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## **Congregate Care Modifications**

## 2025 GENERAL SESSION

## STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Derrin R. Owens

	House Sponsor:
2	LONG TITLE
4	General Description:
5	This bill addresses congregate care programs.
6	Highlighted Provisions:
7	This bill:
8	requires the Department of Health and Human Services (department) to take reasonable
9	effort to determine, within seven days after receiving a completed report about an
10	individual from the Bureau of Criminal Identification, whether to grant an application
11	for direct patient access;
12	disallows the department from:
13	• restricting or prohibiting new admissions at a congregate care program on the sole
14	basis that the program is operating under a conditional license; or
15	• restricting or altering the rights of a congregate care program on the basis that the
16	program or facility has filed an adjudicative proceeding or appeal, or that an
17	adjudicative proceeding or appeal is pending;
18	requires the department, in certain circumstances, to:
19	<ul> <li>inspect a congregate care program;</li> </ul>
20	<ul> <li>provide notice to a congregate care program; or</li> </ul>
21	<ul> <li>remove restrictions and conditions on a congregate care program's license; and</li> </ul>
22	<ul><li>makes technical changes.</li></ul>
23	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
24	None
25	Other Special Clauses:
26	None
27	Utah Code Sections Affected:
28	AMENDS:

**26B-2-240**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 310

**26B-2-703**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 267

31 32 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:* 33 Section 1. Section **26B-2-240** is amended to read: 34 26B-2-240. Department authorized to grant, deny, or revoke clearance --35 Department may limit direct patient access -- Clearance. 36 (1) The definitions in Section 26B-2-238 apply to this section. 37 (2)(a) As provided in this section, the department may grant, deny, or revoke 38 certification for direct patient access for an individual, including a covered individual. 39 (b) The department may limit the circumstances under which a covered individual 40 granted certification for direct patient access may have direct patient access, based on 41 the relationship factors under Subsection (4) and other mitigating factors related to 42 patient and resident protection. 43 (c) The department shall [determine] take reasonable effort to determine no later than 44 seven business days after the date on which the department receives a completed 45 report from the Department of Public Safety's Bureau of Criminal Identification 46 whether to grant certification for direct patient access for each applicant for whom it 47 receives: 48 (i) the personal identification information specified by the department under 49 Subsection (4)(b); 50 (ii) results from another state's child abuse and neglect registry, in accordance with 51 Subsection 26B-2-120(3)(g); and 52 [(iii)] (iii) any fees established by the department under Subsection (9). 53 (d) The department shall: 54 (i) establish a procedure for obtaining and evaluating relevant information concerning 55 covered individuals, including fingerprinting the applicant and submitting the 56 prints to the Criminal Investigations and Technical Services Division of the 57 Department of Public Safety for checking against applicable state, regional, and 58 national criminal records files; and 59 (ii) require that a certification for direct patient access include a fingerprint-based 60 criminal history background check in the databases described under Subsection 61 (3)(a), including the inclusion of the individual's fingerprints in a rap back system. 62 (3) The department may review the following sources to determine whether an individual 63 should be granted or retain certification for direct patient access, which may include: 64 (a) Department of Public Safety arrest, conviction, and disposition records described in

65	Title 53, Chapter 10, Criminal Investigations and Technical Services Act, including
66	information in state, regional, and national records files;
67	(b) juvenile court arrest, adjudication, and disposition records, as allowed under Section
68	78A-6-209;
69	(c) federal criminal background databases available to the state;
70	(d) the Division of Child and Family Services Licensing Information System described
71	in Section 80-2-1002;
72	(e) child abuse or neglect findings described in Section 80-3-404;
73	(f) the Division of Aging and Adult Services vulnerable adult abuse, neglect, or
74	exploitation database described in Section 26B-6-210;
75	(g) registries of nurse aids described in 42 C.F.R. Sec. 483.156;
76	(h) licensing and certification records of individuals licensed or certified by the Division
77	of Professional Licensing under Title 58, Occupations and Professions; and
78	(i) the List of Excluded Individuals and Entities database maintained by the United
79	States Department of Health and Human Services' Office of Inspector General.
80	(4) The department shall adopt rules that:
81	(a) specify the criteria the department will use to determine whether an individual is
82	granted or retains certification for direct patient access:
83	(i) based on an initial evaluation and ongoing review of information under Subsection
84	(3); and
85	(ii) including consideration of the relationship the following may have to patient and
86	resident protection:
87	(A) warrants for arrest;
88	(B) arrests;
89	(C) convictions, including pleas in abeyance;
90	(D) pending diversion agreements;
91	(E) adjudications by a juvenile court under Section 80-6-701 if the individual is
92	over 28 years old and has been convicted, has pleaded no contest, or is subject
93	to a plea in abeyance or diversion agreement for a felony or misdemeanor, or
94	the individual is under 28 years old; and
95	(F) any other findings under Subsection (3); and
96	(b) specify the personal identification information that must be submitted by an
97	individual or covered body with an application for certification for direct patient
98	access including

