1	INSURANCE AMENDMENTS
2	2019 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4 5	LONG TITLE
6	General Description:
7	This bill modifies provisions related to insurance.
8	Highlighted Provisions:
9	This bill:
10	defines terms;
11 12	 provides that the Title and Escrow Commission shall meet at least quarterly, rather than monthly;
13	 enacts provisions that require a group-wide supervisor for each internationally
14	active insurance group;
15	 enacts the Corporate Governance Annual Disclosure Act, which:
16	 requires each insurer or insurance group to submit a disclosure document to the
17	Insurance Commissioner that describes the entity's corporate governance
18	structure, policies, and practices;
19	 provides that a corporate governance annual disclosure and certain related
20	records are confidential and classified as protected for purposes of the
21	Government Records Access and Management Act;
22	allows the insurance commissioner to hire one or more third-party consultants to
23	review a corporate governance annual disclosure; and
24	• provides a penalty for an insurer or insurance group that fails to timely submit a
25	corporate governance annual disclosure;
26	► modifies the eligibility requirements for the small company exemption from the
27	generally applicable requirements for reserves;
28	 provides that an endorsement to a policy must include the insurer's name and state
29	of domicile;
30	 provides a deadline by which an insurer issuing certain types of policies must
31	deliver a policy to the policyholder or a certificate to each member of the insured
32	group;

33	•	allows for an action against an insurer after a denial of payment;
34	.	provides certain conditions and disclosure requirements for a short-term limited
35		duration policy insurance policy that includes a preexisting condition exclusion;
36	•	clarifies that an employee may, under certain circumstances, extend coverage under
	•	
37		an employer's group policy;
38	•	provides that the commissioner may take action against a navigator licensee or
39		applicant, a third-party administrator licensee or applicant, or an insurance adjuster
40		licensee or applicant, who:
41		• is convicted of a misdemeanor involving fraud, misrepresentation, theft, or
42		dishonesty; or
43		• has had a professional or occupational license or registration denied, suspended,
44		revoked, or surrendered to resolve an administrative action;
45	•	enacts provisions related to an indemnitor's duty to indemnify an insolvent insurer;
46	•	modifies the conduct that constitutes a fraudulent insurance act under the Insurance
47		Code and the Utah Criminal Code;
48	•	clarifies that the Insurance Department may investigate and enforce certain
49		provisions of the Workers' Compensation Act;
50	•	clarifies the process by which the Insurance Commissioner reviews and acts upon
51		an application for a bail bond agency license;
52	•	consolidates certain provisions governing captive insurance companies;
53	•	establishes a certificate of dormancy for eligible captive insurance companies;
54	•	requires a new or renamed captive insurance company to include the word
55		"insurance" or an equivalent term in its name;
56	•	requires two individuals to verify a captive insurance company's report of financial
57		condition;
58	•	requires a captive insurance company to report certain changes to its financial
59		condition to the Insurance Commissioner; and
60	•	makes technical and conforming changes.
61	Money A	Appropriated in this Bill:
62	N	one
63	Other Sp	pecial Clauses:

64 This bill provides a special effective date. 65 **Utah Code Sections Affected:** 66 AMENDS: 67 **31A-1-301**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 319 68 31A-2-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 319 69 **31A-16-109**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 163 70 **31A-17-519**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 163 71 **31A-21-201**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 10 72 **31A-21-311**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 252 73 **31A-21-313**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 244 74 **31A-22-501**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 125 75 **31A-22-605.1**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 78 76 **31A-22-611**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 297 and 366 77 **31A-22-627**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 292 78 **31A-22-638**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 360 79 **31A-22-701**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 319 80 **31A-22-722**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 319 81 **31A-22-726**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 283 82 31A-23a-111, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 319 83 31A-23a-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 292 84 **31A-23a-411.1**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 252 85 **31A-23a-415**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapters 312 and 330 86 **31A-23b-401**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 168 87 **31A-25-208**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 138 88 **31A-26-213**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 168 89 **31A-30-103**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapters 290, 300, and 425 90 **31A-30-118**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 425 91 **31A-31-103**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter 104 92 **31A-31-107**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 375 93 **31A-35-405**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 234

