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Forestry and Fire Amendments

2026 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Troy Shelley

Senate Sponsor:

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LONG TITLE

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General Description:

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This bill addresses forestry and fire related issues.

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Highlighted Provisions:

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This bill:

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- ▶ addresses state employed dispatchers' treatment under the Firefighters' Retirement System;
- ▶ provides for the Division of Forestry, Fire, and State Lands enforcement and investigatory powers related to wildland fires and heritage trees;
- ▶ addresses use of money related to cooperative agreements for forest management; and
- ▶ makes technical and conforming amendments.

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Money Appropriated in this Bill:

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None

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Other Special Clauses:

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None

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Utah Code Sections Affected:

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AMENDS:

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49-16-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 310

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49-16-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 59

16

49-16-701, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 37, 59 and 139

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49-23-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 310

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49-23-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 59, 290

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65A-3-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2025, First Special Session, Chapter 17

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65A-8-217, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2025, First Special Session, Chapter 17

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65A-8-308, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 80

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

23

Section 1. Section **49-16-102** is amended to read:

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49-16-102 . Definitions.

H.B. 496

31 As used in this chapter:

32 (1)(a) "Compensation" means the total amount of payments that are includable as gross
33 income received by a firefighter service employee as base income for the regularly
34 scheduled work period. The participating employer shall establish the regularly
35 scheduled work period. Base income shall be determined [prior to] before the
36 deduction of member contributions or any amounts the firefighter service employee
37 authorizes to be deducted for salary deferral or other benefits authorized by federal
38 law.

39 (b) "Compensation" includes performance-based bonuses and cost-of-living adjustments.

40 (c) "Compensation" does not include:

41 (i) overtime;
42 (ii) sick pay incentives;
43 (iii) retirement pay incentives;
44 (iv) remuneration paid in kind such as a residence, use of equipment, [uniforms]
45 uniform, travel, or similar [payments] payment;
46 (v) a lump-sum payment or special [payments] payment covering accumulated leave;
47 and
48 (vi) [all] the contributions made by a participating employer under this system or
49 under any other employee benefit system or plan maintained by a participating
50 employer for the benefit of a member or participant.

51 (d) "Compensation" for purposes of this chapter may not exceed the amount allowed
52 under Section 401(a)(17), Internal Revenue Code.

53 (2)(a) "Disability" means the complete inability, due to objective medical impairment,
54 whether physical or mental, to perform firefighter service.

55 (b) "Disability" does not include the inability to meet an employer's required standards
56 or tests relating to fitness, physical ability, or agility that is not a result of a disability
57 as defined under Subsection (2)(a).

58 (3) "Dispatcher" means a firefighter service employee of the state:

59 (a) who is required to be trained and certified in accordance with the standards described
60 in Section 49-16-201;

61 (b) whose primary duties are to:

62 (i)(A) receive calls for fire or medical service, and to dispatch the appropriate
63 personnel and equipment in response to the calls; and
64 (B) in response to an emergency call, make an urgent decision affecting the life,

health, or welfare of the public or a firefighter service employee; or

(ii) supervise a dispatcher or direct a dispatch communication center; and

(c) who is employed by a state agency that employs another firefighter service employee in addition to the dispatcher.

[3)] (4) "Emergency medical service personnel" means an individual who:

(a) is:

(i) a paramedic;

(ii) an advanced emergency medical services technician; or

(iii) an emergency medical services technician;

(b) is required to be licensed or certified under Section 53-2d-402; and

(c) has a primary job duty to provide emergency medical services as a first responder.

[4] (5)(a) "Final average salary" means the amount calculated by averaging the highest three years of annual compensation preceding retirement subject to Subsections [4(b)] (5)(b), (c), and (d).

(b) Except as provided in Subsection [(4)(e)] (5)(c), the percentage increase in annual compensation in any one of the years used may not exceed the previous year's compensation by more than 10% plus a cost-of-living adjustment equal to the decrease in the purchasing power of the dollar during the previous year, as measured by a United States Bureau of Labor Statistics Consumer Price Index average as determined by the board.

(c) [In cases where] When the participating employer provides acceptable documentation to the office, the limitation in Subsection [(4)(b)] (5)(b) may be exceeded if:

(i) the member has transferred from another agency; or

(ii) the member has been promoted to a new position.

(d) The annual compensation used to calculate final average salary shall be based on a period, as determined by the board, consistent with the period used to determine years of service credit in accordance with Subsection [§44] (15).

