Nate Blouin proposes the following substitute bill:

Municipal Elections Amendments

2025 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Todd Weiler

House Sponsor:

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2 3	LONG TITLE
4	General Description:
5	This bill amends the Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project.
6	Highlighted Provisions:
7	This bill:
8	 defines terms;
9	 extends the repeal date of the Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project (pilot
10	project) from January 1, 2026, to January 1, 2036;
1	 as part of the pilot project, gives a participating municipality the option of selecting
12	instant runoff voting or approval voting as a voting method to conduct an election;
13	 describes the process of approval voting and of determining winners in an approval
14	voting race; and
15	 makes technical and conforming changes.
16	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
17	None
18	Other Special Clauses:
19	This bill provides a special effective date.
20	Utah Code Sections Affected:
21	AMENDS:
22	20A-1-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 503
23	20A-3a-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 156
24	20A-4-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 342
25	20A-4-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 156, 297
26	20A-4-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 503
27	20A-4-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 503
28	20A-4-601 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 342

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	20A-4-602, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 170
	20A-4-603, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 342
	20A-6-203.5, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 187
	20A-6-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 438
	63I-2-220, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Fourth Special Session, Chapter 2
F	ENACTS:
_	20A-4-605 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
ŀ	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 20A-1-304 is amended to read:
	20A-1-304 . Tie votes.
(1) This spation does not apply to [a map conducted by instant munoff yeting] on alternative
(1) This section does not apply to [a race conducted by instant runoff voting-] an alternative voting method race under Chapter 4. Part 6. Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Bilet
	voting method race under Chapter 4, Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project.
(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), if, after conducting a recount under Subsection
(20A-4-401(5), a tie vote occurs, the election officer shall, in a public meeting held no
	later than three days after the day on which the recount canvass is completed:
	(a) determine the winning candidate, by lot, in whatever manner the election officer
	determines; and
	(b) provide notice and an opportunity for each candidate involved in the tie to observe
	the casting or drawing of the lot or to send a representative to observe the casting or
	drawing of the lot.
(3)(a) If, after conducting a recount under Subsection 20A-4-401(5), a tie vote occurs in
	a primary election race for a national, statewide, or other office that represents more
	than one county, the governor, lieutenant governor, and attorney general shall, at a
	public meeting called by the governor no later than three days after the day on which
	the recount canvass is completed:
	(i) determine the winning nominee, by lot, in whatever manner the governor
	determines; and
	(ii) provide notice and an opportunity for each candidate involved in the tie to
	observe the casting or drawing of the lot or to send a representative to observe the
	casting or drawing of the lot.
	(b) If, after conducting a recount under Subsection 20A-4-401(5), a tie vote occurs in a

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63	primary election race for a county office, the district court judges of the district in
64	which the county is located shall, at a public meeting called by the judges no later
65	than three days after the day on which the recount canvass is completed:
66	(i) determine the winning nominee, by lot, in whatever manner the judges determine;
67	and
68	(ii) provide notice and an opportunity for each candidate involved in the tie to
69	observe the casting or drawing of the lot or to send a representative to observe the
70	casting or drawing of the lot.
71	Section 2. Section 20A-3a-204 is amended to read:
72	20A-3a-204 . Marking and depositing ballots.
73	(1) To vote by mail:
74	(a) except as provided in Subsection (6), the voter shall prepare the voter's manual ballot
75	by marking the appropriate space with a mark opposite the name of each candidate of
76	the voter's choice for each office to be filled;
77	(b) if a ballot proposition is submitted to a vote of the people, the voter shall mark the
78	appropriate space with a mark opposite the answer the voter intends to make;
79	(c) except as provided in Subsection (6), the voter shall record a write-in vote in
80	accordance with Subsection 20A-3a-206(1);
81	(d) except as provided in Subsection (6), a mark is not required opposite the name of a
82	write-in candidate; and
83	(e) the voter shall:
84	(i) complete and sign the affidavit on the return envelope;
85	(ii) place the voted ballot in the return envelope;
86	(iii) if required, place a copy of the voter's valid voter identification in the return
87	envelope;
88	(iv) securely seal the return envelope; and
89	(v)(A) attach postage, if necessary, and deposit the return envelope in the mail; or
90	(B) place the return envelope in a ballot drop box, designated by the election
91	officer, for the precinct where the voter resides.
92	(2)(a) Except as otherwise provided in Section 20A-16-404, to be valid, a ballot that is
93	mailed must be:
94	(i) clearly postmarked before election day, or otherwise clearly marked by the post
95	office as received by the post office before election day; and
96	(ii) received in the office of the election officer before noon on the day of the official

97	canvass following the election.
98	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(c), to be valid, a ballot shall, before the polls
99	close on election day, be deposited in:
100	(i) a ballot box at a polling place; or
101	(ii) a ballot drop box designated by an election officer for the jurisdiction to which
102	the ballot relates.
103	(c) An election officer may, but is not required to, forward a ballot deposited in a ballot
104	drop box in the wrong jurisdiction to the correct jurisdiction.
105	(d) An election officer shall ensure that a voter who is, at or before 8 p.m., in line at a
106	ballot drop box, with a sealed return envelope containing a ballot in the voter's
107	possession, to deposit the ballot in the ballot drop box.
108	(3) Except as provided in Subsection (4), to vote at a polling place the voter shall, after
109	complying with Subsections (1)(a) through (d):
110	(a) sign the official register or pollbook; and
111	(b)(i) place the ballot in the ballot box; or
112	(ii) if the ballot is a provisional ballot, place the ballot in the provisional ballot
113	envelope, complete the information printed on the provisional ballot envelope, and
114	deposit the provisional ballot envelope in the provisional ballot box.
115	(4)(a) An individual with a disability may vote a mechanical ballot at a polling place.
116	(b) An individual other than an individual with a disability may vote a mechanical ballot
117	at a polling place if permitted by the election officer.
118	(5) To vote a mechanical ballot, the voter shall:
119	(a) make the selections according to the instructions provided for the voting device; and
120	(b) subject to Subsection (6), record a write-in vote by:
121	(i) selecting the appropriate position for entering a write-in candidate; and
122	(ii) using the voting device to enter the name of the valid write-in candidate for
123	whom the voter wishes to vote.
124	(6) To vote in an [instant runoff voting race under Title 20A, Chapter 4, Part 6, Municipal
125	Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project, a voter:] alternate voting method race under
126	Chapter 4, Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project:
127	(a) for a municipality using the instant runoff voting method described in Sections
128	20A-4-603 and 20A-4-604, a voter:
129	(i) shall indicate, as directed on the ballot, the name of the candidate who is the
130	voter's first preference for the office; and

