S.B. 294

1 **Special Deposits Act Amendments** 2025 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH **Chief Sponsor: Michael K. McKell** House Sponsor: 2 3 LONG TITLE 4 **General Description:** 5 This bill enacts the Uniform Special Deposits Act. 6 **Highlighted Provisions:** 7 This bill: 8 defines terms: • establishes the scope of the Uniform Special Deposits Act; 9 10 allows parties to an agreement under the Uniform Special Deposits Act to choose a forum 11 in Utah for settling a dispute, regardless of whether the dispute occurred in Utah; 12 provides that sections of the Uniform Special Deposits Act may vary by agreement or 13 amendment; 14 establishes requirements for a special deposit; 15 requires that a special deposit serve a permissible purpose; 16 • provides the conditions under which a bank shall pay a beneficiary funds in the balance of 17 a special deposit; 18 establishes the interest of a depositor or beneficiary in a special deposit; 19 allows a court to grant relief to prevent a bank from paying a depositor or beneficiary of a 20 special deposit if a payment would result in fraud; 21 • provides that except in certain circumstances, a bank may not exercise a right of 22 recoupment or set off against a special deposit; 23 establishes the duties and liabilities of a bank in regards to a special deposit; 24 • provides that a special deposit terminates five years after the date on which the special deposit was first funded; 25 26 describes the application of governing law over special deposits; 27 • provides that the provisions of this act only apply to an agreement executed after the 28 effective date of this bill, unless the parties to a special deposit amend the agreement; and 29 provides that the provisions of this act are severable if a provision of the act is found invalid. 30

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31	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
32	None
33	Other Special Clauses:
34	None
35	Utah Code Sections Affected:
36	ENACTS:
37	7-28-101, Utah Code Annotated 1953
38	7-28-102, Utah Code Annotated 1953
39	7-28-103, Utah Code Annotated 1953
40	7-28-104, Utah Code Annotated 1953
41	7-28-105, Utah Code Annotated 1953
42	7-28-106, Utah Code Annotated 1953
43	7-28-107, Utah Code Annotated 1953
44	7-28-108, Utah Code Annotated 1953
45	7-28-109, Utah Code Annotated 1953
46	7-28-110, Utah Code Annotated 1953
47	7-28-111, Utah Code Annotated 1953
48	7-28-112, Utah Code Annotated 1953
49	7-28-113, Utah Code Annotated 1953
50	7-28-114, Utah Code Annotated 1953
51	7-28-115, Utah Code Annotated 1953
52	7-28-116, Utah Code Annotated 1953
53	
54	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
55	Section 1. Section 7-28-101 is enacted to read:
56	CHAPTER 28. UNIFORM SPECIAL DEPOSITS ACT
57	<u>7-28-101</u> . Definitions.
58	As used in this chapter:
59	(1) "Account agreement" means an agreement that:
60	(a) is in a record between a bank and one or more depositors;
61	(b) may have one or more beneficiaries as additional parties; and
62	(c) states the intention of the parties to establish a special deposit governed by this
63	chapter.
64	(2)(a) <u>"Bank" means a person engaged in the business of banking.</u>

65	(b) "Bank" includes a savings bank, savings and loan association, credit union, and trust
66	company.
67	(c) Each branch or separate office of a bank is a separate bank for the purpose of this
68	chapter.
69	(3) "Beneficiary" means a person that:
70	(a) is identified as a beneficiary in an account agreement; or
71	(b) if not identified as a beneficiary in an account agreement, may be entitled to payment
72	from a special deposit:
73	(i) under the account agreement; or
74	(ii) on termination of the special deposit.
75	(4) <u>"Contingency" means an event or circumstance stated in an account agreement that is</u>
76	not certain to occur but shall occur before the bank is obligated to pay a beneficiary.
77	(5) "Creditor process" means attachment, garnishment, levy, notice of lien, sequestration, or
78	similar process issued by or on behalf of a creditor or other claimant.
79	(6) "Depositor" means a person that establishes or funds a special deposit.