[(5)] (6)(a) "Firefighter service" means employment normally requiring an average of 2,080 hours of regularly scheduled employment per year rendered by a member who is:

- (i) a firefighter service employee trained in firefighter techniques and assigned to a position of hazardous duty with a regularly constituted fire department;

(ii) the state fire marshal appointed under Section 53-7-103 or a deputy state fire marshal; [or]

99 (iii) an emergency medical service personnel[.] ; or

100 (iv) a dispatcher.

101 (b) "Firefighter service" does not include secretarial staff or other similar employees.

102 [(6)] (7)(a) "Firefighter service employee" means an employee of a participating
103 employer who provides firefighter service under this chapter.

104 (b) "Firefighter service employee" does not include an employee of a regularly
105 constituted fire department who does not perform firefighter service.

106 [(7)] (8)(a) "Line-of-duty death or disability" means a death or disability resulting from:

107 (i) external force, violence, or disease directly resulting from firefighter service; or
108 (ii) strenuous activity, including a heart attack or stroke, that occurs during strenuous
109 training or another strenuous activity required as an act of duty as a firefighter
110 service employee.

111 (b) "Line-of-duty death or disability" does not include a death or disability that occurs:

112 (i) [œœurs-]during an activity that is required as an act of duty as a firefighter service
113 employee if the activity is not a strenuous activity, including an activity that is
114 clerical, administrative, or of a nonmanual nature;
115 (ii) [œœurs-]during the commission of a crime committed by the employee;
116 (iii) [œœurs-]when the employee's intoxication or use of alcohol or drugs, whether
117 prescribed or nonprescribed, contributes to the employee's death or disability; or
118 (iv) [œœurs-]in a manner other than as described in Subsection [(7)(a)] (8)(a).

119 (c) "Line-of-duty death or disability" includes the death or disability of a paid firefighter
120 resulting from heart disease, lung disease, or a respiratory tract condition if the paid
121 firefighter has five years of firefighter service credit.

122 [(8)] (9) "Objective medical impairment" means an impairment resulting from an injury or
123 illness that is diagnosed by a physician or physician assistant and that is based on
124 accepted objective medical tests or findings rather than subjective complaints.

125 [(9)] (10) "Participating employer" means an employer that meets the participation
126 requirements of Section 49-16-201.

127 [(10)] (11) "Regularly constituted fire department" means a fire department that employs a
128 fire chief who performs firefighter service for at least 2,080 hours of regularly scheduled
129 paid employment per year.

130 [(11)] (12)(a) "Strenuous activity" means engagement involving a difficult, stressful, or
131 vigorous fire suppression, rescue, hazardous material response, emergency medical
132 service, physical law enforcement, prison security, disaster relief, or other emergency

133 response activity.

134 (b) "Strenuous activity" includes participating in a participating employer sanctioned
135 and funded training exercise that involves difficult, stressful, or vigorous physical
136 activity.

137 [(12)] (13) "System" means the Firefighters' Retirement System created under this chapter.

138 [(13)] (14)(a) "Volunteer firefighter" means [any] an individual who is not regularly
139 employed as a firefighter service employee, but who:

140 (i) has been trained in firefighter techniques and skills;
141 (ii) continues to receive regular firefighter training; and
142 (iii) is on the rolls of a legally organized volunteer fire department that provides
143 ongoing training and serves a political subdivision of the state.

144 (b) "Volunteer firefighter" does not include an individual who volunteers assistance but
145 does not meet the requirements of Subsection [(13)(a)] (14)(a).

146 [(14)] (15) "Years of service credit" means the number of periods, each to consist of 12 full
147 months as determined by the board, whether consecutive or not, during which a
148 firefighter service employee was employed by a participating employer or received
149 full-time pay while on sick leave, including any time the firefighter service employee
150 was absent in the service of the United States on military duty.

151 Section 2. Section **49-16-201** is amended to read:

152 **49-16-201 . System membership -- Eligibility.**

153 (1) A firefighter service employee who performs firefighter service for an employer
154 participating in this system is eligible for service credit in this system upon the earliest
155 of:

156 (a) July 1, 1971, if the firefighter service employee was employed by the participating
157 employer on July 1, 1971, and the participating employer was participating in this
158 system on that date;

159 (b) the date the participating employer begins participating in this system if the
160 firefighter service employee was employed by the participating employer on that
161 date; or

162 (c) the date the firefighter service employee is hired to perform firefighter services for a
163 participating employer, if the firefighter:

164 (i) initially enters employment before July 1, 2011; or

165 (ii) has service credit accrued before July 1, 2011, in a Tier I system or plan
166 administered by the board.

