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Local Option Sales Tax Amendments 2025 GENERAL SESSION

23 OENEKAL SESSIO

STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Derrin R. Owens

House Sponsor: Joseph Elison

LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill modifies provisions related to local option sales and use taxes.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
 defines terms;
 allows certain local governments to impose a sales and use tax for purposes of funding
emergency services;
• establishes requirements for a local government to impose the tax, dependent on the rate
imposed;
 addresses the administration, collection, and distribution of tax revenue;
 allows the State Tax Commission to retain an administrative charge from collected tax
revenue;
 repeals provisions allowing certain counties to impose a rural county health care facilities
tax to fund emergency medical services; and
 makes technical and conforming changes.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
This bill provides a special effective date.
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
17D-1-103 (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by Laws of Utah
2024, Chapter 382
59-12-801 (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023,
Chapters 92, 310 and 329
59-12-802 (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024,
Chapter 333

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31	ENACTS:
32	59-12-2401 (Effective upon governor's approval), Utah Code Annotated 1953
33	59-12-2402 (Effective upon governor's approval), Utah Code Annotated 1953
34	59-12-2403 (Effective upon governor's approval), Utah Code Annotated 1953
35	59-12-2404 (Effective upon governor's approval), Utah Code Annotated 1953
36	59-12-2405 (Effective upon governor's approval), Utah Code Annotated 1953
37	59-12-2406 (Effective upon governor's approval), Utah Code Annotated 1953
38	
39	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
40	Section 1. Section 17D-1-103 is amended to read:
41	17D-1-103 (Effective upon governor's approval). Special service district status,
42	powers, and duties Registration as a limited purpose entity Limitation on districts
43	providing jail service.
44	(1) A special service district:
45	(a) is:
46	(i) a body corporate and politic with perpetual succession, separate and distinct from
47	the county or municipality that creates [it] the special service district;
48	(ii) a quasi-municipal corporation; and
49	(iii) a political subdivision of the state; and
50	(b) may sue and be sued.
51	(2) A special service district may:
52	(a) exercise the power of eminent domain possessed by the county or municipality that
53	creates the special service district;
54	(b) enter into a contract that the governing authority considers desirable to carry out
55	special service district functions, including a contract:
56	(i) with the United States or an agency of the United States, the state, an institution of
57	higher education, a county, a municipality, a school district, a special district,
58	another special service district, or any other political subdivision of the state; or
59	(ii) that includes provisions concerning the use, operation, and maintenance of special
60	service district facilities and the collection of fees or charges with respect to
61	commodities, services, or facilities that the district provides;
62	(c) acquire or construct facilities;
63	(d) acquire real or personal property, or an interest in real or personal property, including
64	water and water rights, whether by purchase, lease, gift, devise, bequest, or

65	otherwise, and whether the property is located inside or outside the special service
66	district, and own, hold, improve, use, finance, or otherwise deal in and with the
67	property or property right;
68	(e) sell, convey, lease, exchange, transfer, or otherwise dispose of all or any part of the
69	special service district's property or assets, including water and water rights;
70	(f) mortgage, pledge, or otherwise encumber all or any part of the special service
71	district's property or assets, including water and water rights;
72	(g) enter into a contract with respect to the use, operation, or maintenance of all or any
73	part of the special service district's property or assets, including water and water
74	rights;
75	(h) accept a government grant or loan and comply with the conditions of the grant or
76	loan;
77	(i) use an officer, employee, property, equipment, office, or facility of the county or
78	municipality that created the special service district, subject to reimbursement as
79	provided in Subsection (4);
80	(j) employ one or more officers, employees, or agents, including one or more engineers,
81	accountants, attorneys, or financial consultants, and establish their compensation;
82	(k) designate an assessment area and levy an assessment as provided in Title 11, Chapter
83	42, Assessment Area Act;
84	(1) contract with a franchised, certificated public utility for the construction and
85	operation of an electrical service distribution system within the special service
86	district;
87	(m) borrow money and incur indebtedness;
88	(n) as provided in Part 5, Special Service District Bonds, issue bonds for the purpose of
89	acquiring, constructing, and equipping any of the facilities required for the services
90	the special service district is authorized to provide, including:
91	(i) bonds payable in whole or in part from taxes levied on the taxable property in the
92	special service district;
93	(ii) bonds payable from revenues derived from the operation of revenue-producing
94	facilities of the special service district;
95	(iii) bonds payable from both taxes and revenues;
96	(iv) guaranteed bonds, payable in whole or in part from taxes levied on the taxable
97	property in the special service district;
98	(v) tax anticipation notes;

