

Candice B. Pierucci proposes the following substitute bill:

Charter School Amendments

2026 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Candice B. Pierucci

Senate Sponsor:

LONG TITLE

General Description:

This bill modifies provisions related to charter schools, including property disposition, governance requirements, and the Charter School Revolving Fund.

Highlighted Provisions:

This bill:

- gives charter schools parity with eligible entities to purchase decommissioned school property;
- establishes restrictions on charter school resale of acquired property;
- requires charter school governing board members to take an oath of office;
- clarifies that charter schools are public schools;
- replaces the Charter School Revolving Account with the Charter School Revolving Fund;

and

- makes technical changes.

Money Appropriated in this Bill:

None

Other Special Clauses:

None

Utah Code Sections Affected:

AMENDS:

53F-9-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 507

53G-4-902, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2025, Chapter 391

53G-5-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 63

53G-5-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 63

ENACTS:

53F-9-203.1, Utah Code Annotated 1953

29 **53G-4-904**, Utah Code Annotated 1953

30 **53G-5-406.5**, Utah Code Annotated 1953

32 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:*

33 Section 1. Section **53F-9-203** is amended to read:

34 **53F-9-203 . Charter School Revolving Account.**

35 (1)(a) The terms defined in Section 53G-5-102 apply to this section.

36 (b) As used in this section, "account" means the Charter School Revolving Account.

37 (2)(a) There is created within the Uniform School Fund a restricted account known as
38 the "Charter School Revolving Account" to provide assistance to charter schools to:

39 (i) meet school building construction and renovation needs; and

40 (ii) pay for expenses related to the start[-]up of a new charter school or the expansion
41 of an existing charter school.

42 (b) The state board, in consultation with the State Charter School Board, shall administer
43 the Charter School Revolving Account in accordance with rules adopted by the state
44 board.

45 (3) The Charter School Revolving Account shall consist of:

46 (a) money appropriated to the account by the Legislature;

47 (b) money received from the repayment of loans made from the account; and

48 (c) interest earned on money in the account.

49 (4) The state superintendent shall make loans to charter schools from the account to pay for
50 the costs of:

51 (a) planning expenses;

52 (b) constructing or renovating charter school buildings;

53 (c) equipment and supplies; or

54 (d) other start-up or expansion expenses.

55 (5) Loans to new charter schools or charter schools with urgent facility needs may be given
56 priority.

57 (6) The state board shall:

58 (a) review requests by charter schools for loans under this section; and

59 (b) in consultation with the State Charter School Board, approve or reject each request.

60 (7) A loan under this section may not be made unless the state board, in consultation with
61 the State Charter School Board, approves the loan.

62 (8) The term of a loan to a charter school under this section may not exceed five years.

63 (9) The state board may not approve loans to charter schools under this section that exceed
64 a total of \$2,000,000 in any fiscal year.

65 (10)(a) On March 16, 2011, the assets of the Charter School Building Subaccount
66 administered by the state board shall be deposited into the Charter School Revolving
67 Account.

68 (b) Beginning on March 16, 2011, loan payments for loans made from the Charter
69 School Building Subaccount shall be deposited into the Charter School Revolving
70 Account.

71 (11) Beginning on July 1, 2026, the state superintendent may not make new loans under this
72 section.

73 Section 2. Section **53F-9-203.1** is enacted to read:

74 **53F-9-203.1 . Charter School Revolving Fund.**

75 (1) As used in this section:

76 (a) The definitions in Section 53G-5-102 apply to this section.

77 (b) "Fund" means the Charter School Revolving Fund.

78 (2)(a) There is created within the Uniform School Fund a restricted account known as
79 the Charter School Revolving Fund to provide assistance to charter schools to:
80 (i) meet school building construction and renovation needs; and
81 (ii) pay for expenses related to the startup of a new charter school or the expansion of
82 an existing charter school.

83 (b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
84 Utah Charter Finance Authority shall make rules to administer the fund including:
85 (i) establishing the interest rates of loans;
86 (ii) amortization schedules for loans; and
87 (iii) other terms of repayment.

88 (3) The fund shall consist of:

89 (a) assets and money deposited in accordance with Subsection (9);
90 (b) money the Legislature appropriates to the fund;
91 (c) money received from the repayment of loans made from the fund; and
92 (d) interest earned on money in the fund.

93 (4) The Utah Charter Finance Authority shall make loans to charter schools from the fund
94 for a loan of:
95 (a) up to \$1,000,000 to a charter school for a school facility addition or expansion; or
96 (b) up to 25% of a requested loan amount to a charter school for the acquisition or

construction of a school facility.

(5) The Utah Charter Finance Authority shall:

- (a) review requests by charter schools for loans under this section; and
- (b) approve or reject each request.