94	31A-37-102 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 168
95	31A-37-103 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 138
96	31A-37-106 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 168
97	31A-37-201 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 251
98	31A-37-203 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 251
99	31A-37-301 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 168
100	31A-37-401 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 244
101	31A-37-501 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 138
102	31A-37-502 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapters 138 and 348
103	31A-45-102 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 292
104	31A-45-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 168 and renumbered and
105	amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 292
106	31A-45-401, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 292
107	34A-2-110 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 328 and 413
108	63G-2-305 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapters 81, 159, 285, 315, 316,
109	319, 352, 409, and 425
110	76-6-521 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter 104
111	ENACTS:
112	31A-16-108.6 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
113	31A-16b-101 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
114	31A-16b-102 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
115	31A-16b-103 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
116	31A-16b-104 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
117	31A-16b-105 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
118	31A-16b-106 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
119	31A-16b-107 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
120	31A-16b-108 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
121	31A-27a-512.1 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
122	31A-37-701 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
123	31A-37-702 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
124	REPEALS AND REENACTS:

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31A-37-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 168
REPEALS:
31A-16a-102 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 168
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 31A-1-301 is amended to read:
31A-1-301. Definitions.
As used in this title, unless otherwise specified:
(1) (a) "Accident and health insurance" means insurance to provide protection against
economic losses resulting from:
(i) a medical condition including:
(A) a medical care expense; or
(B) the risk of disability;
(ii) accident; or
(iii) sickness.
(b) "Accident and health insurance":
(i) includes a contract with disability contingencies including:
(A) an income replacement contract;
(B) a health care contract;
(C) an expense reimbursement contract;
(D) a credit accident and health contract;
(E) a continuing care contract; and
(F) a long-term care contract; and
(ii) may provide:
(A) hospital coverage;
(B) surgical coverage;
(C) medical coverage;
(D) loss of income coverage;
(E) prescription drug coverage;
(F) dental coverage; or
(G) vision coverage.

156	(c) "Accident and health insurance" does not include workers' compensation insurance.
157	(d) For purposes of a national licensing registry, "accident and health insurance" is the
158	same as "accident and health or sickness insurance."
159	(2) "Actuary" is as defined by the commissioner by rule, made in accordance with Title
160	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
161	(3) "Administrator" means the same as that term is defined in Subsection [$\frac{(171)}{(178)}$.
162	(4) "Adult" means an individual who has attained the age of at least 18 years.
163	(5) "Affiliate" means a person who controls, is controlled by, or is under common
164	control with, another person. A corporation is an affiliate of another corporation, regardless of
165	ownership, if substantially the same group of individuals manage the corporations.
166	(6) "Agency" means:
167	(a) a person other than an individual, including a sole proprietorship by which an
168	individual does business under an assumed name; and
169	(b) an insurance organization licensed or required to be licensed under Section
170	31A-23a-301, 31A-25-207, or 31A-26-209.
171	(7) "Alien insurer" means an insurer domiciled outside the United States.
172	(8) "Amendment" means an endorsement to an insurance policy or certificate.
173	(9) "Annuity" means an agreement to make periodical payments for a period certain or
174	over the lifetime of one or more individuals if the making or continuance of all or some of the
175	series of the payments, or the amount of the payment, is dependent upon the continuance of
176	human life.
177	(10) "Application" means a document:
178	(a) (i) completed by an applicant to provide information about the risk to be insured;
179	and
180	(ii) that contains information that is used by the insurer to evaluate risk and decide
181	whether to:
182	(A) insure the risk under:
183	(I) the coverage as originally offered; or
184	(II) a modification of the coverage as originally offered; or
185	(B) decline to insure the risk; or
186	(b) used by the insurer to gather information from the applicant before issuance of an

187	annuity contract.
188	(11) "Articles" or "articles of incorporation" means:
189	(a) the original articles;
190	(b) a special law;
191	(c) a charter;
192	(d) an amendment;
193	(e) restated articles;
194	(f) articles of merger or consolidation;
195	(g) a trust instrument;
196	(h) another constitutive document for a trust or other entity that is not a corporation;
197	and
198	(i) an amendment to an item listed in Subsections (11)(a) through (h).
199	(12) "Bail bond insurance" means a guarantee that a person will attend court when
200	required, up to and including surrender of the person in execution of a sentence imposed under
201	Subsection 77-20-7(1), as a condition to the release of that person from confinement.
202	(13) "Binder" means the same as that term is defined in Section 31A-21-102.
203	(14) "Blanket insurance policy" means a group policy covering a defined class of
204	persons:
205	(a) without individual underwriting or application; and
206	(b) that is determined by definition without designating each person covered.
207	(15) "Board," "board of trustees," or "board of directors" means the group of persons
208	with responsibility over, or management of, a corporation, however designated.
209	(16) "Bona fide office" means a physical office in this state:
210	(a) that is open to the public;
211	(b) that is staffed during regular business hours on regular business days; and
212	(c) at which the public may appear in person to obtain services.
213	(17) "Business entity" means:
214	(a) a corporation;
215	(b) an association;
216	(c) a partnership;
217	(d) a limited liability company;

