

1 **Flag Display Modifications**

2026 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Andrew Stoddard

Senate Sponsor:

2 **LONG TITLE**3 **General Description:**4 This bill reduces the scope of a restriction on the display of flags on government property to
5 a restriction on the display of flags on school property.6 **Highlighted Provisions:**

7 This bill:

8 ▶ reduces the scope of a restriction on the display of flags on government property to a
9 restriction on the display of flags on school property;10 ▶ repeals provisions of the flag display restriction that do not apply to school property,
11 including duties of the state auditor regarding government entity compliance; and

12 ▶ makes technical and conforming changes.

13 **Money Appropriated in this Bill:**

14 None

15 **Other Special Clauses:**

16 None

17 **Utah Code Sections Affected:**

18 AMENDS:

19 **67-3-1**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2025, First Special Session, Chapter 1720 **RENUMBERS AND AMENDS:**21 **53G-7-211.5**, (Renumbered from 63G-1-704, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2025,
22 First Special Session, Chapter 17)

23 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:*24 Section 1. Section **53G-7-211.5**, which is renumbered from Section 63G-1-704 is renumbered
25 and amended to read:26 **[63G-1-704] 53G-7-211.5 . Display of flags on school property -- Indemnification**27 **-- Severability.**

28 (1) As used in this section:

31 (a) "Display" means, in regards to a flag, to place a flag in a prominent location on [
32 ~~government] school~~ property where the flag is easily visible.

33 (b) "Flag" means a usually rectangular piece of fabric with a specific design that
34 symbolizes a location, government entity, or cause.

35 [(e) ~~"Government entity"~~ means:]
36 [(i) ~~any local government entity, as defined in Section 63A-5b-901, including a~~
37 ~~school within the public education system; or~~]
38 [(ii) ~~any state agency, as defined in Section 63A-5b-901.~~]
39 [(d) ~~"Government property"~~ means any property under the ownership or control of a
40 government entity.]
41 [(e) ~~"LEA governing board"~~ means the same as that term is defined in Section
42 53E-1-102.]
43 (c) "School property" means any property under the ownership or control of a school or
44 school district.

45 (2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), a ~~[government entity]~~ school district or school
46 ~~within the public education system~~, or an employee of a school district or school within
47 the public education system acting within the employee's official duties, may not:
48 (a) display a flag in or on the grounds of ~~[government]~~ school property; or
49 (b) display an exempt flag described in Subsection (3) with alterations in color, symbols,
50 or appearance.

51 (3) The prohibition described in Subsection (2) does not apply to the following flags:
52 (a) the official flag of the United States described in Title 4 U.S.C., Ch. 1, The Flag, and
53 Executive Order 1959-10834, and in accordance with Section 53G-7-211;
54 (b) an official Utah state flag as described in Title 63G, Chapter 1, Part 5, State Flags;
55 (c) the current and official flag of another country, state, or political subdivision of
56 another country or state;
57 (d) a flag that represents a city, municipality, county, or political subdivision of the state,
58 as those terms are defined in Sections 10-1-104, 10-2-301, 17-60-101, and 17B-1-102;
59 (e) a flag that represents a branch, unit, or division of the United States military;
60 (f) the National League of Families POW/MIA flag as described in 36 U.S.C. Sec. 902;
61 (g) a flag that represents an Indian tribe as defined in federal law;
62 (h) an officially licensed flag of a college or university depicting only the colors, logos,
63 and marks consistent with official college or university branding;
64 (i) a historic version of a flag described in Subsections (3)(a) and (b);

65 (j) an official public school flag;
66 (k) an official flag of the United States Olympic Committee, United States Paralympic
67 Committee, International Olympic Committee, or International Paralympic
68 Committee;
69 (l) an official flag of an olympiad or paralympiad that occurred or will occur within the
70 state; or
71 (m) a flag of an organization authorized to use a public school facility at the location and
72 during the time in which the organization is authorized to use the public school
73 facility.