80	(7) "Good faith" means honesty in fact and observance of reasonable commercial standards
81	<u>of fair dealing.</u>
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82	(8) "Knowledge of a fact" means:
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82 83	 (8) "Knowledge of a fact" means: (a) with respect to a beneficiary, actual knowledge of the fact; or
82 83 84	 (8) "Knowledge of a fact" means: (a) with respect to a beneficiary, actual knowledge of the fact; or (b) with respect to a bank holding a special deposit:
82 83 84 85	 (8) "Knowledge of a fact" means: (a) with respect to a beneficiary, actual knowledge of the fact; or (b) with respect to a bank holding a special deposit: (i) if the bank:
82 83 84 85 86	 (8) "Knowledge of a fact" means: (a) with respect to a beneficiary, actual knowledge of the fact; or (b) with respect to a bank holding a special deposit: (i) if the bank: (A) has established a reasonable routine for communicating material information
82 83 84 85 86 87	 (8) "Knowledge of a fact" means: (a) with respect to a beneficiary, actual knowledge of the fact; or (b) with respect to a bank holding a special deposit: (i) if the bank: (A) has established a reasonable routine for communicating material information to an individual to whom the bank has assigned responsibility for the special
82 83 84 85 86 87 88	 (8) "Knowledge of a fact" means: (a) with respect to a beneficiary, actual knowledge of the fact; or (b) with respect to a bank holding a special deposit: (i) if the bank: (A) has established a reasonable routine for communicating material information to an individual to whom the bank has assigned responsibility for the special deposit; and
82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89	 (8) "Knowledge of a fact" means: (a) with respect to a beneficiary, actual knowledge of the fact; or (b) with respect to a bank holding a special deposit: (i) if the bank: (A) has established a reasonable routine for communicating material information to an individual to whom the bank has assigned responsibility for the special deposit; and (B) maintains reasonable compliance with the routine, actual knowledge of the
82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90	 (8) "Knowledge of a fact" means: (a) with respect to a beneficiary, actual knowledge of the fact; or (b) with respect to a bank holding a special deposit: (i) if the bank: (A) has established a reasonable routine for communicating material information to an individual to whom the bank has assigned responsibility for the special deposit; and (B) maintains reasonable compliance with the routine, actual knowledge of the fact by that individual; or
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 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 	 (8) "Knowledge of a fact" means: (a) with respect to a beneficiary, actual knowledge of the fact; or (b) with respect to a bank holding a special deposit: (i) if the bank: (A) has established a reasonable routine for communicating material information to an individual to whom the bank has assigned responsibility for the special deposit; and (B) maintains reasonable compliance with the routine, actual knowledge of the fact by that individual; or (ii) if the bank has not established and maintained reasonable compliance with a routine described in Subsection (8)(b)(i) or otherwise exercised due diligence,
 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 	 (8) "Knowledge of a fact" means: (a) with respect to a beneficiary, actual knowledge of the fact; or (b) with respect to a bank holding a special deposit: (i) if the bank: (A) has established a reasonable routine for communicating material information to an individual to whom the bank has assigned responsibility for the special deposit; and (B) maintains reasonable compliance with the routine, actual knowledge of the fact by that individual; or (ii) if the bank has not established and maintained reasonable compliance with a routine described in Subsection (8)(b)(i) or otherwise exercised due diligence, implied knowledge of the fact that would have come to the attention of an
 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 	 (8) "Knowledge of a fact" means: (a) with respect to a beneficiary, actual knowledge of the fact; or (b) with respect to a bank holding a special deposit: (i) if the bank: (A) has established a reasonable routine for communicating material information to an individual to whom the bank has assigned responsibility for the special deposit; and (B) maintains reasonable compliance with the routine, actual knowledge of the fact by that individual; or (ii) if the bank has not established and maintained reasonable compliance with a routine described in Subsection (8)(b)(i) or otherwise exercised due diligence, implied knowledge of the fact that would have come to the attention of an individual to whom the bank has assigned responsibility for the special deposit.
