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# **Prosecutorial Misconduct Amendments**

# 2025 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

# **Chief Sponsor: Todd Weiler**

House Sponsor:

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#### LONG TITLE

# **4 General Description:**

This bill creates the Prosecutorial Misconduct Commission.

### **6 Highlighted Provisions:**

- 7 This bill:
- 8 defines terms;
- 9 provides that certain records of the Prosecutorial Misconduct Commission are protected;
- 10 creates an independent commission called the Prosecutorial Misconduct Commission
- 11 (commission);
- 12 provides the membership of the commission;
- 13 addresses terms, vacancies, and compensation for members of the commission;
- 14 allows the commission to select a chair and vice chair for a two-year term;
- → addresses staff and expenses for the commission;
- → addresses the duties and functions of the commission;
- 17 addresses the complaint and investigation process for the commission;
- ▶ allows the commission to hold a hearing on a complaint;
- provides the action that the commission may take upon a determination that prosecutorial
- 20 misconduct occurred;
- 21 addresses the confidentiality of records of the commission; and
- 22 makes technical and conforming changes.
- 23 Money Appropriated in this Bill:
- 24 None
- 25 Other Special Clauses:
- 26 None
- 27 Utah Code Sections Affected:
- 28 AMENDS:
- 29 **63G-2-305**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 18, 101, 135, 267, 344, and
- 30 522

31	EN	ACTS:
32		<b>78A-9-201</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
33		<b>78A-9-202</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
34		<b>78A-9-203</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
35		<b>78A-9-204</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
36		<b>78A-9-205</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
37		<b>78A-9-206</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
38		<b>78A-9-207</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
<ul><li>39</li><li>40</li></ul>	Be	it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
41		Section 1. Section <b>63G-2-305</b> is amended to read:
42		63G-2-305 . Protected records.
43		The following records are protected if properly classified by a governmental entity:
44	(1)	trade secrets as defined in Section 13-24-2 if the person submitting the trade secret has
45		provided the governmental entity with the information specified in Section 63G-2-309;
46	(2)	commercial information or nonindividual financial information obtained from a person
47		if:
48		(a) disclosure of the information could reasonably be expected to result in unfair
49		competitive injury to the person submitting the information or would impair the
50		ability of the governmental entity to obtain necessary information in the future;
51		(b) the person submitting the information has a greater interest in prohibiting access than
52		the public in obtaining access; and
53		(c) the person submitting the information has provided the governmental entity with the
54		information specified in Section 63G-2-309;
55	(3)	commercial or financial information acquired or prepared by a governmental entity to
56		the extent that disclosure would lead to financial speculations in currencies, securities, or
57		commodities that will interfere with a planned transaction by the governmental entity or
58		cause substantial financial injury to the governmental entity or state economy;
59	(4)	records, the disclosure of which could cause commercial injury to, or confer a
60		competitive advantage upon a potential or actual competitor of, a commercial project
61		entity as defined in Subsection 11-13-103(4);
62	(5)	test questions and answers to be used in future license, certification, registration,
63		employment, or academic examinations;

(6) records, the disclosure of which would impair governmental procurement proceedings

65 or give an unfair advantage to any person proposing to enter into a contract or agreement 66 with a governmental entity, except, subject to Subsections (1) and (2), that this 67 Subsection (6) does not restrict the right of a person to have access to, after the contract 68 or grant has been awarded and signed by all parties: 69 (a) a bid, proposal, application, or other information submitted to or by a governmental 70 entity in response to: 71 (i) an invitation for bids; 72 (ii) a request for proposals; 73 (iii) a request for quotes; 74 (iv) a grant; or 75 (v) other similar document; or 76 (b) an unsolicited proposal, as defined in Section 63G-6a-712; 77 (7) information submitted to or by a governmental entity in response to a request for 78 information, except, subject to Subsections (1) and (2), that this Subsection (7) does not 79 restrict the right of a person to have access to the information, after: (a) a contract directly relating to the subject of the request for information has been 80 81 awarded and signed by all parties; or 82 (b)(i) a final determination is made not to enter into a contract that relates to the 83 subject of the request for information; and 84 (ii) at least two years have passed after the day on which the request for information 85 is issued: 86 (8) records that would identify real property or the appraisal or estimated value of real or 87 personal property, including intellectual property, under consideration for public 88 acquisition before any rights to the property are acquired unless: 89 (a) public interest in obtaining access to the information is greater than or equal to the 90 governmental entity's need to acquire the property on the best terms possible; 91 (b) the information has already been disclosed to persons not employed by or under a 92 duty of confidentiality to the entity; 93 (c) in the case of records that would identify property, potential sellers of the described 94 property have already learned of the governmental entity's plans to acquire the 95 property; 96 (d) in the case of records that would identify the appraisal or estimated value of 97 property, the potential sellers have already learned of the governmental entity's 98 estimated value of the property; or

