdivision of the state acting within the
4653		scope and jurisdiction of the peace officer's employment;
4654		(b) a sheriff or appointed deputy sheriff employed by a county of the state;
4655		(c) a constable, or the constable's deputy, serving in compliance with applicable law;
4656		(d) an investigator employed by the state and authorized by law to serve civil process; or
4657		(e) a private investigator licensed in accordance with Title 53, Chapter 9, Private
4658		Investigator Regulation Act.
4659	(3)	A private investigator licensed in accordance with Title 53, Chapter 9, Private
4660		Investigator Regulation Act, may not make an arrest pursuant to a bench warrant.
4661	(4)	While serving process, a private investigator shall:
4662		(a) have on the investigator's body a visible form of credentials and identification
4663		identifying:
4664		(i) the investigator's name;
4665		(ii) that the investigator is a licensed private investigator; and
4666		(iii) the name and address of the agency employing the investigator or, if the
4667		investigator is self-employed, the address of the investigator's place of business;
4668		(b) verbally communicate to the person being served that the investigator is acting as a
4669		process server; and
4670		(c) print on the first page of each document served:
4671		(i) the investigator's name and identification number as a private investigator; and
4672		(ii) the address and phone number for the investigator's place of business.
4673	(5)	The following may only serve process under this section when the use of force is
4674		authorized on the face of the document, or when a breach of the peace is imminent or
4675		likely under the totality of the circumstances:
4676		(a) a law enforcement officer, as defined in Section 53-13-103; or
4677		(b) a special function officer, as defined in Section 53-13-105, who is:
4678		(i) employed as an appointed deputy sheriff by a county of the state; or
4679		(ii) a constable.
4680	(6)	The following may not serve process issued by a court:
4681		(a) an individual convicted of a felony violation of an offense [listed in Subsection

4682	77-41-102(19)] that would result in the individual being a sex offender under
4683	Subsection 53-29-202(2)(b); or
4684	(b) an individual who is a respondent in a proceeding described in Title 78B, Chapter 7,
4685	Protective Orders and Stalking Injunctions, in which a court has granted the
4686	petitioner a protective order.
4687	(7) An individual serving process shall:
4688	(a) legibly document the date and time of service on the front page of the document
4689	being served;
4690	(b) legibly print the process server's name, address, and telephone number on the return
4691	of service;
4692	(c) sign the return of service in substantial compliance with Title 78B, Chapter 18a,
4693	Uniform Unsworn Declarations Act;
4694	(d) if the process server is a peace officer, sheriff, or deputy sheriff, legibly print the
4695	badge number of the process server on the return of service; and
4696	(e) if the process server is a private investigator, legibly print the private investigator's
4697	identification number on the return of service.
4698	Section 59. Section 80-3-406 is amended to read:
4699	80-3-406 (Effective 05/07/25). Permanency plan Reunification services.
4700	(1) If the juvenile court orders continued removal at the dispositional hearing under Section
4701	80-3-402, and that the minor remain in the custody of the division, the juvenile court
4702	shall first:
4703	(a) establish a primary permanency plan and a concurrent permanency plan for the minor
4704	in accordance with this section; and
4705	(b) determine whether, in view of the primary permanency plan, reunification services
4706	are appropriate for the minor and the minor's family under Subsections (5) through (8)
4707	(2)(a) The concurrent permanency plan shall include:
4708	(i) a representative list of the conditions under which the primary permanency plan
4709	will be abandoned in favor of the concurrent permanency plan; and
4710	(ii) an explanation of the effect of abandoning or modifying the primary permanency
4711	plan.
4712	(b) In determining the primary permanency plan and concurrent permanency plan, the
4713	juvenile court shall consider:
4714	(i) the preference for kinship placement over nonkinship placement, including the
4715	rebuttable presumption described in Subsection 80-3-302(7)(a);

