Joint Rules Resolution - Amendments to Joint Rules

2026 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: James A. Dunnigan

Senate Sponsor: Lincoln Fillmore

| The Legislative Process Committee recommended this bill. Legislative Vote: 8 voting for 0 voting against 0 absent the secretary of the secret |
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| half of a legislator if the bill is necessary to implement a constitutional joint |
| solution; and |
| makes technical and conforming changes. |
| oney Appropriated in this Bill: |
| None |
| her Special Clauses: |
| None |
| gislative Rules Affected: |
| MENDS: |
| JR1-3-102 |
| JR1-3-201 |
| JR1-4-701 |
| JR2-1-101 |
| JR2-2-201 |

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JR3-2-101

| 31 | JR3-2-401 |
|----|--|
| 32 | JR4-1-101 |
| 33 | JR4-2-101 |
| 34 | JR4-3-301 |
| 35 | JR5-1-102 |
| 36 | JR5-3-101 |
| 37 | JR6-2-101 |
| 38 | JR6-2-103 |
| 39 | JR6-4-306 |
| 40 | JR7-1-101 |
| 41 | |
| 42 | Be it resolved by the Legislature of the state of Utah: |
| 43 | Section 1. JR1-3-102 is amended to read: |
| 44 | JR1-3-102 . Senate and House journals. |
| 45 | (1) Each chamber shall: |
| 46 | (a) keep a journal of the chamber's proceedings; |
| 47 | (b) publish [the journal daily] a draft journal for each day of the legislative session; |
| 48 | (c) ensure that the journal is continuous during the legislative session, with pages |
| 49 | numbered in consecutive order; |
| 50 | (d) ensure that the vote on final passage of each bill is by yeas and nays and is entered |
| 51 | upon the journal; |
| 52 | (e) ensure that the vote on any other question is by yeas and nays and is entered upon the |
| 53 | journal at the request of five members of that chamber; and |
| 54 | (f) base the journal upon the record of the proceedings taken by the reading or docket |
| 55 | clerk and the electronic recording of those proceedings. |
| 56 | (2) The secretary of the Senate and the chief clerk of the House of Representatives shall |
| 57 | provide a final certification of the journal for their respective chamber. |
| 58 | Section 2. JR1-3-201 is amended to read: |
| 59 | JR1-3-201 . Authorized use of legislative seal. |

60 (1) As used in this rule:

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- (a) "Legislative business" means activities performed by a legislator, during the legislator's term of office that are within the course and scope of the work of a legislator.
- (b) "Legislative business" includes the use of the legislative seal on letterhead,

| 65 | memoranda, facsimile cover sheets, news releases, and other materials. |
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| 66 | (c) "Legislative seal" means the emblem of the Utah State Senate or Utah House of |
| 67 | Representatives designed and adopted by each body to authenticate official |
| 68 | communications of the body or its members. |
| 69 | (2)(a) Each legislator shall ensure that, in using the legislative seal, the reputation and |
| 70 | integrity of the legislative institution is preserved. |
| 71 | (b) A legislator may use the legislative seal for legislative business on personalized |
| 72 | legislative [stationary] stationery, business cards, and on other documents. |
| 73 | (c) The legislative seal may not be used on any political campaign materials. |
| 74 | (d) A person may not use the seal for any purpose once the person ceases to be a |
| 75 | legislator. |
| 76 | (3) The Senate and House shall provide to a member, upon request, an electronic or |
| 77 | camera-ready copy of the legislative seal. |
| 78 | Section 3. JR1-4-701 is amended to read: |
| 79 | JR1-4-701 . Annual performance evaluation of professional staff directors and |
| 80 | general counsel. |
| 81 | (1) As used in this rule, "minority leader" means the same as that term is defined in |
| 82 | <u>JR3-2-101.</u> |
| 83 | (2) Before July 1 each year the president and speaker shall: |
| 84 | [(1)] (a) in consultation with the Senate minority leader and the House minority leader, |
| 85 | conduct a performance evaluation of the legislative auditor general, the legislative |
| 86 | fiscal analyst, the director of the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel, |
| 87 | and the legislative general counsel; and |
| 88 | [(2)] (b) set compensation for the legislative auditor general, the legislative fiscal analyst, |
| 89 | the director of the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel, and the |
| 90 | legislative general counsel for the upcoming fiscal year. |
| 91 | Section 4. JR2-1-101 is amended to read: |
| 92 | TITLE JR2. Special Session, Extraordinary Session, and Veto Override Session |
| 93 | CHAPTER 1. Special Session and Extraordinary Session |
| 94 | JR2-1-101. Annual general session rules apply. |
| 95 | Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, rules adopted or amended by each chamber |
| 96 | of the Legislature during the immediately preceding annual general session, and any |
| 97 | intervening session, apply to the conduct of that chamber during a special or an extraordinary |

