

HB0184S01 compared with HB0184

{Omitted text} shows text that was in HB0184 but was omitted in HB0184S01

inserted text shows text that was not in HB0184 but was inserted into HB0184S01

DISCLAIMER: This document is provided to assist you in your comparison of the two bills. Sometimes this automated comparison will NOT be completely accurate. Therefore, you need to read the actual bills. This automatically generated document could contain inaccuracies caused by: limitations of the compare program; bad input data; or other causes.

1 ~~{Local Land Use Revisions}~~ Small Lots and Starter Homes Amendments

2026 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Raymond P. Ward

Senate Sponsor:

2

3 **LONG TITLE**

4 **General Description:**

5 This bill deals with regulation of certain land uses in residential zones.

6 **Highlighted Provisions:**

7 This bill:

8 ▶ defines terms;

9 ▶ provides that a person may make a request to a municipality or county in regard to a proposed land use that conforms with a preferred land use regulation;

11 ▶ requires a municipality or county to determine if a request conforms with a preferred land use regulation and provide notice of the determination to the applicant;

13 ▶ authorizes a planning commission or legislative body to deny a request, under certain conditions, that conforms with a preferred land use regulation;

15 ▶ provides that if a planning commission or legislative body does not deny a request that conforms with a preferred land use regulation within 30 days, the request becomes a permitted use;

18 ▶ provides that a municipality's or county's determination that a request does not meet statutory requirements for a preferred land use regulation is an administrative act;

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- 20 ▶ provides that a planning commission's decision to deny a request that conforms with a preferred
land use regulation is an administrative act;
- 22 ▶ provides that a legislative body's decision to deny a request that conforms with a preferred land
use regulation is a legislative act; and
- 24 ▶ makes technical and conforming changes.

25 **Money Appropriated in this Bill:**

26 None

27 **Other Special Clauses:**

28 None

29 **Utah Code Sections Affected:**

30 ENACTS:

31 **10-21-304** , Utah Code Annotated 1953

32 **17-80-304** , Utah Code Annotated 1953

33

34 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:*

35 Section 1. Section 1 is enacted to read:

36 **10-21-304. Definitions -- Conformity with a preferred land use regulation a permitted use
under certain circumstances.**

38 (1) As used in this section:

39 (a) "Application" means a land use application.

40 (b) "Area mean purchase price" means the mean purchase price of a single-family residential unit sold
in a county, as determined by the county or a municipality in the county based on publicly available
data, during:

43 (i) the immediately preceding calendar year; or

44 (ii) the calendar year immediately before the calendar year described in Subsection (1)(b)(i).

46 (c) "Preferred land use regulation" means a regulation described in Subsection (2):

47 (i) that the Legislature finds:

48 (A) would advance the state's objective of lowering the average cost of housing by enabling the
construction of homes that are smaller and less expensive;

50 (B) allows for some permitting of individual projects that are unlikely to adversely affect nearby
property owners, the public, or the communities in which the projects are built; and

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- 53 (C) maintains the local land use authority's jurisdiction over which projects are permitted to be built
54 within the local land use authority's boundaries; and
- 55 (ii) that, as applied to a property owner in a municipality, is not a permitted use under the municipality's
56 zoning regulations, land use ordinances, or building standards.
- 57 (d) "Request" means a written submission from a property owner, or a person acting on a property
58 owner's behalf, seeking that a municipality accept a preferred land use regulation on a specific
59 parcel as part of a simultaneous or upcoming application.
- 60 (e) "Setback" means the required distance between the property line of a lot or parcel and the location
61 where a structure is allowed to be placed under an adopted land use regulation.
- 62 (f) "Starter home" means a single-family residential unit that:
- 63 (i) is sold to an initial owner-occupier for an amount equal to or less than the area mean purchase price
64 of a { ~~single family~~ } single-family residential unit;
- 65 (ii) is deed restricted to be owner-occupied for two years following the day on which the unit is first
66 sold;
- 67 (iii) has a minimum of two parking spots, covered or uncovered; and
- 68 (iv) is built:
- 69 (A) on a lot of any size;
- 70 (B) without meeting a minimum number of livable square feet;
- 71 (C) with any floor area ratio;
- 72 (D) with any setbacks, if the setbacks meet minimum safety codes; and
- 73 (E) with any building materials of any appearance, if the building materials meet minimum safety
74 codes.
- 75 (2) The following are preferred land use regulations in an area zoned for residential use:
- 76 (a) regulations that permit a person to build a starter home; ~~or~~
- 77 (b) for lot size requirements, a minimum of 5,400 square feet { ~~or~~ } .
- 78 { ~~(c) { for an accessory dwelling unit, a single accessory dwelling unit per lot that: } }~~
- 79 { ~~(i) { may be internal or external to the primary dwelling on the lot; } }~~
- 80 { ~~(ii) { conforms to all relevant building codes; and } }~~
- 81 { ~~(iii) { for an external accessory dwelling unit: } }~~
- 82 { ~~(A) { has side and rear setbacks of no more than three feet; and } }~~
- 83 { ~~(B) { is a maximum of two stories above ground. } }~~
- 84

