1

25

Funeral Services Licensing Amendments

2026 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Jen Plumb

House Sponsor:
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill amends provisions relating to funeral services licensing.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
removes the option for an oral preneed funeral agreement;
removes the requirement that a funeral service establishment receive a receipt before
releasing remains from alkaline hydrolysis and cremation; and
makes technical changes.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
58-9-102 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 354
58-9-611 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 326
58-9-617 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 326
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 58-9-102 is amended to read:
58-9-102 . Definitions.

- [In addition to the definitions in Section 58-1-102, as] As used in this chapter:
- 26 (1)(a) "Alkaline hydrolysis" means a water-based dissolution process using alkaline
- chemicals, heat, and sometimes agitation or pressure that reduces human remains to a
- 28 liquid and to dry bone residue[-and] .
- (b) "Alkaline hydrolysis" includes the disposal of the liquid and the processing and
 pulverization of the dry bone residue.

.B. 61

31	(2) "Alkaline hydrolysis chamber" means the enclosed space within which the alkaline
32	hydrolysis process takes place and that is used exclusively for alkaline hydrolysis of
33	human remains.
34	(3) "Alkaline hydrolysis container" means a container:
35	(a) in which human remains are transported to a funeral service establishment and
36	placed in an alkaline hydrolysis chamber for [resomation] the alkaline hydrolysis
37	process; and
38	(b) that meets substantially all of the following standards:
39	(i) able to be closed in order to provide a complete covering for the human remains;
40	(ii) resistant to leakage or spillage;
41	(iii) rigid enough for handling with ease; and
42	(iv) able to provide protection for the health, safety, and personal integrity of
43	crematory personnel.
44	(4) "Authorizing agent" means a person legally entitled to authorize the cremation or the
45	alkaline hydrolysis process of human remains.
46	(5) "Beneficiary" means the individual who, at the time of the individual's death, [is to
47	receive] receives the benefit of the property and services purchased under a preneed
48	funeral arrangement.
49	(6) "Board" means the Board of Funeral Service created in Section 58-9-201.
50	(7) "Body part" means:
51	(a) a limb or other portion of the anatomy that is removed from [a person] an individual
52	or human remains for medical purposes during treatment, surgery, biopsy, autopsy, o
53	medical research; or
54	(b) a human body or any portion of a body that has been donated to science for medical
55	research purposes.
56	(8) "Buyer" means a person who purchases a preneed funeral arrangement.
57	(9) "Calcination" means a process in which a dead human body is reduced by intense heat
58	to a residue that is not as substantive as the residue that follows cremation.
59	(10) "Cremated remains" means all the remains of a cremated body recovered after the
60	completion of the cremation process, including pulverization [which] that leaves only
61	bone fragments reduced to unidentifiable dimensions and may possibly include the
62	residue of foreign matter including casket material, bridgework, or eyeglasses that were
63	cremated with the human remains.

(11)(a) "Cremation" means the technical process, using direct flame and heat, or a

64

65	chemical process, that reduces human remains to bone fragments through heat and
66	evaporation, or a chemical process[, and] .
67	(b) "Cremation" includes the processing and usually the pulverization of the bone
68	fragments.
69	(12) "Cremation chamber" means the enclosed space within which the cremation process
70	takes place and which is used exclusively for the cremation of human remains.
71	(13) "Cremation container" means the container:
72	(a) in which the human remains are transported to the crematory and placed in the
73	cremation chamber for cremation; and
74	(b) that meets substantially all of the following standards:
75	(i) composed of readily combustible or consumable materials suitable for cremation;
76	(ii) able to be closed in order to provide a complete covering for the human remains;
77	(iii) resistant to leakage or spillage;
78	(iv) rigid enough for handling with ease; and
79	(v) able to provide protection for the health, safety, and personal integrity of
80	crematory personnel.
81	(14) "Crematory" means the building or portion of a building that houses the cremation
82	chamber and the holding facility.
83	(15) "Direct disposition" means the disposition of a dead human body:
84	(a) as quickly as law allows;
85	(b) without preparation of the body by embalming; and
86	(c) without an attendant funeral service or graveside service.
87	(16) "Disposition" means the final disposal of a dead human body by:
88	(a) earth interment;
89	(b) above ground burial;
90	(c) cremation;
91	(d) calcination;
92	(e) alkaline hydrolysis;
93	(f) burial at sea;
94	(g) delivery to a medical institution; or
95	(h) other lawful means.
96	(17) "Embalming" means replacing body fluids in a dead human body with preserving and
97	disinfecting chemicals.
98	(18)(a) "Funeral merchandise" means any of the following into which a dead human

