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# **Election Records Amendments**

# 2025 FIRST SPECIAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

**Chief Sponsor: Norman K Thurston** 

Senate Sponsor: Brady Brammer

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#### LONG TITLE

### **General Description:**

This bill amends provisions related to election records.

## **Highlighted Provisions:**

This bill:

- defines terms;
- establishes retention and disposition requirements for certain election records;
- authorizes an election officer to share with certain individuals the record of voters contacted to cure a ballot:
- establishes and modifies provisions related to who, and the circumstances under which,
   an individual may view the video recordings of the processing of ballots and unattended
   ballot drop boxes;
  - modifies the data reporting requirements and deadlines for ballot statistics published on an election officer's website during an election;
    - eliminates certain ballot reconciliation reporting requirements;
    - classifies certain election records as public records;
  - for the board of canvassers' report that an election officer submits to the board of canvassers after an election:
  - specifies certain election-related data that the election officer must include in the report's statement of votes cast; and
  - requires the election officer to include in the report certain data from the election results database;
  - establishes a process for an election officer who does not count ballots using automatic tabulating equipment to include certain data from the election results database in the board of canvassers' report;
    - requires an election officer to:
      - publish a notice of the board of canvasser's report as a class A notice;
    - include with the notice a copy of the board of canvasser's report on the Utah Public

31	Notice Website and the election officer's jurisdiction's website; and			
32	• make the board of canvassers' report available to the public in certain electronic file			
33	formats;			
34	requires the lieutenant governor to ensure that all voting equipment has the capability of			
35	generating an election results database;			
36	<ul> <li>specifies the data that must be contained in an election results database; and</li> </ul>			
37	<ul> <li>makes technical and conforming changes.</li> </ul>			
38	Money Appropriated in this Bill:			
39	None			
40	Other Special Clauses:			
41	This bill provides a special effective date.			
42	This bill provides retrospective operation.			
43	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>			
44	AMENDS:			
45	10-2a-215 (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023,			
46	Chapter 435			
47	20A-1-102 (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2025,			
48	Chapters 381, 448			
49	20A-3a-401 (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by Laws of Utah			
50	2025, Chapters 381, 448			
51	20A-3a-401.1 (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by Laws of Utah			
52	2025, Chapter 524			
53	20A-3a-405 (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by Laws of Utah			
54	2023, Chapter 297			
55	20A-4-104 (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2025,			
56	Chapter 448			
57	20A-4-106 (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2025,			
58	Chapter 524			
59	20A-4-107 (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020,			
60	Chapter 31			
61	20A-4-109 (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2025,			
62	Chapter 524			
63	20A-4-202 (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2025,			
64	Chapter 524			

65	20A-4-304 (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2025		
66	Chapters 38, 448 and 524		
67	20A-4-401 (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by Laws of Utah 202		
68	Chapter 448		
69	20A-5-403.5 (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by Laws of Utah		
70	2025, Chapter 448		
71	20A-5-905 (Effective upon governor's approval), as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022,		
72	Chapter 156		
73	67-1a-2 (Effective upon governor's approval), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2025,		
74	Chapter 400		
75	ENACTS:		
76	20A-5-802.5 (Effective upon governor's approval), Utah Code Annotated 1953		
77	REPEALS:		
78	20A-4-701 (Effective upon governor's approval) (Applies beginning 08/01/25), as		
79	enacted by Laws of Utah 2025, Chapter 524		
80	20A-4-702 (Effective upon governor's approval) (Applies beginning 08/01/25), as		
81	enacted by Laws of Utah 2025, Chapter 524		
82	20A-4-703 (Effective upon governor's approval) (Applies beginning 08/01/25), as		
83 84	enacted by Laws of Utah 2025, Chapter 524		
85	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:		
86	Section 1. Section 10-2a-215 is amended to read:		
87	10-2a-215 (Effective upon governor's approval). Election of officers of new		
88	municipality Primary and final election dates Notice of election County clerk		
89	duties Candidate duties Occupation of office.		
90	(1) For the election of municipal officers, the county legislative body shall:		
91	(a) unless a primary election is prohibited under Subsection 20A-9-404(2), hold a		
92	primary election; and		
93	(b) unless the election may be cancelled in accordance with Section 20A-1-206, hold a		
94	final election.		
95	(2) Each election described in Subsection (1) shall be held:		
96	(a) consistent with the petition sponsors' determination of the length of each council		
97	member's initial term; and		
98	(b) for the incorporation of a city:		

99	(i) appropriate to the form of government chosen by the voters at the incorporation			
100	election;			
101	(ii) consistent with the voters' decision about whether to elect city council members			
102	by district and, if applicable, consistent with the boundaries of those districts as			
103	determined by the petition sponsors; and			
104	(iii) consistent with the sponsors' determination of the number of city council			
105	members to be elected.			
106	(3)(a) Subject to Subsection (3)(b), and notwithstanding Subsection 20A-1-201.5(2), the			
107	primary election described in Subsection (1)(a) shall be held at the earliest of the next:			
108	(i) regular primary election described in Subsection 20A-1-201.5(1); or			
109	(ii) municipal primary election described in Section 20A-9-404.			
110	(b) The county shall hold the primary election, if necessary, on the next election date			
111	described in Subsection (3)(a) that is after the incorporation election conducted under			
112	Section 10-2a-210.			
113	(4)(a) Subject to Subsection (4)(b), the county shall hold the final election described in			
114	Subsection (1)(b):			
115	(i) on the following election date that next follows the date of the incorporation			
116	election held under Subsection 10-2a-210(1)(a);			
117	(ii) a regular general election described in Section 20A-1-201; or			
118	(iii) a regular municipal general election under Section 20A-1-202.			
119	(b) The county shall hold the final election on the earliest of the next election date that is			
120	listed in Subsection (4)(a)(i), (ii), or (iii):			
121	(i) that is after a primary election; or			
122	(ii) if there is no primary election, that is at least:			
123	(A) 75 days after the incorporation election under Section 10-2a-210; and			
124	(B) 65 days after the candidate filing period.			
125	(5) The county clerk shall provide notice of an election under this section for the future			
126	municipality, as a class A notice under Section 63G-30-102, for at least two weeks			
127	before the day of the election.			
128	(6) Until the municipality is incorporated, the county clerk:			
129	(a) is the election officer for all purposes related to the election of municipal officers;			
130	(b) may, as necessary, determine appropriate deadlines, procedures, and instructions			
131	related to the election of municipal officers for a new municipality that are not			
132	otherwise contrary to law;			

133	(c) shall require and determine deadlines for municipal office candidates to file
134	campaign financial disclosures in accordance with Section 10-3-208; and
135	(d) shall ensure that the ballot for the election includes each office that is required to be
136	included in the election for officers of the newly incorporated municipality, including
137	the term of each office.
138	(7) An individual who has filed as a candidate for an office described in this section shall
139	comply with:
140	(a) the campaign finance disclosure requirements described in Section 10-3-208; and
141	(b) the requirements and deadlines established by the county clerk under this section.
142	(8) Notwithstanding Section 10-3-201, the officers elected at a final election described in
143	Subsection (4)(a) shall take office:
144	(a) after taking the oath of office; and
145	(b) at noon on the first Monday following the day on which the election official
146	transmits a certificate of nomination or election under the officer's seal to each
147	elected candidate in accordance with Subsection [20A-4-304(4)(b)] 20A-4-304(6)(b)
148	Section 2. Section <b>20A-1-102</b> is amended to read:
149	20A-1-102 (Effective upon governor's approval). Definitions.
150	As used in this title:
151	(1) "Active voter" means a registered voter who has not been classified as an inactive voter
152	by the county clerk.
153	(2) "Automatic tabulating equipment" means apparatus that automatically examines and
154	counts votes recorded on ballots and tabulates the results.
155	(3)(a) "Ballot" means the storage medium, including a paper, mechanical, or electronic
156	storage medium, that records an individual voter's vote.
157	(b) "Ballot" does not include a record to tally multiple votes.
158	(4) "Ballot proposition" means a question, issue, or proposal that is submitted to voters on
159	the ballot for their approval or rejection including:
160	(a) an opinion question specifically authorized by the Legislature;
161	(b) a constitutional amendment;
162	(c) an initiative;
163	(d) a referendum;
164	(e) a bond proposition;
165	(f) a judicial retention question;
166	(g) an incorporation of a city or town; or

- (h) any other ballot question specifically authorized by the Legislature.
- 168 (5) "Bind," "binding," or "bound" means securing more than one piece of paper together
  169 using staples or another means in at least three places across the top of the paper in the
  170 blank space reserved for securing the paper.
- 171 (6) "Board of canvassers" means the entities established by Sections 20A-4-301 and 20A-4-306 to canvass election returns.
- 173 (7) "Bond election" means an election held for the purpose of approving or rejecting the 174 proposed issuance of bonds by a government entity.
- 175 (8) "Business day" means a Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, or Friday that is not a holiday.
- 177 (9) "Business reply mail envelope" means an envelope that may be mailed free of charge by 178 the sender.
- 179 (10) "Calendar day" means any day, regardless of whether the day is a weekend, a holiday, 180 a business day, or any other type of day.
- 181 (11) "Canvass" means the review of election returns and the official declaration of election results by the board of canvassers.
- 183 (12) "Canvassing judge" means a poll worker designated to assist in counting ballots at the canvass.
- 185 (13) "Contracting election officer" means an election officer who enters into a contract or 186 interlocal agreement with a provider election officer.
- 187 (14) "Convention" means the political party convention at which party officers and delegates are selected.
- 189 (15) "Counting center" means one or more locations selected by the election officer in 190 charge of the election for the automatic counting of ballots.
- 191 (16) "Counting judge" means a poll worker designated to count the ballots during election day.
- 193 (17) "Counting room" means a suitable and convenient private place or room for use by the poll workers and counting judges to count ballots.
- 195 (18) "County officers" means those county officers that are required by law to be elected.
- 196 (19) "Date of the election" or "election day" or "day of the election":
- 197 (a) means the day that is specified in the calendar year as the day on which the election 198 occurs; and
- (b) does not include:
- 200 (i) deadlines established for voting by mail, military-overseas voting, or emergency

201	voting; or			
202	(ii) any early voting or early voting period as provided under Chapter 3a, Part 6,			
203	Early Voting.			
204	(20) "Elected official" means:			
205	(a) a person elected to an office under Section 20A-1-303 or Chapter 4, Part 6,			
206	Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project;			
207	(b) a person who is considered to be elected to a municipal office in accordance with			
208	Subsection 20A-1-206(1)(c)(ii); or			
209	(c) a person who is considered to be elected to a special district office in accordance			
210	with Subsection 20A-1-206(3)(b)(ii).			
211	(21) "Election" means a regular general election, a municipal general election, a statewide			
212	special election, a local special election, a regular primary election, a municipal primary			
213	election, and a special district election.			
214	(22) "Election Assistance Commission" means the commission established by the Help			
215	America Vote Act of 2002, Pub. L. No. 107-252.			
216	(23) "Election cycle" means the period beginning on the first day on which individuals are			
217	eligible to file declarations of candidacy and ending when the canvass is completed.			
218	(24) "Election judge" means a poll worker that is assigned to:			
219	(a) preside over other poll workers at a polling place;			
220	(b) act as the presiding election judge; or			
221	(c) serve as a canvassing judge, counting judge, or receiving judge.			
222	(25) "Election material" includes:			
223	(a) the verification documentation described in Subsection 20A-3a-401(9)(b)(iv);			
224	(b) the list of voters contacted to cure a ballot described in Subsection 20A-3a-401(10)(b);			
225	(c) the record of rejected and resolved ballots described in Subsection 20A-3a-401(11)(a);			
226	(d) any chain of custody documentation described in Section 20A-3a-401.1, including:			
227	(i) the count of ballots described in Subsection 20A-3a-401.1(3); and			
228	(ii) the batch log described in Subsection 20A-3a-401.1(5);			
229	(e) the record of signature verification audits described in Subsection 20A-3a-402.5(4);			
230	(f) the affidavit of compliance described in Subsection 20A-3a-404(2);			
231	(g) the physical and electronic log of replicated ballots described in Subsection			
232	20A-4-104(3);			
233	(h) the physical or electronic log of adjudicated ballots described in Section 20A-5-802.5;			
234	(i) the record of voter detabase access described in Subsection 20A 5 005(2):			