167 (2)(a)(i) A participating employer that has public safety service and firefighter
168 service employees that require cross-training and duty shall enroll the dual
169 purpose employees in the system in which the greatest amount of time is actually
170 worked.

171 (ii) The employees described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) shall either be full-time public
172 safety service or full-time firefighter service employees of the participating
173 employer.

174 (b)(i) Before transferring a dual purpose employee from one system to another, the
175 participating employer shall receive written permission from the office.

176 (ii) The office may request documentation to verify the appropriateness of the
177 transfer.

178 (3)(a) A person hired by a regularly constituted fire department on or after July 1, 1971,
179 who does not perform firefighter service is not eligible for service credit in this
180 system.

181 (b) The nonfirefighter service employee shall become a member of the system for which
182 the nonfirefighter service employee qualifies for service credit.

183 (c) The service credit exclusion under this Subsection (3) may not be interpreted to
184 prohibit the assignment of a firefighter with a disability or partial disability to a
185 nonfirefighter service position.

186 (d) If Subsection (3)(c) applies, the firefighter service employee remains eligible for
187 service credit in this system.

188 (4) An allowance or other benefit may not be granted under this system that is based upon
189 the same service for benefits received under some other system.

190 (5) Service as a volunteer firefighter is not eligible for service credit in this system.

191 (6) An employer is eligible to participate in this system if the employer:

192 (a) maintains a regularly constituted fire department;

193 (b) is the Department of Public Safety created in Section 53-1-103 that employs the state
194 fire marshal appointed under Section 53-7-103; or

195 (c) employs emergency medical service personnel and meets the requirements of [
196 ~~Subsections (7) and (8)~~] Subsection (7).

197 (7)(a) Subject to Subsection (9), beginning July 1, 2023, a firefighter service employee
198 who is an emergency medical service personnel employed by a participating
199 employer ~~[shall be]~~ is eligible for service credit in this system if the emergency
200 medical service personnel's participating employer chooses to cover the participating

201 employer's emergency medical service personnel under this system.

202 (b)(i) A participating employer's election under Subsection (7)(a) to cover the
203 participating employer's emergency medical service personnel under this system is
204 irrevocable.

205 (ii) A participating employer shall document an election under Subsection (7)(a) by a
206 resolution adopted by the governing body of the participating employer in
207 accordance with rules made by the office.

208 (c)(i) An emergency medical service personnel's service before July 1, 2023, is not
209 eligible for service credit in this system.

210 (ii) For an emergency medical service personnel employed by a participating
211 employer, the emergency medical service personnel's service before the date the
212 participating employer adopts a resolution described in Subsection (7)(b)(ii) is not
213 eligible for service credit in this system.

214 [8]

215 [(a)] (d) The fire chief, or if there is not a fire chief for the participating employer, the
216 emergency services director, shall verify that an individual meets the definition of
217 emergency medical service personnel.

218 [(b)] (e) Each participating employer participating in this system that employs emergency
219 medical service personnel shall submit annually to the office a schedule indicating
220 which emergency medical service personnel positions are covered under this system
221 under this chapter.

222 (8)(a) Subject to Subsection (9), beginning July 1, 2026, a firefighter service employee
223 employed by the state who is a dispatcher and is trained and certified according to
224 fire dispatcher training and certification standards approved in accordance with
225 Subsection (8)(b) is eligible for service credit in this system.

226 (b) The state fire marshal shall, at least every three years, review and approve the fire
227 dispatcher training and certification standards for eligibility to participate in this
228 system. The state fire marshal may base the fire dispatcher training and certification
229 standards on applicable national wildfire dispatch standards.

230 (c)(i) A state department or agency that employs a dispatcher shall prepare and
231 maintain a list designating the positions and individuals that meet the training,
232 certification, and job duty requirements of a dispatcher.

233 (ii) The office may require documentation to justify the inclusion of a position or
234 individual as a dispatcher under this section.

(iii) A dispatcher's service before July 1, 2026, is not eligible for service credit in this system.

(9) Beginning July 1, 2011, a person who is initially entering employment with a participating employer and who does not have service credit accrued before July 1, 2011, in a Tier I system or plan administered by the board may not participate in this system.

