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## **Higher Education Hiring Amendments**

## 2025 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Chris H. Wilson

House Sponsor: 2 3 **LONG TITLE** 4 **General Description:** 5 This bill amends provisions regarding the hiring process of an institution of higher 6 education president. **Highlighted Provisions:** 7 8 This bill: 9 • expands the duties of a search committee for an institution of higher education president; requires a search committee to: 10 11 • protect candidate confidentiality, including by meeting in closed executive sessions; 12 and 13 • recommend a single finalist to the Utah Board of Higher Education (board); 14 maintains all presidential application materials as protected records; 15 requires an open and public meeting of the board for final hiring action of a president; and 16 makes technical and conforming changes. **Money Appropriated in this Bill:** 17 18 None 19 **Other Special Clauses:** 20 This bill provides a special effective date. 21 **Utah Code Sections Affected:** 22 AMENDS: 23 **53B-1-402**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 144, 378 24 **53B-2-102**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 254 25 **63G-2-305**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 18, 101, 135, 267, 344, and 26 522

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- Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
- Section 1. Section **53B-1-402** is amended to read:
- 53B-1-402. Establishment of board -- Powers, duties, and authority -- Reports.

31	(1)(a) There is established the Utah Board of Higher Education, which:
32	(i) is the governing board for the institutions of higher education; and
33	(ii) controls, oversees, and regulates the Utah System of Higher Education in a
34	manner consistent with the purpose of this title and the specific powers and
35	responsibilities granted to the board.
36	(b)(i) The University of Utah shall provide administrative support for the board.
37	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(b)(i), the board shall maintain the board's
38	independence, including in relation to the powers and responsibilities granted to
39	the board.
40	(2) The board shall:
41	(a) establish and promote a state-level vision and goals for higher education that
42	emphasize data-driven retrospective and prospective system priorities, including:
43	(i) quality;
44	(ii) affordability;
45	(iii) access and equity;
46	(iv) completion;
47	(v) workforce alignment and preparation for high-quality jobs; and
48	(vi) economic growth;
49	(b) establish system policies and practices that advance the vision and goals;
50	(c) establish metrics to demonstrate and monitor:
51	(i) performance related to the goals; and
52	(ii) performance on measures of operational efficiency;
53	(d) collect and analyze data including economic data, demographic data, and data related
54	to the metrics;
55	(e) govern data quality and collection across institutions;
56	(f) establish, approve, and oversee each institution's mission and role in accordance with
57	Section 53B-16-101;
58	(g) assess an institution's performance in accomplishing the institution's mission and role;
59	(h) participate in the establishment and review of programs of instruction in accordance
60	with Section 53B-16-102;
61	(i) perform the following duties related to an institution of higher education president,
62	including:
63	(i) hiring an institution of higher education president in accordance with Section
64	53B-2-102:

65	(ii) through the commissioner and the board's executive committee:
66	(A) providing support and guidance to an institution of higher education president;
67	and
68	(B) evaluating an institution of higher education president based on institution
69	performance and progress toward systemwide priorities;
70	(iii) setting the terms of employment for an institution of higher education president,
71	including performance-based compensation, through an employment contract or
72	another method of establishing employment; and
73	(iv) establishing, through a [public] private process, a statewide succession plan to
74	develop potential institution presidents from within the system;
75	(j) create and implement a strategic finance plan for higher education, including by:
76	(i) establishing comprehensive budget and finance priorities for academic education
77	and technical education;
78	(ii) allocating statewide resources to institutions;
79	(iii) setting tuition for each institution;
80	(iv) administering state financial aid programs;
81	(v) administering performance funding in accordance with Chapter 7, Part 7,
82	Performance Funding; and
83	(vi) developing a strategic capital facility plan and prioritization process in
84	accordance with Chapter 22, Part 2, Capital Developments, and Sections
85	53B-2a-117 and 53B-2a-118;
86	(k) create and annually report to the Higher Education Appropriations Subcommittee on
87	a seamless articulated education system for Utah students that responds to changing
88	demographics and workforce, including by:
89	(i) providing for statewide prior learning assessment, in accordance with Section
90	53B-16-110;
91	(ii) establishing and maintaining clear pathways for articulation and transfer, in
92	accordance with Section 53B-16-105;
93	(iii) establishing degree program requirement guidelines, including credit hour limits;
94	(iv) aligning general education requirements across degree-granting institutions;
95	(v) coordinating and incentivizing collaboration and partnerships between institutions
96	in delivering programs;
97	(vi) coordinating distance delivery of programs;
98	(vii) coordinating work-based learning; and

