

HB0259S04 compared with HB0259S03

~~{Omitted text}~~ shows text that was in HB0259S03 but was omitted in HB0259S04
inserted text shows text that was not in HB0259S03 but was inserted into HB0259S04

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1 **Parental Access to Children's Medical Records Amendments**
 2026 GENERAL SESSION
 STATE OF UTAH
 Chief Sponsor: Michael J. Petersen
 Senate Sponsor:Brady Brammer



2
3 **LONG TITLE**

4 **General Description:**

5 This bill amends provisions related to parent access to a minor's medical record.

6 **Highlighted Provisions:**

7 This bill:

- 8 ▸ defines terms;
- 9 ▸ requires a health care facility to ensure that a child's parent has access to the child's electronic health record unless certain circumstances are met;
- 11 ▸ requires an electronic medical record system vendor to ensure a health care facility can provide access to parents;
- 13 ▸ authorizes the attorney general's office to bring enforcement actions; and
- 14 ▸ requires a health care facility to provide paper records free of charge under certain circumstances.

16 **Money Appropriated in this Bill:**

17 None

18 **Other Special Clauses:**

19 None

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20 **Utah Code Sections Affected:**

21 ENACTS:

22 **26B-2-244**, Utah Code Annotated 1953

23

24 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:*

25 Section 1. Section 1 is enacted to read:

26 **26B-2-244. Electronic medical record access for minors.**

27 (1) As used in this section:

28 (a) "Child" means an individual under the age of 18 years old.

29 (b) "Electronic medical record system" means an electronic system for maintaining medical records in a clinical setting.

31 (c) "EMRS vendor" means the vendor of an electronic medical record management system.

33 (d) "Health care system" means an entity that owns two or more health care facilities.

33 (d){(e)} "HIPAA" means the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, Pub. L. No. 104-191, 110 Stat. 1936, as amended.

35 (e){(f)} "Parent" means an individual who has a parent-child relationship, as defined in Section 81-5-102, with the child.

37 (2) A health care facility may not restrict a parent's access to the electronic medical record {~~system housing the electronic medical record~~} of the parent's child unless:

39 (a) the parent's parental rights have been terminated;

40 (b) required by a court order; or

41 (c) the electronic medical record relates to sexual assault in accordance with Section 77-38-204.

43 (3) An EMRS vendor providing an electronic medical record system for a health care facility shall ensure the electronic medical record system provided to the health care facility is capable of being modified by the health care facility to comply with Subsection (2).

47 (4)

(a) {A} ~~Subject to Subsection (4)(f), a~~ health care facility in violation of Subsection (2) is subject to a \$10,000 civil fine for each day the health care facility does not comply with Subsection (2) after September 1, 2026.

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- (b) An EMRS vendor in violation of Subsection (3) is subject to a \$10,000 civil fine for each day the EMRS vendor's electronic medical record system does not comply with Subsection (3) after September 1, 2026.
- 53 (c) The attorney general may bring a civil action against a health care facility or EMRS vendor to enforce this section.
- 55 (d) In enforcing this section, the attorney general may issue subpoenas in investigating a potential violation.
- 57 (e) A court shall award attorney fees to the attorney general if the attorney general is successful in an enforcement action described in this section.
- 60 (f) If two or more health care facilities are owned by a health care system and not in compliance with Subsection (2), the civil fine described in Subsection (4)(a) shall be assessed against the health care system for each day of noncompliance as if the health care facilities were a single health care facility.
- 59 (5) A health care facility shall, upon request, provide a parent paper records without charging a fee for the records if:
- 61 (a) the parent is unable to access a part of an electronic medical record because the electronic medical record system is unable to provide the parent access; and
- 63 (b) the parent is not otherwise { ~~authorized to access~~ } precluded from access to the records under HIPAA.
- 64 (6) This section does not apply to the Utah State Hospital.

70 Section 2. **Effective date.**

Effective Date.

This bill takes effect on May 6, 2026.

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