

UNCONVENTIONAL VEHICLE AMENDMENTS

2016 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

LONG TITLE**General Description:**

This bill enacts requirements related to an autocycle.

Highlighted Provisions:

This bill:

- ▶ defines an autocycle;
- ▶ makes an autocycle subject to the same requirements as a motorcycle under the Motor Vehicle Act;
- ▶ requires a driver of an autocycle to wear a helmet if the driver is under 18 years of age and the autocycle is not fully enclosed;
- ▶ defines safety equipment required for an autocycle; and
- ▶ makes technical changes.

Money Appropriated in this Bill:

None

Other Special Clauses:

None

Utah Code Sections Affected:

AMENDS:

41-1a-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapters 61, 237, and 237

41-6a-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapters 104 and 229

41-6a-1505, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 412

41-6a-1506, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 412

53-3-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapters 52, 461 and last amended by Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 52

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

Section 1. Section **41-1a-102** is amended to read:

41-1a-102. Definitions.

33 As used in this chapter:

34 (1) "Actual miles" means the actual distance a vehicle has traveled while in operation.

35 (2) "Actual weight" means the actual unladen weight of a vehicle or combination of
36 vehicles as operated and certified to by a weighmaster.

37 (3) "All-terrain type I vehicle" has the same meaning provided in Section 41-22-2.

38 (4) "All-terrain type II vehicle" has the same meaning provided in Section 41-22-2.

39 (5) "Amateur radio operator" means any person licensed by the Federal
40 Communications Commission to engage in private and experimental two-way radio operation
41 on the amateur band radio frequencies.

42 (6) "Autocycle" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53-3-102.

43 [~~(6)~~] (7) "Branded title" means a title certificate that is labeled:

44 (a) rebuilt and restored to operation;

45 (b) flooded and restored to operation; or

46 (c) not restored to operation.

47 [~~(7)~~] (8) "Camper" means any structure designed, used, and maintained primarily to be
48 mounted on or affixed to a motor vehicle that contains a floor and is designed to provide a
49 mobile dwelling, sleeping place, commercial space, or facilities for human habitation or for
50 camping.

51 [~~(8)~~] (9) "Certificate of title" means a document issued by a jurisdiction to establish a
52 record of ownership between an identified owner and the described vehicle, vessel, or outboard
53 motor.

54 [~~(9)~~] (10) "Certified scale weigh ticket" means a weigh ticket that has been issued by a
55 weighmaster.

56 [~~(10)~~] (11) "Commercial vehicle" means a motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer used or
57 maintained for the transportation of persons or property that operates:

58 (a) as a carrier for hire, compensation, or profit; or

59 (b) as a carrier to transport the vehicle owner's goods or property in furtherance of the
60 owner's commercial enterprise.

61 [~~(11)~~] (12) "Commission" means the State Tax Commission.

62 [~~(12)~~] (13) "Dealer" means a person engaged or licensed to engage in the business of
63 buying, selling, or exchanging new or used vehicles, vessels, or outboard motors either outright

64 or on conditional sale, bailment, lease, chattel mortgage, or otherwise or who has an
65 established place of business for the sale, lease, trade, or display of vehicles, vessels, or
66 outboard motors.

67 ~~[(13)]~~ (14) "Division" means the Motor Vehicle Division of the commission, created in
68 Section 41-1a-106.

69 ~~[(14)]~~ (15) "Essential parts" means all integral and body parts of a vehicle of a type
70 required to be registered in this state, the removal, alteration, or substitution of which would
71 tend to conceal the identity of the vehicle or substantially alter its appearance, model, type, or
72 mode of operation.

73 ~~[(15)]~~ (16) "Farm tractor" means every motor vehicle designed and used primarily as a
74 farm implement for drawing plows, mowing machines, and other implements of husbandry.

75 ~~[(16)]~~ (17) (a) "Farm truck" means a truck used by the owner or operator of a farm
76 solely for his own use in the transportation of:

77 (i) farm products, including livestock and its products, poultry and its products,
78 floricultural and horticultural products;

79 (ii) farm supplies, including tile, fence, and every other thing or commodity used in
80 agricultural, floricultural, horticultural, livestock, and poultry production; and

81 (iii) livestock, poultry, and other animals and things used for breeding, feeding, or
82 other purposes connected with the operation of a farm.

83 (b) "Farm truck" does not include the operation of trucks by commercial processors of
84 agricultural products.

85 ~~[(17)]~~ (18) "Fleet" means one or more commercial vehicles.

86 ~~[(18)]~~ (19) "Foreign vehicle" means a vehicle of a type required to be registered,
87 brought into this state from another state, territory, or country other than in the ordinary course
88 of business by or through a manufacturer or dealer, and not registered in this state.

89 ~~[(19)]~~ (20) "Gross laden weight" means the actual weight of a vehicle or combination
90 of vehicles, equipped for operation, to which shall be added the maximum load to be carried.

91 ~~[(20)]~~ (21) "Highway" or "street" means the entire width between property lines of
92 every way or place of whatever nature when any part of it is open to the public, as a matter of
93 right, for purposes of vehicular traffic.

94 ~~[(21)]~~ (22) (a) "Identification number" means the identifying number assigned by the

95 manufacturer or by the division for the purpose of identifying the vehicle, vessel, or outboard
96 motor.

97 (b) "Identification number" includes a vehicle identification number, state assigned
98 identification number, hull identification number, and motor serial number.

99 ~~[(22)]~~ (23) "Implement of husbandry" means every vehicle designed or adapted and
100 used exclusively for an agricultural operation and only incidentally operated or moved upon the
101 highways.

102 ~~[(23)]~~ (24) (a) "In-state miles" means the total number of miles operated in this state
103 during the preceding year by fleet power units.

104 (b) If fleets are composed entirely of trailers or semitrailers, "in-state miles" means the
105 total number of miles that those vehicles were towed on Utah highways during the preceding
106 year.

107 ~~[(24)]~~ (25) "Interstate vehicle" means any commercial vehicle operated in more than
108 one state, province, territory, or possession of the United States or foreign country.

109 ~~[(25)]~~ (26) "Jurisdiction" means a state, district, province, political subdivision,
110 territory, or possession of the United States or any foreign country.

111 ~~[(26)]~~ (27) "Lienholder" means a person with a security interest in particular property.

112 ~~[(27)]~~ (28) "Manufactured home" means a transportable factory built housing unit
113 constructed on or after June 15, 1976, according to the Federal Home Construction and Safety
114 Standards Act of 1974 (HUD Code), in one or more sections, which, in the traveling mode, is
115 eight body feet or more in width or 40 body feet or more in length, or when erected on site, is
116 400 or more square feet, and which is built on a permanent chassis and designed to be used as a
117 dwelling with or without a permanent foundation when connected to the required utilities, and
118 includes the plumbing, heating, air-conditioning, and electrical systems.

119 ~~[(28)]~~ (29) "Manufacturer" means a person engaged in the business of constructing,
120 manufacturing, assembling, producing, or importing new or unused vehicles, vessels, or
121 outboard motors for the purpose of sale or trade.