S.B. 282 02-14 10:04

99	(viii) emphasizing the system priorities and metrics described in Subsections (2)(a)
100	and (c);
101	(l) coordinate with the public education system:
102	(i) regarding public education programs that provide postsecondary credit or
103	certificates; and
104	(ii) to ensure that an institution of higher education providing technical education
105	serves secondary students in the public education system;
106	(m) delegate to an institution board of trustees certain duties related to institution
107	governance including:
108	(i) guidance and support for the institution president;
109	(ii) effective administration;
110	(iii) the institution's responsibility for contributing to progress toward achieving
111	systemwide goals; and
112	(iv) other responsibilities determined by the board;
113	(n) delegate to an institution of higher education president management of the institution
114	of higher education;
115	(o) consult with an institution of higher education board of trustees or institution of
116	higher education president before acting on matters pertaining to the institution of
117	higher education;
118	(p) maximize efficiency throughout the Utah System of Higher Education by identifying
119	and establishing shared administrative services, beginning with:
120	(i) commercialization;
121	(ii) services for compliance with Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, 20
122	U.S.C. Sec. 1681 et seq.;
123	(iii) information technology services; and
124	(iv) human resources, payroll, and benefits administration;
125	(q) develop strategies for providing higher education, including career and technical
126	education, in rural areas;
127	(r) manage and facilitate a process for initiating, prioritizing, and implementing
128	education reform initiatives, beginning with common applications and direct
129	admissions;
130	(s) provide ongoing quality review of programs;
131	(t) before each annual legislative general session, provide to the Higher Education
132	Appropriations Subcommittee a prioritization of all projects and proposals for which

133	the board or an institution of higher education seeks an appropriation; and	
134	(u) coordinate with the Department of Corrections to establish educational programs	for
135	inmates as described in Section 64-13-6.	
136	(3) The board shall submit an annual report of the board's activities and performance	
137	against the board's goals and metrics to:	
138	(a) the Education Interim Committee;	
139	(b) the Higher Education Appropriations Subcommittee;	
140	(c) the governor; and	
141	(d) each institution of higher education.	
142	(4) The board shall prepare and submit an annual report detailing the board's progress and	ŀ
143	recommendations on workforce related issues, including career and technical education	n,
144	to the governor and to the Education Interim Committee by October 31 of each year,	
145	including information detailing:	
146	(a) how institutions of higher education are meeting the career and technical education	n
147	needs of secondary students;	
148	(b) how the system emphasized high demand, high wage, and high skill jobs in busin	ess
149	and industry;	
150	(c) performance outcomes, including:	
151	(i) entered employment;	
152	(ii) job retention; and	
153	(iii) earnings;	
154	(d) an analysis of workforce needs and efforts to meet workforce needs; and	
155	(e) student tuition and fees.	
156	(5) The board may modify the name of an institution of higher education to reflect the rol	le
157	and general course of study of the institution.	
158	(6) The board may not take action relating to merging a technical college with another	
159	institution of higher education without legislative approval.	
160	(7) This section does not affect the power and authority vested in the State Board of	
161	Education to apply for, accept, and manage federal appropriations for the establishme	nt
162	and maintenance of career and technical education.	
163	(8) The board shall ensure that any training or certification that an employee of the higher	r
164	education system is required to complete under this title or by board rule complies with	th
165	Title 63G, Chapter 22, State Training and Certification Requirements.	
166	(9) The board shall demonstrate compliance with Subsection (2)(p) by providing to the	

167	Higher Education Appropriations Subcommittee:
168	(a) on or before October 1, 2024, evidence of implementation of at least one shared
169	administrative service;
170	(b) on or before October 1, 2025, evidence of implementation of at least two shared
171	administrative services; and
172	(c) on or before October 1, 2026, evidence of implementation of at least three shared
173	administrative services.
174	(10) If the Higher Education Appropriations Subcommittee finds the board to be out of
175	compliance with Subsection (9), the Legislature shall:
176	(a) deduct 10% of the appropriation described in Section 53B-7-703 for the following
177	fiscal year; and
178	(b) deduct an additional 10% of the appropriation described in Section 53B-7-703 for
179	each subsequent year of noncompliance up to a maximum deduction of 30%.
180	Section 2. Section <b>53B-2-102</b> is amended to read:
181	53B-2-102. Appointment of institution of higher education presidents.
182	(1) As used in this section:
183	(a) "Institution of higher education" means:
184	(i) a degree-granting institution; or
185	(ii) a technical college.
186	(b) "President" means the president of an institution of higher education.
187	(c) "Search committee" means a committee that selects finalists for a position as an
188	institution of higher education president.
189	(2) The board shall appoint a president for each institution of higher education.
190	(3) [An institution of higher education] A president serves in accordance with the terms of
191	employment that the board establishes as described in Section 53B-1-402.
192	(4)(a)(i) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(a)(ii), to appoint [an institution of
193	higher education] a president, the board shall establish a search committee that
194	includes representatives of faculty, staff, students, the institution of higher
195	education board of trustees, alumni, the outgoing [institution of higher education ]
196	president's executive council or cabinet, and the board.
197	(ii) The board may delegate the authority to appoint the search committee [described
198	in Subsection (4)(a)(i)-]to an institution of higher education board of trustees.
199	(iii) The commissioner shall provide staff support to a search committee.
200	(b)(i) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b)(ii), [a search committee shall be

