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Artificial Intelligence Consumer Protection Amendments 2025 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Kirk A. Cullimore

House Sponsor:

| 3 LONG TITLE | |
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4 General Description:

5 This bill enacts provisions related to the use of generative artificial intelligence in consumer

6 transactions and regulated services.

7 Highlighted Provisions:

- 8 This bill:
- 9 defines terms;
- 10 requires certain disclosures when generative artificial intelligence is used in consumer
- 11 transactions and regulated services;
- 12 establishes liability for violations of consumer protection laws involving artificial
- 13 intelligence;
- 14 provides a safe harbor for certain disclosures;
- 15 grants rulemaking and enforcement authority to the Division of Consumer Protection; and
- 16 establishes penalties for violations.
- 17 Money Appropriated in this Bill:
- 18 None
- 19 Other Special Clauses:
- 20 None
- 21 Utah Code Sections Affected:
- 22 ENACTS:
- 23 **13-75-101**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- 24 **13-75-102**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- 25 **13-75-103**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- 26 **13-75-104**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- 27 **13-75-105**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- 28 **13-75-106**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- 29 REPEALS:
- 30 **13-2-12**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 186

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| 32 | Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah: |
| 33 | Section 1. Section 13-75-101 is enacted to read: |
| 34 | <u>13-75-101</u> . Definitions. |
| 35 | As used in this chapter: |
| 36 | (1) "Artificial intelligence technology" means the same as that term is defined in Section |
| 37 | <u>13-72-101.</u> |
| 38 | (2) "Consumer transaction" means the same as that term is defined in Section 13-11-3. |
| 39 | (3) "Division" means the Division of Consumer Protection created in Section 13-2-1. |
| 40 | (4) "Generative artificial intelligence" means an artificial intelligence technology system |
| 41 | that: |
| 42 | (a) is trained on data; |
| 43 | (b) is designed to simulate human communication with a consumer through one or more |
| 44 | of the following: |
| 45 | (i) text; |
| 46 | (ii) audio; or |
| 47 | (iii) visual communication; and |
| 48 | (c) generates non-scripted outputs similar to outputs created by a human, with limited or |
| 49 | no human oversight. |
| 50 | (5) "High-risk artificial intelligence interaction" means an interaction with generative |
| 51 | artificial intelligence that involves: |
| 52 | (a) the collection of sensitive personal information, including: |
| 53 | (i) health data; |
| 54 | (ii) financial data; or |
| 55 | (iii) biometric data; |
| 56 | (b) the provision of personalized recommendations, advice, or information that could |
| 57 | reasonably be relied upon to make significant personal decisions; |
| 58 | (c) the provision of: |
| 59 | (i) <u>financial advice or services;</u> |
| 60 | (ii) legal advice or services; |
| 61 | (iii) medical advice or services; or |
| 62 | (iv) mental health advice or services; or |
| 63 | (d) other applications as defined by division rule. |
| 64 | (6) "License" means a state-granted authorization for an individual to engage in a specified |

| 65 | occupation: |
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| 66 | (a) based on the individual meeting personal qualifications established under state law; |
| 67 | and |
| 68 | (b) that is required before the individual may lawfully engage in the occupation for |
| 69 | compensation. |
| 70 | (7) "Regulated occupation" means an occupation that: |
| 71 | (a) is regulated by the Department of Commerce; and |
| 72 | (b) requires an individual to obtain a license or state certification to practice the |
| 73 | occupation. |
| 74 | (8) "State certification" means a state-granted authorization that: |
| 75 | (a) permits an individual to use the term "state certified" as part of a designated title |
| 76 | related to a specified occupation: |
| 77 | (i) based on the individual meeting personal qualifications established under state |
| 78 | law; and |
| 79 | (ii) where state law prohibits a noncertified individual from using the term "state |
| 80 | certified" as part of a designated title; and |
| 81 | (b) does not prohibit a noncertified individual from engaging in the occupation for |
| 82 | compensation. |
| 83 | (9) "Supplier" means the same as that term is defined in Section 13-11-3. |
| 84 | Section 2. Section 13-75-102 is enacted to read: |
| 85 | <u>13-75-102</u> . Liability for violation of consumer protection law. |
| 86 | It is not a defense to the violation of any statute administered and enforced by the |
| 87 | division under Section 13-2-1 that generative artificial intelligence: |
| 88 | (1) made the violative statement; |
| 89 | (2) <u>undertook the violative act; or</u> |
| 90 | (3) was used in furtherance of the violation. |
| 91 | Section 3. Section 13-75-103 is enacted to read: |
| 92 | 13-75-103 . Required disclosures. |
| 93 | (1)(a) A supplier that uses generative artificial intelligence to interact with an individual |
| 94 | in connection with a consumer transaction shall clearly and conspicuously disclose to |
| 95 | the individual that the individual is interacting with generative artificial intelligence |
| 96 | and not a human if the individual asks or otherwise prompts the supplier about |
| 97 | whether artificial intelligence is being used. |
| 98 | (b) The individual's prompt or question under Subsection (1)(a) must be a clear and |