99 (e) the property under consideration for public acquisition is a single family residence 100 and the governmental entity seeking to acquire the property has initiated negotiations 101 to acquire the property as required under Section 78B-6-505; 102 (9) records prepared in contemplation of sale, exchange, lease, rental, or other compensated 103 transaction of real or personal property including intellectual property, which, if 104 disclosed prior to completion of the transaction, would reveal the appraisal or estimated 105 value of the subject property, unless: 106 (a) the public interest in access is greater than or equal to the interests in restricting 107 access, including the governmental entity's interest in maximizing the financial 108 benefit of the transaction; or 109 (b) when prepared by or on behalf of a governmental entity, appraisals or estimates of 110 the value of the subject property have already been disclosed to persons not 111 employed by or under a duty of confidentiality to the entity; 112 (10) records created or maintained for civil, criminal, or administrative enforcement 113 purposes or audit purposes, or for discipline, licensing, certification, or registration 114 purposes, if release of the records: 115 (a) reasonably could be expected to interfere with investigations undertaken for 116 enforcement, discipline, licensing, certification, or registration purposes; 117 (b) reasonably could be expected to interfere with audits, disciplinary, or enforcement 118 proceedings; 119 (c) would create a danger of depriving a person of a right to a fair trial or impartial 120 hearing; 121 (d) reasonably could be expected to disclose the identity of a source who is not generally 122 known outside of government and, in the case of a record compiled in the course of 123 an investigation, disclose information furnished by a source not generally known 124 outside of government if disclosure would compromise the source; or 125 (e) reasonably could be expected to disclose investigative or audit techniques, 126 procedures, policies, or orders not generally known outside of government if 127 disclosure would interfere with enforcement or audit efforts; 128 (11) records the disclosure of which would jeopardize the life or safety of an individual; 129 (12) records the disclosure of which would jeopardize the security of governmental 130 property, governmental programs, or governmental recordkeeping systems from 131 damage, theft, or other appropriation or use contrary to law or public policy; 132 (13) records that, if disclosed, would jeopardize the security or safety of a correctional

133	facility, or records relating to incarceration, treatment, probation, or parole, that would
134	interfere with the control and supervision of an offender's incarceration, treatment,
135	probation, or parole;
136	(14) records that, if disclosed, would reveal recommendations made to the Board of
137	Pardons and Parole by an employee of or contractor for the Department of Corrections,
138	the Board of Pardons and Parole, or the Department of Health and Human Services that
139	are based on the employee's or contractor's supervision, diagnosis, or treatment of any
140	person within the board's jurisdiction;
141	(15) records and audit workpapers that identify audit, collection, and operational procedures
142	and methods used by the State Tax Commission, if disclosure would interfere with
143	audits or collections;
144	(16) records of a governmental audit agency relating to an ongoing or planned audit until
145	the final audit is released;
146	(17) records that are subject to the attorney client privilege;
147	(18) records prepared for or by an attorney, consultant, surety, indemnitor, insurer,
148	employee, or agent of a governmental entity for, or in anticipation of, litigation or a
149	judicial, quasi-judicial, or administrative proceeding;
150	(19)(a)(i) personal files of a state legislator, including personal correspondence to or
151	from a member of the Legislature; and
152	(ii) notwithstanding Subsection (19)(a)(i), correspondence that gives notice of
153	legislative action or policy may not be classified as protected under this section;
154	and
155	(b)(i) an internal communication that is part of the deliberative process in connection
156	with the preparation of legislation between:
157	(A) members of a legislative body;
158	(B) a member of a legislative body and a member of the legislative body's staff; or
159	(C) members of a legislative body's staff; and
160	(ii) notwithstanding Subsection (19)(b)(i), a communication that gives notice of
161	legislative action or policy may not be classified as protected under this section;
162	(20)(a) records in the custody or control of the Office of Legislative Research and
163	General Counsel, that, if disclosed, would reveal a particular legislator's
164	contemplated legislation or contemplated course of action before the legislator has
165	elected to support the legislation or course of action, or made the legislation or course
166	of action public; and