122 ~~[(29)]~~ (30) "Mobile home" means a transportable factory built housing unit built prior
123 to June 15, 1976, in accordance with a state mobile home code which existed prior to the
124 Federal Manufactured Housing and Safety Standards Act (HUD Code).

125 ~~[(30)]~~ (31) "Motorboat" has the same meaning as provided in Section 73-18-2.

126 ~~[(31)]~~ (32) "Motorcycle" means:

127 (a) a motor vehicle having a saddle for the use of the rider and designed to travel on not
128 more than three wheels in contact with the ground~~[-];~~ or

129 (b) an autocycle.

130 ~~[(32)]~~ (33) (a) "Motor vehicle" means a self-propelled vehicle intended primarily for
131 use and operation on the highways.

132 (b) "Motor vehicle" does not include an off-highway vehicle.

133 ~~[(33)]~~ (34) (a) "Nonresident" means a person who is not a resident of this state as
134 defined by Section 41-1a-202, and who does not engage in intrastate business within this state
135 and does not operate in that business any motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer within this state.

136 (b) A person who engages in intrastate business within this state and operates in that
137 business any motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer in this state or who, even though engaging in
138 interstate commerce, maintains any vehicle in this state as the home station of that vehicle is
139 considered a resident of this state, insofar as that vehicle is concerned in administering this
140 chapter.

141 ~~[(34)]~~ (35) "Odometer" means a device for measuring and recording the actual distance
142 a vehicle travels while in operation, but does not include any auxiliary odometer designed to be
143 periodically reset.

144 ~~[(35)]~~ (36) "Off-highway implement of husbandry" has the same meaning as provided
145 in Section 41-22-2.

146 ~~[(36)]~~ (37) "Off-highway vehicle" has the same meaning as provided in Section
147 41-22-2.

148 ~~[(37)]~~ (38) "Operate" means to drive or be in actual physical control of a vehicle or to
149 navigate a vessel.

150 ~~[(38)]~~ (39) "Outboard motor" means a detachable self-contained propulsion unit,
151 excluding fuel supply, used to propel a vessel.

152 ~~[(39)]~~ (40) (a) "Owner" means a person, other than a lienholder, holding title to a
153 vehicle, vessel, or outboard motor whether or not the vehicle, vessel, or outboard motor is
154 subject to a security interest.

155 (b) If a vehicle is the subject of an agreement for the conditional sale or installment
156 sale or mortgage of the vehicle with the right of purchase upon performance of the conditions

157 stated in the agreement and with an immediate right of possession vested in the conditional
158 vendee or mortgagor, or if the vehicle is the subject of a security agreement, then the
159 conditional vendee, mortgagor, or debtor is considered the owner for the purposes of this
160 chapter.

161 (c) If a vehicle is the subject of an agreement to lease, the lessor is considered the
162 owner until the lessee exercises his option to purchase the vehicle.

163 [~~(40)~~] (41) "Park model recreational vehicle" means a unit that:

164 (a) is designed and marketed as temporary living quarters for recreational, camping,
165 travel, or seasonal use;

166 (b) is not permanently affixed to real property for use as a permanent dwelling;

167 (c) requires a special highway movement permit for transit; and

168 (d) is built on a single chassis mounted on wheels with a gross trailer area not
169 exceeding 400 square feet in the setup mode.

170 [~~(41)~~] (42) "Personalized license plate" means a license plate that has displayed on it a
171 combination of letters, numbers, or both as requested by the owner of the vehicle and assigned
172 to the vehicle by the division.

173 [~~(42)~~] (43) (a) "Pickup truck" means a two-axle motor vehicle with motive power
174 manufactured, remanufactured, or materially altered to provide an open cargo area.

175 (b) "Pickup truck" includes motor vehicles with the open cargo area covered with a
176 camper, camper shell, tarp, removable top, or similar structure.

177 [~~(43)~~] (44) "Pneumatic tire" means every tire in which compressed air is designed to
178 support the load.

179 [~~(44)~~] (45) "Preceding year" means a period of 12 consecutive months fixed by the
180 division that is within 16 months immediately preceding the commencement of the registration
181 or license year in which proportional registration is sought. The division in fixing the period
182 shall conform it to the terms, conditions, and requirements of any applicable agreement or
183 arrangement for the proportional registration of vehicles.

184 [~~(45)~~] (46) "Public garage" means every building or other place where vehicles or
185 vessels are kept and stored and where a charge is made for the storage and keeping of vehicles
186 and vessels.

187 [~~(46)~~] (47) "Receipt of surrender of ownership documents" means the receipt of

188 surrender of ownership documents described in Section 41-1a-503.

189 ~~[(47)]~~ (48) "Reconstructed vehicle" means every vehicle of a type required to be
190 registered in this state that is materially altered from its original construction by the removal,
191 addition, or substitution of essential parts, new or used.

192 ~~[(48)]~~ (49) "Recreational vehicle" has the same meaning as provided in Section
193 13-14-102.

194 ~~[(49)]~~ (50) "Registration" means a document issued by a jurisdiction that allows
195 operation of a vehicle or vessel on the highways or waters of this state for the time period for
196 which the registration is valid and that is evidence of compliance with the registration
197 requirements of the jurisdiction.

198 ~~[(50)]~~ (51) (a) "Registration year" means a 12 consecutive month period commencing
199 with the completion of all applicable registration criteria.

200 (b) For administration of a multistate agreement for proportional registration the
201 division may prescribe a different 12-month period.

202 ~~[(51)]~~ (52) "Repair or replacement" means the restoration of vehicles, vessels, or
203 outboard motors to a sound working condition by substituting any inoperative part of the
204 vehicle, vessel, or outboard motor, or by correcting the inoperative part.

205 ~~[(52)]~~ (53) "Replica vehicle" means:

206 (a) a street rod that meets the requirements under Subsection 41-21-1(1)(a)(i)(B); or

207 (b) a custom vehicle that meets the requirements under Subsection

208 41-6a-1507(1)(a)(i)(B).

209 ~~[(53)]~~ (54) "Road tractor" means every motor vehicle designed and used for drawing
210 other vehicles and constructed so it does not carry any load either independently or any part of
211 the weight of a vehicle or load that is drawn.

212 ~~[(54)]~~ (55) "Sailboat" has the same meaning as provided in Section 73-18-2.

213 ~~[(55)]~~ (56) "Security interest" means an interest that is reserved or created by a security
214 agreement to secure the payment or performance of an obligation and that is valid against third
215 parties.

216 ~~[(56)]~~ (57) "Semitrailer" means every vehicle without motive power designed for
217 carrying persons or property and for being drawn by a motor vehicle and constructed so that
218 some part of its weight and its load rests or is carried by another vehicle.

219 ~~[(57)]~~ (58) "Special group license plate" means a type of license plate designed for a
220 particular group of people or a license plate authorized and issued by the division in accordance
221 with Section 41-1a-418.