98 session. 99 Section 5. **JR2-2-201** is amended to read: 100 JR2-2-201. Poll to convene and calling a veto override session. 101 (1)(a) If the Legislature is prevented by adjournment sine die from reconsidering any 102 vetoed bill or item of appropriation vetoed by the governor, the president of the 103 Senate and the speaker of the House shall poll their respective members [by mail or 104 other means to determine if the Legislature shall convene to reconsider vetoed 105 legislation. 106 (b) Each member shall respond to the poll in writing, by telephone, or other available 107 means. 108 (2)(a) The president and speaker shall notify the governor about the results of the poll. 109 (b) The sponsor of a bill being considered for the veto override shall be provided, upon 110 request, [the itemized list of]how each legislator responded to the poll. 111 (3)(a) If two-thirds of the members of each chamber are in favor of convening a veto 112 override session, the Legislature shall convene in a veto override session not to 113 exceed five calendar days, at a time agreed upon by the president and speaker. 114 (b) A veto override session, if called, shall be convened prior to 60 days after the 115 adjournment of the session at which the bill or appropriation item under 116 consideration was passed. 117 (4)(a) The presiding officers shall issue the call of the veto override session of the 118 Legislature to their members. 119 (b) The call shall contain a list of each bill and appropriation item vetoed by the 120 governor and the date and time for convening the veto override session. 121 (5) The Legislature shall consider the vetoed bills and appropriation items according to the 122 process outlined in JR2-2-101. 123 Section 6. **JR3-2-101** is amended to read: 124 JR3-2-101. Definitions. 125 As used in this chapter: 126 (1) "Accountable process budget" means a budget that is created by starting from zero and

- 126 (1) "Accountable process budget" means a budget that is created by starting from zero and adding line items and programs recommended through an accountable budget process.
- 128 (2) "Accountable budget process" means a review of a line item or program in a simple
 129 base budget to determine whether or the extent to which to recommend the line item or
 130 program be included in a budget for the upcoming fiscal year.
- 131 (3) "Base budget" means:

| 132 | (a) an accountable process budget; or |
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| 133 | (b) for a line item or program that was not the subject of an accountable process budget |
| 134 | analysis during the immediately preceding interim, a simple base budget. |
| 135 | (4) "Chair" means: |
| 136 | (a) the chair of an appropriations subcommittee or the Executive Appropriations |
| 137 | Committee; or |
| 138 | (b) a member of a joint appropriations subcommittee or the Executive Appropriations |
| 139 | Committee member who is authorized to act as chair under JR3-2-303. |
| 140 | (5) "Committee" means a joint appropriations subcommittee or the Executive |
| 141 | Appropriations Committee. |
| 142 | (6) "Fee agency" means the same as that term is defined in Utah Code Section 63J-1-504. |
| 143 | (7) "Fee schedule" means the same as that term is defined in Utah Code Section 63J-1-504. |
| 144 | (8) "Majority vote" means a majority of a quorum as provided in JR3-2-404. |
| 145 | (9) "Minority leader" means the highest ranking individual elected to lead the minority |
| 146 | party. |
| 147 | (10) "Minority party" means the political party in the Legislature with the second most |
| 148 | members. |
| 149 | [(9)] (11) "Original motion" means a non-privileged motion that is accepted by the chair |
| 150 | when no other motion is pending. |
| 151 | [(10)] (12) "Pending motion" [refers to] means a motion starting when a chair accepts a |
| 152 | motion and ending when the motion is withdrawn or when the chair calls for a vote on |
| 153 | the motion. |
| 154 | [(11)] (13)(a) "Privileged motion" means a procedural motion to adjourn, set a time to |
| 155 | adjourn, recess, end debate, extend debate, or limit debate. |
| 156 | (b) "Privileged motions" are not substitute motions. |
| 157 | [(12)] (14)(a) "Proposed budget item" means any funding item under consideration for |
| 158 | inclusion in an appropriations bill. |
| 159 | (b) "Proposed budget item" includes a request for appropriation. |
| 160 | [(13)] (15) "Request for appropriation" means a legislator request to: |
| 161 | (a) obtain funding for a project or program that has not previously been funded; |
| 162 | (b) significantly expand funding for an existing project or program; or |
| 163 | (c) obtain separate funding for a project or program. |
| 164 | [(14)] (16)(a) "Simple base budget" means amounts appropriated by the Legislature for |
| 165 | each line item for the current fiscal year that: |

| 166 | (i) are not designated as one-time in an appropriation, regardless of whether the |
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| 167 | appropriation is covered by ongoing or one-time revenue sources; and |
| 168 | (ii) were not vetoed by the governor, unless the Legislature overrode the veto. |
| 169 | (b) "Simple base budget" includes: |
| 170 | (i) any changes to those amounts approved by the Executive Appropriations |
| 171 | Committee; and |
| 172 | (ii) amounts appropriated for debt service. |
| 173 | [(15)] (17) "Substitute motion" means a non-privileged motion that is made when a |
| 174 | non-privileged motion is pending. |
| 175 | [(16)] (18) "Under consideration" means the time starting when a chair opens a discussion |
| 176 | on a subject or an appropriations request that is listed on a committee agenda and ending |
| 177 | when the committee disposes of the subject or request, moves on to another item on the |
| 178 | agenda, or adjourns. |
| 179 | Section 7. JR3-2-401 is amended to read: |
| 180 | JR3-2-401 . Executive appropriations Creation Membership Staffing. |
| 181 | (1) As used in this rule, "minority leadership" means one or more individuals elected to lead |
| 182 | the minority party. |
| 183 | (2) There is created an Executive Appropriations Committee consisting of 20 members |
| 184 | composed of: |
| 185 | (a) three members of the majority leadership of the Senate and four members of the |
| 186 | majority leadership of the House; |
| 187 | (b) two members of the minority leadership of the Senate and three members of the |
| 188 | minority leadership of the House; |
| 189 | (c) the chair and vice chair of the Senate Appropriations Committee and the chair and |
| 190 | vice chair of the House Appropriations Committee; and |
| 191 | (d)(i) one member from the majority party of the Senate as appointed by the president |
| 192 | of the Senate or as chosen by the Senate majority caucus; |
| 193 | (ii) two members from the minority party of the Senate as appointed by the Senate |
| 194 | minority leader or as chosen by the Senate minority caucus; and |
| 195 | (iii) one member from the minority party of the House as appointed by the House |
| 196 | minority leader or as chosen by the House minority caucus. |
| 197 | [(2)] (3) A member of the Executive Appropriations Committee, whose membership is |
| 198 | determined under Subsection $[(1)(a)]$ $(2)(a)$ or (b), may appoint a designee to |
| 199 | permanently serve in that individual's place if: |

