1

S.B. 57

Newborn Relinquishment Amendments

2025 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: David P. Hinkins

House Sponsor: Steve Eliason

LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill amends provisions related to the safe relinquishment of a newborn child.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
 defines terms;
 modifies the locations where an individual may safely relinquish a newborn child;
 permits certain facilities to utilize a newborn safety device to facilitate the safe and
anonymous relinquishment of a newborn child; and
 makes technical corrections.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
80-4-501, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 330
80-4-502, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 139
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 80-4-501 is amended to read:
80-4-501 . Definitions.
As used in this part:
(1) <u>"Designated facility" means:</u>
(a) <u>a hospital;</u>
(b) a fire station that is staffed 24 hours a day, seven days a week;
(c) a law enforcement facility that is staffed 24 hours a day, seven days a week; or
(d) an emergency medical service provider that is staffed 24 hours a day, seven days a

31	week.
32	(2) "Emergency medical service provider" means:
33	(a) a licensed ambulance provider, as that term is defined in Section 53-2d-101; or
34	(b) a licensed paramedic provider, as that term is defined in Section 53-2d-101.
35	(3) "Hospital" means a general acute hospital, as that term is defined in Section 26B-2-201,
36	that is:
37	(a) equipped with an emergency room;
38	(b) open 24 hours a day, seven days a week; and
39	(c) employs full-time health care professionals who have emergency medical services
40	training.
41	[(2)] (4) "Law enforcement facility" means a sheriff's office or police station.
42	(5) "Newborn child" means a child who is approximately 30 days old or younger, as
43	determined within a reasonable degree of medical certainty.
44	(6) "Newborn safety device" means a secure device voluntarily installed at a designated
45	facility that:
46	(a) provides a controlled environment designed to allow an individual to safely place a
47	newborn child inside; and
48	(b) has an alert function that immediately notifies personnel employed by the designated
49	facility when a newborn child is placed inside the device.
50	Section 2. Section 80-4-502 is amended to read:
51	80-4-502 . Safe relinquishment of a newborn child Termination of parental
52	rights Affirmative defense.
53	(1)(a) A parent or a parent's designee may safely relinquish a newborn child at a [
54	hospital] designated facility in accordance with this part and retain complete
55	anonymity, [so long as] if the newborn child has not been subject to abuse or neglect.
56	(b) Safe relinquishment of a newborn child who has not otherwise been subject to abuse
57	or neglect shall not, in and of itself, constitute neglect, and the newborn child may
58	not be considered a neglected child so long as the relinquishment is carried out in
59	substantial compliance with this part.
60	(c)(i) A designated facility shall prominently display signage indicating that an
61	individual may safely relinquish a newborn child at the designated facility.
62	(ii) The Department of Health and Human Services may make rules, in accordance
63	with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, regarding the
64	signage required under Subsection (1)(c)(i).

65	(d)(i) A designated facility may install a newborn safety device to facilitate the safe
66	and anonymous relinquishment of a newborn child in accordance with this part.
67	(ii) If a designated facility installs a newborn safety device, the designated facility
68	<u>shall:</u>
69	(A) test the newborn safety device at least once each month to ensure the device
70	works as designed; and
71	(B) ensure that at least one individual with current newborn resuscitation
72	certification is available to respond to the newborn safety device at all times.
73	(2)(a) Personnel employed by a [hospital] designated facility shall accept a newborn
74	child who is relinquished under this part, and may presume that the individual
75	relinquishing is the newborn child's parent or the parent's designee.
76	(b) [The person] If the newborn child is relinquished directly to personnel employed by a
77	designated facility, the individual receiving the newborn child may request
78	information regarding the parent and newborn child's medical histories, and
79	identifying information regarding the nonrelinquishing parent of the newborn child.
80	(c) If the newborn child's parent or the parent's designee provides the [person] individual
81	receiving the newborn child with any of the information described in Subsection
82	(2)(b) or any other personal items, the [person] individual shall provide the
83	information or personal items to the division.
84	(d) Personnel employed by the [hospital] designated facility shall[:]
85	[(i) provide any necessary medical care to the newborn child;]
86	[(ii)] _notify the division of receipt of the newborn child as soon as possible, but no
87	later than 24 hours after receipt of the newborn child[; and] .
88	[(iii) prepare a birth certificate or foundling birth certificate if parentage is unknown
89	for the newborn child and file the certificate with the Office of Vital Records and
90	Statistics within the Department of Health.]
91	(e) If a newborn child is safely relinquished at a hospital, personnel employed by the
92	hospital shall:
93	(i) provide any necessary medical care to the newborn child; and
94	(ii) prepare a birth certificate or foundling birth certificate if parentage is unknown
95	for the newborn child and file the certificate with the Office of Vital Records and
96	Statistics within the Department of Health and Human Services.
97	(f) A [hospital] designated facility and personnel employed by a [hospital] designated
98	facility are immune from any civil or criminal liability arising from accepting a