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- 85 (3)
- (a) A person may submit a request that a municipality accept a preferred land use regulation, notwithstanding a conflicting municipal regulation, as part of an application or an upcoming application to develop a specific residential property as described in this Subsection (3).
- 89 (b) A request shall include:
- 90 (i) a written description or drawn sketch describing the anticipated development plan; and
- 92 (ii) a specific reference to the preferred land use regulation the person is seeking.
- 93 (c) A municipality may require supporting information from a person making a request only as strictly necessary to determine whether the request meets the requirements of this section.
- 96 (d) A municipality may not require a person making a request to:
- 97 (i) submit engineering plans, drawings, plats, or will-serve letters; or
- 98 (ii) conform with all other municipal regulations or standards that the municipality normally requires to accept or process a complete land use application.
- 100 (4)
- (a) No later than five business days after the day on which a municipality receives a request, municipal staff shall determine if the request conforms with Subsection (3) regardless of whether the request conforms with the applicable land use regulation otherwise governing the parcel at issue.
- 104 (b) If a request conforms with Subsection (3), the municipality shall, within one business day, provide notice of the determination to the applicant.
- 106 (5)
- (a) If a municipality determines that a request does not conform with Subsection (3), or if the request lacks information the municipality requires under Subsection (3)(c), the municipality shall no later than five business days after the day on which the municipality receives the request, deny the request and provide to the applicant:
- 110 (i) notice of the determination and denial; and
- 111 (ii) the reasoning for the determination.
- 112 (b) The municipality may not use the person's failure to submit a complete land use application as the basis to deny a request.
- 114 (c) A denial and determination under this Subsection (5) is an administrative act.
- 115 (d) A person that receives a denial and determination under this Subsection (5) may submit a new request that addresses the reasoning for the denial, which shall begin a new 30-day time period.

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- 118 (6) A planning commission or legislative body may, within 30 calendar days of the day on which a
121 person submits a request that is not timely denied under Subsection (5), act to deny the request:
124 (a) if the planning commission or legislative body determines, for any reason, that the benefit to the
person and community would be outweighed by the negative effect to others in the community;
126 (b) if the planning commission or legislative body makes a finding on the record regarding the
127 determination described in Subsection (6)(a);
128 (c) in a public meeting of the planning commission or legislative body; and
(d) by majority vote.
(7)
(a) A denial under Subsection (6) does not affect any other rights of the applicant under this chapter.
130 (b) If a planning commission denies an application under Subsection (6), the denial is an administrative
act.
132 (c) If a municipal legislative body denies an application under Subsection (6), the denial is a legislative
act.
134 (8) If a planning commission or municipal legislative body expressly approves or does not deny a
request as described in Subsection (6), regardless of whether the municipality fails to make a timely
determination under Subsection (4) or a timely denial under Subsection (5)(a):
138 (a) the preferred land use described in the request becomes a vested permitted use as to the property
and as to the use described in the request 31 days after the day on which the person submitted the
request to the municipality;
141 (b) the preferred land use regulation is considered a legislatively adopted land use regulation for that
property and development; and
143 (c) approval of the request or the failure to deny the request does not constitute approval of the entire
land use application.
145 (9) In considering a preferred land use regulation legislatively adopted under Subsection (8)(b), the
municipality is not required to:
147 (a) amend municipal zoning regulations, land use ordinances, or building standards; or
148 (b) apply the preferred land use regulation to other land use applications for the same residential zone.
144 Section 2. Section 2 is enacted to read:
145 **17-80-304. Definitions -- Conformity with a preferred land use regulation a permitted use**
under certain circumstances.

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- 153 (1) As used in this section:
- 154 (a) "Application" means a land use application.
- 155 (b) "Area mean purchase price" means the mean purchase price of a single-family residential unit
sold in a county, as determined by the county {or a municipality in the county} based on publicly
available data, during:
- 158 (i) the immediately preceding calendar year; or
- 159 (ii) the calendar year immediately before the calendar year described in Subsection (1)(b)(i).
- 161 (c) "Preferred land use regulation" means a regulation described in Subsection (2):
- 162 (i) that the Legislature finds:
- 163 (A) advances the state's objective of lowering the average cost of housing by enabling the construction
of homes that are smaller and less expensive;
- 165 (B) allows for some permitting of individual projects that are unlikely to adversely affect nearby
property owners, the public, or the communities in which the projects are built; and
- 168 (C) maintains the local land use authority's jurisdiction over which projects are permitted to be built
within the local land use authority's boundaries; and
- 170 (ii) that, as applied to a property owner in an unincorporated county, is not a permitted use under the
county's zoning regulations, land use ordinances, or building standards.
- 173 (d) "Request" means a written submission from a property owner, or a person acting on a property
owner's behalf, seeking that a {municipality} county accept a preferred land use regulation on a
specific parcel as part of a simultaneous or upcoming application.
- 176 (e) "Setback" means the required distance between the property line of a lot or parcel and the location
where a structure is allowed to be placed under an adopted land use regulation.
- 179 (f) "Starter home" means a single-family residential unit that:
- 180 (i) is sold to an initial owner-occupier for an amount equal to or less than the area mean purchase price
of a {single family} single-family residential unit;
- 182 (ii) is deed restricted to be owner-occupied for two years following the day on which the unit is first
sold;
- 184 (iii) has a minimum of two parking spots, covered or uncovered; and
- 185 (iv) is built:
- 186 (A) on a lot of any size;
- 187 (B) without meeting a minimum number of livable square feet;