4716	(ii) the potential for a guardianship placement if parental rights are terminated and no
4717	appropriate adoption placement is available; and
4718	(iii) the use of an individualized permanency plan, only as a last resort.
4719	(3)(a) The juvenile court may amend a minor's primary permanency plan before the
4720	establishment of a final permanency plan under Section 80-3-409.
4721	(b) The juvenile court is not limited to the terms of the concurrent permanency plan in
4722	the event that the primary permanency plan is abandoned.
4723	(c) If, at any time, the juvenile court determines that reunification is no longer a minor's
4724	primary permanency plan, the juvenile court shall conduct a permanency hearing in
4725	accordance with Section 80-3-409 on or before the earlier of:
4726	(i) 30 days after the day on which the juvenile court makes the determination
4727	described in this Subsection (3)(c); or
4728	(ii) the day on which the provision of reunification services, described in Section
4729	80-3-409, ends.
4730	(4)(a) Because of the state's interest in and responsibility to protect and provide
4731	permanency for minors who are abused, neglected, or dependent, the Legislature
4732	finds that a parent's interest in receiving reunification services is limited.
4733	(b) The juvenile court may determine that:
4734	(i) efforts to reunify a minor with the minor's family are not reasonable or
4735	appropriate, based on the individual circumstances; and
4736	(ii) reunification services should not be provided.
4737	(c) In determining reasonable efforts to be made with respect to a minor, and in making
4738	reasonable efforts, the juvenile court and the division shall consider the minor's
4739	health, safety, and welfare as the paramount concern.
4740	(5) There is a presumption that reunification services should not be provided to a parent if
4741	the juvenile court finds, by clear and convincing evidence, that any of the following
4742	circumstances exist:
4743	(a) the whereabouts of the parents are unknown, based on a verified affidavit indicating
4744	that a reasonably diligent search has failed to locate the parent;
4745	(b) subject to Subsection (6)(a), the parent is suffering from a mental illness of such
4746	magnitude that the mental illness renders the parent incapable of utilizing
4747	reunification services;
4748	(c) the minor was previously adjudicated as an abused child due to physical abuse,
4749	sexual abuse, or sexual exploitation, and following the adjudication the child:

4750	(i) was removed from the custody of the minor's parent;	
4751	(ii) was subsequently returned to the custody of the parent; and	
4752	(iii) is being removed due to additional physical abuse, sexual abuse, or sexual	
4753	exploitation;	
4754	(d) the parent:	
4755	(i) caused the death of another minor through abuse or neglect;	
4756	(ii) committed, aided, abetted, attempted, conspired, or solicited to commit:	
4757	(A) murder or manslaughter of a minor; or	
4758	(B) child abuse homicide;	
4759	(iii) committed sexual abuse against the minor;	
4760	(iv) is [a registered sex offender or required to register as a sex offender] a sex	
4761	offender under Subsection 53-29-202(2)(b); or	
4762	(v)(A) intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly causes the death of another parent	
4763	of the minor;	
4764	(B) is identified by a law enforcement agency as the primary suspect in an	
4765	investigation for intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly causing the death of	f
4766	another parent of the minor; or	
4767	(C) is being prosecuted for or has been convicted of intentionally, knowingly, o	r
4768	recklessly causing the death of another parent of the minor;	
4769	(e) the minor suffered severe abuse by the parent or by any individual known by the	
4770	parent if the parent knew or reasonably should have known that the individual was	
4771	abusing the minor;	
4772	(f) the minor is adjudicated as an abused minor as a result of severe abuse by the parent,	,
4773	and the juvenile court finds that it would not benefit the minor to pursue reunification	n
4774	services with the offending parent;	
4775	(g) the parent's rights are terminated with regard to any other minor;	
4776	(h) the minor was removed from the minor's home on at least two previous occasions	
4777	and reunification services were offered or provided to the family at those times;	
4778	(i) the parent has abandoned the minor for a period of six months or longer;	
4779	(j) the parent permitted the minor to reside, on a permanent or temporary basis, at a	
4780	location where the parent knew or should have known that a clandestine laboratory	
4781	operation was located;	
4782	(k) except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), with respect to a parent who is the minor's	
4783	birth mother, the minor has fetal alcohol syndrome, fetal alcohol spectrum disorder,	

4784 or was exposed to an illegal or prescription drug that was abused by the minor's 4785 mother while the minor was in utero, if the minor was taken into division custody for 4786 that reason, unless the mother agrees to enroll in, is currently enrolled in, or has 4787 recently and successfully completed a substance use disorder treatment program 4788 approved by the department; or 4789 (1) any other circumstance that the juvenile court determines should preclude 4790 reunification efforts or services. 4791 (6)(a) The juvenile court shall base the finding under Subsection (5)(b) on competent 4792 evidence from at least two medical or mental health professionals, who are not 4793 associates, establishing that, even with the provision of services, the parent is not 4794 likely to be capable of adequately caring for the minor within 12 months after the day 4795 on which the juvenile court finding is made. 4796 (b) The juvenile court may disregard the provisions of Subsection (5)(k) if the juvenile 4797 court finds, under the circumstances of the case, that the substance use disorder 4798 treatment described in Subsection (5)(k) is not warranted. 4799 (7) In determining whether reunification services are appropriate, the juvenile court shall 4800 take into consideration: 4801 (a) failure of the parent to respond to previous services or comply with a previous child 4802 and family plan; 4803 (b) the fact that the minor was abused while the parent was under the influence of drugs 4804 or alcohol: 4805 (c) any history of violent behavior directed at the minor or an immediate family member; 4806 (d) whether a parent continues to live with an individual who abused the minor; 4807 (e) any patterns of the parent's behavior that have exposed the minor to repeated abuse; 4808 (f) testimony by a competent professional that the parent's behavior is unlikely to be 4809 successful; and 4810 (g) whether the parent has expressed an interest in reunification with the minor. 4811 (8) If, under Subsections (5)(b) through (1), the juvenile court does not order reunification 4812 services, a permanency hearing shall be conducted within 30 days in accordance with Section 80-3-409. 4813 4814 (9)(a) Subject to Subsections (9)(b) through (e), if the juvenile court determines that 4815 reunification services are appropriate for the minor and the minor's family, the 4816 juvenile court shall provide for reasonable parent-time with the parent or parents 4817 from whose custody the minor was removed, unless parent-time is not in the best