167	(b) notwithstanding Subsection (20)(a), the form to request legislation submitted to the
168	Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel is a public document unless a
169	legislator asks that the records requesting the legislation be maintained as protected
170	records until such time as the legislator elects to make the legislation or course of
171	action public;
172	(21) a research request from a legislator to a legislative staff member and research findings
173	prepared in response to the request;
174	(22) drafts, unless otherwise classified as public;
175	(23) records concerning a governmental entity's strategy about:
176	(a) collective bargaining; or
177	(b) imminent or pending litigation;
178	(24) records of investigations of loss occurrences and analyses of loss occurrences that may
179	be covered by the Risk Management Fund, the Employers' Reinsurance Fund, the
180	Uninsured Employers' Fund, or similar divisions in other governmental entities;
181	(25) records, other than personnel evaluations, that contain a personal recommendation
182	concerning an individual if disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion
183	of personal privacy, or disclosure is not in the public interest;
184	(26) records that reveal the location of historic, prehistoric, paleontological, or biological
185	resources that if known would jeopardize the security of those resources or of valuable
186	historic, scientific, educational, or cultural information;
187	(27) records of independent state agencies if the disclosure of the records would conflict
188	with the fiduciary obligations of the agency;
189	(28) records of an institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section
190	53B-1-102 regarding tenure evaluations, appointments, applications for admissions,
191	retention decisions, and promotions, which could be properly discussed in a meeting
192	closed in accordance with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act, provided
193	that records of the final decisions about tenure, appointments, retention, promotions, or
194	those students admitted, may not be classified as protected under this section;
195	(29) records of the governor's office, including budget recommendations, legislative
196	proposals, and policy statements, that if disclosed would reveal the governor's
197	contemplated policies or contemplated courses of action before the governor has
198	implemented or rejected those policies or courses of action or made them public;
199	(30) records of the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst relating to budget analysis,
200	revenue estimates, and fiscal notes of proposed legislation before issuance of the final

201 recommendations in these areas; 202 (31) records provided by the United States or by a government entity outside the state that 203 are given to the governmental entity with a requirement that they be managed as 204 protected records if the providing entity certifies that the record would not be subject to 205 public disclosure if retained by it; (32) transcripts, minutes, recordings, or reports of the closed portion of a meeting of a 206 207 public body except as provided in Section 52-4-206; 208 (33) records that would reveal the contents of settlement negotiations but not including final 209 settlements or empirical data to the extent that they are not otherwise exempt from 210 disclosure; 211 (34) memoranda prepared by staff and used in the decision-making process by an 212 administrative law judge, a member of the Board of Pardons and Parole, or a member of 213 any other body charged by law with performing a quasi-judicial function; 214 (35) records that would reveal negotiations regarding assistance or incentives offered by or 215 requested from a governmental entity for the purpose of encouraging a person to expand or locate a business in Utah, but only if disclosure would result in actual economic harm 216 217 to the person or place the governmental entity at a competitive disadvantage, but this 218 section may not be used to restrict access to a record evidencing a final contract; 219 (36) materials to which access must be limited for purposes of securing or maintaining the 220 governmental entity's proprietary protection of intellectual property rights including 221 patents, copyrights, and trade secrets; 222 (37) the name of a donor or a prospective donor to a governmental entity, including an 223 institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section 53B-1-102, and 224 other information concerning the donation that could reasonably be expected to reveal 225 the identity of the donor, provided that: 226 (a) the donor requests anonymity in writing; 227 (b) any terms, conditions, restrictions, or privileges relating to the donation may not be 228 classified protected by the governmental entity under this Subsection (37); and 229 (c) except for an institution within the state system of higher education defined in 230 Section 53B-1-102, the governmental unit to which the donation is made is primarily 231 engaged in educational, charitable, or artistic endeavors, and has no regulatory or 232 legislative authority over the donor, a member of the donor's immediate family, or 233 any entity owned or controlled by the donor or the donor's immediate family;

(38) accident reports, except as provided in Sections 41-6a-404, 41-12a-202, and 73-18-13;

235	(39) a notification of workers' compensation insurance coverage described in Section
236	34A-2-205;
237	(40)(a) the following records of an institution within the state system of higher education
238	defined in Section 53B-1-102, which have been developed, discovered, disclosed to,
239	or received by or on behalf of faculty, staff, employees, or students of the institution:
240	(i) unpublished lecture notes;
241	(ii) unpublished notes, data, and information:
242	(A) relating to research; and
243	(B) of:
244	(I) the institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section
245	53B-1-102; or
246	(II) a sponsor of sponsored research;
247	(iii) unpublished manuscripts;
248	(iv) creative works in process;
249	(v) scholarly correspondence; and
250	(vi) confidential information contained in research proposals;
251	(b) Subsection (40)(a) may not be construed to prohibit disclosure of public information
252	required pursuant to Subsection 53B-16-302(2)(a) or (b); and
253	(c) Subsection (40)(a) may not be construed to affect the ownership of a record;
254	(41)(a) records in the custody or control of the Office of the Legislative Auditor General
255	that would reveal the name of a particular legislator who requests a legislative audit
256	prior to the date that audit is completed and made public; and
257	(b) notwithstanding Subsection (41)(a), a request for a legislative audit submitted to the
258	Office of the Legislative Auditor General is a public document unless the legislator
259	asks that the records in the custody or control of the Office of the Legislative Auditor
260	General that would reveal the name of a particular legislator who requests a
261	legislative audit be maintained as protected records until the audit is completed and
262	made public;
263	(42) records that provide detail as to the location of an explosive, including a map or other
264	document that indicates the location of:
265	(a) a production facility; or
266	(b) a magazine;
267	(43) information contained in the statewide database of the Division of Aging and Adult
268	Services created by Section 26B-6-210:

269	(44) information contained in the Licensing Information System described in Title 80,
270	Chapter 2, Child Welfare Services;
271	(45) information regarding National Guard operations or activities in support of the
272	National Guard's federal mission;
273	(46) records provided by any pawn or secondhand business to a law enforcement agency or
274	to the central database in compliance with Title 13, Chapter 32a, Pawnshop, Secondhand
275	Merchandise, and Catalytic Converter Transaction Information Act;
276	(47) information regarding food security, risk, and vulnerability assessments performed by
277	the Department of Agriculture and Food;
278	(48) except to the extent that the record is exempt from this chapter pursuant to Section
279	63G-2-106, records related to an emergency plan or program, a copy of which is
280	provided to or prepared or maintained by the Division of Emergency Management, and
281	the disclosure of which would jeopardize:
282	(a) the safety of the general public; or
283	(b) the security of:
284	(i) governmental property;
285	(ii) governmental programs; or
286	(iii) the property of a private person who provides the Division of Emergency
287	Management information;
288	(49) records of the Department of Agriculture and Food that provides for the identification,
289	tracing, or control of livestock diseases, including any program established under Title
290	4, Chapter 24, Utah Livestock Brand and Anti-Theft Act, or Title 4, Chapter 31, Control
291	of Animal Disease;
292	(50) as provided in Section 26B-2-709:
293	(a) information or records held by the Department of Health and Human Services related
294	to a complaint regarding a provider, program, or facility which the department is
295	unable to substantiate; and
296	(b) information or records related to a complaint received by the Department of Health
297	and Human Services from an anonymous complainant regarding a provider, program,
298	or facility;
299	(51) unless otherwise classified as public under Section 63G-2-301 and except as provided
300	under Section 41-1a-116, an individual's home address, home telephone number, or
301	personal mobile phone number, if:
302	(a) the individual is required to provide the information in order to comply with a law,

303	ordinance, rule, or order of a government entity; and
304	(b) the subject of the record has a reasonable expectation that this information will be
305	kept confidential due to:
306	(i) the nature of the law, ordinance, rule, or order; and
307	(ii) the individual complying with the law, ordinance, rule, or order;
308	(52) the portion of the following documents that contains a candidate's residential or
309	mailing address, if the candidate provides to the filing officer another address or phone
310	number where the candidate may be contacted:
311	(a) a declaration of candidacy, a nomination petition, or a certificate of nomination,
312	described in Section 20A-9-201, 20A-9-202, 20A-9-203, 20A-9-404, 20A-9-405,
313	20A-9-408, 20A-9-408.5, 20A-9-502, or 20A-9-601;
314	(b) an affidavit of impecuniosity, described in Section 20A-9-201; or
315	(c) a notice of intent to gather signatures for candidacy, described in Section 20A-9-408;
316	(53) the name, home address, work addresses, and telephone numbers of an individual that
317	is engaged in, or that provides goods or services for, medical or scientific research that is:
318	(a) conducted within the state system of higher education, as defined in Section
319	53B-1-102; and
320	(b) conducted using animals;
321	(54) in accordance with Section 78A-12-203, any record of the Judicial Performance
322	Evaluation Commission concerning an individual commissioner's vote, in relation to
323	whether a judge meets or exceeds minimum performance standards under Subsection
324	78A-12-203(4), and information disclosed under Subsection 78A-12-203(5)(e);
325	(55) information collected and a report prepared by the Judicial Performance Evaluation
326	Commission concerning a judge, unless Section 20A-7-702 or Title 78A, Chapter 12,
327	Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission Act, requires disclosure of, or makes
328	public, the information or report;
329	(56) records provided or received by the Public Lands Policy Coordinating Office in
330	furtherance of any contract or other agreement made in accordance with Section
331	63L-11-202;
332	(57) information requested by and provided to the 911 Division under Section 63H-7a-302;
333	(58) in accordance with Section 73-10-33:
334	(a) a management plan for a water conveyance facility in the possession of the Division
335	of Water Resources or the Board of Water Resources; or
336	(b) an outline of an emergency response plan in possession of the state or a county or

