Todd Weiler proposes the following substitute bill:

Law Enforcement Quota Amendments

2025 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Todd Weiler

House Sponsor:

2	
3	LONG TITLE
4	General Description:
5	This bill concerns impermissible law enforcement quotas.
6	Highlighted Provisions:
7	This bill:
8	 restricts the State Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice from awarding a grant of
9	state funds to an entity that violates the impermissible law enforcement quota
10	prohibition;
11	 requires the attorney general to investigate potential impermissible law enforcement quota
12	violations;
13	 prohibits a political subdivision or law enforcement agency from:
14	• requiring or directing a peace officer to meet an impermissible quota; or
15	• transferring, promoting, disciplining, or taking any other action against a peace officer
16	for reasons relating to an impermissible quota; and
17	 makes technical and conforming changes.
18	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
19	None
20	Other Special Clauses:
21	None
22	Utah Code Sections Affected:
23	AMENDS:
24	63M-7-218, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 345
25	67-5-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 2, 74 and 348
26	77-7-27, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 289
27	

28 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

29	Section 1. Section 63M-7-218 is amended to read:
30	63M-7-218 . State grant requirements.
31	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), the commission may not award a grant of state
32	funds to an entity subject to, and not in compliance with, the reporting requirements in
33	Subsection 63A-16-1002(4).
34	(2) The commission may award a grant to an entity under Section 63A-16-1003 even if the
35	entity is not in compliance with the reporting requirements described in Subsection
36	63A-16-1002(4).
37	(3) Beginning July 1, 2025, the commission may not award any grant of state funds to an
38	entity:
39	(a) [-]subject to the requirements under Sections 53-21-102 and 53-21-104.3, if the
40	commission has determined under Subsection 63M-7-204(1)(aa) that the entity is
41	currently not eligible to receive state grant funds under this section[.] ; or
42	(b) subject to, and in violation of, Section 77-7-27, impermissible law enforcement
43	quota prohibition, as reported to the commission by the attorney general under
44	Sections 67-5-1 and 77-7-27.
45	Section 2. Section 67-5-1 is amended to read:
46	67-5-1 . General duties Restrictions.
47	(1) The attorney general shall:
47 48	(1) The attorney general shall:(a) perform all duties in a manner consistent with the attorney-client relationship under
48	(a) perform all duties in a manner consistent with the attorney-client relationship under
48 49	 (a) perform all duties in a manner consistent with the attorney-client relationship under Section 67-5-17;
48 49 50	 (a) perform all duties in a manner consistent with the attorney-client relationship under Section 67-5-17; (b) except as provided in Sections 10-3-928 and 17-18a-403, attend the Supreme Court
48 49 50 51	 (a) perform all duties in a manner consistent with the attorney-client relationship under Section 67-5-17; (b) except as provided in Sections 10-3-928 and 17-18a-403, attend the Supreme Court and the Court of Appeals of this state, and all courts of the United States, and
48 49 50 51 52	 (a) perform all duties in a manner consistent with the attorney-client relationship under Section 67-5-17; (b) except as provided in Sections 10-3-928 and 17-18a-403, attend the Supreme Court and the Court of Appeals of this state, and all courts of the United States, and prosecute or defend all causes to which the state or any officer, board, or commission
48 49 50 51 52 53	 (a) perform all duties in a manner consistent with the attorney-client relationship under Section 67-5-17; (b) except as provided in Sections 10-3-928 and 17-18a-403, attend the Supreme Court and the Court of Appeals of this state, and all courts of the United States, and prosecute or defend all causes to which the state or any officer, board, or commission of the state in an official capacity is a party, and take charge, as attorney, of all civil
48 49 50 51 52 53 54	 (a) perform all duties in a manner consistent with the attorney-client relationship under Section 67-5-17; (b) except as provided in Sections 10-3-928 and 17-18a-403, attend the Supreme Court and the Court of Appeals of this state, and all courts of the United States, and prosecute or defend all causes to which the state or any officer, board, or commission of the state in an official capacity is a party, and take charge, as attorney, of all civil legal matters in which the state is interested;
48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55	 (a) perform all duties in a manner consistent with the attorney-client relationship under Section 67-5-17; (b) except as provided in Sections 10-3-928 and 17-18a-403, attend the Supreme Court and the Court of Appeals of this state, and all courts of the United States, and prosecute or defend all causes to which the state or any officer, board, or commission of the state in an official capacity is a party, and take charge, as attorney, of all civil legal matters in which the state is interested; (c) after judgment on any cause referred to in Subsection (1)(b), direct the issuance of
48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56	 (a) perform all duties in a manner consistent with the attorney-client relationship under Section 67-5-17; (b) except as provided in Sections 10-3-928 and 17-18a-403, attend the Supreme Court and the Court of Appeals of this state, and all courts of the United States, and prosecute or defend all causes to which the state or any officer, board, or commission of the state in an official capacity is a party, and take charge, as attorney, of all civil legal matters in which the state is interested; (c) after judgment on any cause referred to in Subsection (1)(b), direct the issuance of process as necessary to execute the judgment;
48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57	 (a) perform all duties in a manner consistent with the attorney-client relationship under Section 67-5-17; (b) except as provided in Sections 10-3-928 and 17-18a-403, attend the Supreme Court and the Court of Appeals of this state, and all courts of the United States, and prosecute or defend all causes to which the state or any officer, board, or commission of the state in an official capacity is a party, and take charge, as attorney, of all civil legal matters in which the state is interested; (c) after judgment on any cause referred to in Subsection (1)(b), direct the issuance of process as necessary to execute the judgment; (d) account for, and pay over to the proper officer, all money that comes into the
48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58	 (a) perform all duties in a manner consistent with the attorney-client relationship under Section 67-5-17; (b) except as provided in Sections 10-3-928 and 17-18a-403, attend the Supreme Court and the Court of Appeals of this state, and all courts of the United States, and prosecute or defend all causes to which the state or any officer, board, or commission of the state in an official capacity is a party, and take charge, as attorney, of all civil legal matters in which the state is interested; (c) after judgment on any cause referred to in Subsection (1)(b), direct the issuance of process as necessary to execute the judgment; (d) account for, and pay over to the proper officer, all money that comes into the attorney general's possession that belongs to the state;
48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59	 (a) perform all duties in a manner consistent with the attorney-client relationship under Section 67-5-17; (b) except as provided in Sections 10-3-928 and 17-18a-403, attend the Supreme Court and the Court of Appeals of this state, and all courts of the United States, and prosecute or defend all causes to which the state or any officer, board, or commission of the state in an official capacity is a party, and take charge, as attorney, of all civil legal matters in which the state is interested; (c) after judgment on any cause referred to in Subsection (1)(b), direct the issuance of process as necessary to execute the judgment; (d) account for, and pay over to the proper officer, all money that comes into the attorney general's possession that belongs to the state; (e) keep a file of all cases in which the attorney general is required to appear, including