Section 3. Section **49-16-701** is amended to read:

49-16-701 . Volunteer firefighters eligible for line-of-duty death and disability benefits in Division A -- Computation of benefit.

(1) A volunteer firefighter is only eligible for line-of-duty death and line-of-duty disability benefits provided for firefighters enrolled in Division A, subject to Sections 49-16-602 and 49-16-603.

(2) The lowest monthly compensation of firefighters of a city of the first class in this state at the time of death or disability [shall be] is considered to be the final average monthly salary of a volunteer firefighter for purposes of computing these benefits.

(3) [Each] A volunteer fire department shall maintain a current roll of all volunteer firefighters that meet the requirements of Subsection [49-16-102(13)] 49-16-102(14) to determine eligibility for this benefit.

Section 4. Section **49-23-102** is amended to read:

49-23-102 . Definitions.

As used in this chapter:

(1)(a) "Compensation" means the total amount of payments that are includable in gross income received by a public safety service employee or a firefighter service employee as base income for the regularly scheduled work period. The participating employer shall establish the regularly scheduled work period. Base income shall be determined [prior to] before the deduction of any amounts the public safety service employee or firefighter service employee authorizes to be deducted for salary deferral or other benefits authorized by federal law.

(b) "Compensation" includes performance-based bonuses and cost-of-living adjustments.

(c) "Compensation" does not include:

(i) overtime;

(ii) sick pay incentives;

(iii) retirement pay incentives;

(iv) the monetary value of remuneration paid in kind, as in a residence, use of

equipment or uniform, travel, or similar payments;

(v) a lump-sum payment or special payment covering accumulated leave; and

(vi) [all] the contributions made by a participating employer under this system or under any other employee benefit system or plan maintained by a participating employer for the benefit of a member or participant.

(d) "Compensation" for purposes of this chapter may not exceed the amount allowed under Section 401(a)(17), Internal Revenue Code.

(2) "Corresponding Tier I system" means the system or plan that would have covered the member if the member had initially entered employment before July 1, 2011.

(3) "Dispatcher" means the same as that term is defined in:

(a) [-]Section 53-6-102 for a public safety dispatcher; and

(b) Section 49-16-102 for a firefighter service employee of the state.

(4) "Emergency medical service personnel" means an individual who:

(a) is:

(i) a paramedic;

(ii) an advanced emergency medical services technician; or

(iii) an emergency medical services technician;

(b) is required to be licensed or certified under Section 53-2d-402; and

(c) has a primary job duty to provide emergency medical services as a first responder.

(5)(a) "Final average salary" means the amount calculated by averaging the highest five years of annual compensation preceding retirement subject to Subsections (5)(b), (c), (d), (e), and (f).

(b) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(c), the percentage increase in annual compensation in any one of the years used may not exceed the previous year's compensation by more than 10% plus a cost-of-living adjustment equal to the decrease in the purchasing power of the dollar during the previous year, as measured by a United States Bureau of Labor Statistics Consumer Price Index average as determined by the board.

(c) [In cases where] When the participating employer provides acceptable documentation to the office, the limitation in Subsection (5)(b) may be exceeded if:

(i) the member has transferred from another agency; or

(ii) the member has been promoted to a new position.

(d) If the member retires more than six months from the date of termination of employment, the member is considered to have been in service at the membe

rate of pay from the date of the termination of employment to the effective date of retirement for purposes of computing the member's final average salary only.

- (e) If the member has less than five years of service credit in this system, final average salary means the average annual compensation paid to the member during the full period of service credit.
- (f) The annual compensation used to calculate final average salary shall be based on a period, as determined by the board, consistent with the period used to determine years of service credit in accordance with Subsection (15).

(6)(a) "Firefighter service" means employment normally requiring an average of 2,080 hours of regularly scheduled employment per year rendered by a member who is:

- (i) a firefighter service employee trained in firefighter techniques and assigned to a position of hazardous duty with a regularly constituted fire department;
- (ii) the state fire marshal appointed under Section 53-7-103 or a deputy state fire marshal;
- (iii) a firefighter service employee who is:
 - (A) hired on or after July 1, 2021;
 - (B) trained in firefighter techniques;
 - (C) assigned to a position of hazardous duty; and
 - (D) employed by the state as a participating employer;[or]
- (iv) an emergency medical service personnel[.] ;or
- (v) a dispatcher.

(b) "Firefighter service" does not include secretarial staff or other similar employees.