99	(vi) bond anticipation notes;
100	(vii) refunding bonds;
101	(viii) special assessment bonds; and
102	(ix) bonds payable in whole or in part from mineral lease payments as provided in
103	Section 11-14-308;
104	(o) except as provided in Subsection (5), impose fees or charges or both for
105	commodities, services, or facilities that the special service district provides;
106	(p) provide to an area outside the special service district's boundary, whether inside or
107	outside the state, a service that the special service district is authorized to provide
108	within its boundary, if the governing body makes a finding that there is a public
109	benefit to providing the service to the area outside the special service district's
110	boundary;
111	(q) provide other services that the governing body determines will more effectively carry
112	out the purposes of the special service district;[-and]
113	(r) adopt an official seal for the special service district[-] : and
114	(s) if authorized, impose an emergency services tax under Title 59, Chapter 12, Part 24,
115	Emergency Services Tax.
116	(3)(a) Each special service district shall register and maintain the special service
117	district's registration as a limited purpose entity, in accordance with Section 67-1a-15.
118	(b) A special service district that fails to comply with Subsection (3)(a) or Section
119	67-1a-15 is subject to enforcement by the state auditor, in accordance with Section
120	67-3-1.
121	(4)(a) Each special service district that uses an officer, employee, property, equipment,
122	office, or facility of the county or municipality that created the special service district
123	shall reimburse the county or municipality a reasonable amount for what the special
124	service district uses.
125	(b) The amount invoiced for what the special service district uses under Subsection
126	(4)(a) may not exceed the actual documented cost incurred, without markup, by the
127	county or municipality.
128	(5)(a) A special service district that provides jail service as provided in Subsection
129	17D-1-201(10) may not impose a fee or charge for the service it provides.
130	(b) Subsection (5)(a) may not be construed to limit a special service district that provides
131	jail service from:
132	(i) entering into a contract with the federal government, the state, or a political

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133	subdivision of the state to provide jail service for compensation; or
134	(ii) receiving compensation for jail service it provides under a contract described in
135	Subsection (5)(b)(i).
136	Section 2. Section 59-12-801 is amended to read:
137	59-12-801 (Effective upon governor's approval). Definitions.
138	As used in this part:
139	[(1) "Affected area" means the portion of a county in which a tax is imposed under
140	Subsection 59-12-802(4).]
141	[(2)] (1) "Emergency medical services" means the same as that term is defined in Section
142	53-2d-101.
143	[(3)] (2) "Federally qualified health center" means the same as that term is defined in 42
144	U.S.C. Sec. 1395x.
145	[(4)] (3) "Freestanding urgent care center" means a facility that provides outpatient health
146	care service:
147	(a) on an as-needed basis, without an appointment;
148	(b) to the public;
149	(c) for the diagnosis and treatment of a medical condition if that medical condition does
150	not require hospitalization or emergency intervention for a life threatening or
151	potentially permanently disabling condition; and
152	(d) including one or more of the following services:
153	(i) a medical history physical examination;
154	(ii) an assessment of health status; or
155	(iii) treatment:
156	(A) for a variety of medical conditions; and
157	(B) that is commonly offered in a physician's office.
158	[(5) "Municipality" means a city or town.]
159	[(6)] (4) "Nursing care facility" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26B-2-201.
160	[(7) "Political subdivision" means a county, municipality, local district, or special service
161	district.]
162	[(8)] (5) "Rural city hospital" means a hospital owned by a city that is located within a third,
163	fourth, fifth, or sixth class county.
164	[(9)] (6) "Rural county health care facility" means a:
165	(a) rural county hospital; or
166	(b) rural county nursing care facility.

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167	[(10)] (7) "Rural county hospital" means a hospital owned by a county that is:
168	(a) a third, fourth, fifth, or sixth class county, as defined in Section 17-50-501; and
169	(b) located outside of a standard metropolitan statistical area, as designated by the
170	United States Bureau of the Census.
171	[(11)] (8) "Rural county nursing care facility" means a nursing care facility owned by:
172	(a) a county that is:
173	(i) a third, fourth, fifth, or sixth class county, as defined in Section 17-50-501; and
174	(ii) located outside of a standard metropolitan statistical area, as designated by the
175	United States Census Bureau; or
176	(b) a special service district if the special service district is:
177	(i) created for the purpose of operating the nursing care facility; and
178	(ii) within a county that is:
179	(A) a third, fourth, fifth, or sixth class county, as defined in Section 17-50-501; and
180	(B) located outside of a standard metropolitan statistical area, as designated by the
181	United States Census Bureau.
182	[(12)] (9) "Rural emergency medical services" means emergency medical services that are
183	provided by a county that is:
184	(a) a third, fourth, fifth, or sixth class county, as defined in Section 17-50-501; and
185	(b) located outside of a standard metropolitan statistical area, as designated by the
186	United States Census Bureau.
187	[(13)] (10) "Rural health clinic" means the same as that term is defined in 42 U.S.C. Sec.
188	1395x.
189	Section 3. Section 59-12-802 is amended to read:
190	59-12-802 (Effective upon governor's approval). Imposition of rural county
191	health care tax Expenditure of tax revenue Base Rate Administration, collection,
192	and enforcement of tax Administrative charge.
193	(1)(a) A county legislative body of [the following counties] a county of the third, fourth,
194	fifth, or sixth class may impose a sales and use tax of up to 1% on the transactions
195	described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) located within the county[$\frac{1}{2}$].
196	[(i) a county of the third, fourth, fifth, or sixth class; or]
197	[(ii) a county of the second class that has:]
198	[(A) a national park within or partially within the county's boundaries; and]
199	[(B) two or more state parks within or partially within the county's boundaries.]
200	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), a county legislative body may not impose a tax