63	to judgment, a memorandum of the judgment and of any process issued if
64	satisfied, and if not satisfied, documentation of the return of the sheriff;
65	(ii) if criminal, the nature of the crime, the mode of prosecution, the stage of
66	proceedings, and, when prosecuted to sentence, a memorandum of the sentence
67	and of the execution, if the sentence has been executed, and, if not executed, the
68	reason for the delay or prevention; and
69	(iii) deliver this information to the attorney general's successor in office;
70	(f) exercise supervisory powers over the district and county attorneys of the state in all
71	matters pertaining to the duties of the district and county attorneys' offices, including
72	the authority described in Subsection (2);
73	(g) give the attorney general's opinion in writing and without fee, when required, upon
74	any question of law relating to the office of the requester:
75	(i) in accordance with Section 67-5-1.1, to the Legislature or either house;
76	(ii) to any state officer, board, or commission; and
77	(iii) to any county attorney or district attorney;
78	(h) when required by the public service or directed by the governor, assist any county,
79	district, or city attorney in the discharge of county, district, or city attorney's duties;
80	(i) purchase in the name of the state, under the direction of the state Board of Examiners,
81	any property offered for sale under execution issued upon judgments in favor of or
82	for the use of the state, and enter satisfaction in whole or in part of the judgments as
83	the consideration of the purchases;
84	(j) when the property of a judgment debtor in any judgment mentioned in Subsection
85	(1)(i) has been sold under a prior judgment, or is subject to any judgment, lien, or
86	encumbrance taking precedence of the judgment in favor of the state, redeem the
87	property, under the direction of the state Board of Examiners, from the prior
88	judgment, lien, or encumbrance, and pay all money necessary for the redemption,
89	upon the order of the state Board of Examiners, out of any money appropriated for
90	these purposes;
91	(k) when in the attorney general's opinion it is necessary for the collection or
92	enforcement of any judgment, institute and prosecute on behalf of the state any action
93	or proceeding necessary to set aside and annul all conveyances fraudulently made by
94	the judgment debtors, and pay the cost necessary to the prosecution, when allowed by
95	the state Board of Examiners, out of any money not otherwise appropriated;
96	(1) discharge the duties of a member of all official boards of which the attorney general