 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 	 (8) "Knowledge of a fact" means: (a) with respect to a beneficiary, actual knowledge of the fact; or (b) with respect to a bank holding a special deposit: (i) if the bank: (A) has established a reasonable routine for communicating material information to an individual to whom the bank has assigned responsibility for the special deposit; and (B) maintains reasonable compliance with the routine, actual knowledge of the fact by that individual; or (ii) if the bank has not established and maintained reasonable compliance with a routine described in Subsection (8)(b)(i) or otherwise exercised due diligence, implied knowledge of the fact that would have come to the attention of an individual to whom the bank has assigned responsibility for the special deposit. (9) "Obligated to pay a beneficiary" means a beneficiary is entitled under the account

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99	(10)(a) "Permissible purpose" means a governmental, regulatory, commercial,
100	charitable, or testamentary objective of the parties stated in an account agreement.
101	(b) <u>"Permissible purpose" includes an objective to:</u>
102	(i) hold funds:
103	(A) in escrow, including for a purchase and sale, lease, buyback, or other
104	transaction;
105	(B) as a security deposit of a tenant;
106	(C) that may be distributed to a person as remuneration, retirement or other
107	benefit, or compensation under a judgment, consent decree, court order, or
108	other decision of a tribunal; or
109	(D) for distribution to a defined class of persons after identification of the class
110	members and the class members' interest in the funds;
111	(ii) provide assurance with respect to an obligation created by contract, such as
112	earnest money to ensure a transaction closes;
113	(iii) settle an obligation that arises in the operation of a payment system, securities
114	settlement system, or other financial market infrastructure;
115	(iv) provide assurance with respect to an obligation that arises in the operation of a
116	payment system, securities settlement system, or other financial market
117	infrastructure; or
118	(v) hold margin, other cash collateral, or funds that support the orderly functioning of
119	financial market infrastructure or the performance of an obligation with respect to
120	the infrastructure.
121	(11)(a) "Person" means an individual, estate, business or nonprofit entity, government or
122	governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality, or other legal entity.
123	(b) "Person" includes a protected series, however denominated, of an entity if the
124	protected series is established under law that limits, or limits if conditions specified
125	under law are satisfied, the ability of a creditor of the entity or of any other protected
126	series of the entity to satisfy a claim from assets of the protected series.
127	(12) "Record" means information:
128	(a) inscribed on a tangible medium; or
129	(b) stored in an electronic or other medium and retrievable in perceivable form.
130	(13) "Special deposit" means a deposit that satisfies Section 7-28-104.
131	(14)(a) "State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico,
132	the United States Virgin Islands, or any other territory or possession subject to the

133	jurisdiction of the United States.
134	(b) <u>"State" includes an agency or instrumentality of the state.</u>
135	Section 2. Section 7-28-102 is enacted to read:
136	<u>7-28-102</u> . Scope Choice of law Forum.
137	(1) This chapter applies to a special deposit under an account agreement that states the
138	intention of the parties to establish a special deposit governed by this chapter, regardless
139	of whether a party to the account agreement or a transaction related to the special
140	deposit, or the special deposit itself, has a reasonable relation to this state.
141	(2) The parties to an account agreement may choose a forum in this state for settling a
142	dispute arising out of the special deposit, regardless of whether a party to the account
143	agreement or a transaction related to the special deposit, or the special deposit itself, has
144	a reasonable relation to this state.
145	(3) This chapter does not affect:
146	(a) a right or obligation relating to a deposit other than a special deposit under this
147	chapter; or
148	(b) the voidability of a deposit or transfer that is fraudulent or voidable under other law.
149	Section 3. Section 7-28-103 is enacted to read:
150	7-28-103 . Variation by agreement or amendment.
151	(1)(a) The effect of Sections 7-28-101 through 7-28-105, Sections 7-28-107 through
152	7-28-110, and Section 7-28-113 may not be varied by agreement, except as provided
153	in those sections.
154	(b) Subject to Subsection (2), the effect of Sections 7-28-106, 7-28-111, and 7-28-112
154 155	(b) Subject to Subsection (2), the effect of Sections 7-28-106, 7-28-111, and 7-28-112 may be varied by agreement.