222 ~~[(58)]~~ (59) (a) "Special interest vehicle" means a vehicle used for general
223 transportation purposes and that is:

224 (i) 20 years or older from the current year; or

225 (ii) a make or model of motor vehicle recognized by the division director as having
226 unique interest or historic value.

227 (b) In making his determination under Subsection ~~[(58)]~~ (59)(a), the division director
228 shall give special consideration to:

229 (i) a make of motor vehicle that is no longer manufactured;

230 (ii) a make or model of motor vehicle produced in limited or token quantities;

231 (iii) a make or model of motor vehicle produced as an experimental vehicle or one
232 designed exclusively for educational purposes or museum display; or

233 (iv) a motor vehicle of any age or make that has not been substantially altered or
234 modified from original specifications of the manufacturer and because of its significance is
235 being collected, preserved, restored, maintained, or operated by a collector or hobbyist as a
236 leisure pursuit.

237 ~~[(59)]~~ (60) (a) "Special mobile equipment" means every vehicle:

238 (i) not designed or used primarily for the transportation of persons or property;

239 (ii) not designed to operate in traffic; and

240 (iii) only incidentally operated or moved over the highways.

241 (b) "Special mobile equipment" includes:

242 (i) farm tractors;

243 (ii) off-road motorized construction or maintenance equipment including backhoes,
244 bulldozers, compactors, graders, loaders, road rollers, tractors, and trenchers; and

245 (iii) ditch-digging apparatus.

246 (c) "Special mobile equipment" does not include a commercial vehicle as defined
247 under Section 72-9-102.

248 ~~[(60)]~~ (61) "Specially constructed vehicle" means every vehicle of a type required to be
249 registered in this state, not originally constructed under a distinctive name, make, model, or

250 type by a generally recognized manufacturer of vehicles, and not materially altered from its
251 original construction.

252 ~~[(61)]~~ (62) "Title" means the right to or ownership of a vehicle, vessel, or outboard
253 motor.

254 ~~[(62)]~~ (63) (a) "Total fleet miles" means the total number of miles operated in all
255 jurisdictions during the preceding year by power units.

256 (b) If fleets are composed entirely of trailers or semitrailers, "total fleet miles" means
257 the number of miles that those vehicles were towed on the highways of all jurisdictions during
258 the preceding year.

259 ~~[(63)]~~ (64) "Trailer" means a vehicle without motive power designed for carrying
260 persons or property and for being drawn by a motor vehicle and constructed so that no part of
261 its weight rests upon the towing vehicle.

262 ~~[(64)]~~ (65) "Transferee" means a person to whom the ownership of property is
263 conveyed by sale, gift, or any other means except by the creation of a security interest.

264 ~~[(65)]~~ (66) "Transferor" means a person who transfers his ownership in property by
265 sale, gift, or any other means except by creation of a security interest.

266 ~~[(66)]~~ (67) "Travel trailer," "camping trailer," or "fifth wheel trailer" means a portable
267 vehicle without motive power, designed as a temporary dwelling for travel, recreational, or
268 vacation use that does not require a special highway movement permit when drawn by a
269 self-propelled motor vehicle.

270 ~~[(67)]~~ (68) "Truck tractor" means a motor vehicle designed and used primarily for
271 drawing other vehicles and not constructed to carry a load other than a part of the weight of the
272 vehicle and load that is drawn.

273 ~~[(68)]~~ (69) "Vehicle" includes a motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, off-highway vehicle,
274 camper, park model recreational vehicle, manufactured home, and mobile home.

275 ~~[(69)]~~ (70) "Vessel" has the same meaning as provided in Section 73-18-2.

276 ~~[(70)]~~ (71) "Vintage vehicle" has the same meaning as provided in Section 41-21-1.

277 ~~[(71)]~~ (72) "Waters of this state" has the same meaning as provided in Section 73-18-2.

278 ~~[(72)]~~ (73) "Weighmaster" means a person, association of persons, or corporation
279 permitted to weigh vehicles under this chapter.

280 Section 2. Section **41-6a-102** is amended to read:

281 **41-6a-102. Definitions.**

282 As used in this chapter:

283 (1) "Alley" means a street or highway intended to provide access to the rear or side of
284 lots or buildings in urban districts and not intended for through vehicular traffic.

285 (2) "All-terrain type I vehicle" has the same meaning as defined in Section 41-22-2.

286 (3) "Authorized emergency vehicle" includes:

287 (a) fire department vehicles;

288 (b) police vehicles;

289 (c) ambulances; and

290 (d) other publicly or privately owned vehicles as designated by the commissioner of the
291 Department of Public Safety.292 (4) "Autocycle" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53-3-102.293 [~~(4)~~] (5) (a) "Bicycle" means a wheeled vehicle:

294 (i) propelled by human power by feet or hands acting upon pedals or cranks;

295 (ii) with a seat or saddle designed for the use of the operator;

296 (iii) designed to be operated on the ground; and

297 (iv) whose wheels are not less than 14 inches in diameter.

298 (b) "Bicycle" includes an electric assisted bicycle.

299 (c) "Bicycle" does not include scooters and similar devices.

300 [~~(5)~~] (6) (a) "Bus" means a motor vehicle:301 (i) designed for carrying more than 15 passengers and used for the transportation of
302 persons; or

303 (ii) designed and used for the transportation of persons for compensation.

304 (b) "Bus" does not include a taxicab.

305 [~~(6)~~] (7) (a) "Circular intersection" means an intersection that has an island, generally
306 circular in design, located in the center of the intersection where traffic passes to the right of
307 the island.

308 (b) "Circular intersection" includes:

309 (i) roundabouts;

310 (ii) rotaries; and

311 (iii) traffic circles.

312 ~~[(7)]~~ (8) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the Department of Public Safety.

313 ~~[(8)]~~ (9) "Controlled-access highway" means a highway, street, or roadway:

314 (a) designed primarily for through traffic; and

315 (b) to or from which owners or occupants of abutting lands and other persons have no
316 legal right of access, except at points as determined by the highway authority having
317 jurisdiction over the highway, street, or roadway.

318 ~~[(9)]~~ (10) "Crosswalk" means:

319 (a) that part of a roadway at an intersection included within the connections of the
320 lateral lines of the sidewalks on opposite sides of the highway measured from:

321 (i) (A) the curbs; or

322 (B) in the absence of curbs, from the edges of the traversable roadway; and

323 (ii) in the absence of a sidewalk on one side of the roadway, that part of a roadway
324 included within the extension of the lateral lines of the existing sidewalk at right angles to the
325 centerline; or

326 (b) any portion of a roadway at an intersection or elsewhere distinctly indicated for
327 pedestrian crossing by lines or other markings on the surface.

328 ~~[(10)]~~ (11) "Department" means the Department of Public Safety.

329 ~~[(11)]~~ (12) "Direct supervision" means oversight at a distance within which:

330 (a) visual contact is maintained; and

331 (b) advice and assistance can be given and received.