(7)(a) "Firefighter service employee" means an employee of a participating employer who provides firefighter service under this chapter.

(b) "Firefighter service employee" does not include an employee of a regularly constituted fire department who does not perform firefighter service.

(8)(a) "Line-of-duty death" means a death resulting from:

- (i) external force, violence, or disease occasioned by an act of duty as a public safety service or firefighter service employee; or
- (ii) strenuous activity, including a heart attack or stroke, that occurs during strenuous training or another strenuous activity required as an act of duty as a public safety service or firefighter service employee.

(b) "Line-of-duty death" does not include a death that:

(i) occurs during an activity that is required as an act of duty as a public safety

337 service or firefighter service employee if the activity is not a strenuous activity,
338 including an activity that is clerical, administrative, or of a nonmanual nature;
339 (ii) occurs during the commission of a crime committed by the employee;
340 (iii) when the employee's intoxication or use of alcohol or drugs, whether prescribed
341 or nonprescribed, contributes to the employee's death; or
342 (iv) occurs in a manner other than as described in Subsection (8)(a).

343 (9) "Participating employer" means an employer that meets the participation requirements
344 of:

- 345 (a) Sections 49-14-201 and 49-14-202;
- 346 (b) Sections 49-15-201 and 49-15-202;
- 347 (c) Sections 49-16-201 and 49-16-202; or
- 348 (d) Sections 49-23-201 and 49-23-202.

349 (10)(a) "Public safety service" means employment normally requiring an average of
350 2,080 hours of regularly scheduled employment per year rendered by a member who
351 is:

- 352 (i) a law enforcement officer in accordance with Section 53-13-103;
- 353 (ii) a correctional officer in accordance with Section 53-13-104;
- 354 (iii) a special function officer approved in accordance with Sections 49-15-201 and
355 53-13-105;
- 356 (iv) a dispatcher who is certified in accordance with Section 53-6-303;
- 357 (v) a full-time member of the Board of Pardons and Parole created under Section
358 77-27-2;
- 359 (vi) the commissioner of the Department of Public Safety; or
- 360 (vii) the executive director of the Department of Corrections.

361 (b) Except for a position described in Subsection (10)(a)(iv), (v), (vi), or (vii), "public
362 safety service" also requires that, in the course of employment, the employee's life or
363 personal safety is at risk.

364 (11) "Public safety service employee" means an employee of a participating employer who
365 performs public safety service under this chapter.

366 (12)(a) "Strenuous activity" means engagement involving a difficult, stressful, or
367 vigorous fire suppression, rescue, hazardous material response, emergency medical
368 service, physical law enforcement, prison security, disaster relief, or other emergency
369 response activity.

- 370 (b) "Strenuous activity" includes participating in a participating employer sanctioned

371 and funded training exercise that involves difficult, stressful, or vigorous physical
372 activity.

373 (13) "System" means the New Public Safety and Firefighter Tier II Contributory Retirement
374 System created under this chapter.

375 (14)(a) "Volunteer firefighter" means any an individual who is not regularly employed
376 as a firefighter service employee, but who:

377 (i) has been trained in firefighter techniques and skills;
378 (ii) continues to receive regular firefighter training; and
379 (iii) is on the rolls of a legally organized volunteer fire department that provides
380 ongoing training and serves a political subdivision of the state.

381 (b) An individual that volunteers assistance but does not meet the requirements of
382 Subsection (14)(a) is not a volunteer firefighter for purposes of this chapter.

383 (15) "Years of service credit" means:

384 (a) a period, consisting of 12 full months as determined by the board; or
385 (b) a period determined by the board, whether consecutive or not, during which a regular
386 full-time employee performed services for a participating employer, including any
387 time the regular full-time employee was absent on a paid leave of absence granted by
388 a participating employer or was absent in the service of the United States government
389 on military duty as provided by this chapter.

390 Section 5. Section **49-23-201** is amended to read:

391 **49-23-201 . System membership -- Eligibility.**

392 (1) Except as provided in Subsections (3) and (4), beginning July 1, 2011, a participating
393 employer that employs public safety service employees or firefighter service employees
394 shall participate in this system.

395 (2)(a) A public safety service employee or a firefighter service employee initially
396 entering employment with a participating employer on or after July 1, 2011, who
397 does not have service credit accrued before July 1, 2011, in a Tier I system or plan
398 administered by the board, is eligible:

399 (i) as a member for service credit and defined contributions under the Tier II hybrid
400 retirement system established by Part 3, Tier II Hybrid Retirement System; or
401 (ii) as a participant for defined contributions under the Tier II defined contributions
402 plan established by Part 4, Tier II Defined Contribution Plan.

