Status of Battery Technology

Dean R. Wheeler, Professor Department of Chemical Engineering Brigham Young University

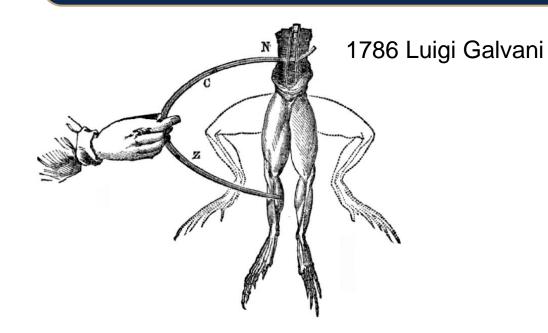


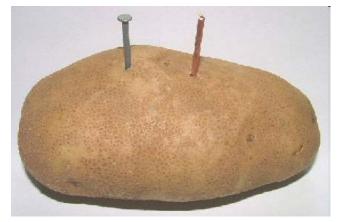
Briefing given to Public Utilities, Energy, and Technology Interim Committee Utah Legislature September 20, 2017

Scope of Briefing

- Introduction to batteries and their challenges
- Batteries in electric vehicles
- Batteries in grid-scale storage

Some Battery History





2017 science fair battery

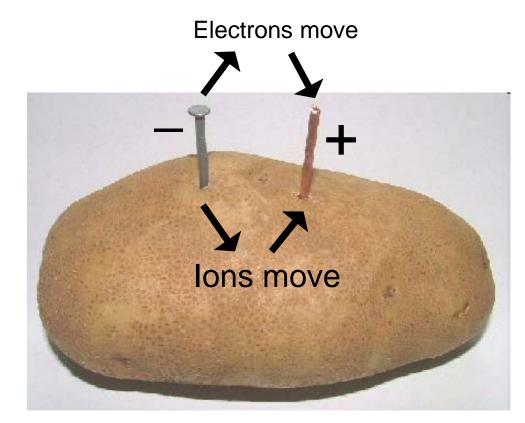
1799 Alessandro Volta



Image sources: David Ames Wells, GuidoB/Wikipedia

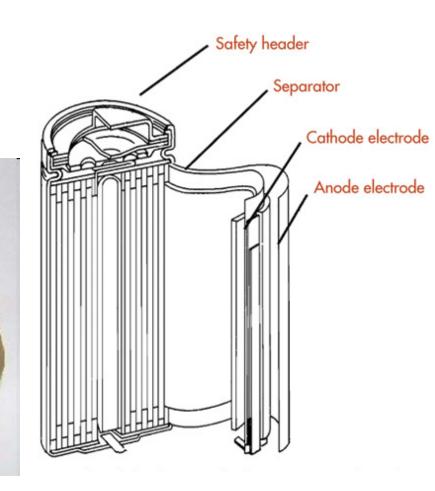
What Is Going on Inside Batteries?

- Electrons flow outside the battery
- Ions (charged molecules) flow between the electrodes inside the battery



How to Make Batteries Work Better?

- Change the electrode chemistry
- Change the electropic geometry



Kinds of Rechargeable Batteries

- Lead acid (invented 1859) \$100/kWh
- Nickel cadmium, Ni metal hydride \$350/kWh
- Lithium-ion (commercialized 1990, light, long-lasting)
 \$400/kWh

- Others in development (5-20 years away?)
 - Beyond Li-ion: sodium-ion, Li-sulfur, Li-air
 - Flow batteries: vanadium
 - High temperature: liquid metal, molten salt

Image sources: voltaicsystems.com, megabatteries.com, amazon.com







Safety Is an Issue

- Batteries store lots of energy in a small space
- Fire can result because of "thermal runaway"
- How to remediate?

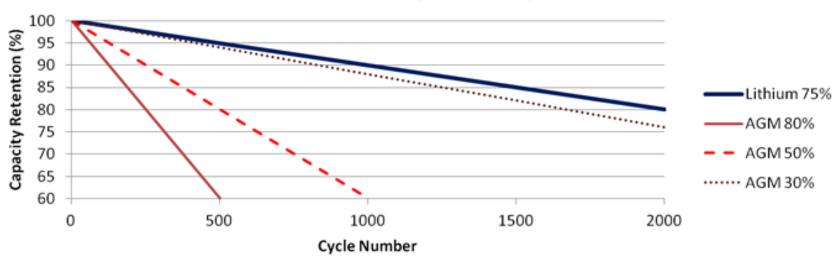




Image from slate.com

Battery Life Is an Issue

 Batteries have "side reactions" that cause loss of capacity



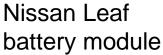
Moderate Climate, Cycle Life comparison

• Controlling depth of discharge and temperature helps batteries last longer

How to Make Big Batteries

- Gasoline engines vs. batteries
- Battery packs & modules
 - o Cooling/heating
 - o Management system
- Elon Musk's (Tesla) innovation







AA cell vs. 18650 Li-ion cell

Image sources: Lead Holder/Wikipedia, Tennen Gas/Wikipedia

Types of Electric Vehicles (EVs)