337 municipality; 338 (59) the following records in the custody or control of the Office of Inspector General of 339 Medicaid Services, created in Section 63A-13-201: 340 (a) records that would disclose information relating to allegations of personal 341 misconduct, gross mismanagement, or illegal activity of a person if the information 342 or allegation cannot be corroborated by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid 343 Services through other documents or evidence, and the records relating to the 344 allegation are not relied upon by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid 345 Services in preparing a final investigation report or final audit report; 346 (b) records and audit workpapers to the extent they would disclose the identity of a 347 person who, during the course of an investigation or audit, communicated the 348 existence of any Medicaid fraud, waste, or abuse, or a violation or suspected 349 violation of a law, rule, or regulation adopted under the laws of this state, a political 350 subdivision of the state, or any recognized entity of the United States, if the 351 information was disclosed on the condition that the identity of the person be 352 protected; 353 (c) before the time that an investigation or audit is completed and the final investigation 354 or final audit report is released, records or drafts circulated to a person who is not an 355 employee or head of a governmental entity for the person's response or information; 356 (d) records that would disclose an outline or part of any investigation, audit survey plan, 357 or audit program; or 358 (e) requests for an investigation or audit, if disclosure would risk circumvention of an 359 investigation or audit; 360 (60) records that reveal methods used by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid 361 Services, the fraud unit, or the Department of Health and Human Services, to discover 362 Medicaid fraud, waste, or abuse; 363 (61) information provided to the Department of Health and Human Services or the Division 364 of Professional Licensing under Subsections 58-67-304(3) and (4) and Subsections 365 58-68-304(3) and (4); 366 (62) a record described in Section 63G-12-210; 367 (63) captured plate data that is obtained through an automatic license plate reader system 368 used by a governmental entity as authorized in Section 41-6a-2003; 369 (64) an audio or video recording created by a body-worn camera, as that term is defined in 370 Section 77-7a-103, that records sound or images inside a hospital or health care facility

371	as those terms are defined in Section 78B-3-403, inside a clinic of a health care provider,
372	as that term is defined in Section 78B-3-403, or inside a human service program as that
373	term is defined in Section 26B-2-101, except for recordings that:
374	(a) depict the commission of an alleged crime;
375	(b) record any encounter between a law enforcement officer and a person that results in
376	death or bodily injury, or includes an instance when an officer fires a weapon;
377	(c) record any encounter that is the subject of a complaint or a legal proceeding against a
378	law enforcement officer or law enforcement agency;
379	(d) contain an officer involved critical incident as defined in Subsection 76-2-408(1)(f);
380	or
381	(e) have been requested for reclassification as a public record by a subject or authorized
382	agent of a subject featured in the recording;
383	(65) a record pertaining to the search process for a president of an institution of higher
384	education described in Section 53B-2-102, except for application materials for a publicly
385	announced finalist;
386	(66) an audio recording that is:
387	(a) produced by an audio recording device that is used in conjunction with a device or
388	piece of equipment designed or intended for resuscitating an individual or for treating
389	an individual with a life-threatening condition;
390	(b) produced during an emergency event when an individual employed to provide law
391	enforcement, fire protection, paramedic, emergency medical, or other first responder
392	service:
393	(i) is responding to an individual needing resuscitation or with a life-threatening
394	condition; and
395	(ii) uses a device or piece of equipment designed or intended for resuscitating an
396	individual or for treating an individual with a life-threatening condition; and
397	(c) intended and used for purposes of training emergency responders how to improve
398	their response to an emergency situation;
399	(67) records submitted by or prepared in relation to an applicant seeking a recommendation
400	by the Research and General Counsel Subcommittee, the Budget Subcommittee, or the
401	Audit Subcommittee, established under Section 36-12-8, for an employment position
402	with the Legislature;
403	(68) work papers as defined in Section 31A-2-204;
404	(69) a record made available to Adult Protective Services or a law enforcement agency

