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Todd Weiler proposes the following substitute bill:

Court Fees and Administration Amendments

2025 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Todd Weiler

House Sponsor:
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill modifies provisions related to fees and various administrative procedures of the
Utah court system.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
• removes unused provisions;
 modifies language addressing bail to conform with recent statutory changes;
 provides that all civil document fees for justice courts and courts of record are provided at
no charge to the state, state agencies, and political subdivisions;
• increases the filing fee surcharge for cases filed using the online court assistance program;
• updates terminology; and
 provides that a request for a protective order does not have a filing fee surcharge under
the online court assistance program.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
17-22-27, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 297
76-3-301.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 260
76-3-301.7 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 214
77-2a-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 180

78A-2-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 366

78A-2-301.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 384

29 80	78A-2-501 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 246 78A-2-602 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 167
31 32	78A-7-122 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 230
33	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
34	Section 1. Section 17-22-27 is amended to read:
35	17-22-27 . Sheriff Assignment of court bailiffs Contract and costs.
36	(1) The sheriff shall assign law enforcement officers or special function officers, as defined
37	under Sections 53-13-103 and 53-13-105, to serve as court bailiffs and security officers
88	in the courts of record and county justice courts as required by the rules of the Judicial
39	Council.
10	(2)(a) The state court administrator shall enter into a contract with the county sheriff for
1	bailiffs and building security officers for the district and juvenile courts within the
12	county. The contract may not exceed amounts appropriated by the Legislature for
13	that purpose. The county shall assume costs related to security administration,
14	supervision, travel, equipment, and training of bailiffs.
15	(b) The contract shall specify the agreed services, costs of services, and terms of
 6	payment.
17	(c) If the court is located in the same facility as a state or local law enforcement agency
18	and the county sheriff's office is not in close proximity to the court, the state court
19	administrator in consultation with the sheriff may enter into a contract with the state
50	or local law enforcement agency for bailiff and security services subject to meeting
51	all other requirements of this section. If the services are provided by another agency
52	the county sheriff shall have no responsibility for the services under this section.
53	[(3)(a) At the request of the court, the sheriff may appoint as a law clerk bailiff
54	graduates of a law school accredited by the American Bar Association to provide
55	security and legal research assistance. Any law clerk who is also a bailiff shall meet
6	the requirements of Subsection (1) of this section.]
57	[(b) The sheriff may appoint a law clerk bailiff by contract for a period not to exceed
8	two years, who shall be exempt from the deputy sheriff merit service commission.]
9	Section 2. Section 76-3-301.5 is amended to read:
0	76-3-301.5 . Uniform fine schedule Judicial Council.
1	(1) The Judicial Council shall establish a uniform recommended fine schedule for each
52	offense under Subsection 76-3-301(1).

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- (a) The fine for each offense shall proportionally reflect the seriousness of the offense
 and other factors as determined in writing by the Judicial Council.
- (b) The schedule shall be reviewed annually by the Judicial Council.
- 66 (c) The fines shall be collected as part of a criminal accounts receivable, as defined in Section 77-32b-102, that is established under Section 77-32b-103.
- 68 (2) The schedule shall incorporate:
 - (a) criteria for determining aggravating and mitigating circumstances; and
- 70 (b) guidelines for enhancement or reduction of the fine, based on aggravating or mitigating circumstances.
- 72 (3) Presentence investigation reports shall include documentation of aggravating and 73 mitigating circumstances as determined under the criteria, and a recommended fine 74 under the schedule.
- 75 [(4) The Judicial Council shall also establish a separate uniform recommended fine 76 schedule for the juvenile court and by rule provide for its implementation.]
- 77 [(5)] (4) This section does not prohibit the court from in its discretion imposing no fine, or a fine in any amount up to and including the maximum fine, for the offense.
- 79 Section 3. Section **76-3-301.7** is amended to read:

76-3-301.7 . Compensatory service.