218	(e) a limited liability partnership; or
219	(f) another legal entity.
220	(18) "Business of insurance" means the same as that term is defined in Subsection
221	[(92)] <u>(94)</u> .
222	(19) "Business plan" means the information required to be supplied to the
223	commissioner under Subsections 31A-5-204(2)(i) and (j), including the information required
224	when these subsections apply by reference under:
225	(a) Section 31A-7-201;
226	(b) Section 31A-8-205; or
227	(c) Subsection 31A-9-205(2).
228	(20) (a) "Bylaws" means the rules adopted for the regulation or management of a
229	corporation's affairs, however designated.
230	(b) "Bylaws" includes comparable rules for a trust or other entity that is not a
231	corporation.
232	(21) "Captive insurance company" means:
233	(a) an insurer:
234	(i) owned by another organization; and
235	(ii) whose exclusive purpose is to insure risks of the parent organization and an
236	affiliated company; or
237	(b) in the case of a group or association, an insurer:
238	(i) owned by the insureds; and
239	(ii) whose exclusive purpose is to insure risks of:
240	(A) a member organization;
241	(B) a group member; or
242	(C) an affiliate of:
243	(I) a member organization; or
244	(II) a group member.
245	(22) "Casualty insurance" means liability insurance.
246	(23) "Certificate" means evidence of insurance given to:
247	(a) an insured under a group insurance policy; or
248	(b) a third party.

249	(24) "Certificate of authority" is included within the term "license."
250	(25) "Claim," unless the context otherwise requires, means a request or demand on an
251	insurer for payment of a benefit according to the terms of an insurance policy.
252	(26) "Claims-made coverage" means an insurance contract or provision limiting
253	coverage under a policy insuring against legal liability to claims that are first made against the
254	insured while the policy is in force.
255	(27) (a) "Commissioner" or "commissioner of insurance" means Utah's insurance
256	commissioner.
257	(b) When appropriate, the terms listed in Subsection (27)(a) apply to the equivalent
258	supervisory official of another jurisdiction.
259	(28) (a) "Continuing care insurance" means insurance that:
260	(i) provides board and lodging;
261	(ii) provides one or more of the following:
262	(A) a personal service;
263	(B) a nursing service;
264	(C) a medical service; or
265	(D) any other health-related service; and
266	(iii) provides the coverage described in this Subsection (28)(a) under an agreement
267	effective:
268	(A) for the life of the insured; or
269	(B) for a period in excess of one year.
270	(b) Insurance is continuing care insurance regardless of whether or not the board and
271	lodging are provided at the same location as a service described in Subsection (28)(a)(ii).
272	(29) (a) "Control," "controlling," "controlled," or "under common control" means the
273	direct or indirect possession of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management
274	and policies of a person. This control may be:
275	(i) by contract;
276	(ii) by common management;
277	(iii) through the ownership of voting securities; or
278	(iv) by a means other than those described in Subsections (29)(a)(i) through (iii).
279	(b) There is no presumption that an individual holding an official position with another

280	person controls that person solely by reason of the position.
281	(c) A person having a contract or arrangement giving control is considered to have
282	control despite the illegality or invalidity of the contract or arrangement.
283	(d) There is a rebuttable presumption of control in a person who directly or indirectly
284	owns, controls, holds with the power to vote, or holds proxies to vote 10% or more of the
285	voting securities of another person.
286	(30) "Controlled insurer" means a licensed insurer that is either directly or indirectly
287	controlled by a producer.
288	(31) "Controlling person" means a person that directly or indirectly has the power to
289	direct or cause to be directed, the management, control, or activities of a reinsurance
290	intermediary.
291	(32) "Controlling producer" means a producer who directly or indirectly controls an
292	insurer.
293	(33) "Corporate governance annual disclosure" means a report an insurer or insurance
294	group files in accordance with the requirements of Chapter 16b, Corporate Governance Annua
295	Disclosure Act.
296	[(33)] (34) (a) "Corporation" means an insurance corporation, except when referring to
297	(i) a corporation doing business:
298	(A) as:
299	(I) an insurance producer;
300	(II) a surplus lines producer;
301	(III) a limited line producer;
302	(IV) a consultant;
303	(V) a managing general agent;
304	(VI) a reinsurance intermediary;
305	(VII) a third party administrator; or
306	(VIII) an adjuster; and
307	(B) under:
308	(I) Chapter 23a, Insurance Marketing - Licensing Producers, Consultants, and
309	Reinsurance Intermediaries;
310	(II) Chapter 25, Third Party Administrators; or