332 ~~[(12)]~~ (13) "Divided highway" means a highway divided into two or more roadways
333 by:

334 (a) an unpaved intervening space;

335 (b) a physical barrier; or

336 (c) a clearly indicated dividing section constructed to impede vehicular traffic.

337 ~~[(13)]~~ (14) "Electric assisted bicycle" means a moped:

338 (a) with an electric motor with a power output of not more than 1,000 watts; and

339 (b) which is not capable of:

340 (i) propelling the device at a speed of more than 20 miles per hour on level ground

341 when:

342 (A) powered solely by the electric motor; and

343 (B) operated by a person who weighs 170 pounds; and
344 (ii) increasing the speed of the device when human power is used to propel the device
345 at more than 20 miles per hour;

346 (c) has fully operable pedals on permanently affixed cranks; and

347 (d) weighs less than 75 pounds.

348 [~~(14)~~] (15) (a) "Electric personal assistive mobility device" means a self-balancing
349 device with:

350 (i) two nontandem wheels in contact with the ground;

351 (ii) a system capable of steering and stopping the unit under typical operating
352 conditions;

353 (iii) an electric propulsion system with average power of one horsepower or 750 watts;

354 (iv) a maximum speed capacity on a paved, level surface of 12.5 miles per hour; and

355 (v) a deck design for a person to stand while operating the device.

356 (b) "Electric personal assistive mobility device" does not include a wheelchair.

357 [~~(15)~~] (16) "Explosives" means any chemical compound or mechanical mixture
358 commonly used or intended for the purpose of producing an explosion and that contains any
359 oxidizing and combustive units or other ingredients in proportions, quantities, or packing so
360 that an ignition by fire, friction, concussion, percussion, or detonator of any part of the
361 compound or mixture may cause a sudden generation of highly heated gases, and the resultant
362 gaseous pressures are capable of producing destructive effects on contiguous objects or of
363 causing death or serious bodily injury.

364 [~~(16)~~] (17) "Farm tractor" means a motor vehicle designed and used primarily as a farm
365 implement, for drawing plows, mowing machines, and other implements of husbandry.

366 [~~(17)~~] (18) "Flammable liquid" means a liquid that has a flashpoint of 100 degrees F. or
367 less, as determined by a tagliabue or equivalent closed-cup test device.

368 [~~(18)~~] (19) "Freeway" means a controlled-access highway that is part of the interstate
369 system as defined in Section 72-1-102.

370 [~~(19)~~] (20) (a) "Full-sized all-terrain vehicle" means any recreational vehicle designed
371 for and capable of travel over unimproved terrain:

372 (i) traveling on four or more tires;

373 (ii) having a width that, when measured at the widest point of the vehicle:

- 374 (A) is not less than 55 inches; or
375 (B) does not exceed 92 inches;
376 (iii) having an unladen dry weight of 6,500 pounds or less;
377 (iv) having a maximum seat height of 50 inches when measured at the forward edge of
378 the seat bottom; and
379 (v) having a steering wheel for control.
- 380 (b) "Full-sized all-terrain vehicle" does not include:
381 (i) all-terrain type I vehicle;
382 (ii) a utility type vehicle;
383 (iii) a motorcycle; or
384 (iv) a snowmobile as defined in Section 41-22-2.
- 385 ~~[(20)]~~ (21) "Gore area" means the area delineated by two solid white lines that is
386 between a continuing lane of a through roadway and a lane used to enter or exit the continuing
387 lane including similar areas between merging or splitting highways.
- 388 ~~[(21)]~~ (22) "Gross weight" means the weight of a vehicle without a load plus the
389 weight of any load on the vehicle.
- 390 ~~[(22)]~~ (23) "Highway" means the entire width between property lines of every way or
391 place of any nature when any part of it is open to the use of the public as a matter of right for
392 vehicular travel.
- 393 ~~[(23)]~~ (24) "Highway authority" has the same meaning as defined in Section 72-1-102.
- 394 ~~[(24)]~~ (25) (a) "Intersection" means the area embraced within the prolongation or
395 connection of the lateral curblines, or, if none, then the lateral boundary lines of the roadways
396 of two or more highways which join one another.
- 397 (b) Where a highway includes two roadways 30 feet or more apart:
398 (i) every crossing of each roadway of the divided highway by an intersecting highway
399 is a separate intersection; and
400 (ii) if the intersecting highway also includes two roadways 30 feet or more apart, then
401 every crossing of two roadways of the highways is a separate intersection.
- 402 (c) "Intersection" does not include the junction of an alley with a street or highway.
- 403 ~~[(25)]~~ (26) "Island" means an area between traffic lanes or at an intersection for control
404 of vehicle movements or for pedestrian refuge designated by:

405 (a) pavement markings, which may include an area designated by two solid yellow
406 lines surrounding the perimeter of the area;

407 (b) channelizing devices;

408 (c) curbs;

409 (d) pavement edges; or

410 (e) other devices.

411 [~~26~~] (27) "Law enforcement agency" has the same meaning as defined in Section
412 53-1-102.

413 [~~27~~] (28) "Limited access highway" means a highway:

414 (a) that is designated specifically for through traffic; and

415 (b) over, from, or to which neither owners nor occupants of abutting lands nor other
416 persons have any right or easement, or have only a limited right or easement of access, light,
417 air, or view.

418 [~~28~~] (29) "Local highway authority" means the legislative, executive, or governing
419 body of a county, municipal, or other local board or body having authority to enact laws
420 relating to traffic under the constitution and laws of the state.

421 [~~29~~] (30) (a) "Low-speed vehicle" means a four wheeled electric motor vehicle that:

422 (i) is designed to be operated at speeds of not more than 25 miles per hour; and

423 (ii) has a capacity of not more than four passengers, including the driver.

424 (b) "Low-speed vehicle" does not include a golfcart or an off-highway vehicle.

425 [~~30~~] (31) "Metal tire" means a tire, the surface of which in contact with the highway
426 is wholly or partly of metal or other hard nonresilient material.

427 [~~31~~] (32) (a) "Mini-motorcycle" means a motorcycle or motor-driven cycle that has a
428 seat or saddle that is less than 24 inches from the ground as measured on a level surface with
429 properly inflated tires.

430 (b) "Mini-motorcycle" does not include a moped or a motor assisted scooter.

431 (c) "Mini-motorcycle" does not include a motorcycle that is:

432 (i) designed for off-highway use; and

433 (ii) registered as an off-highway vehicle under Section 41-22-3.

434 [~~32~~] (33) "Mobile home" means:

435 (a) a trailer or semitrailer that is:

436 (i) designed, constructed, and equipped as a dwelling place, living abode, or sleeping
437 place either permanently or temporarily; and

438 (ii) equipped for use as a conveyance on streets and highways; or

439 (b) a trailer or a semitrailer whose chassis and exterior shell is designed and
440 constructed for use as a mobile home, as defined in Subsection [~~(32)~~] (33)(a), but that is
441 instead used permanently or temporarily for:

442 (i) the advertising, sale, display, or promotion of merchandise or services; or

443 (ii) any other commercial purpose except the transportation of property for hire or the
444 transportation of property for distribution by a private carrier.