235	(j) the reports on military and overseas voters described in Section 20A-16-202;
236	(k) scanned copies of return envelopes;
237	(1) a copy of the final election results database described in Section 20A-5-802.5; and
238	(m) the materials used in the programming of the automatic tabulating equipment.
239	[(25)] (26) "Election officer" means:
240	(a) the lieutenant governor, for all statewide ballots and elections;
241	(b) the county clerk for:
242	(i) a county ballot and election; and
243	(ii) a ballot and election as a provider election officer as provided in Section
244	20A-5-400.1 or 20A-5-400.5;
245	(c) the municipal clerk for:
246	(i) a municipal ballot and election; and
247	(ii) a ballot and election as a provider election officer as provided in Section
248	20A-5-400.1 or 20A-5-400.5;
249	(d) the special district clerk or chief executive officer for:
250	(i) a special district ballot and election; and
251	(ii) a ballot and election as a provider election officer as provided in Section
252	20A-5-400.1 or 20A-5-400.5; or
253	(e) the business administrator or superintendent of a school district for:
254	(i) a school district ballot and election; and
255	(ii) a ballot and election as a provider election officer as provided in Section
256	20A-5-400.1 or 20A-5-400.5.
257	[(26)] (27) "Election official" means any election officer, election judge, or poll worker.
258	[ <del>(27)</del> ] <u>(28)</u> "Election results" means:
259	(a) for an election other than a bond election, the count of votes cast in the election and
260	the election returns requested by the board of canvassers; or
261	(b) for bond elections, the count of those votes cast for and against the bond proposition
262	plus any or all of the election returns that the board of canvassers may request.
263	[ <del>(28)</del> "Election returns" includes:
264	[(a) the pollbook, the military and overseas absentee voter registration and voting
265	certificates, one of the tally sheets, any unprocessed ballots, all counted ballots, all
266	excess ballots, all unused ballots, all spoiled ballots, the ballot disposition form, and
267	the total votes cast form; and]
268	[(b) the record, described in Subsection 20A-3a-401(10)(c), of voters contacted to cure a

269	<del>ballot.</del> ]			
270	(29) "Election results database" means the following information generated by voting			
271	equipment:			
272	(a) one or more electronic files that contains a digital interpretation of each ballot that is			
273	counted in an election;			
274	(b) a ballot image; and			
275	(c) other information related to a ballot that is adjudicated under Section 20A-4-105.			
276	(30) "Election returns" means:			
277	(a) the pollbook;			
278	(b) the military and overseas absentee voter registration and voting certificates;			
279	(c) one of the tally sheets;			
280	(d) any unprocessed ballots;			
281	(e) all counted ballots;			
282	(f) all excess ballots;			
283	(g) all unused ballots;			
284	(h) all spoiled ballots;			
285	(i) all ballot disposition forms, including any provisional ballot disposition forms;			
286	(j) the final election results database described in Section 20A-5-802.5;			
287	(k) all return envelopes;			
288	(l) any provisional ballot envelopes; and			
289	(m) the total votes cast form.			
290	[(29)] (31) "Electronic signature" means an electronic sound, symbol, or process attached to			
291	or logically associated with a record and executed or adopted by a person with the intent			
292	to sign the record.			
293	[(30)] (32) "Holiday" means a legal holiday described in Subsections 63G-1-301(1) and (2).			
294	[(31)] (33) "Inactive voter" means a registered voter who is listed as inactive by a county			
295	clerk under Subsection 20A-2-505(4)(c)(i) or (ii).			
296	[(32)] (34) "Judicial office" means the office filled by any judicial officer.			
297	[(33)] (35) "Judicial officer" means any justice or judge of a court of record or any county			
298	court judge.			
299	[(34)] (36) "Local election" means a regular county election, a regular municipal election, a			
300	municipal primary election, a local special election, a special district election, and a			
301	bond election.			
302	[(35)] (37) "Local political subdivision" means a county a municipality a special district or			

303	a local school district.
304	[(36)] (38) "Local special election" means a special election called by the governing body of
305	a local political subdivision in which all registered voters of the local political
306	subdivision may vote.
307	[(37)] (39) "Manual ballot" means a paper document produced by an election officer on
308	which an individual records an individual's vote by directly placing a mark on the paper
309	document using a pen or other marking instrument.
310	[(38)] (40) "Mechanical ballot" means a record, including a paper record, electronic record,
311	or mechanical record, that:
312	(a) is created via electronic or mechanical means; and
313	(b) records an individual voter's vote cast via a method other than an individual directly
314	placing a mark, using a pen or other marking instrument, to record an individual
315	voter's vote.
316	[(39)] (41) "Municipal executive" means:
317	(a) the mayor in the council-mayor form of government defined in Section 10-3b-102; or
318	(b) the mayor in the council-manager form of government defined in Subsection
319	10-3b-103(6).
320	[(40)] (42) "Municipal general election" means the election held in municipalities and, as
321	applicable, special districts on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November of
322	each odd-numbered year for the purposes established in Section 20A-1-202.
323	[(41)] (43) "Municipal legislative body" means the council of the city or town in any form
324	of municipal government.
325	[(42)] (44) "Municipal office" means an elective office in a municipality.
326	[(43)] (45) "Municipal officers" means those municipal officers that are required by law to
327	be elected.
328	[(44)] (46) "Municipal primary election" means an election held to nominate candidates for
329	municipal office.
330	[(45)] (47) "Municipality" means a city or town.
331	[(46)] (48) "Official ballot" means the ballots distributed by the election officer for voters to
332	record their votes.
333	[(47)] (49) "Official endorsement" means the information on the ballot that identifies:
334	(a) the ballot as an official ballot;
335	(b) the date of the election; and
336	(c)(i) for a ballot prepared by an election officer other than a county clerk, the

337	facsimile signature required by Subsection 20A-6-401(1)(a)(iii); or			
338	(ii) for a ballot prepared by a county clerk, the words required by Subsection			
339	20A-6-301(1)(b)(iii).			
340	[(48)] (50) "Official register" means the official record furnished to election officials by the			
341	election officer that contains the information required by Section 20A-5-401.			
342	[(49)] (51) "Political party" means an organization of registered voters that has qualified to			
343	participate in an election by meeting the requirements of Chapter 8, Political Party			
344	Formation and Procedures.			
345	[(50)] (52)(a) "Poll worker" means a person assigned by an election official to assist with			
346	an election, voting, or counting votes.			
347	(b) "Poll worker" includes election judges.			
348	(c) "Poll worker" does not include a watcher.			
349	[(51)] (53) "Pollbook" means a record of the names of voters in the order that [they] the			
350	voters appear to cast votes.			
351	[(52)] (54) "Polling place" means a building where voting is conducted.			
352	[(53)] (55) "Position" means a square, circle, rectangle, or other geometric shape on a ballot			
353	in which the voter marks the voter's choice.			
354	[(54)] (56) "Presidential Primary Election" means the election established in Chapter 9, Part			
355	8, Presidential Primary Election.			
356	[(55)] (57) "Primary convention" means the political party conventions held during the year			
357	of the regular general election.			
358	[(56)] (58) "Protective counter" means a separate counter, which cannot be reset, that:			
359	(a) is built into a voting machine; and			
360	(b) records the total number of movements of the operating lever.			
361	[(57)] (59) "Provider election officer" means an election officer who enters into a contract or			
362	interlocal agreement with a contracting election officer to conduct an election for the			
363	contracting election officer's local political subdivision in accordance with Section			
364	20A-5-400.1.			
365	[(58)] (60) "Provisional ballot" means a ballot voted provisionally by a person:			
366	(a) whose name is not listed on the official register at the polling place;			
367	(b) whose legal right to vote is challenged as provided in this title; or			
368	(c) whose identity was not sufficiently established by a poll worker.			
369	[(59)] (61) "Provisional ballot envelope" means an envelope printed in the form required by			
370	Section 20A-6-105 that is used to identify provisional ballots and to provide information			

371	to verify a person's legal right to vote.			
372	[(60)] (62)(a) "Public figure" means an individual who, due to the individual being			
373	considered for, holding, or having held a position of prominence in a public or			
374	private capacity, or due to the individual's celebrity status, has an increased risk to the			
375	individual's safety.			
376	(b) "Public figure" does not include an individual:			
377	(i) elected to public office; or			
378	(ii) appointed to fill a vacancy in an elected public office.			
379	[(61)] (63) "Qualify" or "qualified" means to take the oath of office and begin performing			
380	the duties of the position for which the individual was elected.			
381	[(62)] (64) "Receiving judge" means the poll worker that checks the voter's name in the			
382	official register at a polling place and provides the voter with a ballot.			
383	[(63)] (65) "Registration form" means a form by which an individual may register to vote			
384	under this title.			
385	[(64)] (66) "Regular ballot" means a ballot that is not a provisional ballot.			
386	[(65)] (67) "Regular general election" means the election held throughout the state on the			
387	first Tuesday after the first Monday in November of each even-numbered year for the			
388	purposes established in Section 20A-1-201.			
389	[(66)] (68) "Regular primary election" means the election, held on the date specified in			
390	Section 20A-1-201.5, to nominate candidates of political parties and candidates for			
391	nonpartisan local school board positions to advance to the regular general election.			
392	[(67)] (69) "Resident" means a person who resides within a specific voting precinct in Utah.			
393	[(68)] (70) "Return envelope" means the envelope, described in Subsection 20A-3a-202(4),			
394	provided to a voter with a manual ballot:			
395	(a) into which the voter places the manual ballot after the voter has voted the manual			
396	ballot in order to preserve the secrecy of the voter's vote; and			
397	(b) that includes the voter affidavit and a place for the voter's signature.			
398	[(69)] (71) "Sample ballot" means a mock ballot similar in form to the official ballot,			
399	published as provided in Section 20A-5-405.			
400	[(70)] (72) "Special district" means a local government entity under Title 17B, Limited			
401	Purpose Local Government Entities - Special Districts, and includes a special service			
402	district under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act.			
403	[(71)] (73) "Special district officers" means those special district board members who are			
404	required by law to be elected.			

405	[(72)] (74) "Special election" means an election held as authorized by Section 20A-1-203.			
406	[ <del>(73)</del> ] <u>(75)</u> "Spoiled ballot" means each ballot that:			
407	(a) is spoiled by the voter;			
408	(b) is unable to be voted because it was spoiled by the printer or a poll worker; or			
409	(c) lacks the official endorsement.			
410	[(74)] (76) "Statewide special election" means a special election called by the governor or			
411	the Legislature in which all registered voters in Utah may vote.			
412	[(75)] (77) "Tabulation system" means a device or system designed for the sole purpose of			
413	tabulating votes cast by voters at an election.			
414	[ <del>(76)</del> ] <u>(78)</u> "Ticket" means a list of:			
415	(a) political parties;			
416	(b) candidates for an office; or			
417	(c) ballot propositions.			
418	[(77)] (79) "Transfer case" means the sealed box used to transport voted ballots to the			
419	counting center.			
420	[ <del>(78)</del> ] <u>(80)</u> "Vacancy" means:			
421	(a) except as provided in Subsection $[(78)(b)]$ $(80)(b)$ , the absence of an individual to			
422	serve in a position created by state constitution or state statute, whether that absence			
423	occurs because of death, disability, disqualification, resignation, or other cause; or			
424	(b) in relation to a candidate for a position created by state constitution or state statute,			
425	the removal of a candidate due to the candidate's death, resignation, or			
426	disqualification.			
427	[(79)] (81) "Valid voter identification" means:			
428	(a) a form of identification that bears the name and photograph of the voter which may			
429	include:			
430	(i) a currently valid Utah driver license;			
431	(ii) a currently valid identification card issued under Title 53, Chapter 3, Part 8,			
432	Identification Card Act;			
433	(iii) a currently valid identification card that is issued by:			
434	(A) the state; or			
435	(B) a branch, department, or agency of the United States;			
436	(iv) a currently valid Utah permit to carry a concealed weapon;			
437	(v) a currently valid United States passport; or			
438	(vi) a currently valid United States military identification card:			

439	(b) one	e of the following identification cards, regardless of whether the card includes a
440	pho	otograph of the voter:
441	(i)	a valid tribal identification card;
442	(ii)	a Bureau of Indian Affairs card; or
443	(iii	) a tribal treaty card; or
444	(c) two	o forms of identification not listed under Subsection [(79)(a)] (81)(a) or (b) but that
445	bea	ar the name of the voter and provide evidence that the voter resides in the voting
446	pre	ecinct, which may include:
447	(i)	before January 1, 2029, an original or copy of a current utility bill, dated no more
448		than 90 calendar days before the date of the election;
449	(ii)	before January 1, 2029, an original or copy of a bank or other financial account
450		statement, dated no more than 90 calendar days before the date of the election;
451	(iii	) a certified birth certificate;
452	(iv)	) a valid social security card;
453	(v)	an original or copy of a check issued by the state or the federal government, dated
454		no more than 90 calendar days before the date of the election;
455	(vi)	) an original or copy of a paycheck from the voter's employer, dated no more than
456		90 calendar days before the date of the election;
457	(vii	i) a currently valid Utah hunting or fishing license;
458	(vii	ii) certified naturalization documentation;
459	(ix)	a currently valid license issued by an authorized agency of the United States;
460	(x)	a certified copy of court records showing the voter's adoption or name change;
461	(xi)	a valid Medicaid card, Medicare card, or Electronic Benefits Transfer Card;
462	(xii	i) a currently valid identification card issued by:
463		(A) a local government within the state;
464		(B) an employer for an employee; or
465		(C) a college, university, technical school, or professional school located within
466		the state; or
467	(xii	ii) a current Utah vehicle registration.
468	[ <del>(80)</del> ] <u>(82)</u>	"Valid write-in candidate" means a candidate who has qualified as a write-in
469	candida	ate by following the procedures and requirements of this title.
470	[ <del>(81)</del> ] <u>(83)</u>	"Vote by mail" means to vote, using a manual ballot that is mailed to the voter,
471	by:	
472	(a) ma	iling the ballot to the location designated in the mailing; or