131	[(b)] (ii) may indicate, as directed on the ballot, the names of the remaining candidates
132	in order of the voter's preference[-] ; or
133	(b) for a municipality using the approval voting method described in Section 20A-4-605,
134	a voter shall, as directed on the ballot, indicate one or more names of candidates
135	whom the voter approves for the office, without stating an order of preference.
136	(7) A voter who votes at a polling place:
137	(a) shall mark and cast or deposit the ballot without delay and shall leave the voting area
138	after voting; and
139	(b) may not:
140	(i) occupy a voting booth occupied by another, except as provided in Section
141	20A-3a-208;
142	(ii) remain within the voting area more than 10 minutes; or
143	(iii) occupy a voting booth for more than five minutes if all booths are in use and
144	other voters are waiting to occupy a voting booth.
145	(8) If the official register shows any voter as having voted, that voter may not reenter the
146	voting area during that election unless that voter is an election official or watcher.
147	(9) A poll worker may not, at a polling place, allow more than four voters more than the
148	number of voting booths into the voting area at one time unless those excess voters are:
149	(a) election officials;
150	(b) watchers; or
151	(c) assisting voters with a disability.
152	Section 3. Section 20A-4-101 is amended to read:
153	20A-4-101 . Manual ballots cast at a polling place Counting manual ballots at
154	polling place on day of election before polls close.
155	(1) Each county legislative body, municipal legislative body, and each poll worker shall
156	comply with the requirements of this section when counting manual ballots on the day of
157	an election, if:
158	(a) the ballots are cast at a polling place; and
159	(b) the ballots are counted at the polling place before the polls close.
160	(2)(a) Each county legislative body or municipal legislative body shall provide:
161	(i) two sets of ballot boxes for all voting precincts where both receiving and counting
162	judges have been appointed; and
163	(ii) a counting room for the use of the poll workers counting the ballots during the
164	day.

165	(b) At any election in any voting precinct in which both receiving and counting judges
166	have been appointed, when at least 20 votes have been cast, the receiving judges shall:
167	(i) close the first ballot box and deliver it to the counting judges; and
168	(ii) prepare and use another ballot box to receive voted ballots.
169	(c) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(f), upon receipt of the ballot box, the counting
170	judges shall:
171	(i) take the ballot box to the counting room;
172	(ii) count the votes on the regular ballots in the ballot box;
173	(iii) place the provisional ballot envelopes in the envelope or container provided for
174	them for return to the election officer; and
175	(iv) when they have finished counting the votes in the ballot box, return the emptied
176	box to the receiving judges.
177	(d)(i) During the course of election day, whenever there are at least 20 ballots
178	contained in a ballot box, the receiving judges shall deliver that ballot box to the
179	counting judges for counting; and
180	(ii) the counting judges shall immediately count the regular ballots and segregate the
181	provisional ballots contained in that box.
182	(e) The counting judges shall continue to exchange the ballot boxes and count ballots
183	until the polls close.
184	(f)(i) The director of elections within the Office of the Lieutenant Governor shall
185	make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
186	Rulemaking Act, describing the procedures that a counting judge is required to
187	follow for counting ballots in an [instant runoff voting] alternate voting method
188	race under Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project.
189	(ii) When counting ballots in an [instant runoff voting] alternate voting method race
190	described in Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project, a counting
191	judge shall comply with the procedures established under Subsection (2)(f)(i) and
192	Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project.
193	(3) To resolve questions that arise during the counting of ballots, a counting judge shall
194	apply the standards and requirements of:
195	(a) to the extent applicable, Section 20A-4-105; and
196	(b) as applicable, for [an instant runoff voting race] an alternate voting method race
197	under Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project[;] :
198	(i) Subsections [20A-4-603(3) through (5).] 20A-4-603(4) through (6), for a race