4818	interest of the minor.
4819	(b) Parent-time is in the best interests of a minor unless the juvenile court makes a
4820	finding that it is necessary to deny parent-time in order to:
4821	(i) protect the physical safety of the minor;
4822	(ii) protect the life of the minor; or
4823	(iii) prevent the minor from being traumatized by contact with the parent due to the
4824	minor's fear of the parent in light of the nature of the alleged abuse or neglect.
4825	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (9)(a), a juvenile court may not deny parent-time based
4826	solely on a parent's failure to:
4827	(i) prove that the parent has not used legal or illegal substances; or
4828	(ii) comply with an aspect of the child and family plan that is ordered by the juvenile
4829	court.
4830	(d) Parent-time shall be under the least restrictive conditions necessary to:
4831	(i) protect the physical safety of the child; or
4832	(ii) prevent the child from being traumatized by contact with the parent due to the
4833	minor's fear of the parent in light of the nature of the alleged abuse or neglect.
4834	(e)(i) The division or the person designated by the division or a court to supervise a
4835	parent-time session may deny parent-time for the session if the division or the
4836	supervising person determines that, based on the parent's condition, it is necessary
4837	to deny parent-time to:
4838	(A) protect the physical safety of the child;
4839	(B) protect the life of the child; or
4840	(C) consistent with Subsection (9)(e)(ii), prevent the child from being traumatized
4841	by contact with the parent.
4842	(ii) In determining whether the condition of the parent described in Subsection
4843	(9)(e)(i) will traumatize a child, the division or the person supervising the
4844	parent-time session shall consider the impact that the parent's condition will have
4845	on the child in light of:
4846	(A) the child's fear of the parent; and
4847	(B) the nature of the alleged abuse or neglect.
4848	(10)(a) If the juvenile court determines that reunification services are appropriate, the
4849	juvenile court shall order that the division make reasonable efforts to provide services
4850	to the minor and the minor's parent for the purpose of facilitating reunification of the
4851	family, for a specified period of time.

4852	(b) In providing the services described in Subsection (10)(a), the juvenile court and the
4853	division shall consider the minor's health, safety, and welfare as the paramount
4854	concern.
4855	(11) In cases where sexual abuse, sexual exploitation, abandonment, severe abuse, or severe
4856	neglect are involved:
4857	(a) the juvenile court does not have any duty to order reunification services; and
4858	(b) the division does not have a duty to make reasonable efforts to or in any other way
4859	attempt to provide reunification services or attempt to rehabilitate the offending
4860	parent or parents.
4861	(12)(a) The juvenile court shall:
4862	(i) determine whether the services offered or provided by the division under the child
4863	and family plan constitute reasonable efforts on the part of the division;
4864	(ii) determine and define the responsibilities of the parent under the child and family
4865	plan in accordance with Subsection 80-3-307(5)(g)(iii); and
4866	(iii) identify verbally on the record, or in a written document provided to the parties,
4867	the responsibilities described in Subsection (12)(a)(ii), for the purpose of assisting
4868	in any future determination regarding the provision of reasonable efforts, in
4869	accordance with state and federal law.
4870	(b) If the parent is in a substance use disorder treatment program, other than a certified
4871	drug court program, the juvenile court may order the parent:
4872	(i) to submit to supplementary drug or alcohol testing, in accordance with Subsection
4873	80-3-110(6), in addition to the testing recommended by the parent's substance use
4874	disorder program based on a finding of reasonable suspicion that the parent is
4875	abusing drugs or alcohol; and
4876	(ii) to provide the results of drug or alcohol testing recommended by the substance
4877	use disorder program to the juvenile court or division.
4878	(13)(a) The time period for reunification services may not exceed 12 months from the
4879	day on which the minor was initially removed from the minor's home, unless the time
4880	period is extended under Subsection 80-3-409(7).
4881	(b) This section does not entitle any parent to an entire 12 months of reunification
4882	services.
4883	(14)(a) If reunification services are ordered, the juvenile court may terminate those
4884	services at any time.
4885	(b) If, at any time, continuation of reasonable efforts to reunify a minor is determined to