405 under Section 61-1-206; (70) a record submitted to the Insurance Department in accordance with Section 406 407 31A-37-201; 408 (71) a record described in Section 31A-37-503; 409 (72) any record created by the Division of Professional Licensing as a result of Subsection 410 58-37f-304(5) or 58-37f-702(2)(a)(ii); 411 (73) a record described in Section 72-16-306 that relates to the reporting of an injury 412 involving an amusement ride; 413 (74) except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-305.5(1), the signature of an individual on a 414 political petition, or on a request to withdraw a signature from a political petition, 415 including a petition or request described in the following titles: 416 (a) Title 10, Utah Municipal Code; 417 (b) Title 17, Counties; 418 (c) Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Special Districts; 419 (d) Title 17D, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Other Entities; and 420 (e) Title 20A, Election Code; 421 (75) except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-305.5(2), the signature of an individual in a 422 voter registration record; 423 (76) except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-305.5(3), any signature, other than a signature 424 described in Subsection (74) or (75), in the custody of the lieutenant governor or a local 425 political subdivision collected or held under, or in relation to, Title 20A, Election Code; 426 (77) a Form I-918 Supplement B certification as described in Title 77, Chapter 38, Part 5, 427 Victims Guidelines for Prosecutors Act; 428 (78) a record submitted to the Insurance Department under Section 31A-48-103; 429 (79) personal information, as defined in Section 63G-26-102, to the extent disclosure is 430 prohibited under Section 63G-26-103; 431 (80) an image taken of an individual during the process of booking the individual into jail, 432 unless: 433 (a) the individual is convicted of a criminal offense based upon the conduct for which 434 the individual was incarcerated at the time the image was taken; 435 (b) a law enforcement agency releases or disseminates the image: 436 (i) after determining that the individual is a fugitive or an imminent threat to an individual or to public safety and releasing or disseminating the image will assist 437

in apprehending the individual or reducing or eliminating the threat; or

439	(ii) to a potential witness or other individual with direct knowledge of events relevant
440	to a criminal investigation or criminal proceeding for the purpose of identifying or
441	locating an individual in connection with the criminal investigation or criminal
442	proceeding;
443	(c) a judge orders the release or dissemination of the image based on a finding that the
444	release or dissemination is in furtherance of a legitimate law enforcement interest; or
445	(d) the image is displayed to a person who is permitted to view the image under Section
446	17-22-30[-];
447	(81) a record:
448	(a) concerning an interstate claim to the use of waters in the Colorado River system;
449	(b) relating to a judicial proceeding, administrative proceeding, or negotiation with a
450	representative from another state or the federal government as provided in Section
451	63M-14-205; and
452	(c) the disclosure of which would:
453	(i) reveal a legal strategy relating to the state's claim to the use of the water in the
454	Colorado River system;
455	(ii) harm the ability of the Colorado River Authority of Utah or river commissioner to
456	negotiate the best terms and conditions regarding the use of water in the Colorado
457	River system; or
458	(iii) give an advantage to another state or to the federal government in negotiations
459	regarding the use of water in the Colorado River system;
460	(82) any part of an application described in Section 63N-16-201 that the Governor's Office
461	of Economic Opportunity determines is nonpublic, confidential information that if
462	disclosed would result in actual economic harm to the applicant, but this Subsection (82)
463	may not be used to restrict access to a record evidencing a final contract or approval
464	decision;
465	(83) the following records of a drinking water or wastewater facility:
466	(a) an engineering or architectural drawing of the drinking water or wastewater facility;
467	and
468	(b) except as provided in Section 63G-2-106, a record detailing tools or processes the
469	drinking water or wastewater facility uses to secure, or prohibit access to, the records
470	described in Subsection (83)(a);
471	(84) a statement that an employee of a governmental entity provides to the governmental
472	entity as part of the governmental entity's personnel or administrative investigation into

473	potential misconduct involving the employee if the governmental entity:
474	(a) requires the statement under threat of employment disciplinary action, including
475	possible termination of employment, for the employee's refusal to provide the
476	statement; and
477	(b) provides the employee assurance that the statement cannot be used against the
478	employee in any criminal proceeding;
479	(85) any part of an application for a Utah Fits All Scholarship account described in Section
480	53F-6-402 or other information identifying a scholarship student as defined in Section
481	53F-6-401;
482	(86) a record:
483	(a) concerning a claim to the use of waters in the Great Salt Lake;
484	(b) relating to a judicial proceeding, administrative proceeding, or negotiation with a
485	person concerning the claim, including a representative from another state or the
486	federal government; and
487	(c) the disclosure of which would:
488	(i) reveal a legal strategy relating to the state's claim to the use of the water in the
489	Great Salt Lake;
490	(ii) harm the ability of the Great Salt Lake commissioner to negotiate the best terms
491	and conditions regarding the use of water in the Great Salt Lake; or
492	(iii) give an advantage to another person including another state or to the federal
493	government in negotiations regarding the use of water in the Great Salt Lake; [and]
494	(87) a consumer complaint described in Section 13-2-11, unless the consumer complaint is
495	reclassified as public as described in Subsection 13-2-11(4)[-];
496	(88) a record of the Utah water agent, appointed under Section 73-10g-702:
497	(a) concerning a claim to the use of waters;
498	(b) relating to a judicial proceeding, administrative proceeding, or negotiation with a
499	representative from another state, a tribe, the federal government, or other
500	government entity as provided in Title 73, Chapter 10g, Part 6, Utah Water Agent;
501	and
502	(c) the disclosure of which would:
503	(i) reveal a legal strategy relating to the state's claim to the use of the water;
504	(ii) harm the ability of the Utah water agent to negotiate the best terms and conditions
505	regarding the use of water; or
506	(iii) give an advantage to another state, a tribe, the federal government, or other