199	conducted using instant runoff voting; or
200	(ii) Subsection 20A-4-605(2), for a race conducted using approval voting.
201	Section 4. Section 20A-4-102 is amended to read:
202	20A-4-102 . Manual ballots cast at a polling place Counting manual ballots at
203	polling place on day of election after polls close.
204	(1)(a) This section governs counting manual ballots on the day of an election, if:
205	(i) the ballots are cast at a polling place; and
206	(ii) the ballots are counted at the polling place after the polls close.
207	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (2) or a rule made under Subsection
208	20A-4-101(2)(f)(i), as soon as the polls have been closed and the last qualified voter
209	has voted, the election judges shall count the ballots by performing the tasks
210	specified in this section in the order that they are specified.
211	(c) To resolve questions that arise during the counting of ballots, a counting judge shall
212	apply the standards and requirements of:
213	(i) to the extent applicable, Section 20A-4-105; and
214	(ii) as applicable, for an [instant runoff voting race] alternate voting method race
215	under Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project[7]:
216	(A) Subsections [20A-4-603(3) through (5).] 20A-4-603(4) through (6), for a race
217	conducted using instant runoff voting; or
218	(B) Subsection 20A-4-605(2), for a race conducted using approval voting.
219	(2)(a) First, the election judges shall count the number of ballots in the ballot box.
220	(b)(i) If there are more ballots in the ballot box than there are names entered in the
221	pollbook, the judges shall examine the official endorsements on the ballots.
222	(ii) If, in the unanimous opinion of the judges, any of the ballots do not bear the
223	proper official endorsement, the judges shall put those ballots in an excess ballot
224	file and not count them.
225	(c)(i) If, after examining the official endorsements, there are still more ballots in the
226	ballot box than there are names entered in the pollbook, the judges shall place the
227	remaining ballots back in the ballot box.
228	(ii) One of the judges, without looking, shall draw a number of ballots equal to the
229	excess from the ballot box.
230	(iii) The judges shall put those excess ballots into the excess ballot envelope and not
231	count them.
232	(d) When the ballots in the ballot box equal the number of names entered in the

233	pollbook, the judges shall count the votes.
234	(3) The judges shall:
235	(a) place all unused ballots in the envelope or container provided for return to the county
236	clerk or city recorder; and
237	(b) seal that envelope or container.
238	(4) The judges shall:
239	(a) place all of the provisional ballot envelopes in the envelope provided for them for
240	return to the election officer; and
241	(b) seal that envelope or container.
242	(5)(a) In counting the votes, the election judges shall read and count each ballot
243	separately.
244	(b) In regular primary elections the judges shall:
245	(i) count the number of ballots cast for each party;
246	(ii) place the ballots cast for each party in separate piles; and
247	(iii) count all the ballots for one party before beginning to count the ballots cast for
248	other parties.
249	(6)(a) In all elections, the counting judges shall, except as provided in Part 6, Municipal
250	Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project, or a rule made under Subsection
251	20A-4-101(2)(f)(i):
252	(i) count one vote for each candidate designated by the marks in the squares next to
253	the candidate's name;
254	(ii) count each vote for each write-in candidate who has qualified by filing a
255	declaration of candidacy under Section 20A-9-601;
256	(iii) read every name marked on the ballot and mark every name upon the tally sheets
257	before another ballot is counted;
258	(iv) evaluate each ballot and each vote based on the standards and requirements of
259	Section 20A-4-105;
260	(v) write the word "spoiled" on the back of each ballot that lacks the official
261	endorsement and deposit it in the spoiled ballot envelope; and
262	(vi) read, count, and record upon the tally sheets the votes that each candidate and
263	ballot proposition received from all ballots, except excess or spoiled ballots.
264	(b) Election judges need not tally write-in votes for fictitious persons, nonpersons, or
265	persons clearly not eligible to qualify for office.
266	(c) The judges shall certify to the accuracy and completeness of the tally list in the space

267	provided on the tally list.
268	(d) When the judges have counted all of the voted ballots, they shall record the results
269	on the total votes cast form.
270	(7)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(b), only an election judge and a watcher may
271	be present at the place where counting is conducted until the count is completed.
272	(b)(i) An auditor conducting an audit described in Section 36-12-15.2 may be present
273	at the place where counting is conducted, regardless of whether the count is
274	completed.
275	(ii) The lieutenant governor may be present at the place where counting is conducted,
276	regardless of whether the count is completed.
277	Section 5. Section 20A-4-304 is amended to read:
278	20A-4-304 . Declaration of results Canvassers' report.
279	(1)(a) Except as provided in Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project, a
280	board of canvassers shall declare "elected" or "nominated" those persons who:
281	(i) had the highest number of votes; and
282	(ii) sought election or nomination to an office completely within the board's
283	jurisdiction.
284	(b) Except as provided in Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project, a
285	board of canvassers shall declare a "tie vote" if:
286	(i) two or more candidates for an office receive an equal and the highest number of
287	votes for that office; or
288	(ii) in a race for an at-large office:
289	(A) two or more candidates receive an equal number of votes; and
290	(B) a recount is necessary to determine which candidates are elected to the at-large
291	office.
292	(c) A board of canvassers shall declare:
293	(i) "approved" those ballot propositions that:
294	(A) had more "yes" votes than "no" votes; and
295	(B) were submitted only to the voters within the board's jurisdiction; or
296	(ii) "rejected" those ballot propositions that:
297	(A) had more "no" votes than "yes" votes or an equal number of "no" votes and
298	"yes" votes; and
299	(B) were submitted only to the voters within the board's jurisdiction.
300	(d) A board of canvassers shall:

301	(i) certify the vote totals for persons and for and against ballot propositions that were
302	submitted to voters within and beyond the board's jurisdiction and transmit those
303	vote totals to the lieutenant governor; and
304	(ii) if applicable, certify the results of each special district election to the special
305	district clerk.
306	(2) The election officer shall submit a report to the board of canvassers that includes the
307	following information:
308	(a) the total number of votes cast in the board's jurisdiction;
309	(b) the names of each candidate whose name appeared on the ballot;
310	(c) the title of each ballot proposition that appeared on the ballot;
311	(d) each office that appeared on the ballot;
312	(e) from each voting precinct:
313	(i) the number of votes for each candidate;
314	(ii) for each race conducted by [instant runoff voting] an alternate voting method
315	under Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project[,] :
316	(A) for an instant runoff voting race, the number of valid votes cast for each
317	candidate for each potential ballot-counting phase and the name of the
318	candidate excluded in each ballot-counting phase; [and] or
319	(B) for an approval voting race, the number of valid approvals cast for each
320	candidate; and
321	(iii) the number of votes for and against each ballot proposition;
322	(f) the total number of votes given in the board's jurisdiction to each candidate, and for
323	and against each ballot proposition;
324	(g) standardized statistics, on a form provided by the lieutenant governor, disclosing:
325	(i) the number of ballots counted;
326	(ii) provisional ballots; and
327	(iii) the number of ballots rejected;
328	(h) a final ballot reconciliation report;
329	(i) other information required by law to be provided to the board of canvassers; and
330	(j) a statement certifying that the information contained in the report is accurate.
331	(3) The election officer and the board of canvassers shall:
332	(a) review the report to ensure that the report is correct; and
333	(b) sign the report.
334	(4) The election officer shall:

335	(a) record or file the certified report in a book kept for that purpose;
336	(b) prepare and transmit a certificate of nomination or election under the officer's seal to
337	each nominated or elected candidate;
338	(c) publish a copy of the certified report in accordance with Subsection (5); and
339	(d) file a copy of the certified report with the lieutenant governor.
340	(5) Except as provided in Subsection (6), the election officer shall, no later than seven days
341	after the day on which the board of canvassers declares the election results, publicize the
342	certified report described in Subsection (2) for the jurisdiction, as a class A notice under
343	Section 63G-30-102, for at least seven days.
344	(6) Instead of including a copy of the entire certified report, a notice required under
345	Subsection (5) may contain a statement that:
346	(a) includes the following: "The Board of Canvassers for [indicate name of jurisdiction]
347	has prepared a report of the election results for the [indicate type and date of
348	election]."; and
349	(b) specifies the following sources where an individual may view or obtain a copy of the
350	entire certified report:
351	(i) if the jurisdiction has a website, the jurisdiction's website;
352	(ii) the physical address for the jurisdiction; and
353	(iii) a mailing address and telephone number.
354	(7) When there has been a regular general or a statewide special election for statewide
355	officers, for officers that appear on the ballot in more than one county, or for a statewide
356	or two or more county ballot proposition, each board of canvassers shall:
357	(a) prepare a separate report detailing the number of votes for each candidate and the
358	number of votes for and against each ballot proposition; and
359	(b) transmit the separate report by registered mail to the lieutenant governor.
360	(8) In each county election, municipal election, school election, special district election, and
361	local special election, the election officer shall transmit the reports to the lieutenant
362	governor within 14 days after the date of the election.
363	(9) In a regular primary election and in a presidential primary election, the board shall
364	transmit to the lieutenant governor:
365	(a) the county totals for multi-county races, to be telephoned or faxed to the lieutenant
366	governor not later than the second Tuesday after the election; and
367	(b) a complete tabulation showing voting totals for all primary races, precinct by
368	precinct, to be mailed to the lieutenant governor on or before the third Friday

369	following the primary election.
370	Section 6. Section 20A-4-401 is amended to read:
371	20A-4-401 . Recounts Procedure.
372	(1) This section does not apply to [a race conducted by instant runoff voting] an alternative
373	voting method race conducted under Chapter 4, Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting
374	Methods Pilot Project.
375	(2) The election officer shall conduct a recount of votes cast in a race if:
376	(a) two or more candidates for an office receive an equal and the highest number of
377	votes for that office; or
378	(b) in a race for an at-large office, two or more candidates receive an equal number of
379	votes and at least one of the candidates must be eliminated to determine which
380	candidates are elected.
381	(3)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (2) or (3)(b), for a race between candidates, if
382	the difference between the number of votes cast for a winning candidate in the race
383	and a losing candidate in the race is equal to or less than .25% of the total number of
384	votes cast for all candidates in the race, the losing candidate may file a request for a
385	recount in accordance with Subsection (4).
386	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (2), for a race between candidates where the total
387	of all votes cast in the race is 400 or less, if the difference between the number of
388	votes cast for a winning candidate in the race and a losing candidate in the race is one
389	vote, the losing candidate may file a request for a recount in accordance with
390	Subsection (4).
391	(4) A losing candidate who files a request for a recount under Subsection (3)(a) or (b) shall
392	file the request:
393	(a) for a municipal primary election, with the municipal clerk, before 5 p.m., no later
394	than three days after the day on which the canvass is completed; or
395	(b) for all other elections, before 5 p.m., no later than seven days after the day on which
396	the canvass is completed, with:
397	(i) the municipal clerk, if the election is a municipal general election;
398	(ii) the special district clerk, if the election is a special district election;
399	(iii) the county clerk, for a race voted on entirely within a single county; or
400	(iv) the lieutenant governor, for a statewide race or multi-county race.
401	(5)(a) The election officer shall conduct the recount:
402	(i) for a race described in Subsection (2), no later than 10 days after the day on which

403	the board of canvassers certifies the vote totals; or
404	(ii) for a race described in Subsection (3), no later than seven days after the day on
405	which the losing candidate requests the recount.
406	(b) In conducting the recount, the election officer shall:
407	(i) supervise the recount;
408	(ii) recount all ballots cast in the race;
409	(iii) reexamine all uncounted ballots to ensure compliance with Chapter 3a, Part 4,
410	Disposition of Ballots; and
411	(iv)(A) for a race between candidates for a single office, declare elected the
412	candidate who receives the highest number of votes on the recount;
413	(B) for a race for an at-large office, declare elected the candidate who receives the
414	highest number of votes on the recount, until all offices are filled by the
415	candidates who received the highest number of votes;
416	(C) for a race described in Subsection (5)(b)(iv)(A) in which two or more
417	candidates receive an equal and the highest number of votes, declare a tie vote;
418	or
419	(D) for a race described in Subsection $(5)(b)(iv)(B)$ in which two or more
420	candidates receive an equal number of votes, declare a tie vote if the selection
421	of the winning candidate by lot under Section 20A-1-304 is necessary to
422	determine which candidate is elected to the at-large office.
423	(6) The cost of a recount under Subsection (5) shall be paid by:
424	(a) for a statewide race or multi-county race, the state; or
425	(b) for all other races:
426	(i) the political subdivision that conducts the election; or
427	(ii) the political subdivision that enters into a contract or interlocal agreement under
428	Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, with a provider election officer
429	to conduct the election.
430	(7)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(b), for a ballot proposition or a bond
431	proposition, if the proposition passes or fails by a margin that is equal to or less than
432	.25% of the total votes cast for or against the proposition, any 10 voters who voted in
433	the election where the proposition was on the ballot may file a request for a recount
434	before 5 p.m. within seven days after the day of the canvass with the person
435	described in Subsection (8).
436	(b) For a ballot proposition or a bond proposition where the total of all votes cast for or