155	may be varied by agreement.
155 156	<u>may be varied by agreement.</u> (2) <u>A provision in an account agreement or other record that substantially excuses liability</u>
155 156 157	 <u>may be varied by agreement.</u> (2) <u>A provision in an account agreement or other record that substantially excuses liability</u> or substantially limits remedies for failure to perform an obligation under this chapter is
155 156 157 158	 <u>may be varied by agreement.</u> (2) A provision in an account agreement or other record that substantially excuses liability or substantially limits remedies for failure to perform an obligation under this chapter is not sufficient to vary the effect of a provision of this chapter.
155 156 157 158 159	 <u>may be varied by agreement.</u> (2) A provision in an account agreement or other record that substantially excuses liability or substantially limits remedies for failure to perform an obligation under this chapter is not sufficient to vary the effect of a provision of this chapter. (3) If a beneficiary is a party to an account agreement, the bank and the depositor may
155 156 157 158 159 160	 may be varied by agreement. (2) A provision in an account agreement or other record that substantially excuses liability or substantially limits remedies for failure to perform an obligation under this chapter is not sufficient to vary the effect of a provision of this chapter. (3) If a beneficiary is a party to an account agreement, the bank and the depositor may amend the agreement without the consent of the beneficiary only if the agreement
155 156 157 158 159 160 161	 may be varied by agreement. (2) A provision in an account agreement or other record that substantially excuses liability or substantially limits remedies for failure to perform an obligation under this chapter is not sufficient to vary the effect of a provision of this chapter. (3) If a beneficiary is a party to an account agreement, the bank and the depositor may amend the agreement without the consent of the beneficiary only if the agreement expressly permits the amendment.
155 156 157 158 159 160 161 162	 may be varied by agreement. (2) A provision in an account agreement or other record that substantially excuses liability or substantially limits remedies for failure to perform an obligation under this chapter is not sufficient to vary the effect of a provision of this chapter. (3) If a beneficiary is a party to an account agreement, the bank and the depositor may amend the agreement without the consent of the beneficiary only if the agreement expressly permits the amendment. (4) If a beneficiary is not a party to an account agreement and the bank and the depositor
155 156 157 158 159 160 161 162 163	 may be varied by agreement. (2) A provision in an account agreement or other record that substantially excuses liability or substantially limits remedies for failure to perform an obligation under this chapter is not sufficient to vary the effect of a provision of this chapter. (3) If a beneficiary is a party to an account agreement, the bank and the depositor may amend the agreement without the consent of the beneficiary only if the agreement expressly permits the amendment. (4) If a beneficiary is not a party to an account agreement and the bank and the depositor know the beneficiary has knowledge of the agreement's terms, the bank and the
152	7-28-110, and Section 7-28-113 may not be varied by agreement, except as provided in those sections.

167	not know whether the beneficiary has knowledge of the agreement's terms, the bank and
168	the depositor may amend the agreement without the consent of the beneficiary only if
169	the amendment is made in good faith.
170	Section 4. Section 7-28-104 is enacted to read:
171	7-28-104 . Requirements for special deposit.
172	A deposit is a special deposit if the deposit is:
173	(1) a deposit of funds in a bank under an account agreement;
174	(2) for the benefit of at least two beneficiaries, one or more of which may be a depositor;
175	(3) denominated in a medium of exchange that is currently authorized or adopted by a
176	domestic or foreign government;
177	(4) for a permissible purpose stated in the account agreement; and
178	(5) subject to a contingency.
179	Section 5. Section 7-28-105 is enacted to read:
180	<u>7-28-105</u> . Permissible purpose.
181	(1) A special deposit must serve at least one permissible purpose stated in the account
182	agreement from the time the special deposit is created in the account agreement until
183	termination of the special deposit.
184	(2) If, before termination of the special deposit, the bank or a court determines the special
185	deposit no longer satisfies Subsection (1), Sections 7-28-107 through 7-28-110 cease to
186	apply to any funds deposited in the special deposit after the special deposit ceases to
187	satisfy Subsection (1).