311	(III) Chapter 26, Insurance Adjusters; or
312	(ii) a noninsurer that is part of a holding company system under Chapter 16, Insurance
313	Holding Companies.
314	(b) "Mutual" or "mutual corporation" means a mutual insurance corporation.
315	(c) "Stock corporation" means a stock insurance corporation.
316	[(34)] (35) (a) "Creditable coverage" has the same meaning as provided in federal
317	regulations adopted pursuant to the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act.
318	(b) "Creditable coverage" includes coverage that is offered through a public health plan
319	such as:
320	(i) the Primary Care Network Program under a Medicaid primary care network
321	demonstration waiver obtained subject to Section 26-18-3;
322	(ii) the Children's Health Insurance Program under Section 26-40-106; or
323	(iii) the Ryan White Program Comprehensive AIDS Resources Emergency Act, Pub. L
324	No. 101-381, and Ryan White HIV/AIDS Treatment Modernization Act of 2006, Pub. L. No.
325	109-415.
326	[(35)] (36) "Credit accident and health insurance" means insurance on a debtor to
327	provide indemnity for payments coming due on a specific loan or other credit transaction while
328	the debtor has a disability.
329	[(36)] (37) (a) "Credit insurance" means insurance offered in connection with an
330	extension of credit that is limited to partially or wholly extinguishing that credit obligation.
331	(b) "Credit insurance" includes:
332	(i) credit accident and health insurance;
333	(ii) credit life insurance;
334	(iii) credit property insurance;
335	(iv) credit unemployment insurance;
336	(v) guaranteed automobile protection insurance;
337	(vi) involuntary unemployment insurance;
338	(vii) mortgage accident and health insurance;
339	(viii) mortgage guaranty insurance; and
340	(ix) mortgage life insurance.
341	[(37)] (38) "Credit life insurance" means insurance on the life of a debtor in connection

342	with an extension of credit that pays a person if the debtor dies.
343	[(38)] (39) "Creditor" means a person, including an insured, having a claim, whether:
344	(a) matured;
345	(b) unmatured;
346	(c) liquidated;
347	(d) unliquidated;
348	(e) secured;
349	(f) unsecured;
350	(g) absolute;
351	(h) fixed; or
352	(i) contingent.
353	[(39)] (40) "Credit property insurance" means insurance:
354	(a) offered in connection with an extension of credit; and
355	(b) that protects the property until the debt is paid.
356	[(40)] (41) "Credit unemployment insurance" means insurance:
357	(a) offered in connection with an extension of credit; and
358	(b) that provides indemnity if the debtor is unemployed for payments coming due on a
359	(i) specific loan; or
360	(ii) credit transaction.
361	[(41)] (42) (a) "Crop insurance" means insurance providing protection against damage
362	to crops from unfavorable weather conditions, fire or lightning, flood, hail, insect infestation,
363	disease, or other yield-reducing conditions or perils that is:
364	(i) provided by the private insurance market; or
365	(ii) subsidized by the Federal Crop Insurance Corporation.
366	(b) "Crop insurance" includes multiperil crop insurance.
367	[(42)] (43) (a) "Customer service representative" means a person that provides an
368	insurance service and insurance product information:
369	(i) for the customer service representative's:
370	(A) producer;
371	(B) surplus lines producer; or
372	(C) consultant employer; and