437	against the proposition is 400 or less, if the difference between the number of votes
438	cast for the proposition and the number of votes cast against the proposition is one
439	vote, any 10 voters who voted in the election where the proposition was on the ballot
440	may file a request for a recount before 5 p.m. within seven days after the day of the
441	canvass with the person described in Subsection (8).
442	(8) The 10 voters who file a request for a recount under Subsection (7)(a) or (b) shall file
443	the request with:
444	(a) the municipal clerk, if the election is a municipal election;
445	(b) the special district clerk, if the election is a special district election;
446	(c) the county clerk, for a proposition voted on entirely within a single county; or
447	(d) the lieutenant governor, for a statewide proposition or multi-county proposition.
448	(9)(a) In conducting the recount, the election officer shall:
449	(i) supervise the recount;
450	(ii) recount all ballots cast for the ballot proposition or bond proposition;
451	(iii) reexamine all uncounted ballots to ensure compliance with Chapter 3a, Part 4,
452	Disposition of Ballots; and
453	(iv) declare the ballot proposition or bond proposition to have "passed" or "failed"
454	based upon the results of the recount.
455	(b) Proponents and opponents of the ballot proposition or bond proposition may
456	designate representatives to witness the recount.
457	(10) The voters requesting a recount under Subsection (7)(a) or (b) shall pay the costs of the
458	recount.
459	(11)(a) Upon completing a recount described in Subsection (5) or (9), the election
460	officer shall immediately convene the board of canvassers.
461	(b) The board of canvassers shall:
462	(i) canvass the election returns for the race or proposition that was the subject of the
463	recount; and
464	(ii) with the assistance of the election officer, prepare and sign the report required by
465	Section 20A-4-304 or 20A-4-306.
466	(c) If the recount is for a statewide race, multi-county race, or a statewide proposition,
467	the board of county canvassers shall prepare and transmit a separate report to the
468	lieutenant governor as required by Subsection 20A-4-304(7).
469	(d) The canvassers' report prepared as provided in this Subsection (11) is the official
470	result of the race or proposition that is the subject of the recount.

471		Section 7. Section 20A-4-601 is amended to read:
472		20A-4-601 . Definitions.
473		As used in this part:
474	(1)	"Candidate amplifier" means the product of:
475		(a) two less than the total number of candidates in a given ballot-counting phase of a
476		multi-candidate race; and
477		(b) .02%.
478	(2)	"First preference ranking" means the candidate selected as the candidate most preferred
479		by a voter, as indicated by:
480		(a) the number one; or
481		(b) if the voter does not assign the number one to any candidate, the number two.
482	(3)	"Multi-candidate race" means a nonpartisan municipal race where:
483		(a) for the election of at-large officers, the number of candidates who qualify for the race
484		exceeds the total number of seats to be filled; or
485		(b) for the election of an officer other than an at-large officer, more than two candidates
486		qualify to run for one office.
487	(4)	"Participating municipality" means a municipality that is participating in the pilot
488		project, in accordance with Subsection 20A-4-602(3).
489	(5)	"Pilot project" means the Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project created in
490		Section 20A-4-602.
491	(6)	"Recount threshold" means the sum of the candidate amplifier and the following:
492		(a) for a ballot-counting phase in which fewer than 100 valid rankings are counted,
493		0.21%;
494		(b) for a ballot-counting phase in which at least 100, but fewer than 500, valid rankings
495		are counted, 0.19%;
496		(c) for a ballot-counting phase in which at least 500, but fewer than 1,000, valid rankings
497		are counted, 0.17%;
498		(d) for a ballot-counting phase in which at least 1,000, but fewer than 5,000, valid
499		rankings are counted, 0.15%;
500		(e) for a ballot-counting phase in which at least 5,000, but fewer than 10,000, valid
501		rankings are counted, 0.13%; and
502		(f) for a ballot-counting phase in which 10,000 or more valid rankings are counted,
503		0.11%.
504	(7)	"Valid" means that the ballot is marked in a manner that permits the ranking to be