507	government entity in negotiations regarding the use of water[-]; and
508	(89) a complaint, or a document obtained in relation to a complaint, submitted to the
509	Prosecutorial Misconduct Commission, unless Title 78A, Chapter 9, Part 2,
510	Prosecutorial Misconduct Commission, requires disclosure of, or makes public, the
511	complaint or document.
512	Section 2. Section <b>78A-9-201</b> is enacted to read:
513	Part 2. Prosecutorial Misconduct Commission
514	78A-9-201 . Definitions for part.
515	As used in this part:
516	(1) "Commission" means the Prosecutorial Misconduct Commission created in Section
517	<u>78A-9-202.</u>
518	(2) "Complaint" means:
519	(a) a written complaint against a prosecution team member; or
520	(b) an allegation based on reliable information received in any form, from any source,
521	that alleges, or from which a reasonable inference can be drawn, that a prosecution
522	team member has committed prosecutorial misconduct.
523	(3) "Investigation" means an inquiry into an allegation of prosecutorial misconduct.
524	(4) "Prosecuting attorney" means:
525	(a) the attorney general and an assistant attorney general;
526	(b) a district attorney or deputy district attorney;
527	(c) a county attorney or assistant county attorney; or
528	(d) an attorney authorized to commence an action on behalf of the state.
529	(5) "Prosecution team member" means:
530	(a) a prosecuting attorney; or
531	(b) an employee of the office of the prosecuting attorney.
532	(6) "Prosecutorial misconduct" means conduct committed in the course of a prosecution of
533	a felony or class A misdemeanor offense that potentially violates:
534	(a) a statute, a court rule, or a provision of the Utah Constitution;
535	(b) an ordinance or policy of a county or municipality; or
536	(c) the legal rights of an individual.
537	Section 3. Section <b>78A-9-202</b> is enacted to read:
538	78A-9-202 . Prosecutorial Misconduct Commission Members Terms
539	Compensation Staff and expenses.
540	(1) There is created an independent commission called the Prosecutorial Misconduct

541	Commission.
542	(2) The commission is composed of 11 members as follows:
543	(a) two members of the House of Representatives, appointed by the speaker of the
544	House of Representatives;
545	(b) two members of the Senate, appointed by the president of the Senate;
546	(c) two members who are active or retired defense attorneys, who have prosecutorial
547	experience, and who are in good standing with the Utah State Bar, appointed by the
548	governor;
549	(d) two individuals who are not members of the Utah State Bar, appointed by the
550	governor;
551	(e) an active or retired prosecuting attorney who is in good standing with the Utah State
552	Bar, appointed by the governor;
553	(f) a retired judge, appointed by the governor; and
554	(g) an assistant attorney general, appointed by the attorney general.
555	(3)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (4), a member appointed under Subsection (2)
556	shall serve a four-year term.
557	(b) A member may serve no more than eight years.
558	(4) At the time of appointment, the terms of commission members shall be staggered so that
559	approximately half of commission members' terms expire every two years.
560	(5) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be
561	appointed for the unexpired term by the same appointing authority that appointed the
562	member creating the vacancy.
563	(6)(a) A majority of the members of the commission constitutes a quorum.
564	(b) If a quorum is present, the action of a majority of the voting members present
565	constitutes the action of the commission.
566	(7)(a) The commission shall elect annually a chair and a vice chair from the
567	commission's membership to serve a two-year term.
568	(b) A commission member may not serve as chair of the commission for more than three
569	consecutive terms.
570	(8) The commission shall establish guidelines and procedures for the disqualification of
571	any member from consideration of any matter.
572	(9) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but may
573	receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
574	(a) Section 63A-3-106;