373 (ii) to the customer service representative's employer's: 374 (A) customer; 375 (B) client; or 376 (C) organization. 377 (b) A customer service representative may only operate within the scope of authority of 378 the customer service representative's producer, surplus lines producer, or consultant employer. 379 [(43)] (44) "Deadline" means a final date or time: 380 (a) imposed by: 381 (i) statute; 382 (ii) rule; or 383 (iii) order; and 384 (b) by which a required filing or payment must be received by the department. 385 [44] (45) "Deemer clause" means a provision under this title under which upon the 386 occurrence of a condition precedent, the commissioner is considered to have taken a specific 387 action. If the statute so provides, a condition precedent may be the commissioner's failure to 388 take a specific action. 389 [45] (46) "Degree of relationship" means the number of steps between two persons 390 determined by counting the generations separating one person from a common ancestor and 391 then counting the generations to the other person. 392 [46) (47) "Department" means the Insurance Department. 393 [(47)] (48) "Director" means a member of the board of directors of a corporation. 394 [(48)] (49) "Disability" means a physiological or psychological condition that partially 395 or totally limits an individual's ability to: 396 (a) perform the duties of: 397 (i) that individual's occupation; or 398 (ii) an occupation for which the individual is reasonably suited by education, training, 399 or experience; or 400 (b) perform two or more of the following basic activities of daily living: 401 (i) eating; 402 (ii) toileting; 403 (iii) transferring;

404 (iv) bathing; or 405 (v) dressing. [49] (50) "Disability income insurance" means the same as that term is defined in 406 407 Subsection [(83)] (85). 408 [(50)] (51) "Domestic insurer" means an insurer organized under the laws of this state. 409 $[\frac{(51)}{(52)}]$ (52) "Domiciliary state" means the state in which an insurer: 410 (a) is incorporated; 411 (b) is organized; or 412 (c) in the case of an alien insurer, enters into the United States. 413 [(52)] (53) (a) "Eligible employee" means: 414 (i) an employee who: 415 (A) works on a full-time basis; and 416 (B) has a normal work week of 30 or more hours; or 417 (ii) a person described in Subsection [(52)] (53)(b). 418 (b) "Eligible employee" includes: 419 (i) an owner who: (A) works on a full-time basis; and 420 421 (B) has a normal work week of 30 or more hours; and 422 (ii) if the individual is included under a health benefit plan of a small employer: 423 (A) a sole proprietor; 424 (B) a partner in a partnership; or 425 (C) an independent contractor. 426 (c) "Eligible employee" does not include, unless eligible under Subsection [(52)] 427 (53)(b): 428 (i) an individual who works on a temporary or substitute basis for a small employer; 429 (ii) an employer's spouse who does not meet the requirements of Subsection $[\frac{(52)}{2}]$ 430 (53)(a)(i); or 431 (iii) a dependent of an employer who does not meet the requirements of Subsection 432 [(52)] (53)(a)(i). 433 [(53)] (54) "Employee" means: 434 (a) an individual employed by an employer; and

435	(b) an owner who meets the requirements of Subsection [(52)] (<u>53)</u> (b)(i).
436	[(54)] (55) "Employee benefits" means one or more benefits or services provided to:
437	(a) an employee; or
438	(b) a dependent of an employee.
439	[(55)] (56) (a) "Employee welfare fund" means a fund:
440	(i) established or maintained, whether directly or through a trustee, by:
441	(A) one or more employers;
442	(B) one or more labor organizations; or
443	(C) a combination of employers and labor organizations; and
444	(ii) that provides employee benefits paid or contracted to be paid, other than income
445	from investments of the fund:
446	(A) by or on behalf of an employer doing business in this state; or
447	(B) for the benefit of a person employed in this state.
448	(b) "Employee welfare fund" includes a plan funded or subsidized by a user fee or tax
449	revenues.
450	[(56)] (57) "Endorsement" means a written agreement attached to a policy or certificate
451	to modify the policy or certificate coverage.
452	[(57)] <u>(58)</u> (a) "Enrollee" means:
453	(i) a policyholder;
454	(ii) a certificate holder;
455	(iii) a subscriber; or
456	(iv) a covered individual:
457	(A) who has entered into a contract with an organization for health care; or
458	(B) on whose behalf an arrangement for health care has been made.
459	(b) "Enrollee" includes an insured.
460	[(58)] (59) "Enrollment date," with respect to a health benefit plan, means:
461	(a) the first day of coverage; or
462	(b) if there is a waiting period, the first day of the waiting period.
463	[(59)] (60) "Enterprise risk" means an activity, circumstance, event, or series of events
464	involving one or more affiliates of an insurer that, if not remedied promptly, is likely to have a
465	material adverse effect upon the financial condition or liquidity of the insurer or its insurance