99	body is placed in connection with the transportation or disposition of the body:
100	(i) a vault;
101	(ii) a casket; or
102	(iii) other personal property.
103	(b) "Funeral merchandise" does not include:
104	(i) a mausoleum crypt;
105	(ii) an interment receptacle preset in a cemetery; or
106	(iii) a columbarium niche.
107	(19) "Funeral service" means a service, rite, or ceremony performed:
108	(a) with respect to the death of a human; and
109	(b) with the body of the deceased present.
110	(20) "Funeral service director" means an individual licensed under this chapter who may
111	engage in all lawful professional activities regulated and defined under the practice of
112	funeral service.
113	(21)(a) "Funeral service establishment" means a place of business at a specific street
114	address or location licensed under this chapter that is devoted to:
115	(i) the embalming, care, custody, shelter, preparation for burial, and final disposition
116	of dead human bodies; and
117	(ii) the furnishing of services, merchandise, and products purchased from the
118	establishment as a preneed provider under a preneed funeral arrangement.
119	(b) "Funeral service establishment" includes:
120	(i) all portions of the business premises and all tools, instruments, and supplies used
121	in the preparation and embalming of dead human bodies for burial, cremation,
122	alkaline hydrolysis, and final disposition as defined by division rule; and
123	(ii) a facility used by the business in which funeral services may be conducted.
124	(22) "Funeral service intern" means an individual licensed under this chapter who is
125	permitted to:
126	(a) assist a funeral service director in the embalming or other preparation of a dead
127	human body for disposition;
128	(b) assist a funeral service director in the cremation, calcination, alkaline hydrolysis, or
129	pulverization of a dead human body or [its] the body's remains; and
130	(c) perform other funeral service activities under the supervision of a funeral service
131	director.
132	(23) "Graveside service" means a funeral service held at the location of disposition.

133	(24) "Memorial service" means a service, rite, or ceremony performed:
134	(a) with respect to the death of a human; and
135	(b) without the body of the deceased present.
136	(25) "Practice of funeral service" means:
137	(a) supervising the receipt of custody and transportation of a dead human body to
138	prepare the body for:
139	(i) disposition; or
140	(ii) shipment to another location;
141	(b) entering into a contract with a person to provide professional services regulated
142	under this chapter;
143	(c) embalming or otherwise preparing a dead human body for disposition;
144	(d) supervising the arrangement or conduct of:
145	(i) a funeral service;
146	(ii) a graveside service; or
147	(iii) a memorial service;
148	(e) cremation, calcination, alkaline hydrolysis, or pulverization of a dead human body o
149	the body's remains;
150	(f) supervising the arrangement of:
151	(i) a disposition; or
152	(ii) a direct disposition;
153	(g) facilitating:
154	(i) a disposition; or
155	(ii) a direct disposition;
156	(h) supervising the sale of funeral merchandise by a funeral establishment;
157	(i) managing or otherwise being responsible for the practice of funeral service in a
158	licensed funeral service establishment;
159	(j) supervising the sale of a preneed funeral arrangement; and
160	(k) contracting with or employing individuals to sell a preneed funeral arrangement.
161	(26)(a) "Preneed funeral arrangement" means a written [or oral-]agreement sold in
162	advance of the death of the beneficiary under which a person agrees with a buyer to
163	provide at the death of the beneficiary any of the following as are typically provided
164	in connection with a disposition:
165	(i) goods;
166	(ii) services, including:

167	(A) embalming services; and
168	(B) funeral directing services;
169	(iii) real property; or
170	(iv) personal property, including:
171	(A) a casket;
172	(B) another primary container;
173	(C) a cremation, alkaline hydrolysis, or transportation container;
174	(D) an outer burial container;
175	(E) a vault;
176	(F) a grave liner;
177	(G) funeral clothing and accessories;
178	(H) a monument;
179	(I) a grave marker; and
180	(J) a cremation or alkaline hydrolysis urn.
181	(b) "Preneed funeral arrangement" does not include a policy or product of life insurance
182	providing a death benefit cash payment upon the death of the beneficiary [which] that
183	is not limited to providing the products or services described in Subsection (26)(a).
184	(27) "Processing" means the reduction of identifiable bone fragments after the completion
185	of the cremation or the alkaline hydrolysis process to unidentifiable bone fragments by
186	manual means.
187	(28) "Pulverization" means the reduction of identifiable bone fragments after the
188	completion of the cremation or alkaline hydrolysis and processing to granulated particles
189	by manual or mechanical means.
190	[(29) "Resomation" means the alkaline hydrolysis process.]
191	[(30)] (29) "Sales agent" means an individual licensed under this chapter as a preneed
192	funeral arrangement sales agent.
193	[(31)] (30) "Temporary container" means a receptacle for cremated or alkaline hydrolysis
194	remains usually made of cardboard, plastic, or similar material designed to hold the
195	cremated remains until an urn or other permanent container is acquired.
196	[(32)] (31) "Unlawful conduct" means the same as that term is defined in Sections 58-1-501
197	and 58-9-501.
198	[(33)] (32) "Unprofessional conduct" means the same as that term is defined in Sections
199	58-1-501 and 58-9-502.
200	[(34)] (33) "Urn" means a recentacle designed to permanently encase cremated or alkaline

