Scott D. Sandall proposes the following substitute bill:

2

Cosmetology Modifications
2025 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Scott D. Sandall
House Sponsor: A. Cory Maloy

3 LONG TITLE

4 General Description:

- 5 This bill restructures the licensing standards for the Cosmetology and Associated
- 6 Professions Licensing Act.

7 Highlighted Provisions:

- 8 This bill:
- 9 defines terms;
- 10 creates a scope of practice for professionals regulated by the Cosmetology and Associated
- 11 Professions Licensing Act;
- 12 restructures the existing Cosmetology and Associated Professions Licensing Board;
- 13 restructures the license classifications regulated by the Cosmetology and Associated
- 14 Professions Licensing Act;
- 15 restructures the qualifications for licensure for professionals regulated by the
- 16 Cosmetology and Associated Professions Licensing Act;
- 17 establishes standards for apprenticeship for professionals regulated by the Cosmetology
- 18 and Associated Professions Licensing Act;
- 19 addresses unprofessional conduct;
- 20 allows a school to receive curriculum approval from the Division of Professional
- 21 Licensing; and
- 22 makes technical and conforming changes.
- 23 Money Appropriated in this Bill:

24 None

- 25 **Other Special Clauses:**
- 26 This bill provides a special effective date.
- 27 Utah Code Sections Affected:
- 28 AMENDS:

- **58-1-102**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 486
- **58-1-506**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 486
- **58-11a-201**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 479
- **58-11a-303**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 204
- **58-11a-304**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 479
- **58-11a-503**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 339
- **58-67-102**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 507
- **58-68-102**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 507
- 37 ENACTS:
- **58-11a-302.10**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- **58-11a-302.11**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- **58-11a-302.12**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- **58-11a-302.13**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- **58-11a-302.14**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- **58-11a-302.15**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- **58-11a-302.16**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- **58-11a-302.17**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- **58-11a-302.18**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- **58-11a-302.19**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- **58-11a-302.20**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- **58-11a-302.21**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- **58-11a-302.22**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- **58-11a-302.23**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- **58-11a-302.24**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- **58-11a-302.25**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- 54 REPEALS AND REENACTS:
- **58-11a-102**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 479
- **58-11a-301**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 479
- **58-11a-302**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 137, 479
- **58-11a-306**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 479
- **58-11a-501**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 479

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

62 Section 1. Section **58-1-102** is amended to read:

63	58-1-102 . Definitions.
64	As used in this title:
65	(1)(a) "Ablative procedure" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-67-102.
66	(b) "Ablative procedure" does not include laser tattoo removal.
67	(2) "Cosmetic medical procedure":
68	(a) means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-67-102; and
69	(b) except for Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act, and Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic
70	Medical Practice Act, does not apply to the scope of practice of an individual
71	licensed under this title if the individual's scope of practice includes the authority to
72	operate or perform surgical procedures.
73	(3) "Cryolipolysis" means a nonablative fat reduction procedure that uses cold temperature
74	to reduce fat deposits in certain areas of the body.
75	(4) "Department" means the Department of Commerce.
76	(5) "Director" means the director of the Division of Professional Licensing.
77	(6) "Division" means the Division of Professional Licensing created in Section 58-1-103.
78	(7) "Executive director" means the executive director of the Department of Commerce.
79	(8) "Licensee" includes any holder of a license, certificate, registration, permit, student
80	card, or apprentice card authorized under this title.
81	(9)(a)(i) "Nonablative procedure" means a procedure that is expected or intended to
82	alter living tissue, but not intended or expected to excise, vaporize, disintegrate, or
83	remove living tissue.
84	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection [(8)(a)(i)] (9)(a)(i), nonablative procedure includes
85	hair removal and cryolipolysis.
86	(b) "Nonablative procedure" does not include:
87	(i) a superficial procedure;
88	(ii) the application of permanent make-up;
89	(iii) laser tattoo removal; or
90	[(iii)] (iv) the use of photo therapy and lasers for neuromusculoskeletal treatments that
91	are performed by an individual licensed under this title who is acting within their
92	scope of practice.
93	(10) "Pain clinic" means:
94	(a) a clinic that advertises its primary purpose is the treatment of chronic pain; or
95	(b) a clinic in which greater than 50% of the clinic's annual patient population receive
96	treatment primarily for non-terminal chronic pain using Schedule II-III controlled

97	substances.
98	(11) "Superficial procedure" means a procedure that is expected or intended to temporarily
99	alter living skin tissue and may excise or remove stratum corneum but have no
100	appreciable risk of damage to any tissue below the stratum corneum.
101	(12) "Telemedicine service" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26B-4-704.
102	(13) "Unlawful conduct" means the same as that term is defined in Subsection 58-1-501(1).
103	(14) "Unprofessional conduct" means the same as that term is defined in Subsection
104	58-1-501(2).
105	Section 2. Section 58-1-506 is amended to read:
106	58-1-506 . Supervision of cosmetic medical procedures.
107	(1) For purposes of this section:
108	(a) "Delegation group A" means the following who are licensed under this title, acting
109	within their respective scopes of practice, and qualified under Subsections (2)(f)(i)
110	and (iii):
111	(i) a physician assistant, if acting in accordance with Chapter 70a, Utah Physician
112	Assistant Act;
113	(ii) a registered nurse;
114	(iii) a master esthetician; and
115	(iv) an electrologist, if evaluating for or performing laser hair removal.
116	(b) "Delegation group B" means:
117	(i) a practical nurse or an esthetician who is licensed under this title, acting within [
118	their] the nurse or esthetician's respective scopes of practice, and qualified under
119	Subsections (2)(f)(i) and (iii); and
120	(ii) a medical assistant who is qualified under Subsections (2)(f)(i) and (iii).
121	(c) "Direct cosmetic medical procedure supervision" means the supervisor:
122	(i) has authorized the procedure to be done on the patient by the supervisee; and
123	(ii) is present and available for a face-to-face communication with the supervisee
124	when and where a cosmetic medical procedure is performed.
125	(d) "General cosmetic medical procedure supervision" means the supervisor:
126	(i) has authorized the procedure to be done on the patient by the supervisee;
127	(ii) is available in a timely and appropriate manner in person to evaluate and initiate
128	care for a patient with a suspected adverse reaction or complication; and
129	(iii) is located within 60 minutes or 60 miles of the cosmetic medical facility.
130	(e) "Hair removal review" means:

131	(i) conducting an in-person, face-to-face interview of a patient based on the responses
132	provided by the patient to a detailed medical history assessment that was prepared
133	by the supervisor;
134	(ii) evaluating for contraindications and conditions that are part of the treatment plan;
135	and
136	(iii) if the patient history or patient presentation deviates in any way from the
137	treatment plan, referring the patient to the supervisor and receiving clearance from
138	the supervisor before starting the treatment.
139	(f) "Indirect cosmetic medical procedure supervision" means the supervisor:
140	(i) has authorized the procedure to be done on the patient by the supervisee;
141	(ii) has given written instructions to the person being supervised;
142	(iii) is present within the cosmetic medical facility in which the person being
143	supervised is providing services; and
144	(iv) is available to:
145	(A) provide immediate face-to-face communication with the person being
146	supervised; and
147	(B) evaluate the patient, as necessary.
148	(2) A supervisor supervising a nonablative cosmetic medical procedure for hair removal
149	shall:
150	(a) have an unrestricted license to practice medicine or advanced practice registered
151	nursing in the state;
152	(b) develop the medical treatment plan for the procedure;
153	(c) conduct a hair removal review, or delegate the hair removal review to a member of
154	delegation group A, of the patient prior to initiating treatment or a series of
155	treatments;
156	(d) personally perform the nonablative cosmetic medical procedure for hair removal, or
157	authorize and delegate the procedure to a member of delegation group A or B;
158	(e) during the nonablative cosmetic medical procedure for hair removal provide general
159	cosmetic medical procedure supervision to individuals in delegation group A
160	performing the procedure, except physician assistants, who shall act in accordance
161	with Chapter 70a, Utah Physician Assistant Act, and indirect cosmetic medical
162	procedure supervision to individuals in delegation group B performing the procedure;
163	and
163 164	and (f) verify that a person to whom the supervisor delegates an evaluation under Subsection

165	(2)(c) or delegates a procedure under Subsection (2)(d)[-or (3)(c)(ii)]:
166	(i) has received appropriate training regarding the medical procedures developed
167	under Subsection (2)(b);
168	(ii) has an unrestricted license under this title or is performing under the license of the
169	supervising physician and surgeon; and
170	(iii) has maintained competence to perform the nonablative cosmetic medical
171	procedure through documented education and experience of at least 80 hours, as
172	further defined by rule, regarding:
173	(A) the appropriate standard of care for performing nonablative cosmetic medical
174	procedures;
175	(B) physiology of the skin;
176	(C) skin typing and analysis;
177	(D) skin conditions, disorders, and diseases;
178	(E) pre- and post-procedure care;
179	(F) infection control;
180	(G) laser and light physics training;
181	(H) laser technologies and applications;
182	(I) safety and maintenance of lasers;
183	(J) cosmetic medical procedures an individual is permitted to perform under this
184	title;
185	(K) recognition and appropriate management of complications from a procedure;
186	and
187	(L) cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR).
188	[(3) For a nonablative cosmetic medical procedure for tattoo removal:]
189	[(a) a supervisor supervising a nonablative cosmetic medical procedure for tattoo
190	removal shall:]
191	[(i) have an unrestricted license to practice medicine or advanced practice registered
192	nursing in the state; and]
193	[(ii) develop the medical treatment plan for the procedure; and]
194	[(b) a nurse practitioner or physician assistant:]
195	[(i) shall conduct an in-person face-to-face evaluation of a patient before initiating a
196	treatment protocol or series of treatments for removing a tattoo;]
197	[(ii) shall inspect the patient's skin for any discoloration unrelated to the tattoo and
198	any other indication of cancer or other condition that should be treated or further

199	evaluated before the tattoo is removed;]
200	[(iii) shall refer a patient with a condition described in Subsection (3)(b)(ii) to a
201	physician for treatment or further evaluation; and]
202	[(iv) may not perform a nonablative cosmetic medical procedure to remove a tattoo
203	on a patient unless the patient is approved for the tattoo removal by a physician
204	after the physician evaluates the patient.]
205	[(4)] (3) For a nonablative cosmetic medical procedure other than hair removal under
206	Subsection (2)[-or tattoo removal under Subsection (3)]:
207	(a) a physician who has an unrestricted license to practice medicine, a nurse practitioner
208	who has an unrestricted license for advanced practice registered nursing, or a
209	physician assistant acting in accordance with Chapter 70a, Utah Physician Assistant
210	Act, who has an unrestricted license to practice as a physician assistant, shall:
211	(i) develop a treatment plan for the nonablative cosmetic medical procedure; and
212	(ii) conduct an evaluation of the patient either in-person or utilizing a live
213	telemedicine visit before the initiation of a treatment protocol or series of
214	treatments; and
215	(b) the supervisor supervising the procedure shall:
216	(i) have an unrestricted license to practice medicine or advanced practice registered
217	nursing;
218	(ii) personally perform the nonablative cosmetic medical procedure or:
219	(A) authorize and provide general cosmetic medical procedure supervision for the
220	nonablative cosmetic medical procedure that is performed by a registered nurse
221	or a master esthetician; or
222	(B) authorize and provide supervision as provided in Chapter 70a, Utah Physician
223	Assistant Act, for the nonablative cosmetic medical procedure that is
224	performed by a physician assistant;[-or] and
225	(C) authorize and provide direct cosmetic medical procedure supervision for the
226	nonablative cosmetic medical procedure that is performed by an esthetician or
227	a practical nurse; and
228	(iii) verify that a person to whom the supervisor delegates a procedure under
229	Subsection $[(3)(c)] (3)(b)$:
230	(A) has received appropriate training regarding the medical procedures to be
231	performed;
232	(B) has an unrestricted license and is acting within the person's scope of practice