(6) The Utah Charter Finance Authority:

(a) shall;

- (i) make a loan that is secured by a promissory note and a deed of trust from the charter school; and

(ii) require a recipient charter school to repay the funds if the recipient charter school sells or refinances any collateral associated with the loan; and

(b) may make a loan that is subordinate to senior debt

(7) A loan under this section may not be made unless the Utah Charter Finance Authority approves the loan.

(8) The Utah Charter Finance Authority shall set the term of a loan to a charter school under this section.

(9)(a) On July 1, 2026, the state board shall deposit the assets and unused money of the Charter School Revolving Account that the state board administers as described in Section 53E-9-203 into the fund

(b) Beginning on July 1, 2026, the state board shall deposit loan payments for loans made from the Charter School Revolving Account into the fund

Section 3. Section 53G-4-902 is amended to read:

53G-4-902 . Purchase of surplus property.

(1) [An] Subject to Subsection (8), an eligible entity may purchase, and each school district shall sell, surplus property as provided in this section.

(2)(a) Upon declaring land to be surplus property, each school district shall give written notice to each eligible entity in which the surplus property is located.

(b) Each notice under Subsection (2)(a) shall:

- (i) state that the school district has declared the land to be surplus property; and
- (ii) describe the surplus property.

(3) Subject to Subsection (4), an eligible entity may purchase the surplus property by paying the school district the purchase price.

(4)(a) The legislative body of each eligible entity desiring to purchase surplus property
under this section shall

(i) within 90 days after the eligible entity receives notice under Subsection (2), adopt

131 a resolution declaring the intent to purchase the surplus property and deliver a
132 copy of the resolution to the school district; and

133 (ii) within 90 days after delivering a copy of the resolution under Subsection (4)(a)(i)
134 to the school district, deliver to the school district an earnest money offer to
135 purchase the surplus property at the purchase price.

136 (b) If an eligible entity fails to comply with either of the requirements under Subsection
137 (4)(a) within the applicable time period, the eligible entity forfeits the right to
138 purchase the surplus property.

139 (5)(a) An eligible entity may waive the eligible entity's right to purchase surplus
140 property under this part by submitting a written waiver to the school district.

141 (b) If an eligible entity submits a waiver under Subsection (5)(a), the school district has
142 no further obligation under this part to sell the surplus property to the eligible entity.

143 (6) Surplus property acquired by an eligible entity may not be used for any purpose other
144 than:

145 (a) a county, city, or town hall;

146 (b) a park or other open space;

147 (c) a cultural center or community center;

148 (d) a facility for the promotion, creation, or retention of public or private jobs within the
149 state through planning, design, development, construction, rehabilitation, business
150 relocation, or any combination of these, within a county, city, or town;

151 (e) office, industrial, manufacturing, warehousing, distribution, parking, or other public
152 or private facilities, or other improvements that benefit the state or a county, city, or
153 town;

154 (f) a facility for a charter school under Chapter 5, Charter Schools; or

155 (g) the sale, use, or lease for moderate income housing, as defined in Section 63L-12-101.

156 (7)(a) A school district that sells surplus property under this part may use proceeds from
157 the sale only for bond debt reduction or school district capital facilities.

158 (b) Each school district that sells surplus property under this part shall place all proceeds
159 from the sale that are not used for bond debt reduction in a capital facilities fund of
160 the school district for use for school district capital facilities.

161 (8) Charter schools and eligible entities have equal rights to purchase property under this
162 section and Section 53G-4-904, with neither having priority over the other.

163 Section 4. Section **53G-4-904** is enacted to read:

164 **53G-4-904 . Charter school eligible entity option to purchase decommissioned**

165 **school buildings and property -- Restrictions on resale.**

166 (1) As used in this section:

167 (a) "Originating LEA" means the LEA that owns the school building to be disposed of or
168 decommissioned.

169 (b) "School building and associated real property" means:

170 (i) a building that has been used as a school facility and the real property on which
171 the building is located; and

172 (ii) does not include portable or modular classrooms that are not permanently affixed
173 to the real property.

174 (2) Before an LEA may dispose of a school building and associated real property through
175 sale or other disposition of property, the LEA shall provide charter schools and eligible
176 entities, as defined in Section 53G-4-902, with the option to purchase the school
177 building and associated real property.

178 (3) In accordance with Subsections (5) and (9), the LEA shall provide written notice of the
179 intended disposition to all charter schools authorized within the state and all eligible
180 entities at least 90 days before any proposed sale or other disposition.

181 (4) The LEA shall set the price of the sale using an independent appraisal assessing fair
182 market value, which may be conducted by the Division of Facilities and Construction
183 Management.