- 81 (1) As used in this section, "compensatory service" means service or unpaid work 82 performed by a person, in lieu of the payment of a criminal fine, for:
- 83 (a) a state or local government agency;

fine or bail amount.

- 84 (b) an entity that is approved as a nonprofit organization under Section 501(c) of the
 85 Internal Revenue Code; or
- 86 (c) any other entity or organization if prior approval is obtained from the court.
- 87 (2) When a defendant is sentenced to pay a fine for an infraction, class C or class B
 88 misdemeanor, the court shall consider allowing the defendant to complete compensatory
 89 service in lieu of the payment of the fine or account receivable, exclusive of any victim
 90 restitution imposed.
- 91 (3) A defendant who intends to [forfeit bail] voluntarily remit the fine or who is ordered to
 92 pay a fine by the court for an infraction, class C or class B misdemeanor, shall be
 93 informed by the court of the opportunity to perform compensatory service in lieu of the
- 95 (4) The court shall credit timely completed compensatory service reported in accordance 96 with Subsection (5) against the fine or bail amount at the rate of \$10 per hour and shall

97	allow the defendant a reasonable amount of time to complete the service.
98	(5)(a) The court shall provide the defendant with instructions that inform the
99	organization:
100	(i) about the requirements in Subsection (5)(b); and
101	(ii) that making a written false statement to the court about the defendant's
102	compensatory service is punishable as a class B misdemeanor pursuant to Section
103	76-8-504.
104	(b) The defendant shall report compensatory service hours to the court in a letter that:
105	(i) is on the organization's official letterhead and includes contact information for the
106	organization's representative;
107	(ii) specifies the number of hours for which the defendant provided service;
108	(iii) contains a brief description of what the service involved; and
109	(iv) is signed by an authorized representative of the organization; or
110	(v) is in a form otherwise acceptable to the court.
111	(6) The court may refuse to accept compensatory service:
112	(a) completed prior to the date of sentencing;
113	(b) that has been submitted to another court for credit; or
114	(c) completed at an agency or organization or is a type of service that is specifically
115	prohibited by the court.
116	Section 4. Section 77-2a-3 is amended to read:
117	77-2a-3 . Manner of entry of plea Powers of court Expungement.
118	(1)(a) Acceptance of any plea in anticipation of a plea in abeyance agreement shall be
119	done in full compliance with the Utah Rules of Criminal Procedure, Rule 11.
120	(b) In cases charging offenses for which [bail may be forfeited] a fine may be voluntarily
121	remitted under Section 77-7-21, a plea in abeyance agreement may be entered into
122	without a personal appearance before a magistrate.
123	(2) A plea in abeyance agreement may provide that the court may, upon finding that the
124	defendant has successfully completed the terms of the agreement:
125	(a) reduce the degree of the offense, enter a judgment of conviction for the lower degree
126	of the offense, and impose a sentence for the lower degree of the offense;
127	(b) allow withdrawal of the defendant's plea and order the dismissal of the case; or
128	(c) issue an order of expungement for all records of the offense if:
129	(i) the defendant successfully completes a problem solving court program that is
130	certified by the Judicial Council; and