233	under this title; and
234	(C) is qualified under Subsection (2)(f)(iii).
235	[(5)] (4) A supervisor performing or supervising a cosmetic medical procedure under
236	Subsection (2) or (3)[$\frac{1}{100}$ or (4)] shall ensure that:
237	(a) the supervisor's name is prominently posted at the cosmetic medical facility
238	identifying the supervisor;
239	(b) a copy of the supervisor's license is displayed on the wall of the cosmetic medical
240	facility;
241	(c) the patient receives written information with the name and licensing information of
242	the supervisor who is supervising the nonablative cosmetic medical procedure and
243	the person who is performing the nonablative cosmetic medical procedure;
244	(d) the patient is provided with a telephone number that is answered within 24 hours for
245	follow-up communication; and
246	(e) the cosmetic medical facility's contract with a master esthetician who performs a
247	nonablative cosmetic medical procedure at the facility is kept on the premises of the
248	facility.
249	[(6)] (5) Failure to comply with the provisions of this section is unprofessional conduct.
250	[(7)] (6) A chiropractic physician licensed under Chapter 73, Chiropractic Physician
251	Practice Act, is not subject to the supervision requirements in this section for a
252	nonablative cosmetic medical procedure for hair removal if the chiropractic physician is
253	acting within the scope of practice of a chiropractic physician and with training specific
254	to nonablative hair removal.
255	Section 3. Section 58-11a-102 is repealed and reenacted to read:
256	<u>58-11a-102</u> . Definitions.
257	As used in this chapter:
258	(1) "Approved apprenticeship" means an apprenticeship that meets the requirements of
259	Section 58-11a-306 for any applicable license or permit type and the requirements
260	established by administrative rules made by the division in collaboration with the board
261	and in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
262	(2) "Board" means the Cosmetology and Associated Professions Licensing Board created in
263	Section 58-11a-201.
264	(3)(a) "Cosmetic medical device" means a tissue altering energy based device that has
265	the potential for altering living tissue and that is used to perform ablative or
266	nonablative procedures.

267	(b) <u>"Cosmetic medical device" includes:</u>
268	(i) an American National Standards Institute designated Class IIIb and Class IV
269	lasers;
270	(ii) a device that utilizes intense pulsed light;
271	(iii) a radio frequency devices; and
272	(iv) a lipolytic devices.
273	(c) "Cosmetic medical device" does not include an American National Standards
274	Institute designated Class IIIa and lower powered device.
275	(4) "Dermaplane" means the use of a scalpel or bladed instrument to shave the upper layers
276	of the stratum corneum.
277	(5) "Direct supervision" means that the supervisor of an apprentice or the instructor of a
278	student is physically present in the same building as the apprentice or student and readily
279	able to establish direct contact with the apprentice or student for consultation, advice,
280	instruction, and evaluation.
281	(6) "Division" means the Division of Professional Licensing, created in Section 58-1-103.
282	(7)(a) "Hair braiding" means the twisting, weaving, or interweaving of an individual's
283	natural human hair.
284	(b) <u>"Hair braiding" includes the following methods or styles:</u>
285	(i) African-style braiding;
286	(ii) box braids;
287	(iii) cornrows;
288	(iv) dreadlocks;
289	(v) french braids:
290	(vi) invisible braids;
291	(vii) micro braids;
292	(viii) single braids;
293	(ix) single plaits;
294	(x) twists;
295	(xi) visible braids;
296	(xii) the use of lock braids;
297	(xiii) the use of decorative beads, accessories, and extensions; and
298	(xiv) the use of wefts if applied without the use of glue or tape.
299	(c) <u>"Hair braiding" does not include:</u>
300	(i) the use of:

301	(A) wefts if applied with the use of glue or tape;
302	(B) synthetic tape:
303	(C) synthetic glue;
304	(D) keratin bonds;
305	(E) fusion bonds; or
306	(F) heat tools;
307	(ii) the cutting of human hair; or
308	(iii) the application of heat, dye, a reactive chemical, or other preparation to:
309	(A) alter the color of the hair; or
310	(B) straighten, curl, or alter the structure of the hair.
311	(8) "Instructor" means an individual that is licensed to instruct a discipline that is regulated
312	by this chapter.
313	(9) "Licensed school" means a school in Utah that:
314	(a) meets the standards for accreditation established by administrative rules made by the
315	division; or
316	(b) is using curriculum approved by the division.
317	(10)(a) "Manual hair removal" means superfluous hair removal that is performed
318	without using a cosmetic medical device or electrolysis.
319	(b) <u>"Manual hair removal" includes:</u>
320	(i) the use of depilatories;
321	(ii) shaving;
322	(iii) sugaring;
323	(iv) tweezing; and
324	(v) waxing.
325	(c) <u>"Manual hair removal" does not include threading.</u>
326	(11) "Minimum service count" means the minimum number of repetitions of a given
327	service a license or permit applicant is required to complete to gain a minimum level of
328	competence as established by administrative rules made by the division for a service.
329	(12) "Permit" means a safety permit that gives the holder authority to perform certain
330	services.
331	(13) "Recognized school" means a school located in a jurisdiction other than Utah whose
332	students, upon graduation, are recognized as having completed the educational
333	requirements for the licensure in the jurisdiction in which the school is located.
334	(14) "Representative of a licensed school" means an individual:

335	(a) that is acting in the individual's capacity as an employee of a licensed school; or
336	(b) with an ownership or financial interest in a licensed school.
337	(15) "Salon" means a place, shop, or establishment in which an individual licensed or
338	permitted under this chapter practices the individual's discipline.
339	(16) "Threading" means a method of removing hair from the eyebrows, upper lip, or other
340	body parts by using cotton thread to pull hair from follicles without the use of chemicals,
341	heat, or wax.
342	(17) "Unlawful conduct" means the same as that term is defined in Sections 58-1-501 and
343	<u>58-11a-502.</u>
344	(18) "Unprofessional conduct" means the same as that term is defined in Sections 58-1-501
345	and 58-11a-501 and as may be further defined by administrative rules made by the
346	division in collaboration with the board in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
347	Administrative Rulemaking Act.
348	Section 4. Section 58-11a-201 is amended to read:
349	58-11a-201 . Board.
350	(1) There is created the Cosmetology and Associated Professions Licensing Board
351	consisting of the following members:
352	(a)(i) one [barber or]cosmetologist[/barber]; or
353	(ii) one cosmetologist instructor;
354	[(b)(i) one barber or cosmetologist/barber instructor; or]
355	[(ii) one representative of a licensed barber or cosmetology/barber school;]
356	[(c)] (b)(i) one master esthetician; or
357	(ii) one master esthetician instructor;
358	(c)(i) one nail technician; or
359	(ii) one nail technician instructor;
360	[(d)(i) one esthetician instructor; or]
361	[(ii) one representative of a licensed esthetics school;]
362	[(e) one nail technician;]
363	[(f)(i) one nail technician instructor; or]
364	[(ii) one representative of a licensed nail technology school;]
365	$[(\underline{g})] (\underline{d})(\underline{i})$ one electrologist; or
366	(ii) one electrologist instructor;
367	(e) one representative of a licensed school that is publicly funded;
368	(f) one representative of a licensed school that is privately funded;

369	(g) one supervisor as defined in Section 58-1-505; and
370	[(h) one eyelash and eyebrow technician;]
371	[(i)(i) one eyelash and eyebrow technician instructor; or]
372	[(ii) one representative of a licensed eyelash and eyebrow technology school; and]
373	[(j)] (h) two members from the general public.
374	(2)(a) The board shall be appointed and serve in accordance with Section 58-1-201.
375	(b) Except for the members specified in Subsections (1)(e) and (1)(f), a member may not
376	participate as a representative of a licensed school.
377	[(b)(i) At least one of the members of the board appointed under Subsections (1)(b),
378	(d), and (f) shall be an instructor at or a representative of a public school.]
379	[(ii) At least one of the members of the board appointed under Subsections (1)(b),
380	(d), and (f) shall be an instructor at or a representative of a private school.]
381	(3)(a) [The-] The board shall perform the duties and responsibilities [of the board are in
382	accordance with] described in Sections 58-1-202 and 58-1-203.
383	(b) [In addition, the] The board shall designate one of [its] the board members on a
384	permanent or rotating basis to:
385	[(a)] (i) assist the division in reviewing complaints concerning the unlawful or
386	unprofessional conduct of a licensee; and
387	[(b)] (ii) advise the division in [its] the division's investigation of these complaints.
388	(4) A board member who has, under Subsection (3), reviewed a complaint or advised in [its]
389	the investigation of the complaint may be disqualified from participating with the board
390	when the board serves as a presiding officer in an adjudicative proceeding concerning
391	the complaint.
392	Section 5. Section 58-11a-301 is repealed and reenacted to read:
393	58-11a-301 . Licensure or permit required.
394	(1) Subject to Subsection (2), a person must be licensed or permitted as required under this
395	chapter to practice a discipline regulated by this chapter.
396	(2) An individual is not required to be licensed or permitted if the individual:
397	(a) is a registered apprentice in accordance with this chapter; or
398	(b) qualifies for an exemption under:
399	(i) Section 58-1-307; or
400	(ii) Section 58-11a-304.
401	Section 6. Section 58-11a-302 is repealed and reenacted to read:
402	58-11a-302 . General qualifications for licensure and permitting.