- 473 (b) depositing the ballot in a ballot drop box designated by the election officer. 474 [(82)] (84) "Voter" means an individual who: 475 (a) meets the requirements for voting in an election; 476 (b) meets the requirements of election registration; 477 (c) is registered to vote; and 478 (d) is listed in the official register[<del>book</del>]. 479 [(83)] (85) "Voter registration deadline" means the registration deadline provided in Section 480 20A-2-102.5. 481 [(84)] (86) "Voting area" means the area within six feet of the voting booths, voting 482 machines, and ballot box. 483 [(85)] (87) "Voting booth" means: 484 (a) the space or compartment within a polling place that is provided for the preparation 485 of ballots, including the voting enclosure or curtain; or 486 (b) a voting device that is free standing. 487 [(86)] (88) "Voting device" means any device provided by an election officer for a voter to 488 vote a mechanical ballot. 489 [(87)] (89) "Voting precinct" means the smallest geographical voting unit, established under 490 Chapter 5, Part 3, Duties of the County and Municipal Legislative Bodies. 491 [(88)] (90) "Watcher" means an individual who complies with the requirements described in 492 Section 20A-3a-801 to become a watcher for an election. 493 [<del>(89)</del>] (91) "Write-in ballot" means a ballot containing any write-in votes. 494 [(90)] (92) "Write-in vote" means a vote cast for an individual, whose name is not printed on 495 the ballot, in accordance with the procedures established in this title. 496 Section 3. Section **20A-3a-401** is amended to read: 497 20A-3a-401 (Effective upon governor's approval). Custody of voted ballots 498 mailed or deposited in a ballot drop box -- Disposition -- Notice -- Disclosures relating to 499 unresolved ballots. 500 (1) This section governs ballots returned by mail, via a ballot drop box, or by other legal 501 means. 502 (2) Poll workers shall process return envelopes containing manual ballots that are in the 503 custody of the poll workers in accordance with this section. 504 (3) Poll workers shall examine a return envelope to make the determinations described in
  - (4) The poll workers shall take the action described in Subsection (5)(a) if the poll workers

505

506

Subsection (4).

507	determine:
508	(a) for an election held before January 1, 2029:
509	(i) that the return envelope contains the last four digits of the voter's Utah driver
510	license number, Utah state identification card number, or social security number;
511	or
512	(ii) if the return envelope does not contain the digits described in Subsection (4)(a)(i),
513	that:
514	(A) in accordance with the rules made under Subsection (13), the signature on the
515	affidavit of the return envelope is reasonably consistent with the individual's
516	signature in the voter registration records; or
517	(B) for an individual who checks the box described in Subsection (7)(d)(v), the
518	signature is verified by alternative means;
519	(b) for an election held on or after January 1, 2029:
520	(i) that the return envelope contains the last four digits of the voter's Utah driver
521	license number, Utah state identification card number, or social security number;
522	(ii) if the return envelope does not contain the digits described in Subsection (4)(b)(i),
523	that the voter included in the return envelope a copy of the identification described
524	in Subsection 20A-3a-204(2)(c)(ii); or
525	(iii) for a voter described in Subsection 20A-3a-301(7), that the voter complied with
526	Subsection 20A-3a-301(7);
527	(c) that the affidavit is sufficient;
528	(d) that the voter is registered to vote in the correct precinct;
529	(e) that the voter's right to vote the ballot has not been challenged;
530	(f) that the voter has not already voted in the election; and
531	(g) for a voter who has not yet provided valid voter identification with the voter's voter
532	registration, whether the voter has provided valid voter identification with the return
533	envelope.
534	(5)(a) If the poll workers make all of the findings described in Subsection (4), the poll
535	workers shall:
536	(i) remove the manual ballot from the return envelope in a manner that does not
537	destroy the affidavit on the return envelope;
538	(ii) ensure that the ballot is not examined in connection with the return envelope; and
539	(iii) place the ballot with the other ballots to be counted.
540	(b) If the poll workers do not make all of the findings described in Subsection (4), the

541	poll workers shall:
542	(i) disallow the vote;
543	(ii) except as provided in Subsection (6), without opening the return envelope, record
544	the ballot as "rejected" and state the reason for the rejection; and
545	(iii) except as provided in Subsection (6), place the return envelope, unopened, with
546	the other rejected return envelopes.
547	(6) A poll worker may open a return envelope, if necessary, to determine compliance with
548	Subsection $(4)(b)(ii)$ , $(4)(b)(iii)$ , or $(4)(g)$ .
549	(7)(a) If the poll workers reject an individual's ballot because the poll workers determine
550	that the return envelope does not comply with Subsection (4), the election officer
551	shall:
552	(i) contact the individual in accordance with Subsection (8); and
553	(ii) inform the individual:
554	(A) that the identification information provided on the return envelope is in
555	question;
556	(B) how the individual may resolve the issue; and
557	(C) that, in order for the ballot to be counted, the individual is required to deliver
558	to the election officer a correctly completed affidavit, provided by the county
559	clerk, that meets the requirements described in Subsection (7)(d).
560	(b) If, under Subsection (4)(a)(ii)(A), the poll workers reject an individual's ballot
561	because the poll workers determine, in accordance with rules made under Subsection
562	(13), that the signature on the return envelope is not reasonably consistent with the
563	individual's signature in the voter registration records, the election officer shall:
564	(i) contact the individual in accordance with Subsection (8); and
565	(ii) inform the individual:
566	(A) that the individual's signature is in question;
567	(B) how the individual may resolve the issue; and
568	(C) that, in order for the ballot to be counted, the individual is required to deliver
569	to the election officer a correctly completed affidavit, provided by the county
570	clerk, that meets the requirements described in Subsection (7)(d).
571	(c) The election officer shall ensure that the notice described in Subsection (7)(a) or (b)
572	includes:
573	(i) when communicating the notice by mail, a printed copy of the affidavit described
574	in Subsection (7)(d) and a courtesy reply envelope;

575	(ii) when communicating the notice electronically, a link to a copy of the affidavit
576	described in Subsection (7)(d) or information on how to obtain a copy of the
577	affidavit; or
578	(iii) when communicating the notice by phone, either during a direct conversation
579	with the voter or in a voicemail, arrangements for the voter to receive a copy of
580	the affidavit described in Subsection (7)(d), either in person from the clerk's
581	office, by mail, or electronically.
582	(d) An affidavit described in Subsection (7)(a)(ii)(C) or (7)(b)(ii)(C) shall include:
583	(i) an attestation that the individual voted the ballot;
584	(ii) a space for the individual to enter the individual's name, date of birth, and driver
585	license number or the last four digits of the individual's social security number;
586	(iii) a space for the individual to sign the affidavit;
587	(iv) a statement that, by signing the affidavit, the individual authorizes the lieutenant
588	governor's and county clerk's use of the information in the affidavit and the
589	individual's signature on the affidavit for voter identification purposes; and
590	(v) a check box accompanied by language in substantially the following form: "I am
591	a voter with a qualifying disability under the Americans with Disabilities Act that
592	impacts my ability to sign my name consistently. I can provide appropriate
593	documentation upon request. To discuss accommodations, I can be contacted at
594	".
595	(e) In order for an individual described in Subsection (7)(a) or (b) to have the
596	individual's ballot counted, the individual shall deliver the affidavit described in
597	Subsection (7)(d) to the election officer.
598	(f) An election officer who receives a signed affidavit under Subsection (7)(e) shall
599	immediately:
600	(i) scan the signature on the affidavit electronically and keep the signature on file in
601	the statewide voter registration database developed under Section 20A-2-502;
602	(ii) if the election officer receives the affidavit no later than noon on the last business
603	day before the day on which the canvass begins, count the individual's ballot; and
604	(iii) if the check box described in Subsection (7)(d)(v) is checked, comply with the
605	rules described in Subsection (13)(c).
606	(8)(a) The election officer shall, within two business days after the day on which an
607	individual's ballot is rejected, notify the individual of the rejection and the reason for

the rejection, by phone, mail, email, or, if consent is obtained, text message, unless:

608

609	(i) the ballot is cured within one business day after the day on which the ballot is
610	rejected; or
611	(ii) the ballot is rejected because the ballot is received late or for another reason that
612	cannot be cured.
613	(b) If an individual's ballot is rejected for a reason described in Subsection (8)(a)(ii), the
614	election officer shall notify the individual of the rejection and the reason for the
615	rejection by phone, mail, email, or, if consent is obtained, text message, within the
616	later of:
617	(i) 30 calendar days after the day of the rejection; or
618	(ii) 30 calendar days after the day of the election.
619	(c) The election officer may, when notifying an individual by phone under this
620	Subsection (8), use auto-dial technology.
621	(9) An election officer may not count the ballot of an individual whom the election officer
622	contacts under Subsection (7) or (8) unless, no later than noon on the last business day
623	before the day on which the canvass begins, the election officer:
624	(a) receives a signed affidavit from the individual under Subsection (7); or
625	(b)(i) contacts the individual;
626	(ii) if the election officer has reason to believe that an individual, other than the voter
627	to whom the ballot was sent, signed the ballot affidavit, informs the individual that
628	it is unlawful to sign a ballot affidavit for another person, even if the person gives
629	permission;
630	(iii) verifies the identity of the individual by:
631	(A) requiring the individual to provide at least two types of personal identifying
632	information for the individual; and
633	(B) comparing the information provided under Subsection (9)(b)(iii)(A) to records
634	relating to the individual that are in the possession or control of an election
635	officer; and
636	(iv) [documenting] documents the verification described in Subsection (9)(b)(iii), by
637	recording:
638	(A) the name and voter identification number of the individual contacted;
639	(B) the name of the individual who conducts the verification;
640	(C) the date and manner of the communication;
641	(D) the type of personal identifying information provided by the individual;
642	(E) a description of the records against which the personal identifying information

643	provided by the individual is compared and verified; and
644	(F) other information required by the lieutenant governor.
645	(10)(a) The election officer shall retain and preserve:
646	[(a)] (i) [retain and preserve] the return envelopes in [the manner provided by law for
647	the retention and preservation of ballots voted at that election;] accordance with
648	Subsection 20A-4-202(2); and
649	[(b)] (ii) [retain and preserve ]the [documentation] documents described in Subsection
650	(9)(b)(iv)[; and] in accordance with Subsection 20A-4-202(3).
651	[(e)] (b) [if-] If the election officer complies with Subsection [(10)(b)-] (10)(a)(ii) by
652	including the documentation in the voter's voter registration record, the election
653	officer shall make, retain, and preserve a record of the name and voter identification
654	number of each voter contacted under Subsection (9)(b).
655	(11)(a) The election officer shall record the following in the database used [to verify
656	signatures] in the verification process:
657	(i) any initial rejection of a ballot under Subsection (5)(b), within one business day
658	after the day on which the election officer rejects the ballot; and
659	(ii) any resolution of a rejection of a ballot under Subsection (9), within one business
660	day after the day on which the ballot rejection is resolved.
661	(b) An election officer shall include, in the canvass report, a final report of the
662	disposition of all rejected and resolved ballots, including, for ballots rejected, the
663	following:
664	(i) the number of ballots rejected because the voter did not sign the voter's ballot; and
665	(ii) the number of ballots rejected because the voter's signatures on the ballot, and in
666	records on file, do not correspond.
667	(12) Willful failure to comply with this section constitutes willful neglect of duty under
668	Section 20A-5-701.
669	(13) The director of elections within the Office of the Lieutenant Governor shall make
670	rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to
671	establish:
672	(a) criteria and processes for use by poll workers in determining if a signature
673	corresponds with the signature on file for the voter under Subsection (4)(a)(ii)(A);
674	(b) training and certification requirements for election officers and employees of election
675	officers regarding the criteria and processes described in Subsection (13)(a); and
676	(c) in compliance with Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, 42 U.S.C.

