# **Doug Owens** proposes the following substitute bill:

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# **Energy Corridor Amendments**

# 2025 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

**Chief Sponsor: Derrin R. Owens** 

House Sponsor:

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#### LONG TITLE

### **4** General Description:

5 This bill modifies provisions related to eminent domain and the condemnation process for

6 public utilities.

## **7 Highlighted Provisions:**

- 8 This bill:
- 9 requires a person filing an eminent domain action for a high voltage power line to:
- conduct an infrastructure siting analysis; and
- coordinate with federal land management agencies before pursuing condemnation of
- 12 private lands;
- 13 modifies the requirements for certain eminent domain complaints to include infrastructure
- siting analysis and federal agency coordination documentation;
- requires a public utility to submit an annual report on eminent domain actions and efforts
- to utilize federal public lands to the Public Utilities, Energy, and Technology Interim
- 17 Committee; and
- 18 makes technical and conforming changes.
- 19 Money Appropriated in this Bill:
- 20 None
- 21 Other Special Clauses:
- None None
- 23 Utah Code Sections Affected:
- 24 AMENDS:
- 78B-6-504, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
- **78B-6-507**, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
- 27 ENACTS:
- 28 **78B-6-505.5**, Utah Code Annotated 1953

	<b>78B-6-523</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
Ве	it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section <b>78B-6-504</b> is amended to read:
	78B-6-504 . Conditions precedent to taking.
[(1)	Before property can be taken it must appear that:]
	[(a) the use to which it is to be applied is a use authorized by law;]
	[(b) the taking is necessary for the use;]
	[(e) construction and use of all property sought to be condemned will commence within
	a reasonable time as determined by the court, after the initiation of proceedings under
	this part; and]
	[(d) if already appropriated to some public use, the public use to which it is to be applied
	is a more necessary public use.]
[(2)	(1)[(a)] As used in this section[;]:
	(a) ["governing] "Governing body" means:
	(i) for a county, city, or town, the legislative body of the county, city, or town; and
	(ii) for any other political subdivision of the state, the person or body with authority
	to govern the affairs of the political subdivision.
	(b) "High voltage power line" means the same as that term is defined in Section
	<u>54-18-102.</u>
	(c) "Infrastructure siting analysis" means a comprehensive evaluation that:
	(i) identifies and assesses all reasonable route alternatives for the proposed
	infrastructure;
	(ii) prioritizes the use of existing utility corridors in accordance with federal
	standards;
	(iii) prioritizes the use of federal public lands; and
	(iv) documents why alternatives using federal public lands are not feasible, if
	applicable.
<u>(2)</u>	Before property can be taken it must appear that:
	(a) the use to which it is to be applied is a use authorized by law;
	(b) the taking is necessary for the use;
	(c) construction and use of all property sought to be condemned will commence within a
	reasonable time as determined by the court, after the initiation of proceedings under
	this part; and

63	(d) if already appropriated to some public use, the public use to which it is to be applied
64	is a more necessary public use.
65	[(b)] (3) Property may not be taken by a political subdivision of the state unless the
66	governing body of the political subdivision approves the taking.
67	[(e)] (4)(a) Before taking a final vote to approve the filing of an eminent domain action,
68	the governing body of each political subdivision intending to take property shall
69	provide written notice to each owner of property to be taken of each public meeting
70	of the political subdivision's governing body at which a vote on the proposed taking
71	is expected to occur and allow the property owner the opportunity to be heard on the
72	proposed taking.
73	[(d)] (b) The requirement under Subsection [(2)(e)] (4)(a) to provide notice to a property
74	owner is satisfied by the governing body mailing the written notice to the property
75	owner:
76	(i) at the owner's address as shown on the records of the county assessor's office; and
77	(ii) at least 10 business days before the public meeting.
78	(5) In addition to the requirements of Subsection (2), a person filing an eminent domain
79	action for a high voltage power line shall:
80	(a) complete an infrastructure siting analysis;
81	(b) demonstrate that use of federal public lands is not authorized, feasible, or would
82	result in greater public harm than the proposed condemnation; and
83	(c) submit the analysis to the court as part of the condemnation proceedings.
84	Section 2. Section <b>78B-6-505.5</b> is enacted to read:
85	78B-6-505.5 . Coordination with federal land management agencies.
86	Before filing an eminent domain action to condemn private land for a high voltage
87	power line, a person shall:
88	(1) if federal public land exists within one mile of the proposed high voltage power line,
89	consult with each relevant federal land management agency to identify potentially
90	suitable federal public land for the proposed use;
91	(2) document all efforts to coordinate with federal agencies; and
92	(3) include the documentation described in Subsection (2) in any subsequent eminent
93	domain filing.
94	Section 3. Section <b>78B-6-507</b> is amended to read:
95	78B-6-507 . Complaint Contents.
96	(1) The complaint shall contain:

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97	(a)	the name of the corporation, association, commission or person in charge of the
98		public use for which the property is sought, who must be styled plaintiff;
99	(b)	the names of all owners and claimants of the property, if known, or a statement that
100		they are unknown, who must be styled defendants;
101	(c)	a statement of the right of the plaintiff;
102	(d)	if a right of way is sought, its location, general route, beginning and ending, and be
103		accompanied by a map of the proposed right of way, as it is involved in the action or
104		proceeding;
105	(e)	if any interest in land is sought for a right of way or associated facilities for a subject
106		activity as defined in Section 19-3-318:
107		$(i) \ \ the \ permission \ of \ the \ governor \ with \ the \ concurrence \ of \ the \ Legislature \ authorizing:$
108		(A) use of the site for the subject activity; and
109		(B) use of the proposed route for the subject activity; and
110		(ii) the proposed route as required by Subsection (1)(d);[-and]
111	(f)	a description of each piece of land sought to be taken, and whether it includes the
112		whole or only part of an entire parcel or tract[-]; and
113	<u>(g)</u>	for actions filed for a high voltage power line, the infrastructure siting analysis and
114		federal agency coordination documentation required by Sections 78B-6-504 and
115		78B-6-505.5.
116	(2) All	parcels lying in the county and required for the same public use may be included in
117	the	same or separate proceedings, at the option of the plaintiff, but the court may
118	con	solidate or separate them to suit the convenience of parties.
119	S	ection 4. Section <b>78B-6-523</b> is enacted to read:
120	<u>7</u>	8B-6-523. Reporting on consideration of federal public lands.
121	(1) <u>As</u>	used in this section, "public utility" means the same as that term is defined in Section
122	<u>54-</u>	<u>2-1.</u>
123	(2) A p	public utility that files any eminent domain action for a high voltage power line in a
124	cale	endar year shall submit, on or before July 1 of each year, a report to the Public
125	<u>Uti</u>	lities, Energy, and Technology Interim Committee detailing:
126	<u>(a)</u>	the number of condemnation actions filed in the previous calendar year;
127	<u>(b)</u>	infrastructure siting analyses completed to identify and evaluate alternatives using
128		federal public lands prior to initiating a condemnation action;

(c) reasons for not utilizing federal public lands, if applicable; and

(d) any coordination efforts with federal land management agencies.

- Section 5. **Effective Date.**
- 132 This bill takes effect on May 7, 2025.