466	holding company system as a whole, including anything that would cause:
467	(a) the insurer's risk-based capital to fall into an action or control level as set forth in
468	Sections 31A-17-601 through 31A-17-613; or
469	(b) the insurer to be in hazardous financial condition set forth in Section 31A-27a-101.
470	[(60)] (61) (a) "Escrow" means:
471	(i) a transaction that effects the sale, transfer, encumbering, or leasing of real property,
472	when a person not a party to the transaction, and neither having nor acquiring an interest in the
473	title, performs, in accordance with the written instructions or terms of the written agreement
474	between the parties to the transaction, any of the following actions:
475	(A) the explanation, holding, or creation of a document; or
476	(B) the receipt, deposit, and disbursement of money;
477	(ii) a settlement or closing involving:
478	(A) a mobile home;
479	(B) a grazing right;
480	(C) a water right; or
481	(D) other personal property authorized by the commissioner.
482	(b) "Escrow" does not include:
483	(i) the following notarial acts performed by a notary within the state:
484	(A) an acknowledgment;
485	(B) a copy certification;
486	(C) jurat; and
487	(D) an oath or affirmation;
488	(ii) the receipt or delivery of a document; or
489	(iii) the receipt of money for delivery to the escrow agent.
490	[(61)] (62) "Escrow agent" means an agency title insurance producer meeting the
491	requirements of Sections 31A-4-107, 31A-14-211, and 31A-23a-204, who is acting through an
492	individual title insurance producer licensed with an escrow subline of authority.
493	[63] (a) "Excludes" is not exhaustive and does not mean that another thing is not
494	also excluded.
495	(b) The items listed in a list using the term "excludes" are representative examples for

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496

use in interpretation of this title.

497	[(63)] (64) "Exclusion" means for the purposes of accident and health insurance that an
498	insurer does not provide insurance coverage, for whatever reason, for one of the following:
499	(a) a specific physical condition;
500	(b) a specific medical procedure;
501	(c) a specific disease or disorder; or
502	(d) a specific prescription drug or class of prescription drugs.
503	[(64)] <u>(65)</u> "Expense reimbursement insurance" means insurance:
504	(a) written to provide a payment for an expense relating to hospital confinement
505	resulting from illness or injury; and
506	(b) written:
507	(i) as a daily limit for a specific number of days in a hospital; and
508	(ii) to have a one or two day waiting period following a hospitalization.
509	[(65)] (66) "Fidelity insurance" means insurance guaranteeing the fidelity of a person
510	holding a position of public or private trust.
511	[(66)] (67) (a) "Filed" means that a filing is:
512	(i) submitted to the department as required by and in accordance with applicable
513	statute, rule, or filing order;
514	(ii) received by the department within the time period provided in applicable statute,
515	rule, or filing order; and
516	(iii) accompanied by the appropriate fee in accordance with:
517	(A) Section 31A-3-103; or
518	(B) rule.
519	(b) "Filed" does not include a filing that is rejected by the department because it is not
520	submitted in accordance with Subsection [(66)] <u>(67)</u> (a).
521	[(67)] (68) "Filing," when used as a noun, means an item required to be filed with the
522	department including:
523	(a) a policy;
524	(b) a rate;
525	(c) a form;
526	(d) a document;
527	(e) a plan;

528	(f) a manual;
529	(g) an application;
530	(h) a report;
531	(i) a certificate;
532	(j) an endorsement;
533	(k) an actuarial certification;
534	(l) a licensee annual statement;
535	(m) a licensee renewal application;
536	(n) an advertisement;
537	(o) a binder; or
538	(p) an outline of coverage.
539	[68] [69] "First party insurance" means an insurance policy or contract in which the
540	insurer agrees to pay a claim submitted to it by the insured for the insured's losses.
541	[(69)] (70) "Foreign insurer" means an insurer domiciled outside of this state, including
542	an alien insurer.
543	$[\frac{(70)}{(71)}]$ (a) "Form" means one of the following prepared for general use:
544	(i) a policy;
545	(ii) a certificate;
546	(iii) an application;
547	(iv) an outline of coverage; or
548	(v) an endorsement.
549	(b) "Form" does not include a document specially prepared for use in an individual
550	case.
551	[(71)] (72) "Franchise insurance" means an individual insurance policy provided
552	through a mass marketing arrangement involving a defined class of persons related in some
553	way other than through the purchase of insurance.
554	$\left[\frac{(72)}{(73)}\right]$ "General lines of authority" include:
555	(a) the general lines of insurance in Subsection [(73)] (74);
556	(b) title insurance under one of the following sublines of authority:
557	(i) title examination, including authority to act as a title marketing representative;
558	(ii) escrow, including authority to act as a title marketing representative; and