4886	be inconsistent with the final permanency plan for the minor established under
4887	Section 80-3-409, then measures shall be taken, in a timely manner, to:
4888	(i) place the minor in accordance with the final permanency plan; and
4889	(ii) complete whatever steps are necessary to finalize the permanent placement of the
4890	minor.
4891	(15) Any physical custody of the minor by the parent or a relative during the period
4892	described in Subsections (10) through (14) does not interrupt the running of the period.
4893	(16)(a) If reunification services are ordered, the juvenile court shall conduct a
4894	permanency hearing in accordance with Section 80-3-409 before the day on which
4895	the time period for reunification services expires.
4896	(b) The permanency hearing shall be held no later than 12 months after the original
4897	removal of the minor.
4898	(c) If reunification services are not ordered, a permanency hearing shall be conducted
4899	within 30 days in accordance with Section 80-3-409.
4900	(17) With regard to a minor in the custody of the division whose parent or parents are
4901	ordered to receive reunification services but who have abandoned that minor for a period
4902	of six months from the day on which reunification services are ordered:
4903	(a) the juvenile court shall terminate reunification services; and
4904	(b) the division shall petition the juvenile court for termination of parental rights.
4905	(18) When a minor is under the custody of the division and has been separated from a
4906	sibling due to foster care or adoptive placement, a juvenile court may order sibling
4907	visitation, subject to the division obtaining consent from the sibling's guardian,
4908	according to the juvenile court's determination of the best interests of the minor for
4909	whom the hearing is held.
4910	(19)(a) If reunification services are not ordered under this section, and the whereabouts
4911	of a parent becomes known within six months after the day on which the out-of-home
4912	placement of the minor is made, the juvenile court may order the division to provide
4913	reunification services.
4914	(b) The time limits described in this section are not tolled by the parent's absence.
4915	(20)(a) If a parent is incarcerated or institutionalized, the juvenile court shall order
4916	reasonable services unless the juvenile court determines that those services would be
4917	detrimental to the minor.
4918	(b) In making the determination described in Subsection (20)(a), the juvenile court shall
4919	consider:

4920	(i) the age of the minor;
4921	(ii) the degree of parent-child bonding;
4922	(iii) the length of the sentence;
4923	(iv) the nature of the treatment;
4924	(v) the nature of the crime or illness;
4925	(vi) the degree of detriment to the minor if services are not offered;
4926	(vii) for a minor who is 10 years old or older, the minor's attitude toward the
4927	implementation of family reunification services; and
4928	(viii) any other appropriate factors.
4929	(c) Reunification services for an incarcerated parent are subject to the time limitations
4930	imposed in this section.
4931	(d) Reunification services for an institutionalized parent are subject to the time
4932	limitations imposed in this section, unless the juvenile court determines that
4933	continued reunification services would be in the minor's best interest.
4934	Section 60. Section 80-5-201 is amended to read:
4935	80-5-201 (Effective 05/07/25). Division responsibilities.
4936	(1) The division is responsible for all minors committed to the division by juvenile courts
4937	under Sections 80-6-703 and 80-6-705.
4938	(2) The division shall:
4939	(a) establish and administer a continuum of community, secure, and nonsecure programs
4940	for all minors committed to the division;
4941	(b) establish and maintain all detention and secure care facilities and set minimum
4942	standards for all detention and secure care facilities;
4943	(c) establish and operate prevention and early intervention youth services programs for
4944	nonadjudicated minors placed with the division;
4945	(d) establish observation and assessment programs necessary to serve minors in a
4946	nonresidential setting under Subsection 80-6-706(1);
4947	(e) place minors committed to the division under Section 80-6-703 in the most
4948	appropriate program for supervision and treatment;
4949	(f) employ staff necessary to:
4950	(i) supervise and control minors committed to the division for secure care or
4951	placement in the community;
4952	(ii) supervise and coordinate treatment of minors committed to the division for
4953	placement in community-based programs; and