201	under this section on:
202	(i) the sales and uses described in Section 59-12-104 to the extent the sales and uses
203	are exempt from taxation under Section 59-12-104;
204	(ii) a transaction to the extent a rural city hospital tax is imposed on that transaction
205	in a city that imposes a tax under Section 59-12-804; and
206	(iii) except as provided in Subsection (1)(d), amounts paid or charged for food and
207	food ingredients.
208	(c) For purposes of this Subsection (1), the location of a transaction is determined in
209	accordance with Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215.
210	(d) A county legislative body imposing a tax under this section shall impose the tax on
211	the purchase price or sales price for amounts paid or charged for food and food
212	ingredients if the food and food ingredients are sold as part of a bundled transaction
213	attributable to food and food ingredients and tangible personal property other than
214	food and food ingredients.
215	(2)(a) [Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), before] Before imposing a tax under
216	Subsection (1), a county legislative body shall obtain approval to impose the tax from
217	a majority of the:
218	(i) members of the county's legislative body; and
219	(ii) county's registered voters voting on the imposition of the tax.
220	(b) The county legislative body shall conduct the election according to the procedures
221	and requirements of Title 11, Chapter 14, Local Government Bonding Act.
222	(3) Subject to Subsection (4), a county legislative body may use money collected from a tax
223	imposed under Subsection (1) to fund:
224	[(a) for a county described in Subsection (1)(a)(i):]
225	[(i)] (a) the following costs associated with a federally qualified health center within the
226	county, a freestanding urgent care center within the county, a rural county health care
227	facility within the county, or a rural health clinic within the county:
228	[(A)] (i) ongoing operating expenses of the center, clinic, or facility;
229	[(B)] (ii) the acquisition of land for the center, clinic, or facility; or
230	[(C)] (iii) the design, construction, equipping, or furnishing of the center, clinic, or
231	facility;
232	[(ii)] (b) rural emergency medical services within the county; or
233	[(iii)] (c) a combination of the activities described in this Subsection $[(3)(a); and]$ (3).
234	[(b) for a county described in Subsection (1)(a)(ii), emergency medical services that are

235	provided by a political subdivision within that county, subject to Subsection (5)(c).]
236	(4)(a) For a tax enacted on or after July 1, 2024, by a county described in Subsection
237	(1)(a)(i),] a county legislative body may use money collected from a tax imposed
238	under Subsection (1) to fund:
239	(i) the costs described in Subsection $[(3)(a)(i)]$ (3)(a);
240	(ii) the following activities to mitigate the impacts of visitors within the county:
241	(A) emergency medical services;
242	(B) solid waste disposal;
243	(C) search and rescue activities;
244	(D) law enforcement activities; or
245	(E) fire protection services;
246	(iii) avalanche forecasting within the county; or
247	(iv) a combination of the activities described in this Subsection (4)(a).
248	(b) For a tax increased on or after July 1, 2024, by a county described in Subsection
249	(1)(a)(i), a county legislative body may use the money collected from the increased
250	tax rate to fund the activities described in Subsections (4)(a)(i) through (iv).
251	[(5)(a) A county described in Subsection (1)(a)(ii) may impose a tax under this section
252	within a portion of the county if the affected area includes:]
253	[(i) the entire unincorporated area of the county; and]
254	[(ii) the entire boundaries of any municipality located within the affected area.]
255	[(b) Before a county described in Subsection (1)(a)(ii) may impose a tax under this
256	section within a portion of the county, the county legislative body shall obtain
257	approval to impose the tax from a majority of:]
258	[(i) the members of the county's legislative body;]
259	[(ii) the county's registered voters within the affected area voting on the imposition
260	of the tax, in an election conducted according to the procedures and requirements
261	of Title 11, Chapter 14, Local Government Bonding Act; and]
262	[(iii)(A) the members of the legislative body of each municipality located within
263	the affected area; or]
264	[(B) the members of the governing body of a special service district established
265	under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act, to provide emergency
266	medical services within the affected area.]
267	[(c) A county described in Subsection (1)(a)(ii) that imposes a tax under this section
268	within a portion of the county in accordance with this Subsection (5) may use the