559	(iii) title marketing representative only;
560	(c) surplus lines;
561	(d) workers' compensation; and
562	(e) another line of insurance that the commissioner considers necessary to recognize in
563	the public interest.
564	$\left[\frac{(73)}{(74)}\right]$ "General lines of insurance" include:
565	(a) accident and health;
566	(b) casualty;
567	(c) life;
568	(d) personal lines;
569	(e) property; and
570	(f) variable contracts, including variable life and annuity.
571	$[\frac{74}{2}]$ "Group health plan" means an employee welfare benefit plan to the extent
572	that the plan provides medical care:
573	(a) (i) to an employee; or
574	(ii) to a dependent of an employee; and
575	(b) (i) directly;
576	(ii) through insurance reimbursement; or
577	(iii) through another method.
578	[(75)] (76) (a) "Group insurance policy" means a policy covering a group of persons
579	that is issued:
580	(i) to a policyholder on behalf of the group; and
581	(ii) for the benefit of a member of the group who is selected under a procedure defined
582	in:
583	(A) the policy; or
584	(B) an agreement that is collateral to the policy.
585	(b) A group insurance policy may include a member of the policyholder's family or a
586	dependent.
587	(77) "Group-wide supervisor" means the commissioner or other regulatory official
588	designated as the group-wide supervisor for an internationally active insurance group under
589	Section 31A-16-108.6.

590	$\left[\frac{(76)}{(78)}\right]$ "Guaranteed automobile protection insurance" means insurance offered in
591	connection with an extension of credit that pays the difference in amount between the
592	insurance settlement and the balance of the loan if the insured automobile is a total loss.
593	$[\frac{(77)}{(79)}]$ (a) "Health benefit plan" means, except as provided in Subsection $[\frac{(77)}{(79)}]$
594	(79)(b), a policy, contract, certificate, or agreement offered or issued by a health carrier to
595	provide, deliver, arrange for, pay for, or reimburse any of the costs of health care.
596	(b) "Health benefit plan" does not include:
597	(i) coverage only for accident or disability income insurance, or any combination
598	thereof;
599	(ii) coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance;
500	(iii) liability insurance, including general liability insurance and automobile liability
501	insurance;
502	(iv) workers' compensation or similar insurance;
503	(v) automobile medical payment insurance;
504	(vi) credit-only insurance;
505	(vii) coverage for on-site medical clinics;
506	(viii) other similar insurance coverage, specified in federal regulations issued pursuant
507	to Pub. L. No. 104-191, under which benefits for health care services are secondary or
608	incidental to other insurance benefits;
509	(ix) the following benefits if they are provided under a separate policy, certificate, or
510	contract of insurance or are otherwise not an integral part of the plan:
511	(A) limited scope dental or vision benefits;
512	(B) benefits for long-term care, nursing home care, home health care,
513	community-based care, or any combination thereof; or
514	(C) other similar limited benefits, specified in federal regulations issued pursuant to
515	Pub. L. No. 104-191;
516	(x) the following benefits if the benefits are provided under a separate policy,
517	certificate, or contract of insurance, there is no coordination between the provision of benefits
518	and any exclusion of benefits under any health plan, and the benefits are paid with respect to an
519	event without regard to whether benefits are provided under any health plan:
520	(A) coverage only for specified disease or illness; or