677	Secs. 12131 through 12165, an alternative means of verifying the identity of an
678	individual who checks the box described in Subsection (7)(d)(v).
679	(14)(a) Upon request, and subject to Subsections (14)(b) and (c), an election officer may
680	disclose the name and address of a voter whose ballot has been rejected and not yet
681	resolved with:
682	(i) a candidate in the election;
683	(ii) an individual who represents the candidate's campaign;
684	(iii) the sponsors of an initiative or referendum appearing on the ballot; or
685	(iv) for a ballot proposition appearing on the ballot, an individual who represents a
686	political issues committee, as defined in Section 20A-11-101, if the political
687	issues committee supports or opposes the ballot proposition.
688	[(14)] (b) [Subject to Subsection (15), if, in response to a request, and in accordance with
689	the requirements of law, an election officer discloses the name or address of voters
690	whose ballots have been rejected and not yet resolved, ] If an election officer
691	discloses the information described in Subsection (14)(a), the election officer shall:
692	[(a)] (i) make the disclosure within two business days after the day on which the
693	request is made;
694	[(b)] (ii) respond to each request in the order the requests were made; and
695	[(e)] (iii) make each disclosure in a manner, and within a period of time, that does not
696	reflect favoritism to one requestor over another.
697	[(15)] (c) A disclosure described in this Subsection (14) may not include the name or
698	address of a protected individual, as defined in Subsection 20A-2-104(1).
699	Section 4. Section <b>20A-3a-401.1</b> is amended to read:
700	20A-3a-401.1 (Effective upon governor's approval). Ballot chain of custody.
701	(1) As used in this section:
702	(a) "Batch" means a grouping of a specified number of ballots:
703	(i) that is assembled by poll workers, and given a number to distinguish the grouping
704	from other groupings, when the ballots are first received for processing;
705	(ii) that is kept together in the same grouping, and kept separate from other
706	groupings, throughout ballot processing; and
707	(iii) for which a log is kept to document the chain of custody of the grouping.
708	(b) "Processed" means an action taken in relation to a batch, a ballot in a batch, or a
709	return envelope that a poll worker has not separated from a ballot, as follows:
710	(i) starting with receiving the ballot:

711	(ii) each step taken in relation to a ballot as part of conducting an election; and
712	(iii) ending after the ballots are counted and stored.
713	(2) An election officer shall preserve the chain of custody of all ballots in accordance with
714	this section.
715	(3) An election officer shall maintain an accurate, updated count of the number of ballots
716	that the election officer:
717	(a) mails or otherwise provides to a voter;
718	(b) receives from a voter;
719	(c) counts;
720	(d) rejects;
721	(e) resolves after rejecting; or
722	(f) does not resolve after rejecting.
723	(4) Upon receiving ballots cast by voters, the election officer shall ensure that poll workers
724	immediately count the number of ballots received and divide the ballots into batches.
725	(5) The election officer shall ensure that:
726	(a) ballots in each batch are kept separate from the ballots in other batches;
727	(b) a ballot is not separated from a batch, except as necessary to the election process;
728	(c) if a ballot is separated from a batch, the batch log indicates:
729	(i) the ballot number;
730	(ii) the date and time of removal;
731	(iii) the identity of the individual who removes the ballot; and
732	(iv) the reason the ballot is removed;
733	(d) poll workers shall keep for each batch a log that includes:
734	(i) a unique identifying code or number for the batch;
735	(ii) the number of ballots in the batch;
736	(iii) the date that the ballots were received; and
737	(iv) for each occasion that the batches, or any of the ballots in the batches, are
738	handled:
739	(A) the date and time that the ballots are handled;
740	(B) a description of what is done with the ballots;
741	(C) the identity of the poll workers who handle the ballots; and
742	(D) any other information required by rule under Subsection (9);
743	(e) an election official who performs a ballot processing function performs the function
744	in the presence of at least one other election official;

745	(f) to the extent reasonably possible, the poll workers who perform a ballot processing
746	function for a batch complete performing that function for the entire batch; and
747	(g) each part of the processing of all ballots is monitored by recorded video, without
748	audio.
749	(6) An election officer:
750	(a) shall keep the video recordings described in Subsection (5)(g) until at least the later
751	of:
752	[(a)] (i) the last day of the calendar year in which the election was held; or
753	[(b)] (ii) if the election is contested, when the contest is resolved[-];
754	(b) may keep the video recordings described in Subsection (5)(g) indefinitely; and
755	(c) shall ensure that a camera, a video, or a recording of a video described in Subsection
756	(5)(g) may only be accessed by:
757	(i) the election officer;
758	(ii) a custodian of the camera, video, or recording;
759	(iii) the lieutenant governor;
760	(iv) the legislative auditor general, when performing an audit;
761	(v) a court of competent jurisdiction, by or pursuant to an order of the court; or
762	(vi) subject to Subsection (7)(b), and except as provided in Subsection (7)(c):
763	(A) a candidate for an office that appears on a ballot, or an individual representing
764	the candidate's campaign;
765	(B) for a federal, statewide, or multicounty race, the chair of the state political
766	party whose member is a candidate described in Subsection (6)(c)(vi)(A);
767	(C) for a race where the officeholder is selected by voters entirely within one
768	county, the chair of the county political party whose member is a candidate
769	described in Subsection (6)(c)(vi)(A); or
770	(D) the designee of a political party chair described in Subsection (6)(c)(vi)(B) or
771	<u>(C).</u>
772	(7)(a) [A recorded video described in Subsection (5)(g) is a public record.] An individual
773	may not view a video recording described in Subsection (5)(g):
774	(i) unless the individual is an individual described in Subsection (6)(c); and
775	(ii) the individual views the video to the extent necessary to:
776	(A) ensure compliance with Subsection (5)(g) or (6)(a); or
777	(B) investigate a concern relating to the processing of ballots.
778	(b) If an individual described in Subsection (6)(c)(vi) seeks to view a video recording

779		described in Subsection (5)(g), the election officer may require the individual to view
780		the video recording at the election officer's office during regular business hours.
781		(c) An individual described in Subsection (6)(c)(vi) may not view a video recording
782		described in Subsection (5)(g) after the time period for contesting the election to
783		which the video recording relates ends.
784	(8)	An election officer shall retain and preserve all chain of custody documentation in the
785		manner provided under [Section 20A-4-202] Subsection 20A-4-202(3) for the retention
786		and preservation of [a ballot voted in an election] election material.
787	(9)	The director of elections within the Office of the Lieutenant Governor may make rules,
788		in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
789		establishing specific requirements and procedures for an election officer or poll worker
790		to:
791		(a) fulfill the chain of custody requirements described in this section; and
792		(b) perform the signature verification audits described in Section 20A-3a-402.5[; and] .
793		[(e) comply with the reconciliation requirements described in Subsection
794		<del>20A-4-304(2)(h).</del> ]
795		Section 5. Section 20A-3a-405 is amended to read:
796		20A-3a-405 (Effective upon governor's approval). Ballot statistics.
797	(1)	Except as provided in Subsection $[(5)(a)]$ $(3)$ , an election officer shall post and update
798		the data described in Subsection (2) on the election officer's website, on the following
799		days, after the election officer finishes processing ballots on that day:
800		(a) [the day on which the election officer begins mailing ballots] the day after the day of
801		the election;
802		(b) each Monday, Wednesday, and Friday after the day described in Subsection (1)(a),
803		until the final posting described in Subsection (1)(c); and
804		(c) the [Wednesday after the day of the election] last day of the election canvass.
805	<u>(2)</u>	The data that an election officer is required to post under Subsection (1) includes:
806		(a) the total number of active registered voters as of the Friday before the election;
807		(b) an estimate of the total number of ballots received by the election officer; and
808		(c) of the number described in Subsection (2)(b), a subtotal for each of the following:
809		(i) the number of ballots counted;
810		(ii) the number of ballots that have not been counted;
811		(iii) the number of ballots the election officer rejected that are curable but have not
812		yet been cured; and

813	(iv) the number of ballots the election officer rejected because the ballots could not
814	legally be cured.
815	(3) An election officer is not required to post the data described in Subsection (2) on a day
816	described in Subsection (1)(b) if the most recent data posted by the election officer on a
817	day described in Subsection (1)(b) has not changed.
818	[(2) The data that an election officer is required to post under Subsection (1) includes:]
819	[(a) the number of ballots in the county clerk's possession; and]
820	[(b) of the number of ballots described in Subsection (2)(a):]
821	[(i) the number of ballots that have not yet begun processing;]
822	[(ii) the number of ballots in process; and]
823	[(iii) the number of ballots processed.]
824	[(3) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), an election officer shall post and update the
825	data described in Subsection (4) on the election officer's website on the following days:]
826	[(a) the Friday after the day of the election;]
827	[(b) each Monday, Wednesday, and Friday after the day described in Subsection (3)(a),
828	until the final posting described in Subsection (3)(c); and]
829	[(c) on the last day of the canvass.]
830	[(4) The data that an election officer is required to post under Subsection (3) includes:]
831	[(a) a best estimate of the number of ballots received, to date, by the election officer;]
832	[(b) the number of ballots in possession of the election officer that have been rejected
833	and are not yet cured;]
834	[(e) the number of provisional ballots in the possession of the election officer that have
835	not been processed;]
836	[(d) the number of ballots that need to be adjudicated, but have not yet been adjudicated;]
837	[(e) the number of ballots awaiting replication; and]
838	[(f) the number of ballots that have been replicated.]
839	[(5)(a) An election officer is not required to update the data described in Subsection (2)
840	on a Monday if the election officer does not process any ballots the preceding
841	Saturday or Sunday.]
842	[(b) An election officer is not required to update the data described in Subsection (4) on
843	a Monday if the election officer does not process any ballots the preceding Saturday
844	or Sunday.]
845	Section 6. Section 20A-4-104 is amended to read:
846	20A-4-104 (Effective upon governor's approval). Counting ballots electronically

847	Notice of testing tabulating equipment.
848	(1)(a) Before beginning to count ballots using automatic tabulating equipment, the
849	election officer shall test the automatic tabulating equipment to ensure that it will
850	accurately count the votes cast for all offices and all measures.
851	(b) The election officer shall provide public notice of the time and place of the test by
852	publishing the notice, as a class A notice under Section 63G-30-102, for the county,
853	municipality, or jurisdiction where the equipment is used, for at least 10 calendar
854	days before the day of the test.
855	(c) The election officer shall conduct the test by processing a preaudited group of ballots.
856	(d) The election officer shall ensure that:
857	(i) a predetermined number of valid votes for each candidate and measure are
858	recorded on the ballots;
859	(ii) for each office, one or more ballots have votes in excess of the number allowed
860	by law in order to test the ability of the automatic tabulating equipment to reject
861	those votes; and
862	(iii) a different number of valid votes are assigned to each candidate for an office, and
863	for and against each measure.
864	(e) If any error is detected, the election officer shall determine the cause of the error and
865	correct it.
866	(f) The election officer shall ensure that:
867	(i) the automatic tabulating equipment produces an errorless count before beginning
868	the actual counting; and
869	(ii) before the election returns are approved as official, the automatic tabulating
870	equipment passes a post election audit conducted in accordance with the rules
871	described in Subsection 20A-1-108(1).
872	(2)(a) The election officer or the election officer's designee shall supervise and direct all
873	proceedings at the counting center.
874	(b)(i) Proceedings at the counting center are public and may be observed by
875	interested persons.
876	(ii) Only those persons authorized to participate in the count may touch any ballot or
877	return.
878	(c) The election officer shall deputize and administer an oath or affirmation to all
879	persons who are engaged in processing and counting the ballots that they will
880	faithfully perform their assigned duties.

881	(3)(a)	If any ballot is damaged or defective so that it cannot properly be counted by the
882	au	tomatic tabulating equipment, the election officer shall[-] ensure that two counting
883	ju	dges jointly:
884		(i) make a true replication of the ballot with an identifying serial number;
885		(ii) substitute the replicated ballot for the damaged or defective ballot;
886		(iii) label the replicated ballot "replicated"; and
887		(iv) record the replicated ballot's serial number on the damaged or defective ballot.
888	(b	) The lieutenant governor shall provide to each election officer a standard form on
889		which the election officer shall maintain a log of all replicated ballots, that includes,
890		for each ballot:
891		(i) the serial number described in Subsection (3)(a);
892		(ii) the identification of the individuals who replicated the ballot;
893		(iii) the reason for the replication; and
894		(iv) any other information required by the lieutenant governor.
895	(c	An election officer shall:
896		(i) maintain the log described in Subsection (3)(b) in a complete and legible manner,
897		as ballots are replicated;
898		(ii) at the end of each day during which one or more ballots are replicated, make an
899		electronic copy of the log; and
900		(iii) [keep] retain and preserve each electronic copy made under Subsection (3)(c)(ii) [
901		for at least 22 months] in accordance with Subsection 20A-2-202(3).
902	(4) Th	ne election officer may:
903	(a	) conduct an unofficial count before conducting the official count in order to provide
904		early unofficial returns to the public;
905	(b	) release unofficial returns from time to time after the polls close; and
906	(c	) report the progress of the count for each candidate during the actual counting of
907		ballots.
908	(5) Be	eginning on the day after the date of the election, if an election officer releases early
909	ur	nofficial returns or reports the progress of the count for each candidate under
910	Sı	absection (4), the election officer shall, with each release or report, disclose an estimate
911	of	the total number of voted ballots in the election officer's custody that have not yet
912	be	een counted.
913	(6) Th	ne election officer shall review and evaluate the provisional ballot envelopes and
914	pr	repare any valid provisional ballots for counting as provided in Section 20A-4-107.