| 200 | | (a) the individual is a member of the majority party and the designee is approved by the |
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| 201 | | speaker or the president; or |
| 202 | | (b) the individual is a member of the minority party and the designee is approved by the |
| 203 | | House or Senate minority party leader. |
| 204 | [(3) | 7] (4) The Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst shall staff the Executive |
| 205 | | Appropriations Committee. |
| 206 | | Section 8. JR4-1-101 is amended to read: |
| 207 | | JR4-1-101 . Definitions. |
| 208 | | As used in this title: |
| 209 | (1) | "Bill" means legislation introduced for consideration by the Legislature that does any, |
| 210 | | some, or all of the following to Utah statutes: |
| 211 | | (a) amends; |
| 212 | | (b) enacts; |
| 213 | | (c) repeals; |
| 214 | | (d) repeals and reenacts; or |
| 215 | | (e) renumbers and amends. |
| 216 | (2) | "Boldface" means the brief descriptive summary of the contents of a statutory section |
| 217 | | prepared by the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel that is printed for |
| 218 | | each title, chapter, part, and section of the Utah Code. |
| 219 | (3) | "Concurrent resolution" means a written proposal of the Legislature and governor, |
| 220 | | which, to be approved, must be passed by both chambers of the Legislature and |
| 221 | | concurred to by the governor. |
| 222 | (4) | "Constitutional joint resolution" means a joint resolution proposing to amend, enact, or |
| 223 | | repeal portions of the Utah Constitution which, to be approved for submission to the |
| 224 | | voters, must be passed by a two-thirds vote of both chambers of the Legislature. |
| 225 | (5) | "Drafting instructions" means: |
| 226 | | (a) specific information concerning the change or addition to law or policy that a |
| 227 | | legislator intends to propose through legislation; or |
| 228 | | (b) a specific situation or concern that a legislator intends to address through legislation. |
| 229 | (6) | "House resolution" means a written proposal of the House of Representatives which, to |
| 230 | | be approved, must be passed by the House of Representatives. |
| 231 | (7) | "Joint resolution" means a written proposal of the Legislature which, to be approved, |
| 232 | | must be passed by both chambers of the Legislature, including a constitutional joint |
| 233 | | resolution. |

234 (8) "Laws of Utah" means all of the laws currently in effect in Utah. 235 (9) "Legislation" means a bill or resolution introduced for consideration by the Legislature. 236 (10) "Legislative sponsor" means: 237 (a) the chief sponsor under JR4-2-103; or 238 (b) the legislator designated by the chief sponsor to be the opposite chamber floor 239 sponsor. 240 (11) "Minority leader" means the same as that term is defined in JR3-2-101. 241 (12) "Minority party" means the same as that term is defined in JR3-2-101. 242 [(11)] (13) "Request for legislation" means a formal request from a legislator or an 243 authorized legislative committee that the Office of Legislative Research and General 244 Counsel prepare a bill or resolution. 245 [(12)] (14) "Resolution" includes a joint resolution, concurrent resolution, House resolution, 246 and Senate resolution. 247 [(13)] (15) "Senate resolution" means a written proposal of the Senate which, to be 248 approved, must be passed by the Senate. 249 [(14)] (16) "Statute" means a law that has met the constitutional requirements for enactment. 250 [(15)] (17) "Statutory section" means the unique unit of the laws of Utah that is identified by 251 a title, chapter, and section number. 252 Section 9. **JR4-2-101** is amended to read: 253 JR4-2-101 . Requests for legislation -- Timing. 254 (1) As used in this rule, "appointed legislator" means: 255 (a) an incumbent legislator appointed to replace another legislator who resigns or is 256 unable to serve; or 257 (b) an individual appointed to replace a legislator who resigns or is unable to serve. 258 (2)(a) A legislator wishing to introduce a bill or resolution shall file a request for 259 legislation with the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel within the 260 time limits established by this rule. 261 (b) The request for legislation shall: 262 (i) designate the chief sponsor, who is knowledgeable about and responsible for 263 providing pertinent information as the legislation is drafted; and (ii) include drafting instructions for the legislation. 264 265 (c)(i)(A) The chief sponsor may modify the drafting instructions provided in 266 accordance with Subsection (2)(b)(ii) only if the modified drafting instructions

do not deviate from the core subject matter of the original drafting instructions.