188	(3) If, before termination of a special deposit, the bank determines the special deposit no
189	longer satisfies Subsection (1), the bank may take action the bank believes is necessary
190	under the circumstances, including terminating the special deposit.
191	Section 6. Section 7-28-106 is enacted to read:
192	7-28-106 . Payment to beneficiary by bank.
193	(1) Unless the account agreement provides otherwise, the bank is obligated to pay a
194	beneficiary if there are sufficient actually and finally collected funds in the balance of
195	the special deposit.
196	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), the obligation to pay the beneficiary is excused if
197	the funds available in the special deposit are insufficient to cover such payment.
198	(3)(a) Unless the account agreement provides otherwise, if the funds available in the
199	special deposit are insufficient to cover an obligation to pay a beneficiary, a
200	beneficiary may elect to be paid the funds that are available or, if there is more than

201	one beneficiary, a pro rata share of the funds available.
202	(b) Payment to the beneficiary making the election under this Subsection (3) discharges
203	the bank's obligation to pay a beneficiary and does not constitute an accord and
204	satisfaction with respect to another person obligated to the beneficiary.
205	(4) Unless the account agreement provides otherwise, the obligation of the bank obligated
206	to pay a beneficiary is immediately due and payable.
207	(5) The bank may discharge the bank's obligation under this section by:
208	(a) crediting another transaction account of the beneficiary; or
209	(b) taking other action that:
210	(i) is permitted under the account agreement for the bank to obtain a discharge; or
211	(ii) otherwise would constitute a discharge under law.
212	(6) If the bank obligated to pay a beneficiary has incurred an obligation to discharge the
213	obligation of another person, the obligation of the other person is discharged if action by
214	the bank under Subsection (5) would constitute a discharge of the obligation of the other
215	person under law that determines whether an obligation is satisfied.
216	Section 7. Section 7-28-107 is enacted to read:
217	7-28-107 . Property interest of depositor or beneficiary.
218	(1) Neither a depositor nor a beneficiary has a property interest in a special deposit.
219	(2)(a) Any property interest with respect to a special deposit is only in the right to
220	receive payment if the bank is obligated to pay a beneficiary and not in the special
221	deposit itself.
222	(b) Any property interest under this Subsection (2) is determined under other law.
223	Section 8. Section 7-28-108 is enacted to read:
224	7-28-108 . When creditor process enforceable against bank.
225	(1) Subject to Subsection (2), creditor process with respect to a special deposit is not
226	enforceable against the bank holding the special deposit.
227	(2) Creditor process is enforceable against the bank holding a special deposit with respect
228	to an amount the bank is obligated to pay a beneficiary or a depositor if the process:
229	(a) is served on the bank;
230	(b) provides sufficient information to permit the bank to identify the depositor or the
231	beneficiary from the bank's books and records; and
232	(c) gives the bank a reasonable opportunity to act on the process.
233	(3)(a) Creditor process served on a bank before the creditor process is enforceable
234	against the bank under Subsection (2) does not create a right of the creditor against

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235	the bank or a duty of the bank to the creditor.
236	(b) Other law determines whether creditor process creates a lien enforceable against the
237	beneficiary on a contingent interest of a beneficiary, including a depositor as a
238	beneficiary, even if not enforceable against the bank.
239	Section 9. Section 7-28-109 is enacted to read:
240	7-28-109 . Injunction or similar relief.
241	A court may enjoin, or grant similar relief that would have the effect of enjoining, a
242	bank from paying a depositor or beneficiary only if payment would constitute a material fraud
243	or facilitate a material fraud with respect to a special deposit.
244	Section 10. Section 7-28-110 is enacted to read:
245	7-28-110 . Recoupment or set off.
246	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2) or (3), a bank may not exercise a right of
247	recoupment or set off against a special deposit.