99		(i) the applicant's [Social Security] social security number; and
100		(ii) fingerprints.
101	(5)	For purposes of Subsection (4)(a), the department shall classify a crime committed in
102		another state according to the closest matching crime under Utah law, regardless of how
103		the crime is classified in the state where the crime was committed.
104	(6)	The Department of Public Safety, the Administrative Office of the Courts, the Division
105		of Professional Licensing, and any other state agency or political subdivision of the state:
106		(a) shall allow the department to review the information the department may review
107		under Subsection (3); and
108		(b) except for the Department of Public Safety, may not charge the department for
109		access to the information.
110	(7)	The department shall adopt measures to protect the security of the information it
111		reviews under Subsection (3) and strictly limit access to the information to department
112		employees responsible for processing an application for certification for direct patient
113		access.
114	(8)	The department may disclose personal identification information specified under
115		Subsection (4)(b) to other divisions and offices within the department to verify that the
116		subject of the information is not identified as a perpetrator or offender in the information
117		sources described in Subsections (3)(d) through (f).
118	(9)	The department may establish fees, in accordance with Section 63J-1-504, for an
119		application for certification for direct patient access, which may include:
120		(a) the cost of obtaining and reviewing information under Subsection (3);
121		(b) a portion of the cost of creating and maintaining the Direct Access Clearance System
122		database under Section 26B-2-241; and
123		(c) other department costs related to the processing of the application and the ongoing
124		review of information pursuant to Subsection (4)(a) to determine whether
125		certification for direct patient access should be retained.
126		Section 2. Section <b>26B-2-703</b> is amended to read:
127		26B-2-703 . Sanctions Penalties and adjudicative procedure Rulemaking.
128	(1)	If the department has reason to believe that a provider has failed to comply with this
129		chapter or rules made pursuant to this chapter, the department may serve a notice of
130		agency action to commence an adjudicative proceeding in accordance with Title 63G,
131		Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.
132	(2)	(a) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, the

133	department may deny, place conditions on, suspend, or revoke a license, certificate,
134	or certification, and invoke penalties, including restricting or prohibiting new
135	admissions to a program or facility, if the department finds that there has been:
136	[(a)] (i) a failure to comply with:
137	[(i)] (A) rules established under this chapter; or
138	[(ii)] (B) any lawful order of the department or a local health department, or
139	applicable rule, statute, regulation, or requirement;
140	[(b)] (ii) aiding, abetting, or permitting the commission of any illegal act;
141	[(e)] (iii) conduct adverse to the standards required to provide services and promote
142	public trust, including aiding, abetting, or permitting the commission of abuse,
143	neglect, exploitation, harm, mistreatment, or fraud; or
144	[(d)] (iv) a failure to provide applicable health and safety services for clients.
145	(b) The department may not restrict or prohibit new admissions at a congregate care
146	program on the sole basis that the congregate care program is operating under a
147	conditional license.
148	(3)(a) The department may act on an emergency basis if the department determines
149	immediate action is necessary to protect a client.
150	(b) Immediate action taken under Subsection (3)(a) may include restricting new
151	admissions to a program or facility, or increased monitoring of the operations of a
152	program or facility.
153	(4) The department may impose civil monetary penalties against any person, in a sum not to
154	exceed \$10,000 per violation, in:
155	(a) an administrative action in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative
156	Procedures Act;
157	(b) a similar administrative proceeding adopted by a county or local government; or
158	(c) a judicial civil proceeding.
159	(5) Assessment of a civil penalty or administrative penalty does not preclude the
160	department or a local health department from:
161	(a) seeking criminal penalties;
162	(b) denying, revoking, imposing conditions on, or refusing to renew a license,
163	certificate, or certification; or
164	(c) seeking injunctive or equitable remedies.
165	(6) If the department revokes a license, certificate, or certification, the office may not grant
166	a new license, certificate, or certification unless:

167 (a) at least five years have passed since the day on which the provider was served with 168 final notice that the provider's license, certificate, or certification was revoked; and

- (b) the office determines that the interests of the public will not be jeopardized by granting the provider a new license, certificate, or certification.
- 171 (7) If the department does not renew a license, certificate, or certification because of
  172 noncompliance with the provisions of this part or rules adopted under this part, the
  173 department may not issue a new license, certificate, or certification unless:
- (a) at least one year has passed since the day on which the renewal was denied;
- (b) the provider complies with all renewal requirements; and
- 176 (c) the office determines that the interests of the public will not be jeopardized by
  177 issuing a new license, certificate, or certification.
- 178 (8) The office may suspend a license, certificate, or certification for up to three years.
- (9) When a license, certificate, or certification has been suspended, the office may restore,
   or restore subject to conditions, the suspended license, certificate, or certification upon a
- determination that the:

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- (a) conditions upon which the suspension were based have been completely or partiallycorrected; and
- 184 (b) interests of the public will not be jeopardized by restoration of the license, certificate, 185 or certification.
  - (10) If a provider fails to comply with the provisions of this chapter, the department may impose a penalty on the provider that is less than or equal to the cost incurred by the department, which may include:
    - (a) the cost to continue providing services, including ensuring client safety and relocating clients through the transition or closure of a program or facility;
- (b) the cost to place an administrator or department representative as a monitor in a
   program or facility; or
- (c) the cost to assess to the provider those costs incurred by the department.
- 194 (11) If a congregate care program or facility knowingly fails to comply with the provisions 195 of Section 26B-2-124, the office may impose a penalty on the congregate care program 196 or facility that is less than or equal to the cost of care incurred by the state for a 197 private-placement child described in Subsection 26B-2-124(3).
- 198 (12) If the department finds that an abortion has been performed in violation of Section 199 76-7-314 or 76-7a-201, the department shall deny or revoke the license.
- 200 (13)(a) A provider, program or facility, or person may commence adjudicative

201	proceedings in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act,
202	regarding all agency actions that determine the legal rights, duties, privileges,
203	immunities, or other legal interests of the provider, program or facility, or persons
204	associated with the provider, including all office actions to grant, deny, place
205	conditions on, revoke, suspend, withdraw, or amend an authority, right, license,
206	certificate, or certification under this part.
207	(b) The department may not deny, place a condition on, revoke, refuse to reinstate,
208	suspend, withdraw, or amend an authority, right, license, certificate, or certification
209	under this part on the basis that an affected congregate care program has appealed an
210	agency action under Subsection (13)(a) or that an appeal or adjudicative proceeding
211	is pending.
212	(c) If, at any time, the department determines that it will not remove a condition on or
213	otherwise unconditionally reinstate or renew a congregate care program's license, the
214	department shall notify the congregate care program within seven days of the
215	department's determination.
216	(14) The department shall:
217	(a)(i) conduct an inspection not more than 14 days after the date on which any
218	restriction or prohibition on new admissions has been issued; and
219	(ii) conduct a subsequent inspection not more than 30 days after the date on which
220	the inspection under Subsection (14)(a)(i)(A) occurred;
221	(b) remove any restriction on new admissions at a congregate care program or facility if
222	the department:
223	(i) conducts two consecutive inspections showing full compliance with the violated
224	rules upon which the restriction on new admissions was based; and
225	(ii) finds no new violations upon which the department may restrict new admissions
226	under Subsection (2)(a); and
227	(c) remove any conditions on a congregate care program license if:
228	(i) the congregate care program has rectified all issues for which the conditions were
229	initially imposed;
230	(ii) the department conducts three consecutive inspections showing full compliance
231	with the violated rules upon which the conditions were based;
232	(iii) no less than 90 days have elapsed after the date on which the first of three
233	consecutive inspections showing full compliance occurred; and
234	(iv) the department finds no new violations upon which the department may place

235	conditions on the license under Subsection (2)(a).
236	[(14)] (15) Subject to the requirements of federal and state law, the office shall make rules
237	in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to
238	establish sanctions, penalties, and adjudicative proceedings as described in this chapter.
239	Section 3. Effective Date.
240	This bill takes effect on May 7, 2025.