445 [~~(33)~~] (34) (a) "Moped" means a motor-driven cycle having:

446 (i) pedals to permit propulsion by human power; and

447 (ii) a motor that:

448 (A) produces not more than two brake horsepower; and

449 (B) is not capable of propelling the cycle at a speed in excess of 30 miles per hour on
450 level ground.

451 (b) If an internal combustion engine is used, the displacement may not exceed 50 cubic
452 centimeters and the moped shall have a power drive system that functions directly or
453 automatically without clutching or shifting by the operator after the drive system is engaged.

454 (c) "Moped" includes an electric assisted bicycle and a motor assisted scooter.

455 [~~(34)~~] (35) "Motor assisted scooter" means a self-propelled device with:

456 (a) at least two wheels in contact with the ground;

457 (b) a braking system capable of stopping the unit under typical operating conditions;

458 (c) a gas or electric motor not exceeding 40 cubic centimeters;

459 (d) either:

460 (i) a deck design for a person to stand while operating the device; or

461 (ii) a deck and seat designed for a person to sit, straddle, or stand while operating the
462 device; and

463 (e) a design for the ability to be propelled by human power alone.

464 [~~(35)~~] (36) "Motorcycle" means:

465 (a) a motor vehicle, other than a tractor, having a seat or saddle for the use of the rider
466 and designed to travel with not more than three wheels in contact with the ground[-]; or

467 (b) an autocycle.

468 [~~(36)~~] (37) (a) "Motor-driven cycle" means every motorcycle, motor scooter, moped,
469 electric assisted bicycle, motor assisted scooter, and every motorized bicycle having:

470 (i) an engine with less than 150 cubic centimeters displacement; or

471 (ii) a motor that produces not more than five horsepower.

472 (b) "Motor-driven cycle" does not include an electric personal assistive mobility
473 device.

474 [~~(37)~~] (38) (a) "Motor vehicle" means a vehicle that is self-propelled and every vehicle
475 which is propelled by electric power obtained from overhead trolley wires, but not operated
476 upon rails.

477 (b) "Motor vehicle" does not include vehicles moved solely by human power,
478 motorized wheelchairs, or an electric personal assistive mobility device.

479 [~~(38)~~] (39) "Off-highway implement of husbandry" has the same meaning as defined
480 under Section 41-22-2.

481 [~~(39)~~] (40) "Off-highway vehicle" has the same meaning as defined under Section
482 41-22-2.

483 [~~(40)~~] (41) "Operator" means a person who is in actual physical control of a vehicle.

484 [~~(41)~~] (42) (a) "Park" or "parking" means the standing of a vehicle, whether the vehicle
485 is occupied or not.

486 (b) "Park" or "parking" does not include the standing of a vehicle temporarily for the
487 purpose of and while actually engaged in loading or unloading property or passengers.

488 [~~(42)~~] (43) "Peace officer" means a peace officer authorized under Title 53, Chapter 13,
489 Peace Officer Classifications, to direct or regulate traffic or to make arrests for violations of
490 traffic laws.

491 [~~(43)~~] (44) "Pedestrian" means a person traveling:

492 (a) on foot; or

493 (b) in a wheelchair.

494 [~~(44)~~] (45) "Pedestrian traffic-control signal" means a traffic-control signal used to
495 regulate pedestrians.

496 [~~(45)~~] (46) "Person" means every natural person, firm, copartnership, association, or
497 corporation.

498 ~~[(46)]~~ (47) "Pole trailer" means every vehicle without motive power:

499 (a) designed to be drawn by another vehicle and attached to the towing vehicle by
500 means of a reach, or pole, or by being boomed or otherwise secured to the towing vehicle; and

501 (b) that is ordinarily used for transporting long or irregular shaped loads including
502 poles, pipes, or structural members generally capable of sustaining themselves as beams
503 between the supporting connections.

504 ~~[(47)]~~ (48) "Private road or driveway" means every way or place in private ownership
505 and used for vehicular travel by the owner and those having express or implied permission
506 from the owner, but not by other persons.

507 ~~[(48)]~~ (49) "Railroad" means a carrier of persons or property upon cars operated on
508 stationary rails.

509 ~~[(49)]~~ (50) "Railroad sign or signal" means a sign, signal, or device erected by
510 authority of a public body or official or by a railroad and intended to give notice of the presence
511 of railroad tracks or the approach of a railroad train.

512 ~~[(50)]~~ (51) "Railroad train" means a locomotive propelled by any form of energy,
513 coupled with or operated without cars, and operated upon rails.

514 ~~[(51)]~~ (52) "Right-of-way" means the right of one vehicle or pedestrian to proceed in a
515 lawful manner in preference to another vehicle or pedestrian approaching under circumstances
516 of direction, speed, and proximity that give rise to danger of collision unless one grants
517 precedence to the other.

518 ~~[(52)]~~ (53) (a) "Roadway" means that portion of highway improved, designed, or
519 ordinarily used for vehicular travel.

520 (b) "Roadway" does not include the sidewalk, berm, or shoulder, even though any of
521 them are used by persons riding bicycles or other human-powered vehicles.

522 (c) "Roadway" refers to any roadway separately but not to all roadways collectively, if
523 a highway includes two or more separate roadways.

524 ~~[(53)]~~ (54) "Safety zone" means the area or space officially set apart within a roadway
525 for the exclusive use of pedestrians and that is protected, marked, or indicated by adequate
526 signs as to be plainly visible at all times while set apart as a safety zone.

527 ~~[(54)]~~ (55) (a) "School bus" means a motor vehicle that:

528 (i) complies with the color and identification requirements of the most recent edition of

529 "Minimum Standards for School Buses"; and

530 (ii) is used to transport school children to or from school or school activities.

531 (b) "School bus" does not include a vehicle operated by a common carrier in
532 transportation of school children to or from school or school activities.

533 [~~(55)~~] (56) (a) "Semitrailer" means a vehicle with or without motive power:

534 (i) designed for carrying persons or property and for being drawn by a motor vehicle;
535 and

536 (ii) constructed so that some part of its weight and that of its load rests on or is carried
537 by another vehicle.

538 (b) "Semitrailer" does not include a pole trailer.

539 [~~(56)~~] (57) "Shoulder area" means:

540 (a) that area of the hard-surfaced highway separated from the roadway by a pavement
541 edge line as established in the current approved "Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices";
542 or

543 (b) that portion of the road contiguous to the roadway for accommodation of stopped
544 vehicles, for emergency use, and for lateral support.

545 [~~(57)~~] (58) "Sidewalk" means that portion of a street between the curb lines, or the
546 lateral lines of a roadway, and the adjacent property lines intended for the use of pedestrians.

547 [~~(58)~~] (59) "Solid rubber tire" means a tire of rubber or other resilient material that
548 does not depend on compressed air for the support of the load.

