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**Municipal Governance Modifications** 

## 2025 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

**Chief Sponsor: Keith Grover** 2 3 **LONG TITLE** 4 **General Description:** 5 This bill provides a process by which a city council may retain or employ staff to assist the 6 city council. 7 **Highlighted Provisions:** 8 This bill: 9 • authorizes the council operating in a council-mayor form of government to retain or employ a person to assist the council in fulfilling its obligations under Title 10, Utah 10 11 Municipal Code; 12 states that a person retained or employed by a council in a council-mayor form of 13 government: 14 • reports to the council; and 15 • does not report to the mayor; 16 requires a council that retains or employs a person to assist the council to first establish 17 certain parameters by ordinance or contractual agreement; and 18 makes technical changes. 19 **Money Appropriated in this Bill:** 20 None 21 **Other Special Clauses:** 22 None 23 **Utah Code Sections Affected:** 24 AMENDS: **10-3b-104**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 19 25 26 **10-3b-105**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 19 27 **10-3b-201**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 19 28 **10-3b-202**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 352 29 **10-3b-203**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 19

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

32	Section 1. Section 10-3b-104 is amended to read:
33	10-3b-104 . Powers and duties of mayor in six-member council and five-member
34	council forms of government.
35	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), the mayor in a municipality operating under a
36	six-member council form of government or a five-member council form of government:
37	(a) is the chief executive officer of the municipality to whom all employees of the
38	municipality report, except an employee described in Subsection (3);
39	(b) shall:
40	(i) keep the peace and enforce the laws of the municipality;
41	(ii) ensure that all applicable statutes and municipal ordinances and resolutions are
42	faithfully executed and observed;
43	(iii) if the mayor remits a fine or forfeiture under Subsection (1)(c)(ii), report the
44	remittance to the council at the council's next meeting after the remittance;
45	(iv) perform all duties prescribed by statute or municipal ordinance or resolution;
46	(v) report to the council the condition and needs of the municipality; and
47	(vi) report to the council any release granted under Subsection (1)(c)(iv); and
48	(c) may:
49	(i) recommend for council consideration any measure that the mayor considers to be
50	in the best interests of the municipality;
51	(ii) remit fines and forfeitures;
52	(iii) if necessary, call on residents of the municipality over the age of 21 years to
53	assist in enforcing the laws of the state and ordinances of the municipality;
54	(iv) release a person imprisoned for a violation of a municipal ordinance;
55	(v) with the council's advice and consent:
56	(A) assign or appoint a member of the council to administer one or more
57	departments of the municipality; and
58	(B) appoint a person to fill:
59	(I) a municipal office; or
60	(II) a vacancy on a commission or committee of the municipality; and
61	(vi) at any reasonable time, examine and inspect the official books, papers, records,
62	or documents of:
63	(A) the municipality; or
64	(B) any officer, employee, or agency of the municipality.
65	(2) The powers and duties in Subsection (1) are subject to:

66	(a) municipal ordinances in effect on May 4, 2008 modifying the powers and duties of
67	the mayor; and
68	(b) the council's authority to limit or expand the mayor's powers and duties under:
69	(i) Subsection 10-3b-303(2)(a), for a municipality operating under the six-member
70	council form of government; and
71	(ii) Subsection 10-3b-403(2)(a), for a municipality operating under the five-member
72	council form of government.
73	(3) A person retained or employed by the city council under Section 10-3b-105 reports to
74	the city council, as described by ordinance or contractual agreement.
75	Section 2. Section 10-3b-105 is amended to read:
76	10-3b-105. Municipal council in six-member council and five-member council
77	forms of government.
78	(1) In a municipality operating under a six-member council form of government or a
79	five-member council form of government, the council:
80	[(1)] (a) is the legislative body of the municipality and exercises the legislative powers
81	and performs the legislative duties and functions of the municipality; and
82	[ <del>(2)</del> ] <u>(b)</u> may:
83	[(a)] (i) adopt rules and regulations, not inconsistent with statute, for the efficient
84	administration, organization, operation, conduct, and business of the municipality
85	[(b)] (ii) prescribe by resolution additional duties, powers, and responsibilities for any
86	elected or appointed municipal official, unless prohibited by statute;
87	[(e)] (iii) require by ordinance that any or all appointed officers reside in the
88	municipality;
89	[(d)] (iv) create any office that the council considers necessary for the government of
90	the municipality;
91	[(e)] (v) provide for filling a vacancy in an elective or appointive office;
92	[(f)] (vi) take any action allowed under Section 10-8-84;
93	(vii) retain or employ a person to assist the council in complying with the
94	requirements and duties described in this title; and
95	[(g)] (viii) perform any function specifically provided for by statute or necessarily
96	implied by law.
97	(2) If the council retains or employs a person to assist the council, as described in
98	Subsection (1)(b)(vii), the council shall first, at a minimum, establish by ordinance or
99	contractual agreement:

100	(a) the term and nature of the person's employment;
101	(b) compensation; and
102	(c) how the person shall report to, and take direction from, the city council.
103	Section 3. Section 10-3b-201 is amended to read:
104	10-3b-201. Separate branches of government under a council-mayor form of
105	government.
106	The powers of municipal government in a municipality operating under the
107	council-mayor form of government are vested in two separate, independent, and equal
108	branches of municipal government consisting of:
109	(1) a council composed of five or seven members and, if applicable, a person retained or
110	employed to assist the council as described in Subsection 10-3b-105(2); and
111	(2) a mayor and, under the mayor's supervision, any executive or administrative
112	departments, divisions, and offices and any executive or administrative officers provided
113	for by statute or municipal ordinance.
114	Section 4. Section 10-3b-202 is amended to read:
115	10-3b-202. Mayor in council-mayor form of government.
116	(1) The mayor in a municipality operating under the council-mayor form of government:
117	(a) is the chief executive and administrative officer of the municipality;
118	(b) exercises the executive and administrative powers and performs or supervises the
119	performance of the executive and administrative duties and functions of the
120	municipality;
121	(c) shall:
122	(i) keep the peace and enforce the laws of the municipality;
123	(ii) execute the policies adopted by the council;
124	(iii) appoint, with the council's advice and consent, a qualified person for each of the
125	following positions:
126	(A) subject to Subsection (3), chief administrative officer, if required under the
127	resolution or petition under Subsection 10-3b-603(1)(a) that proposed the
128	change to a council-mayor form of government;
129	(B) recorder;
130	(C) treasurer;
131	(D) engineer; and
132	(E) attorney;
133	(iv) provide to the council, at intervals provided by ordinance, a written report to the

134	council setting forth:
135	(A) the amount of budget appropriations;
136	(B) total disbursements from the appropriations;
137	(C) the amount of indebtedness incurred or contracted against each appropriation,
138	including disbursements and indebtedness incurred and not paid; and
139	(D) the percentage of the appropriations encumbered;
140	(v) report to the council the condition and needs of the municipality;
141	(vi) report to the council any release granted under Subsection (1)(d)(xiii);
142	(vii) if the mayor remits a fine or forfeiture under Subsection (1)(d)(xi), report the
143	remittance to the council at the council's next meeting after the remittance;
144	(viii) perform each other duty:
145	(A) prescribed by statute; or
146	(B) required by a municipal ordinance that is not inconsistent with statute;
147	(d) may:
148	(i) subject to budget constraints:
149	(A) appoint:
150	(I) subject to Subsections (3)(b) and (4), a chief administrative officer; and
151	(II) one or more deputies or administrative assistants to the mayor; and
152	(B)(I) create any other administrative office that the mayor considers
153	necessary for good government of the municipality; and
154	(II) appoint a person to the office;
155	(ii) with the council's advice and consent and except as otherwise specifically limited
156	by statute, appoint:
157	(A) each department head of the municipality;
158	(B) each statutory officer of the municipality; and
159	(C) each member of a statutory commission, board, or committee of the
160	municipality;
161	(iii) dismiss any person appointed by the mayor;
162	(iv) as provided in Section 10-3b-204, veto an ordinance, tax levy, or appropriation
163	passed by the council;
164	(v) exercise control of and supervise each executive or administrative department,
165	division, or office of the municipality;
166	(vi) within the general provisions of statute and ordinance, regulate and prescribe the
167	powers and duties of each other executive or administrative officer or employee of