403	(1) An applicant for a license or permit under this chapter shall:
404	(a)(i) submit an application in a form prescribed by the division; and
405	(ii) pay a fee determined by the division in compliance with Section 63J-1-504;
406	(b) provide satisfactory documentation of completion of required minimum service
407	counts, certified by the applicant's school, or, if under an apprenticeship, the
408	applicant's supervisor; and:
409	(i) compliance with educational requirements of the respective license or permit; or
410	(ii) completion of an approved apprenticeship; and
411	(c) pass an examination, as required by administrative rule established by the division.
412	(2)(a) The division shall establish administrative rules to determine how many hours for
413	an existing license or permit that an applicant may credit towards the hours required
414	for an additional permit or license.
415	(b) An individual that holds a cosmetology license may count 600 hours as a
416	cosmetologist to satisfy the 1,200 total hours requirement.
417	Section 7. Section 58-11a-302.10 is enacted to read:
418	58-11a-302.10 . Practice of barbering Barbering permit Qualifications.
419	(1) The practice of barbering includes:
420	(a) cutting, clipping, or trimming the hair of the head of an individual by using scissors,
421	shears, clippers, or other appliances;
422	(b) engaging in draping, shampooing, scalp treatments, basic wet styling, and blow
423	drying:
424	(c) cutting, wet styling, fitting, measuring, or forming caps for wigs and hairpieces on
425	the human head;
426	(d) removing hair from the face or neck of an individual by using shaving equipment,
427	including an electric trimmer; and
428	(e) when providing other services described in this Subsection (1), gently massaging the
429	head, back of the neck, and shoulders by manual or mechanical means.
430	(2) An individual may not engage in the practice of barbering unless the individual holds a
431	barbering permit.
432	(3) An applicant for a barbering permit shall comply with the requirements in Section
433	<u>58-11a-302 and:</u>
434	(a) attend a licensed or recognized school and complete a curriculum that:
435	(i) covers:
436	(A) hair safety requirements; and

437	(B) barbering; and
438	(ii) has a minimum of 130 hours of instruction or the equivalent number of credit
439	hours; or
440	(b) complete an approved barber apprenticeship.
441	(4) If the applicant graduates from a recognized school with less than 130 hours of
442	instruction, the applicant may count hours practiced as a barber in a jurisdiction other
443	than Utah to satisfy the 130 total hours requirement.
444	(5) An individual with a barbering permit may apply credit hours to another license or
445	permit under this chapter, as allowed in Subsection 58-11a-302(2).
446	Section 8. Section 58-11a-302.11 is enacted to read:
447	58-11a-302.11 . Practice of basic esthetics Basic esthetics permit
448	Qualifications.
449	(1) The practice of basic esthetics means any one of the following skincare procedures done
450	on the face or body for cosmetic purposes and not for the treatment of medical, physical,
451	or mental ailments:
452	(a) cleansing, stimulating, manipulating, exercising, applying oils, antiseptics, clays or
453	masks, and manual extraction, including a comedone extractor; or
454	(b) manual hair removal.
455	(2) An individual may not engage in the practice of basic esthetics unless the individual
456	holds a basic esthetics permit.
457	(3) An applicant for a basic esthetics permit shall comply with the requirements in Section
458	58-11a-302 and:
459	(a) attend a licensed or recognized school and complete a curriculum that:
460	(i) covers:
461	(A) basic esthetics; and
462	(B) manual hair removal; and
463	(ii) has a minimum of 200 hours of instruction or the equivalent number of credit
464	hours; or
465	(b) complete an approved basic esthetics permit apprenticeship.
466	(4) If the applicant graduates from a recognized school with less than 200 hours of
467	instruction, the applicant may count hours practiced as an esthetician in a jurisdiction
468	other than Utah to satisfy the 200 total hours requirement.
469	(5) An individual with a basic esthetics permit is not considered an esthetician for purposes
470	of Section 58-1-506.

471	(6) An individual with a basic esthetics permit may apply credit hours to another license or
472	permit under this chapter, as allowed in Subsection 58-11a-302(2).
472	Section 9. Section 58-11a-302.12 is enacted to read:
474	58-11a-302.12 . Practice of chemical hair services Chemical hair services
475	permit Qualifications.
476	(1) The practice of chemical hair services includes bleaching, tinting, coloring, relaxing,
477	permanent waving, or similarly treating the hair of the head of an individual.
478	(2) An individual may not engage in the practice of chemical hair services unless the
479	individual holds a chemical hair services permit.
480	(3) An applicant for a chemical hair service permit shall comply with the requirements in
481	Section 58-11a-302 and:
482	(a) attend a licensed or recognized school and complete a curriculum that:
483	(i) covers chemical hair services; and
484	(ii) has a minimum of 260 hours of instruction or the equivalent number of credit
485	hours; or
486	(b) complete an approved chemical hair service apprenticeship.
487	(4) If the applicant graduates from a recognized school with less than 260 hours of
488	instruction, the applicant may count hours practiced as a chemical hair service technician
489	in a jurisdiction other than Utah to satisfy the 260 total hours requirement.
490	(5) An individual with a chemical hair services permit may apply credit hours to another
491	license or permit under this chapter, as allowed in Subsection 58-11a-302(2).
492	Section 10. Section 58-11a-302.13 is enacted to read:
493	58-11a-302.13 . Practice of cosmetology Cosmetology license Qualifications.
494	(1) The practice of cosmetology includes:
495	(a) styling, arranging, dressing, curling, waving, cleaning, singeing, bleaching, tinting,
496	coloring, permanent waving, or similarly treating the hair of the head of an individual;
497	(b) cutting, clipping, or trimming the hair by using scissors, shears, clippers, or other
498	appliances;
499	(c) engaging in draping, shampooing, scalp treatments, basic wet styling, and blow
500	drying;
501	(d) removing hair from the face or neck of an individual by using shaving equipment;
502	(e) arching eyebrows by tweezing, tinting eyebrows or eyelashes, perming eyelashes or
503	eyebrows;
504	(f) manual hair removal;

505	(g) cleansing, stimulating, manipulating, exercising, applying oils, antiseptics, clays or
506	masks, and manual extraction, including a comedone extractor;
507	(h) limited chemical exfoliation as defined by administrative rules made by the division;
508	(i) cutting, curling, styling, fitting, measuring, or forming caps for wigs and hairpieces
509	on the human head;
510	(j) practicing hair weaving or hair fusing or servicing previously medically implanted
511	hair;
512	(k) trimming, cutting, cleaning, manicuring, shaping, massaging hands to elbows and
513	feet to knees, or enhancing the appearance of the hands, feet, and nails of an
514	individual by using the cosmetologist's hands, mechanical or electrical preparation,
515	antiseptic, lotion, or cream;
516	(1) natural nail manicures and pedicures;
517	(m) applying and removing sculptured or artificial nails; and
518	(n) using blades, including corn or callus planer or rasp, for smoothing, shaving, or
519	removing dead skin from the feet.
520	(2) An individual may not engage in the practice of cosmetology unless the individual holds
521	a cosmetology license.
522	(3) An applicant for a cosmetology license shall comply with the requirements in Section
523	<u>58-11a-302 and:</u>
524	(a) attend a licensed or recognized school and complete a curriculum that:
525	(i) covers:
526	(A) <u>barbering</u> :
527	(B) haircutting:
528	(C) chemical hair services;
529	(D) manual hair removal;
530	(E) eyelash and eyebrow technology, except for eyelash extensions;
531	(F) basic esthetics; and
532	(G) nail technology; and
533	(ii) has a minimum of 1,250 hours of instruction or the equivalent number of credit
534	hours; or
535	(b) complete an approved cosmetologist apprenticeship.
536	(4) If the applicant graduates from a recognized school with less than 1,250 hours of
537	instruction, the applicant may count hours practiced as a cosmetologist in a jurisdiction
538	other than Utah to satisfy the 1,250 total hours requirement.

539	(5) An individual with a cosmetology license may be known as a cosmetologist or a barber.
540	(6) An individual with a cosmetology license may apply credit hours to another license or
541	permit under this chapter, as allowed in Subsection 58-11a-302(2).
542	Section 11. Section 58-11a-302.14 is enacted to read:
543	58-11a-302.14 . Practice of electrology Electrology license Qualifications.
544	(1) The practice of electrology includes removing superfluous hair:
545	(a) from the body and face of an individual by using electricity, waxing, shaving, or
546	tweezing; and
547	(b) by using a laser pursuant to requirements described in Section 58-1-506.
548	(2) An individual may not engage in the practice of electrology unless the individual holds
549	an electrology license.
550	(3) An applicant for an electrology license shall comply with the requirements of Section
551	<u>58-11a-302 and:</u>
552	(a) attend a licensed or recognized school and complete a curriculum that:
553	(i) covers:
554	(A) laser hair removal;
555	(B) electrolysis; and
556	(C) waxing; and
557	(ii) has a minimum of 600 hours of instruction or the equivalent number of credit
558	hours; or
559	(b) complete an approved electrology technician apprenticeship.
560	(4) If the applicant graduates from a recognized school with less than 600 hours of
561	instruction, the applicant may count hours practiced as a licensed electrologist in a
562	jurisdiction other than Utah to satisfy the 600 total hours requirement.
563	(5) An individual with an electrology license may apply credit hours to another license or
564	permit under this chapter, as allowed in Subsection 58-11a-302(2).
565	Section 12. Section 58-11a-302.15 is enacted to read:
566	58-11a-302.15 . Practice of eyelash and eyebrow technology Eyelash and
566 567	<u>58-11a-302.15</u> . Practice of eyelash and eyebrow technology Eyelash and eyebrow technology license Qualifications.
567 568	 eyebrow technology license Qualifications. (1) The practice of eyelash and eyebrow technology includes arching eyebrows by tweezing
567	 eyebrow technology license Qualifications. (1) The practice of eyelash and eyebrow technology includes arching eyebrows by tweezing or waxing, tinting eyelashes or eyebrows, facial waxing, perming eyelashes or
567 568 569 570	 eyebrow technology license Qualifications. (1) The practice of eyelash and eyebrow technology includes arching eyebrows by tweezing or waxing, tinting eyelashes or eyebrows, facial waxing, perming eyelashes or eyebrows, and applying eyelash or eyebrow extensions.
567 568 569	 eyebrow technology license Qualifications. (1) The practice of eyelash and eyebrow technology includes arching eyebrows by tweezing or waxing, tinting eyelashes or eyebrows, facial waxing, perming eyelashes or

573	(3) An applicant for an eyelash and eyebrow technology license shall comply with the
574	requirements of Section 58-11a-302 and:
575	(a) attend a licensed or recognized school and complete a curriculum that:
576	(i) covers eyelash and eyebrow technology; and
577	(ii) has a minimum of 270 hours of instruction or the equivalent number of credit
578	hours; or
579	(b) complete an approved eyelash and eyebrow apprenticeship.
580	(4) If the applicant graduates from a recognized school with less than 270 hours of
581	instruction, the applicant may count hours practiced as a licensed eyelash and eyebrow
582	technician in a jurisdiction other than Utah to satisfy the 270 total hours requirement.
583	(5) An individual with an eyelash and eyebrow technology license may apply credit hours
584	to another license or permit under this chapter, as allowed in Subsection 58-11a-302(2).
585	Section 13. Section 58-11a-302.16 is enacted to read:
586	58-11a-302.16 . Practice of facial hair removal Facial hair removal permit
587	Qualifications.
588	(1) The practice of facial hair removal includes cleansing, applying oil and antiseptics, and
589	manual hair removal on the face.
590	(2) An individual may not engage in the practice of facial hair removal unless the individual
591	holds a facial hair removal permit.
592	(3) An applicant for a facial hair removal permit shall comply with the requirements of
593	Section 58-11a-302 and:
594	(a) attend a licensed or recognized school and complete a curriculum that:
595	(i) covers facial hair removal; and
596	(ii) has a minimum of 50 hours of instruction or the equivalent number of credit
597	hours; or
598	(b) complete an approved facial hair removal apprenticeship.
599	(4) If the applicant graduates from a recognized school with less than 50 hours of
600	instruction, the applicant may count hours practiced as a permitted facial hair removal
601	technician in a jurisdiction other than Utah to satisfy the 50 total hours requirement.
602	(5) An individual with a facial hair removal permit may apply credit hours to another
603	license or permit under this chapter, as allowed in Subsection 58-11a-302(2).
604	Section 14. Section 58-11a-302.17 is enacted to read:
605	58-11a-302.17 . Practice of haircutting Haircutting permit Qualifications.
606	(1) The practice of haircutting includes:

607	(a) cutting, clipping, or trimming the hair of the head of an individual by using scissors,
608	shears, clippers, or other appliances;
609	(b) engaging in draping, shampooing, scalp treatments, basic wet styling, and blow
610	drying;
611	(c) hair fusing and extensions; and
612	(d) when providing other services described in this Subsection (1), gently massaging the
613	head, back of the neck, and shoulders by manual or mechanical means.
614	(2) An individual may not engage in the practice of haircutting unless the individual holds a
615	haircutting permit.
616	(3) An applicant for a haircutting permit shall comply with the requirements of Section
617	<u>58-11a-302 and:</u>
618	(a) attend a licensed or recognized school and complete a curriculum that:
619	(i) covers:
620	(A) hair safety requirements; and
621	(B) haircutting; and
622	(ii) has a minimum of 150 hours of instruction or the equivalent number of credit
623	hours; or
624	(b) complete an approved haircutting apprenticeship.
625	(4) If the applicant graduates from a recognized school with less than 150 hours of
626	instruction, the applicant may count hours practiced as a haircutting technician in a
627	jurisdiction other than Utah to satisfy the 150 total hours requirement.
628	(5) An individual with a haircutting permit may apply credit hours to another license or
629	permit under this chapter, as allowed in Subsection 58-11a-302(2).
630	Section 15. Section 58-11a-302.18 is enacted to read:
631	58-11a-302.18 . Practice of master esthetics Master esthetics license
632	Qualifications.
633	(1)(a) The practice of master esthetics includes:
634	(i) body wraps, as defined by administrative rules made by the division;
635	(ii) hydrotherapy, as defined by administrative rules made by the division;
636	(iii) chemical exfoliation, as defined by administrative rules made by the division;
637	(iv) callous removal by buffing or filing:
638	(v) sanding, including microdermabrasion;
639	(vi) advanced extraction;
640	(vii) dermaplaning;

641	(viii) other esthetic preparations or procedures that use:
642	(A) the hands; or
643	(B) a mechanical or electrical apparatus that is approved for use by administrative
644	rules made by the division;
645	(ix) the use of a cosmetic medical device to perform nonablative procedures,
646	including:
647	(A) laser hair removal;
648	(B) body contouring:
649	(C) anti-aging resurfacing enhancements; and
650	(D) photo rejuvenation;
651	(x) lymphatic massage by manual or other means as defined by administrative rules
652	made by the division;
653	(xi) manual hair removal;
654	(xii) cleansing, stimulating, manipulating, exercising, applying oils, antiseptics, clays
655	or masks, and manual extraction, including a comedone extractor;
656	(xiii) natural nail manicures and pedicures; and
657	(xiv) eyelash and eyebrow technology.
658	(b) An individual with a master esthetics license may not perform any service described
659	in Subsection (1)(a) for the treatment of medical, physical, or mental ailments.
660	(c) A procedure described in Subsection (1)(a)(ix) shall be performed pursuant to the
661	requirements described in Section 58-1-506.
662	(2) An individual may not engage in the practice of master esthetics unless the individual
663	holds a master esthetics license.
664	(3) An applicant for a master esthetics license shall comply with the requirements of
665	Section 58-11a-302 and:
666	(a) attend a licensed or recognized school and complete a curriculum that:
667	(i) covers:
668	(A) eyelash and eyebrow technology;
669	(B) cosmetic medical procedures;
670	(C) body contouring and lymphatic massage; and
671	(D) advanced skincare; and
672	(ii) has a minimum of 1,200 hours of instruction or the equivalent number of credit
673	hours; or
674	(b) complete an approved master esthetics apprenticeship.

675	(4) If the applicant graduates from a recognized school with less than 1,200 hours of
676	instruction, the applicant may count hours practiced as an esthetician in a jurisdiction
677	other than Utah to satisfy the 1,200 total hours requirement.
678	(5) An individual with a master esthetics license may apply credit hours to another license
679	or permit under this chapter, as allowed in Subsection 58-11a-302(2).
680	Section 16. Section 58-11a-302.19 is enacted to read:
681	58-11a-302.19 . Practice of master hair design and master barbering Master
682	hair design license and master barbering license Qualifications.
683	(1) The practice of master hair design and practice of master barbering includes:
684	(a) styling, arranging, dressing, curling, or waving the hair of the head of an individual;
685	(b) cutting, clipping, or trimming the hair of the head of an individual by using scissors,
686	shears, clippers, or other appliances;
687	(c) engaging in draping, shampooing, scalp treatments, basic wet styling, and blow
688	drying;
689	(d) hair fusing and extensions;
690	(e) removing hair from the face or neck of an individual by using shaving equipment;
691	(f) cutting, curling, styling, fitting, measuring, or forming caps for wigs, hairpieces, or
692	both on the human head;
693	(g) practicing hair weaving, hair fusing, or servicing previously medically implanted
694	hair;
695	(h) when providing other services described in this Subsection (1), gently massaging the
696	head, back of the neck, and shoulders by manual or mechanical means; and
697	(i) permanently waving, bleaching, tinting, coloring, relaxing, or similarly treating the
698	hair of the head of an individual.
699	(2) An individual may not engage in the practice of master hair design or master barbering
700	unless the individual holds a master hair design license or master barbering license.
701	(3) An applicant for a master hair design license or master barbering license shall comply
702	with the requirements of Section 58-11a-302 and:
703	(a) attend a licensed or recognized school and complete a curriculum that:
704	(i) covers:
705	(A) hair safety requirements;
706	(B) haircutting and barbering; and
707	(C) chemical hair services; and
708	(ii) has a minimum of 1,000 hours of instruction or the equivalent number of credit

709	hours; or
710	(b) complete an approved master hair design or an approved master barbering
711	apprenticeship.
712	(4) If the applicant graduates from a recognized school with less than 1,000 hours of
713	instruction, the applicant may count hours practiced as a licensed master hair design or
714	master barber in a jurisdiction other than Utah to satisfy the 1,000 total hours
715	requirement.
716	(5) An individual with a master hair design license or master barbering license may apply
717	credit hours to another license or permit under this chapter, as allowed in Subsection
718	<u>58-11a-302(2).</u>
719	Section 17. Section 58-11a-302.20 is enacted to read:
720	58-11a-302.20 . Practice of nail technology Nail technology license
721	Qualifications.
722	(1) The practice of nail technology includes:
723	(a) trimming, cutting, cleaning, manicuring, shaping, massaging hands to elbows and
724	feet to knees, or enhancing the appearance of the hands, feet, and nails of an
725	individual by using the nail technician's hands, mechanical or electrical preparation,
726	antiseptic, lotion, or cream;
727	(b) applying and removing sculptured or artificial nails; and
728	(c) using blades, including corn or callus planer or rasp, for smoothing, shaving, or
729	removing dead skin from the feet.
730	(2) An individual may not engage in the practice of nail technology unless the individual
731	holds a nail technology license.
732	(3) An applicant for a nail technology license shall comply with the requirements of Section
733	<u>58-11a-302 and:</u>
734	(a) attend a licensed or recognized school and complete a curriculum that:
735	(i) covers:
736	(A) manicures and pedicures; and
737	(B) artificial nails; and
738	(ii) has a minimum of 300 hours of instruction or the equivalent number of credit
739	hours; or
740	(b) complete an approved nail technology apprenticeship.
741	(4) If the applicant graduates from a recognized school with less than 300 hours of
742	instruction, the applicant may count hours practiced as a licensed nail technician in a

743	jurisdiction other than Utah to satisfy the 300 total hours requirement.
744	(5) An individual with a nail technology license may apply credit hours to another license
745	or permit under this chapter, as allowed in Subsection 58-11a-302(2).
746	Section 18. Section 58-11a-302.21 is enacted to read:
747	58-11a-302.21 . Licensed instructor Qualifications.
748	(1) An applicant for licensure as an instructor shall:
749	(a) submit an application in a form prescribed by the division;
750	(b) subject to Subsection (4), pay a fee determined by the division under Section
751	<u>63J-1-504;</u>
752	(c) provide satisfactory documentation that the applicant is currently licensed or
753	permitted in the discipline that the applicant is seeking to instruct;
754	(d) provide satisfactory documentation that the applicant has completed six months of
755	work experience in the discipline the applicant intends to instruct and:
756	(i) an instructor training program for the discipline for which the applicant is
757	licensed, by a licensed or recognized school for a minimum of 35% of the
758	minimum hours for the license or permit the applicant intends to instruct; or
759	(ii) on-the-job instructor training for the discipline for which the applicant is licensed,
760	by a licensed or recognized school for a minimum of 35% of the minimum hours
761	for the license or permit the applicant intends to instruct; and
762	(e) meet the examination requirement established by administrative rules made by the
763	division.
764	(2) An applicant for an instructor license or permit under this chapter whose education in
765	the discipline for which a license or permit is sought was completed at a foreign school
766	may satisfy the educational requirement for licensure by demonstrating, to the
767	satisfaction of the division, the educational equivalency of the foreign school education
768	with a licensed school under this chapter.
769	(3)(a) An individual may not instruct a discipline unless the individual has an instructor
770	license that allows instruction of that discipline.
771	(b) The division shall make rules establishing which disciplines each type of instructor
772	license may instruct.
773	(4) The division may not charge a fee to an individual applying for licensure as an
774	instructor under this chapter if the individual is a licensed instructor in any other
775	discipline under this chapter.
776	(5) The division may offer any required examination under this section, which is prepared

777	by a national testing organization, in languages in addition to English.
778	(6) For purposes of a national accrediting agency recognized by the United States
779	Department of Education, on-the-job instructor training described in this section is not
780	considered a program.
781	Section 19. Section 58-11a-302.22 is enacted to read:
782	58-11a-302.22 . Licensed school Qualifications.
783	(1) An applicant for licensure as a licensed school shall:
784	(a) submit an application in a form prescribed by the division;
785	(b) pay a fee determined by the division under Section 63J-1-504; and
786	(c) provide satisfactory documentation:
787	(i) of appropriate registration with the Division of Corporations and Commercial
788	Code;
789	(ii) of business licensure from the municipality in which the school is located;
790	(iii) that the applicant's physical facilities comply with the requirements established
791	by administrative rules made by the division; and
792	(iv) that the applicant meets the standards established by administrative rules made
793	by the division, including staff, curriculum, and accreditation requirements.
794	(2) A school licensed or applying for licensure under this chapter shall maintain recognition
795	as an institution of postsecondary study by meeting the following conditions:
796	(a) the school shall admit as a regular student only an individual who has earned a
797	recognized high school diploma or the equivalent of a recognized high school
798	diploma, or who is beyond the age of compulsory high school attendance as
799	prescribed by Title 53G, Chapter 6, Part 2, Compulsory Education; and
800	(b) the school shall be licensed by name, or in the case of an applicant, shall apply for
801	licensure by name, under this chapter to offer one or more training programs beyond
802	the secondary level.
803	(3) A school licensed under this section shall accept credit hours towards graduation for
804	documented, relevant, and substantially equivalent coursework previously completed by:
805	(a) a student that completed only a portion of the student's education while attending a
806	different school or apprenticeship; or
807	(b) an individual licensed or permitted under this chapter, based on the individual's
808	schooling, apprenticeship, or experience.
809	(4) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, and
810	consistent with this section, the division may make rules governing the acceptance of