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| 268 | (B) The Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel shall apply the |
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| 269 | standard described in Subsection (2)(c)(i)(A) in a manner that favors the chief |
| 270 | sponsor. |
| 271 | (ii) If the chief sponsor wishes to modify the drafting instructions in a manner |
| 272 | prohibited under Subsection (2)(c)(i), the chief sponsor shall file a new, separate |
| 273 | request for legislation in accordance with this rule. |
| 274 | (d) If a legislator files a request for a constitutional joint resolution, the Office of |
| 275 | Legislative Research and General Counsel may file, on the legislator's behalf, a |
| 276 | separate request for a bill that addresses statutory changes necessary to implement the |
| 277 | constitutional joint resolution, if applicable. |
| 278 | (3)(a) Any legislator may file a request for legislation beginning 60 days after the |
| 279 | Legislature adjourns its annual general session sine die. |
| 280 | (b) A legislator-elect may file a request for legislation beginning on: |
| 281 | (i) the day after: |
| 282 | (A) for a single county race, the date on which the county election canvass is |
| 283 | completed; or |
| 284 | (B) for a multi-county race, the date on which the statewide election canvass is |
| 285 | completed; or |
| 286 | (ii) if the legislator-elect's election results have not been finalized as of the canvass |
| 287 | date, the day after the date the election results for the legislator-elect's race are |
| 288 | finalized. |
| 289 | (c)(i) An incumbent legislator may not file any requests for legislation as of the date |
| 290 | that the legislator: |
| 291 | (A) fails to file to run for election to a seat in the Legislature; |
| 292 | (B) is ineligible to be included on the ballot for the election in which the legislator |
| 293 | would have sought an additional term; or |
| 294 | (C) fails to win reelection and the legislator's opponent is eligible to file a request |
| 295 | for legislation under Subsection (3)(b). |
| 296 | (ii) Subsection (3)(c)(i) does not apply to a request for legislation for: |
| 297 | (A) a general session that occurs while the legislator is in office; or |
| 298 | (B) a special session that occurs while the legislator is in office. |
| 299 | (d)(i) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(e), if a legislator who filed a request for |
| 300 | legislation is unable to serve in the next annual general session for any reason, the |
| 301 | former legislator may seek another legislator to assume sponsorship of the former |

| 302 | legislator's legislation. |
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| 303 | (ii) If a former legislator is unable to find another legislator to assume sponsorship |
| 304 | under Subsection (3)(d)(i), the Office of Legislative Research and General |
| 305 | Counsel shall abandon each request the earlier of: |
| 306 | (A) 30 days after the day on which the former legislator is unable to serve; or |
| 307 | (B) noon on the 11th day of the annual general session. |
| 308 | (iii) The 30-day time period described in Subsection (3)(d)(ii)(A) begins the day on |
| 309 | which a former legislator no longer holds the former legislator's seat. |
| 310 | (e)(i) If a legislator dies while in office and is the chief sponsor of one or more |
| 311 | requests for legislation or pieces of legislation, the individual appointed to the |
| 312 | legislator's seat may assume sponsorship of each request for legislation or piece of |
| 313 | legislation. |
| 314 | (ii) If the individual appointed to the legislator's seat chooses not to assume |
| 315 | sponsorship of one or more of the legislator's requests for legislation or pieces of |
| 316 | legislation, the following individual shall seek another legislator to assume |
| 317 | sponsorship of each request for legislation or piece of legislation: |
| 318 | (A) if the legislator was a member of the House majority caucus, the House |
| 319 | majority leader; |
| 320 | (B) if the legislator was a member of the House minority caucus, the House |
| 321 | minority leader; |
| 322 | (C) if the legislator was a member of the Senate majority caucus, the Senate |
| 323 | majority leader; or |
| 324 | (D) if the legislator was a member of the Senate minority caucus, the Senate |
| 325 | minority leader. |
| 326 | (iii) If the individual described in Subsection (3)(e)(ii) does not find a new sponsor: |
| 327 | (A) for a request for legislation, the Office of Legislative Research and General |
| 328 | Counsel shall abandon the request for legislation; and |
| 329 | (B) for legislation, the legislation shall be returned to the originating chamber and |
| 330 | filed. |
| 331 | (f)(i) A legislator-elect who is an incumbent legislator may retain any requests for |
| 332 | legislation the legislator-elect filed before the date described in Subsection (3)(b). |
| 333 | (ii) An appointed legislator who is an incumbent legislator may retain any requests |
| 334 | for legislation the appointed legislator filed before assuming the seat to which the |
| 335 | legislator is appointed. |