4954	(iii) control and supervise adjudicated and nonadjudicated minors placed with the
4955	division for temporary services in juvenile receiving centers, youth services, and
4956	other programs established by the division;
4957	(g) control or detain a minor committed to the division, or in the temporary custody of
4958	the division, in a manner that is consistent with public safety and rules made by the
4959	division;
4960	(h) establish and operate work programs for minors committed to the division by the
4961	juvenile court that:
4962	(i) are not residential;
4963	(ii) provide labor to help in the operation, repair, and maintenance of public facilities,
4964	parks, highways, and other programs designated by the division;
4965	(iii) provide educational and prevocational programs in cooperation with the State
4966	Board of Education for minors placed in the program; and
4967	(iv) provide counseling to minors;
4968	(i) establish minimum standards for the operation of all private residential and
4969	nonresidential rehabilitation facilities that provide services to minors who have
4970	committed an offense in this state or in any other state;
4971	(j) provide regular training for secure care staff, detention staff, case management staff,
4972	and staff of the community-based programs;
4973	(k) designate employees to obtain the saliva DNA specimens required under Section
4974	53-10-403;
4975	(l) ensure that the designated employees receive appropriate training and that the
4976	specimens are obtained in accordance with accepted protocol;
4977	(m) register an individual with the Department of Public Safety who:
4978	(i) is adjudicated for an offense [listed in Subsection 77-41-102(1) or 77-41-102(19)]
4979	that would result in the individual being a child abuse offender under Subsection
4980	53-29-202(2)(a) or a sex offender under Subsection 53-29-202(2)(b);
4981	(ii) is committed to the division for secure care; and
4982	(iii)(A) if the individual is a youth offender, remains in the division's custody 30
4983	days before the individual's 21st birthday; or
4984	(B) if the individual is a serious youth offender, remains in the division's custody
4985	30 days before the individual's 25th birthday; and
4986	(n) ensure that a program delivered to a minor under this section is an evidence-based
4987	program in accordance with Section 63M-7-208.

4988	(3)(a) The division is authorized to employ special function officers, as defined in
4989	Section 53-13-105, to:
4990	(i) locate and apprehend minors who have absconded from division custody;
4991	(ii) transport minors taken into custody in accordance with division policy;
4992	(iii) investigate cases; and
4993	(iv) carry out other duties as assigned by the division.
4994	(b) A special function officer may be:
4995	(i) employed through a contract with the Department of Public Safety, or any law
4996	enforcement agency certified by the Peace Officer Standards and Training
4997	Division; or
4998	(ii) directly hired by the division.
4999	(4) In the event of an unauthorized leave from secure care, detention, a community-based
5000	program, a juvenile receiving center, a home, or any other designated placement of a
5001	minor, a division employee has the authority and duty to locate and apprehend the
5002	minor, or to initiate action with a local law enforcement agency for assistance.
5003	(5) The division may proceed with an initial medical screening or assessment of a child
5004	admitted to a detention facility to ensure the safety of the child and others in the
5005	detention facility if the division makes a good faith effort to obtain consent for the
5006	screening or assessment from the child's parent or guardian.
5007	Section 61. Section 80-8-101 is amended to read:
5008	80-8-101 (Effective 05/07/25). Definitions.
5009	As used in this chapter:
5010	(1) "Child" means an individual under 18 years old.
5011	(2) "Registered sex offender check" means a search of:
5012	(a) the [state's Sex and Kidnap Offender Registry] registry described in [Title 77, Chapter
5013	41, Sex and Kidnap Offender Registry] Title 53, Chapter 29, Sex, Kidnap, and Child
5014	Abuse Offender Registry; and
5015	(b) the National Sex Offender Public Website administered by the United States
5016	Department of Justice.
5017	(3) "Sexual abuse" means the same as that term is defined in Section 78B-2-308.
5018	(4)(a) "Youth services organization" means a sports league, athletic association, church
5019	or religious organization, scouting organization, or similar formally organized
5020	association, league, or organization, that provides recreational, educational, cultural,
5021	or social programs or activities to 25 or more children.

5022	(b) "Youth services organization" does not include any person that is required to conduct
5023	a background check on employees or volunteers under any other provision of state or
5024	federal law.
5025	(5) "Youth worker" means an individual:
5026	(a) who is 18 years old or older;
5027	(b) who is employed by or volunteers with a youth services organization; and
5028	(c) whose responsibilities as an employee or volunteer with the youth services
5029	organization give the individual regular and repeated care, supervision, guidance, or
5030	control of a child or children.
5031	Section 62. Section 80-8-201 is amended to read:
5032	80-8-201 (Effective 05/07/25). Youth protection requirements.
5033	(1) A youth service organization may not employ a youth worker or allow an individual to
5034	volunteer as a youth worker unless the youth service organization has completed a
5035	registered sex offender check for the individual.
5036	(2) A youth services organization shall require a potential youth worker to provide the
5037	individual's full name and a current, government-issued identification to facilitate the
5038	registered sex offender check required by Subsection (1).
5039	(3) If an individual is registered on the [state's Sex and Kidnap Offender Registry] registry
5040	described in Title 53, Chapter 29, Sex, Kidnap, and Child Abuse Offender Registry, or
5041	the National Sex Offender Public Website, a youth service organization may not employ
5042	the individual as a youth worker or allow the individual to volunteer as a youth worker.
5043	Section 63. Section 81-9-202 is amended to read:
5044	81-9-202 (Effective 05/07/25). Advisory guidelines for a custody and parent-time
5045	arrangement.
5046	(1) In addition to the parent-time schedules provided in Sections 81-9-302 and 81-9-304,
5047	the following advisory guidelines are suggested to govern a custody and parent-time
5048	arrangement between parents.
5049	(2) A parent-time schedule mutually agreed upon by both parents is preferable to a
5050	court-imposed solution.
5051	(3) A parent-time schedule shall be used to maximize the continuity and stability of the
5052	minor child's life.
5053	(4) Each parent shall give special consideration to make the minor child available to attend
5054	family functions including funerals, weddings, family reunions, religious holidays,
5055	important ceremonies, and other significant events in the life of the minor child or in the