269	money collected from the tax to fund emergency medical services that are provided
270	by a political subdivision within the affected area.]
271	[(6)] (5)(a) A tax under this section shall be:
272	(i) except as provided in Subsection [$(6)(b)$] (5)(b), administered, collected, and
273	enforced in accordance with:
274	(A) the same procedures used to administer, collect, and enforce the tax under:
275	(I) Part 1, Tax Collection; or
276	(II) Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax Act; and
277	(B) Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies; and
278	(ii) levied for a period of 10 years and may be reauthorized at the end of the 10-year
279	period by the county legislative body as provided in Subsection (1).
280	(b) A tax under this section is not subject to Subsections 59-12-205(2) through (5).
281	(c) A county legislative body shall distribute money collected from a tax under this
282	section quarterly.
283	[(7)] (6) The commission shall retain and deposit an administrative charge in accordance
284	with Section 59-1-306 from the revenue the commission collects from a tax under this
285	section.
286	Section 4. Section 59-12-2401 is enacted to read:
286 287	Section 4. Section 59-12-2401 is enacted to read: Part 24. Emergency Services Tax
287	Part 24. Emergency Services Tax
287 288	Part 24. Emergency Services Tax <u>59-12-2401</u> (Effective upon governor's approval). Definitions.
287 288 289	Part 24. Emergency Services Tax <u>59-12-2401</u> (Effective upon governor's approval). Definitions. <u>As used in this part:</u>
287 288 289 290	Part 24. Emergency Services Tax <u>59-12-2401</u> (Effective upon governor's approval). Definitions. <u>As used in this part:</u> (1) "Emergency services" means:
287 288 289 290 291	Part 24. Emergency Services Tax 59-12-2401 (Effective upon governor's approval). Definitions. As used in this part: (1) "Emergency services" means: (a) emergency medical services as defined in Section 53-2d-101;
287 288 289 290 291 292	Part 24. Emergency Services Tax 59-12-2401 (Effective upon governor's approval). Definitions. As used in this part: (1) "Emergency services" means: (a) emergency medical services as defined in Section 53-2d-101; (b) fire protection services; or (b) fire protection services; or
 287 288 289 290 291 292 293 	Part 24. Emergency Services Tax 59-12-2401 (Effective upon governor's approval). Definitions. As used in this part: (1) "Emergency services" means: (a) emergency medical services as defined in Section 53-2d-101; (b) fire protection services; or (c) a combination of emergency medical services, as defined in Section 53-2d-101, and
287 288 289 290 291 292 293 294	 Part 24. Emergency Services Tax 59-12-2401 (Effective upon governor's approval). Definitions. As used in this part: (1) "Emergency services" means: (a) emergency medical services as defined in Section 53-2d-101; (b) fire protection services; or (c) a combination of emergency medical services, as defined in Section 53-2d-101, and fire protection services.
287 288 289 290 291 292 293 294 295	 Part 24. Emergency Services Tax 59-12-2401 (Effective upon governor's approval). Definitions. As used in this part: (1) "Emergency services" means: (a) emergency medical services as defined in Section 53-2d-101; (b) fire protection services; or (c) a combination of emergency medical services, as defined in Section 53-2d-101, and fire protection services. (2) "Emergency services tax" means the sales and use tax authorized under Section
287 288 289 290 291 292 293 294 295 296	 Part 24. Emergency Services Tax 59-12-2401 (Effective upon governor's approval). Definitions. As used in this part: (1) "Emergency services" means: (a) emergency medical services as defined in Section 53-2d-101; (b) fire protection services; or (c) a combination of emergency medical services, as defined in Section 53-2d-101, and fire protection services. (2) "Emergency services tax" means the sales and use tax authorized under Section 59-12-2402. (3) "Governing body" means: (a) for a county, city, or town, the legislative body of the county, city, or town; or
287 288 289 290 291 292 293 294 295 296 297 298 299	 Part 24. Emergency Services Tax 59-12-2401 (Effective upon governor's approval). Definitions. As used in this part: (1) "Emergency services" means: (a) emergency medical services as defined in Section 53-2d-101; (b) fire protection services; or (c) a combination of emergency medical services, as defined in Section 53-2d-101, and fire protection services. (2) "Emergency services tax" means the sales and use tax authorized under Section 53-2d-101, and 59-12-2402. (3) "Governing body" means: (a) for a county, city, or town, the legislative body of the county, city, or town; or (b) for a special service district:
287 288 289 290 291 292 293 294 295 296 297 298	 Part 24. Emergency Services Tax 59-12-2401 (Effective upon governor's approval). Definitions. As used in this part: (1) "Emergency services" means: (a) emergency medical services as defined in Section 53-2d-101; (b) fire protection services; or (c) a combination of emergency medical services, as defined in Section 53-2d-101, and fire protection services. (2) "Emergency services tax" means the sales and use tax authorized under Section 59-12-2402. (3) "Governing body" means: (a) for a county, city, or town, the legislative body of the county, city, or town; or
287 288 289 290 291 292 293 294 295 296 297 298 299	 Part 24. Emergency Services Tax 59-12-2401 (Effective upon governor's approval). Definitions. As used in this part: (1) "Emergency services" means: (a) emergency medical services as defined in Section 53-2d-101; (b) fire protection services; or (c) a combination of emergency medical services, as defined in Section 53-2d-101, and fire protection services. (2) "Emergency services tax" means the sales and use tax authorized under Section 53-2d-101, and 59-12-2402. (3) "Governing body" means: (a) for a county, city, or town, the legislative body of the county, city, or town; or (b) for a special service district:

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303	(ii) the administrative control board of the special service district, if an administrative
304	control board has been created under Section 17D-1-301.
305	(4) "Qualifying political subdivision" means:
306	(a) a specified county;
307	(b) a special service district established under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service
308	District Act, to provide emergency services within a specified county; or
309	(c) a city or town that:
310	(i) is located:
311	(A) within a specified county; and
312	(B) outside the boundaries of a special service district described in Subsection (4)
313	<u>(b); and</u>
314	(ii) provides, or contracts with a special service district described in Subsection (4)(b)
315	to receive, emergency services within the city or town.
316	(5) "Specified county" means a county of the second class that contains a national park and
317	two or more state parks within or partially within the county's boundaries.
318	Section 5. Section 59-12-2402 is enacted to read:
319	59-12-2402 (Effective upon governor's approval). Imposition of emergency
320	anning tou. Domitted notes From and distribution of tou non-
520	services tax Permitted rates Expenditure and distribution of tax revenue
320 321	Administration, collection, and enforcement of tax Administrative charge.
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321	Administration, collection, and enforcement of tax Administrative charge.
321 322	Administration, collection, and enforcement of tax Administrative charge. (1)(a) Beginning July 1, 2025, the governing body of a qualifying political subdivision
321322323	 Administration, collection, and enforcement of tax Administrative charge. (1)(a) Beginning July 1, 2025, the governing body of a qualifying political subdivision may, subject to Subsection (1)(b), impose a sales and use tax on the transactions
321322323324	 Administration, collection, and enforcement of tax Administrative charge. (1)(a) Beginning July 1, 2025, the governing body of a qualifying political subdivision may, subject to Subsection (1)(b), impose a sales and use tax on the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) in the following amount:
 321 322 323 324 325 	 Administration, collection, and enforcement of tax Administrative charge. (1)(a) Beginning July 1, 2025, the governing body of a qualifying political subdivision may, subject to Subsection (1)(b), impose a sales and use tax on the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) in the following amount: (i) an amount of up to .33% if the governing body:
 321 322 323 324 325 326 	 Administration, collection, and enforcement of tax Administrative charge. (1)(a) Beginning July 1, 2025, the governing body of a qualifying political subdivision may, subject to Subsection (1)(b), impose a sales and use tax on the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) in the following amount: (i) an amount of up to .33% if the governing body: (A) first holds a public hearing at which the tax is discussed, subject to Subsection
 321 322 323 324 325 326 327 	 Administration, collection, and enforcement of tax Administrative charge. (1)(a) Beginning July 1, 2025, the governing body of a qualifying political subdivision may, subject to Subsection (1)(b), impose a sales and use tax on the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) in the following amount: (i) an amount of up to .33% if the governing body: (A) first holds a public hearing at which the tax is discussed, subject to Subsection (2); and
 321 322 323 324 325 326 327 328 	 Administration, collection, and enforcement of tax Administrative charge. (1)(a) Beginning July 1, 2025, the governing body of a qualifying political subdivision may, subject to Subsection (1)(b), impose a sales and use tax on the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) in the following amount: (i) an amount of up to .33% if the governing body: (A) first holds a public hearing at which the tax is discussed, subject to Subsection (2); and (B) after the public hearing is held, passes an ordinance or resolution approving
 321 322 323 324 325 326 327 328 329 	 Administration, collection, and enforcement of tax Administrative charge. (1)(a) Beginning July 1, 2025, the governing body of a qualifying political subdivision may, subject to Subsection (1)(b), impose a sales and use tax on the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) in the following amount: (i) an amount of up to .33% if the governing body: (A) first holds a public hearing at which the tax is discussed, subject to Subsection (2); and (B) after the public hearing is held, passes an ordinance or resolution approving the tax; or
 321 322 323 324 325 326 327 328 329 330 	 Administration, collection, and enforcement of tax Administrative charge. (1)(a) Beginning July 1, 2025, the governing body of a qualifying political subdivision may, subject to Subsection (1)(b), impose a sales and use tax on the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) in the following amount: (i) an amount of up to .33% if the governing body: (A) first holds a public hearing at which the tax is discussed, subject to Subsection (2); and (B) after the public hearing is held, passes an ordinance or resolution approving the tax; or (ii) an amount of up to 1% if the governing body obtains approval to impose the tax
 321 322 323 324 325 326 327 328 329 330 331 	 Administration, collection, and enforcement of tax Administrative charge. (1)(a) Beginning July 1, 2025, the governing body of a qualifying political subdivision may, subject to Subsection (1)(b), impose a sales and use tax on the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) in the following amount: (i) an amount of up to .33% if the governing body: (A) first holds a public hearing at which the tax is discussed, subject to Subsection (2); and (B) after the public hearing is held, passes an ordinance or resolution approving the tax; or (ii) an amount of up to 1% if the governing body obtains approval to impose the tax from a majority of:
 321 322 323 324 325 326 327 328 329 330 331 332 	 Administration, collection, and enforcement of tax Administrative charge. (1)(a) Beginning July 1, 2025, the governing body of a qualifying political subdivision may, subject to Subsection (1)(b), impose a sales and use tax on the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) in the following amount: (i) an amount of up to .33% if the governing body: (A) first holds a public hearing at which the tax is discussed, subject to Subsection (2); and (B) after the public hearing is held, passes an ordinance or resolution approving the tax; or (ii) an amount of up to 1% if the governing body obtains approval to impose the tax from a majority of: (A) the members of the governing body; and
 321 322 323 324 325 326 327 328 329 330 331 332 333 	 Administration, collection, and enforcement of tax Administrative charge. (1)(a) Beginning July 1, 2025, the governing body of a qualifying political subdivision may, subject to Subsection (1)(b), impose a sales and use tax on the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) in the following amount: (i) an amount of up to .33% if the governing body: (A) first holds a public hearing at which the tax is discussed, subject to Subsection (2); and (B) after the public hearing is held, passes an ordinance or resolution approving the tax; or (ii) an amount of up to 1% if the governing body obtains approval to impose the tax from a majority of: (A) the members of the governing body; and (B) voters within the qualifying political subdivision voting in an election held for
 321 322 323 324 325 326 327 328 329 330 331 332 333 334 	 Administration, collection, and enforcement of tax Administrative charge. (1)(a) Beginning July 1, 2025, the governing body of a qualifying political subdivision may, subject to Subsection (1)(b), impose a sales and use tax on the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) in the following amount: (i) an amount of up to .33% if the governing body: (A) first holds a public hearing at which the tax is discussed, subject to Subsection (2); and (B) after the public hearing is held, passes an ordinance or resolution approving the tax; or (ii) an amount of up to 1% if the governing body obtains approval to impose the tax from a majority of: (A) the members of the governing body; and (B) voters within the qualifying political subdivision voting in an election held for that purpose in accordance with Title 11, Chapter 14, Local Government

