Wayne A. Harper proposes the following substitute bill:

2

Recycling and Waste Amendments

2025 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Wayne A. Harper

House Sponsor: Jason B. Kyle

3 LONG TITLE

4 General Description:

5 This bill addresses issues related to the disposal and recycling of electronic and solid waste.

6 Highlighted Provisions:

7 This bill:

- 8 defines "community collection event";
- 9 requires a manufacturer of a consumer electronic device to develop a public education
- 10 program about a collection, reuse, or recycling program for a consumer electronic device;
- 11 requires the Department of Environmental Quality (department) to develop a public
- 12 education program related to electronic and other waste;
- 13 requires the department to publish information related to recycling programs and
- 14 recycling resources on the department's website;
- removes an exception for the department to charge more than one fee for the same solid
 waste; and
- 17 makes technical and conforming changes.
- 18 Money Appropriated in this Bill:

19 None

- 20 Other Special Clauses:
- 21 This bill provides a special effective date.
- 22 Utah Code Sections Affected:
- 23 AMENDS:

24 **19-6-119 (Effective 07/01/26)**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 64

- 25 **19-6-1202 (Effective 05/07/25)**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 213
- 26 **19-6-1203 (Effective 05/07/25)**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapters 13, 143
- 27 **19-6-1204 (Effective 07/01/26)**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 213
- 28 **19-6-1205 (Effective 05/07/25)**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 213

B	e it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 19-6-119 is amended to read:
	19-6-119 (Effective 07/01/26). Nonhazardous solid waste disposal fees.
(1	1)(a) Through December 31, 2018, and except as provided in Subsection (4), the owner
	or operator of a commercial nonhazardous solid waste disposal facility or incinerator
	shall pay the following fees for waste received for treatment or disposal at the facility
	if the facility or incinerator is required to have operation plan approval under Section
	19-6-108 and primarily receives waste generated by off-site sources not owned,
	controlled, or operated by the facility or site owner or operator:
	(i) 13 cents per ton on all municipal waste and municipal incinerator ash;
	(ii) 50 cents per ton on the following wastes if the facility disposes of one or more of
	the following wastes in a cell exclusively designated for the waste being disposed:
	(A) construction waste or demolition waste;
	(B) yard waste, including vegetative matter resulting from landscaping, land
	maintenance, and land clearing operations;
	(C) dead animals;
	(D) waste tires and materials derived from waste tires disposed of in accordance
	with Title 19, Chapter 6, Part 8, Waste Tire Recycling Act; and
	(E) petroleum contaminated soils that are approved by the director; and
	(iii) \$2.50 per ton on:
	(A) all nonhazardous solid waste not described in Subsections (1)(a)(i) and (ii);
	and
	(B)(I) fly ash waste;
	(II) bottom ash waste;
	(III) slag waste;
	(IV) flue gas emission control waste generated primarily from the combustion
	of coal or other fossil fuels;
	(V) waste from the extraction, beneficiation, and processing of ores and
	minerals; and
	(VI) cement kiln dust wastes.
	(b) A commercial nonhazardous solid waste disposal facility or incinerator subject to the
	fees under Subsection (1)(a)(i) or (ii) is not subject to the fee under Subsection
	(1)(a)(iii) for those wastes described in Subsections (1)(a)(i) and (ii).

63	(c) The owner or operator of a facility described in Subsection 19-6-102(3)(b)(iii) shall
64	pay a fee of 13 cents per ton on all municipal waste received for disposal at the
65	facility.
66	(2)(a) Through December 31, 2018, and except as provided in Subsections (2)(c) and (4),
67	a waste facility that is owned by a political subdivision shall pay the following annual
68	facility fee to the department by January 15 of each year:
69	(i) \$800 if the facility receives 5,000 or more but fewer than 10,000 tons of municipal
70	waste each year;
71	(ii) \$1,450 if the facility receives 10,000 or more but fewer than 20,000 tons of
72	municipal waste each year;
73	(iii) \$3,850 if the facility receives 20,000 or more but fewer than 50,000 tons of
74	municipal waste each year;
75	(iv) \$12,250 if the facility receives 50,000 or more but fewer than 100,000 tons of
76	municipal waste each year;
77	(v) \$14,700 if the facility receives 100,000 or more but fewer than 200,000 tons of
78	municipal waste each year;
79	(vi) \$33,000 if the facility receives 200,000 or more but fewer than 500,000 tons of
80	municipal waste each year; and
81	(vii) \$66,000 if the facility receives 500,000 or more tons of municipal waste each
82	year.
83	(b) The fee identified in Subsection (2)(a) for 2018 shall be paid by January 15, 2019.
84	(c) Through December 31, 2018, and except as provided in Subsection (4), a waste
85	facility that is owned by a political subdivision shall pay \$2.50 per ton for:
86	(i) nonhazardous solid waste that is not a waste described in Subsection (1)(a)(i) or
87	(ii) received for disposal if the waste is:
88	(A) generated outside the boundaries of the political subdivision; and
89	(B) received from a single generator and exceeds 500 tons in a calendar year; and
90	(ii) waste described in Subsection (1)(a)(iii)(B) received for disposal if the waste is:
91	(A) generated outside the boundaries of the political subdivision; and
92	(B) received from a single generator and exceeds 500 tons in a calendar year.
93	(d) Waste received at a facility owned by a political subdivision under Subsection (2)(c)
94	may not be counted as part of the total tonnage received by the facility under
95	Subsection (2)(a).
96	(3)(a) As used in this Subsection (3):