403 (b) A public safety service employee or a firefighter service employee initially entering
404 employment with a participating employer on or after July 1, 2011, shall:

405 (i) make an election to participate in the system created under this chapter:

406 (A) as a member for service credit and defined contributions under the Tier II

407 hybrid retirement system established by Part 3, Tier II Hybrid Retirement

408 System; or

409 (B) as a participant for defined contributions under the Tier II defined contribution

410 plan established by Part 4, Tier II Defined Contribution Plan; and

411 (ii) electronically submit to the office notification of the member's election under

412 Subsection (2)(b)(i) in a manner approved by the office.

413 (c) An election made by a public safety service employee or firefighter service employee

414 initially entering employment with a participating employer under this Subsection (2)

415 is irrevocable beginning one year from the date of eligibility for accrual of benefits.

416 (d) If no election is made under Subsection (2)(b)(i), the public safety service employee

417 or firefighter service employee shall become a member eligible for service credit and

418 defined contributions under the Tier II hybrid retirement system established by Part

419 3, Tier II Hybrid Retirement System.

420 (3)(a) Beginning July 1, 2015, a public safety service employee who is a dispatcher

421 employed by:

422 (i) the state shall be eligible for service credit in this system; and

423 (ii) a participating employer other than the state shall be eligible for service credit in

424 this system if the dispatcher's participating employer elects to cover the

425 participating employer's dispatchers under this system.

426 (b) A participating employer's election to cover the participating employer's dispatchers

427 under this system under Subsection (3)(a)(ii) is irrevocable and shall be documented

428 by a resolution adopted by the governing body of the participating employer in

429 accordance with rules made by the office.

430 (c) A dispatcher's service before July 1, 2015, or before a date specified by resolution of

431 a participating employer under Subsection (3)(b), is not eligible for service credit in

432 this system.

433 (4) An employer is eligible to participate in this system if the employer employs emergency

434 medical service personnel and meets the requirements of Subsections (5) and (6).

435 (5)(a) Beginning July 1, 2023, a firefighter service employee who is an emergency

436 medical service personnel employed by a participating employer shall be eligible for

437 service credit in this system if the emergency medical service personnel's

438 participating employer elects to cover the participating employer's emergency service

439 personnel under this system.

440 (b)(i) A participating employer's election under Subsection (5)(a) to cover the
441 participating employer's emergency medical service personnel under this system is
442 irrevocable.

443 (ii) A participating employer shall document an election under Subsection (5)(a) by a
444 resolution adopted by the governing body of the participating employer in
445 accordance with rules made by the office.

446 (c)(i) An emergency medical service personnel's service before July 1, 2023, is not
447 eligible for service credit in this system.

448 (ii) For an emergency medical service personnel employed by a participating
449 employer, the emergency medical service personnel's service before the date the
450 participating employer adopts a resolution described in Subsection (5)(b)(ii) is not
451 eligible for service credit in this system.

452 (6)(a) The fire chief, or if there is not a fire chief for the participating employer, the
453 emergency services director, shall verify that an individual meets the definition of
454 emergency medical service personnel.

455 (b)(i) Each participating employer participating in this system that employs
456 emergency medical service personnel shall submit annually to the office a
457 schedule indicating which emergency medical service personnel positions are
458 covered under this system under this chapter.

459 (ii) The office may require documentation to justify the inclusion of any position
460 under this section.

461 (7)(a) Beginning July 1, 2026, a firefighter service employee employed by the state who
462 is a dispatcher and is trained and certified according to fire dispatcher training and
463 certification standards approved in accordance with Subsection (7)(b) is eligible for
464 service credit in this system.

465 (b) The state fire marshal shall, at least every three years, review and approve the fire
466 dispatcher training and certification standards for eligibility to participate in this
467 system. The state fire marshal may base fire dispatcher training and certification
468 standards on applicable national wildfire dispatch standards.

469 (c)(i) A state department or agency that employs a dispatcher shall prepare and
470 maintain a list designating the positions and individuals that meet the training,
471 certification, and job duty requirements of a dispatcher.

472 (ii) The office may require documentation to justify the inclusion of a position or

473 individual as a dispatcher under this section.

474 (iii) A dispatcher's service before July 1, 2026, is not eligible for service credit in this
475 system.