| 336 | (4)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(c), a legislator may not file a request for |
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| 337 | legislation with the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel after noon |
| 338 | on the 11th day of the annual general session. |
| 339 | (b) On the 11th day of the annual general session, the Office of Legislative Research and |
| 340 | General Counsel shall make public on the Legislature's website the short title and |
| 341 | sponsor of each request for legislation, unless the sponsor abandons the request for |
| 342 | legislation before noon on the 11th day of the annual general session. |
| 343 | (c)(i) After the 11th day of the annual general session, a legislator may file a request |
| 344 | for legislation only if: |
| 345 | (A) for House legislation, the representative makes a motion to request legislation |
| 346 | for drafting and introduction and that motion is approved by a constitutional |
| 347 | majority of the House; or |
| 348 | (B) for Senate legislation, the senator makes a motion to request legislation for |
| 349 | drafting and introduction and that motion is approved by a constitutional |
| 350 | majority vote of the Senate. |
| 351 | (ii) The Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel shall make public on the |
| 352 | Legislature's website the short title and sponsor of each request for legislation |
| 353 | described in this Subsection (4)(c). |
| 354 | (5) After a request for legislation is abandoned, a legislator may not revive the request for |
| 355 | legislation. |
| 356 | (6) A legislator wishing to obtain funding for a project, program, or entity, when that |
| 357 | funding request does not require that a statute be enacted, repealed, or amended, may not |
| 358 | file a request for legislation but instead shall file a request for appropriation by following |
| 359 | the procedures and requirements of JR3-2-701. |
| 360 | Section 10. JR4-3-301 is amended to read: |
| 361 | JR4-3-301 . Definitions. |
| 362 | (1) As used in this part, "increase legislative workload" means: |
| 363 | (a) placing a member of the Legislature on a board, commission, task force, or other |
| 364 | public body; or |
| 365 | [(b) giving authority to a member of the Legislative Management Committee to appoint |
| 366 | a member of a board, commission, task force, or other public body; or] |
| 367 | [(e)] (b) requiring a legislative staff office to staff a board, commission, task force, or |
| 368 | other public body. |
| 369 | (2) "Increases legislative workload" includes reauthorizing an existing provision described |

| 370 | | in Subsection (1). |
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| 371 | | Section 11. JR5-1-102 is amended to read: |
| 372 | | JR5-1-102 . Legislative Expenses Oversight Committee. |
| 373 | [(1) | The presiding officer and the majority leader and minority leader of each chamber are |
| 374 | | the Legislative Expenses Oversight Committee for that chamber.] |
| 375 | <u>(1)</u> | The Legislative Expenses Oversight Committee for each chamber shall consist of that |
| 376 | | chamber's: |
| 377 | | (a) presiding officer; |
| 378 | | (b) majority leader; and |
| 379 | | (c) minority leader, as defined in JR3-2-101. |
| 380 | (2) | Each committee shall: |
| 381 | | (a) establish procedures to implement the rules on legislative expenses, including |
| 382 | | establishing systems and procedures for the reimbursement of legislative expenses; |
| 383 | | (b) ensure that procedures are established for the purpose of avoiding duplicate or |
| 384 | | improper payments or reimbursements; and |
| 385 | | (c) meet at least annually, or at the request of a majority of the committee, to review |
| 386 | | legislative expenses and travel budgets. |
| 387 | (3) | Each committee may, for a calendar year, authorize up to 10 authorized legislative |
| 388 | | training days for each legislator. |
| 389 | (4) | The presiding officer may authorize temporary emergency legislative expenses. |
| 390 | | Section 12. JR5-3-101 is amended to read: |
| 391 | | JR5-3-101 . Legislator compensation Expense reimbursement. |
| 392 | (1) | Except as provided under Subsection (2), a legislator shall receive daily compensation |
| 393 | | established in accordance with Utah Code Sections 36-2-2 and 36-2-3 for \underline{an} authorized |
| 394 | | legislative [days] day as defined in JR5-1-101. |
| 395 | (2) | The Legislative Management Committee may authorize compensation and expense |
| 396 | | reimbursement, or expense reimbursement only, for a legislator who attends a meeting |
| 397 | | on an authorized legislative day as defined in JR5-1-101. |
| 398 | <u>(3)</u> | A legislator may not receive compensation for a meeting that the legislator attends |
| 399 | | under: |
| 400 | | (a) <u>JR3-2-710;</u> |
| 401 | | (b) JR7-1-410; |
| 402 | | (c) SR3-4-103; or |
| 403 | | (d) HR3-3-103. |