5056	life of either parent which may inadvertently conflict with the parent-time schedule.
5057	(5)(a) The court shall determine the responsibility for the pick up, delivery, and return
5058	of the minor child when the parent-time order is entered.
5059	(b) The court may change the responsibility described in Subsection (5)(a) at any time a
5060	subsequent modification is made to the parent-time order.
5061	(c) If the noncustodial parent will be providing transportation, the custodial parent shall:
5062	(i) have the minor child ready for parent-time at the time the minor child is to be
5063	picked up; and
5064	(ii) be present at the custodial home or make reasonable alternate arrangements to
5065	receive the minor child at the time the minor child is returned.
5066	(d) If the custodial parent will be transporting the minor child, the noncustodial parent
5067	shall:
5068	(i) be at the appointed place at the time the noncustodial parent is to receive the
5069	minor child; and
5070	(ii) have the minor child ready to be picked up at the appointed time and place or
5071	have made reasonable alternate arrangements for the custodial parent to pick up
5072	the minor child.
5073	(6) A parent may not interrupt regular school hours for a school-age minor child for the
5074	exercise of parent-time.
5075	(7) The court may:
5076	(a) make alterations in the parent-time schedule to reasonably accommodate the work
5077	schedule of both parents; and
5078	(b) increase the parent-time allowed to the noncustodial parent but may not diminish the
5079	standardized parent-time provided in Sections 81-9-302 and 81-9-304.
5080	(8) The court may make alterations in the parent-time schedule to reasonably accommodate
5081	the distance between the parties and the expense of exercising parent-time.
5082	(9) A parent may not withhold parent-time or child support due to the other parent's failure
5083	to comply with a court-ordered parent-time schedule.
5084	(10)(a) The custodial parent shall notify the noncustodial parent within 24 hours of
5085	receiving notice of all significant school, social, sports, and community functions in
5086	which the minor child is participating or being honored.
5087	(b) The noncustodial parent is entitled to attend and participate fully in the functions
5088	described in Subsection (10)(a).
5089	(c) The noncustodial parent shall have access directly to all school reports including

5090	preschool and daycare reports and medical records.
5091	(d) A parent shall immediately notify the other parent in the event of a medical
5092	emergency.
5093	(11) Each parent shall provide the other with the parent's current address and telephone
5094	number, email address, and other virtual parent-time access information within 24 hours
5095	of any change.
5096	(12)(a) Each parent shall permit and encourage, during reasonable hours, reasonable
5097	and uncensored communications with the minor child, in the form of mail privileges
5098	and virtual parent-time if the equipment is reasonably available.
5099	(b) If the parents cannot agree on whether the equipment is reasonably available, the
5100	court shall decide whether the equipment for virtual parent-time is reasonably
5101	availableby taking into consideration:
5102	(i) the best interests of the minor child;
5103	(ii) each parent's ability to handle any additional expenses for virtual parent-time; and
5104	(iii) any other factors the court considers material.
5105	(13)(a) Parental care is presumed to be better care for the minor child than surrogate
5106	care.
5107	(b) The court shall encourage the parties to cooperate in allowing the noncustodial
5108	parent, if willing and able to transport the minor child, to provide the child care.
5109	(c) Child care arrangements existing during the marriage are preferred as are child care
5110	arrangements with nominal or no charge.
5111	(14) Each parent shall:
5112	(a) provide all surrogate care providers with the name, current address, and telephone
5113	number of the other parent; and
5114	(b) provide the noncustodial parent with the name, current address, and telephone
5115	number of all surrogate care providers unless the court for good cause orders
5116	otherwise.
5117	(15)(a) Each parent is entitled to an equal division of major religious holidays
5118	celebrated by the parents.
5119	(b) The parent who celebrates a religious holiday that the other parent does not celebrate
5120	shall have the right to be together with the minor child on the religious holiday.
5121	(16) If the minor child is on a different parent-time schedule than a sibling, based on
5122	Sections 81-9-302 and 81-9-304, the parents should consider if an upward deviation for
5123	parent-time with all the minor children so that parent-time is uniform between school