74 [~~(4)(a) The state auditor shall:~~]

75 [~~(i) establish a process to receive and investigate alleged violations of this section;~~]
76 [~~(ii) provide notice to the relevant government entity of:~~]
77 [~~(A) each alleged violation of this section involving the government entity;~~]
78 [~~(B) each violation that the state auditor determines to be substantiated, including~~
79 ~~an opportunity to cure the violation not to exceed 30 calendar days;~~]
80 [~~(iii) if a government entity, other than a school district or a school within the public~~
81 ~~education system, fails to cure a violation in accordance with Subsection~~
82 ~~(4)(a)(ii)(B), impose a fine of \$500 per violation per day; and~~]
83 [~~(iv) deposit fines described in Subsection (4)(a)(iii) into the General Fund.~~]
84 [~~(b) A government entity may seek judicial review of a fine the state auditor imposes~~
85 ~~under this section to determine whether the imposition of the fine is clearly erroneous.~~]

86 [~~(5)~~] (4) Nothing in this section, for a local education agency, as defined in Section
87 53E-1-102:

88 (a) limits the authority of the agency related to student expression under applicable
89 federal or state law; or
90 (b) removes the agency's obligation to protect all students from discrimination.

91 [~~(6)~~] (5) [~~Regarding a school district or a school within the public education system, the~~] The
92 attorney general shall defend and the state shall indemnify and hold harmless a person
93 acting under color of state law to enforce this section for any claims or damages,
94 including court costs and attorney fees, that:

95 (a) arise as a result of this section; and
96 (b) are not covered by the person's insurance policies or by any coverage agreement the
97 State Risk Management Fund issues.

98 [~~(7)~~] (6) If any provision of this section or the application of any provision of this section to

99 any person or circumstance is held invalid by a final decision of a court, the remainder
100 of this section shall be given effect without the invalidated provision or application.

101 Section 2. Section **67-3-1** is amended to read:

102 **67-3-1 . Functions and duties.**

103 (1)(a) The state auditor is the auditor of public accounts and is independent of any
104 executive or administrative officers of the state.

105 (b) The state auditor is not limited in the selection of personnel or in the determination
106 of the reasonable and necessary expenses of the state auditor's office.

107 (2) The state auditor shall examine and certify annually in respect to each fiscal year,
108 financial statements showing:

109 (a) the condition of the state's finances;

110 (b) the revenues received or accrued;

111 (c) expenditures paid or accrued;

112 (d) the amount of unexpended or unencumbered balances of the appropriations to the
113 agencies, departments, divisions, commissions, and institutions; and

114 (e) the cash balances of the funds in the custody of the state treasurer.

115 (3)(a) The state auditor shall:

116 (i) audit each permanent fund, each special fund, the General Fund, and the accounts
117 of any department of state government or any independent agency or public
118 corporation as the law requires, as the auditor determines is necessary, or upon
119 request of the governor or the Legislature;

120 (ii) perform the audits in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and
121 other auditing procedures as promulgated by recognized authoritative bodies; and

122 (iii) as the auditor determines is necessary, conduct the audits to determine:

123 (A) honesty and integrity in fiscal affairs;

124 (B) accuracy and reliability of financial statements;

125 (C) effectiveness and adequacy of financial controls; and

126 (D) compliance with the law.

127 (b) If any state entity receives federal funding, the state auditor shall ensure that the
128 audit is performed in accordance with federal audit requirements.

129 (c)(i) The costs of the federal compliance portion of the audit may be paid from an
130 appropriation to the state auditor from the General Fund.

131 (ii) If an appropriation is not provided, or if the federal government does not
132 specifically provide for payment of audit costs, the costs of the federal compliance

133 portions of the audit shall be allocated on the basis of the percentage that each
134 state entity's federal funding bears to the total federal funds received by the state.

135 (iii) The allocation shall be adjusted to reflect any reduced audit time required to
136 audit funds passed through the state to local governments and to reflect any
137 reduction in audit time obtained through the use of internal auditors working
138 under the direction of the state auditor.

139 (4)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), the state auditor shall, in addition to
140 financial audits, and as the auditor determines is necessary, conduct performance and
141 special purpose audits, examinations, and reviews of any entity that receives public
142 funds, including a determination of any or all of the following:

143 (i) the honesty and integrity of all the entity's fiscal affairs;
144 (ii) whether the entity's administrators have faithfully complied with legislative intent;
145 (iii) whether the entity's operations have been conducted in an efficient, effective, and
146 cost-efficient manner;
147 (iv) whether the entity's programs have been effective in accomplishing the intended
148 objectives; and
149 (v) whether the entity's management, control, and information systems are adequate,
150 effective, and secure.