201	cochaired by ]a member of the board and a member of the institution of higher
202	education board of trustees shall cochair a search committee.
203	(ii) The board may delegate the authority to chair a search committee to the
204	institution of higher education board trustees.
205	(c) A search committee [described in Subsection (4)(a) shall forward three to five
206	finalists] shall:
207	(i) respect and protect candidate confidentiality; and
208	(ii) through closed executive sessions:
209	(A) review prospective candidates; and
210	(B) forward one finalist to the board to consider for a position as [an institution of
211	higher education] a president.
212	(d) A search committee may not forward an individual to the board as a finalist unless [
213	two-thirds] a majority of the search committee members, as verified by the
214	commissioner, find the individual to be qualified and likely to succeed as [an
215	institution of higher education] a president.
216	(5)(a) The board shall select an institution of higher education president [from among
217	the finalists presented by ] whom a search committee presents to the board under
218	Subsections $(4)(c)$ and $(5)(b)$ .
219	(b) If the board is not satisfied with [the finalists forwarded by a] the finalist the search
220	committee presents to the board, the board may direct the search committee to
221	resume the search process until the search committee [has forwarded three finalists
222	with whom the board is satisfied] presents a finalist whom the board approves.
223	(6) The board, through the commissioner, shall:
224	(a) create a comprehensive, active recruiting plan to ensure a strong, diverse pool of
225	potential candidates for [institution of higher education-]presidents; and
226	(b) review, in a closed executive session, individuals from within the system whose
227	candidacy may be considered for future applicant pools in relation to the succession
228	plan described in Section 53B-1-402.
229	(7)[(a) Except as provided in Subsection $(7)(b)$ , a] A record or information gathered or
230	generated during the search process, including a candidate's application and the
231	search committee's deliberations, is confidential and is a protected record under
232	Section 63G-2-305.
233	[(b) Application materials for a publicly named finalist described in Subsection (5)(a)
234	are not protected records under Section 63G-2-305.]

235	(8) The board shall take final hiring action of a president in an open and public board
236	meeting.
237	Section 3. Section <b>63G-2-305</b> is amended to read:
238	63G-2-305. Protected records.
239	The following records are protected if properly classified by a governmental entity:
240	(1) trade secrets as defined in Section 13-24-2 if the person submitting the trade secret has
241	provided the governmental entity with the information specified in Section 63G-2-309;
242	(2) commercial information or nonindividual financial information obtained from a person
243	if:
244	(a) disclosure of the information could reasonably be expected to result in unfair
245	competitive injury to the person submitting the information or would impair the
246	ability of the governmental entity to obtain necessary information in the future;
247	(b) the person submitting the information has a greater interest in prohibiting access than
248	the public in obtaining access; and
249	(c) the person submitting the information has provided the governmental entity with the
250	information specified in Section 63G-2-309;
251	(3) commercial or financial information acquired or prepared by a governmental entity to
252	the extent that disclosure would lead to financial speculations in currencies, securities, or
253	commodities that will interfere with a planned transaction by the governmental entity or
254	cause substantial financial injury to the governmental entity or state economy;
255	(4) records, the disclosure of which could cause commercial injury to, or confer a
256	competitive advantage upon a potential or actual competitor of, a commercial project
257	entity as defined in Subsection 11-13-103(4);
258	(5) test questions and answers to be used in future license, certification, registration,
259	employment, or academic examinations;
260	(6) records, the disclosure of which would impair governmental procurement proceedings
261	or give an unfair advantage to any person proposing to enter into a contract or agreement
262	with a governmental entity, except, subject to Subsections (1) and (2), that this
263	Subsection (6) does not restrict the right of a person to have access to, after the contract
264	or grant has been awarded and signed by all parties:
265	(a) a bid, proposal, application, or other information submitted to or by a governmental
266	entity in response to:
267	(i) an invitation for bids;
268	(ii) a request for proposals;

269	(iii) a request for quotes;
270	(iv) a grant; or
271	(v) other similar document; or
272	(b) an unsolicited proposal, as defined in Section 63G-6a-712;
273	(7) information submitted to or by a governmental entity in response to a request for
274	information, except, subject to Subsections (1) and (2), that this Subsection (7) does not
275	restrict the right of a person to have access to the information, after:
276	(a) a contract directly relating to the subject of the request for information has been
277	awarded and signed by all parties; or
278	(b)(i) a final determination is made not to enter into a contract that relates to the
279	subject of the request for information; and
280	(ii) at least two years have passed after the day on which the request for information
281	is issued;
282	(8) records that would identify real property or the appraisal or estimated value of real or
283	personal property, including intellectual property, under consideration for public
284	acquisition before any rights to the property are acquired unless:
285	(a) public interest in obtaining access to the information is greater than or equal to the
286	governmental entity's need to acquire the property on the best terms possible;
287	(b) the information has already been disclosed to persons not employed by or under a
288	duty of confidentiality to the entity;
289	(c) in the case of records that would identify property, potential sellers of the described
290	property have already learned of the governmental entity's plans to acquire the
291	property;
292	(d) in the case of records that would identify the appraisal or estimated value of
293	property, the potential sellers have already learned of the governmental entity's
294	estimated value of the property; or
295	(e) the property under consideration for public acquisition is a single family residence
296	and the governmental entity seeking to acquire the property has initiated negotiations
297	to acquire the property as required under Section 78B-6-505;
298	(9) records prepared in contemplation of sale, exchange, lease, rental, or other compensated
299	transaction of real or personal property including intellectual property, which, if
300	disclosed prior to completion of the transaction, would reveal the appraisal or estimated
301	value of the subject property, unless:
302	(a) the public interest in access is greater than or equal to the interests in restricting