168	the municipality;
169	(vii) attend each council meeting, take part in council meeting discussions, and freely
170	give advice to the council;
171	(viii) appoint a budget officer to serve in place of the mayor to comply with and
172	fulfill in all other respects the requirements of, as the case may be:
173	(A) Chapter 5, Uniform Fiscal Procedures Act for Utah Towns; or
174	(B) Chapter 6, Uniform Fiscal Procedures Act for Utah Cities;
175	(ix) execute an agreement on behalf of the municipality, or delegate, by written
176	executive order, the authority to execute an agreement on behalf of the
177	municipality:
178	(A) if the obligation under the agreement is within certified budget appropriations
179	and
180	(B) subject to Section 10-6-138;
181	(x) at any reasonable time, examine and inspect the official books, papers, records, or
182	documents of:
183	(A) the municipality; or
184	(B) any officer, employee, or agent of the municipality;
185	(xi) remit fines and forfeitures;
186	(xii) if necessary, call on residents of the municipality over the age of 21 years to
187	assist in enforcing the laws of the state and ordinances of the municipality; and
188	(xiii) release a person imprisoned for a violation of a municipal ordinance; and
189	(e) may not:
190	(i) vote on any matter before the council[-]; or
191	(ii) publicly or privately give orders to a person retained or employed by the council.
192	(2)(a) The first mayor elected under a newly established mayor-council form of
193	government shall, within six months after taking office, draft and submit to the
194	council a proposed ordinance:
195	(i) providing for the division of the municipality's administrative service into
196	departments, divisions, and bureaus; and
197	(ii) defining the functions and duties of each department, division, and bureau.
198	(b) Before the council adopts an ordinance on the municipality's administrative service,
199	the mayor may establish temporary rules and regulations to ensure efficiency and
200	effectiveness in the divisions of the municipal government.
201	(3)(a) As used in this Subsection (3), "interim vacancy period" means the period of time

202	that:
203	(i) begins on the day on which a municipal general election described in Section
204	10-3-201 is held to elect a mayor; and
205	(ii) ends on the day on which the mayor-elect begins the mayor's term.
206	(b) Each person appointed as chief administrative officer under Subsection (1)(c)(iii)(A)
207	shall be appointed on the basis of:
208	(i) the person's ability and prior experience in the field of public administration; and
209	(ii) any other qualification prescribed by ordinance.
210	(c)(i) The mayor may not appoint a chief administrative officer during an interim
211	vacancy period.
212	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(c)(i):
213	(A) the mayor may appoint an interim chief administrative officer during an
214	interim vacancy period; and
215	(B) the interim chief administrative officer's term shall expire once a new chief
216	administrative officer is appointed by the new mayor after the interim vacancy
217	period has ended.
218	(d) Subsection (3)(c) does not apply if the mayor who holds office on the day of the
219	municipal general election is re-elected to the mayor's office for the following term.
220	(4) A mayor who appoints a chief administrative officer in accordance with this section
221	may not, on or after May 10, 2011, enter into an employment contract that contains an
222	automatic renewal provision with the chief administrative officer.
223	Section 5. Section 10-3b-203 is amended to read:
224	10-3b-203. Council in a council-mayor form of government.
225	(1) The council in a municipality operating under a council-mayor form of government:
226	(a) shall:
227	(i) by ordinance, provide for the manner in which:
228	(A) municipal property is bought, sold, traded, encumbered, or otherwise
229	transferred; and
230	(B) a subdivision or annexation is approved, disapproved, or otherwise regulated;
231	(ii) pass ordinances, appropriate funds, and review municipal administration;
232	(iii) perform all duties that the law imposes on the council; and
233	(iv) elect one of its members to be the chair of the council;
234	(b) may:
235	(i) adopt an ordinance, to be known as the municipal administrative code:

236	(A) dividing the municipality's administrative service into departments, divisions,
237	and bureaus; and
238	(B) defining the functions and duties of each department, division, and bureau;
239	(ii) adopt an ordinance:
240	(A) creating, consolidating, or abolishing departments, divisions, and bureaus; and
241	(B) defining or altering the functions and duties of each department, division, and
242	bureau;
243	(iii) notwithstanding Subsection (1)(c)(iii), make suggestions or recommendations to
244	a subordinate of the mayor;
245	(iv)(A) notwithstanding Subsection (1)(c), appoint a committee of council
246	members or citizens to conduct an investigation into:
247	(I) an officer, department, or agency of the municipality; or
248	(II) any other matter relating to the welfare of the municipality; and
249	(B) delegate to an appointed committee powers of inquiry that the council
250	considers necessary;
251	(v) make and enforce any additional rule or regulation for the government of the
252	council, the preservation of order, and the transaction of the council's business that
253	the council considers necessary;[-and]
254	(vi)(A) adopt an ordinance describing the process by which the council may
255	retain or employ a person to assist the council, as described in Subsection
256	10-3b-105(2); or
257	(B) enter into a contractual agreement to retain or employ a person to assist the
258	council, as described in Subsection 10-3b-105(2); and
259	[(vi)] (vii) take any action allowed under Section 10-8-84; and
260	(c) may not:
261	(i) direct or request, other than in writing, the appointment of a person to or the
262	removal of a person from an executive municipal office;
263	(ii) interfere in any way with an executive officer's performance of the officer's
264	duties; or
265	(iii) publicly or privately give orders to a subordinate of the mayor.
266	(2) A member of a council in a municipality operating under the council-mayor form of
267	government may not have any other compensated employment with the municipality.
268	Section 6. Effective date.
269	This hill takes effect on May 7, 2025