811	credit hours.
812	Section 20. Section 58-11a-302.23 is enacted to read:
813	58-11a-302.23 . Practice of esthetics Esthetics license Qualifications.
814	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (3), the division may not issue an esthetics license
815	after January 1, 2026.
816	(2) An individual with an esthetics license may perform any of the following skincare
817	procedures done on the face or body for cosmetic purposes and not for the treatment of
818	medical, physical, or mental ailments:
819	(a) cleansing, stimulating, manipulating, exercising, applying oils, antiseptics, clays, or
820	masks, and manual extraction, including a comedone extractor, depilatories, waxes,
821	tweezing, the application of eyelash or eyebrow extensions, natural nail manicures or
822	pedicures, or callous removal by buffing or filing;
823	(b) limited chemical exfoliation as defined by rule;
824	(c) manual hair removal;
825	(d) other esthetic preparations or procedures with the use of the hands, a high-frequency
826	or galvanic electrical apparatus, or a heat lamp;
827	(e) arching eyebrows, tinting eyebrows or eyelashes, perming eyelashes or eyebrows, or
828	applying eyelash or eyebrow extensions; or
829	(f) subject to the requirements described in Section 58-1-506:
830	(i) laser hair removal;
831	(ii) anti-aging resurfacing enhancements; or
832	(iii) photo rejuvenation.
833	(3) The division shall grant an esthetics license to an individual that completes the
834	requirements described in Subsection (4) and:
835	(a) has registered an esthetics apprenticeship with the division on or before January 1,
836	<u>2026; or</u>
837	(b) has enrolled and started an esthetics program with a licensed school on or before
838	January 1, 2026.
839	(4)(a) An individual described in Subsection (3)(a) shall complete at least 800 hours of
840	apprenticeship training that is supervised by a licensed esthetics instructor who
841	provides one-on-one supervision of the apprentice during the apprenticeship.
842	(b) An individual described in Subsection (3)(b) shall graduate from a licensed school
843	with a minimum of 600 hours or the equivalent number of credit hours.
844	(5) An individual with an esthetics license may apply credit hours to another license or

0 <i>15</i>	normit under this charter, as allowed in Subsection 58, 11, 202(2)
845	permit under this chapter, as allowed in Subsection 58-11a-302(2).
846	Section 21. Section 58-11a-302.24 is enacted to read:
847	58-11a-302.24 . Practice of barbering Barbering license Qualifications.
848	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (3), the division may not issue a barbering license
849	after January 1, 2026.
850	(2) An individual with a barbering license may engage in the practice of barbering, which
851	includes:
852	(a) cutting, clipping, or trimming the hair of the head of an individual by using scissors,
853	shears, clippers, or other appliances;
854	(b) engaging in draping, shampooing, scalp treatments, basic wet styling, and blow
855	drying;
856	(c) cutting, wet styling, fitting, measuring, or forming caps for wigs and hairpieces on
857	the human head;
858	(d) removing hair from the face or neck of an individual by using shaving equipment;
859	and
860	(e) when providing other services described in this Subsection (2), gently massaging the
861	head, back of the neck, and shoulders by manual or mechanical means.
862	(3) The division shall grant a barbering license to an individual that completes the
863	requirement described in Subsection (4) and:
864	(a) has registered a barbering apprenticeship with the division on or before January 1,
865	<u>2026; or</u>
866	(b) has enrolled and started a barbering program with a licensed school on or before
867	January 1, 2026.
868	(4)(a) An individual described in Subsection (3)(a) shall complete at least 1,250 hours of
869	apprenticeship training that is supervised by a licensed barbering instructor who
870	provides one-on-one supervision of the apprentice during the apprenticeship.
871	(b) An individual described in Subsection (3)(b) shall graduate from a licensed school
872	with a minimum of 1,000 hours or the equivalent number of credit hours.
873	(5) An individual with a barbering license may apply credit hours to another license or
874	permit under this chapter, as allowed in Subsection 58-11a-302(2).
875	Section 22. Section 58-11a-302.25 is enacted to read:
876	<u>58-11a-302.25</u> . License transitions.
877	Beginning on January 1, 2026:
878	(1) a cosmetology/barbering license shall be renewed as a cosmetology license;

879 (2) a master-level esthetics license shall be renewed as a master esthetics license; 880 (3) a hair design license shall be renewed as a master hair design license or a master 881 barbering license; and 882 (4) an individual with a barbering license may renew the license as a barbering license. 883 Section 23. Section 58-11a-303 is amended to read: 884 58-11a-303 . Terms of license -- Expiration -- Renewal. 885 (1)(a) The division shall issue each license under this chapter in accordance with a 886 two-year renewal cycle established by rule, except that an instructor license is a 887 one-time certificate and does not expire unless the licensee fails to keep current the 888 license that qualified the licensee to be an instructor under Section [58-11a-302] 889 58-11a-302.21. 890 (b) The division may by rule extend or shorten a renewal period by as much as one year 891 to stagger the renewal cycles it administers. 892 (2) At the time of renewal, a licensed school shall show satisfactory evidence that the 893 school meets the standards for that type of school, including staff, curriculum, and accreditation requirements, established by rule. 894 895 (3) Each license expires on the expiration date shown on the license unless the license 896 renews it in accordance with Section 58-1-308. 897 Section 24. Section 58-11a-304 is amended to read: 58-11a-304. Exemptions from licensure. 898 899 In addition to the exemptions from licensure in Section 58-1-307, the following [persons] 900 individuals may engage in [the practice of barbering, cosmetology/barbering, hair design, 901 esthetics, master-level esthetics, electrology, nail technology, or eyelash and eyebrow 902 technology] a discipline regulated by this chapter without being licensed under this chapter: 903 (1) [a person] an individual licensed under the laws of this state to engage in the practice of 904 medicine, surgery, osteopathy, or chiropractic when engaged in the practice of the 905 profession for which they are licensed; 906 (2) a commissioned physician or surgeon serving in the armed forces of the United States or 907 another federal agency; 908 (3) a registered nurse, undertaker, or mortician licensed under the laws of this state when 909 engaged in the practice of the profession for which the [person] individual is licensed; 910 (4) [a person] an individual who visits the state to engage in instructional seminars, 911 advanced classes, trade shows, or competitions of a limited duration; 912 [(5) a person who engages in the practice of barbering, cosmetology/barbering, hair design,

913		esthetics, master-level esthetics, electrology, nail technology, or eyelash and eyebrow
914		technology without compensation;]
915	<u>(5)</u>	an individual who engages in a practice regulated by this chapter without compensation;
916	(6)	[a person] an individual instructing an adult education class or other educational
917		program directed toward [persons] individuals who are not licensed under this chapter
918		and that is not intended to train [persons] individuals to become licensed under this
919		chapter, provided:
920		(a) an attendee receives no credit toward educational requirements for licensure under
921		this chapter;
922		(b) the instructor informs each attendee in writing that taking such a class or program
923		will not certify or qualify the attendee to perform a service for compensation that
924		requires licensure under this chapter; and
925		(c)(i) the instructor is properly licensed; or
926		(ii) the instructor receives no compensation;
927	(7)	[a person-] an individual providing instruction in workshops, seminars, training
928		meetings, or other educational programs whose purpose is to provide continuing
929		professional development [to licensed barbers, cosmetologists/barbers, hair designers,
930		estheticians, master estheticians, electrologists, or nail technicians] to a qualified licensee
931		or permittee regulated by this chapter;
932	(8)	[a person-] an individual enrolled in a licensed [barber, cosmetology/barber, or hair
933		design]school when participating in an on the job training internship under the direct
934		supervision of a [licensed barber, cosmetologist/barber, or hair designer] licensee under
935		this chapter upon completion of a basic program under the standards established by rule
936		by the division in collaboration with the board;
937	(9)	[a person enrolled] an individual registered with the division in an approved
938		apprenticeship pursuant to Section 58-11a-306;
939	(10)	(a) an employee of a company that is primarily engaged in the business of selling
940		products used [in the practice of barbering, cosmetology/barbering, hair design,
941		esthetics, master-level esthetics, electrology, nail technology, or eyelash and eyebrow
942		technology] by a qualified licensee regulated by this chapter;
943		(b) [-]when demonstrating the company's products to a potential customer[;] ; and
944		(c) [-]provided the employee makes no representation to a potential customer that
945		attending [such a] the demonstration will certify or qualify the attendee to perform a
946		service for compensation that requires licensure under this chapter;

947 (11) [a person] an individual who: (a) is qualified to engage in [the practice of barbering, cosmetology/barbering, hair 948 949 design, esthetics, master-level esthetics, electrology, nail technology, or eyelash and eyebrow technology] a practice regulated by this chapter in another jurisdiction as 950 951 evidenced by licensure, certification, or lawful practice in the other jurisdiction; 952 (b) is employed by, or under contract with, a motion picture company; and 953 (c) engages in [the practice of barbering, cosmetology/barbering, hair design, esthetics, 954 master-level esthetics, electrology, nail technology, or eyelash and eyebrow 955 technology] a practice regulated by this chapter in the state: 956 (i) solely to assist in the production of a motion picture; and 957 (ii) for no more than 120 days per calendar year; 958 (12) [a person] an individual who: 959 (a) engages in threading; 960 (b) engages in hair braiding; and 961 [(b)] (c) [unless it is expressly exempted under this section or Section 58-1-307, does not 962 engage in other activity requiring licensure under this chapter; and] is not engaged in 963 a practice that requires a license or permit under this chapter; and 964 (13) [a person] an individual who: 965 (a) dries, styles, arranges, dresses, curls, hot irons, shampoos, or conditions hair; 966 (b) does not cut the hair; 967 (c) does not apply dye to alter the color of the hair; 968 (d) does not apply reactive chemicals to straighten, curl, or alter the structure of the hair; 969 (e) [unless it is expressly exempted under this section or Section 58-1-307, does not 970 engage in other activity requiring licensure under this chapter] is not engaged in a 971 practice that requires a license or permit under this chapter; 972 (f) provides evidence to the division that the [person] individual has received a hair 973 safety permit from completing a hair safety program that: 974 (i) is approved by the division; 975 (ii) consists of no more than two hours of instruction; 976 (iii) is offered by a provider approved by the division; and 977 (iv) includes an examination that requires a passing score of 75%; and 978 (g) displays in a conspicuous location in the [person's] individual's place of business: 979 (i) a valid hair safety permit as described in Subsection (13)(f); and 980 (ii) a sign notifying the public that the [person's] individual providing the services [are