| 404 | Section 13. JR6-2-101 is amended to read: |
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| 405 | JR6-2-101 . Ethics committees Membership. |
| 406 | (1) As used in this rule: |
| 407 | (a) "Minority leader" means the same as that term is defined in JR3-2-101. |
| 408 | (b) "Minority whip" means the second highest ranking leader of the minority party. |
| 409 | (2) There is established a Senate Ethics Committee and a House Ethics Committee. |
| 410 | [(2)] (3) The Senate Ethics Committee shall be composed of: |
| 411 | (a) the chair and three additional senators appointed by the president of the Senate; and |
| 412 | (b) the vice chair and three additional senators appointed by the Senate minority leader. |
| 413 | [(3)] (4) The House Ethics Committee shall be composed of: |
| 414 | (a) the chair and three additional representatives appointed by the speaker of the House |
| 415 | of Representatives; and |
| 416 | (b) the vice chair and three additional representatives appointed by the House minority |
| 417 | leader. |
| 418 | [(4)] (5) A committee member shall serve a two-year term. |
| 419 | [(5)] (6)(a) If a member of an ethics committee is accused of wrongdoing in a complaint |
| 420 | to be reviewed by the committee, or if a member of an ethics committee determines |
| 421 | that [he or she] the member has a conflict of interest in relation to a complaint to be |
| 422 | reviewed by the ethics committee, a member of the Senate or House shall be |
| 423 | appointed to temporarily serve in that member's place while the complaint is under |
| 424 | review as follows: |
| 425 | (i) except as provided in Subsection [(5)(a)(ii)] (6)(a)(ii), the member shall be |
| 426 | appointed by the person who appointed the member who is being temporarily |
| 427 | replaced, consistent with Subsection $[(2)]$ (3) , for a member of the Senate Ethics |
| 428 | Committee, or Subsection $[(3)]$ (4) , for the House Ethics Committee; or |
| 429 | (ii) if the person designated to make the appointment under Subsection $[(5)(a)(i)-]$ |
| 430 | (6)(a)(i) is accused of wrongdoing in the complaint or determines that [he or she |
| 431 | the person has a conflict of interest in relation to the complaint, the appointment |
| 432 | shall be made by: |
| 433 | (A) the Senate majority leader, if the person designated is the president of the |
| 434 | Senate; |
| 435 | (B) the Senate minority whip, if the person designated is the Senate minority |
| 436 | leader; |
| 437 | (C) the House majority leader, if the person designated is the speaker of the |

| 438 | House; or |
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| 439 | (D) the House minority whip, if the person designated is the House minority |
| 440 | leader. |
| 441 | (b) The temporary committee member's term ends when the committee has concluded its |
| 442 | review of the complaint. |
| 443 | Section 14. JR6-2-103 is amended to read: |
| 444 | JR6-2-103 . Independent Legislative Ethics Commission Membership. |
| 445 | (1) As used in this rule, "minority leader" means the same as that term is defined in |
| 446 | <u>JR3-2-101.</u> |
| 447 | (2) There is established an Independent Legislative Ethics Commission. |
| 448 | [(2)] (3) The commission is composed of five persons, each of whom is registered to vote in |
| 449 | this state, appointed as follows: |
| 450 | (a) two members, who have served as judges of a court of record in this state, each of |
| 451 | whom shall be nominated by the mutual consent of the president of the Senate and |
| 452 | the speaker of the House, and appointed by a majority vote of the president of the |
| 453 | Senate, speaker of the House, Senate minority leader, and House minority leader; |
| 454 | (b) one member, who has served as a judge of a court of record in this state, nominated |
| 455 | by the mutual consent of the Senate minority leader and the House minority leader, |
| 456 | and appointed by a majority vote of the president of the Senate, speaker of the House, |
| 457 | Senate minority leader, and House minority leader; |
| 458 | (c) one member, who has served as a member of the Legislature in this state no more |
| 459 | recently than four years before the date of appointment, appointed by the mutual |
| 460 | consent of the president of the Senate and the speaker of the House of |
| 461 | Representatives; and |
| 462 | (d) one member, who has served as a member of the Legislature in this state no more |
| 463 | recently than four years before the date of appointment, appointed by the mutual |
| 464 | consent of the Senate minority leader and House minority leader. |
| 465 | [(3)] (4) A member of the commission may not, during the member's term of office on the |
| 466 | commission, act or serve as: |
| 467 | (a) an officeholder as defined in Utah Code Section 20A-11-101; |
| 468 | (b) an agency head as defined in Utah Code Section 67-16-3; |
| 469 | (c) a lobbyist as defined in Utah Code Section 36-11-102; or |
| 470 | (d) a principal as defined in Utah Code Section 36-11-102. |
| 471 | [(4)] (5)(a)(i) Except as provided in Subsection $[(4)(a)(ii)]$ (5)(a)(ii), each member of |

472 the commission shall serve a four-year term. 473 (ii) When appointing the initial members upon formation of the commission, one 474 member nominated by the president of the Senate and the speaker of the House of 475 Representatives and one member nominated by the Senate minority leader and 476 House minority leader shall be appointed to a two-year term so that approximately 477 half of the commission is appointed every two years. 478 (b)(i) When a vacancy occurs in the commission's membership for any reason, a 479 replacement member shall be appointed for the unexpired term of the vacating 480 member using the procedures and requirements of Subsection [(2)] (3). 481 (ii) For the purposes of this rule, an appointment for an unexpired term of a vacating 482 member is not considered a full term. 483 (c) A member may not be appointed to serve for more than two full terms, whether those 484 terms are two or four years. 485 (d) A member of the commission may resign from the commission by giving one 486 month's written notice of the resignation to the president of the Senate, speaker of the 487 House, Senate minority leader, and House minority leader. 488 (e) The chair of the Legislative Management Committee shall remove a member from 489 the commission if the member: 490 (i) is convicted of, or enters a plea of guilty to, a crime involving moral turpitude; 491 (ii) enters a plea of no contest or a plea in abeyance to a crime involving moral turpitude; or 492 493 (iii) fails to meet the qualifications of office as provided in this rule. 494 (f) If a commission member is accused of wrongdoing in a complaint, or if a 495 commission member is found, under JR6-2-103.5, to have a conflict of interest in 496 relation to a complaint, a temporary commission member shall be appointed to serve 497 in that member's place for the purposes of reviewing that complaint using the 498 procedures and requirements of Subsection [(2)] (3). 499 [(5)] (6)(a) A member of the commission may not receive compensation or benefits for 500 the member's service, but may receive per diem and expenses incurred in the performance of the member's official duties as allowed in: 501 502 (i) Utah Code Section 63A-3-106; 503 (ii) Utah Code Section 63A-3-107; and 504 (iii) rules made by the Division of Finance according to Utah Code Sections 505 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107.