303 access, including the governmental entity's interest in maximizing the financial 304 benefit of the transaction; or 305 (b) when prepared by or on behalf of a governmental entity, appraisals or estimates of 306 the value of the subject property have already been disclosed to persons not 307 employed by or under a duty of confidentiality to the entity; 308 (10) records created or maintained for civil, criminal, or administrative enforcement 309 purposes or audit purposes, or for discipline, licensing, certification, or registration 310 purposes, if release of the records: 311 (a) reasonably could be expected to interfere with investigations undertaken for 312 enforcement, discipline, licensing, certification, or registration purposes; 313 (b) reasonably could be expected to interfere with audits, disciplinary, or enforcement 314 proceedings; 315 (c) would create a danger of depriving a person of a right to a fair trial or impartial 316 hearing; 317 (d) reasonably could be expected to disclose the identity of a source who is not generally 318 known outside of government and, in the case of a record compiled in the course of 319 an investigation, disclose information furnished by a source not generally known 320 outside of government if disclosure would compromise the source; or 321 (e) reasonably could be expected to disclose investigative or audit techniques, 322 procedures, policies, or orders not generally known outside of government if 323 disclosure would interfere with enforcement or audit efforts; 324 (11) records the disclosure of which would jeopardize the life or safety of an individual; 325 (12) records the disclosure of which would jeopardize the security of governmental 326 property, governmental programs, or governmental recordkeeping systems from 327 damage, theft, or other appropriation or use contrary to law or public policy; 328 (13) records that, if disclosed, would jeopardize the security or safety of a correctional 329 facility, or records relating to incarceration, treatment, probation, or parole, that would 330 interfere with the control and supervision of an offender's incarceration, treatment, 331 probation, or parole; 332 (14) records that, if disclosed, would reveal recommendations made to the Board of 333 Pardons and Parole by an employee of or contractor for the Department of Corrections, 334 the Board of Pardons and Parole, or the Department of Health and Human Services that 335 are based on the employee's or contractor's supervision, diagnosis, or treatment of any 336 person within the board's jurisdiction;

337	(15) records and audit workpapers that identify audit, collection, and operational procedures
338	and methods used by the State Tax Commission, if disclosure would interfere with
339	audits or collections;
340	(16) records of a governmental audit agency relating to an ongoing or planned audit until
341	the final audit is released;
342	(17) records that are subject to the attorney client privilege;
343	(18) records prepared for or by an attorney, consultant, surety, indemnitor, insurer,
344	employee, or agent of a governmental entity for, or in anticipation of, litigation or a
345	judicial, quasi-judicial, or administrative proceeding;
346	(19)(a)(i) personal files of a state legislator, including personal correspondence to or
347	from a member of the Legislature; and
348	(ii) notwithstanding Subsection (19)(a)(i), correspondence that gives notice of
349	legislative action or policy may not be classified as protected under this section;
350	and
351	(b)(i) an internal communication that is part of the deliberative process in connection
352	with the preparation of legislation between:
353	(A) members of a legislative body;
354	(B) a member of a legislative body and a member of the legislative body's staff; or
355	(C) members of a legislative body's staff; and
356	(ii) notwithstanding Subsection (19)(b)(i), a communication that gives notice of
357	legislative action or policy may not be classified as protected under this section;
358	(20)(a) records in the custody or control of the Office of Legislative Research and
359	General Counsel, that, if disclosed, would reveal a particular legislator's
360	contemplated legislation or contemplated course of action before the legislator has
361	elected to support the legislation or course of action, or made the legislation or course
362	of action public; and
363	(b) notwithstanding Subsection (20)(a), the form to request legislation submitted to the
364	Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel is a public document unless a
365	legislator asks that the records requesting the legislation be maintained as protected
366	records until such time as the legislator elects to make the legislation or course of
367	action public;
368	(21) a research request from a legislator to a legislative staff member and research findings
369	prepared in response to the request;
370	(22) drafts, unless otherwise classified as public;