248	(2) An account agreement may authorize the bank to debit the special deposit:
249	(a) when the bank becomes obligated to pay a beneficiary, in an amount that does not
250	exceed the amount necessary to discharge the obligation;
251	(b) for a fee assessed by the bank that relates to an overdraft in the special deposit
252	account;
253	(c) for costs incurred by the bank that relate directly to the special deposit; or
254	(d) to reverse an earlier credit posted by the bank to the balance of the special deposit
255	account, if the reversal occurs under an event or circumstance warranted under other
256	law of this state governing mistake and restitution.
257	(3) The bank holding a special deposit may exercise a right of recoupment or set off against
258	an obligation to pay a beneficiary, even if the bank funds payment from the special
259	deposit.
260	Section 11. Section 7-28-111 is enacted to read:
261	7-28-111 . Duties and liability of bank.
262	(1) A bank does not have a fiduciary duty to any person with respect to a special deposit.
263	(2) When the bank holding a special deposit becomes obligated to pay a beneficiary, a
264	debtor-creditor relationship arises between the bank and beneficiary.
265	(3) The bank holding a special deposit has a duty to a beneficiary to comply with the
266	account agreement and this chapter.
267	(4)(a) If the bank holding a special deposit does not comply with the account agreement
268	or this chapter, the bank is liable to a depositor or beneficiary only for damages

269	proximately caused by the noncompliance.
270	(b) Except as provided by other law of this state, the bank is not liable for consequential,
271	special, or punitive damages.
272	(5) The bank holding a special deposit may rely on records presented in compliance with
273	the account agreement to determine whether the bank is obligated to pay a beneficiary.
274	(6)(a) If the account agreement requires payment on presentation of a record, the bank
275	shall determine within a reasonable time whether the record is sufficient to require
276	payment.
277	(b) If the agreement requires action by the bank on presentation of a record, the bank is
278	not liable for relying in good faith on the genuineness of the record if the record
279	appears on the record's face to be genuine.
280	(7) Unless the account agreement provides otherwise, the bank is not required to determine
281	whether a permissible purpose stated in the agreement continues to exist.
282	Section 12. Section 7-28-112 is enacted to read:
283	<u>7-28-112</u> . Term and termination.
284	(1) Unless otherwise provided in the account agreement, a special deposit terminates five
285	years after the date the special deposit was first funded.
286	(2) Unless otherwise provided in the account agreement, if the bank cannot identify or
287	locate a beneficiary entitled to payment when the special deposit is terminated, and a
288	balance remains in the special deposit, the bank shall pay the balance to the depositor or
289	depositors as a beneficiary or beneficiaries.
290	(3) A bank that pays the remaining balance as provided under Subsection (2) has no further
291	obligation with respect to the special deposit.
292	Section 13. Section 7-28-113 is enacted to read:
293	7-28-113 . Principles of law and equity.
294	Title 70A, Uniform Commercial Code, consumer protection law, law governing deposits
295	generally, law related to escheat and abandoned or unclaimed property, and the principles of
296	law and equity, including law related to capacity to contract, principal and agent, estoppel,
297	fraud, misrepresentation, duress, coercion, mistake, and bankruptcy, supplement this chapter
298	except to the extent inconsistent with this chapter.
299	Section 14. Section 7-28-114 is enacted to read:
300	7-28-114 . Uniformity of application and construction.
301	In applying and construing this uniform act, a court shall consider the promotion of
302	uniformity of the law among jurisdictions that enact this uniform act.

303	Section 15. Section 7-28-115 is enacted to read:
304	7-28-115 . Transitional provision.
305	This chapter applies to:
306	(1) a special deposit made under an account agreement executed on or after May 7, 2025;
307	and
308	(2) a deposit made under an agreement executed before May 7, 2025, if:
309	(a) all parties entitled to amend the agreement agree to make the deposit a special
310	deposit governed by this chapter; and
311	(b) the special deposit referenced in the amended agreement satisfies Section 7-28-104.
312	Section 16. Section 7-28-116 is enacted to read:
313	<u>7-28-116</u> . Severability.
314	If a provision of this chapter or the chapter's application to a person or circumstance is
315	held invalid, the invalidity does not affect another provision or application that can be given
316	effect without the invalid provision.
317	Section 17. Effective Date.
318	This bill takes effect on May 7, 2025.