5124	aged and nonschool aged children, is appropriate.
5125	(17)(a) When one or both parents are servicemembers or contemplating joining a
5126	uniformed service, the parents should resolve issues of custodial responsibility in the
5127	event of deployment as soon as practicable through reaching a voluntary agreement
5128	pursuant to Section 78B-20-201 or through court order obtained pursuant to this part.
5129	(b) Service members shall ensure their family care plan reflects orders and agreements
5130	entered and filed pursuant to Title 78B, Chapter 20, Uniform Deployed Parents
5131	Custody, Parent-time, and Visitation Act.
5132	(18) A parent shall immediately notify the other parent if:
5133	(a) the parent resides with an individual or provides an individual with access to the
5134	minor child; and
5135	(b) the parent knows that the individual:
5136	(i) is required to register as a sex offender, [or a kidnap offender, or a child abuse
5137	offender for an offense committed against a minor child under [Title 77, Chapter
5138	41, Sex and Kidnap Offender Registry] Title 53, Chapter 29, Sex, Kidnap, and
5139	Child Abuse Offender Registry; or
5140	[(ii) is required to register as a child abuse offender under Title 77, Chapter 43,
5141	Child Abuse Offender Registry; or]
5142	[(iii)] (ii) has been convicted of:
5143	(A) a child abuse offense under Section 76-5-109, 76-5-109.2, 76-5-109.3,
5144	76-5-114, or 76-5-208;
5145	(B) a sexual offense against a minor child under Title 76, Chapter 5, Part 4, Sexual
5146	Offenses;
5147	(C) an offense for kidnapping or human trafficking of a minor child under Title
5148	76, Chapter 5, Part 3, Kidnapping, Trafficking, and Smuggling;
5149	(D) a sexual exploitation offense against a minor child under Title 76, Chapter 5b,
5150	Sexual Exploitation Act; or
5151	(E) an offense that is substantially similar to an offense under Subsections [
5152	$\frac{(18)(b)(iii)(A)}{(18)(b)(ii)(A)}$ through (D).
5153	(19)(a) For emergency purposes, whenever the minor child travels with a parent, the
5154	parent shall provide the following information to the other parent:
5155	(i) an itinerary of travel dates;
5156	(ii) destinations;
5157	(iii) places where the minor child or traveling parent can be reached; and

5158	(iv) the name and telephone number of an available third person who would be
5159	knowledgeable of the minor child's location.
5160	(b) Unchaperoned travel of a minor child under the age of five years is not
5161	recommended.
5162	Section 64. Section 81-9-208 is amended to read:
5163	81-9-208 (Effective 05/07/25). Modification or termination of a custody or
5164	parent-time order Noncompliance with a parent-time order.
5165	(1) The court has continuing jurisdiction to make subsequent changes to modify:
5166	(a) custody of a minor child if there is a showing of a substantial and material change in
5167	circumstances since the entry of the order; and
5168	(b) parent-time for a minor child if there is a showing that there is a change in
5169	circumstances since the entry of the order.
5170	(2) A substantial and material change in circumstances under Subsection (1)(a) includes a
5171	showing by a parent that the other parent:
5172	(a) resides with an individual or provides an individual with access to the minor child;
5173	and
5174	(b) knows that the individual:
5175	(i) is required to register as a sex offender, [-or] a kidnap offender, or a child abuse
5176	offender for an offense committed against a minor child under [Title 77, Chapter
5177	41, Sex and Kidnap Offender Registry] Title 53, Chapter 29, Sex, Kidnap, and
5178	Child Abuse Offender Registry; or
5179	[(ii) is required to register as a child abuse offender under Title 77, Chapter 43,
5180	Child Abuse Offender Registry; or]
5181	[(iii)] (ii) has been convicted of:
5182	(A) a child abuse offense under Section 76-5-109, 76-5-109.2, 76-5-109.3,
5183	76-5-114, or 76-5-208;
5184	(B) a sexual offense against a minor child under Title 76, Chapter 5, Part 4, Sexual
5185	Offenses;
5186	(C) an offense for kidnapping or human trafficking of a minor child under Title
5187	76, Chapter 5, Part 3, Kidnapping, Trafficking, and Smuggling;
5188	(D) a sexual exploitation offense against a minor child under Title 76, Chapter 5b,
5189	Sexual Exploitation Act; or
5190	(E) an offense that is substantially similar to an offense under Subsections [
5191	$\frac{(2)(b)(iii)(A)}{(2)(b)(ii)(A)}$ through (D).