337	unincorporated areas of the county.
338	(ii) A tax imposed by a special service district under Subsection (1)(a) shall be
339	imposed within the boundaries of each city and town located within the area of the
340	special service district.
341	(iii) A tax may not be imposed under this section within:
342	(A) a portion of a city, town, or the unincorporated area of a county; or
343	(B) an area in which a tax under this section has already been imposed.
344	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), a qualifying political subdivision may not impose
345	a tax under this section on:
346	(i) the sales and uses described in Section 59-12-104 to the extent the sales and uses
347	are exempt from taxation under Section 59-12-104; and
348	(ii) except as provided in Subsection (1)(e), amounts paid or charged for food and
349	food ingredients.
350	(d) For purposes of this Subsection (1), the location of a transaction is determined in
351	accordance with Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215.
352	(e) A qualifying political subdivision that imposes a tax under this section shall impose
353	the tax on the purchase price or sales price for amounts paid or charged for food and
354	food ingredients if the food and food ingredients are sold as part of a bundled
355	transaction attributable to food and food ingredients and tangible personal property
356	other than food and food ingredients.
357	(2)(a) The governing body of a qualifying political subdivision proposing a tax rate
358	described in Subsection (1)(a)(i) shall, as a class A notice under Section 63G-30-102,
359	publish notice of the public hearing required by Subsection (1)(a)(i)(A) for at least 14
360	days before the day of the public hearing.
361	(b) The notice described in Subsection (2)(a) shall:
362	(i) state the governing body's intent to adopt a tax under this section;
363	(ii) describe the proposed tax rate;
364	(iii) specify the date, time, and location of the public hearing; and
365	(iv) state that the purpose of the public hearing is to obtain public comments
366	regarding the proposed tax.
367	(3) For a county proposing a tax rate described in Subsection (1)(a)(ii), the voter approval
368	requirement in Subsection (1)(a)(ii)(B) applies only to voters residing within the
369	unincorporated areas of the county.
370	(4)(a) Subject to Subsection (4)(b), a qualifying political subdivision may use money

