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Geothermal Amendments

2026 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Michael K. McKell

House Sponsor:
LONG TITLE
Committee Note:
The Natural Resources, Agriculture, and Environment Interim Committee recommended
this bill.
Legislative Vote: 10 voting for 4 voting against 5 absent
General Description:
This bill addresses geothermal resources or fluids.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
clarifies the purposes of the geothermal chapter;
addresses definitions;
 modifies provisions related to ownership of geothermal resources or fluids;
amends powers of the Division of Water Rights related to confidentiality of information;
addresses bonding requirements; and
makes technical and conforming amendments.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
73-22-2 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1981, Chapter 188
73-22-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 348
73-22-4 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1981, Chapter 188
73-22-6 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1981, Chapter 188

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- Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
- 30 Section 1. Section **73-22-2** is amended to read:

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31 73-22-2. Purpose of chapter. 32 [It is declared to be in the public interest] The purpose of this chapter is to: 33 (1) foster, encourage, and promote the discovery, development, production, [utilization] use, 34 and disposal of geothermal resources [in the State of Utah] for the purpose of electricity 35 production in such manner as will prevent waste, protect correlative rights, and 36 safeguard the natural environment and the public welfare; [to] and 37 (2) authorize, encourage, and provide for the development and operation of geothermal 38 resource properties for the purpose of electricity production in such manner that the 39 maximum ultimate economic recovery of geothermal resources may be obtained 40 through, among other things, agreements for cooperative development, production, 41 injection, and pressure maintenance operations. 42 Section 2. Section **73-22-3** is amended to read: 43 **73-22-3** . Definitions. 44 As used in this chapter: 45 (1) "Correlative rights" mean the rights of [each] a geothermal owner in a geothermal area to 46 produce without waste [his] the geothermal owner's just and equitable share of the 47 geothermal resource underlying the geothermal area. 48 (2) "Division" means the Division of Water Rights[5] within the Department of Natural 49 Resources. 50 (3) "Geothermal area" means the general land area [which] that is underlain or reasonably 51 appears to be underlain by <u>a geothermal [resources]</u> resource. 52 (4) "Geothermal fluid" means water and steam at temperatures greater than [120] 100 53 degrees centigrade naturally present in a geothermal system. (5)(a) "Geothermal resource" means: 54 55 (i) the natural heat of the earth at temperatures greater than [120] 100 degrees 56 centigrade; and 57 (ii) the energy, in whatever form, including pressure, present in, resulting from, 58 created by, or [which] that may be extracted from that natural heat, directly or 59 through a material medium using any type of application including a conventional 60 hydrothermal, enhanced geothermal, or advanced geothermal system. 61 (b) "Geothermal resource" does not include a geothermal [fluids] fluid. 62 (6) "Geothermal system" means [any] a strata, pool, reservoir, or other geologic formation 63 containing a geothermal [resources] resource.

(7) "Material medium" means a geothermal [fluids] fluid, or water and other [substances]

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65	substance artificially introduced into a geothermal system to serve as a heat transfer
66	medium.
67	(8) "Operator" means [any] a person drilling, maintaining, operating, producing, or in
68	control of [any] a well.
69	(9) "Owner" means a person who has the right to drill into, produce, and make use of [the] a
70	geothermal resource.
71	[(10) "Person" means any individual, business entity (corporate or otherwise), or political
72	subdivision of this or any other state.]
73	[(11)] (10)(a) "Waste" means [any] an inefficient, excessive, or improper production, use,
74	or dissipation of <u>a</u> geothermal [resources] resource.
75	(b) [Wasteful practices include] "Waste" includes:
76	(i) <u>a transporting or storage [methods that cause or tend]</u> method that causes or tends
77	to cause unnecessary surface loss of <u>a</u> geothermal [resources] resource; or
78	(ii) locating, spacing, constructing, equipping, operating, producing, or venting of [
79	$\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$ well in a manner that results or tends to result in unnecessary surface loss or
80	in reducing the ultimate economic recovery of <u>a geothermal [resources]</u> resource.
81	(11) "Water right" means:
82	(a) a right to use water, including a geothermal fluid, evidenced by a means identified in
83	Subsection 73-1-10(1)(a); or
84	(b) a right to use water, including a geothermal fluid, under an approved application:
85	(i) to appropriate; or
86	(ii) for a change of use.
87	(12) "Well" means [any] \underline{a} well drilled, converted, or reactivated for the discovery, testing,
88	production, or subsurface injection of <u>a geothermal [resources] resource</u> .
89	Section 3. Section 73-22-4 is amended to read:
90	73-22-4 . Ownership of geothermal resource Water right Lands subject to
91	chapter.
92	(1) Ownership of a geothermal resource derives from an interest in the surface of land[-and
93	not from an appropriative right to geothermal fluids].
94	(2) A person that owns the surface of the land retains title to the geothermal resource even
95	if the mineral estate is severed unless the right to the geothermal resource has been
96	expressly reserved by or conveyed to another person.
97	(3) Subject to Section 73-22-8, a person may not use a geothermal fluid without a water
98	right.

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[(2)] (4) This chapter shall apply to [all] lands in the [State of Utah] state, including federal and Indian lands to the extent allowed by law. When [these] federal or Indian lands are committed to a unit agreement involving lands subject to federal or Indian jurisdiction, the division may, with respect to the unit agreement, [deem] consider this chapter complied with if the unit operations are regulated by the United States and the division finds that conservation of geothermal resources and prevention of waste are accomplished under the unit agreement.

Section 4. Section **73-22-6** is amended to read:

73-22-6 . Information required concerning resource development -- Confidentiality -- Regulation of wells -- Surety bonds -- Inspection.