97	(i) "Recycling center" means a facility that extracts valuable materials from a waste
98	stream or transforms or remanufactures the material into a usable form that has
99	demonstrated or potential market value.
100	(ii) "Transfer station" means a permanent, fixed, supplemental collection and
101	transportation facility that is used to deposit collected solid waste from off-site
102	into a transfer vehicle for transport to a solid waste handling or disposal facility.
103	(b) Through December 31, 2018, and except as provided in Subsection (4), the owner or
104	operator of a transfer station or recycling center shall pay to the department the
105	following fees on waste sent for disposal to a nonhazardous solid waste disposal or
106	treatment facility that is not subject to a fee under this section:
107	(i) \$1.25 per ton on:
108	(A) all nonhazardous solid waste; and
109	(B) waste described in Subsection (1)(a)(iii)(B);
110	(ii) 10 cents per ton on all construction and demolition waste; and
111	(iii) 5 cents per ton on all municipal waste or municipal incinerator ash.
112	(c) Wastes subject to fees under Subsection (3)(b)(ii) or (iii) are not subject to the fee
113	required under Subsection (3)(b)(i).
114	(4) The owner or operator of a waste disposal facility that receives nonhazardous solid
115	waste described in Subsection (1)(a)(iii)(B) is not required to pay any fee on those
116	nonhazardous solid wastes if received solely for the purpose of recycling, reuse, or
117	reprocessing.
118	(5) Through December 31, 2018, and except as provided in Subsection (2)(a), a facility
119	required to pay fees under this section shall:
120	(a) calculate the fees by multiplying the total tonnage of nonhazardous solid waste
121	received during the calendar month, computed to the first decimal place, by the
122	required fee rate;
123	(b) pay the fees imposed by this section to the department by the 15th day of the month
124	following the month in which the fees accrued; and
125	(c) with the fees required under Subsection (6)(b), submit to the department, on a form
126	prescribed by the department, information that verifies the amount of nonhazardous
127	solid waste received and the fees that the owner or operator is required to pay.
128	(6)(a) In accordance with Section 63J-1-504[, on or before July 1, 2018, and each fiscal
129	year thereafter] and on or before the start of each fiscal year, the department shall
130	establish a fee schedule for the treatment, transfer, and disposal of all nonhazardous

131	sol	id waste.
132	(b)	The department shall, before establishing the annual fee schedule described in
133		Subsection (6)(a), consult with industry and local government and complete a review
134		of program costs and indirect costs of regulating nonhazardous solid waste in the
135		state and use the findings of the review to create the fee schedule.
136	(c)	The fee schedule described in Subsection (6)(a) shall:
137		(i) create an equitable and fair, though not necessarily equal or uniform, fee to be
138		paid by all persons whose treatment, transfer, or disposal of nonhazardous solid
139		waste creates a regulatory burden to the department, based on the actual cost, and
140		taking into consideration whether the owner or operator of a facility elects to
141		self-inspect under Section 19-6-109, except as provided in Subsection (6)(d);
142		(ii) cover the fully burdened costs of the program and provide for reasonable and
143		timely oversight by the department;
144		(iii) adequately meet the needs of industry, local government, and the department,
145		including enabling the department to employ the appropriate number of qualified
146		personnel to appropriately oversee industry and local government regulation;
147		(iv) provide stable funding for the Environmental Quality Restricted Account created
148		in Section 19-1-108; and
149		(v) for solid waste managed at a transfer facility, be no greater than the cost [Θf
150		regulatory services provided to] to the division to inspect the transfer facility.
151	(d)	Any person who treats, transfers, stores, or disposes of solid waste from the
152		extraction, beneficiation, and processing of ores and minerals on a site owned,
153		controlled, or operated by that person may not be charged a fee under this section for
154		the treatment, transfer, storage, or disposal of solid waste from the extraction,
155		beneficiation, and processing of ores and minerals that are generated:
156		(i) on-site by the person; or
157		(ii) by off-site sources owned, controlled, or operated by the person.
158	(e)	The fees in the fee schedule established by Subsection (6)(a) shall take effect on
159		January 1[, 2019] <u>of each year</u> .
160	(7) [Ө	n and after January 1, 2019, a] A facility required to pay fees under this section shall:
161	(a)	pay the fees imposed by this section to the department by the 15th day of the month
162		following the quarter in which the fees accrued; and
163	(b)	with the fees required under Subsection (7)(a), submit to the department, on a form
164		prescribed by the department, information that verifies the amount of nonhazardous