505	counted during the applicable ballot-counting phase.
506	(8) <u>"Voting method" means:</u>
507	(a) the instant runoff voting method described in Sections 20A-4-603 and 20A-4-604; or
508	(b) the approval voting method described in Section 20A-4-605.
509	Section 8. Section 20A-4-602 is amended to read:
510	20A-4-602 . Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project Creation
511	Participation.
512	(1) There is created the Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project.
512	 (1) There is created the final equation of the final equa
514	(3)(a) A municipality may participate in the pilot project, in accordance with the
515	requirements of this section and all other applicable provisions of law, during any
516	odd-numbered year that the pilot project is in effect, if, before May 1 of the
517	odd-numbered year, the legislative body of the municipality:
518	(i) votes to participate; and
519	(ii) provides written notice to the lieutenant governor and the county clerk:
520	(ii) provides written house to the neutenant governor and the county clerk. (A) stating that the municipality intends to participate in the pilot project for the
520 521	year specified in the notice[-] : and
522	(B) specifying the voting method that the municipality will use to conduct the
523	election.
524	(b) The legislative body of a municipality that provides the notice of intent described in
525	Subsection (3)(a) may:
526	(i) withdraw the notice of intent, and not participate in the pilot project, if the
520 527	legislative body of the municipality provides written notice of withdrawal to the
528	lieutenant governor and the county clerk before May 1[-] ; or
528 529	(ii) change the voting method specified under Subsection (3)(a)(ii)(B) to another
530	voting method, if the municipality provides written notice of the change to the
531	lieutenant governor and the county clerk before May 1.
532	(4) The lieutenant governor shall maintain, in a prominent place on the lieutenant
533	governor's website, a current list of the municipalities that are participating in the pilot
534	project.
535	(5)(a) An election officer of a participating municipality shall, in accordance with the
536	provisions of this part, conduct a multi-candidate race during the municipal general
537	election using [instant runoff voting] the voting method most recently specified in the
538	municipality's notice under Subsection (3).

539	(b) Except as provided in Subsection [20A-4-603(9)] 20A-4-603(10) or 20A-4-605(6), an
540	election officer of a participating municipality that will conduct a multi-candidate
541	race under Subsection (5)(a) may not conduct a municipal primary election relating
542	to that race.
543	(c) A municipality that has in effect an ordinance described in Subsection 20A-9-404(3)
544	or (4) may not participate in the pilot project.
545	(6) Except for an election described in Subsection $[20A-4-603(9)]$ 20A-4-603(10) or
546	20A-4-605(6), an individual who files a declaration of candidacy or a nomination
547	petition, for a candidate who will run in an election described in this part, shall file the
548	declaration of candidacy or nomination petition during the office hours described in
549	Section 10-3-301 and not later than the close of those office hours, no sooner than the
550	second Tuesday in August and no later than the third Tuesday in August of an
551	odd-numbered year.
552	Section 9. Section 20A-4-603 is amended to read:
553	20A-4-603 . Instant runoff voting method.
554	(1) This section applies to a participating municipality that, under Subsection 20A-4-602(3),
555	specifies the instant runoff voting method as the voting method the municipality will use
556	to conduct the election.
557	(2) In a multi-candidate race, the election officer [for a participating municipality]shall:
558	(a)(i) conduct the first ballot-counting phase by counting the valid first preference
559	rankings for each candidate; and
560	(ii) if one of the candidates receives more than 50% of the valid first preference
561	rankings counted, declare that candidate elected;
562	(b) if, after counting the valid first preference rankings for each candidate, no candidate
563	receives more than 50% of the valid first preference rankings counted, conduct the
564	second ballot-counting phase by:
565	(i) excluding from the multi-candidate race:
566	(A) the candidate who received the fewest valid first preference rankings counted;
567	or
568	(B) in the event of a tie for the fewest valid first preference rankings counted, one
569	of the tied candidates, determined by the election officer by lot, in accordance
570	with Subsection $[(6)]$ (7);
571	(ii) adding, to the valid first preference rankings counted for the remaining
572	candidates, the next valid preference rankings cast for the remaining candidates by

573	the voters who cast a valid first preference ranking for the excluded candidate; and
574	(iii) if, after adding the rankings in accordance with Subsection [(1)(b)(ii)] (2)(b)(ii),
575	one candidate receives more than 50% of the valid rankings counted, declaring
576	that candidate elected; and
577	(c) if, after adding the next valid preference rankings in accordance with Subsection [
578	(1)(b)(ii)] (2)(b)(ii), no candidate receives more than 50% of the valid rankings
579	counted, conduct subsequent ballot-counting phases by continuing the process
580	described in Subsection [(1)(b)] (2)(b) until a candidate receives more than 50% of
581	the valid rankings counted, as follows:
582	(i) excluding from consideration the candidate who has the fewest valid rankings
583	counted or, in the event of a tie for the fewest valid rankings counted, excluding
584	one of the tied candidates, by lot, in accordance with Subsection [(6)] (7) ; and
585	(ii) adding the next valid preference ranking cast by each voter whose ranking was
586	counted for the last excluded candidate to one of the remaining candidates, in the
587	order of the next preference indicated by the voter.
588	[(2)] (3) The election officer shall declare elected the first candidate who receives more than
589	50% of the valid rankings counted under the process described in Subsection [(1)] (2).
590	[(3)] (4) A ranking is valid for a particular ballot-counting phase of a multi-candidate race if:
591	(a) the voter indicates the voter's preference for that ballot-counting phase and all
592	previous ballot-counting phases; or
593	(b) in the event that the voter skips a number in filling out the rankings on a ballot:
594	(i) the voter clearly indicates an order of preference for the candidates;
595	(ii) the voter does not skip two or more consecutive numbers at any point before the
596	preference ranking that would otherwise be counted for the current ballot-counting
597	phase;
598	(iii) the candidate next preferred by the voter is clearly indicated by a subsequent
599	number that most closely follows the number assigned by the voter for the
600	previously-ranked candidate; and
601	(iv) the voter did not give the same rank to more than one candidate for the
602	applicable ballot-counting phase or a previous ballot-counting phase.
603	[(4)] (5) A ranking is not valid for a particular ballot-counting phase of a multi-candidate
604	race, and for all subsequent ballot-counting phases, if:
605	(a) the voter indicates the same rank for more than one candidate for that ballot-counting
606	phase; or