371 (23) records concerning a governmental entity's strategy about: 372 (a) collective bargaining; or 373 (b) imminent or pending litigation; 374 (24) records of investigations of loss occurrences and analyses of loss occurrences that may 375 be covered by the Risk Management Fund, the Employers' Reinsurance Fund, the 376 Uninsured Employers' Fund, or similar divisions in other governmental entities; 377 (25) records, other than personnel evaluations, that contain a personal recommendation 378 concerning an individual if disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion 379 of personal privacy, or disclosure is not in the public interest; 380 (26) records that reveal the location of historic, prehistoric, paleontological, or biological 381 resources that if known would jeopardize the security of those resources or of valuable 382 historic, scientific, educational, or cultural information; 383 (27) records of independent state agencies if the disclosure of the records would conflict 384 with the fiduciary obligations of the agency; 385 (28) records of an institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section 386 53B-1-102 regarding tenure evaluations, appointments, applications for admissions, 387 retention decisions, and promotions, which could be properly discussed in a meeting 388 closed in accordance with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act, provided 389 that records of the final decisions about tenure, appointments, retention, promotions, or 390 those students admitted, may not be classified as protected under this section; 391 (29) records of the governor's office, including budget recommendations, legislative 392 proposals, and policy statements, that if disclosed would reveal the governor's 393 contemplated policies or contemplated courses of action before the governor has 394 implemented or rejected those policies or courses of action or made them public; 395 (30) records of the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst relating to budget analysis, 396 revenue estimates, and fiscal notes of proposed legislation before issuance of the final 397 recommendations in these areas: 398 (31) records provided by the United States or by a government entity outside the state that 399 are given to the governmental entity with a requirement that they be managed as 400 protected records if the providing entity certifies that the record would not be subject to 401 public disclosure if retained by it; 402 (32) transcripts, minutes, recordings, or reports of the closed portion of a meeting of a 403 public body except as provided in Section 52-4-206;

(33) records that would reveal the contents of settlement negotiations but not including final

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405 settlements or empirical data to the extent that they are not otherwise exempt from 406 disclosure; 407 (34) memoranda prepared by staff and used in the decision-making process by an 408 administrative law judge, a member of the Board of Pardons and Parole, or a member of 409 any other body charged by law with performing a quasi-judicial function; 410 (35) records that would reveal negotiations regarding assistance or incentives offered by or 411 requested from a governmental entity for the purpose of encouraging a person to expand 412 or locate a business in Utah, but only if disclosure would result in actual economic harm 413 to the person or place the governmental entity at a competitive disadvantage, but this 414 section may not be used to restrict access to a record evidencing a final contract; 415 (36) materials to which access must be limited for purposes of securing or maintaining the 416 governmental entity's proprietary protection of intellectual property rights including 417 patents, copyrights, and trade secrets; 418 (37) the name of a donor or a prospective donor to a governmental entity, including an 419 institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section 53B-1-102, and 420 other information concerning the donation that could reasonably be expected to reveal 421 the identity of the donor, provided that: 422 (a) the donor requests anonymity in writing; 423 (b) any terms, conditions, restrictions, or privileges relating to the donation may not be 424 classified protected by the governmental entity under this Subsection (37); and 425 (c) except for an institution within the state system of higher education defined in 426 Section 53B-1-102, the governmental unit to which the donation is made is primarily 427 engaged in educational, charitable, or artistic endeavors, and has no regulatory or 428 legislative authority over the donor, a member of the donor's immediate family, or 429 any entity owned or controlled by the donor or the donor's immediate family; 430 (38) accident reports, except as provided in Sections 41-6a-404, 41-12a-202, and 73-18-13; 431 (39) a notification of workers' compensation insurance coverage described in Section 432 34A-2-205; 433 (40)(a) the following records of an institution within the state system of higher education 434 defined in Section 53B-1-102, which have been developed, discovered, disclosed to, 435 or received by or on behalf of faculty, staff, employees, or students of the institution: 436 (i) unpublished lecture notes; 437 (ii) unpublished notes, data, and information: 438 (A) relating to research; and

439	(B) of:
440	(I) the institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section
441	53B-1-102; or
442	(II) a sponsor of sponsored research;
443	(iii) unpublished manuscripts;
444	(iv) creative works in process;
445	(v) scholarly correspondence; and
446	(vi) confidential information contained in research proposals;
447	(b) Subsection (40)(a) may not be construed to prohibit disclosure of public information
448	required pursuant to Subsection 53B-16-302(2)(a) or (b); and
449	(c) Subsection (40)(a) may not be construed to affect the ownership of a record;
450	(41)(a) records in the custody or control of the Office of the Legislative Auditor General
451	that would reveal the name of a particular legislator who requests a legislative audit
452	prior to the date that audit is completed and made public; and
453	(b) notwithstanding Subsection (41)(a), a request for a legislative audit submitted to the
454	Office of the Legislative Auditor General is a public document unless the legislator
455	asks that the records in the custody or control of the Office of the Legislative Auditor
456	General that would reveal the name of a particular legislator who requests a
457	legislative audit be maintained as protected records until the audit is completed and
458	made public;
459	(42) records that provide detail as to the location of an explosive, including a map or other
460	document that indicates the location of:
461	(a) a production facility; or
462	(b) a magazine;
463	(43) information contained in the statewide database of the Division of Aging and Adult
464	Services created by Section 26B-6-210;
465	(44) information contained in the Licensing Information System described in Title 80,
466	Chapter 2, Child Welfare Services;
467	(45) information regarding National Guard operations or activities in support of the
468	National Guard's federal mission;
469	(46) records provided by any pawn or secondhand business to a law enforcement agency or
470	to the central database in compliance with Title 13, Chapter 32a, Pawnshop, Secondhand
471	Merchandise, and Catalytic Converter Transaction Information Act;
472	(47) information regarding food security, risk, and vulnerability assessments performed by

