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Ethylene Oxide Litigation Amendments

2025 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Kirk A. Cullimore

House Sponsor: Jordan D. Teuscher

LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill creates a civil cause of action for ethylene oxide exposure.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
 creates an exclusive, civil cause of action for ethylene oxide exposure;
 provides immunity from suit to individuals or businesses in the healthcare industry in
relation to the use of ethylene oxide, with limited exceptions;
 provides requirements and procedures for claims and pleadings;
 provides that the enacted chapter is the exclusive remedy for ethylene oxide exposure
actions;
 provides transitional language;
 provides that the enacted chapter supercedes other personal injury or related laws; and
provides that the enacted chapter does not affect workers' compensation claims or
programs.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
Utah Code Sections Affected:
ENACTS:
78B-3-1201 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
78B-3-1202, Utah Code Annotated 1953
78B-3-1203, Utah Code Annotated 1953
78B-3-1204 , Utah Code Annotated 1953

31	CHAPTER 12. ETHYLENE OXIDE EXPOSURE AMENDMENTS
32	<u>78B-3-1201</u> . Definitions.
33	As used in this part:
34	(1)(a) "Healthcare industry" means the economic sector composed of entities,
35	organizations, services, individuals, and professionals involved in providing medical
36	care and support to individuals, including maintaining and improving public health,
37	diagnosing and treating diseases, and promoting the well-being of individuals.
38	(b) "Healthcare industry" includes the manufacturing, sales and distribution,
39	sterilization, storage, and transportation of medical devices.
40	(2) <u>"State law" includes:</u>
41	(a) statutes;
42	(b) regulations;
43	(c) rules; and
44	(d) standards that are enacted, promulgated, or established under common law.
45	Section 2. Section 78B-3-1202 is enacted to read:
46	78B-3-1202 . Requirements for liability for exposure to ethylene oxide
47	Limitation on liability.
48	Notwithstanding any other provision of law, and except as otherwise provided in this
49	part, no person engaged in business in the healthcare industry shall be liable in any ethylene
50	oxide exposure action unless the plaintiff can prove by clear and convincing evidence that:
51	(1) in engaging in the business, the person was not in substantial compliance and was not
52	making reasonable efforts in light of all the circumstances to be in substantial
53	compliance with the applicable United States government laws, regulations, or standards
54	related to ethylene oxide in effect at the time of the actual, alleged, feared, or potential
55	exposure to ethylene oxide;
56	(2) the person engaged in gross negligence or willful misconduct that caused an actual
57	exposure to ethylene oxide; and
58	(3) the actual exposure to ethylene oxide was the direct and proximate cause of the personal
59	injury of the plaintiff.
60	Section 3. Section 78B-3-1203 is enacted to read:
61	<u>78B-3-1203</u> . Claim procedures Pleading requirements.
62	In any ethylene oxide-related action:
63	(1) the complaint shall:
64	(a) plead each element of the plaintiff's claim with particularity; and

65	(b) plead each alleged act or omission constituting gross negligence or willful
66	misconduct that resulted in personal injury, harm, damage, breach, or tort with
67	particularity;
68	(2) if monetary damages are requested, a plaintiff shall file with the complaint a statement
69	of specific information as to the nature and amount of each element of damages and the
70	factual basis for the damages calculation; and
71	(3) if a claim is asserted on which the plaintiff may prevail only on proof that the defendant
72	acted with a particular state of mind, a plaintiff shall file with the complaint, with
73	respect to each element of that claim, a statement of the facts giving rise to a strong
74	inference that the defendant acted with the required state of mind.
75	Section 4. Section 78B-3-1204 is enacted to read:
76	78B-3-1204 . Application and preemption Exclusive cause of action
77	Transition clause Preemption of other law Workers' compensation applicability not
78	affected.
79	(1) This part creates an exclusive cause of action for ethylene oxide exposure actions.
80	(2) A plaintiff may prevail in an ethylene oxide exposure action only in accordance with the
81	requirements of this part.
82	(3) The provisions of this part apply to:
83	(a) any cause of action that is an ethylene oxide exposure action filed before May 7,
84	2025, and that is pending as of that date; and
85	(b) any ethylene oxide exposure action filed on or after May 7, 2025.
86	(4) This part preempts and supersedes any state law that is related to recovery for personal
87	injuries caused by actual, alleged, feared, or potential exposure to ethylene oxide.
88	(5) Nothing in this part shall be construed to affect the applicability of any state law
89	providing for a workers' compensation scheme or program, or to preempt or supersede
90	an exclusive remedy or defense under such scheme or program.
91	Section 5. Effective Date.

92 <u>This bill takes effect on May 7, 2025.</u>