607	(b) the voter skips two or more consecutive numbers before ranking another candidate.
608	[(5)] (6) If, for a ballot-counting phase, a voter ranks a candidate who has withdrawn from
609	the race, the next-ranked candidate who has not withdrawn from the race will be counted
610	for that ballot-counting phase.
611	[(6)] (7) For each ballot-counting phase after the first phase, if two or more candidates tie as
612	having received the fewest valid rankings counted at that point in the ballot count, the
613	election officer shall eliminate one of those candidates from consideration, by lot, in the
614	following manner:
615	(a) determine the names of the candidates who tie as having received the fewest valid
616	rankings for that ballot-counting phase;
617	(b) cast the lot in the presence of at least two election officials and any counting poll
618	watchers who are present and desire to witness the casting of the lot; and
619	(c) sign a public document that:
620	(i) certifies the method used for casting the lot and the result of the lot; and
621	(ii) includes the name of each individual who witnessed the casting of the lot.
622	[(7)] (8) In a multi-candidate race for an at-large office, where the number of candidates
623	who qualify for the race exceeds the total number of at-large seats to be filled for the
624	office, the election officer shall count the rankings by:
625	(a) except as provided in Subsection [(8)] (9), counting rankings in the same manner as
626	described in Subsections [(1) through (6)] (2) through (7), until a candidate is declared
627	elected;
628	(b) repeating the process described in Subsection $\left[\frac{7}{a}\right]$ (8)(a) for all candidates that are
629	not declared elected until another candidate is declared elected; and
630	(c) continuing the process described in Subsection $[(7)(b)]$ (8)(b) until all at-large seats in
631	the race are filled.
632	[(8)] (9) After a candidate is declared elected under Subsection $[(7)]$ (8), the election officer
633	shall, in repeating the process described in Subsections [(1) through (6)] (2) through (7)
634	to declare the next candidate elected, add to the ranking totals the next valid preference
635	vote of each voter whose ranking was counted for a candidate already declared elected.
636	[(9)] (10) An election officer for a participating municipality may choose to conduct a
637	primary election by using instant runoff voting in the manner described in Subsections [
638	(1) through (6)] (2) through (7), except that:
639	(a) instead of determining whether a candidate receives more than 50% of the valid
640	preference rankings for a particular ballot-counting phase, the election officer shall

641	proceed to a subsequent ballot-counting stage, and exclude the candidate who
642	receives the fewest valid preference rankings in that phase, until twice the number of
643	seats to be filled in the race remain; and
644	(b) after complying with Subsection $[(9)(a)]$ (10)(a), the election officer shall declare the
645	remaining candidates nominated to participate in the municipal general election.
646	[(10)] (11) After completing all ballot-counting phases in a multi-candidate race, the
647	election officer shall order a full recount of the ballots cast for that race if, in one or
648	more of the ballot-counting phases:
649	(a) the difference between the number of rankings counted for a candidate who is
650	declared elected and the number of rankings counted for any other candidate in the
651	same ballot-counting phase is equal to or less than the product of the following,
652	rounded up to the nearest whole number:
653	(i) the total number of voters who cast a valid ranking counted in that ballot-counting
654	phase; and
655	(ii) the recount threshold; or
656	(b) the difference between the number of rankings counted for the candidate who
657	received the fewest valid rankings in a ballot-counting phase and the number of
658	rankings counted for any other candidate in the same ballot-counting phase is equal
659	to or less than the product of the following, rounded up to the nearest whole number:
660	(i) the total number of voters who cast a valid ranking counted in that ballot-counting
661	phase; and
662	(ii) the recount threshold.
663	[(11)] (12) A recount described in Subsection $[(10)]$ (11):
664	(a) requires rescanning and tabulating all valid ballots; and
665	(b) provides for only one recount.
666	[(12)] (13) Notwithstanding Section 20A-4-301, a board of municipal canvassers may
667	extend the canvass deadline by up to seven additional days, if necessary, to conduct a
668	recount required under Subsection [(10)] (11).
669	Section 10. Section 20A-4-605 is enacted to read:
670	20A-4-605 . Approval voting method.
671	(1) This section applies to a participating municipality that, under Subsection 20A-4-602(3),
672	specifies the approval voting method as the voting method that the municipality will use
673	to conduct the election.
674	(2) In a multi-candidate race, the election officer shall:

675	(a) for each candidate, calculate the number of valid ballots on which the candidate is
676	marked as approved; and
677	(b) subject to Subsection (3), declare elected the candidate who receives the highest
678	number of approvals.
679	(3) The election officer shall order a recount of the valid ballots if the difference between
680	the candidate who receives the highest number of approvals and any other candidate in
681	the race is equal to or less than .25% of the total number of valid ballots.
682	(4) If, after complying with Subsection (3), two or more candidates tie with the highest
683	number of approvals, the election officer shall:
684	(a) break the tie by lot, cast or drawn in the presence of at least two election officials and
685	any counting poll watchers who are present and desire to witness the casting or
686	drawing of the lot; and
687	(b) sign a public document that:
688	(i) certifies the method used for casting or drawing the lot and the result of the lot; and
689	(ii) includes the name of each individual who witnessed the casting or drawing of the
690	<u>lot.</u>
691	(5) In a multi-candidate race for an at-large office, the election officer shall:
692	(a) for each candidate, calculate the number of valid ballots on which the candidate is
693	marked as approved;
694	(b) subject to Subsection (5)(c), declare elected the number of candidates, equal to the
695	number of positions to be filled, who receive the highest number of approvals;
696	(c) order a recount of the valid ballots if the difference between the number of approvals
697	received by the candidate to be declared elected with the fewest number of approvals
698	and any candidate with fewer approvals is equal to or less than .25% of the total
699	number of valid ballots; and
700	(d) break a tie, if necessary, in accordance with Subsection (4).
701	(6) An election officer for a participating municipality may choose to conduct a primary
702	election by using the approval voting method described in Subsections (1) through (4),
703	except that, after complying with Subsections (3) and (4), if applicable, the election
704	officer shall declare the top two candidates nominated to participate in the general
705	election.
706	Section 11. Section 20A-6-203.5 is amended to read:
707	20A-6-203.5 . Alternate voting ballot.
708	If, in an election, at least one of the races is conducted by [instant runoff voting under