549 [~~(59)~~] (60) "Stand" or "standing" means the temporary halting of a vehicle, whether
550 occupied or not, for the purpose of and while actually engaged in receiving or discharging
551 passengers.

552 [~~(60)~~] (61) "Stop" when required means complete cessation from movement.

553 [~~(61)~~] (62) "Stop" or "stopping" when prohibited means any halting even momentarily
554 of a vehicle, whether occupied or not, except when:

555 (a) necessary to avoid conflict with other traffic; or

556 (b) in compliance with the directions of a peace officer or traffic-control device.

557 [~~(62)~~] (63) "Street-legal all-terrain vehicle" or "street-legal ATV" means an all-terrain
558 type I vehicle, utility type vehicle, or full-sized all-terrain vehicle that is modified to meet the
559 requirements of Section 41-6a-1509 to operate on highways in the state in accordance with

560 Section 41-6a-1509.

561 ~~[(63)]~~ (64) "Traffic" means pedestrians, ridden or herded animals, vehicles, and other
562 conveyances either singly or together while using any highway for the purpose of travel.

563 ~~[(64)]~~ (65) "Traffic-control device" means a sign, signal, marking, or device not
564 inconsistent with this chapter placed or erected by a highway authority for the purpose of
565 regulating, warning, or guiding traffic.

566 ~~[(65)]~~ (66) "Traffic-control signal" means a device, whether manually, electrically, or
567 mechanically operated, by which traffic is alternately directed to stop and permitted to proceed.

568 ~~[(66)]~~ (67) "Traffic signal preemption device" means an instrument or mechanism
569 designed, intended, or used to interfere with the operation or cycle of a traffic-control signal.

570 ~~[(67)]~~ (68) (a) "Trailer" means a vehicle with or without motive power designed for
571 carrying persons or property and for being drawn by a motor vehicle and constructed so that no
572 part of its weight rests upon the towing vehicle.

573 (b) "Trailer" does not include a pole trailer.

574 ~~[(68)]~~ (69) "Truck" means a motor vehicle designed, used, or maintained primarily for
575 the transportation of property.

576 ~~[(69)]~~ (70) "Truck tractor" means a motor vehicle:

577 (a) designed and used primarily for drawing other vehicles; and

578 (b) constructed to carry a part of the weight of the vehicle and load drawn by the truck
579 tractor.

580 ~~[(70)]~~ (71) "Two-way left turn lane" means a lane:

581 (a) provided for vehicle operators making left turns in either direction;

582 (b) that is not used for passing, overtaking, or through travel; and

583 (c) that has been indicated by a lane traffic-control device that may include lane
584 markings.

585 ~~[(71)]~~ (72) "Urban district" means the territory contiguous to and including any street,
586 in which structures devoted to business, industry, or dwelling houses are situated at intervals of
587 less than 100 feet, for a distance of a quarter of a mile or more.

588 ~~[(72)]~~ (73) (a) "Utility type vehicle" means any recreational vehicle designed for and
589 capable of travel over unimproved terrain:

590 (i) traveling on four or more tires;

- 591 (ii) having a width that, when measured at the widest point of the vehicle:
 592 (A) is not less than 30 inches; or
 593 (B) does not exceed 70 inches;
 594 (iii) having an unladen dry weight of 2,200 pounds or less;
 595 (iv) having a seat height of 20 to 40 inches when measured at the forward edge of the
 596 seat bottom; and
 597 (v) having side-by-side seating with a steering wheel for control.

598 (b) "Utility type vehicle" does not include:

- 599 (i) an all-terrain type I vehicle;
 600 (ii) a motorcycle; or
 601 (iii) a snowmobile as defined in Section 41-22-2.

602 ~~[(73)]~~ (74) "Vehicle" means a device in, on, or by which a person or property is or may
 603 be transported or drawn on a highway, except devices used exclusively on stationary rails or
 604 tracks.

605 Section 3. Section **41-6a-1505** is amended to read:

606 **41-6a-1505. Motorcycle or motor-driven cycle -- Protective headgear -- Closed**
 607 **cab excepted -- Electric assisted bicycles, motor assisted scooters, electric personal**
 608 **assistive mobility devices.**

609 (1) A person under the age of 18 may not operate or ride any of the following on a
 610 [~~motorcycle or motor-driven cycle on a~~] highway unless the person is wearing protective
 611 headgear [~~which~~] that complies with specifications adopted under Subsection (3)~~[-]~~:

- 612 (a) a motorcycle;
 613 (b) a motor-driven cycle; or
 614 (c) an auticycle that is not fully enclosed.

615 (2) This section does not apply to persons riding within an enclosed cab.

616 (3) The following standards and specifications for protective headgear are adopted:

- 617 (a) 49 C.F.R. 571.218 related to protective headgear for motorcycles; and
 618 (b) 16 C.F.R. Part 1203 related to protective headgear for bicycles, motor assisted
 619 scooters, and electric personal assistive mobility devices.

620 (4) A court shall waive \$8 of a fine charged to a person operating a motorcycle or
 621 motor-driven cycle for a moving traffic violation if the person was:

- 622 (a) 18 years of age or older at the time of operation; and
623 (b) wearing protective headgear that complies with the specifications adopted under
624 Subsection (3) at the time of operation.
- 625 (5) The failure to wear protective headgear:
626 (a) does not constitute contributory or comparative negligence on the part of a person
627 seeking recovery for injuries; and
628 (b) may not be introduced as evidence in any civil litigation on the issue of negligence,
629 injuries, or the mitigation of damages.
- 630 (6) Notwithstanding Subsection (4), a court may not waive \$8 of a fine charged to a
631 person operating a motorcycle or motor-driven cycle for a driving under the influence violation
632 of Section 41-6a-502.
- 633 (7) A violation of this section is an infraction.
- 634 Section 4. Section **41-6a-1506** is amended to read:
635 **41-6a-1506. Motorcycles -- Required equipment -- Brakes.**
- 636 (1) A motorcycle and a motor-driven cycle shall be equipped with the following items:
637 (a) one head lamp [~~which~~] that, when factory equipped with an automatic lighting
638 ignition system, may not be disconnected;
639 (b) one tail lamp;
640 (c) either a tail lamp or a separate lamp which illuminates the rear license plate with a
641 white light;
642 (d) one red reflector on the rear, either separate or as part of the tail lamp;
643 (e) one stop lamp;
644 (f) a braking system, other than parking brake, in accordance with Section 41-6a-1623;
645 (g) a horn or warning device in accordance with Section 41-6a-1625;
646 (h) a muffler and emission control system in accordance with Section 41-6a-1626;
647 (i) a mirror in accordance with Section 41-6a-1627; and
648 (j) tires in accordance with Section 41-6a-1636.
- 649 (2) An autocycle shall be equipped with the following items:
650 (a) a seatbelt for each seat installed in the autocycle in accordance with Section
651 41-6a-1628;
652 (b) at least one head lamp that, when factory equipped with an automatic lighting

653 ignition system, may not be disconnected;

654 (c) at least one tail lamp;

655 (d) either a tail lamp or a separate lamp that illuminates the rear license plate with a
656 white light;

657 (e) at least one red reflector, either separate or as part of the tail lamp or tail lamps;

658 (f) at least one stop lamp;

659 (g) a braking system, other than a parking brake, in accordance with Section
660 41-6a-1623;

661 (h) a horn or warning device in accordance with Section 41-6a-1625;

662 (i) a muffler and emission control system in accordance with Section 41-6a-1626;

663 (j) a mirror in accordance with Section 41-6a-1627; and

664 (k) tires in accordance with Section 41-6a-1636.