131	(ii) the court allows the withdrawal of the defendant's plea and orders the dismissal of
132	the case.
133	(3)(a) Upon finding that a defendant has successfully completed the terms of a plea in
134	abeyance agreement and only as provided in the plea in abeyance agreement or as
135	agreed to by all parties, the court may:
136	(i) reduce the degree of the offense, enter a judgment of conviction for the lower
137	degree of the offense, and impose a sentence for the lower degree of the offense;
138	(ii) allow withdrawal of the defendant's plea and order the dismissal of the case; or
139	(iii) issue an order of expungement for all records of the offense if:
140	(A) the defendant successfully completes a problem solving court program that is
141	certified by the Judicial Council; and
142	(B) the court allows the withdrawal of the defendant's plea and orders the
143	dismissal of the case.
144	(b) Upon sentencing a defendant for any lesser offense in accordance with a plea in
145	abeyance agreement, the court may not invoke Section 76-3-402 to further reduce the
146	degree of the offense.
147	(4) The court may require the Department of Corrections to assist in the administration of
148	the plea in abeyance agreement as if the defendant were on probation to the court under
149	Section 77-18-105.
150	(5) The terms of a plea in abeyance agreement may include:
151	(a) an order that the defendant pay a nonrefundable plea in abeyance fee, with a
152	surcharge based on the amount of the plea in abeyance fee, both of which shall be
153	allocated in the same manner as if paid as a fine for a criminal conviction under
154	Section 78A-5-110 and a surcharge under Title 51, Chapter 9, Part 4, Criminal
155	Conviction Surcharge Allocation, and which may not exceed in amount the
156	maximum fine and surcharge which could have been imposed upon conviction and
157	sentencing for the same offense;
158	(b) an order that the defendant pay the costs of any remedial or rehabilitative program
159	required by the terms of the agreement; and
160	(c) an order that the defendant comply with any other conditions that could have been
161	imposed as conditions of probation upon conviction and sentencing for the same
162	offense.
163	(6)(a) The terms of a plea in abeyance shall include:
164	(i) a specific amount of restitution that the defendant will pay, as agreed to by the

165	defendant and the prosecuting attorney;
166	(ii) a certification from the prosecuting attorney that:
167	(A) the prosecuting attorney has consulted with all victims, including the Utah
168	Office for Victims of Crime; and
169	(B) all victims, including the Utah Office for Victims of Crime, are not seeking
170	restitution; or
171	(iii) an agreement between the parties that restitution will be determined by the court
172	at a subsequent hearing in accordance with Section 77-38b-205.
173	(b) At a subsequent hearing described in Subsection (6)(a)(iii), the court shall order the
174	defendant, as a modified term of the plea in abeyance, to pay restitution to all victims
175	for the entire amount of pecuniary damages that are proximately caused by the
176	criminal conduct of the defendant.
177	(c) The court shall collect, receive, process, and distribute payments for restitution to the
178	victim, unless otherwise provided by law or by the plea in abeyance agreement.
179	(d) If the defendant does not successfully complete the terms of the plea in abeyance, the
180	court shall enter an order for restitution, in accordance with Chapter 38b, Crime
181	Victims Restitution Act, upon entering a sentence for the defendant.
182	(7)(a) A court may not hold a plea in abeyance without the consent of both the
183	prosecuting attorney and the defendant.
184	(b) A decision by a prosecuting attorney not to agree to a plea in abeyance is final.
185	(8) No plea may be held in abeyance in any case involving:
186	(a) a sexual offense against an individual who is under 14 years old; or
187	(b) a driving under the influence violation under Section 41-6a-502, 41-6a-502.5,
188	41-6a-517, 41-6a-520, 41-6a-520.1, 41-6a-521.1, 76-5-102.1, or 76-5-207.
189	(9)(a) If the terms of a plea in abeyance agreement allow a court to issue an order of
190	expungement as described in Subsection (2)(c), the prosecuting attorney shall make a
191	reasonable effort to provide notice to any victim of the offense of the terms of the
192	plea in abeyance agreement.
193	(b) The notice under Subsection (9)(a) shall:
194	(i) state that the victim has a right to object to the expungement; and
195	(ii) provide instructions for registering an objection with the court.
196	(c) If there is a victim of the offense, the victim may file an objection with the court
197	before the court makes a finding as to whether the defendant successfully completed
198	the terms of the plea in abeyance agreement as described in Subsection (3)