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709	Title 20A, Chapter 4, Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project] an alternate
710	voting method under Chapter 4, Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project, the
711	portion of the ballot relating to that race shall:
712	(1) for a race conducted using the instant runoff voting method described in Sections
713	20A-4-603 and 20A-4-604:
714	[(1)] (a) list each candidate who qualifies to be placed on the election ballot for that race;
715	[(2)] (b) opposite each candidate's name, include a place where a voter can indicate the
716	voter's vote in order of preference for each candidate, as described in [Title 20A,
717	Chapter 4, Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project] Chapter 4, Part 6,
718	Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project; and
719	[(3)] (c) provide the ability for a voter to enter a write-in candidate's name and indicate
720	the voter's ordered preference for the write-in candidate[-] ; or
721	(2) for a race conducted using the approval voting method described in Section 20A-4-605:
722	(a) list each candidate who qualifies to be placed on the election ballot for that race;
723	(b) opposite each candidate's name, include a place where a voter can indicate the voter's
724	approval of each candidate, as described in Chapter 4, Part 6, Municipal Alternate
725	Voting Methods Pilot Project; and
726	(c) provide the ability for a voter to enter a write-in candidate's name and indicate the
727	voter's approval of the write-in candidate.
728	Section 12. Section 20A-6-402 is amended to read:
729	20A-6-402 . Ballots for municipal general elections.
730	(1) Except as otherwise required for a race conducted by [instant runoff voting under Title
731	20A, Chapter 4, Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project] an alternate
732	voting method under Chapter 4, Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot
733	Project, for a manual ballot at a municipal general election, an election officer shall
734	ensure that:
735	(a) the names of the two candidates who received the highest number of votes for mayor
736	in the municipal primary are placed upon the ballot;
737	(b) if no municipal primary election was held, the names of the candidates who filed
738	declarations of candidacy for municipal offices are placed upon the ballot;
739	(c) for other offices:
740	(i) twice the number of candidates as there are positions to be filled are certified as
741	eligible for election in the municipal general election from those candidates who
742	received the greater number of votes in the primary election; and

743	(ii) the names of those candidates are placed upon the municipal general election
744	ballot;
745	(d) the names of the candidates are placed on the ballot in the order specified under
746	Section 20A-6-305;
747	(e) in an election in which a voter is authorized to cast a write-in vote and where a
748	write-in candidate is qualified under Section 20A-9-601, a write-in area is placed
749	upon the ballot that contains, for each office in which there is a qualified write-in
750	candidate:
751	(i) a blank, horizontal line to enable a voter to submit a valid write-in candidate; and
752	(ii) a square or other conforming area that is adjacent to or opposite the blank
753	horizontal line to enable the voter to indicate the voter's vote;
754	(f) ballot propositions that have qualified for the ballot, including propositions submitted
755	to the voters by the municipality, municipal initiatives, and municipal referenda, are
756	listed on the ballot in accordance with Section 20A-6-107; and
757	(g) bond propositions that have qualified for the ballot are listed on the ballot under the
758	title assigned to each bond proposition under Section 11-14-206.
759	(2) Except as otherwise required for a race conducted by [instant runoff voting under Title
760	20A, Chapter 4, Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project] an alternate
761	voting method under Chapter 4, Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot
762	Project, when using a mechanical ballot at municipal general elections, each election
763	officer shall ensure that:
764	(a) the following endorsements are displayed on the first portion of the ballot:
765	(i) "Official Ballot for (City or Town), Utah";
766	(ii) the date of the election; and
767	(iii) a facsimile of the signature of the election officer and the election officer's title;
768	(b) immediately below the election officer's title, a distinct border or line separates the
769	endorsements from the rest of the ballot;
770	(c) immediately below the border or line, an "Instructions to Voters" section is displayed
771	that states: "To vote for a candidate, select the name(s) of the person(s) you favor as
772	the candidate(s) for each respective office." followed by another border or line;
773	(d) after the border or line, the designation of the office for which the candidates seek
774	election is displayed, and the words, "Vote for one" or "Vote for up to (the
775	number of candidates for which the voter may vote)" are displayed, followed by a
776	line or border;

- (e) after the line or border, the names of the candidates are displayed in the order
 specified under Section 20A-6-305 with surnames last and grouped according to the
 office that they seek;
- (f) a voting square or position is located adjacent to the name of each candidate;
- (g) following the name of the last candidate for each office in which a write-in candidate
 is qualified under Section 20A-9-601, the ballot contains a write-in space where the
 voter may enter the name of and vote for a valid write-in candidate for the office; and
- (h) the candidate groups are separated from each other by a line or border.
- (3) When a municipality has chosen to nominate candidates by convention or committee,
- the election officer shall ensure that the party name is included with the candidate's
- name on the ballot.
- 788 Section 13. Section **63I-2-220** is amended to read:
- 789 **63I-2-220** . Repeal dates: Title 20A.
- (1) Section 20A-7-103.1, Constitutional amendments proposed during specified timeframe
- Analysis -- Arguments -- Publication, is repealed July 1, 2025.
- 792 (2) Title 20A, Chapter 4, Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project, is
 793 repealed January 1, [2026] 2036.
- 794 Section 14. Effective Date.
- 795 This bill takes effect on January 1, 2026.