- (1) The division [shall have authority to] may require a person to:
 - (a) [Identification of] identify the location and ownership of [all wells and producing geothermal leases.] a well or producing geothermal lease;
 - (b) [Filing with the division of-] file with the division a notice of intent to drill, redrill, renovate, deepen, permanently alter the casing of, test, maintain, or abandon any well[-Approval] and obtain the division's approval of the notice of intent [must be obtained from the division prior to commencement of operations.] before the person commences operations;
 - (c) [Keeping of well logs and filing true and correct copies] subject to Subsection (4), keep a well log or record and file a copy of the well log or record with the division. These records are public records when filed with the division, unless the owner or operator requests, in writing, that the records be held confidential. The period of confidentiality shall be established by the division, not to exceed five years from the date of production or injection for other than testing purposes or five years from the date of abandonment, whichever occurs first, as determined by the division. Well records held confidential by the division are open to inspection by those persons authorized in writing by the owner or operator. Confidential status shall not restrict inspection by state officers charged with regulating well operations or by authorized officials of the Utah State Tax Commission for purposes of tax assessment.];
 - (d) [The spacing, drilling, casing, testing, operating, producing, and abandonment of wells-] space, drill, case, test, operate, produce, or abandon a well so as to prevent:
 - (i) <u>a geothermal [resources] resource</u>, water, [gases] gas, or other [fluids] fluid from escaping into strata:
 - (A) other than the strata in which [they are] the resource, water, gas, or fluid is

133	found[-(]; and
134	(B) unless in accordance with a subsurface injection program approved by the
135	division[)];
136	(ii) pollution of surface and groundwater;
137	(iii) premature cooling of [any] a geothermal system by water encroachment or
138	otherwise [which] that tends to reduce the ultimate economic recovery of the
139	geothermal [resources] resource;
140	(iv) [blowouts, cave-ins, and] a blowout, cave-in, or seepage; and
141	(v) unreasonable disturbance or injury to neighboring properties, prior water rights,
142	human life, health, and the environment[-];
143	(e) [The operator to file cash or] subject to Subsection (2), if an operator, file an
144	individual surety [bonds] bond with the division for [each] a new well drilled [and each]
145	or an abandoned well redrilled[. The amount of surety required shall be determined
146	by the division. In lieu of bonds for separate wells, the operator may file a blanket
147	eash or individual surety bond in an amount set by the division to cover all the
148	operator's drilling, redrilling, deepening, maintenance, or abandonment activities for
149	wells in the state. Bonds filed with the division shall be executed by the operator, as
150	principal, conditioned on compliance with division regulations in drilling, redrilling,
151	deepening, maintaining, or abandoning any well or wells covered by the bond and
152	shall secure the state against all losses, charges, and expenses incurred by it to obtain
153	such compliance by the principal named in the bond.];
154	(f) [The geothermal] if an owner or operator[to], measure geothermal production
155	according to standards set by the division and maintain complete and accurate
156	production records[. The records, or certified copies of them, shall be preserved on
157	file by] or certified copies of the records that the owner or operator:
158	(i) keeps for a period of five years[-and shall be]; and
159	(ii) makes available for examination by the division at [all] reasonable times[-]; and
160	(g) [Filing-] file with the division any other reasonable [reports which it prescribes] report
161	that the division requires regarding geothermal operations within the state.
162	(2)(a) [Any-] With the consent of the division, a person may terminate or cancel a surety
163	bond filed with the division in conformance with this chapter [may, with the consent
164	of the division, be terminated and canceled and the surety be relieved of all] and
165	relieve the surety of the obligations under [it] the surety bond when the well or wells
166	covered by the surety bond have been properly abandoned or another valid surety

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167	bond has been substituted for [it] the surety bond.
168	(b) The amount of surety bond required by this section shall be determined by the
169	division to be a reasonable amount.
170	(c) In lieu of an individual surety bond for separate wells, the operator may file a blanker
171	surety bond in an amount set by the division to cover all the operator's drilling,
172	redrilling, deepening, maintenance, or abandonment activities for wells.
173	(d) An operator shall execute a surety bond filed with the division by the operator as
174	principal and condition the surety bond on compliance with division regulations in
175	drilling, redrilling, deepening, maintaining, or abandoning a well covered by the
176	surety bond.
177	(e) A surety bond filed with the division shall secure the state against losses, charges,
178	and expenses incurred by the state to obtain the compliance described in Subsection
179	(2)(d) by the principal named in the surety bond.
180	(3) The division may enter onto private or public land at any time to inspect [any] a well or
181	geothermal resource development project to determine if the well or project is being
182	constructed, operated, or maintained according to any applicable permits or to determine
183	if the construction, operation, or maintenance of the well or project may involve an
184	unreasonable risk to life, health, property, the environment or subsurface, surface, or
185	atmospheric resources.
186	(4)(a) A well log or record described in Subsection (1)(c) is a public record when filed
187	with the division, unless the owner or operator requests, in writing, that the division
188	holds the well log or record as protected in accordance with Subsection 63G-2-305(1)
189	or (2) for a period established by the division, not to exceed the earlier of the
190	following, as determined by the division:
191	(i) one year from the date of production or injection for other than testing purposes;
192	(ii) one year from the date of abandonment; or
193	(iii) one year from the date of completion of a geothermal monitoring, exploration,
194	investigation, or test well project that does not directly transition into production
195	development.
196	(b) A well log or record held protected by the division under Subsection (4)(a) is open to
197	inspection by a person authorized in writing to inspect the well log or record by the
198	owner or operator.
199	(c) The status of a well log or record as protected under Subsection (4)(a) does not

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restrict inspection by:

201	(1) a state officer charged with regulating well operations; or
202	(ii) an authorized official of the State Tax Commission for purposes of tax
203	assessment.
204	Section 5. Effective Date.
205	This bill takes effect on May 6, 2026.