199	(d) The defendant may respond, in writing, to any objection filed by the victim within 14
200	days after the day on which the objection is received by the court.
201	(10) If the court issues an order of expungement under Subsection (3)(a)(iii), the court shall:
202	(a) expunge all records of the case as described in Section 77-40a-401; and
203	(b) notify the Bureau of Criminal Identification of the order of expungement.
204	(11)(a) Upon receiving notice from the court of an expungement order as described in
205	Subsection (10), the Bureau of Criminal Identification shall notify any agency, as
206	defined in Section 77-40a-101, affected by the expungement order.
207	(b) For purposes of Subsection (11)(a), the Bureau of Criminal Identification may not
208	notify the Board of Pardons and Parole of an expungement order if the individual has
209	never been:
210	(i) sentenced to prison in this state; or
211	(ii) under the jurisdiction of the Board of Pardons and Parole.
212	(c) The Bureau of Criminal Identification shall forward a copy of the expungement order
213	to the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
214	(12) The defendant may deliver copies of the expungement to any agency, as defined in
215	Section 77-40a-101, affected by the order of expungement.
216	(13) If an agency receives an expungement order under this part, the agency shall expunge
217	all records for the case in accordance with Section 77-40a-401.
218	Section 5. Section 78A-2-301 is amended to read:
219	78A-2-301. Civil fees of the courts of record Courts complex design.
220	(1)(a) The fee for filing any civil complaint or petition invoking the jurisdiction of a
221	court of record not governed by another subsection is \$375.
222	(b) The fee for filing a complaint or petition is:
223	(i) \$90 if the claim for damages or amount in interpleader exclusive of court costs,
224	interest, and attorney fees is \$2,000 or less;
225	(ii) \$200 if the claim for damages or amount in interpleader exclusive of court costs,
226	interest, and attorney fees is greater than \$2,000 and less than \$10,000;
227	(iii) \$375 if the claim for damages or amount in interpleader is \$10,000 or more;
228	(iv) except as provided in Subsection (1)(b)(v), \$325 if the petition is filed for an
229	action described in Title 81, Chapter 4, Dissolution of Marriage;
230	(v) \$35 for a petition for temporary separation described in Section 81-4-104;
231	(vi) \$125 if the petition is for removal from the The Sex, Kidnap, and Child Abuse
232	Offender Registry under Section 77-41-112; and

233		(vii) \$35 if the petition is for guardianship and the prospective ward is the biological
234		or adoptive child of the petitioner.
235	(c)	The fee for filing a small claims affidavit is:
236		(i) \$60 if the claim for damages or amount in interpleader exclusive of court costs,
237		interest, and attorney fees is \$2,000 or less;
238		(ii) \$100 if the claim for damages or amount in interpleader exclusive of court costs,
239		interest, and attorney fees is greater than \$2,000, but less than \$7,500; and
240		(iii) \$185 if the claim for damages or amount in interpleader exclusive of court costs,
241		interest, and attorney fees is \$7,500 or more.
242	(d)	The fee for filing a counter claim, cross claim, complaint in intervention, third party
243		complaint, or other claim for relief against an existing or joined party other than the
244		original complaint or petition is:
245		(i) \$55 if the claim for relief exclusive of court costs, interest, and attorney fees is
246		\$2,000 or less;
247		(ii) \$165 if the claim for relief exclusive of court costs, interest, and attorney fees is
248		greater than \$2,000 and less than \$10,000;
249		(iii) \$170 if the original petition is filed under Subsection (1)(a), the claim for relief is
250		\$10,000 or more, or the party seeks relief other than monetary damages; and
251		(iv) \$130 if the original petition is filed for an action described in Title 81, Chapter 4,
252		Dissolution of Marriage.
253	(e)	The fee for filing a small claims counter affidavit is:
254		(i) \$50 if the claim for relief exclusive of court costs, interest, and attorney fees is
255		\$2,000 or less;
256		(ii) \$70 if the claim for relief exclusive of court costs, interest, and attorney fees is
257		greater than \$2,000, but less than \$7,500; and
258		(iii) \$120 if the claim for relief exclusive of court costs, interest, and attorney fees is
259		\$7,500 or more.
260	(f)	The fee for depositing funds under Section 57-1-29 when not associated with an
261		action already before the court is determined under Subsection (1)(b) based on the
262		amount deposited.
263	(g)	The fee for filing a petition is:
264		(i) \$240 for trial de novo of an adjudication of the justice court or of the small claims
265		department; and
266		(ii) \$80 for an appeal of a municipal administrative determination in accordance with