151 (b) The auditor may not conduct performance and special purpose audits, examinations,
152 and reviews of any entity that receives public funds if the entity:
153 (i) has an elected auditor; and
154 (ii) has, within the entity's last budget year, had the entity's financial statements or
155 performance formally reviewed by another outside auditor.

156 (5) The state auditor:

157 (a) shall administer any oath or affirmation necessary to the performance of the duties of
158 the auditor's office; and
159 (b) may:
160 (i) subpoena witnesses and documents, whether electronic or otherwise; and
161 (ii) examine into any matter that the auditor considers necessary.

162 (6) The state auditor may require all persons who have had the disposition or management
163 of any property of this state or its political subdivisions to submit statements regarding
164 the property at the time and in the form that the auditor requires.

165 (7) The state auditor shall:

166 (a) except where otherwise provided by law, institute suits in Salt Lake County in

relation to the assessment, collection, and payment of revenues against:

- (i) persons who by any means have become entrusted with public money or property and have failed to pay over or deliver the money or property; and
- (ii) all debtors of the state;

(b) collect and pay into the state treasury all fees received by the state auditor;

(c) perform the duties of a member of all boards of which the state auditor is a member by the constitution or laws of the state, and any other duties that are prescribed by the constitution and by law;

(d) stop the payment of the salary of any state official or state employee who:

- (i) refuses to settle accounts or provide required statements about the custody and disposition of public funds or other state property;
- (ii) refuses, neglects, or ignores the instruction of the state auditor or any controlling board or department head with respect to the manner of keeping prescribed accounts or funds; or
- (iii) fails to correct any delinquencies, improper procedures, and errors brought to the official's or employee's attention;

(e) establish accounting systems, methods, and forms for public accounts in all taxing or fee-assessing units of the state in the interest of uniformity, efficiency, and economy;

(f) superintend the contractual auditing of all state accounts;

(g) subject to Subsection (8)(a), withhold state allocated funds or the disbursement of property taxes from a state or local taxing or fee-assessing unit, if necessary, to ensure that officials and employees in those taxing units comply with state laws and procedures in the budgeting, expenditures, and financial reporting of public funds;

(h) subject to Subsection (9), withhold the disbursement of tax money from any county, if necessary, to ensure that officials and employees in the county comply with Section 59-2-303.1; and

(i) withhold state allocated funds or the disbursement of property taxes from a local government entity or a limited purpose entity, as those terms are defined in Section 67-1a-15 if the state auditor finds the withholding necessary to ensure that the entity registers and maintains the entity's registration with the lieutenant governor, in accordance with Section 67-1a-15.

(8)(a) Except as otherwise provided by law, the state auditor may not withhold funds under Subsection (7)(g) until a state or local taxing or fee-assessing unit has received formal written notice of noncompliance from the auditor and has been given 60 days

201 to make the specified corrections.

202 (b) If, after receiving notice under Subsection (8)(a), a state or independent local
203 fee-assessing unit that exclusively assesses fees has not made corrections to comply
204 with state laws and procedures in the budgeting, expenditures, and financial reporting
205 of public funds, the state auditor:

- 206 (i) shall provide a recommended timeline for corrective actions;
- 207 (ii) may prohibit the state or local fee-assessing unit from accessing money held by
208 the state; and
- 209 (iii) may prohibit a state or local fee-assessing unit from accessing money held in an
210 account of a financial institution by filing an action in a court with jurisdiction
211 under Title 78A, Judiciary and Judicial Administration, requesting an order of the
212 court to prohibit a financial institution from providing the fee-assessing unit
213 access to an account.

214 (c) The state auditor shall remove a limitation on accessing funds under Subsection (8)(b)
215 upon compliance with state laws and procedures in the budgeting, expenditures, and
216 financial reporting of public funds.

217 (d) If a local taxing or fee-assessing unit has not adopted a budget in compliance with
218 state law, the state auditor:

- 219 (i) shall provide notice to the taxing or fee-assessing unit of the unit's failure to
220 comply;
- 221 (ii) may prohibit the taxing or fee-assessing unit from accessing money held by the
222 state; and
- 223 (iii) may prohibit a taxing or fee-assessing unit from accessing money held in an
224 account of a financial institution by:
 - 225 (A) contacting the taxing or fee-assessing unit's financial institution and
226 requesting that the institution prohibit access to the account; or
 - 227 (B) filing an action in a court with jurisdiction under Title 78A, Judiciary and
228 Judicial Administration, requesting an order of the court to prohibit a financial
229 institution from providing the taxing or fee-assessing unit access to an account.