97	is or may be made a member by the Utah Constitution or by the laws of the state, and
98	other duties prescribed by law;
99	(m) institute and prosecute proper proceedings in any court of the state or of the United
100	States to restrain and enjoin corporations organized under the laws of this or any
101	other state or territory from acting illegally or in excess of their corporate powers or
102	contrary to public policy, and in proper cases forfeit their corporate franchises,
103	dissolve the corporations, and wind up their affairs;
104	(n) institute investigations for the recovery of all real or personal property that may have
105	escheated or should escheat to the state, and for that purpose, subpoena any persons
106	before any of the district courts to answer inquiries and render accounts concerning
107	any property, examine all books and papers of any corporations, and when any real or
108	personal property is discovered that should escheat to the state, institute suit in the
109	district court of the county where the property is situated for its recovery, and escheat
110	that property to the state;
111	(o) administer the Children's Justice Center as a program to be implemented in various
112	counties pursuant to Sections 67-5b-101 through 67-5b-107;
113	(p) assist the Constitutional Defense Council as provided in Title 63C, Chapter 4a,
114	Constitutional and Federalism Defense Act;
115	(q) pursue any appropriate legal action to implement the state's public lands policy
116	established in Section 63C-4a-103;
117	(r) investigate and prosecute violations of all applicable state laws relating to fraud in
118	connection with the state Medicaid program and any other medical assistance
119	program administered by the state, including violations of Title 26B, Chapter 3, Part
120	11, Utah False Claims Act;
121	(s) investigate and prosecute complaints of abuse, neglect, or exploitation of patients:
122	(i) in health care facilities that receive payments under the state Medicaid program;
123	(ii) in board and care facilities, as defined in the federal Social Security Act, 42
124	U.S.C. Sec. 1396b(q)(4)(B), regardless of the source of payment to the board and
125	care facility; and
126	(iii) who are receiving medical assistance under the Medicaid program as defined in
127	Section 26B-3-101 in a noninstitutional or other setting;
128	(t)(i) report at least twice per year to the Legislative Management Committee on any
129	pending or anticipated lawsuits, other than eminent domain lawsuits, that might:
130	(A) cost the state more than \$500,000; or

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131	(B) require the state to take legally binding action that would cost more than
132	\$500,000 to implement; and
133	(ii) if the meeting is closed, include an estimate of the state's potential financial or
134	other legal exposure in that report;
135	(u)(i) submit a written report to the committees described in Subsection (1)(u)(ii) that
136	summarizes any lawsuit or decision in which a court or the Office of the Attorney
137	General has determined that a state statute is unconstitutional or unenforceable
138	since the attorney general's last report under this Subsection (1)(u), including any:
139	(A) settlements reached;
140	(B) consent decrees entered;
141	(C) judgments issued;
142	(D) preliminary injunctions issued;
143	(E) temporary restraining orders issued; or
144	(F) formal or informal policies of the Office of the Attorney General to not
145	enforce a law; and
146	(ii) at least 30 days before the Legislature's May and November interim meetings,
147	submit the report described in Subsection (1)(u)(i) to:
148	(A) the Legislative Management Committee;
149	(B) the Judiciary Interim Committee; and
150	(C) the Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice Interim Committee;
151	(v) if the attorney general operates the Office of the Attorney General or any portion of
152	the Office of the Attorney General as an internal service fund agency in accordance
153	with Section 67-5-4, submit to the rate committee established in Section 67-5-34:
154	(i) a proposed rate and fee schedule in accordance with Subsection 67-5-34(4); and
155	(ii) any other information or analysis requested by the rate committee;
156	(w) before the end of each calendar year, create an annual performance report for the
157	Office of the Attorney General and post the report on the attorney general's website;
158	(x) ensure that any training required under this chapter complies with Title 63G, Chapter
159	22, State Training and Certification Requirements;
160	(y) notify the legislative general counsel in writing within three business days after the
161	day on which the attorney general is officially notified of a claim, regardless of
162	whether the claim is filed in state or federal court, that challenges:
163	(i) the constitutionality of a state statute;
164	(ii) the validity of legislation; or