371	collected from a tax imposed under this section to fund emergency services provided
372	by, or on behalf of, a qualifying political subdivision.
373	(b) A qualifying political subdivision that imposes a tax under this section may:
374	(i) use money collected from the tax to fund emergency services within an area in
375	which the tax is not imposed; and
376	(ii) enter into an agreement authorized by Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal
377	Cooperation Act, allowing for another qualifying political subdivision to use
378	money collected from the tax to fund emergency services.
379	(5)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), a tax under this section shall be
380	administered, collected, and enforced in accordance with the same procedures used to
381	administer, collect, and enforce the tax under:
382	(i)(A) Part 1, Tax Collection; or
383	(B) Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax Act; and
384	(ii) Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies.
385	(b) A tax under this section is not subject to Subsections 59-12-205(2) through (5).
386	(c) A tax under this section shall be levied for a period of 10 years and may be
387	reauthorized at the end of the 10-year period by the governing body that imposed the
388	tax in accordance with the requirements of Subsections (1) through (3).
389	(d) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(e), the commission shall distribute the revenue
390	the commission collects from a tax imposed under this section directly to the
391	qualifying political subdivision imposing the tax.
392	(e) The commission shall retain and deposit an administrative charge in accordance with
393	Section 59-1-306 from the revenue the commission collects from a tax under this
394	section.
395	Section 6. Section 59-12-2403 is enacted to read:
396	59-12-2403 (Effective upon governor's approval). Enactment, repeal, or change
397	in the rate of an emergency services tax Annexation Notice.
398	(1)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (2), if a qualifying political subdivision enacts
399	or repeals an emergency services tax or changes the rate of an emergency services
400	tax, the enactment, repeal, or change shall take effect:
401	(i) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
402	(ii) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice that
403	meets the requirements of Subsection (1)(b) from the qualifying political
404	subdivision.

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405	(b) The notice described in Subsection (1)(a)(ii) shall state:
406	(i) that the qualifying political subdivision will enact, repeal, or change the rate of an
407	emergency services tax;
407	
	(ii) the statutory authority for the emergency services tax;
409	(iii) the effective date of the enactment, repeal, or change in the rate of the emergency
410	services tax; and
411	(iv) if the county enacts or changes the rate of the emergency services tax, the rate of
412	the emergency services tax.
413	(2)(a) If the billing period for a transaction begins before the effective date of the
414	enactment of an emergency services tax or the increase in the rate of an emergency
415	services tax, the enactment of the tax or the tax rate increase shall take effect on the
416	first day of the first billing period that begins after the effective date of the enactment
417	of the tax or the tax rate increase.
418	(b) If the billing period for a transaction begins before the effective date of the repeal of
419	an emergency services tax or the decrease in the rate of an emergency services tax,
420	the repeal of the tax or the tax rate decrease shall take effect on the first day of the
421	last billing period that began before the effective date of the repeal of the tax or the
422	tax rate decrease.
423	(c) If a tax due under this part on a catalogue sale is computed on the basis of sales and
424	use tax rates published in the catalogue, an enactment, repeal, or change in the rate of
425	a tax described in Subsection (1)(a) shall take effect:
426	(i) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
427	(ii) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the enactment, repeal, or change in
428	the rate of the tax under Subsection (1)(a).
429	(3)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (4), if an annexation will result in the
430	enactment, repeal, or change in the rate of an emergency services tax for an annexing
431	area, the enactment, repeal, or change shall take effect:
432	(i) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
433	(ii) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice
434	meeting the requirements of Subsection (3)(b) from the political subdivision that
435	annexes the annexing area.
436	(b) The notice described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii) shall state:
437	(i) that the annexation described in Subsection (3)(a) will result in the enactment,
438	repeal, or change in the rate of an emergency services tax for the annexing area;
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439	(ii) the statutory authority for the emergency services tax;
440	(iii) the effective date of the enactment, repeal, or change in the rate of the emergency
441	services tax; and
442	(iv) if the annexation results in the enactment or change in the rate of an emergency
443	services tax for the annexing area, the rate of the emergency services tax.
444	(4)(a) If the billing period for a transaction begins before the effective date of the
445	enactment of an emergency services tax or the increase in the rate of an emergency
446	services tax, the enactment of the tax or the tax rate increase shall take effect on the
447	first day of the first billing period that begins after the effective date of the enactment
448	of the tax or the tax rate increase.
449	(b) If the billing period for a transaction begins before the effective date of the repeal of
450	an emergency services tax or the decrease in the rate of an emergency services tax,
451	the repeal of the tax or the tax rate decrease shall take effect on the first day of the
452	last billing period that began before the effective date of the repeal of the tax or the
453	tax rate decrease.
454	(c) If a tax due under this part on a catalogue sale is computed on the basis of sales and
455	use tax rates published in the catalogue, an enactment, repeal, or change in the rate of
456	a tax described in Subsection (3)(a) shall take effect:
457	(i) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
458	(ii) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the enactment, repeal, or change in
459	the rate of the tax under Subsection (3)(a).
460	(5) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, and for
461	purposes of Subsections (2)(c) and (4)(c), the commission may by rule define the term
462	"catalogue sale."
463	Section 7. Section 59-12-2404 is enacted to read:
464	59-12-2404 (Effective upon governor's approval). Seller or certified service
465	provider reliance on commission information.
466	A seller or certified service provider is not liable for failing to collect an emergency
467	services tax if the seller's or certified service provider's failure to collect the emergency
468	services tax is as a result of the seller's or certified service provider's reliance on incorrect data
469	provided by the commission in a database created by the commission:
470	(1) containing tax rates, boundaries, or local taxing jurisdiction assignments; or
471	(2) indicating the taxability of tangible personal property, a product transferred
472	electronically, or a service.