| 99 | unambiguous request to determine whether the interaction is with generative artificial |
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| 100 | intelligence rather than a human. |
| 101 | (2) An individual providing services in a regulated occupation shall: |
| 102 | (a) prominently disclose when an individual is interacting with generative artificial |
| 103 | intelligence in the provision of regulated services if the use of generative artificial |
| 104 | intelligence constitutes a high-risk artificial intelligence interaction; and |
| 105 | (b) comply with all requirements of the regulated occupation when providing services |
| 106 | through generative artificial intelligence. |
| 107 | (3) A disclosure required under Subsection (2) shall be provided: |
| 108 | (a) verbally at the start of a verbal interaction; and |
| 109 | (b) in writing before the start of a written interaction. |
| 110 | Section 4. Section 13-75-104 is enacted to read: |
| 111 | <u>13-75-104</u> . Safe harbor. |
| 112 | (1) A person is not subject to an enforcement action for violating Section 13-75-103 if the |
| 113 | person's generative artificial intelligence clearly and conspicuously discloses: |
| 114 | (a) at the outset of any interaction with an individual in connection with: |
| 115 | (i) a consumer transaction; or |
| 116 | (ii) the provision of regulated services; and |
| 117 | (b) throughout the interaction that it: |
| 118 | (i) is generative artificial intelligence; |
| 119 | (ii) is not human; or |
| 120 | (iii) is an artificial intelligence assistant. |
| 121 | (2) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the |
| 122 | division may make rules specifying forms and methods of disclosure that: |
| 123 | (a) satisfy the requirements of Subsection (1); or |
| 124 | (b) do not satisfy the requirements of Subsection (1). |
| 125 | Section 5. Section 13-75-105 is enacted to read: |
| 126 | <u>13-75-105</u> . Enforcement. |
| 127 | (1) A violation of this chapter constitutes a violation of Subsection 13-11-4(1). |
| 128 | (2) The division shall administer and enforce this chapter in accordance with Chapter 2, |
| 129 | Division of Consumer Protection. |
| 130 | (3) The attorney general shall: |
| 131 | (a) give legal advice to the division regarding the division's responsibilities under this |
| 132 | chapter; and |

02-04 13:28

| 133 | (b) act as counsel for the division in the exercise of the division's responsibilities under |
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| 134 | this chapter. |
| 135 | (4) In addition to the division's enforcement powers under Chapter 2, Division of Consumer |
| 136 | Protection: |
| 137 | (a) the division director may impose an administrative fine of up to \$2,500 for each |
| 138 | violation of this chapter; and |
| 139 | (b) the division may bring an action in court to enforce this chapter. |
| 140 | (5) In an action brought by the division to enforce this chapter, the court may: |
| 141 | (a) declare that an act or practice violates this chapter; |
| 142 | (b) issue an injunction for a violation of this chapter; |
| 143 | (c) order disgorgement of money received in violation of this chapter; |
| 144 | (d) order payment of disgorged money to an individual injured by a violation of this |
| 145 | chapter; |
| 146 | (e) impose a fine of up to \$2,500 for each violation of this chapter; or |
| 147 | (f) award other reasonable and necessary relief. |
| 148 | (6) If a court of competent jurisdiction grants judgment or injunctive relief to the division, |
| 149 | the court shall award the division: |
| 150 | (a) reasonable attorney fees; |
| 151 | (b) court costs; and |
| 152 | (c) investigative fees. |
| 153 | (7)(a) A person who violates an administrative or court order issued for a violation of |
| 154 | this chapter is subject to a civil penalty of up to \$5,000 for each violation. |
| 155 | (b) The attorney general may impose a civil penalty authorized under this section in any |
| 156 | civil action brought on behalf of the division. |
| 157 | Section 6. Section 13-75-106 is enacted to read: |
| 158 | <u>13-75-106</u> . Scope. |
| 159 | This chapter does not displace any other remedy or right authorized under: |
| 160 | (1) the laws of this state; or |
| 161 | (2) federal law. |
| 162 | Section 7. Repealer. |
| 163 | This bill repeals: |
| 164 | Section 13-2-12, Generative artificial intelligence Impact on liability for violation of |
| 165 | consumer protection law. |
| 166 | Section 8. Effective Date. |

167 <u>This bill takes effect on May 7, 2025.</u>