4/3	the Department of Agriculture and Food;
474	(48) except to the extent that the record is exempt from this chapter pursuant to Section
475	63G-2-106, records related to an emergency plan or program, a copy of which is
476	provided to or prepared or maintained by the Division of Emergency Management, and
477	the disclosure of which would jeopardize:
478	(a) the safety of the general public; or
479	(b) the security of:
480	(i) governmental property;
481	(ii) governmental programs; or
482	(iii) the property of a private person who provides the Division of Emergency
483	Management information;
484	(49) records of the Department of Agriculture and Food that provides for the identification,
485	tracing, or control of livestock diseases, including any program established under Title
486	4, Chapter 24, Utah Livestock Brand and Anti-Theft Act, or Title 4, Chapter 31, Control
487	of Animal Disease;
488	(50) as provided in Section 26B-2-709:
489	(a) information or records held by the Department of Health and Human Services related
490	to a complaint regarding a provider, program, or facility which the department is
491	unable to substantiate; and
492	(b) information or records related to a complaint received by the Department of Health
493	and Human Services from an anonymous complainant regarding a provider, program
494	or facility;
495	(51) unless otherwise classified as public under Section 63G-2-301 and except as provided
496	under Section 41-1a-116, an individual's home address, home telephone number, or
497	personal mobile phone number, if:
498	(a) the individual is required to provide the information in order to comply with a law,
499	ordinance, rule, or order of a government entity; and
500	(b) the subject of the record has a reasonable expectation that this information will be
501	kept confidential due to:
502	(i) the nature of the law, ordinance, rule, or order; and
503	(ii) the individual complying with the law, ordinance, rule, or order;
504	(52) the portion of the following documents that contains a candidate's residential or
505	mailing address, if the candidate provides to the filing officer another address or phone
506	number where the candidate may be contacted:

507	(a) a declaration of candidacy, a nomination petition, or a certificate of nomination,
508	described in Section 20A-9-201, 20A-9-202, 20A-9-203, 20A-9-404, 20A-9-405,
509	20A-9-408, 20A-9-408.5, 20A-9-502, or 20A-9-601;
510	(b) an affidavit of impecuniosity, described in Section 20A-9-201; or
511	(c) a notice of intent to gather signatures for candidacy, described in Section 20A-9-408;
512	(53) the name, home address, work addresses, and telephone numbers of an individual that
513	is engaged in, or that provides goods or services for, medical or scientific research that is
514	(a) conducted within the state system of higher education, as defined in Section
515	53B-1-102; and
516	(b) conducted using animals;
517	(54) in accordance with Section 78A-12-203, any record of the Judicial Performance
518	Evaluation Commission concerning an individual commissioner's vote, in relation to
519	whether a judge meets or exceeds minimum performance standards under Subsection
520	78A-12-203(4), and information disclosed under Subsection 78A-12-203(5)(e);
521	(55) information collected and a report prepared by the Judicial Performance Evaluation
522	Commission concerning a judge, unless Section 20A-7-702 or Title 78A, Chapter 12,
523	Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission Act, requires disclosure of, or makes
524	public, the information or report;
525	(56) records provided or received by the Public Lands Policy Coordinating Office in
526	furtherance of any contract or other agreement made in accordance with Section
527	63L-11-202;
528	(57) information requested by and provided to the 911 Division under Section 63H-7a-302;
529	(58) in accordance with Section 73-10-33:
530	(a) a management plan for a water conveyance facility in the possession of the Division
531	of Water Resources or the Board of Water Resources; or
532	(b) an outline of an emergency response plan in possession of the state or a county or
533	municipality;
534	(59) the following records in the custody or control of the Office of Inspector General of
535	Medicaid Services, created in Section 63A-13-201:
536	(a) records that would disclose information relating to allegations of personal
537	misconduct, gross mismanagement, or illegal activity of a person if the information
538	or allegation cannot be corroborated by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid
539	Services through other documents or evidence, and the records relating to the
540	allegation are not relied upon by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid

541	Services in preparing a final investigation report or final audit report;
542	(b) records and audit workpapers to the extent they would disclose the identity of a
543	person who, during the course of an investigation or audit, communicated the
544	existence of any Medicaid fraud, waste, or abuse, or a violation or suspected
545	violation of a law, rule, or regulation adopted under the laws of this state, a political
546	subdivision of the state, or any recognized entity of the United States, if the
547	information was disclosed on the condition that the identity of the person be
548	protected;
549	(c) before the time that an investigation or audit is completed and the final investigation
550	or final audit report is released, records or drafts circulated to a person who is not an
551	employee or head of a governmental entity for the person's response or information;
552	(d) records that would disclose an outline or part of any investigation, audit survey plan,
553	or audit program; or
554	(e) requests for an investigation or audit, if disclosure would risk circumvention of an
555	investigation or audit;
556	(60) records that reveal methods used by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid
557	Services, the fraud unit, or the Department of Health and Human Services, to discover
558	Medicaid fraud, waste, or abuse;
559	(61) information provided to the Department of Health and Human Services or the Division
560	of Professional Licensing under Subsections 58-67-304(3) and (4) and Subsections
561	58-68-304(3) and (4);
562	(62) a record described in Section 63G-12-210;
563	(63) captured plate data that is obtained through an automatic license plate reader system
564	used by a governmental entity as authorized in Section 41-6a-2003;
565	(64) an audio or video recording created by a body-worn camera, as that term is defined in
566	Section 77-7a-103, that records sound or images inside a hospital or health care facility
567	as those terms are defined in Section 78B-3-403, inside a clinic of a health care provider,
568	as that term is defined in Section 78B-3-403, or inside a human service program as that
569	term is defined in Section 26B-2-101, except for recordings that:
570	(a) depict the commission of an alleged crime;
571	(b) record any encounter between a law enforcement officer and a person that results in
572	death or bodily injury, or includes an instance when an officer fires a weapon;
573	(c) record any encounter that is the subject of a complaint or a legal proceeding against a
574	law enforcement officer or law enforcement agency;

575	(d) contain an officer involved critical incident as defined in Subsection 76-2-408(1)(f);
576	or
577	(e) have been requested for reclassification as a public record by a subject or authorized
578	agent of a subject featured in the recording;
579	(65) a record pertaining to the search process for a president of an institution of higher
580	education described in Section 53B-2-102[, except for application materials for a
581	<pre>publicly announced finalist];</pre>
582	(66) an audio recording that is:
583	(a) produced by an audio recording device that is used in conjunction with a device or
584	piece of equipment designed or intended for resuscitating an individual or for treating
585	an individual with a life-threatening condition;
586	(b) produced during an emergency event when an individual employed to provide law
587	enforcement, fire protection, paramedic, emergency medical, or other first responder
588	service:
589	(i) is responding to an individual needing resuscitation or with a life-threatening
590	condition; and
591	(ii) uses a device or piece of equipment designed or intended for resuscitating an
592	individual or for treating an individual with a life-threatening condition; and
593	(c) intended and used for purposes of training emergency responders how to improve
594	their response to an emergency situation;
595	(67) records submitted by or prepared in relation to an applicant seeking a recommendation
596	by the Research and General Counsel Subcommittee, the Budget Subcommittee, or the
597	Audit Subcommittee, established under Section 36-12-8, for an employment position
598	with the Legislature;
599	(68) work papers as defined in Section 31A-2-204;
600	(69) a record made available to Adult Protective Services or a law enforcement agency
601	under Section 61-1-206;
602	(70) a record submitted to the Insurance Department in accordance with Section
603	31A-37-201;
604	(71) a record described in Section 31A-37-503;
605	(72) any record created by the Division of Professional Licensing as a result of Subsection
606	58-37f-304(5) or 58-37f-702(2)(a)(ii);
607	(73) a record described in Section 72-16-306 that relates to the reporting of an injury
608	involving an amusement ride;

609	(74) except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-305.5(1), the signature of an individual on a
610	political petition, or on a request to withdraw a signature from a political petition,
611	including a petition or request described in the following titles:
612	(a) Title 10, Utah Municipal Code;
613	(b) Title 17, Counties;
614	(c) Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Special Districts;
615	(d) Title 17D, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Other Entities; and
616	(e) Title 20A, Election Code;
617	(75) except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-305.5(2), the signature of an individual in a
618	voter registration record;
619	(76) except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-305.5(3), any signature, other than a signature
620	described in Subsection (74) or (75), in the custody of the lieutenant governor or a local
621	political subdivision collected or held under, or in relation to, Title 20A, Election Code;
622	(77) a Form I-918 Supplement B certification as described in Title 77, Chapter 38, Part 5,
623	Victims Guidelines for Prosecutors Act;
624	(78) a record submitted to the Insurance Department under Section 31A-48-103;
625	(79) personal information, as defined in Section 63G-26-102, to the extent disclosure is
626	prohibited under Section 63G-26-103;
627	(80) an image taken of an individual during the process of booking the individual into jail,
628	unless:
629	(a) the individual is convicted of a criminal offense based upon the conduct for which
630	the individual was incarcerated at the time the image was taken;
631	(b) a law enforcement agency releases or disseminates the image:
632	(i) after determining that the individual is a fugitive or an imminent threat to an
633	individual or to public safety and releasing or disseminating the image will assist
634	in apprehending the individual or reducing or eliminating the threat; or
635	(ii) to a potential witness or other individual with direct knowledge of events relevant
636	to a criminal investigation or criminal proceeding for the purpose of identifying or
637	locating an individual in connection with the criminal investigation or criminal
638	proceeding;
639	(c) a judge orders the release or dissemination of the image based on a finding that the
640	release or dissemination is in furtherance of a legitimate law enforcement interest; or
641	(d) the image is displayed to a person who is permitted to view the image under Section
642	17-22-30[ <del>.</del> ] <u>:</u>