201 hydrolysis remains. 202 Section 2. Section **58-9-611** is amended to read: 203 58-9-611. Disposition of cremated remains. 204 (1)(a) An authorizing agent shall provide the person with whom cremation arrangements 205 are made with a signed statement specifying the final disposition of the cremated 206 remains, if known. 207 (b) The funeral services establishment shall retain a copy of the statement. 208 (2)(a) The authorizing agent is responsible for the disposition of the cremated remains. 209 (b) If the authorizing agent or the agent's representative has not specified the ultimate 210 disposition of or claimed the cremated remains within 60 days from the date of the 211 cremation, the funeral service establishment may dispose of the remains in any 212 manner permitted by law, except scattering. 213 (c) The authorizing agent shall reimburse the funeral services establishment for all 214 reasonable costs incurred in disposing of the cremated remains under Subsection 215 (2)(b). 216 (d) The person or entity disposing of cremated remains under this section: 217 (i) shall make and keep a record of the disposition of the remains; and 218 (ii) is discharged from any legal obligation or liability concerning the remains once 219 the disposition has been made. 220 (e) Subsection (2)(d)(ii) applies to cremated remains in the possession of a funeral 221 services establishment or other responsible party as of May 5, 2008, or any time after 222 that date. 223 (3)(a) An authorizing agent may direct a funeral service establishment to dispose of or 224 arrange for the disposition of cremated remains: 225 (i) in a crypt, niche, grave, or scattering garden located in a dedicated cemetery; 226 (ii) by scattering the cremated remains over uninhabited public land, the sea, or other 227 public waterways subject to health and environmental laws and regulations; or 228 (iii) in any manner on the private property of a consenting owner. 229 (b) If [cremated remains are to be disposed of] the authorizing agent intends to dispose 230 <u>cremated remains</u> on private property, other than dedicated cemetery property, the 231 authorizing agent shall provide the funeral service establishment with the written 232 consent of the property owner prior to disposal of the remains. 233 (c) In order to scatter cremated remains under Subsection (3)(a)(ii) or (iii), the remains 234

must be reduced to a particle size of one-eighth inch or less and removed from their

235 closed container. 236 (4) A funeral service establishment may not release cremated remains for scattering under 237 this section to the authorizing agent or the agent's designated representative until the 238 funeral service establishment is given a receipt that shows the proper filing has been 239 made with the local registrar of births and deaths. 240 Section 3. Section **58-9-617** is amended to read: 241 58-9-617. Final disposition of remains from the alkaline hydrolysis process. 242 (1)(a) An authorizing agent shall provide the person with whom the authorizing agent 243 makes alkaline hydrolysis arrangements [are made with] a signed statement 244 specifying the final disposition of the remains from the alkaline hydrolysis process, if 245 known. 246 (b) The funeral service establishment shall retain a copy of the statement. 247 (2)(a) The authorizing agent is responsible for the final disposition of the remains from 248 the alkaline hydrolysis process. 249 (b) If the authorizing agent or the agent's representative has not specified the ultimate 250 disposition of or claimed the remains from the alkaline hydrolysis process within 60 251 days from the date of the alkaline hydrolysis process, the funeral service 252 establishment may dispose of the remains in any manner permitted by law, except 253 scattering. 254 (c) The authorizing agent shall reimburse the funeral service establishment for all 255 reasonable costs incurred in disposing of the remains from the alkaline hydrolysis 256 process under Subsection (2)(b). 257 (d) The person or entity disposing of remains from the alkaline hydrolysis process under 258 this section: 259 (i) shall make and keep a record of the final disposition of the remains; and 260 (ii) is discharged from any legal obligation or liability concerning the remains once 261 the final disposition has been made. 262 (3)(a) An authorizing agent may direct a funeral service establishment to dispose of or 263 arrange for the final disposition of remains from the alkaline hydrolysis process: 264 (i) in a crypt, niche, grave, or scattering garden located in a dedicated cemetery; 265 (ii) by scattering the remains over uninhabited public land, the sea, or other public 266 waterways subject to health and environmental laws and regulations; or 267 (iii) in any manner on the private property of a consenting owner. 268 (b) If the authorizing agent intends to dispose of the remains from the alkaline

269	hydrolysis process [are to be disposed of]on private property, other than dedicated
270	cemetery property, the authorizing agent shall provide the funeral service
271	establishment with the written consent of the property owner before disposal of the
272	remains.
273	(c) In order to scatter remains from the alkaline hydrolysis process under Subsection
274	(3)(a)(ii) or (iii), the remains must be reduced to a particle size of one-eighth inch or
275	less and removed from the remains' closed container.
276	[(4) Under this section, a funeral service establishment may not release remains from the
277	alkaline hydrolysis process to the authorizing agent or the agent's designated
278	representative for scattering until the funeral service establishment is given a receipt that
279	shows the proper filing has been made with the local registrar of births and deaths.]
280	Section 4. Effective Date.
281	This bill takes effect on May 6, 2026.