915	(7)(a) The election officer or the election officer's designee shall:
916	(i) separate, count, and tabulate any ballots containing valid write-in votes; and
917	(ii) complete the standard form provided by the clerk for recording valid write-in
918	votes.
919	(b) In counting the write-in votes, if, by casting a valid write-in vote, a voter has cast
920	more votes for an office than that voter is entitled to vote for that office, the poll
921	workers shall count the valid write-in vote as being the obvious intent of the voter.
922	(8)(a) The election officer shall certify the return printed by the automatic tabulating
923	equipment, to which have been added write-in and absentee votes, as the official
924	return of each voting precinct.
925	(b) Upon completion of the count, the election officer shall make official returns open to
926	the public.
927	(9) If for any reason it becomes impracticable to count all or a part of the ballots with
928	tabulating equipment, the election officer may direct that they be counted manually
929	according to the procedures and requirements of this part.
930	(10) After the count is completed, the election officer shall seal and retain the programs,
931	test materials, and ballots as provided in [Section 20A-4-202] Subsection 20A-4-202(2).
932	Section 7. Section <b>20A-4-106</b> is amended to read:
933	20A-4-106 (Effective upon governor's approval). Manual ballots Sealing.
934	(1) After the official canvas of an election, the election officer shall store all election returns
935	in containers that identify the containers' contents.
936	(2) After the ballots are stored under Subsection (1), the ballots may not be examined by
937	anyone, except as follows:
938	(a) when examined during a recount conducted under the authority of Section 20A-4-401
939	or Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project;
940	(b) an auditor conducting an audit described in Section 36-12-15.2 may examine the
941	ballots:
942	(i) if the audit uncovers evidence that raises a substantial doubt regarding the
943	accuracy of the results of an election, the auditor may examine the ballots until the
944	later of:
945	(A) the end of the calendar year in which the election was held; or
946	(B) if the election is contested, when the contest is resolved; or
947	(ii) at any time via a subpoena or other legal process; or
948	(c) the lieutenant governor may examine the ballots:

949	(i) until the later of:
950	(A) the last day of the calendar year in which the election was held; or
951	(B) if the election is contested, when the contest is resolved; or
952	(ii) at any time via a subpoena or other legal process.
953	[(3) Nothing in this section prohibits a county clerk, an auditor, or the lieutenant governor
954	from accessing and examining the electronic copy of ballots or election returns in
955	accordance with Part 7, Electronic Copy of Election Material - Access and Examination.]
956	Section 8. Section 20A-4-107 is amended to read:
957	20A-4-107 (Effective upon governor's approval). Review and disposition of
958	provisional ballot envelopes.
959	(1) As used in this section, an individual is "legally entitled to vote" if:
960	(a) the individual:
961	(i) is registered to vote in the state;
962	(ii) votes the ballot for the voting precinct in which the individual resides; and
963	(iii) provides valid voter identification to the poll worker;
964	(b) the individual:
965	(i) is registered to vote in the state;
966	(ii)(A) provided valid voter identification to the poll worker; or
967	(B) either failed to provide valid voter identification or the documents provided as
968	valid voter identification were inadequate and the poll worker recorded that
969	fact in the official register but the county clerk verifies the individual's identity
970	and residence through some other means; and
971	(iii) did not vote in the individual's precinct of residence, but the ballot that the
972	individual voted was from the individual's county of residence and includes one or
973	more candidates or ballot propositions on the ballot voted in the individual's
974	precinct of residence; or
975	(c) the individual:
976	(i) is registered to vote in the state;
977	(ii) either failed to provide valid voter identification or the documents provided as
978	valid voter identification were inadequate and the poll worker recorded that fact in
979	the official register; and
980	(iii)(A) the county clerk verifies the individual's identity and residence through
981	some other means as reliable as photo identification; or
982	(B) the individual provides valid voter identification to the county clerk or an

983 election officer who is administering the election by the close of normal office 984 hours on Monday after the date of the election. 985 (2)(a) Upon receipt of a provisional ballot form, the election officer shall review the 986 affirmation on the provisional ballot form and determine if the individual signing the 987 affirmation is: 988 (i) registered to vote in this state; and 989 (ii) legally entitled to vote: 990 (A) the ballot that the individual voted; or 991 (B) if the ballot is from the individual's county of residence, for at least one ballot 992 proposition or candidate on the ballot that the individual voted. 993 (b) Except as provided in Section 20A-2-207, if the election officer determines that the 994 individual is not registered to vote in this state or is not legally entitled to vote in the 995 county or for any of the ballot propositions or candidates on the ballot that the 996 individual voted, the election officer shall retain the ballot form, uncounted, for the period specified in [Section 20A-4-202] Subsection 20A-4-202(2) unless ordered by a 997 998 court to produce or count it. 999 (c) If the election officer determines that the individual is registered to vote in this state 1000 and is legally entitled to vote in the county and for at least one of the ballot 1001 propositions or candidates on the ballot that the individual voted, the election officer 1002 shall place the provisional ballot with the regular ballots to be counted with those 1003 ballots at the canvass. 1004 (d) The election officer may not count, or allow to be counted a provisional ballot unless 1005 the individual's identity and residence is established by a preponderance of the evidence. 1006 1007 (3) If the election officer determines that the individual is registered to vote in this state, or 1008 if the voter registers to vote in accordance with Section 20A-2-207, the election officer 1009 shall ensure that the voter registration records are updated to reflect the information 1010 provided on the provisional ballot form. 1011 (4) Except as provided in Section 20A-2-207, if the election officer determines that the 1012 individual is not registered to vote in this state and the information on the provisional 1013 ballot form is complete, the election officer shall: 1014 (a) consider the provisional ballot form a voter registration form for the individual's 1015 county of residence; and 1016 (b)(i) register the individual if the individual's county of residence is within the

1017	county; or
1018	(ii) forward the voter registration form to the election officer of the individual's
1019	county of residence, which election officer shall register the individual.
1020	(5) Notwithstanding any provision of this section, the election officer shall place a
1021	provisional ballot with the regular ballots to be counted with those ballots at the canvass,
1022	if:
1023	(a)(i) the election officer determines, in accordance with the provisions of this
1024	section, that the sole reason a provisional ballot may not otherwise be counted is
1025	because the voter registration was filed less than 11 days before the election;
1026	(ii) 11 or more days before the election, the individual who cast the provisional ballot
1027	(A) completed and signed the voter registration; and
1028	(B) provided the voter registration to another person to file;
1029	(iii) the late filing was made due to the individual described in Subsection
1030	(5)(a)(ii)(B) filing the voter registration late; and
1031	(iv) the election officer receives the voter registration before 5 p.m. no later than one
1032	day before the day of the election; or
1033	(b) the provisional ballot is cast on or before election day and is not otherwise prohibited
1034	from being counted under the provisions of this chapter.
1035	Section 9. Section <b>20A-4-109</b> is amended to read:
1036	20A-4-109 (Effective upon governor's approval). Ballot reconciliation
1037	Rulemaking authority.
1038	(1) In accordance with this section and rules made under Subsection (2), an election officer
1039	whose office processes ballots shall:
1040	(a) conduct ballot reconciliations:
1041	(i) at the end of each day on which ballots are tabulated; or
1042	(ii) if ballot tabulation of a grouping of ballots continues past midnight, as soon as the
1043	office finishes tabulating those ballots;
1044	(b) conduct a final ballot reconciliation when an election officer concludes processing all
1045	ballots;
1046	(c) document each ballot reconciliation;
1047	(d) publicly release the results of each ballot reconciliation; and
1048	(e) in conducting ballot reconciliations:
1049	(i) ensure that the sum of the number of uncounted verified ballots and the number of
1050	ballots tabulated is equal to the number of voters given credit for voting; or

1051	(ii) if the sum described in Subsection (1)(e)(i) is not equal to the number of voters
1052	given credit for voting, account for and explain the differences in the numbers.
1053	(2) [Subject to Subsection (3), the] The director of elections within the Office of the
1054	Lieutenant Governor may make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
1055	Administrative Rulemaking Act, establishing procedures and requirements for
1056	conducting, documenting, and publishing a ballot reconciliation.
1057	[(3) An election officer shall ensure that a published ballot reconciliation includes data
1058	describing:
1059	[(a) the total number of ballots:]
1060	[(i) that the election officer issued to voters; and]
1061	[(ii) that the voters returned to the election officer;]
1062	[(b) of the number described in Subsection (3)(a)(i), a subtotal of the number of ballots
1063	that the election officer issued to voters:]
1064	[ <del>(i)</del> by mail;]
1065	[(ii) electronically;]
1066	[(iii) at a polling place; and]
1067	[(iv) in person at the office of the election officer; and]
1068	[(e) of the number described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii), a subtotal of the number of ballots
1069	that the voters returned to the election officer:]
1070	[ <del>(i)</del> by mail;]
1071	[(ii) electronically;]
1072	[(iii) at a polling place;]
1073	[(iv) at a ballot drop box; and]
1074	[(v) in person at the office of the election officer.]
1075	Section 10. Section <b>20A-4-202</b> is amended to read:
1076	20A-4-202 (Effective upon governor's approval). Election returns and election
1077	material Retention and disposition requirements Public records.
1078	(1) Upon receipt of the ballots and election returns from the poll workers, the election
1079	officer shall:
1080	(a) ensure that the poll workers have provided all of the ballots and election returns;
1081	(b) inspect the ballots and election returns to ensure that they are sealed;
1082	(c) for manual ballots, deposit and lock the ballots and election returns in a safe and
1083	secure place;
1084	(d) for mechanical ballots:

1085	(i) count the ballots; and
1086	(ii) deposit and lock the ballots and election returns in a safe and secure place; and
1087	(e) for bond elections, provide a copy of the election results to the board of canvassers of
1088	the local political subdivision that called the bond election.
1089	(2) Each election officer shall:
1090	(a) before 5 p.m. on the day after the date of the election, determine the number of
1091	provisional ballots cast within the election officer's jurisdiction and make that number
1092	available to the public;
1093	(b) preserve ballots for 22 months after the date of the election or until the time has
1094	expired during which the ballots could be used in an election contest;
1095	(c) preserve all other official election returns for at least 22 months after the date of the
1096	election; and
1097	(d) after [that time] the time period described in Subsection (2)(c), destroy the ballots and
1098	election returns without [opening or examining them] examining the ballots and
1099	election returns.
1100	(3)(a) The election officer shall[-package and retain]:
1101	[(i) the election database;]
1102	[(ii) the cast vote record; and]
1103	[(iii) the materials used in the programming of the automatic tabulating equipment.]
1104	(i) package and retain all election material; and
1105	(ii) store the election material in a secure location that is physically separate from the
1106	location where the election officer stores ballots and election returns.
1107	(b) The election officer:
1108	(i) may not alter or make changes to the election material;
1109	(ii) may make a working copy of the election material;
1110	(iii) may alter or make changes to the working copy of election material;
1111	(iv) shall preserve the election material, and any working copy of the election
1112	material, for at least 22 months after the date of the election; and
1113	(v) after the time period described in Subsection (3)(b)(iv), may dispose of or retain
1114	the election material and any working copy of the election material.
1115	(c) An election officer:
1116	(i) may not release to a member of the public:
1117	(A) the copy of the final election results database; or
1118	(B) a working copy of the copy of the final election results database;