643	(81) a record:
644	(a) concerning an interstate claim to the use of waters in the Colorado River system;
645	(b) relating to a judicial proceeding, administrative proceeding, or negotiation with a
646	representative from another state or the federal government as provided in Section
647	63M-14-205; and
648	(c) the disclosure of which would:
649	(i) reveal a legal strategy relating to the state's claim to the use of the water in the
650	Colorado River system;
651	(ii) harm the ability of the Colorado River Authority of Utah or river commissioner to
652	negotiate the best terms and conditions regarding the use of water in the Colorado
653	River system; or
654	(iii) give an advantage to another state or to the federal government in negotiations
655	regarding the use of water in the Colorado River system;
656	(82) any part of an application described in Section 63N-16-201 that the Governor's Office
657	of Economic Opportunity determines is nonpublic, confidential information that if
658	disclosed would result in actual economic harm to the applicant, but this Subsection (82)
659	may not be used to restrict access to a record evidencing a final contract or approval
660	decision;
661	(83) the following records of a drinking water or wastewater facility:
662	(a) an engineering or architectural drawing of the drinking water or wastewater facility;
663	and
664	(b) except as provided in Section 63G-2-106, a record detailing tools or processes the
665	drinking water or wastewater facility uses to secure, or prohibit access to, the records
666	described in Subsection (83)(a);
667	(84) a statement that an employee of a governmental entity provides to the governmental
668	entity as part of the governmental entity's personnel or administrative investigation into
669	potential misconduct involving the employee if the governmental entity:
670	(a) requires the statement under threat of employment disciplinary action, including
671	possible termination of employment, for the employee's refusal to provide the
672	statement; and
673	(b) provides the employee assurance that the statement cannot be used against the
674	employee in any criminal proceeding;
675	(85) any part of an application for a Utah Fits All Scholarship account described in Section
676	53F-6-402 or other information identifying a scholarship student as defined in Section

677	53F-6-401;
678	(86) a record:
679	(a) concerning a claim to the use of waters in the Great Salt Lake;
680	(b) relating to a judicial proceeding, administrative proceeding, or negotiation with a
681	person concerning the claim, including a representative from another state or the
682	federal government; and
683	(c) the disclosure of which would:
684	(i) reveal a legal strategy relating to the state's claim to the use of the water in the
685	Great Salt Lake;
686	(ii) harm the ability of the Great Salt Lake commissioner to negotiate the best terms
687	and conditions regarding the use of water in the Great Salt Lake; or
688	(iii) give an advantage to another person including another state or to the federal
689	government in negotiations regarding the use of water in the Great Salt Lake;[-and]
690	(87) a consumer complaint described in Section 13-2-11, unless the consumer complaint is
691	reclassified as public as described in Subsection 13-2-11(4)[-]; and
692	(88) a record of the Utah water agent, appointed under Section 73-10g-702:
693	(a) concerning a claim to the use of waters;
694	(b) relating to a judicial proceeding, administrative proceeding, or negotiation with a
695	representative from another state, a tribe, the federal government, or other
696	government entity as provided in Title 73, Chapter 10g, Part 6, Utah Water Agent;
697	and
698	(c) the disclosure of which would:
699	(i) reveal a legal strategy relating to the state's claim to the use of the water;
700	(ii) harm the ability of the Utah water agent to negotiate the best terms and conditions
701	regarding the use of water; or
702	(iii) give an advantage to another state, a tribe, the federal government, or other
703	government entity in negotiations regarding the use of water.
704	Section 4. Effective Date.
705	This bill takes effect:
706	(1) except as provided in Subsection (2), May 7, 2025; or
707	(2) if approved by two-thirds of all members elected to each house:
708	(a) upon approval by the governor;
709	(b) without the governor's signature, the day following the constitutional time limit of
710	<u>Utah Constitution, Article VII, Section 8; or</u>

S.B. 282 02-14 10:04

711 (c) in the case of a veto, the date of veto override.