665 ~~[(2)]~~ (3) The department may require an inspection of the braking system on a
666 motor-driven cycle and disapprove a braking system that is not designed or constructed as to
667 insure reasonable and reliable performance in actual use in accordance with Section
668 41-6a-1623.

669 ~~[(3)]~~ (4) A person may not operate a motor-driven cycle on a highway if the department
670 has disapproved the braking system on the motor-driven cycle.

671 ~~[(4)]~~ (5) (a) Upon notice to the party to whom the motor-driven cycle is registered, the
672 department may suspend the registration of a motor-driven cycle if the department has
673 disapproved the braking system under this section.

674 (b) The Motor Vehicle Division shall, under Subsection 41-1a-109(1)(e) or (2), refuse
675 to register a motor-driven cycle if it has reason to believe the motor-driven cycle has a braking
676 system disapproved under this section.

677 ~~[(5)]~~ (6) A violation of this section is an infraction.

678 Section 5. Section **53-3-102** is amended to read:

679 **53-3-102. Definitions.**

680 As used in this chapter:

681 (1) "Autocycle" means a motor vehicle that:

682 (a) is designed to travel with three or fewer wheels in contact with the ground;

683 (b) is equipped with a steering wheel; and

684 (c) is equipped with seating that does not require the operator to straddle or sit astride
685 the vehicle.

686 ~~[(1)]~~ (2) "Cancellation" means the termination by the division of a license issued
687 through error or fraud or for which consent under Section 53-3-211 has been withdrawn.

688 ~~[(2)]~~ (3) "Class D license" means the class of license issued to drive motor vehicles not
689 defined as commercial motor vehicles or motorcycles under this chapter.

690 ~~[(3)]~~ (4) "Commercial driver instruction permit" or "CDIP" means a commercial
691 learner permit:

692 (a) issued under Section 53-3-408; or

693 (b) issued by a state or other jurisdiction of domicile in compliance with the standards
694 contained in 49 C.F.R. Part 383.

695 ~~[(4)]~~ (5) "Commercial driver license" or "CDL" means a license:

696 (a) issued substantially in accordance with the requirements of Title XII, Pub. L.
697 99-570, the Commercial Motor Vehicle Safety Act of 1986, and in accordance with Part 4,
698 Uniform Commercial Driver License Act, which authorizes the holder to drive a class of
699 commercial motor vehicle; and

700 (b) that was obtained by providing evidence of lawful presence in the United States
701 with one of the document requirements described in Subsection 53-3-410(1)(i)(i).

702 ~~[(5)]~~ (6) (a) "Commercial driver license motor vehicle record" or "CDL MVR" means a
703 driving record that:

704 (i) applies to a person who holds or is required to hold a commercial driver instruction
705 permit or a CDL license; and

706 (ii) contains the following:

707 (A) information contained in the driver history, including convictions, pleas held in
708 abeyance, disqualifications, and other licensing actions for violations of any state or local law
709 relating to motor vehicle traffic control, committed in any type of vehicle;

710 (B) driver self-certification status information under Section 53-3-410.1; and

711 (C) information from medical certification record keeping in accordance with 49
712 C.F.R. Sec. 383.73(o).

713 (b) "Commercial driver license motor vehicle record" or "CDL MVR" does not mean a
714 motor vehicle record described in Subsection 53-3-102(28).

715 ~~[(6)]~~ (7) (a) "Commercial motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle or combination of
716 motor vehicles designed or used to transport passengers or property if the motor vehicle:

717 (i) has a gross vehicle weight rating of 26,001 or more pounds or a lesser rating as
718 determined by federal regulation;

719 (ii) is designed to transport 16 or more passengers, including the driver; or

720 (iii) is transporting hazardous materials and is required to be placarded in accordance
721 with 49 C.F.R. Part 172, Subpart F.

722 (b) The following vehicles are not considered a commercial motor vehicle for purposes
723 of Part 4, Uniform Commercial Driver License Act:

724 (i) equipment owned and operated by the United States Department of Defense when
725 driven by any active duty military personnel and members of the reserves and national guard on
726 active duty including personnel on full-time national guard duty, personnel on part-time
727 training, and national guard military technicians and civilians who are required to wear military
728 uniforms and are subject to the code of military justice;

729 (ii) vehicles controlled and driven by a farmer to transport agricultural products, farm
730 machinery, or farm supplies to or from a farm within 150 miles of his farm but not in operation
731 as a motor carrier for hire;

732 (iii) firefighting and emergency vehicles;

733 (iv) recreational vehicles that are not used in commerce and are driven solely as family
734 or personal conveyances for recreational purposes; and

735 (v) vehicles used to provide transportation network services, as defined in Section
736 13-51-102.

737 ~~[(7)]~~ (8) "Conviction" means any of the following:

738 (a) an unvacated adjudication of guilt or a determination that a person has violated or
739 failed to comply with the law in a court of original jurisdiction or an administrative proceeding;

740 (b) an unvacated forfeiture of bail or collateral deposited to secure a person's
741 appearance in court;

742 (c) a plea of guilty or nolo contendere accepted by the court;

743 (d) the payment of a fine or court costs; or

744 (e) violation of a condition of release without bail, regardless of whether the penalty is
745 rebated, suspended, or probated.

746 ~~[(8)]~~ (9) "Denial" or "denied" means the withdrawal of a driving privilege by the
747 division to which the provisions of Title 41, Chapter 12a, Part 4, Proof of Owner's or
748 Operator's Security, do not apply.

749 ~~[(9)]~~ (10) "Director" means the division director appointed under Section 53-3-103.

750 ~~[(10)]~~ (11) "Disqualification" means either:

751 (a) the suspension, revocation, cancellation, denial, or any other withdrawal by a state
752 of a person's privileges to drive a commercial motor vehicle;

753 (b) a determination by the Federal Highway Administration, under 49 C.F.R. Part 386,
754 that a person is no longer qualified to drive a commercial motor vehicle under 49 C.F.R. Part
755 391; or

756 (c) the loss of qualification that automatically follows conviction of an offense listed in
757 49 C.F.R. Part 383.51.

758 ~~[(11)]~~ (12) "Division" means the Driver License Division of the department created in
759 Section 53-3-103.

760 ~~[(12)]~~ (13) "Downgrade" means to obtain a lower license class than what was
761 originally issued during an existing license cycle.