230 (e) If the local taxing or fee-assessing unit adopts a budget in compliance with state law,
231 the state auditor shall eliminate a limitation on accessing funds described in
232 Subsection (8)(d).

233 (9) The state auditor may not withhold funds under Subsection (7)(h) until a county has
234 received formal written notice of noncompliance from the auditor and has been given 60

235 days to make the specified corrections.

236 (10)(a) The state auditor may not withhold funds under Subsection (7)(i) until the state
237 auditor receives a notice of non-registration, as that term is defined in Section
238 67-1a-15.

239 (b) If the state auditor receives a notice of non-registration, the state auditor may
240 prohibit the local government entity or limited purpose entity, as those terms are
241 defined in Section 67-1a-15, from accessing:

242 (i) money held by the state; and

243 (ii) money held in an account of a financial institution by:

244 (A) contacting the entity's financial institution and requesting that the institution
245 prohibit access to the account; or

246 (B) filing an action in a court with jurisdiction under Title 78A, Judiciary and
247 Judicial Administration, requesting an order of the court to prohibit a financial
248 institution from providing the entity access to an account.

249 (c) The state auditor shall remove the prohibition on accessing funds described in
250 Subsection (10)(b) if the state auditor received a notice of registration, as that term is
251 defined in Section 67-1a-15, from the lieutenant governor.

252 (11) Notwithstanding Subsection (7)(g), (7)(h), (7)(i), (8)(b), (8)(d), or (10)(b), the state
253 auditor:

254 (a) shall authorize a disbursement by a local government entity or limited purpose entity,
255 as those terms are defined in Section 67-1a-15, or a state or local taxing or
256 fee-assessing unit if the disbursement is necessary to:

257 (i) avoid a major disruption in the operations of the local government entity, limited
258 purpose entity, or state or local taxing or fee-assessing unit; or

259 (ii) meet debt service obligations; and

260 (b) may authorize a disbursement by a local government entity, limited purpose entity,
261 or state or local taxing or fee-assessing unit as the state auditor determines is
262 appropriate.

263 (12)(a) The state auditor may seek relief under the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure to take
264 temporary custody of public funds if an action is necessary to protect public funds
265 from being improperly diverted from their intended public purpose.

266 (b) If the state auditor seeks relief under Subsection (12)(a):

267 (i) the state auditor is not required to exhaust the procedures in Subsection (7) or (8);
268 and

269 (ii) the state treasurer may hold the public funds in accordance with Section 67-4-1 if
270 a court orders the public funds to be protected from improper diversion from their
271 public purpose.

272 (13) The state auditor shall:

273 (a) establish audit guidelines and procedures for audits of local mental health and
274 substance abuse authorities and their contract providers, conducted pursuant to Title
275 17, Chapter 77, Local Health and Human Services, Title 26B, Chapter 5, Health Care
276 - Substance Use and Mental Health, and Title 51, Chapter 2a, Accounting Reports
277 from Political Subdivisions, Interlocal Organizations, and Other Local Entities Act;
278 and

279 (b) ensure that those guidelines and procedures provide assurances to the state that:
280 (i) state and federal funds appropriated to local mental health authorities are used for
281 mental health purposes;
282 (ii) a private provider under an annual or otherwise ongoing contract to provide
283 comprehensive mental health programs or services for a local mental health
284 authority is in compliance with state and local contract requirements and state and
285 federal law;
286 (iii) state and federal funds appropriated to local substance abuse authorities are used
287 for substance abuse programs and services; and
288 (iv) a private provider under an annual or otherwise ongoing contract to provide
289 comprehensive substance abuse programs or services for a local substance abuse
290 authority is in compliance with state and local contract requirements, and state and
291 federal law.

292 (14)(a) The state auditor may, in accordance with the auditor's responsibilities for
293 political subdivisions of the state as provided in Title 51, Chapter 2a, Accounting
294 Reports from Political Subdivisions, Interlocal Organizations, and Other Local
295 Entities Act, initiate audits or investigations of any political subdivision that are
296 necessary to determine honesty and integrity in fiscal affairs, accuracy and reliability
297 of financial statements, effectiveness, and adequacy of financial controls and
298 compliance with the law.