5192 (3) On the petition of one or both of the parents, or the joint legal or physical custodians if 5193 they are not the parents, the court may, after a hearing, modify or terminate an order that 5194 established joint legal custody or joint physical custody if: 5195 (a) the verified petition or accompanying affidavit initially alleges that admissible 5196 evidence will show that there has been a substantial and material change in the 5197 circumstances of the minor child or one or both parents or joint legal or physical 5198 custodians since the entry of the order to be modified; 5199 (b) a modification of the terms and conditions of the order would be an improvement for 5200 and in the best interest of the minor child; and 5201 (c)(i) both parents have complied in good faith with the dispute resolution procedure 5202 in accordance with Subsection 81-9-205(8); or 5203 (ii) if no dispute resolution procedure is contained in the order that established joint 5204 legal custody or joint physical custody, the court orders the parents to participate 5205 in a dispute resolution procedure in accordance with Subsection 81-9-205(13) 5206 unless the parents certify that, in good faith, they have used a dispute resolution 5207 procedure to resolve their dispute. 5208 (4)(a) In determining whether the best interest of a minor child will be served by either 5209 modifying or terminating the joint legal custody or joint physical custody order, the 5210 court shall, in addition to other factors the court considers relevant, consider the 5211 factors described in Sections 81-9-204 and 81-9-205. 5212 (b) A court order modifying or terminating an existing joint legal custody or joint 5213 physical custody order shall contain written findings that: 5214 (i) a substantial and material change of circumstance has occurred; and 5215 (ii) a modification of the terms and conditions of the order would be an improvement 5216 for and in the best interest of the minor child. 5217 (c) The court shall give substantial weight to the existing joint legal custody or joint 5218 physical custody order when the minor child is thriving, happy, and well-adjusted. 5219 (5) The court shall, in every case regarding a petition for termination of a joint legal 5220 custody or joint physical custody order, consider reasonable alternatives to preserve the 5221 existing order in accordance with Section 81-9-204. 5222 (6) The court may modify the terms and conditions of the existing order in accordance with 5223 this chapter and may order the parents to file a parenting plan in accordance with 5224 Section 81-9-203.

(7) A parent requesting a modification from sole custody to joint legal custody or joint

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5226	physical custody or both, or any other type of shared parenting arrangement, shall file
5227	and serve a proposed parenting plan with the petition to modify in accordance with
5228	Section 81-9-203.
5229	(8) If an issue before the court involves custodial responsibility in the event of deployment
5230	of one or both parents who are service members, and the service member has not yet
5231	been notified of deployment, the court shall resolve the issue based on the standards in
5232	Sections 78B-20-306 through 78B-20-309.
5233	(9) If the court finds that an action to modify custody or parent-time is filed or answered
5234	frivolously and, in a manner, designed to harass the other party, the court shall assess
5235	attorney fees as costs against the offending party.
5236	(10) If a petition to modify custody or parent-time provisions of a court order is made and
5237	denied, the court shall order the petitioner to pay the reasonable attorney fees expended
5238	by the prevailing party in that action if the court determines that the petition was without
5239	merit and not asserted or defended against in good faith.
5240	(11) If a motion or petition alleges noncompliance with a parent-time order by a parent, or a
5241	visitation order by a grandparent or other member of the immediate family where a
5242	visitation or parent-time right has been previously granted by the court, the court:
5243	(a) may award to the prevailing party:
5244	(i) actual attorney fees incurred;
5245	(ii) the costs incurred by the prevailing party because of the other party's failure to
5246	provide or exercise court-ordered visitation or parent-time, including:
5247	(A) court costs;
5248	(B) child care expenses;
5249	(C) transportation expenses actually incurred;
5250	(D) lost wages, if ascertainable; or
5251	(E) counseling for a parent or a minor child if ordered or approved by the court; or
5252	(iii) any other appropriate equitable remedy; and
5253	(b) shall award reasonable make-up parent-time to the prevailing party, unless make-up
5254	parent-time is not in the best interest of the minor child.
5255	Section 65. Repealer.
5256	This bill repeals:
5257	Section 77-41-102, (Effective 05/07/25)Definitions.
5258	Section 77-41-103, (Effective 05/07/25)Department duties.
5259	Section 77-41-104, (Effective 05/07/25)Registration of offenders Department and

5260	agency requirements.
5261	Section 77-41-106, (Effective 05/07/25)Offenses requiring lifetime registration.
5262	Section 77-41-107, (Effective 05/07/25)Penalties.
5263	Section 77-41-108, (Effective 05/07/25) Classification of information.
5264	Section 77-41-109, (Effective 05/07/25) Miscellaneous provisions.
5265	Section 77-41-110, (Effective 05/07/25)Sex offender, kidnap offender, and child abuse
5266	offender registry Department to maintain.
5267	Section 77-41-111, (Effective 05/07/25)Fees.
5268	Section 77-41-112, (Effective 05/07/25)Removal from registry Requirements
5269	Procedure.
5270	Section 77-41-113, (Effective 05/07/25)Removal for offenses or convictions for which
5271	registration is no longer required.
5272	Section 77-41-114, (Effective 05/07/25)Registration for individuals under 18 years old
5273	at the time of the offense.
5274	Section 77-41-105, (Effective 05/07/25)Registration of offenders Offender
5275	responsibilities.
5276	Section 66. Effective Date.
5277	This bill takes effect on May 7, 2025.