762 ~~[(13)]~~ (14) "Drive" means:

763 (a) to operate or be in physical control of a motor vehicle upon a highway; and

764 (b) in Subsections 53-3-414(1) through (3), Subsection 53-3-414(5), and Sections
765 53-3-417 and 53-3-418, the operation or physical control of a motor vehicle at any place within
766 the state.

767 ~~[(14)]~~ (15) (a) "Driver" means any person who drives, or is in actual physical control of
768 a motor vehicle in any location open to the general public for purposes of vehicular traffic.

769 (b) In Part 4, Uniform Commercial Driver License Act, "driver" includes any person
770 who is required to hold a CDL under Part 4, Uniform Commercial Driver License Act, or
771 federal law.

772 ~~[(15)]~~ (16) "Driving privilege card" means the evidence of the privilege granted and
773 issued under this chapter to drive a motor vehicle to a person whose privilege was obtained
774 without providing evidence of lawful presence in the United States.

775 ~~[(16)]~~ (17) "Extension" means a renewal completed in a manner specified by the
776 division.

777 [~~(17)~~] (18) "Farm tractor" means every motor vehicle designed and used primarily as a
778 farm implement for drawing plows, mowing machines, and other implements of husbandry.

779 [~~(18)~~] (19) "Highway" means the entire width between property lines of every way or
780 place of any nature when any part of it is open to the use of the public, as a matter of right, for
781 traffic.

782 [~~(19)~~] (20) "Identification card" means a card issued under Part 8, Identification Card
783 Act, to a person for identification purposes.

784 [~~(20)~~] (21) "Indigent" means that a person's income falls below the federal poverty
785 guideline issued annually by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services in the Federal
786 Register.

787 [~~(21)~~] (22) "License" means the privilege to drive a motor vehicle.

788 [~~(22)~~] (23) (a) "License certificate" means the evidence of the privilege issued under
789 this chapter to drive a motor vehicle.

790 (b) "License certificate" evidence includes a:

- 791 (i) regular license certificate;
792 (ii) limited-term license certificate;
793 (iii) driving privilege card;
794 (iv) CDL license certificate;
795 (v) limited-term CDL license certificate;
796 (vi) temporary regular license certificate; and
797 (vii) temporary limited-term license certificate.

798 [~~(23)~~] (24) "Limited-term commercial driver license" or "limited-term CDL" means a
799 license:

800 (a) issued substantially in accordance with the requirements of Title XII, Pub. L.
801 99-570, the Commercial Motor Vehicle Safety Act of 1986, and in accordance with Part 4,
802 Uniform Commercial Driver License Act, which authorizes the holder to drive a class of
803 commercial motor vehicle; and

804 (b) that was obtained by providing evidence of lawful presence in the United States
805 with one of the document requirements described in Subsection 53-3-410(1)(i)(ii).

806 [~~(24)~~] (25) "Limited-term identification card" means an identification card issued under
807 this chapter to a person whose card was obtained by providing evidence of lawful presence in

808 the United States with one of the document requirements described in Subsection
809 53-3-804(2)(i)(ii).

810 ~~[(25)]~~ (26) "Limited-term license certificate" means the evidence of the privilege
811 granted and issued under this chapter to drive a motor vehicle to a person whose privilege was
812 obtained providing evidence of lawful presence in the United States with one of the document
813 requirements described in Subsection 53-3-205(8)(a)(ii)(B).

814 ~~[(26)]~~ (27) "Motorboat" has the same meaning as provided under Section 73-18-2.

815 ~~[(27)]~~ (28) "Motorcycle" means every motor vehicle, other than a tractor, having a seat
816 or saddle for the use of the rider and designed to travel with not more than three wheels in
817 contact with the ground.

818 (29) "Motor vehicle" means the same as that term is defined in Section 41-1a-102.

819 ~~[(28)]~~ (30) "Motor vehicle record" or "MVR" means a driving record under Subsection
820 53-3-109(6)(a).

821 ~~[(29)]~~ (31) "Office of Recovery Services" means the Office of Recovery Services,
822 created in Section 62A-11-102.

823 ~~[(30)]~~ (32) (a) "Owner" means a person other than a lien holder having an interest in
824 the property or title to a vehicle.

825 (b) "Owner" includes a person entitled to the use and possession of a vehicle subject to
826 a security interest in another person but excludes a lessee under a lease not intended as security.

827 ~~[(31)]~~ (33) "Regular identification card" means an identification card issued under this
828 chapter to a person whose card was obtained by providing evidence of lawful presence in the
829 United States with one of the document requirements described in Subsection 53-3-804(2)(i)(i).

830 ~~[(32)]~~ (34) "Regular license certificate" means the evidence of the privilege issued
831 under this chapter to drive a motor vehicle whose privilege was obtained by providing evidence
832 of lawful presence in the United States with one of the document requirements described in
833 Subsection 53-3-205(8)(a)(ii)(A).

834 ~~[(33)]~~ (35) "Renewal" means to validate a license certificate so that it expires at a later
835 date.

836 ~~[(34)]~~ (36) "Reportable violation" means an offense required to be reported to the
837 division as determined by the division and includes those offenses against which points are
838 assessed under Section 53-3-221.

839 ~~[(35)]~~ (37) (a) "Resident" means an individual who:

840 (i) has established a domicile in this state, as defined in Section 41-1a-202, or
841 regardless of domicile, remains in this state for an aggregate period of six months or more
842 during any calendar year;

843 (ii) engages in a trade, profession, or occupation in this state, or who accepts
844 employment in other than seasonal work in this state, and who does not commute into the state;

845 (iii) declares himself to be a resident of this state by obtaining a valid Utah driver
846 license certificate or motor vehicle registration; or

847 (iv) declares himself a resident of this state to obtain privileges not ordinarily extended
848 to nonresidents, including going to school, or placing children in school without paying
849 nonresident tuition or fees.

850 (b) "Resident" does not include any of the following:

851 (i) a member of the military, temporarily stationed in this state;

852 (ii) an out-of-state student, as classified by an institution of higher education,
853 regardless of whether the student engages in any type of employment in this state;

854 (iii) a person domiciled in another state or country, who is temporarily assigned in this
855 state, assigned by or representing an employer, religious or private organization, or a
856 governmental entity; or

857 (iv) an immediate family member who resides with or a household member of a person
858 listed in Subsections ~~[(35)]~~ (37)(b)(i) through (iii).

859 ~~[(36)]~~ (38) "Revocation" means the termination by action of the division of a licensee's
860 privilege to drive a motor vehicle.

861 ~~[(37)]~~ (39) (a) "School bus" means a commercial motor vehicle used to transport
862 pre-primary, primary, or secondary school students to and from home and school, or to and
863 from school sponsored events.

864 (b) "School bus" does not include a bus used as a common carrier as defined in Section
865 59-12-102.

866 ~~[(38)]~~ (40) "Suspension" means the temporary withdrawal by action of the division of a
867 licensee's privilege to drive a motor vehicle.

868 ~~[(39)]~~ (41) "Taxicab" means any class D motor vehicle transporting any number of
869 passengers for hire and that is subject to state or federal regulation as a taxi.