575	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
576	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance in accordance with Sections 63A-3-106 and
577	<u>63A-3-107.</u>
578	(10) Upon a majority vote of the commission, the commission may:
579	(a) employ an executive director, legal counsel, investigators, and other staff to assist the
580	commission; and
581	(b) incur other reasonable and necessary expenses within the authorized budget of the
582	commission and consistent with the duties of the commission.
583	Section 4. Section <b>78A-9-203</b> is enacted to read:
584	78A-9-203 . Functions and duties of the commission.
585	(1) The commission may:
586	(a) request that members of the public report instances of prosecutorial misconduct to
587	the commission;
588	(b) receive, initiate, investigate, or hear complaints;
589	(c) recommend the action that should be taken to address prosecutorial misconduct by a
590	prosecution team member; and
591	(d) gather and publish data on claims of prosecutorial misconduct in this state.
592	(2) To enforce the provisions of this part, the commission may:
593	(a) administer an oath or affirmation;
594	(b) issue a subpoena, in accordance with the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure, that requires:
595	(i) the attendance and testimony of a witness; or
596	(ii) the production of evidence relevant to the investigation; and
597	(c) take evidence.
598	(3) A court shall enforce a subpoena issued by the commission.
599	(4) The commission shall pay any witness fee, travel expense, mileage, or any other fee
600	required by the service statutes of the state where the witness or evidence is located.
601	Section 5. Section <b>78A-9-204</b> is enacted to read:
602	78A-9-204 . Complaint and investigation process.
603	(1) An individual may submit a complaint to the commission alleging that a prosecution
604	team member has committed prosecutorial misconduct.
605	(2) The commission may, on a motion, initiate an investigation of alleged prosecutorial
606	misconduct by a prosecution team member if:
607	(a) an individual submits a complaint and the commission determines that the complaint
608	has merit; or

609 (b) the commission submits a complaint on behalf of the commission. 610 (3) The commission may decline to investigate any complaint that is received five or more 611 years after the alleged prosecutorial misconduct occurred. 612 (4)(a) The commission may dismiss a complaint at any time if the commission 613 determines that the complaint lacks merit. (b) If a complaint submitted by an individual is dismissed, the commission shall notify 614 615 the individual who submitted the complaint. 616 (5) If the commission moves to initiate an investigation of alleged prosecutorial misconduct 617 by a prosecution team member, the commission shall: 618 (a) notify the prosecution team member of the investigation; and 619 (b) provide the prosecution team member with all information necessary to prepare an 620 adequate response or defense, including the identity of the complainant. 621 (6) If the committee dismisses an investigation after notifying the prosecution team member 622 as described in Subsection (4), the commission shall notify the prosecuting attorney of 623 the dismissal. 624 (7)(a) In the course of an investigation, the commission may request that the prosecution 625 team member testify before the commission. 626 (b) The prosecution team member's counsel may be present during the prosecution team 627 member's testimony. 628 (c) The prosecution team member may present evidence and material relevant to the 629 complaint. 630 Section 6. Section **78A-9-205** is enacted to read: 631 78A-9-205. Hearing process. 632 (1) The commission shall hold a hearing on a complaint before a quorum of the commission. 633 (2) The commission shall notify the prosecution team member and the complainant of the 634 hearing. 635 (3) At the hearing, the commission may take the testimony of witnesses and receive 636 evidence and material relevant to the complaint. 637 (4) The prosecution team member: 638 (a) may have counsel present during the hearing; and 639 (b) cross-examine any witnesses and present evidence to the commission. 640 (5) The commission shall keep a transcript of the proceedings and of the testimony of 641 witnesses at the hearing.

Section 7. Section **78A-9-206** is enacted to read:

643	78A-9-206. Action by the commission.
644	(1) If the commission determines after an investigation that a prosecution team member has
645	committed prosecutorial misconduct:
646	(a) the commission shall notify the prosecution team member and the complainant of the
647	commission's decision; and
648	(b) the commission may:
649	(i) notify the proper law enforcement agency if the prosecutorial misconduct is
650	criminal conduct; or
651	(ii) notify the Office of Professional Conduct of the Utah State Bar if the prosecution
652	team member is a prosecuting attorney.
653	(2) If the commission determines that a prosecution team member has not committed
654	prosecutorial misconduct, the commission shall notify the prosecution team member and
655	the complainant of the commission's decision.
656	(3) The commission shall issue a report regarding the commission's investigation and
657	decision and make the report available to the public.
658	(4) The commission may not discipline or sanction a prosecuting attorney for any
659	prosecutorial misconduct.
660	Section 8. Section <b>78A-9-207</b> is enacted to read:
661	78A-9-207 . Confidentiality of records.
662	(1) A complaint, and any document obtained in connection with the complaint, becomes a
663	public record under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and
664	Management Act, on the day following the issuance of a report by the commission under
665	Section 78A-9-206.
666	(2) A complaint, or a document obtained in connection with the complaint, that is not
667	public under Subsection (1) is a protected record under Title 63G, Chapter 2,
668	Government Records Access and Management Act.
669	Section 9. Effective Date.
670	This bill takes effect on May 7, 2025.