| 506 | (b) A member may decline to receive per diem and expenses for the member's service. |
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| 507 | [(6)] (7)(a) The commission members shall convene a meeting annually each January |
| 508 | and elect, by a majority vote, a commission chair from among the commission |
| 509 | members. |
| 510 | (b) A person may not serve as chair for more than two consecutive years. |
| 511 | Section 15. JR6-4-306 is amended to read: |
| 512 | JR6-4-306 . Finding and order. |
| 513 | (1) As used in this rule, "minority leader" means the same as that term is defined in |
| 514 | <u>JR3-2-101.</u> |
| 515 | [(1)] (2)(a) If the committee determines that no allegations in the complaint were proved, |
| 516 | the committee shall prepare a finding and order that: |
| 517 | (i) lists the name of each complainant; |
| 518 | (ii) lists the name of the respondent; |
| 519 | (iii) states the date of the finding and order; |
| 520 | (iv) for each allegation contained in the complaint: |
| 521 | (A) provides a reference to the code of conduct or criminal provision alleged to |
| 522 | have been violated; and |
| 523 | (B) states the number and names of committee members voting that the allegation |
| 524 | was proved and the number and names of committee members voting that the |
| 525 | allegation was not proved; |
| 526 | (v) order that the complaint is dismissed because no allegations in the complaint were |
| 527 | found to have been proved; |
| 528 | (vi) provide any general statement that is adopted for inclusion in the |
| 529 | recommendation by a majority of the committee members; and |
| 530 | (vii) states the name of each committee member. |
| 531 | (b) Each committee member shall sign the finding and order. |
| 532 | [(2)] (3)(a) If the committee determines that one or more allegations in the complaint |
| 533 | were proved, the committee shall issue a finding and order that: |
| 534 | (i) lists the name of each complainant; |
| 535 | (ii) lists the name of the respondent; |
| 536 | (iii) states the date of the finding and order; |
| 537 | (iv) for each allegation contained in the complaint: |
| 538 | (A) provides a reference to the code of conduct or criminal provision alleged to |
| 539 | have been violated; |

| 540 | (B) states the number and names of committee members voting that the allegation |
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| 541 | was proved and the number and names of committee members voting that the |
| 542 | allegation was not proved; |
| 543 | (C) if the allegation was not found to have been proven, orders that the allegation |
| 544 | be dismissed; and |
| 545 | (D) if the allegation was found to have been proven, contains: |
| 546 | (I) a description of any actions that the committee recommended be taken; |
| 547 | (II) the number and names of committee members voting in favor of each |
| 548 | recommendation and the number and names of committee members voting |
| 549 | against each recommendation; |
| 550 | (III) at the option of those members voting in favor of a recommendation, a |
| 551 | statement by one or all of those members stating the reasons for making the |
| 552 | recommendation; and |
| 553 | (IV) at the option of those members against a recommendation, a statement by |
| 554 | one or all of those members stating the reasons for opposing the |
| 555 | recommendation; |
| 556 | (v) contains any general statement that is adopted for inclusion in the finding and |
| 557 | order by a majority of the committee members; |
| 558 | (vi) contains a statement directing that the finding be delivered to: |
| 559 | (A) for the Senate Ethics Committee, to the president of the Senate, the Senate |
| 560 | majority leader, and the Senate minority leader; or |
| 561 | (B) for the House Ethics Committee, to the speaker of the House of |
| 562 | Representatives, the House majority leader, and the House minority leader; and |
| 563 | (vii) states the name of each committee member. |
| 564 | (b) Each committee member shall sign the finding and order. |
| 565 | [(3)] (4) A copy of the finding and order shall be made publicly available. |
| 566 | [(4)] (5) A written copy of the finding and order shall be provided to: |
| 567 | (a) the respondent; |
| 568 | (b) the first complainant named on the complaint; and |
| 569 | (c) any individuals required to receive a copy as stated in the finding and order. |
| 570 | Section 16. JR7-1-101 is amended to read: |
| 571 | JR7-1-101 . Definitions. |
| 572 | As used in this chapter: |
| 573 | (1) "Anchor location" means the physical location from which: |