267	Section 10-3-703.7.
268	(h) The fee for filing a notice of appeal, petition for appeal of an interlocutory order, or
269	petition for writ of certiorari is \$240.
270	(i) The fee for filing a petition for expungement is \$150.
271	(j)(i) Fifteen dollars of the fees established by Subsections (1)(a) through (i) shall be
272	allocated to and between the Judges' Contributory Retirement Trust Fund and the
273	Judges' Noncontributory Retirement Trust Fund, as provided in Title 49, Chapter
274	17, Judges' Contributory Retirement Act, and Title 49, Chapter 18, Judges'
275	Noncontributory Retirement Act.
276	(ii) Four dollars of the fees established by Subsections (1)(a) through (i) shall be
277	allocated by the state treasurer to be deposited into the restricted account,
278	Children's Legal Defense Account, as provided in Section 51-9-408.
279	(iii) Five dollars of the fees established under Subsections (1)(a) through (e), (1)(g),
280	and (1)(s) shall be allocated to and deposited with the Dispute Resolution Account
281	as provided in Section 78B-6-209.
282	(iv) Thirty dollars of the fees established by Subsections (1)(a), (1)(b)(iii) and (iv),
283	(1)(d)(iii) and (iv), (1)(g)(ii), (1)(h), and (1)(i) shall be allocated by the state
284	treasurer to be deposited into the restricted account, Court Security Account, as
285	provided in Section 78A-2-602.
286	(v) Twenty dollars of the fees established by Subsections (1)(b)(i) and (ii), (1)(d)(ii)
287	and (1)(g)(i) shall be allocated by the state treasurer to be deposited into the
288	restricted account, Court Security Account, as provided in Section 78A-2-602.
289	(k) The fee for filing a judgment, order, or decree of a court of another state or of the
290	United States is \$35.
291	(l) The fee for filing a renewal of judgment in accordance with Section 78B-6-1801 is
292	50% of the fee for filing an original action seeking the same relief.
293	(m) The fee for filing probate or child custody documents from another state is \$35.
294	(n)(i) The fee for filing an abstract or transcript of judgment, order, or decree of the
295	State Tax Commission is \$30.
296	(ii) The fee for filing an abstract or transcript of judgment of a court of law of this
297	state or a judgment, order, or decree of an administrative agency, commission,
298	board, council, or hearing officer of this state or of its political subdivisions other
299	than the State Tax Commission, is \$50.

(o) The fee for filing a judgment by confession without action under Section 78B-5-205

301	is \$35.
302	(p) The fee for filing an award of arbitration for confirmation, modification, or vacation
303	under Title 78B, Chapter 11, Utah Uniform Arbitration Act, that is not part of an
304	action before the court is \$35.
305	(q) The fee for filing a petition or counter-petition to modify a domestic relations order
306	other than a protective order or stalking injunction is \$100.
307	(r) The fee for filing any accounting required by law is:
308	(i) \$15 for an estate valued at \$50,000 or less;
309	(ii) \$30 for an estate valued at \$75,000 or less but more than \$50,000;
310	(iii) \$50 for an estate valued at \$112,000 or less but more than \$75,000;
311	(iv) \$90 for an estate valued at \$168,000 or less but more than \$112,000; and
312	(v) \$175 for an estate valued at more than \$168,000.
313	(s) The fee for filing a demand for a civil jury is \$250.
314	(t) The fee for filing a notice of deposition in this state concerning an action pending in
315	another state under Utah Rules of Civil Procedure, Rule 30 is \$35.
316	(u) The fee for filing documents that require judicial approval but are not part of an
317	action before the court is \$35.
318	(v) The fee for a petition to open a sealed record is \$35.
319	(w) The fee for a writ of replevin, attachment, execution, or garnishment is \$50 in
320	addition to any fee for a complaint or petition.
321	(x)(i) The fee for a petition for authorization for a minor to marry required by Section
322	81-2-304 is \$5.
323	(ii) The fee for a petition for emancipation of a minor provided in Title 80, Chapter 7
324	Emancipation, is \$50.
325	(y) The fee for a certificate issued under Section 26B-8-128 is \$8.
326	(z) The fee for a certified copy of a document is \$4 per document plus 50 cents per page.
327	(aa) The fee for an exemplified copy of a document is \$6 per document plus 50 cents per
328	page.
329	(bb) The Judicial Council shall, by rule, establish a schedule of fees for copies of
330	documents and forms and for the search and retrieval of records under Title 63G,
331	Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act. Fees under
332	Subsection (1)(bb) and (cc) shall be credited to the court as a reimbursement of
333	expenditures.
334	(cc) The Judicial Council may, by rule, establish a reasonable fee to allow members of