981	not provided by an individual who has a license under this chapter.] is not licensed
982	under this chapter.
983	Section 25. Section 58-11a-306 is repealed and reenacted to read:
984	58-11a-306 . Apprenticeship.
985	(1)(a) An approved apprenticeship shall be conducted by a supervisor who:
986	(i) is licensed under this chapter as an instructor in the discipline of the
987	apprenticeship; and
988	(ii) provides one-on-one direct supervision of the apprentice during the
989	apprenticeship program.
990	(b) An apprenticeship supervisor may not provide direct supervision to more than two
991	apprentices during the apprentice program.
992	(2) An individual seeking a license or permit through an approved apprenticeship under this
993	chapter shall:
994	(a) register with the division before beginning the training requirements by:
995	(i) submitting a form prescribed by the division, which includes the name of the
996	licensed instructor supervisor; and
997	(ii) paying a fee determined by the division under Section 63J-1-504;
998	(b) complete the apprenticeship within two years of the date on which the division
999	approves the registration; and
1000	(c) notify the division within 30 days if the licensed instructor supervisor changes after
1001	the registration is approved by the division.
1002	(3) An individual seeking a license or permit through an approved apprenticeship under this
1003	chapter shall complete a minimum of:
1004	(a) 1,250 apprenticeship hours for a cosmetology license;
1005	(b) 1,200 apprenticeship hours for a master esthetics license;
1006	(c) 1,000 apprenticeship hours for:
1007	(i) a master barber license; or
1008	(ii) a master hair design license;
1009	(d) 600 apprenticeship hours for an electrology license;
1010	(e) <u>300 apprenticeship hours for a nail technology license;</u>
1011	(f) 270 apprenticeship hours for an eyelash and eyebrow technology license;
1012	(g) 260 apprenticeship hours for a chemical hair services permit;
1013	(h) 200 apprenticeship hours for a basic esthetics permit;
1014	(i) 150 apprenticeship hours for a haircutting permit;

1015	
1015	(j) <u>130 apprenticeship hours for a barbering permit; or</u>
1016	(k) 50 apprenticeship hours for a facial hair removal permit.
1017	Section 26. Section 58-11a-501 is repealed and reenacted to read:
1018	<u>58-11a-501</u> . Unprofessional conduct.
1019	Unprofessional conduct includes:
1020	(1) a licensed school that fails to:
1021	(a)(i) obtain or maintain accreditation or comply with the required standard of
1022	accreditation; and
1023	(ii) have curriculum approved by the division, as required by administrative rules
1024	made by the division; or
1025	(b) provide adequate instruction to enrolled students;
1026	(2) an apprentice supervisor that fails to:
1027	(a) provide direct supervision to an apprentice; or
1028	(b) comply with division rules relating to apprenticeship programs under this chapter;
1029	(3) an instructor that fails to provide direct supervision to students who are providing
1030	services to an individual under the instructor's supervision;
1031	(4) a person that keeps a salon or school, or the salon or school's furnishings, tools, utensils,
1032	linen, or appliances in an unsanitary condition;
1033	(5) an individual licensed or permitted under this chapter that fails to:
1034	(a) comply with Title 26B, Utah Health and Human Services Code;
1035	(b) display a license or permit as required under Section 58-11a-305;
1036	(c) comply with physical facility requirements established by administrative rules made
1037	by the division;
1038	(d) maintain mechanical or electrical equipment in safe operating condition;
1039	(e) adequately monitor patrons using steam rooms, dry heat rooms, baths, showers, or
1040	saunas;
1041	(f) comply with all applicable state and local health or sanitation laws; or
1042	(g) comply with a judgment order from a court of competent jurisdiction regarding a
1043	disagreement over tuition or education costs in relation to the requirements outlined
1044	in this chapter;
1045	(6) an individual licensed or permitted under this chapter:
1046	(a) prescribing or administering prescription drugs;
1047	(b) engaging in any act or practice in a professional capacity that is outside of the
1048	applicable scope of practice:

1049	(c) engaging in any act or practice in a professional capacity that the individual is not
1050	competent to perform through education or training; or
1051	(d) removing proximal nail fold by e-file or other tool or inserting tools beneath the
1052	eponychium;
1053	(7) unless the individual is under the supervision of a licensed health care practitioner
1054	acting within the scope of the health care practitioner's license, an individual licensed or
1055	permitted under this chapter, while using a chemical exfoliant:
1056	(a) using any acid, concentration of acid, or combination of treatments that violate the
1057	standards established by administrative rules made by the division;
1058	(b) removing any layer of skin deeper than the stratum corneum of the epidermis; or
1059	(c) using an exfoliant that contains phenol, trichloroacetic acid of over 15%, or
1060	bicinchoninic acid;
1061	(8) while sanding the skin, an individual licensed or permitted under this chapter, removing
1062	any layer of skin deeper than the stratum corneum of the epidermis, unless the individual
1063	is under the supervision of a licensed health care practitioner acting within the scope of
1064	the health care practitioner's license;
1065	(9) using any laser procedure or intense, pulsed light source, besides a nonprescriptive laser
1066	device, unless authorized to do so by an individual's license or permit in this chapter;
1067	(10) marketing or distinguishing an establishment as a school if the establishment is not
1068	licensed as a school under this chapter; and
1069	(11) claiming or advertising unrealistic results for body contouring, including alleviation of
1070	psychological distress.
1071	Section 27. Section 58-11a-503 is amended to read:
1072	58-11a-503 . Penalties.
1073	(1) Unless Subsection (2) applies, an individual who commits an act of unlawful conduct
1074	under Section 58-11a-502 or who fails to comply with a citation issued under this
1075	section after [it] the citation is final is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
1076	(2) Sexual conduct that violates Section 58-11a-502 and Title 76, Utah Criminal Code, shall
1077	be subject to the applicable penalties in Title 76, Utah Criminal Code.
1078	(3) Grounds for immediate suspension of [a licensee's] an individual's license or permit by
1079	the division include the issuance of a citation for violation of Subsection 58-11a-502(1),
1080	(3), (4), (5), or (6).
1081	(4)[(a)] If upon inspection or investigation, the division concludes that $[a \text{ person}] an$
1082	individual has violated the provisions of Subsection 58-11a-502(1), (3), (4), (5), or (6),

1083	or a rule or order issued with respect to Subsection 58-11a-502(1), (3), (4), (5), or (6),
1084	and that disciplinary action is appropriate, the director or the director's designee from
1085	within the division shall promptly issue a citation to [the person] the individual
1086	according to this chapter and any pertinent rules, attempt to negotiate a stipulated
1087	settlement, or notify the [person] individual to appear before an adjudicative
1088	proceeding conducted under Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.
1089	[(i)] (5) [A person who] An individual that is in violation of Subsection 58-11a-502(1), (3),
1090	(4), (5), or (6), as evidenced by an uncontested citation, a stipulated settlement, or [by a]
1091	finding of violation in an adjudicative proceeding, may be assessed a fine [pursuant to] in
1092	<u>accordance with</u> this Subsection [(4)] (5) and may, in addition to or in lieu of <u>a fine</u> , be
1093	ordered to cease and desist from violating Subsection 58-11a-502(1), (3), (4), (5), or (6).
1094	[(ii)] (6) Except for a cease and desist order, the licensure sanctions [cited] described in
1095	Section 58-11a-401 may not be assessed through a citation.
1096	(7)[(b)] (a)[(i)] Each citation shall be in writing and describe with particularity the
1097	nature of the violation, including a reference to the provision of the chapter, rule,
1098	or order alleged to have been violated.
1099	[(ii)] (b) The citation shall clearly state that the recipient must notify the division in
1100	writing within 20 calendar days of service of the citation if the recipient wishes to
1101	contest the citation at a hearing conducted under Title 63G, Chapter 4,
1102	Administrative Procedures Act.
1103	[(iii)] (c) The citation shall clearly explain the consequences of failure to timely contest
1104	the citation or to make payment of a fine assessed by the citation within the time
1105	specified in the citation.
1106	[(c)] (d) Each citation issued under this section, or a copy of each citation, may be served
1107	upon [a person] an individual upon whom a summons may be served in accordance
1108	with the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure and may be made personally or upon the [
1109	person's] individual's agent by a division investigator or by [a person] an individual
1110	specially designated by the director or by mail.
1111	[(d)] (e)(i) If within 20 calendar days from the service of a citation, the [person to
1112	whom] individual to which the citation was issued fails to request a hearing to
1113	contest the citation, the citation becomes the final order of the division and is not
1114	subject to further agency review.
1115	(ii) The period to contest a citation may be extended by the division for cause.
1116	[(e)] (f) The division may refuse to issue or renew, suspend, revoke, or place on

1117	probation the [license of a licensee who] license or permit of an individual that fails to
1118	comply with a citation after [it] the citation becomes final.
1119	[(f)] (g) The failure of an applicant for licensure to comply with a citation after $[it]$ the
1120	citation becomes final is a ground for denial of license.
1121	[(g)] (h) [No citation may be issued] The director or the director's designee from within
1122	the division may not issue a citation under this section [after the expiration of] more
1123	than one year [following] after the date on which the violation that is the subject of
1124	the citation is reported to the division.
1125	[(h)] (i) [Fines shall be assessed by the director or the director's designee according to the
1126	following:] The director or the director's designee shall assess fines as follows:
1127	(i) for a first offense under Subsection $[(4)(a)]$ (4), a fine of up to \$1,000;
1128	(ii) for a second offense under Subsection [$(4)(a)$] (4), a fine of up to \$2,000; and
1129	(iii) for any subsequent offense under Subsection [$(4)(a)$] (4), a fine of up to \$2,000
1130	for each day of continued offense.
1131	[(i)] (j)[(i)] For purposes of issuing a final order under this section and assessing a
1132	fine under Subsection [(4)(h)] (7)(i), an offense constitutes a second or subsequent
1133	offense if:
1134	[(A)] (i) the division previously issued a final order determining that [a person] an
1135	individual committed a first or second offense in violation of Subsection
1136	58-11a-502(1), (3), (4), (5), or (6); or
1137	[(B)] (ii) $[(F)]$ (A) the division initiated an action for a first or second offense;
1138	[(H)] (B) no final order has been issued by the division in the action initiated under
1139	Subsection $[(4)(i)(B)(I)] (7)(j)(ii)(A);$
1140	[(HH)] (C) the division determines during an investigation that occurred after the
1141	initiation of the action under Subsection $[(4)(i)(i)(B)(I)] (7)(j)(ii)(A)$ that the [
1142	person] individual committed a second or subsequent violation of Subsection
1143	58-11a-502(1), (3), (4), (5), or (6); and
1144	[(IV)] (D) after determining that the [person] individual committed a second or
1145	subsequent offense under Subsection [$(4)(i)(B)(HI)$] $(7)(j)(ii)(C)$, the division
1146	issues a final order on the action initiated under Subsection $[(4)(i)(i)(B)(I)]$
1147	<u>(7)(j)(ii)(A)</u> .
1148	[(ii)] (k) In issuing a final order for a second or subsequent offense under Subsection [
1149	(4)(i)(i)] $(7)(j)$, the division shall comply with the requirements of this section.
1150	[(5)] (8)(a) A penalty imposed by the director under Subsection $[(4)(h)]$ (7)(i) shall be