| 574 | | (a) an electronic meeting originates; or |
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| 575 | | (b) the participants are connected. |
| 576 | (2) | "Authorized legislative committee" means: |
| 577 | | (a) an interim committee; |
| 578 | | (b) the Legislative Management Committee; |
| 579 | | (c) the Legislative Process Committee; |
| 580 | | (d) when functioning as an interim committee: |
| 581 | | (i) the Senate Rules Committee created in SR3-1-101; or |
| 582 | | (ii) the House Rules Committee created in HR3-1-101; or |
| 583 | | (e) a special committee: |
| 584 | | (i) that is not a mixed special committee; and |
| 585 | | (ii) to the extent the special committee has statutory authority to open a committee |
| 586 | | bill file or create a committee bill. |
| 587 | (3) | "Bill" means the same as that term is defined in JR4-1-101. |
| 588 | (4) | "Chair" except as otherwise expressly provided, means: |
| 589 | | (a) the member of the Senate appointed as chair of an interim committee by the |
| 590 | | president of the Senate under JR7-1-202; |
| 591 | | (b) the member of the House of Representatives appointed as chair of an interim |
| 592 | | committee by the speaker of the House of Representatives under JR7-1-202; |
| 593 | | (c) a member of a special committee appointed as chair of the special committee; or |
| 594 | | (d) a member of a legislative committee designated by the chair of the legislative |
| 595 | | committee under Subsection (4)(a), (b), or (c) to act as chair under JR7-1-202. |
| 596 | (5) | "Committee bill" means draft legislation that receives a favorable recommendation from |
| 597 | | an authorized legislative committee. |
| 598 | (6) | "Committee bill file" means a request for legislation made by: |
| 599 | | (a) a majority vote of an authorized legislative committee; or |
| 600 | | (b) the chairs of an authorized legislative committee, if the authorized legislative |
| 601 | | committee authorizes the chairs to open one or more committee bill files in |
| 602 | | accordance with JR7-1-602. |
| 603 | (7) | "Committee note" means a note that the Office of Legislative Research and General |
| 604 | | Counsel places on legislation in accordance with JR4-2-401. |
| 605 | (8) | "Draft legislation" means a draft of a bill or resolution before it is numbered by the |
| 606 | | Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel. |

(9) "Electronic meeting" means the same as that term is defined in Utah Code Section

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| 608 | 52-4-103. |
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| 609 | (10) "Favorable recommendation" means an action of an authorized legislative committee |
| 610 | by majority vote to favorably recommend legislation for consideration by the |
| 611 | Legislature in an upcoming legislative session. |
| 612 | (11) "Legislative committee" means: |
| 613 | (a) an interim committee; or |
| 614 | (b) a special committee. |
| 615 | (12) "Interim committee" means a committee that: |
| 616 | (a) is comprised of members from both chambers; |
| 617 | (b) meets between annual general sessions of the Legislature to perform duties described |
| 618 | in rule; and |
| 619 | (c) is created under JR7-1-201. |
| 620 | (13) "Legislative sponsor" means: |
| 621 | (a) for a committee bill file, the chairs of the authorized legislative committee that |
| 622 | opened the committee bill file or the chairs' designee; or |
| 623 | (b) for a request for legislation that is not a committee bill file, the legislator who |
| 624 | requested the request for legislation or the legislator's designee. |
| 625 | (14) "Majority vote" means: |
| 626 | (a) with respect to an interim committee, an affirmative vote of at least 50% of a quorum |
| 627 | of members of the interim committee from one chamber and more than 50% of a |
| 628 | quorum of members of the interim committee from the other chamber; or |
| 629 | (b) with respect to a special committee, an affirmative vote of more than 50% of a |
| 630 | quorum. |
| 631 | (15) "Minority leader" means the same as that term is defined in JR3-2-101. |
| 632 | (16) "Minority party" means the same as that term is defined in JR3-2-101. |
| 633 | [(15)] (17) "Mixed special committee" means a special committee that is composed of one |
| 634 | or more voting members who are legislators and one or more voting members who are |
| 635 | not legislators. |
| 636 | [(16)] (18) "Original motion" means a nonprivileged motion that is accepted by the chair |
| 637 | when no other motion is pending. |
| 638 | [(17)] (19) "Pending motion" means a motion described in JR7-1-307. |
| 639 | [(18)] (20) "Privileged motion" means a motion to adjourn, set a time to adjourn, recess, end |
| 640 | debate, extend debate, or limit debate. |
| 641 | [(19)] (21) "Public statement" means a statement made in the ordinary course of business of |

| 642 | a legislative committee with the intent that all other members of the legislative |
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| 643 | committee receive it. |
| 644 | [(20)] (22) "Request for legislation" means the same as that term is defined in JR4-1-101. |
| 645 | [(21)] (23) "Resolution" means the same as that term is defined in JR4-1-101. |
| 646 | [(22)] (24)(a) "Special committee" means a committee, commission, task force, or other |
| 647 | similar body that is: |
| 648 | (i) created by legislation; and |
| 649 | (ii) staffed by: |
| 650 | (A) the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel; or |
| 651 | (B) the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst. |
| 652 | (b) "Special committee" does not include: |
| 653 | (i) an interim committee; |
| 654 | (ii) a standing committee created under SR3-2-201 or HR3-2-201; or |
| 655 | (iii) a Senate confirmation committee described in SR3-3-101 or SR3-3-201. |
| 656 | [(23)] (25) "Subcommittee" means a subsidiary unit of a legislative committee formed in |
| 657 | accordance with JR7-1-411. |
| 658 | [(24)] (26) "Substitute motion" means a nonprivileged motion that a member of a legislative |
| 659 | committee makes when there is a nonprivileged motion pending. |
| 660 | Section 17. Effective Date. |
| 661 | This resolution takes effect upon a successful vote for final passage. |