1119	(ii) may issue a public report based on information derived from the election material
1120	if the report does not contain any information that directly identifies a voter who
1121	cast a ballot;
1122	(iii) may only access the election material, or a working copy of the election material,
1123	at the election officer's office; and
1124	(iv) may not remove the election material, or a working copy of the election material,
1125	from the the election officer's office.
1126	[(b) The election officer:]
1127	[(i) may access the materials described in Subsection (3)(a)(iii);]
1128	[(ii) may make a copy of the materials described in Subsection (3)(a)(iii);]
1129	[(iii) may not alter or make changes to the materials described in Subsection (3)(a)(iii);]
1130	[(iv) may make changes to the copied materials described in Subsection (3)(b)(ii);]
1131	[(v) shall retain and preserve the materials described in Subsection (3)(a)(iii), and the
1132	copied materials described in Subsection (3)(b)(ii), for at least 22 months after the
1133	date of the election; and]
1134	[(vi) after the date described in Subsection (3)(b)(v), may dispose of or retain the
1135	materials described in Subsection (3)(a)(iii), or the copied materials described in
1136	Subsection (3)(b)(ii).]
1137	(4)(a) If an [election contest is begun] election is contested within 12 months after the
1138	date of [an] the election, the election officer shall, except as provided in Subsection
1139	(4)(c):
1140	(i) keep the ballots and election returns unopened and unaltered until the contest is
1141	complete; or
1142	(ii) surrender the ballots and election returns to the custody of the court having
1143	jurisdiction of the contest when ordered or subpoenaed to do so by that court.
1144	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(c), when all election contests arising from an
1145	election are complete, the election officer shall either:
1146	(i) retain the ballots and election returns until the time for preserving them under this
1147	section has run; or
1148	(ii) destroy the ballots and election returns remaining in the election officer's custody
1149	without [opening or examining them] examining the ballots and election returns if
1150	the time for preserving them under this section has run.
1151	(c)(i) An auditor conducting an audit described in Section 36-12-15.2 may examine
1152	the hallots and election returns described in this Subsection (4)

1186	Canvassers' report.
1185	20A-4-304 (Effective upon governor's approval). Declaration of results
1184	Section 11. Section <b>20A-4-304</b> is amended to read:
1183	creation of a record that an election officer is not otherwise required to create.
1182	(9) The retention and disposition requirements described in this section do not require the
1181	effective date of this bill.
1180	(b) apply to ballots, election returns, and election material created before, on, or after the
1179	election material that were in effect before the effective date of this bill; and
1178	(a) supersede the retention and disposition requirements for ballots, election returns, and
1177	returns, and election material:
1176	(8) The retention and disposition requirements described in this section for ballots, election
1175	(d) any early unofficial returns or reports described in Subsection 20A-4-104(4).
1174	(c) each posting of ballot statistics described in Section 20A-3a-405; and
1173	20A-3a-402(2);
1172	(b) the results and tally of all ballots that have been counted described in Subsection
1171	Subsection 20A-3a-401(11)(b);
1170	(a) the final report of the disposition of all rejected and resolved ballots described in
1169	Records Access and Management Act:
1168	(7) Each of the following is a public record under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government
1167	(d) a copy described in Subsection (5)(a).
1166	Subsection (3)(b)(ii); and
1165	(c) any working copy of election material that the election officer makes under
1164	(b) all election material;
1163	(a) all ballots and election returns;
1162	Management Act[-]:
1161	not subject to disclosure, under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and
1160	[(b)] (6) [A copy described in Subsection (5)(a)] Each of the following is not a record, and is
1159	identifies the ballot with the voter who casts the ballot.
1158	[(ii)] (b) may not examine, make a copy, or keep a copy of a ballot in a manner that
1157	audit; and
1156	[(i)] (a) may make and keep a copy of ballots or election returns as part of a legislative
1155	(5)[(a)] Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, the legislative auditor general:
1154	this Subsection (4).
1153	(ii) The lieutenant governor may examine the ballots and election returns described in

1187	(1)
1188	(a) Except as provided in Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project, a
1189	board of canvassers shall declare "elected" or "nominated" those persons who:
1190	(i) had the highest number of votes; and
1191	(ii) sought election or nomination to an office completely within the board's
1192	jurisdiction.
1193	(b) Except as provided in Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project, a
1194	board of canvassers shall declare a "tie vote" if:
1195	(i) two or more candidates for an office receive an equal and the highest number of
1196	votes for that office; or
1197	(ii) in a race for an at-large office:
1198	(A) two or more candidates receive an equal number of votes; and
1199	(B) a recount is necessary to determine which candidates are elected to the at-large
1200	office.
1201	(c) A board of canvassers shall declare:
1202	(i) "approved" those ballot propositions that:
1203	(A) had more "yes" votes than "no" votes; and
1204	(B) were submitted only to the voters within the board's jurisdiction; or
1205	(ii) "rejected" those ballot propositions that:
1206	(A) had more "no" votes than "yes" votes or an equal number of "no" votes and
1207	"yes" votes; and
1208	(B) were submitted only to the voters within the board's jurisdiction.
1209	(d) A board of canvassers shall:
1210	(i) certify the vote totals for candidates and for and against ballot propositions that
1211	were submitted to voters within and beyond the board's jurisdiction and transmit
1212	those vote totals to the lieutenant governor; and
1213	(ii) if applicable, certify the results of each special district election to the special
1214	district clerk.
1215	(2) The election officer shall submit a report to the board of canvassers that includes the
1216	following information:
1217	(a) a statement of votes cast, disclosing:
1218	[(a)] (i) the total number of votes cast in the board's jurisdiction; and
1219	[(b)] (ii) for each office that appeared on the ballot[;]:
1220	(A) the name of each candidate whose name appeared on the ballot; and

1221	(B) whether the candidate is an unaffiliated candidate, a valid write-in candidate,
1222	or, if the candidate is affiliated with or the nominee of a registered political
1223	party, the name of the registered political party;
1224	[(c)(i) the name of each candidate whose name appeared on the ballot; and]
1225	[(ii) whether the candidate is an unaffiliated candidate, a write-in candidate, or, if the
1226	candidate is the nominee of a registered political party, the name of the registered
1227	political party;]
1228	[(d)] (b) the title of each ballot proposition that appeared on the ballot;
1229	[(e)] (c) the total number of votes given in the board's jurisdiction to each candidate, and
1230	for and against each ballot proposition;
1231	[(f)] (d) from each voting precinct:
1232	(i) the number of votes for each candidate;
1233	(ii) for each race conducted by instant runoff voting under Part 6, Municipal
1234	Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project, the number of valid votes cast for each
1235	candidate for each potential ballot-counting phase and the name of the candidate
1236	excluded in each ballot-counting phase; and
1237	(iii) the number of votes for and against each ballot proposition;
1238	[(g)] (e) standardized statistics, on a form provided by the lieutenant governor,
1239	disclosing, at a minimum:
1240	(i) the number of active voters in the board's jurisdiction as of the Friday before
1241	election day;
1242	(ii) the number of provisional ballots counted by the election officer that were:
1243	(A) cast by voters on the day before the day of the election under Subsection
1244	20A-3a-601(3); and
1245	(B) cast by voters who registered to vote on election day under Section 20A-2-207;
1246	(iii) the total number of ballots counted by the election officer;
1247	(iv) the quotient of the number described in Subsection (2)(e)(iii) divided by the sum
1248	of the numbers described in Subsection (2)(e)(i) and (ii);
1249	(v) of the number described in Subsection (2)(e)(iii):
1250	(A) the number of provisional ballots cast at a polling place; and
1251	(B) the number of ballots cast using a voting method described in Section
1252	20A-3a-201;
1253	(vi) a reconciliation of the number of ballots the election officer counted and the
1254	number of voters given credit for voting in the election:

1255	(vii) if there is a difference between the numbers described in Subsection (2)(e)(vi),
1256	an explanation for the difference;
1257	[(ii) of the number described in Subsection (2)(g)(i), the number of voters classified
1258	as private or withheld under Section 20A-2-104;]
1259	[(iii) the number of ballots the election officer counted;]
1260	[(iv) of the number described in Subsection (2)(g)(iii), the number of provisional
1261	ballots; and]
1262	[(v)] (viii) [each of the following:]
1263	[(A)] the number of provisional ballots that could not legally be counted; and
1264	(ix) each of the following:
1265	[(B)] $(A)$ the number of ballots, other than provisional ballots, that [the election
1266	officer] were rejected because the ballots could not legally be cured;[-and]
1267	[(C)] (B) the number of ballots, other than provisional ballots, that were rejected,
1268	could have been cured by the voter, but were not cured;
1269	(C) the number of uncounted ballots received after the deadline described in
1270	Subsection 20A-3a-204(3); and
1271	(D) the percentage of ballots that were returned as undeliverable;
1272	[(h) a final ballot reconciliation report;]
1273	(f) subject to Subsection (3), a cast vote record report that contains only the following
1274	information from the election results database:
1275	(i) for the jurisdiction administering the election:
1276	(A) the title of each ballot proposition appearing on the ballots;
1277	(B) a description of each race for federal office, statewide office, state legislative
1278	office, state school board office, county office, local school board office, or
1279	municipal office appearing on the ballots; and
1280	(C) the name of each candidate for an office described in Subsection (2)(f)(i)(B);
1281	(ii) the numeric identifier described in Subsection 20A-5-802.5(2)(b);
1282	(iii) the vote cast by a voter for:
1283	(A) a candidate for an office described in Subsection (2)(f)(i)(B);
1284	(B) a valid write-in candidate; and
1285	(C) each ballot proposition;
1286	(iv) if a voter's vote was not counted, an indication that the vote was not counted
1287	because:
1288	(A) the voter cast a vote for more than one candidate for a single office; or

1289	(B) the voter made more than one selection for a single ballot proposition;
1290	(v) if a voter was eligible to cast a vote, but did not cast a vote, an indication that the
1291	voter did not cast a vote; and
1292	(vi) if a ballot proposition or an office described in Subsection (2)(f)(i)(B) did not
1293	appear on the voter's ballot:
1294	(A) an indication that the voter was ineligible to cast a vote for the ballot
1295	proposition or office; or
1296	(B) a blank field or space in the portion of the report representing the ballot
1297	proposition or office;
1298	[(i)] (g) other information required by law to be provided to the board of canvassers; and
1299	[(j)] (h) a statement certifying that the information contained in the report is accurate.
1300	(3) The cast vote record report described in Subsection (2)(f) may not include:
1301	(a) any special district office or special district ballot proposition appearing on a ballot in
1302	the jurisdiction administering the election;
1303	(b) the vote cast by a voter for a special district office or special district ballot
1304	proposition;
1305	(c) the voter precinct number associated with a ballot; or
1306	(d) information that directly identifies the voter who cast the ballot.
1307	(4) For an election in which the election officer does not use automatic tabulating
1308	equipment, the election officer shall:
1309	(a) review the votes cast on each ballot that is counted;
1310	(b) manually compile the information described in Subsection (2)(f) in a file format
1311	described in Subsection (8)(c);
1312	(c) ensure that the file does not contain the information described in Subsection (3); and
1313	(d) include a copy of the file in the board of canvassers' report.
1314	[(3)] (5) The election officer and the board of canvassers shall:
1315	(a) review the report to ensure that the report is correct; and
1316	(b) sign the report.
1317	[ <del>(4)</del> ] <u>(6)</u> The election officer shall:
1318	(a) record or file the certified report in a book kept for that purpose;
1319	(b) prepare and transmit a certificate of nomination or election under the officer's seal to
1320	each nominated or elected candidate;
1321	(c) publish a copy of the certified report in accordance with Subsection [(5)] (7); and
1322	(d) file a copy of the certified report with the lieutenant governor.