335	the public to conduct a limited amount of searches on the Xchange database without
336	having to pay a monthly subscription fee.
337	(dd) There is no fee for services or the filing of documents not listed in this section or
338	otherwise provided by law.
339	(ee) Except as provided in this section, all fees collected under this section are paid to
340	the General Fund. Except as provided in this section, all fees shall be paid at the time
341	the clerk accepts the pleading for filing or performs the requested service.
342	(ff) The [filing-]fees under this section may not be charged to the state, the state's
343	agencies, or political subdivisions filing or defending any action. In judgments
344	awarded in favor of the state, its agencies, or political subdivisions, except the Office
345	of Recovery Services, the court shall order the filing fees and collection costs to be
346	paid by the judgment debtor. The sums collected under this Subsection (1)(ff) shall
347	be applied to the fees after credit to the judgment, order, fine, tax, lien, or other
348	penalty and costs permitted by law.
349	(2)(a)(i) From March 17, 1994, until June 30, 1998, the state court administrator shall
350	transfer all revenues representing the difference between the fees in effect after
351	May 2, 1994, and the fees in effect before February 1, 1994, as dedicated credits
352	to the Division of Facilities Construction and Management Capital Projects Fund.
353	(ii)(A) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(a)(ii)(B), the Division of Facilities
354	Construction and Management shall use up to \$3,750,000 of the revenue
355	deposited into the Capital Projects Fund under this Subsection (2)(a) to design
356	and take other actions necessary to initiate the development of a courts
357	complex in Salt Lake City.
358	(B) If the Legislature approves funding for construction of a courts complex in
359	Salt Lake City in the 1995 Annual General Session, the Division of Facilities
360	Construction and Management shall use the revenue deposited into the Capital
361	Projects Fund under this Subsection (2)(a)(ii) to construct a courts complex in
362	Salt Lake City.
363	(C) After the courts complex is completed and all bills connected with its
364	construction have been paid, the Division of Facilities Construction and
365	Management shall use any money remaining in the Capital Projects Fund under
366	this Subsection (2)(a)(ii) to fund the Vernal District Court building.
367	(iii) The Division of Facilities Construction and Management may enter into
368	agreements and make expenditures related to this project before the receipt of