1151	deposited into the [Barber, Cosmetologist/Barber, Esthetician, Electrologist, and Nail
1152	Technician Education and Enforcement Fund] Cosmetology and Associated
1153	Professions Education and Enforcement Fund.
1154	(b) [A penalty which is not paid may be collected by the director by either:] The director
1155	may collect an unpaid penalty by:
1156	(i) referring the matter to a collection agency; or
1157	(ii) bringing an action in the district court of the county in which the [person]
1158	individual against whom the penalty is imposed resides or in the county where the
1159	office of the director is located.
1160	(c) A county attorney or the attorney general of the state shall provide legal assistance
1161	and advice to the director in an action to collect a penalty.
1162	(d) A court shall award reasonable attorney fees and costs to the prevailing party in an
1163	action brought by the division to collect a penalty.
1164	Section 28. Section 58-67-102 is amended to read:
1165	58-67-102 . Definitions.
1166	In addition to the definitions in Section 58-1-102, as used in this chapter:
1167	(1)(a) "Ablative procedure" means a procedure that is expected to excise, vaporize,
1168	disintegrate, or remove living tissue, including the use of carbon dioxide lasers and
1169	erbium: YAG lasers.
1170	(b) "Ablative procedure" does not include:[-]
1171	(i) hair removal;
1172	(ii) laser tattoo removal; or[-]
1173	(iii) cryolipolysis.
1174	(2) "ACGME" means the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education of the
1175	American Medical Association.
1176	(3) "Administrative penalty" means a monetary fine or citation imposed by the division for
1177	acts or omissions determined to constitute unprofessional or unlawful conduct, in
1178	accordance with a fine schedule established by the division in collaboration with the
1179	board, as a result of an adjudicative proceeding conducted in accordance with Title 63G,
1180	Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.
1181	(4) "Associate physician" means an individual licensed under Section 58-67-302.8.
1182	(5) "Attempted sex change" means an attempt or effort to change an individual's body to
1183	present that individual as being of a sex or gender that is different from the individual's
1184	biological sex at birth.

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1185 (6) "Biological sex at birth" means an individual's sex, as being male or female, according 1186 to distinct reproductive roles as manifested by: 1187 (a) sex and reproductive organ anatomy; 1188 (b) chromosomal makeup; and 1189 (c) endogenous hormone profiles. 1190 (7) "Board" means the Medical Licensing Board created in Section 58-67-201. 1191 (8) "Collaborating physician" means an individual licensed under Section 58-67-302 who 1192 enters into a collaborative practice arrangement with an associate physician. 1193 (9) "Collaborative practice arrangement" means the arrangement described in Section 1194 58-67-807. 1195 (10)(a) "Cosmetic medical device" means tissue altering energy based devices that have 1196 the potential for altering living tissue and that are used to perform ablative or 1197 nonablative procedures, such as American National Standards Institute [(ANSI)] 1198 designated Class IIIb and Class IV lasers, intense pulsed light, radio frequency 1199 devices, and lipolytic devices, and excludes [ANSI] American National Standards 1200 Institute designated Class IIIa and lower powered devices. 1201 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (10)(a), if an [ANSI] American National Standards 1202 Institute designated Class IIIa and lower powered device is being used to perform an 1203 ablative procedure, the device is included in the definition of cosmetic medical 1204 device under Subsection (10)(a). 1205 (11)(a) "Cosmetic medical procedure" includes: 1206 (i) the use of cosmetic medical devices to perform ablative or nonablative 1207 procedures; or 1208 (ii) the injection of medication or substance, including a neurotoxin or a filler, for 1209 cosmetic purposes. 1210 (b) "Cosmetic medical procedure" does not include a treatment of the ocular globe 1211 including refractive surgery. 1212 (12) "Diagnose" means: 1213 (a) to examine in any manner another person, parts of a person's body, substances, 1214 fluids, or materials excreted, taken, or removed from a person's body, or produced by 1215 a person's body, to determine the source, nature, kind, or extent of a disease or other 1216 physical or mental condition; 1217 (b) to attempt to conduct an examination or determination described under Subsection 1218 (12)(a);

1219	(c) to hold oneself out as making or to represent that one is making an examination or
1220	determination as described in Subsection (12)(a); or
1221	(d) to make an examination or determination as described in Subsection (12)(a) upon or
1222	from information supplied directly or indirectly by another person, whether or not in
1223	the presence of the person making or attempting the diagnosis or examination.
1224	(13) "LCME" means the Liaison Committee on Medical Education of the American
1225	Medical Association.
1226	(14) "Medical assistant" means an unlicensed individual who may perform tasks as
1227	described in Subsection 58-67-305(6).
1228	(15) "Medically underserved area" means a geographic area in which there is a shortage of
1229	primary care health services for residents, as determined by the Department of Health
1230	and Human Services.
1231	(16) "Medically underserved population" means a specified group of people living in a
1232	defined geographic area with a shortage of primary care health services, as determined
1233	by the Department of Health and Human Services.
1234	(17)(a)(i) "Nonablative procedure" means a procedure that is expected or intended to
1235	alter living tissue, but is not intended or expected to excise, vaporize, disintegrate,
1236	or remove living tissue.
1237	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (17)(a)(i) nonablative procedure includes hair
1238	removal.
1239	(b) "Nonablative procedure" does not include:
1240	(i) a superficial procedure as defined in Section 58-1-102;
1241	(ii) the application of permanent make-up;
1242	(iii) laser tattoo removal; or
1243	[(iii)] (iv) the use of photo therapy and lasers for neuromusculoskeletal treatments that
1244	are performed by an individual licensed under this title who is acting within the
1245	individual's scope of practice.
1246	(18) "Physician" means both physicians and surgeons licensed under [Section 58-67-301,
1247	Utah Medical Practice Act] Part 3, Licensing, and osteopathic physicians and surgeons
1248	licensed under [Section 58-68-301, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act] Chapter 68,
1249	Part 3, Licensing.
1250	(19)(a) "Practice of medicine" means:
1251	(i) to diagnose, treat, correct, administer anesthesia, or prescribe for any human
1252	disease, ailment, injury, infirmity, deformity, pain or other condition, physical or

1253 mental, real or imaginary, including to perform cosmetic medical procedures, or to 1254 attempt to do so, by any means or instrumentality, and by an individual in Utah or 1255 outside the state upon or for any human within the state; 1256 (ii) when a person not licensed as a physician directs a licensee under this chapter to 1257 withhold or alter the health care services that the licensee has ordered; 1258 (iii) to maintain an office or place of business for the purpose of doing any of the acts 1259 described in Subsection (19)(a)(i) or (ii) whether or not for compensation; or 1260 (iv) to use, in the conduct of any occupation or profession pertaining to the diagnosis or treatment of human diseases or conditions in any printed material, stationery, 1261 1262 letterhead, envelopes, signs, or advertisements, the designation "doctor," "doctor of medicine," "physician," "surgeon," "physician and surgeon," "Dr.," "M.D.," or 1263 1264 any combination of these designations in any manner which might cause a 1265 reasonable person to believe the individual using the designation is a licensed 1266 physician and surgeon, and if the party using the designation is not a licensed 1267 physician and surgeon, the designation must additionally contain the description 1268 of the branch of the healing arts for which the person has a license, provided that 1269 an individual who has received an earned degree of doctor of medicine degree but 1270 is not a licensed physician and surgeon in Utah may use the designation "M.D." if 1271 it is followed by "Not Licensed" or "Not Licensed in Utah" in the same size and 1272 style of lettering. 1273 (b) The practice of medicine does not include: 1274 (i) except for an ablative medical procedure as provided in Subsection (19)(b)(ii) the 1275 conduct described in Subsection (19)(a)(i) that is performed in accordance with a 1276 license issued under another chapter of this title; 1277 (ii) an ablative cosmetic medical procedure if the scope of practice for the person 1278 performing the ablative cosmetic medical procedure includes the authority to 1279 operate or perform a surgical procedure; or 1280 (iii) conduct under Subsection 58-67-501(2). 1281 (20) "Prescription device" means an instrument, apparatus, implement, machine, 1282 contrivance, implant, in vitro reagent, or other similar or related article, and any 1283 component part or accessory, which is required under federal or state law to be 1284 prescribed by a practitioner and dispensed by or through a person or entity licensed

- 1285 under this chapter or exempt from licensure under this chapter.
- 1286 (21) "Prescription drug" means a drug that is required by federal or state law or rule to be

1287	dispensed only by prescription or is restricted to administration only by practitioners.
1288	(22)(a) "Primary sex characteristic surgical procedure" means any of the following if
1289	done for the purpose of effectuating or facilitating an individual's attempted sex
1290	change:
1291	(i) for an individual whose biological sex at birth is male, castration, orchiectomy,
1292	penectomy, vaginoplasty, or vulvoplasty;
1293	(ii) for an individual whose biological sex at birth is female, hysterectomy,
1294	oophorectomy, metoidioplasty, or phalloplasty; or
1295	(iii) any surgical procedure that is related to or necessary for a procedure described in
1296	Subsection (22)(a)(i) or (ii), that would result in the sterilization of an individual
1297	who is not sterile.
1298	(b) "Primary sex characteristic surgical procedure" does not include:
1299	(i) surgery or other procedures or treatments performed on an individual who:
1300	(A) is born with external biological sex characteristics that are irresolvably
1301	ambiguous;
1302	(B) is born with 46, XX chromosomes with virilization;
1303	(C) is born with 46, XY chromosomes with undervirilization;
1304	(D) has both ovarian and testicular tissue; or
1305	(E) has been diagnosed by a physician, based on genetic or biochemical testing,
1306	with a sex development disorder characterized by abnormal sex chromosome
1307	structure, sex steroid hormone production, or sex steroid hormone action for a
1308	male or female; or
1309	(ii) removing a body part:
1310	(A) because the body part is cancerous or diseased; or
1311	(B) for a reason that is medically necessary, other than to effectuate or facilitate an
1312	individual's attempted sex change.
1313	(23)(a) "Secondary sex characteristic surgical procedure" means any of the following if
1314	done for the purpose of effectuating or facilitating an individual's attempted sex
1315	change:
1316	(i) for an individual whose biological sex at birth is male, breast augmentation
1317	surgery, chest feminization surgery, or facial feminization surgery; or
1318	(ii) for an individual whose biological sex at birth is female, mastectomy, breast
1319	reduction surgery, chest masculinization surgery, or facial masculinization surgery.
1320	(b) "Secondary sex characteristic surgical procedure" does not include:

1321	(i) surgery or other procedures or treatments performed on an individual who:
1322	(A) is born with external biological sex characteristics that are irresolvably
1323	ambiguous;
1324	(B) is born with 46, XX chromosomes with virilization;
1325	(C) is born with 46, XY chromosomes with undervirilization;
1326	(D) has both ovarian and testicular tissue; or
1327	(E) has been diagnosed by a physician, based on genetic or biochemical testing,
1328	with a sex development disorder characterized by abnormal sex chromosome
1329	structure, sex steroid hormone production, or sex steroid hormone action for a
1330	male or female; or
1331	(ii) removing a body part:
1332	(A) because the body part is cancerous or diseased; or
1333	(B) for a reason that is medically necessary, other than to effectuate or facilitate an
1334	individual's attempted sex change.
1335	(24) "SPEX" means the Special Purpose Examination of the Federation of State Medical
1336	Boards.
1337	(25) "Unlawful conduct" means the same as that term is defined in Sections 58-1-501 and
1338	58-67-501.
1339	(26) "Unprofessional conduct" means the same as that term is defined in Sections 58-1-501
1340	and 58-67-502, and as may be further defined by division rule.
1341	Section 29. Section 58-68-102 is amended to read:
1342	58-68-102 . Definitions.
1343	In addition to the definitions in Section 58-1-102, as used in this chapter:
1344	(1)(a) "Ablative procedure" means a procedure that is expected to excise, vaporize,
1345	disintegrate, or remove living tissue, including the use of carbon dioxide lasers and
1346	erbium: YAG lasers.
1347	(b) "Ablative procedure" does not include:[-]
1348	(i) hair removal[-]; or
1349	(ii) laser tattoo removal.
1350	(2) "ACGME" means the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education of the
1351	American Medical Association.
1352	(3) "Administrative penalty" means a monetary fine imposed by the division for acts or
1353	omissions determined to constitute unprofessional or unlawful conduct, as a result of an
1354	adjudicative proceeding conducted in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 4,

1355	Administrative Procedures Act.
1356	(4) "AOA" means the American Osteopathic Association.
1357	(5) "Associate physician" means an individual licensed under Section 58-68-302.5.
1358	(6) "Attempted sex change" means an attempt or effort to change an individual's body to
1359	present that individual as being of a sex or gender that is different from the individual's
1360	biological sex at birth.
1361	(7) "Biological sex at birth" means an individual's sex, as being male or female, according
1362	to distinct reproductive roles as manifested by:
1363	(a) sex and reproductive organ anatomy;
1364	(b) chromosomal makeup; and
1365	(c) endogenous hormone profiles.
1366	(8) "Board" means the Medical Licensing Board created in Section 58-67-201.
1367	(9) "Collaborating physician" means an individual licensed under Section 58-68-302 who
1368	enters into a collaborative practice arrangement with an associate physician.
1369	(10) "Collaborative practice arrangement" means the arrangement described in Section
1370	58-68-807.
1371	(11)(a) "Cosmetic medical device" means tissue altering energy based devices that have
1372	the potential for altering living tissue and that are used to perform ablative or
1373	nonablative procedures, such as American National Standards Institute [(ANSI)]
1374	designated Class IIIb and Class IV lasers, intense pulsed light, radio frequency
1375	devices, and lipolytic devices and excludes [ANSI] American National Standards
1376	Institute designated Class IIIa and lower powered devices.
1377	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (11)(a), if an [ANSI] American National Standards
1378	Institute designated Class IIIa and lower powered device is being used to perform an
1379	ablative procedure, the device is included in the definition of cosmetic medical
1380	device under Subsection (11)(a).
1381	(12) "Cosmetic medical procedure":
1382	(a) includes the use of cosmetic medical devices to perform ablative or nonablative
1383	procedures; and
1384	(b) does not include a treatment of the ocular globe such as refractive surgery.
1385	(13) "Diagnose" means:
1386	(a) to examine in any manner another person, parts of a person's body, substances,
1387	fluids, or materials excreted, taken, or removed from a person's body, or produced by
1388	a person's body, to determine the source, nature, kind, or extent of a disease or other

1389	physical or mental condition;
1390	(b) to attempt to conduct an examination or determination described under Subsection
1391	(13)(a);
1392	(c) to hold oneself out as making or to represent that one is making an examination or
1393	determination as described in Subsection (13)(a); or
1394	(d) to make an examination or determination as described in Subsection (13)(a) upon or
1395	from information supplied directly or indirectly by another person, whether or not in
1396	the presence of the person making or attempting the diagnosis or examination.
1397	(14) "Medical assistant" means an unlicensed individual who may perform tasks as
1398	described in Subsection 58-68-305(6).
1399	(15) "Medically underserved area" means a geographic area in which there is a shortage of
1400	primary care health services for residents, as determined by the Department of Health
1401	and Human Services.
1402	(16) "Medically underserved population" means a specified group of people living in a
1403	defined geographic area with a shortage of primary care health services, as determined
1404	by the Department of Health and Human Services.
1405	(17)(a)(i) "Nonablative procedure" means a procedure that is expected or intended to
1406	alter living tissue, but is not expected or intended to excise, vaporize, disintegrate,
1407	or remove living tissue.
1408	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (17)(a)(i), nonablative procedure includes hair
1409	removal.
1410	(b) "Nonablative procedure" does not include:
1411	(i) a superficial procedure as defined in Section 58-1-102;
1412	(ii) the application of permanent make-up;
1413	(iii) laser tattoo removal; or
1414	[(iii)] (iv) the use of photo therapy lasers for neuromusculoskeletal treatments that are
1415	performed by an individual licensed under this title who is acting within the
1416	individual's scope of practice.
1417	(18) "Physician" means both physicians and surgeons licensed under [Section 58-67-301,
1418	Utah Medical Practice Act] Part 3, Licensing, and osteopathic physicians and surgeons
1419	licensed under [Section 58-68-301, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act] Chapter 68,
1420	Part 3, Licensing.
1421	(19)(a) "Practice of osteopathic medicine" means:
1422	(i) to diagnose, treat, correct, administer anesthesia, or prescribe for any human

1423	disease, ailment, injury, infirmity, deformity, pain, or other condition, physical or
1424	mental, real or imaginary, or to attempt to do so, by any means or instrumentality,
1425	which in whole or in part is based upon emphasis of the importance of the
1426	musculoskeletal system and manipulative therapy in the maintenance and
1427	restoration of health, by an individual in Utah or outside of the state upon or for
1428	any human within the state;
1429	(ii) when a person not licensed as a physician directs a licensee under this chapter to
1430	withhold or alter the health care services that the licensee has ordered;
1431	(iii) to maintain an office or place of business for the purpose of doing any of the acts
1432	described in Subsection (19)(a)(i) or (ii) whether or not for compensation; or
1433	(iv) to use, in the conduct of any occupation or profession pertaining to the diagnosis
1434	or treatment of human diseases or conditions, in any printed material, stationery,
1435	letterhead, envelopes, signs, or advertisements, the designation "doctor," "doctor
1436	of osteopathic medicine," "osteopathic physician," "osteopathic surgeon,"
1437	"osteopathic physician and surgeon," "Dr.," "D.O.," or any combination of these
1438	designations in any manner which might cause a reasonable person to believe the
1439	individual using the designation is a licensed osteopathic physician, and if the
1440	party using the designation is not a licensed osteopathic physician, the designation
1441	must additionally contain the description of the branch of the healing arts for
1442	which the person has a license, provided that an individual who has received an
1443	earned degree of doctor of osteopathic medicine but is not a licensed osteopathic
1444	physician and surgeon in Utah may use the designation "D.O." if it is followed by
1445	"Not Licensed" or "Not Licensed in Utah" in the same size and style of lettering.
1446	(b) The practice of osteopathic medicine does not include:
1447	(i) except for an ablative medical procedure as provided in Subsection (19)(b)(ii), the
1448	conduct described in Subsection (19)(a)(i) that is performed in accordance with a
1449	license issued under another chapter of this title;
1450	(ii) an ablative cosmetic medical procedure if the scope of practice for the person
1451	performing the ablative cosmetic medical procedure includes the authority to
1452	operate or perform a surgical procedure; or
1453	(iii) conduct under Subsection 58-68-501(2).
1454	(20) "Prescription device" means an instrument, apparatus, implement, machine,
1455	contrivance, implant, in vitro reagent, or other similar or related article, and any
1456	component part or accessory, which is required under federal or state law to be

1457	prescribed by a practitioner and dispensed by or through a person or entity licensed
1458	under this chapter or exempt from licensure under this chapter.
1459	(21) "Prescription drug" means a drug that is required by federal or state law or rule to be
1460	dispensed only by prescription or is restricted to administration only by practitioners.
1461	(22)(a) "Primary sex characteristic surgical procedure" means any of the following if
1462	done for the purpose of effectuating or facilitating an individual's attempted sex
1463	change:
1464	(i) for an individual whose biological sex at birth is male, castration, orchiectomy,
1465	penectomy, vaginoplasty, or vulvoplasty;
1466	(ii) for an individual whose biological sex at birth is female, hysterectomy,
1467	oophorectomy, metoidioplasty, or phalloplasty; or
1468	(iii) any surgical procedure that is related to or necessary for a procedure described in
1469	Subsection (22)(a)(i) or (ii), that would result in the sterilization of an individual
1470	who is not sterile.
1471	(b) "Primary sex characteristic surgical procedure" does not include:
1472	(i) surgery or other procedures or treatments performed on an individual who:
1473	(A) is born with external biological sex characteristics that are irresolvably
1474	ambiguous;
1475	(B) is born with 46, XX chromosomes with virilization;
1476	(C) is born with 46, XY chromosomes with undervirilization;
1477	(D) has both ovarian and testicular tissue; or
1478	(E) has been diagnosed by a physician, based on genetic or biochemical testing,
1479	with a sex development disorder characterized by abnormal sex chromosome
1480	structure, sex steroid hormone production, or sex steroid hormone action for a
1481	male or female; or
1482	(ii) removing a body part:
1483	(A) because the body part is cancerous or diseased; or
1484	(B) for a reason that is medically necessary, other than to effect ate or facilitate an
1485	individual's attempted sex change.
1486	(23)(a) "Secondary sex characteristic surgical procedure" means any of the following if
1487	done for the purpose of effectuating or facilitating an individual's attempted sex
1488	change:
1489	(i) for an individual whose biological sex at birth is male, breast augmentation
1490	surgery, chest feminization surgery, or facial feminization surgery; or

1491	(ii) for an individual whose biological sex at birth is female, mastectomy, breast
1492	reduction surgery, chest masculinization surgery, or facial masculinization surgery.
1493	(b) "Secondary sex characteristic surgical procedure" does not include:
1494	(i) surgery or other procedures or treatments performed on an individual who:
1495	(A) is born with external biological sex characteristics that are irresolvably
1496	ambiguous;
1497	(B) is born with 46, XX chromosomes with virilization;
1498	(C) is born with 46, XY chromosomes with undervirilization;
1499	(D) has both ovarian and testicular tissue; or
1500	(E) has been diagnosed by a physician, based on genetic or biochemical testing,
1501	with a sex development disorder characterized by abnormal sex chromosome
1502	structure, sex steroid hormone production, or sex steroid hormone action for a
1503	male or female; or
1504	(ii) removing a body part:
1505	(A) because the body part is cancerous or diseased; or
1506	(B) for a reason that is medically necessary, other than to effectuate or facilitate an
1507	individual's attempted sex change.
1508	(24) "SPEX" means the Special Purpose Examination of the Federation of State Medical
1509	Boards.
1510	(25) "Unlawful conduct" means the same as that term is defined in Sections 58-1-501 and
1511	58-68-501.
1512	(26) "Unprofessional conduct" means the same as that term is defined in Sections 58-1-501
1513	and 58-68-502 and as may be further defined by division rule.
1514	Section 30. Effective Date.
1515	This bill takes effect on January 1, 2026.