473	Section 8. Section 59-12-2405 is enacted to read:
474	59-12-2405 (Effective upon governor's approval). Certified service provider or
475	model 2 seller reliance on commission certified software.
476	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2) and subject to Subsection (4), a certified service
477	provider or model 2 seller is not liable for failing to collect an emergency services tax if:
478	(a) the certified service provider or model 2 seller relies on software the commission
479	certifies; and
480	(b) the certified service provider's or model 2 seller's failure to collect an emergency
481	services tax is a result of the seller's or certified service provider's reliance on
482	incorrect data:
483	(i) provided by the commission; or
484	(ii) in the software the commission certifies.
485	(2) The relief from liability described in Subsection (1) does not apply if a certified service
486	provider or model 2 seller incorrectly classifies an item or transaction into a product
487	category the commission certifies.
488	(3) If the taxability of a product category is incorrectly classified in software the
489	commission certifies, the commission shall:
490	(a) notify a certified service provider or model 2 seller of the incorrect classification of
491	the taxability of a product category in software the commission certifies; and
492	(b) state in the notice required by Subsection (3)(a) that the certified service provider or
493	model 2 seller is liable for failing to collect the correct amount of tax under this part
494	on the incorrectly classified product category if the certified service provider or
495	model 2 seller fails to correct the taxability of the item or transaction within 10 days
496	after the day on which the certified service provider or model 2 seller receives the
497	notice.
498	(4) If a certified service provider or model 2 seller fails to correct the taxability of an item
499	or transaction within 10 days after the day on which the certified service provider or
500	model 2 seller receives the notice described in Subsection (3), the certified service
501	provider or model 2 seller is liable for failing to collect the correct amount of tax under
502	this part on the item or transaction.
503	Section 9. Section 59-12-2406 is enacted to read:
504	59-12-2406 (Effective upon governor's approval). Purchaser relief from liability.
505	(1)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), a purchaser is relieved from a penalty
506	under Section 59-1-401 for failure to pay an emergency services tax or an

507	underpayment of the emergency services tax if:
508	(i) the purchaser's seller or certified service provider relies on incorrect data provided
509	by the commission:
510	(A) on a tax rate;
511	(B) on a boundary;
512	(C) on a taxing jurisdiction; or
513	(D) in the taxability matrix the commission provides in accordance with the
514	agreement; or
515	(ii) the purchaser, regardless of whether the purchaser holds a direct payment permit
516	in accordance with Section 59-12-107.1, relies on incorrect data provided by the
517	commission:
518	(A) on a tax rate;
519	(B) on a boundary;
520	(C) on a taxing jurisdiction; or
521	(D) in the taxability matrix the commission provides in accordance with the
522	agreement.
523	(b) For purposes of Subsection (1)(a), a purchaser is not relieved from a penalty under
524	Section 59-1-401 for failure to pay a tax due under this part or an underpayment if
525	the purchaser's, the purchaser's seller's, or the purchaser's certified service provider's
526	reliance on incorrect data provided by the commission is a result of conduct that is:
527	(i) fraudulent;
528	(ii) intentional; or
529	(iii) willful.
530	(2) In addition to the relief from a penalty described in Subsection (1), a purchaser is not
531	liable for a tax or interest under Section 59-1-402 for failure to pay a tax due under this
532	part or an underpayment if:
533	(a) the purchaser's seller or certified service provider relies on:
534	(i) incorrect data provided by the commission:
535	(A) on a tax rate;
536	(B) on a boundary; or
537	(C) on a taxing jurisdiction; or
538	(ii) an erroneous classification by the commission:
539	(A) in the taxability matrix the commission provides in accordance with the
540	agreement; and

541	(B) with respect to a term that is in the library of definitions and that is listed as
542	taxable or exempt, included in or excluded from "sales price," or included in or
543	excluded from a definition; or
544	(b) the purchaser, regardless of whether the purchaser holds a direct payment permit in
545	accordance with Section 59-12-107.1, relies on:
546	(i) incorrect data provided by the commission:
547	(A) on a tax rate;
548	(B) on a boundary; or
549	(C) on a taxing jurisdiction; or
550	(ii) an erroneous classification by the commission:
551	(A) in the taxability matrix the commission provides in accordance with the
552	agreement; and
553	(B) with respect to a term that is in the library of definitions and that is listed as
554	taxable or exempt, included in or excluded from "sales price," or included in or
555	excluded from a definition.
556	Section 10. Effective Date.
557	This bill takes effect:
558	(1) except as provided in Subsection (2), May 7, 2025; or
559	(2) if approved by two-thirds of all members elected to each house:
560	(a) upon approval by the governor;
561	(b) without the governor's signature, the day following the constitutional time limit of
562	Utah Constitution, Article VII, Section 8; or
563	(c) in the case of a veto, the date of veto override.