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165	solid waste received and the fees that the owner or operator is required to pay.
166	(8) In setting the fee schedule described in Subsection (6)(a), the department shall ensure
167	that a party is not charged multiple fees for the same solid waste[, except the department
168	may charge a separate fee for a transfer station].
169	(9) The department shall:
170	(a) deposit all fees received under this section into the Environmental Quality Restricted
171	Account created in Section 19-1-108; and
172	(b) in preparing its budget for the governor and the Legislature, separately indicate the
173	amount of the department's budget necessary to administer the solid and hazardous
174	waste program established by this part.
175	(10) The department may contract or agree with a county to assist in performing
176	nonhazardous solid waste management activities, including agreements for:
177	(a) the development of a solid waste management plan required under Section 17-15-23;
178	and
179	(b) pass-through of available funding.
180	(11) This section does not exempt any facility from applicable regulation under the Atomic
181	Energy Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 2014 and 2021 through 2114.
182	[(12) The department shall report to the Natural Resources, Agriculture, and Environment
183	Interim Committee by November 30, 2017, on the fee schedule described in Subsection
184	(6)(a).]
185	Section 2. Section 19-6-1202 is amended to read:
186	19-6-1202 (Effective 05/07/25). Definitions.
187	As used in this part:
188	(1) "Collection":
189	(a) means the aggregation of consumer electronic devices from consumers; and
190	(b) includes all the activities up to the time a consumer electronic device is delivered to a
191	recycler.
192	(2) <u>"Community collection event" means a scheduled event for a member of the public to</u>
193	dispose of or recycle:
194	(a) a consumer electronic device or other electronic waste;
195	(b) green or organic waste;
196	(c) hazardous waste as that term is defined in Section 19-6-102; or
197	(d) an item not considered household waste that is difficult to dispose of or recycle.
198	[(2)] (3)(a) "Computer" means an electronic, magnetic, optical, electrochemical, or other

199	high-speed data processing device performing a logical, arithmetic, or storage
200	function, including:
200 201	(i) a laptop computer;
201	(ii) a desktop computer; or
202	(iii) a tablet computer.
203 204	(b) "Computer" includes the following permanently affixed to or incorporated into a
204	(b) Computer includes the following permanentry arrived to or incorporated into a device described in Subsection [$\frac{(2)(a)}{(3)(a)}$:
205	(i) a cable cord;
200	(ii) permanent wiring;
208	(iii) a central processing unit; or
209	(iv) a monitor.
210	(c) "Computer" does not include an automated typewriter or typesetter, a portable
211	hand-held calculator, a portable digital assistant, a server, or similar device.
212	[(3)] (4) "Consumer" means a person who owns or uses a covered electronic device that is
213	purchased primarily for personal or home business use.
214	[(4)] (5) "Consumer electronic device" means the following products sold to a consumer:
215	(a) a computer;
216	(b) a computer peripheral;
217	(c) a television; or
218	(d) a television peripheral.
219	[(5)] (6) "Eligible program" means a collection, reuse, or recycling system for a consumer
220	electronic device, including:
221	(a) a system by which a manufacturer, manufacturer's designee, or other private entity
222	offers a consumer an option to return a consumer electronic device by mail;
223	(b) a system using a physical collection site that a manufacturer, manufacturer's
224	designee, or other private or public entity provides for a consumer to return a covered
225	consumer electronic device; or
226	(c) a system that uses a collection event held by a manufacturer, manufacturer's
227	designee, or other private or public entity at which a consumer may return a
228	consumer electronic device.
229	[(6)] <u>(7)</u> "Manufacturer" means a person who:
230	(a) manufactures a consumer electronic device under a brand the person owns or is
231	licensed to use; or
232	(b) assumes the responsibilities and obligations of a person described in Subsection [