299 (b) If the state auditor receives notice under Subsection 11-41-104(7) from the
300 Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity on or after July 1, 2024, the state auditor
301 may initiate an audit or investigation of the public entity subject to the notice to
302 determine compliance with Section 11-41-103.

303 (15)(a) The state auditor may not audit work that the state auditor performed before
304 becoming state auditor.

305 (b) If the state auditor has previously been a responsible official in state government
306 whose work has not yet been audited, the Legislature shall:

307 (i) designate how that work shall be audited; and

308 (ii) provide additional funding for those audits, if necessary.

309 (16) The state auditor shall:

310 (a) with the assistance, advice, and recommendations of an advisory committee
311 appointed by the state auditor from among special district boards of trustees, officers,
312 and employees and special service district boards, officers, and employees:

313 (i) prepare a Uniform Accounting Manual for Special Districts that:

314 (A) prescribes a uniform system of accounting and uniform budgeting and
315 reporting procedures for special districts under Title 17B, Limited Purpose
316 Local Government Entities - Special Districts, and special service districts
317 under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act;

318 (B) conforms with generally accepted accounting principles; and

319 (C) prescribes reasonable exceptions and modifications for smaller districts to the
320 uniform system of accounting, budgeting, and reporting;

321 (ii) maintain the manual under this Subsection (16)(a) so that the manual continues to
322 reflect generally accepted accounting principles;

323 (iii) conduct a continuing review and modification of procedures in order to improve
324 them;

325 (iv) prepare and supply each district with suitable budget and reporting forms; and

326 (v)(A) prepare instructional materials, conduct training programs, and render other
327 services considered necessary to assist special districts and special service
328 districts in implementing the uniform accounting, budgeting, and reporting
329 procedures; and

330 (B) ensure that any training described in Subsection (16)(a)(v)(A) complies with
331 Title 63G, Chapter 22, State Training and Certification Requirements; and

332 (b) continually analyze and evaluate the accounting, budgeting, and reporting practices
333 and experiences of specific special districts and special service districts selected by
334 the state auditor and make the information available to all districts.

335 (17)(a) The following records in the custody or control of the state auditor are protected
336 records under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management

337 Act:

338 (i) records that would disclose information relating to allegations of personal
339 misconduct, gross mismanagement, or illegal activity of a past or present
340 governmental employee if the information or allegation cannot be corroborated by
341 the state auditor through other documents or evidence, and the records relating to
342 the allegation are not relied upon by the state auditor in preparing a final audit
343 report;

344 (ii) records and audit workpapers to the extent the workpapers would disclose the
345 identity of an individual who during the course of an audit, communicated the
346 existence of any waste of public funds, property, or manpower, or a violation or
347 suspected violation of a law, rule, or regulation adopted under the laws of this
348 state, a political subdivision of the state, or any recognized entity of the United
349 States, if the information was disclosed on the condition that the identity of the
350 individual be protected;

351 (iii) before an audit is completed and the final audit report is released, records or
352 drafts circulated to an individual who is not an employee or head of a
353 governmental entity for the individual's response or information;

354 (iv) records that would disclose an outline or part of any audit survey plans or audit
355 program; and

356 (v) requests for audits, if disclosure would risk circumvention of an audit.

357 (b) The provisions of Subsections (17)(a)(i), (ii), and (iii) do not prohibit the disclosure
358 of records or information that relate to a violation of the law by a governmental entity
359 or employee to a government prosecutor or peace officer.

360 (c) The provisions of this Subsection (17) do not limit the authority otherwise given to
361 the state auditor to classify a document as public, private, controlled, or protected
362 under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act.

363 (d)(i) As used in this Subsection (17)(d), "record dispute" means a dispute between
364 the state auditor and the subject of an audit performed by the state auditor as to
365 whether the state auditor may release a record, as defined in Section 63G-2-103,
366 to the public that the state auditor gained access to in the course of the state
367 auditor's audit but which the subject of the audit claims is not subject to disclosure
368 under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act.