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- 188 (C) with any floor area ratio;
189 (D) with any setbacks, if the setbacks meet minimum safety codes; and
190 (E) with any building materials of any appearance, if the building materials meet minimum safety
codes.
- 192 (2) The following are preferred land use regulations in an area zoned for residential use:
193 (a) regulations that permit a person to build a starter home;~~or~~
194 (b) for lot size requirements, a minimum of 5,400 square feet~~{;or}.~~
195 ~~{(c) {for an accessory dwelling unit, a single accessory dwelling unit per lot that:} }~~
196 ~~{(i) {may be internal or external to the primary dwelling on the lot;}~~
197 ~~{(ii) {conforms to all relevant building codes; and} }~~
198 ~~{(iii) {for an external accessory dwelling unit:} }~~
199 ~~{(A) {has side and rear setbacks of no more than three feet; and} }~~
200 ~~{(B) {is a maximum of two stories above ground.} }~~
201 (3)
(a) A person may submit a request that a county accept a preferred land use regulation, notwithstanding
a conflicting county regulation, as part of an application or an upcoming application to develop a
specific residential property as described in this Subsection (3).
205 (b) A request shall include:
206 (i) a written description or drawn sketch describing the anticipated development plan; and
208 (ii) a specific reference to the preferred land use regulation the person is seeking.
209 (c) A county may require supporting information from a person making a request only as strictly
necessary to determine whether the request meets the requirements of this section.
212 (d) A county may not require a person making a request to:
213 (i) submit engineering plans, drawings, plats, or will-serve letters; or
214 (ii) conform with all other county regulations or standards that the county normally requires to accept or
process a complete land use application.
216 (4)
(a) No later than five business days after the day on which a county receives a request, county staff shall
determine if the request conforms with Subsection (3) regardless of whether the request conforms
with the applicable land use regulation otherwise governing the parcel at issue.

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(b) If a request conforms with Subsection (3), the county shall, within one business day, provide notice of the determination to the applicant.

222 (5)

(a) If a county determines that a request does not conform with Subsection (3), or if the request lacks information the county requires under Subsection (3)(c), the county shall no later than five business days after the day on which the county receives the request, deny the request and provide to the applicant:

226 (i) notice of the determination and denial; and

227 (ii) the reasoning for the determination.

228 (b) The county may not use the person's failure to submit a complete land use application as the basis to deny a request.

230 (c) A denial and determination under this Subsection (5) is an administrative act.

231 (d) A person that receives a denial and determination under this Subsection (5) may submit a new request that addresses the reasoning for the denial, which shall begin a new 30-day time period.

234 (6) A planning commission or legislative body may, within 30 calendar days of the day on which a person submits a request that is not timely denied under Subsection (5), act to deny the request:

237 (a) if the planning commission or legislative body determines, for any reason, that the benefit to the person and community would be outweighed by the negative effect to others in the community;

240 (b) if the planning commission or legislative body makes a finding on the record regarding the determination described in Subsection (6)(a);

242 (c) in a public meeting of the planning commission or legislative body; and

243 (d) by majority vote.

244 (7)

(a) A denial under Subsection (6) does not affect any other rights of the applicant under this chapter.

246 (b) If a planning commission denies an application under Subsection (6), the denial is an administrative act.

248 (c) If a county legislative body denies an application under Subsection (6), the denial is a legislative act.

250 (8) If a planning commission or county legislative body expressly approves or does not deny a request as described in Subsection (6), regardless of whether the county fails to make a timely determination under Subsection (4) or a timely denial under Subsection (5)(a):

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- (a) the preferred land use described in the request becomes a vested permitted use as to the property and as to the use described in the request 31 days after the day on which the person submitted the request to the county;
- 257 (b) the preferred land use regulation is considered a legislatively adopted land use regulation for that property and development; and
- 259 (c) approval of the request or the failure to deny the request does not constitute approval of the entire land use application.
- 261 (9) In considering a preferred land use regulation legislatively adopted under Subsection (8)(b), the county is not required to:
- 263 (a) amend county zoning regulations, land use ordinances, or building standards; or
- 264 (b) apply the preferred land use regulation to other land use applications for the same residential zone.

254 Section 3. **Effective date.**

Effective Date.

This bill takes effect on May 6, 2026.

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