233	(6)(a)] (7)(a).
234	[(7)] (8) "Peripheral" means a keyboard, printer, or other device that:
235	(a) is sold exclusively for external use with a television or computer; and
236	(b) provides input into or output from a television or computer.
237	[(8)] (9)(a) "Recycling" means the process of collecting and preparing electronic
238	products for:
239	(i) use in a manufacturing process; or
240	(ii) recovery of reusable materials followed by delivery of reusable materials for use.
241	(b) "Recycling" does not include destruction by incineration, waste-to-energy
242	incineration, or other similar processes or land disposal.
243	[(9)] (10) "Reuse" means electronic waste:
244	(a) that is tested and determined to be in good working order; and
245	(b) that is removed from the waste stream to use for the same purpose for which it was
246	manufactured, including the continued use of the whole system or components.
247	[(10)] (11)(a) "Sell" or "sale" means any transfer for consideration of title or of the right
248	to use by lease or sales contract of a consumer electronic device to a consumer.
249	(b) "Sell" or "sale" does not include:
250	(i) the sale, resale, lease, or transfer of used consumer electronic devices; or
251	(ii) a manufacturer's or a distributor's wholesale transaction with a distributor or
252	retailer involving a consumer electronic device.
253	[(11)] (12) "Television" means a display system primarily intended to receive video
254	programming via broadcast, cable, or satellite transmission.
255	Section 3. Section 19-6-1203 is amended to read:
256	19-6-1203 (Effective 05/07/25). Reporting requirements.
257	(1) [On or after July 1, 2011, a] A manufacturer may not offer a consumer electronic device
258	for sale in the state unless the manufacturer, either individually, through a group
259	manufacturer organization, or through the manufacturer's industry trade group, prepares
260	and submits, subject to Subsection (2), a report on or before August 1 of each year to the
261	department.
262	(2) The report required under Subsection (1):
263	(a) shall include a list of eligible programs, subject to Subsection (3); and
264	(b) may include:
265	(i) an existing collection, transportation, or recycling system for a consumer
266	electronic device; and

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267	(ii) an eligible program offered by:
268	(A) a consumer electronic device recycler;
269	(B) a consumer electronic device repair shop;
270	(C) a recycler of other commodities;
271	(D) a reuse organization;
272	(E) a not-for-profit corporation;
273	(F) a retailer; or
274	(G) another similar operation, including a local government collection event.
275	(3) The list required in Subsection (2)(a) may be in the form of a geographic map
276	identifying the type and location of an eligible program.
277	Section 4. Section 19-6-1204 is amended to read:
278	19-6-1204 (Effective 07/01/26). Public education programs Publication on
279	department website.
280	(1) [Effective January 1, 2012, a] A manufacturer may not offer a consumer electronic
281	device for sale in the state unless the manufacturer individually, through a group
282	manufacturer organization, or through the manufacturer's industry trade group
283	establishes and implements[, in accordance with Subsection (2), a public education
284	program regarding the eligible programs] a public education program in accordance with
285	Subsection (2).
286	(2)(a) The public education program required under Subsection (1) shall:
287	(i) inform a consumer about eligible programs; and
288	(ii) use manufacturer-developed customer outreach materials, such as packaging
289	inserts, company websites, and other communication methods, to inform a
290	consumer about eligible programs.
291	(b) A manufacturer described in Subsection (1) shall work with the department and other
292	interested parties to develop educational materials that inform consumers about an
293	eligible program.
294	(3) The department shall develop a public education program to:
295	(a) promote eligible programs;
296	(b) promote existing recycling resources in this state;
297	(c) assist a manufacturer's public outreach program in accordance with Subsection (2)(b);
298	(d) encourage a retailer to inform a consumer of eligible programs at the point of sale of
299	a consumer electronic device; and
300	(e) support a local government or other entity interested in creating a community

301	collection event.
302	(4) The department shall publish on the department's website:
303	(a) the public education program developed by the department under Subsection (3);
304	(b) a community collection event submitted to the department under Subsection
305	<u>19-6-1205(2); and</u>
306	(c) a report received by the department under Section 19-6-1203.
307	Section 5. Section 19-6-1205 is amended to read:
308	19-6-1205 (Effective 05/07/25). Local government arrangement Community
309	collection event publication.
310	(1) If a local government enters into an arrangement with a manufacturer to facilitate
311	consumer electronics recycling in accordance with this part, the local government may
312	enter into the arrangement without requiring a request for proposal or similar
313	competitive procurement process required by law.
314	(2)(a) A local government may submit a community collection event to the department
315	for publication on the department's website as described in Subsection 19-6-1204(3).
316	(b) To publish a community collection event on the department's website, a local
317	government or person shall provide the following information to the department:
318	(i) the location of the community collection event:
319	(ii) a description of a consumer electronic device accepted for recycling;
320	(iii) hours of operation for the community collection event; and
321	(iv) other relevant information as requested by the department.
322	Section 6. Effective Date.
323	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), this bill takes effect May 7, 2025.
324	(2) The actions affecting Sections 19-6-119 and 19-6-1204 take effect on July 1, 2026.