369	revenues provided for under this Subsection (2)(a)(iii).
370	(iv) The Division of Facilities Construction and Management shall:
371	(A) make those expenditures from unexpended and unencumbered building funds
372	already appropriated to the Capital Projects Fund; and
373	(B) reimburse the Capital Projects Fund upon receipt of the revenues provided fo
374	under this Subsection (2).
375	(b) After June 30, 1998, the state court administrator shall ensure that all revenues
376	representing the difference between the fees in effect after May 2, 1994, and the fees
377	in effect before February 1, 1994, are transferred to the Division of Finance for
378	deposit in the restricted account.
379	(c) The Division of Finance shall deposit all revenues received from the state court
380	administrator into the restricted account created by this section.
381	(d)(i) From May 1, 1995, until June 30, 1998, the state court administrator shall
382	transfer \$7 of the amount of a fine or bail forfeiture paid for a violation of Title
383	41, Motor Vehicles, in a court of record to the Division of Facilities Construction
384	and Management Capital Projects Fund. The division of money pursuant to
385	Section 78A-5-110 shall be calculated on the balance of the fine or bail forfeiture
386	paid.
387	(ii) After June 30, 1998, the state court administrator or a municipality shall transfer
388	\$7 of the amount of a fine or bail forfeiture paid for a violation of Title 41, Motor
389	Vehicles, in a court of record to the Division of Finance for deposit in the
390	restricted account created by this section. The division of money pursuant to
391	Section 78A-5-110 shall be calculated on the balance of the fine or bail forfeiture
392	paid.
393	(3)(a) There is created within the General Fund a restricted account known as the State
394	Courts Complex Account.
395	(b) The Legislature may appropriate money from the restricted account to the state court
396	administrator for the following purposes only:
397	(i) to repay costs associated with the construction of the court complex that were
398	funded from sources other than revenues provided for under this Subsection
399	(3)(b)(i); and
100	(ii) to cover operations and maintenance costs on the court complex.
401	Section 6. Section 78A-2-301.5 is amended to read:
102	78A-2-301.5. Civil fees for justice courts.

- 403 (1) The fee for filing a small claims affidavit is:
- 404 (a) \$60 if the claim for damages or amount in interpleader exclusive of justice court 405 costs, interest, and attorney fees is \$2,000 or less;
- 406 (b) \$100 if the claim for damages or amount in interpleader exclusive of justice court 407 costs, interest, and attorney fees is greater than \$2,000, but less than \$7,500; and
- 408 (c) \$185 if the claim for damages or amount in interpleader exclusive of justice court 409 costs, interest, and attorney fees is \$7,500 or more.
- 410 (2) The fee for filing a small claims counter affidavit is:
- 411 (a) \$50 if the claim for relief exclusive of justice court costs, interest, and attorney fees 412 is \$2,000 or less;
- 413 (b) \$70 if the claim for relief exclusive of justice court costs, interest, and attorney fees 414 is greater than \$2,000, but less than \$7,500; and
- 415 (c) \$120 if the claim for relief exclusive of justice court costs, interest, and attorney fees 416 is \$7,500 or more.
- (3) The fee for filing a petition for expungement is \$135. 417
- 418 (4) The fee for a petition to open a sealed record is \$35.
- 419 (5) The fee for a writ of replevin, attachment, execution, or garnishment is \$50 in addition 420 to any fee for a complaint or petition.
- 421 (6) The fee for filing a notice of appeal to a court of record is \$10. This fee covers all 422 services of the justice court on appeal but does not satisfy the trial de novo filing fee in 423 the court of record.
- 424 (7) The fee for a certified copy of a document is \$4 per document plus 50 cents per page.
- 425 (8) The fee for an exemplified copy of a document is \$6 per document plus 50 cents per 426 page.
- 427 (9) The fee schedule adopted by the Judicial Council for copies of documents and forms 428 and for the search and retrieval of records under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government
- 429 Records Access and Management Act, shall apply.
- 430 (10) There is no fee for services or the filing of documents not listed in this section or 431 otherwise provided by law.
- 432 (11) The [filing-] fees under this section may not be charged to the state, its agencies, or
- 433 political subdivisions filing or defending any action. In judgments awarded in favor of 434 the state, its agencies, or political subdivisions, except the Office of Recovery Services,
- 435 the court shall order the filing fees and collection costs to be paid by the judgment
- 436 debtor. The sums collected under this Subsection (11) shall be applied to the fees after