184 (5) The LEA shall ensure the notice includes:

185 (a) a description of the property;

186 (b) the proposed terms of sale including the price determined in accordance with
187 Subsection (4); and

188 (c) a deadline for charter schools and eligible entities to submit written expressions of
189 interest, which shall be no less than 45 days from the date of notice.

190 (6) If multiple charter schools or eligible entities express interest, the LEA may select
191 among applicants based on factors including educational program fit, financial capacity,
192 and community benefit.

193 (7)(a) A charter school that purchases a school building and associated real property
194 under this section may not dispose of the property through sale or other transfer
195 without first complying with the requirements of this section.

196 (b) If a charter school that purchased property under this section intends to dispose of
197 the property, the charter school shall:

198 (i) provide all charter schools authorized within the state and all eligible entities with

199 the option to purchase in accordance with the procedures established in this
200 section; and

201 (ii) after charter schools and eligible entities have exercised or waived the right, offer
202 the property for sale to any other entity.

203 (8) In accordance with Subsection (10), this section does not apply to property dispositions
204 resulting from condemnation proceedings or where federal or state law requires a
205 different disposition process.

206 (9)(a) When written notice is required under this section, the originating LEA shall
207 notify the state board and charter school authorizers.

208 (b) Upon receiving notice under Subsection (9)(a):

209 (i) each charter school authorizer shall distribute the notice to all charter schools
210 authorized by that authorizer; and

211 (ii) the state board shall distribute the notice to all school districts and eligible entities
212 in the state.

213 Section 5. Section **53G-5-104** is amended to read:

53G-5-104 . Purpose of charter schools -- Charter schools are public schools.

215 (1) The purposes of the state's charter schools are to enhance school choice, meet the
216 unique needs of Utah families, and encourage innovation within the public education
217 system by:

218 [(1)] (a) continuing to improve student learning;

219 [(2)] (b) encouraging the use of different and innovative teaching methods;

220 [(3)] (c) creating new professional opportunities for educators that allow educators to
221 actively participate in designing and implementing learning programs at the school;

222 [(4)] (d) increasing choice of learning opportunities for students;

223 [(5)] (e) establishing new educational models and new forms of accountability that
224 emphasize unique performance measures and innovative measurement tools to
225 measure education outcomes;

226 [(6)] (f) providing opportunities for greater parental involvement in governance decisions
227 at the school level;

228 [(7)] (g) expanding public school choice in areas where there is a lack of school choice or
229 where schools have been identified for school improvement, corrective action, or
230 restructuring; and

231 [(8)] (h) collaborating within the public education system.

232 (2) As described in Section 53G-5-401, a charter school is a public school for all purposes

233 under Utah law, including:

234 (a) the Legislature's authority under Utah Constitution, Article X, Section 3, to designate
235 schools and educational programs, including charter schools, as part of the public
236 education system;

237 (b) eligibility for public funding and resources;

238 (c) access to public facilities and property;

239 (d) participation in public school programs and initiatives; and

240 (e) application of laws governing an LEA.

241 Section 6. Section **53G-5-401** is amended to read:

242 **53G-5-401 . Status of charter schools.**

243 (1) Charter schools[are]:

244 (a) are considered to be public schools within the state's public education system;

245 (b) are subject to Subsection 53E-3-401(8); and

246 (c) shall be governed by an independent [boards] board whose members have taken the
247 oath of office as described in Section 53G-5-406.5, and held accountable to a legally
248 binding written contractual agreement.

249 (2) A charter school may be established by:

250 (a) creating a new school; or

251 (b) converting an existing district school to charter status.

252 (3) A parochial school or home school is not eligible for charter school status.

253 Section 7. Section **53G-5-406.5** is enacted to read:

254 **53G-5-406.5 . Oath of office for charter school governing board members.**

255 (1) Before entering upon the duties of office, each charter school governing board member
256 shall take and subscribe to the following oath: "I do solemnly swear that I will support,
257 obey, and defend the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of the State
258 of Utah, and that I will discharge the duties of my office as a charter school governing
259 board member with fidelity."

260 (2) The charter school's authorizer shall ensure the oath is administered by:

261 (a) in accordance with Section 78B-1-142, any person authorized to administer oaths;

262 (b) for a newly authorized charter school, a representative of the charter school's
263 authorizer; or

264 (c) after the initial board is sworn in, the chair or another member of the charter school
265 governing board.

266 (3) The charter school shall:

267 (a) in accordance with Subsection 51-1-2(2), maintain a record of each governing board
268 member's oath; and

269 (b) provide proof of compliance to the charter school's authorizer upon request.

270 **Section 8. Effective Date.**

271 This bill takes effect on May 6, 2026.