369 (ii) The state auditor may submit a record dispute to the director of the Government
370 Records Office, created in Section 63A-12-202, for a determination of whether the

371 state auditor may, in conjunction with the state auditor's release of an audit report,
372 release to the public the record that is the subject of the record dispute.

373 (iii) The state auditor or the subject of the audit may seek judicial review of the
374 director's determination, described in Subsection (17)(d)(ii), as provided in
375 Section 63G-2-404.

376 (18) If the state auditor conducts an audit of an entity that the state auditor has previously
377 audited and finds that the entity has not implemented a recommendation made by the
378 state auditor in a previous audit, the state auditor shall notify the Legislative
379 Management Committee through the Legislative Management Committee's Audit
380 Subcommittee that the entity has not implemented that recommendation.

381 (19) The state auditor shall, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoint the state
382 privacy auditor described in Section 67-3-13.

383 (20) Except as provided in Subsection (21), the state auditor shall report, or ensure that
384 another government entity reports, on the financial, operational, and performance
385 metrics for the state system of higher education and the state system of public education,
386 including metrics in relation to students, programs, and schools within those systems.

387 (21)(a) Notwithstanding Subsection (20), the state auditor shall conduct regular audits of:
388 (i) the scholarship granting organization for the Carson Smith Opportunity

389 Scholarship Program, created in Section 53E-7-402;

390 (ii) the State Board of Education for the Carson Smith Scholarship Program, created
391 in Section 53F-4-302; and

392 (iii) the scholarship program manager for the Utah Fits All Scholarship Program,
393 created in Section 53F-6-402, including an analysis of the cost effectiveness of the
394 program, taking into consideration the amount of the scholarship and the amount
395 of state and local funds dedicated on a per-student basis within the traditional
396 public education system.

397 (b) Nothing in this subsection limits or impairs the authority of the State Board of
398 Education to administer the programs described in Subsection (21)(a).

399 (22) The state auditor shall, based on the information posted by the Office of Legislative
400 Research and General Counsel under Subsection 36-12-12.1(2), for each policy, track
401 and post the following information on the state auditor's website:

402 (a) the information posted under Subsections 36-12-12.1(2)(a) through (e);

403 (b) an indication regarding whether the policy is timely adopted, adopted late, or not
404 adopted;

405 (c) an indication regarding whether the policy complies with the requirements
406 established by law for the policy; and
407 (d) a link to the policy.

408 (23)(a) A legislator may request that the state auditor conduct an inquiry to determine
409 whether a government entity, government official, or government employee has
410 complied with a legal obligation directly imposed, by statute, on the government
411 entity, government official, or government employee.
412 (b) The state auditor may, upon receiving a request under Subsection (23)(a), conduct
413 the inquiry requested.
414 (c) If the state auditor conducts the inquiry described in Subsection (23)(b), the state
415 auditor shall post the results of the inquiry on the state auditor's website.
416 (d) The state auditor may limit the inquiry described in this Subsection (23) to a simple
417 determination, without conducting an audit, regarding whether the obligation was
418 fulfilled.

419 (24) The state auditor shall:
420 (a) ensure compliance with Title 63G, Chapter 31, Distinctions on the Basis of Sex, in
421 accordance with Section 63G-31-401; and
422 (b) report to the Legislative Management Committee, upon request, regarding the state
423 auditor's actions under this Subsection (24).

424 (25) The state auditor shall report compliance with Sections 67-27-107, 67-27-108, and
425 67-27-109 by:
426 (a) establishing a process to receive and audit each alleged violation; and
427 (b) reporting to the Legislative Management Committee, upon request, regarding the
428 state auditor's findings and recommendations under this Subsection (25).

429 [~~(26) The state auditor shall ensure compliance with Section 63G-1-704 regarding the
430 display of flags in or on government property.~~]

431 [~~(27)~~] (26)(a) On or before January 31 each year, the state auditor shall prepare a report
432 that states, for each entity that holds public funds as defined in Section 51-7-3, the
433 entity's total balance, as of the last day of the immediately preceding fiscal year, of
434 cash, cash equivalents, and investments, as those terms are defined under the
435 standards established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.
436 (b) The state auditor shall make the report described in Subsection [~~(27)(a)~~] (26)(a)
437 publicly available on a website that the state auditor maintains.

438 **Section 3. Effective Date.**

439

This bill takes effect on May 6, 2026.