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165	(iii) any action of the Legislature;
166	(z)(i) notwithstanding Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code, provide a
167	special advisor to the Office of the Governor and the Office of the Attorney
168	General in matters relating to Native American and tribal issues to:
169	(A) establish outreach to the tribes and affected counties and communities; and
170	(B) foster better relations and a cooperative framework; and
171	(ii) annually report to the Executive Offices and Criminal Justice Appropriations
172	Subcommittee regarding:
173	(A) the status of the work of the special advisor described in Subsection $(1)(z)(i)$;
174	and
175	(B) whether the need remains for the ongoing appropriation to fund the special
176	advisor described in Subsection (1)(z)(i);[-and]
177	(aa)(i) enforce compliance with Title 63G, Chapter 31, Distinctions on the Basis of
178	Sex, in accordance with Section 63G-31-401; and
179	(ii) report to the Legislative Management Committee, upon request, regarding the
180	attorney general's enforcement under this Subsection (1)(aa)[-];
181	(bb) ensure compliance with Title 53B, Chapter 27, Part 6, Student Legal
182	Representation, by:
183	(i) establishing a process to track the number of complaints submitted by students;
184	(ii) pursuing civil action to enforce statutory protections; and
185	(iii) no later than November 1 each year, reporting to the Judiciary Interim
186	Committee regarding the attorney general's enforcement under this Subsection [
187	(1)(aa)] (1)(bb); and
188	(cc) investigate complaints of a violation of Section 77-7-27, impermissible law
189	enforcement quota prohibition, and report a substantiated violation to the State
190	Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice under Section 63M-7-218.
191	(2)(a) The attorney general may require a district attorney or county attorney of the state
192	to, upon request, report on the status of public business entrusted to the district or
193	county attorney's charge.
194	(b) The attorney general may review investigation results de novo and file criminal
195	charges, if warranted, in any case involving a first degree felony, if:
196	(i) a law enforcement agency submits investigation results to the county attorney or
197	district attorney of the jurisdiction where the incident occurred and the county
198	attorney or district attorney:

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199	(A) declines to file criminal charges; or
200	(B) fails to screen the case for criminal charges within six months after the law
201	enforcement agency's submission of the investigation results; and
202	(ii) after consultation with the county attorney or district attorney of the jurisdiction
203	where the incident occurred, the attorney general reasonably believes action by the
204	attorney general would not interfere with an ongoing investigation or prosecution
205	by the county attorney or district attorney of the jurisdiction where the incident
206	occurred.
207	(c) If the attorney general decides to conduct a review under Subsection (2)(b), the
208	district attorney, county attorney, and law enforcement agency shall, within 14 days
209	after the day on which the attorney general makes a request, provide the attorney
210	general with:
211	(i) all information relating to the investigation, including all reports, witness lists,
212	witness statements, and other documents created or collected in relation to the
213	investigation;
214	(ii) all recordings, photographs, and other physical or digital media created or
215	collected in relation to the investigation;
216	(iii) access to all evidence gathered or collected in relation to the investigation; and
217	(iv) the identification of, and access to, all officers or other persons who have
218	information relating to the investigation.
219	(d) If a district attorney, county attorney, or law enforcement agency fails to timely
220	comply with Subsection (2)(c), the attorney general may seek a court order
221	compelling compliance.
222	(e) If the attorney general seeks a court order under Subsection (2)(d), the court shall
223	grant the order unless the district attorney, county attorney, or law enforcement
224	agency shows good cause and a compelling interest for not complying with
225	Subsection (2)(c).
226	(3) The attorney general:
227	(a) is a full-time employee of the state; and
228	(b) may not engage in the private practice of law.
229	Section 3. Section 77-7-27 is amended to read:
230	77-7-27. Impermissible law enforcement quota prohibition.
231	(1) As used in this section:
232	(a)(i) "Impermissible quota" means any requirement or minimum standard regarding

233	the number or percentage of citations made by a law enforcement officer.
234	(ii) "Impermissible quota" does not include targeted overtime shifts for which the law
235	enforcement agency receives grant money or other reimbursement.
236	(b) "Law enforcement agency" means an entity of the state, or a political subdivision of
237	the state, that exists primarily to prevent and detect crime and enforce criminal laws,
238	statutes, or ordinances.
239	[(b) "Law enforcement quota" means any requirement or minimum standard regarding
240	the number or percentage of citations or arrests made by a law enforcement officer.]
241	(2) A political subdivision or law enforcement agency employing a peace officer may not:
242	(a) require or direct that a peace officer meet [a law enforcement] an impermissible quota:
243	(b) evaluate, promote, compensate, reward, or discipline a peace officer on the basis of
244	an impermissible quota; or
245	(c) transfer a peace officer from an employment assignment on the basis of an
246	impermissible quota.
247	(3) Subsection (2) does not prohibit a political subdivision or law enforcement agency from
248	including a peace officer's engagement with the community or enforcement activity.
249	including a metric based on the peace officer's interactions with members of the
250	community, as part of an overall determination of the peace officer's performance.
251	(4) The attorney general shall investigate an alleged violation of this section in accordance
252	with Section 67-5-1.
253	Section 4. Effective Date.
254	This bill takes effect on May 7, 2025.