476 [(7)] (8) A public safety service employee who is transferred or promoted to an
477 administration position requiring the performance of duties that consist primarily of
478 management or supervision of public safety service employees shall continue to earn
479 public safety service credit in this system during the period in which the employee
480 remains employed in the same department.

481 [(8)] (9) An employee of the Department of Corrections shall continue to earn public safety
482 service credit in this system if:

- (a) the employee's position is no longer covered under this system for new employees
484 hired on or after July 1, 2015; and
- (b) the employee:
 - (i) remains employed by the Department of Corrections;
 - (ii) meets the eligibility requirements of this system;
 - (iii) was hired into a position covered by this system before July 1, 2015; and
 - (iv) has not had a break in service on or after July 1, 2015.

490 [(9)] (10) An employee of the Department of Health and Human Services who is transferred
491 from the Department of Corrections' clinical services bureau to provide a clinical or
492 health care service to an inmate as defined in Section 64-13-1 shall continue to earn
493 public safety service credit in this system if:

- (a) the employee's position is no longer covered under this system for new employees
495 hired on or after July 1, 2015; and
- (b) the employee:
 - (i) remains employed by the Department of Corrections or the Department of Health
498 and Human Services;
 - (ii) meets the eligibility requirements of this system;
 - (iii) was hired into a position covered by this system before July 1, 2015; and
 - (iv) has not had a break in service on or after July 1, 2015.

502 Section 6. Section **65A-3-3** is amended to read:

**65A-3-3 . Enforcement of laws -- City, county, or district attorney to prosecute --
504 Eligible entities.**

505 (1) [It is the duty of the Division of Law Enforcement, county sheriffs, county sheriff
506 deputies, peace officers, and other law enforcement officers within the law enforcement

507 jurisdiction to enforce the provisions of] The following shall enforce this chapter and [to]
508 investigate and gather evidence that may indicate a violation under this chapter[.] :
509 (a) the division;
510 (b) the Division of Law Enforcement; or
511 (c) one of the following within their respective law enforcement jurisdiction:
512 (i) a county sheriff;
513 (ii) a county sheriff deputy;
514 (iii) a peace officer; or
515 (iv) another law enforcement officer.

516 (2)(a) The city attorney, county attorney, or district attorney, as appropriate under
517 Sections 10-3-928, 17-68-302, and 17-68-303, shall prosecute [any criminal violations]
518 a criminal violation of this chapter.

519 (b) The counsel for an eligible entity, as defined in Section 65A-8-203, shall initiate a
520 civil action to recover suppression costs incurred by the eligible entity for
521 suppression of fire on private land.

522 Section 7. Section **65A-8-217** is amended to read:

523 **65A-8-217 . Utah Wildfire Fund.**

524 (1) As used in this section:

525 (a) "Cooperative agreement for forest management" means an instrument used when a
526 state agency agrees to substantial involvement with other government agencies
527 during the performance of a project related to forest management that may include:
528 (i) the transfer or match of money to carry out a public purpose; and
529 (ii) close collaboration through joint operational, technical, or scientific involvement.

530 (b) "Eligible entity" means the same as that term is defined in Section 65A-8-203.

531 [(b)] (c) "Fund" means the Utah Wildfire Fund created by this section.

532 [(e)] (d) "Wildfire" means a fire that consumes:

533 (i) wildland; or
534 (ii) wildland urban interface.

535 [(d)] (e) "Wildfire costs" means costs associated with the suppression of a wildfire or
536 rehabilitation efforts after a wildfire is suppressed as further defined by the division
537 by rule, made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
538 Rulemaking Act, including costs for an eligible entity that has entered into a
539 cooperative agreement, as described in Section 65A-8-203.

540 [(e)] (f) "Wildfire prevention costs" means costs for prevention, preparedness, or

541 mitigation efforts before a wildfire, as defined by the division by rule made in
542 accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
543 including costs of an eligible entity that has entered into a cooperative agreement, as
544 described in Section 65A-8-203.

545 (2)(a) There is created an expendable special revenue fund known as the "Utah Wildfire
546 Fund."