- Hybrid (HEV), Plug-in Hybrid (P-HEV), full-battery (BEV)
- Regenerative braking = get highway mileage even in city



Toyota Prius (HEV) 53 kg



Chevy Volt (P-HEV) 197 kg



Nissan Leaf (EV) 300 kg

Typical battery packs guaranteed for 8 years (100k miles) and degrade 10-30%

Outlook on Electric Vehicles



Electric car sales predictions are all over the map

BY DAN COHAN, OPINION CONTRIBUTOR - 01/24/17 05:30 PM EST

- Currently 1% market share
- Predicted 8% market share by 2025 (Energy Info Admin)



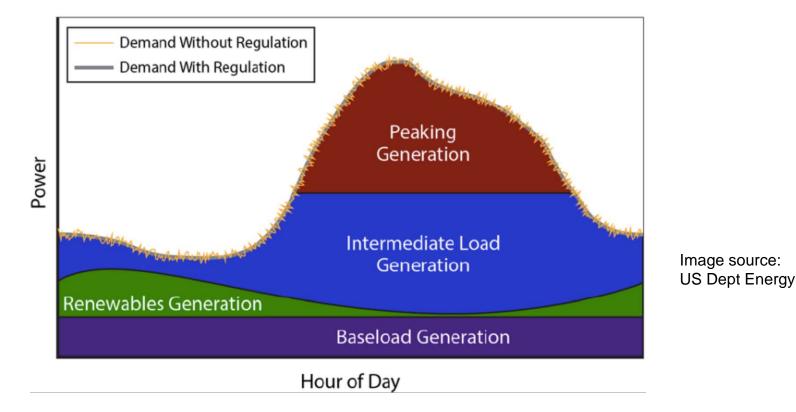
Nikola Motor Company (SLC)



VIA Motors (Orem)

The Need for Energy Storage in the Power Grid

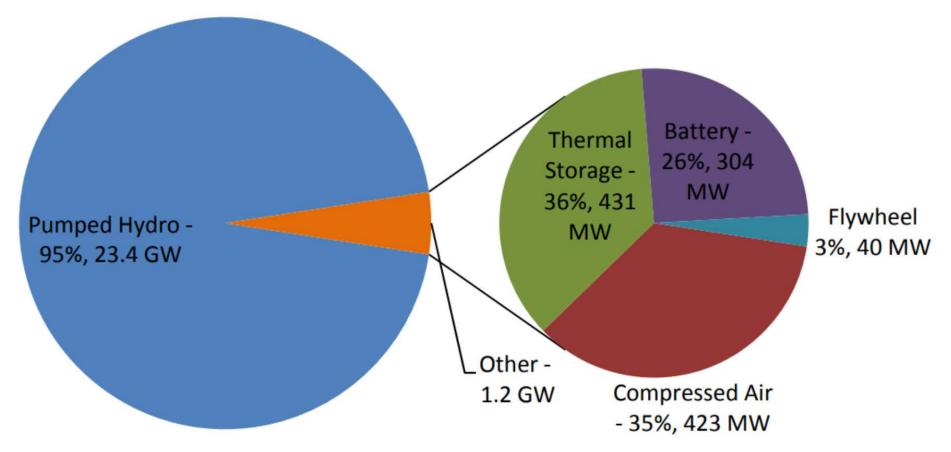
• Electricity demand (load) fluctuates



- Fluctuations occur on different time scales
- Mismatch made worse by renewables (solar & wind)

Types of Grid-Scale Energy Storage

U.S. completed and planned projects as of 2013

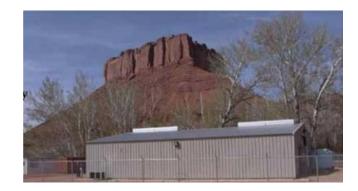


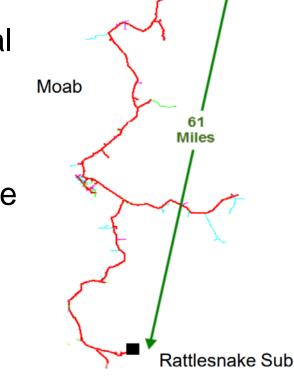
Electrochemical Energy Storage (i.e. Batteries) Pros and Cons

- Geography-independent
- Economic for short time scales (secs/mins)
- Expensive for long time scales (hours/days)
- Can be deployed on smaller size scales (microgrids)

Castle Valley, Utah (Case Study)

- Power lines not adequate
- 2002 RMP installed Vanadium Flow Battery system (~\$2M cost)
- 2008 Decommissioned due to technical problems and vendor problems.
 Was never operational
- 2017 RMP upgrading lines
- Town is pursuing Fed. grant to investigate locally produced energy





Rattlesnake Feeder

Image sources: Rocky Mtn Power/energy.utah.gov, US Dept Energy Further acknowledgement: Bruce Keeler, Castle Valley

Castle Valley

Outlook on Grid-Scale Batteries

- Large drop in price of photovoltaic (PV) systems is allowing rapid deployment – distributed generation
- Need major drop in battery costs for similar rapid deployment distributed storage
- Coupling of residential PV + batteries will increase resilience of system, especially during disasters
- Need cooperation of electric utilities