1323	[(5)] (7) [Except as provided in Subsection (6), the election officer shall, no later than three
1324	business days after the day on which the board of canvassers declares the election
1325	results, publicize the certified report described in Subsection (2) for the board's
1326	jurisdiction, as a class A notice under Section 63G-30-102, for at least seven calendar
1327	days.] Subject to Subsection (8), an election officer shall, no later than three business
1328	days after the day on which the board of canvassers declares the election results, publish
1329	a notice of the certified report described in Subsection (2) as a class A notice under
1330	Section 63G-30-102.
1331	[(6)] (8)[(a) Instead of including a copy of the entire certified report, a notice required
1332	under Subsection (5) may contain a statement that] The class A notice described in
1333	Subsection (7) shall:
1334	(a) include the following statement: "The Board of Canvassers for [indicate name of
1335	jurisdiction] has prepared a report of the election results for the [indicate type and
1336	date of election].";
1337	[(i) includes the following: "The Board of Canvassers for [indicate name of
1338	jurisdiction] has prepared a report of the election results for the [indicate type and
1339	date of election]."; and]
1340	[(ii)] (b) [specifies] specify the following sources where an individual may view or obtain
1341	a copy of the entire certified report:
1342	[(A) if the board's jurisdiction has a website, the jurisdiction's website;]
1343	[(B) the physical address for the board's jurisdiction; and]
1344	[(C) a mailing address and telephone number.]
1345	(i) the Utah Public Notice Website;
1346	(ii) if the election officer is required to publish the notice on the board's jurisdiction's
1347	website under Subsection 63G-30-102(1)(b), the jurisdiction's website;
1348	(iii) the physical address for the board's jurisdiction; and
1349	(iv) a mailing address and telephone number; and
1350	(c) subject to Subsection (9), for the website posting described in Subsections
1351	63G-30-102(1)(a) and (b), include a copy of the certified report in the following file
1352	<u>formats:</u>
1353	(i) except for the cast vote record report described in Subsection (2)(f), a PDF or
1354	similar file; and
1355	(ii) for the cast vote record report described in Subsection (2)(f), one or more
1356	spreadsheets, Comma Separated Values files, or another common type of

1357	delimited or fixed-width files.
1358	(9) An election officer may post the information required to be included in the cast vote
1359	record report described in Subsection (2)(f) as a text-based file that represents structured
1360	information through key value pairs and ordered collections of data in lieu of including
1361	that information in a file described in Subsection (8)(c)(ii) if:
1362	(a) the race for elective office was conducted using instant runoff voting under Chapter
1363	4, Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project; and
1364	(b) the tabulating equipment does not produce a file described in Subsection (8)(c)(ii)
1365	that accurately records all the preferences cast by a voter on the voter's ballot.
1366	(10) An election officer shall publish the class A notice described in Subsection (7) for the
1367	following time periods:
1368	(a) in relation to posting the notice on the Utah Public Notice Website under Subsection
1369	63G-30-102(1)(a), indefinitely;
1370	(b) in relation to posting the notice on the election officer's jurisdiction's website under
1371	Subsection 63G-30-102(1)(b), for at least 180 calendar days after the day of the
1372	deadline described in Subsection (7); and
1373	(c) in relation to posting the notice in a physical location under Subsection
1374	63G-30-102(1)(c), for at least seven calendar days after the day of the deadline
1375	described in Subsection (7).
1376	[(b)] (11) An election officer:
1377	[(i)] (a) shall ensure that an individual may obtain [a digital copy of the certified report as
1378	a PDF file] a copy of the certified report in a file format described in:
1379	(i) Subsection (8)(c); and
1380	(ii) if applicable, Subsection (9); and
1381	[(ii)] (b) may make the certified report available in any [machine readable]
1382	computer-readable format that the election officer determines is helpful to members
1383	of the public.
1384	[(7)] (12) When there has been a regular general or a statewide special election for statewide
1385	officers, for officers that appear on the ballot in more than one county, or for a statewide
1386	or two or more county ballot proposition, each board of canvassers shall, immediately
1387	upon adjournment of the board, transmit to the lieutenant governor a report detailing the
1388	number of votes for each candidate and the number of votes for and against each ballot
1389	proposition.
1390	[(8)] (13) In each county election, municipal election, school election, special district

1391	election, and local special election, the election officer shall transmit the reports to the
1392	lieutenant governor within 14 calendar days after the date of the election.
1393	[(9)] (14) In a regular primary election and in a presidential primary election, the board of
1394	canvassers shall, immediately upon adjournment of the board, transmit to the lieutenant
1395	governor:
1396	(a) the county totals for multi-county races; and
1397	(b) a complete tabulation showing voting totals for all primary races, precinct by
1398	precinct.
1399	Section 12. Section <b>20A-4-401</b> is amended to read:
1400	20A-4-401 (Effective upon governor's approval). Recounts Procedure.
1401	(1) This section does not apply to a race conducted by instant runoff voting under [Chapter
1402	4, Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project.
1403	(2) The election officer shall conduct a recount of votes cast in a race if:
1404	(a) two or more candidates for an office receive an equal and the highest number of
1405	votes for that office; or
1406	(b) in a race for an at-large office, two or more candidates receive an equal number of
1407	votes and at least one of the candidates must be eliminated to determine which
1408	candidates are elected.
1409	(3)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (2) or (3)(b), for a race between candidates, if
1410	the difference between the number of votes cast for a winning candidate in the race
1411	and a losing candidate in the race is equal to or less than .25% of the total number of
1412	votes cast for all candidates in the race, the losing candidate may file a request for a
1413	recount in accordance with Subsection (4).
1414	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (2), for a race between candidates where the total
1415	of all votes cast in the race is 400 or less, if the difference between the number of
1416	votes cast for a winning candidate in the race and a losing candidate in the race is one
1417	vote, the losing candidate may file a request for a recount in accordance with
1418	Subsection (4).
1419	(4) A losing candidate who files a request for a recount under Subsection (3)(a) or (b) shall
1420	file the request:
1421	(a) for a municipal primary election, with the municipal clerk, no later than 5 p.m. on the
1422	first business day that is at least three calendar days after the day on which the
1423	canvass is completed; or
1424	(b) for all other elections, no later than 5 p.m. on the first business day that is at least

1425	three calendar days after the day on which the canvass is completed, with:
1426	(i) the municipal clerk, if the election is a municipal general election;
1427	(ii) the special district clerk, if the election is a special district election;
1428	(iii) the county clerk, for a race voted on entirely within a single county; or
1429	(iv) the lieutenant governor, for a statewide race or multi-county race.
1430	(5)(a) The election officer shall conduct the recount:
1431	(i) for a race described in Subsection (2), no later than 10 calendar days after the day
1432	on which the board of canvassers certifies the vote totals; or
1433	(ii) for a race described in Subsection (3), no later than seven calendar days after the
1434	day on which the losing candidate requests the recount.
1435	(b) In conducting the recount, the election officer shall:
1436	(i) supervise the recount;
1437	(ii) recount all ballots cast in the race;
1438	(iii) reexamine all uncounted ballots to ensure compliance with Chapter 3a, Part 4,
1439	Disposition of Ballots; and
1440	(iv)(A) for a race between candidates for a single office, declare elected the
1441	candidate who receives the highest number of votes on the recount;
1442	(B) for a race for an at-large office, declare elected the candidate who receives the
1443	highest number of votes on the recount, until all offices are filled by the
1444	candidates who received the highest number of votes;
1445	(C) for a race described in Subsection (5)(b)(iv)(A) in which two or more
1446	candidates receive an equal and the highest number of votes, declare a tie vote;
1447	or
1448	(D) for a race described in Subsection (5)(b)(iv)(B) in which two or more
1449	candidates receive an equal number of votes, declare a tie vote if the selection
1450	of the winning candidate by lot under Section 20A-1-304 is necessary to
1451	determine which candidate is elected to the at-large office.
1452	(6) The cost of a recount under Subsection (5) shall be paid by:
1453	(a) for a statewide race or multi-county race, the state; or
1454	(b) for all other races:
1455	(i) the political subdivision that conducts the election; or
1456	(ii) the political subdivision that enters into a contract or interlocal agreement under
1457	Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, with a provider election officer
1458	to conduct the election.

(7)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(b), for a ballot proposition or a bond proposition, if the proposition passes or fails by a margin that is equal to or less than .25% of the total votes cast for or against the proposition, any 10 voters who voted in the election where the proposition was on the ballot may file a request for a recount no later than 5 p.m. on the first business day that is at least seven calendar days after the day of the canvass with the person described in Subsection (8).

- (b) For a ballot proposition or a bond proposition where the total of all votes cast for or against the proposition is 400 or less, if the difference between the number of votes cast for the proposition and the number of votes cast against the proposition is one vote, any 10 voters who voted in the election where the proposition was on the ballot may file a request for a recount no later than 5 p.m. on the first business day that is at least seven calendar days after the day of the canvass with the person described in Subsection (8).
- (8) The 10 voters who file a request for a recount under Subsection (7)(a) or (b) shall file the request with:
  - (a) the municipal clerk, if the election is a municipal election;
  - (b) the special district clerk, if the election is a special district election;
  - (c) the county clerk, for a proposition voted on entirely within a single county; or
  - (d) the lieutenant governor, for a statewide proposition or multi-county proposition.
- (9)(a) In conducting the recount, the election officer shall:
  - (i) supervise the recount;

- (ii) recount all ballots cast for the ballot proposition or bond proposition;
- (iii) reexamine all uncounted ballots to ensure compliance with Chapter 3a, Part 4, Disposition of Ballots; and
- (iv) declare the ballot proposition or bond proposition to have "passed" or "failed" based upon the results of the recount.
- (b) Proponents and opponents of the ballot proposition or bond proposition may designate representatives to witness the recount.
- (10) The voters requesting a recount under Subsection (7)(a) or (b) shall pay the costs of the recount.
- (11)(a) Upon completing a recount described in Subsection (5) or (9), the election officer shall immediately convene the board of canvassers.
  - (b) The board of canvassers shall:
    - (i) canvass the election returns for the race or proposition that was the subject of the

1493	recount; and
1494	(ii) with the assistance of the election officer, prepare and sign the report required by
1495	Section 20A-4-304 or 20A-4-306.
1496	(c) If the recount is for a statewide race, multi-county race, or a statewide proposition,
1497	the board of county canvassers shall prepare and transmit a separate report to the
1498	lieutenant governor as required by Subsection [20A-4-304(7)] 20A-4-304(12).
1499	(d) The canvassers' report prepared as provided in this Subsection (11) is the official
1500	result of the race or proposition that is the subject of the recount.
1501	Section 13. Section <b>20A-5-403.5</b> is amended to read:
1502	20A-5-403.5 (Effective upon governor's approval). Ballot drop boxes Notice.
1503	(1)[ <del>(a)</del> ] An election officer:
1504	[(i)] (a) shall designate at least one ballot drop box in each municipality and reservation
1505	located in the jurisdiction to which the election relates;
1506	[(ii)] (b) may designate additional ballot drop boxes for the election officer's jurisdiction;
1507	[(iii)] (c) shall clearly mark each ballot drop box as an official ballot drop box for the
1508	election officer's jurisdiction;
1509	[(iv)] (d) shall provide 24-hour recorded video surveillance, without audio, of each
1510	unattended ballot drop box;
1511	[(v)] (e) shall post a sign on or near each unattended ballot drop box indicating that the
1512	ballot drop box is under 24-hour video surveillance; and
1513	[(vi)] (f) shall ensure that a camera, a video, or a recording of a video described in
1514	Subsection $[\frac{(1)(a)(iv)}{(1)(d)}$ may only be accessed <u>by</u> :
1515	[(A)] (i) [by-]the election officer;
1516	[(B)] (ii) [by] a custodian of the camera, video, or recording;
1517	[ <del>(C)</del> ] (iii) [by-]the lieutenant governor;
1518	[(D)] (iv) [by-]the legislative auditor general, when performing an audit;[-or]
1519	[(E)] (v) [by, or pursuant to an order of, ]a court of competent jurisdiction[:], by or
1520	pursuant to an order of the court;
1521	(vi) a registered voter who claims to have cast a ballot at an unattended ballot drop
1522	box, if the election officer informs the voter that the election officer never
1523	received the voter's ballot; or
1524	(vii) subject to Subsection (2)(b), and except as provided in Subsection (2)(c):
1525	(A) a candidate for an office that appears on a ballot, or an individual representing
1526	the candidate's campaign;

1527	(B) for a federal, statewide, or multicounty race, the chair of the state political
1528	party whose member is a candidate described in Subsection (1)(f)(vii)(A);
1529	(C) for a race where the officeholder is selected by voters entirely within one
1530	county, the chair of the county political party whose member is a candidate
1531	described in Subsection (1)(f)(vii)(A); or
1532	(D) the designee of a political party chair described in Subsection (1)(f)(vii)(B) or
1533	<u>(C).</u>
1534	[(b)] (2)(a) An individual may not view a video, or a recording of a video, described in
1535	Subsection $[(1)(a)(iv)]$ $(1)(d)$ , unless the individual:
1536	(i) is an individual described in Subsection $[(1)(a)(vi)]$ $(1)(f)$ ; and
1537	(ii) views the video to the extent necessary to:
1538	(A) ensure compliance with Subsection $[(1)(a)(iv), (1)(a)(vi), or (1)(e)]$ $(1)(d)$ ,
1539	(1)(f), or $(3)$ ; or
1540	(B) investigate a concern relating to ballots or the ballot box.
1541	(b) If an individual described in Subsection (1)(f)(vii) seeks to view a video recording
1542	described in Subsection (1)(d), the election officer may require the individual to view
1543	the video recording at the election officer's office during regular business hours.
1544	(c) An individual described in Subsection (1)(f)(vii) may not view a video recording
1545	described in Subsection (1)(d) after the time period for contesting the election to
1546	which the video recording relates ends.
1547	[(e)] (3) The election officer, or the custodian of the recording[ $\frac{1}{2}$ ]:
1548	(a) shall keep a recording described in Subsection [(1)(a)(iv) until] (1)(d) until at least the
1549	later of:
1550	(i) the [end of the] last day of the calendar year in which the election was held; or
1551	(ii) if the election is contested, when the contest is resolved[-]; and
1552	(b) may keep the video recording described in Subsection (1)(d) indefinitely.
1553	$[\underbrace{(2)}]$ (4) Except as provided in Section 20A-1-308 or Subsection $[\underbrace{(5)}]$ (7), the election officer
1554	shall, at least 28 calendar days before the date of the election, provide notice of the
1555	location of each ballot drop box designated under Subsection (1), by publishing notice
1556	for the jurisdiction holding the election, as a class A notice under Section 63G-30-102,
1557	for at least 28 calendar days before the day of the election.
1558	[(3)] (5) Instead of including the location of ballot drop boxes, a notice required under
1559	Subsection [(2)] (4) may specify the following sources where a voter may view or obtain
1560	a copy of all ballot drop box locations:

1561	(a) the jurisdiction's website;
1562	(b) the physical address of the jurisdiction's offices; and
1563	(c) a mailing address and telephone number.
1564	[ $(4)$ ] $(6)$ The election officer shall include in the notice described in Subsection [ $(2)$ ] $(4)$ :
1565	(a) the address of the Statewide Electronic Voter Information Website and, if available,
1566	the address of the election officer's website, with a statement indicating that the
1567	election officer will post on the website the location of each ballot drop box,
1568	including any changes to the location of a ballot drop box and the location of
1569	additional ballot drop boxes; and
1570	(b) a phone number that a voter may call to obtain information regarding the location of
1571	a ballot drop box.
1572	[(5)] (7)(a) Except as provided in Section 20A-1-308, the election officer may, after the
1573	deadline described in Subsection $[(2)]$ $(4)$ :
1574	(i) if necessary, change the location of a ballot drop box; or
1575	(ii) if the election officer determines that the number of ballot drop boxes is
1576	insufficient due to the number of registered voters who are voting, designate
1577	additional ballot drop boxes.
1578	(b) Except as provided in Section 20A-1-308, if an election officer changes the location
1579	of a ballot box or designates an additional ballot drop box location, the election
1580	officer shall, as soon as is reasonably possible, give notice of the changed ballot drop
1581	box location or the additional ballot drop box location:
1582	(i) to the lieutenant governor, for posting on the Statewide Voter Information
1583	Website;
1584	(ii) by posting the information on the website of the election officer, if available; and
1585	(iii) by posting notice:
1586	(A) for a change in the location of a ballot drop box, at the new location and, if
1587	possible, the old location; and
1588	(B) for an additional ballot drop box location, at the additional ballot drop box
1589	location.
1590	[(6)] (8) An election officer may, at any time, authorize two or more poll workers to remove
1591	a ballot drop box from a location, or to remove ballots from a ballot drop box for
1592	processing.
1593	[(7)] (9)(a) At least two poll workers must be present when a poll worker collects ballots
1594	from a ballot drop box and delivers the ballots to the location where the ballots will

1595	be opened and counted.
1596	(b) An election officer shall ensure that the chain of custody of ballots placed in a ballot
1597	box are recorded and tracked from the time the ballots are removed from the ballot
1598	box until the ballots are delivered to the location where the ballots will be opened and
1599	counted.
1600	Section 14. Section 20A-5-802.5 is enacted to read:
1601	20A-5-802.5 (Effective upon governor's approval). Election results database
1602	requirements.
1603	(1) The lieutenant governor shall ensure that all voting equipment used in this state has the
1604	capability of generating an election results database.
1605	(2) For each ballot that is counted in an election, the election results database shall contain:
1606	(a) the vote cast by a voter for each ballot proposition or race for elective office
1607	appearing on the voter's ballot;
1608	(b) a numeric identifier that is associated with a ballot within the tabulation system; and
1609	(c)(i) a unique identifying code or number for the batch in which a ballot was
1610	tabulated, if the ballot was tabulated as part of a batch; or
1611	(ii) a sequence number, if the ballot was not tabulated as part of a batch.
1612	(3) For each ballot that is counted in an election, the election results database shall contain
1613	the following data if the data is generated by the voting equipment:
1614	(a) a description of the style of ballot;
1615	(b) a voting precinct number or other geographic indicator;
1616	(c) an identifier for the scanner or tabulating device that produced the digital
1617	interpretation of the ballot;
1618	(d) the registered political party associated with a primary election ballot;
1619	(e) an image of the entire ballot or the write-in portion of the ballot;
1620	(f) an indication of how the scanner or tabulating device interpreted the marks made by
1621	the voter who cast the ballot;
1622	(g) information about any changes made to the election results database for a ballot that
1623	was adjudicated under Section 20A-4-105, including:
1624	(i) the identity of the counting judges who adjudicated the ballot; and
1625	(ii) the time and date of the changes made to the election results database by the
1626	counting judges; and
1627	(h) other information produced by the tabulating device as part of the tabulating device's
1628	output.

1629	(4) An election officer shall create a physical or electronic log of any information described
1630	in Subsection (3)(g) that the voting equipment is unable to generate.
1631	(5) Following an election but before the official canvass, an election officer shall prepare a
1632	final election results database created during:
1633	(a) the tabulation of ballots; and
1634	(b) the adjudication of a ballot under Section 20A-4-105.
1635	Section 15. Section 20A-5-905 is amended to read:
1636	20A-5-905 (Effective upon governor's approval). Software validation Database
1637	security.
1638	(1) Before November 2022, the director of elections within the Office of the Lieutenant
1639	Governor shall make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
1640	Administrative Rulemaking Act, establishing software validation procedures that an
1641	election officer is required to comply with to verify that voting system files have not
1642	been tampered with.
1643	(2) The lieutenant governor and each county clerk shall ensure that a record is made, and
1644	stored [for at least 22 months] in accordance with Subsection 20A-4-202(3), of each time
1645	a voter database is accessed by a person, including:
1646	(a) the name of the person accessing the voter database;
1647	(b) the date and time of the access; and
1648	(c) any changes made to the voter database.
1649	Section 16. Section 67-1a-2 is amended to read:
1650	67-1a-2 (Effective upon governor's approval). Duties enumerated.
1651	(1) The lieutenant governor shall:
1652	(a) perform duties delegated by the governor, including assignments to serve in any of
1653	the following capacities:
1654	(i) as the head of any one department, if so qualified, with the advice and consent of
1655	the Senate, and, upon appointment at the pleasure of the governor and without
1656	additional compensation;
1657	(ii) as the chairperson of any cabinet group organized by the governor or authorized
1658	by law for the purpose of advising the governor or coordinating intergovernmental
1659	or interdepartmental policies or programs;
1660	(iii) as liaison between the governor and the state Legislature to coordinate and
1661	facilitate the governor's programs and budget requests;
1662	(iv) as liaison between the governor and other officials of local, state, federal, and

1663	international governments or any other political entities to coordinate, facilitate,
1664	and protect the interests of the state;
1665	(v) as personal advisor to the governor, including advice on policies, programs,
1666	administrative and personnel matters, and fiscal or budgetary matters; and
1667	(vi) as chairperson or member of any temporary or permanent boards, councils,
1668	commissions, committees, task forces, or other group appointed by the governor;
1669	(b) serve on all boards and commissions in lieu of the governor, whenever so designated
1670	by the governor;
1671	(c) serve as the chief election officer of the state as required by Subsection (2);
1672	(d) keep custody of the Great Seal of the State of Utah;
1673	(e) keep a register of, and attest, the official acts of the governor;
1674	(f) affix the Great Seal, with an attestation, to all official documents and instruments to
1675	which the official signature of the governor is required; and
1676	(g) furnish a certified copy of all or any part of any law, record, or other instrument
1677	filed, deposited, or recorded in the office of the lieutenant governor to any person
1678	who requests it and pays the fee.
1679	(2)(a) As the chief election officer, the lieutenant governor shall:
1680	(i) exercise oversight, and general supervisory authority, over all elections;
1681	(ii) exercise direct authority over the conduct of elections for federal, state, and
1682	multicounty officers and statewide or multicounty ballot propositions and any
1683	recounts involving those races;
1684	(iii) establish uniformity in the election ballot;
1685	(iv)(A) prepare election information for the public as required by law and as
1686	determined appropriate by the lieutenant governor; and
1687	(B) make the information described in Subsection (2)(a)(iv)(A) available to the
1688	public and to news media, on the Internet, and in other forms as required by
1689	law and as determined appropriate by the lieutenant governor;
1690	(v) receive and answer election questions and maintain an election file on opinions
1691	received from the attorney general;
1692	(vi) maintain a current list of registered political parties as defined in Section
1693	20A-8-101;
1694	(vii) maintain election returns and statistics;
1695	(viii) certify to the governor the names of individuals nominated to run for, or elected
1696	to, office;

1697	(ix) ensure that all voting equipment purchased by the state complies with the
1698	requirements of Sections 20A-5-302, 20A-5-802, 20A-5-802.5, and 20A-5-803;
1699	(x) during a declared emergency, to the extent that the lieutenant governor determines
1700	it warranted, designate, as provided in Section 20A-1-308, a different method,
1701	time, or location relating to:
1702	(A) voting on election day;
1703	(B) early voting;
1704	(C) the transmittal or voting of an absentee ballot or military-overseas ballot;
1705	(D) the counting of an absentee ballot or military-overseas ballot; or
1706	(E) the canvassing of election returns; and
1707	(xi) exercise all other election authority, and perform other election duties, as
1708	provided in Title 20A, Election Code.
1709	(b) As chief election officer, the lieutenant governor:
1710	(i) shall oversee all elections, and functions relating to elections, in the state;
1711	(ii) shall, in accordance with Section 20A-1-105, take action to enforce compliance
1712	by an election officer with legal requirements relating to elections; and
1713	(iii) may not assume the responsibilities assigned to the county clerks, city recorders,
1714	town clerks, or other local election officials by Title 20A, Election Code.
1715	(3)(a) The lieutenant governor shall:
1716	(i) determine a new municipality's classification under Section 10-2-301 upon the
1717	city's incorporation under Title 10, Chapter 2a, Part 2, Incorporation of a
1718	Municipality, based on the municipality's population using the population estimate
1719	from the Utah Population Committee; and
1720	(ii)(A) prepare a certificate indicating the class in which the new municipality
1721	belongs based on the municipality's population; and
1722	(B) within 10 days after preparing the certificate, deliver a copy of the certificate
1723	to the municipality's legislative body.
1724	(b) The lieutenant governor shall:
1725	(i) determine the classification under Section 10-2-301 of a consolidated municipality
1726	upon the consolidation of multiple municipalities under Title 10, Chapter 2, Part 6,
1727	Consolidation of Municipalities, using population information for each
1728	municipality from:
1729	(A) the estimate of the Utah Population Committee created in Section 63C-20-103
1730	or

1731	(B) if the Utah Population Committee estimate is not available, the census or
1732	census estimate of the United States Bureau of the Census; and
1733	(ii)(A) prepare a certificate indicating the class in which the consolidated
1734	municipality belongs based on the municipality's population; and
1735	(B) within 10 days after preparing the certificate, deliver a copy of the certificate
1736	to the consolidated municipality's legislative body.
1737	(c) The lieutenant governor shall monitor the population of each municipality using
1738	population information from:
1739	(i) the estimate of the Utah Population Committee created in Section 63C-20-103; or
1740	(ii) if the Utah Population Committee estimate is not available, the census or census
1741	estimate of the United States Bureau of the Census.
1742	(d) If the applicable population figure under Subsection (3)(b) or (c) indicates that a
1743	municipality's population has increased beyond the population for its current class,
1744	the lieutenant governor shall:
1745	(i) prepare a certificate indicating the class in which the municipality belongs based
1746	on the increased population figure; and
1747	(ii) within 10 days after preparing the certificate, deliver a copy of the certificate to
1748	the legislative body of the municipality whose class has changed.
1749	(e)(i) If the applicable population figure under Subsection (3)(b) or (c) indicates that
1750	a municipality's population has decreased below the population for its current
1751	class, the lieutenant governor shall send written notification of that fact to the
1752	municipality's legislative body.
1753	(ii) Upon receipt of a petition under Subsection 10-2-302(2) from a municipality
1754	whose population has decreased below the population for its current class, the
1755	lieutenant governor shall:
1756	(A) prepare a certificate indicating the class in which the municipality belongs
1757	based on the decreased population figure; and
1758	(B) within 10 days after preparing the certificate, deliver a copy of the certificate
1759	to the legislative body of the municipality whose class has changed.
1760	Section 17. Repealer.
1761	This bill repeals:
1762	Section 20A-4-701, Definitions.
1763	Section 20A-4-702, Electronic copy of election material Examination by county clerk
1764	Section 20A-4-703, Electronic copy of election material Examination by governmental

1765	Section 18. Effective Date.
1766	This bill takes effect:
1767	(1) except as provided in Subsection (2), December 6, 2025; or
1768	(2) if approved by two-thirds of all members elected to each house:
1769	(a) upon approval by the governor;
1770	(b) without the governor's signature, the day following the constitutional time limit of
1771	Utah Constitution, Article VII, Section 8; or
1772	(c) in the case of a veto, the date of veto override.
1773	Section 19. Retrospective operation.
1774	The repeal of Sections 20A-4-701, 20A-4-702, and 20A-4-703 have retrospective
1775	operation to August 1, 2025.