547 (b) The fund shall consist of:

- 548 (i) interest and earnings from the investment of fund money;
- 549 (ii) money appropriated by the Legislature to the fund;
- 550 (iii) federal funds received by the division for wildfire management costs, as defined
551 by the division by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
552 Administrative Rulemaking Act;
- 553 (iv) suppression costs billed to an eligible entity that does not participate in a
554 cooperative agreement;
- 555 (v) suppression costs paid to the division by another state agency;
- 556 (vi) costs recovered from a settlement or a civil or administrative action related to
557 wildfire suppression;
- 558 (vii) restitution payments ordered by a court following a criminal adjudication;
- 559 (viii) voluntary contributions received by the division;
- 560 (ix) money received as direct payment from cooperative wildfire system participation
561 commitments;
- 562 (x) money deposited by the Division of Finance, [pursuant to] in accordance with
563 Section 59-21-2;
- 564 (xi) money transferred by the Division of Finance, [pursuant to] in accordance with
565 Section 63J-1-314; and
- 566 (xii) money deposited by the Division of Forestry, Fire, and State Lands, [pursuant to]
567 in accordance with Section 17E-7-401.

568 (c) The state treasurer shall:

- 569 (i) invest the money in the fund in accordance with Title 51, Chapter 7, State Money
570 Management Act; and
- 571 (ii) deposit interest or other earnings derived from each investment described in
572 Subsection (2)(c)(i) into the fund.

573 (3)(a) The division shall administer the fund to:

- 574 (i) pay wildfire costs on:

575 (A) state lands; or

576 (B) if delegated fire management authority, as described in Section 65A-8-203.1,

577 private land located in an unincorporated area;

578 (ii) subject to Subsection (4), [make] issue one or more grants for the purpose of

579 assisting one or more local fire departments or volunteer fire departments in

580 building capacity for the suppression of wildfire; [and]

581 (iii) subject to Subsection (5), pay wildfire prevention costs[.]; and

582 (iv) subject to Subsection (6), pay costs incurred by the state under a cooperative

583 agreement for forest management.

584 (b) The division may disburse money from the fund only upon written order of the state

585 forester or the state forester's authorized representative.

586 (c) If the state forester determines money in the fund may be insufficient to cover

587 eligible costs in a fire season, the state forester may:

588 (i) delay making disbursements from the fund until the close of the fire season; and

589 (ii) request supplemental appropriations from the Legislature.

590 (d) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the

591 division shall make rules to administer the fund consistent with the requirements of

592 this section.

593 (4)(a) The division may not issue in a fiscal year an aggregate of grants described in

594 Subsection (3)(a)(ii) that exceed \$300,000.

595 (b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the

596 division shall make rules establishing criteria for receiving a grant under Subsection

597 (3)(a)(ii).

598 (5)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), the division shall pay wildfire

599 prevention costs during that fiscal year in an amount that is the greater of:

600 (i) \$10,000,000; or

601 (ii) the sum of:

602 (A) \$3,000,000; and

603 (B) 10% of the money deposited into the fund but not expended in the previous

604 fiscal year for wildfire costs.

605 (b) In a case of catastrophic need, as determined by the state forester, the division may

606 use money described in Subsection (5)(a) to pay wildfire costs.

607 (6) The division may expend money under Subsection (3)(a)(iv) to fund rehabilitation after

608 a wildfire:

609 (a) on federal land; and
610 (b) if the state forester determines that the post-fire rehabilitation on the federal land
611 directly benefits state and private lands.

612 [(6)] (7) Beginning with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2026, the division shall, by no later
613 than the October 31 immediately following the fiscal year, annually report to the Natural
614 Resources, Agriculture, and Environmental Quality Appropriations Subcommittee:
615 (a) the balance in the fund at the end of the fiscal year;
616 (b) the amount of expenditures under Subsections (3)(a)(i), (ii), [and] (iii), and (iv)
617 during the fiscal year; and
618 (c) the revenues deposited into the fund under Subsection (2) during the fiscal year.

619 Section 8. Section **65A-8-308** is amended to read:

620 **65A-8-308 . Enforcement -- Prosecution of violations.**

621 (1) The [Division of Law Enforcement, county sheriffs, police, and other law enforcement
622 officers within their respective jurisdictions are responsible for the enforcement of]
623 following shall enforce this part[.] :
624 (a) the division;
625 (b) the Division of Law Enforcement; or
626 (c) one of the following within their respective law enforcement jurisdiction:
627 (i) a county sheriff;
628 (ii) the police; or
629 (iii) another law enforcement officer.

630 (2) The county attorney or district attorney shall prosecute [any] a violation of this part.

631 **Section 9. Effective Date.**

632 This bill takes effect on May 6, 2026.