437	credit to the judgment, order, fine, tax, lien, or other penalty and costs permitted by law.
438	Section 7. Section 78A-2-501 is amended to read:
439	78A-2-501 . Definitions Online Court Assistance Program Purpose of
440	program Online Court Assistance Account User's fee Use of fund.
441	(1) As used in this part:
442	(a) "Account" means the Online Court Assistance Account created in this section.
443	(b) "Program" means the Online Court Assistance Program created in this section.
444	(2) There is created the "Online Court Assistance Program" administered by the
445	Administrative Office of the Courts to provide the public with information about civil
446	procedures and to assist the public in preparing and filing civil pleadings and other
447	papers in:
448	(a) uncontested divorces;
449	(b) enforcement of orders in the divorce decree;
450	(c) landlord and tenant actions;
451	(d) guardianship actions; and
452	(e) other types of proceedings approved by the board.
453	(3) The purpose of the program shall be to:
454	(a) minimize the costs of civil litigation;
455	(b) improve access to the courts; and
456	(c) provide for informed use of the courts and the law by pro se litigants.
457	(4)(a) An additional [\$20] \$60 shall be added to the filing fee established by Sections
458	78A-2-301 and 78A-2-301.5 if a person files a complaint, petition, [answer, or
459	response] counterclaim, or counterpetition prepared through the program. There shall
460	be no fee for using the program or for papers filed subsequent to the initial pleading
461	or for preparing a request for a protective order.
462	(b) There is created within the General Fund a restricted account known as the Online
463	Court Assistance Account.
464	(5) [-]The fees collected under [this-]Subsection (4) shall be deposited in the restricted
465	account and appropriated by the Legislature to the Administrative Office of the Courts
466	to develop, operate, and maintain the program and to support the use of the program
467	through education of the public.
468	[(5)] (6) The Administrative Office of the Courts shall provide on the front page of the
469	program website a listing of all forms and proceedings available to all pro se litigants
470	within the program.

471 Section 8. Section **78A-2-602** is amended to read: 472 78A-2-602 . Court Security Account -- Creation -- Funding -- Uses. 473 (1) There is created a restricted account in the General Fund known as the "Court Security 474 Account." 475 (2) The state treasurer shall deposit in the Court Security Account money from: 476 (a) the surcharge established in Section 78A-2-601; 477 (b) the portions of filing fees allocated under Subsections 78A-2-301(1)(j)(iv) and (v); 478 and 479 (c) the portions of a surcharge allocated under Subsections 78A-7-122(3) and (4)(b)(ii). 480 (3) The Court Security Account consists of money: 481 (a) deposited by the state treasurer under Subsection (2); and 482 (b) appropriated by the Legislature. 483 (4) Subject to appropriation, the Administrative Office of the Courts shall use the allocation 484 to contract for court security at all [district and juvenile] courts of record throughout the 485 state. 486 Section 9. Section **78A-7-122** is amended to read: 487 78A-7-122. Security surcharge -- Application -- Deposit in restricted accounts. 488 (1) In addition to any fine, penalty, forfeiture, or other surcharge, a security surcharge of 489 \$60 shall be assessed on all convictions for offenses listed in the uniform [bail] fine 490 schedule adopted by the Judicial Council and moving traffic violations. 491 (2) The security surcharge shall be collected and distributed pro rata with any fine 492 collected. A fine that would otherwise have been charged may not be reduced due to the 493 imposition of the security surcharge. 494 (3) Twenty-eight dollars of the security surcharge shall be remitted to the state treasurer and 495 distributed to the Court Security Account created in Section 78A-2-602. 496 (4) Thirty-two dollars of the security surcharge shall be allocated as follows: 497 (a) the assessing court shall retain 20% of the amount collected for deposit into the 498 general fund of the governmental entity; and 499 (b) 80% shall be remitted to the state treasurer to be distributed as follows: 500 (i) 62.5% to the treasurer of the county in which the justice court which remitted the 501 amount is located; 502 (ii) 25% to the Court Security Account created in Section 78A-2-602; and 503

in Section 78A-7-301.

(iii) 12.5% to the Justice Court Technology, Security, and Training Account created

- 505 (5) The court shall remit money collected in accordance with Title 51, Chapter 7, State
- Money Management Act.
- Section 10. **Effective Date.**
- 508 This bill takes effect on May 7, 2025.