99	newborn child if the personnel employed by the [hospital] designated facility
100	substantially comply with the provisions of this part and, as applicable, medical
101	treatment is administered according to standard medical practice.
102	(3) The division shall assume care and protective custody of the newborn child immediately
103	upon notice from [the hospital] a designated facility.
104	(4) [So long as] If the division determines there is no abuse or neglect of the newborn child,
105	neither the newborn child nor the child's parents are subject to:
106	(a) the investigation provisions contained in Section 80-2-701; or
107	(b) the provisions of Chapter 3, Abuse, Neglect, and Dependency Proceedings.
108	(5)(a) Unless identifying information relating to the nonrelinquishing parent of the
109	newborn child is provided, the division shall:
110	(i) work with local law enforcement and the Bureau of Criminal Identification within
111	the Department of Public Safety in an effort to ensure that the newborn child has
112	not been identified as a missing child;
113	(ii) immediately place or contract for placement of the newborn child in a potential
114	adoptive home and, within 10 days after the day on which the child is received,
115	file a petition for termination of parental rights in accordance with this chapter;
116	(iii) direct the Office of Vital Records and Statistics within the Department of Health
117	and Human Services to conduct a search for:
118	(A) a birth certificate for the newborn child; and
119	(B) unmarried biological fathers in the registry maintained by the Office of Vital
120	Records and Statistics in accordance with Title 78B, Chapter 15, Part 4,
121	Registry; and
122	(iv) provide notice to each potential father identified on the registry described in
123	Subsection (5)(a)(iii) in accordance with Title 78B, Chapter 15, Part 4, Registry.
124	(b)(i) If no individual has affirmatively identified himself or herself within two
125	weeks after the day on which notice under Subsection (5)(a)(iv) is complete and
126	established paternity by scientific testing within as expeditious a time frame as
127	practicable, a hearing on the petition for termination of parental rights shall be
128	scheduled and notice provided in accordance with this chapter.
129	(ii) If a nonrelinquishing parent is not identified, relinquishment of a newborn child
130	under this part is considered grounds for termination of parental rights of both the
131	relinquishing and nonrelinquishing parents under Section 80-4-301.
132	(6) If at any time before the day on which the newborn child is adopted, the juvenile court

- finds it is in the best interest of the newborn child, the court shall deny the petition fortermination of parental rights.
- (7) The division shall provide for, or contract with a child-placing agency to provide forexpeditious adoption of the newborn child.
- 137 (8) [So long as] If the individual relinquishing a newborn child is the newborn child's parent
- 138 or <u>a parent's</u> designee, and [there is no] the newborn child has not been subject to abuse
- 139 or neglect, safe relinquishment of a newborn child in substantial compliance with this
- 140 part is an affirmative defense to any potential criminal liability for abandonment or
- 141 neglect relating to the relinquishment.
- 142 Section 3. Effective date.
- 143 This bill takes effect on May 7, 2025.