621	(B) hospital indemnity or other fixed indemnity insurance; and
622	(xi) the following if offered as a separate policy, certificate, or contract of insurance:
623	(A) Medicare supplemental health insurance as defined under the Social Security Act,
624	42 U.S.C. Sec. 1395ss(g)(1);
625	(B) coverage supplemental to the coverage provided under United States Code, Title
626	10, Chapter 55, Civilian Health and Medical Program of the Uniformed Services
627	(CHAMPUS); or
628	(C) similar supplemental coverage provided to coverage under a group health insurance
629	plan.
630	$\left[\frac{(78)}{(80)}\right]$ "Health care" means any of the following intended for use in the diagnosis,
631	treatment, mitigation, or prevention of a human ailment or impairment:
632	(a) a professional service;
633	(b) a personal service;
634	(c) a facility;
635	(d) equipment;
636	(e) a device;
637	(f) supplies; or
638	(g) medicine.
639	[(79)] (81) (a) "Health care insurance" or "health insurance" means insurance
640	providing:
641	(i) a health care benefit; or
642	(ii) payment of an incurred health care expense.
643	(b) "Health care insurance" or "health insurance" does not include accident and health
644	insurance providing a benefit for:
645	(i) replacement of income;
646	(ii) short-term accident;
647	(iii) fixed indemnity;
648	(iv) credit accident and health;
649	(v) supplements to liability;
650	(vi) workers' compensation;
651	(vii) automobile medical payment;

652	(viii) no-fault automobile;
653	(ix) equivalent self-insurance; or
654	(x) a type of accident and health insurance coverage that is a part of or attached to
655	another type of policy.
656	[(80)] (82) "Health care provider" means the same as that term is defined in Section
657	78B-3-403.
658	[(81)] (83) "Health insurance exchange" means an exchange as defined in 45 C.F.R.
659	Sec. 155.20.
660	[(82)] (84) "Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act" means the Health
661	Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, Pub. L. No. 104-191, 110 Stat. 1936, as
662	amended.
663	[(83)] (85) "Income replacement insurance" or "disability income insurance" means
664	insurance written to provide payments to replace income lost from accident or sickness.
665	[(84)] (86) "Indemnity" means the payment of an amount to offset all or part of an
666	insured loss.
667	[(85)] (87) "Independent adjuster" means an insurance adjuster required to be licensed
668	under Section 31A-26-201 who engages in insurance adjusting as a representative of an insurer.
669	[(86)] (88) "Independently procured insurance" means insurance procured under
670	Section 31A-15-104.
671	[(87)] (89) "Individual" means a natural person.
672	[(88)] (90) "Inland marine insurance" includes insurance covering:
673	(a) property in transit on or over land;
674	(b) property in transit over water by means other than boat or ship;
675	(c) bailee liability;
676	(d) fixed transportation property such as bridges, electric transmission systems, radio
677	and television transmission towers and tunnels; and
678	(e) personal and commercial property floaters.
679	[(89)] (91) "Insolvency" or "insolvent" means that:
680	(a) an insurer is unable to pay the insurer's obligations as the obligations are due;
681	(b) an insurer's total adjusted capital is less than the insurer's mandatory control level
682	RBC under Subsection 31A-17-601(8)(c); or

683	(c) an insurer's admitted assets are less than the insurer's liabilities.
684	[(90)] <u>(92)</u> (a) "Insurance" means:
685	(i) an arrangement, contract, or plan for the transfer of a risk or risks from one or more
686	persons to one or more other persons; or
687	(ii) an arrangement, contract, or plan for the distribution of a risk or risks among a
688	group of persons that includes the person seeking to distribute that person's risk.
689	(b) "Insurance" includes:
690	(i) a risk distributing arrangement providing for compensation or replacement for
691	damages or loss through the provision of a service or a benefit in kind;
692	(ii) a contract of guaranty or suretyship entered into by the guarantor or surety as a
693	business and not as merely incidental to a business transaction; and
694	(iii) a plan in which the risk does not rest upon the person who makes an arrangement,
695	but with a class of persons who have agreed to share the risk.
696	[(91)] (93) "Insurance adjuster" means a person who directs or conducts the
697	investigation, negotiation, or settlement of a claim under an insurance policy other than life
698	insurance or an annuity, on behalf of an insurer, policyholder, or a claimant under an insurance
699	policy.
700	[(92)] (94) "Insurance business" or "business of insurance" includes:
701	(a) providing health care insurance by an organization that is or is required to be
702	licensed under this title;
703	(b) providing a benefit to an employee in the event of a contingency not within the
704	control of the employee, in which the employee is entitled to the benefit as a right, which
705	benefit may be provided either:
706	(i) by a single employer or by multiple employer groups; or
707	(ii) through one or more trusts, associations, or other entities;
708	(c) providing an annuity:
709	(i) including an annuity issued in return for a gift; and
710	(ii) except an annuity provided by a person specified in Subsections 31A-22-1305(2)
711	and (3);
712	(d) providing the characteristic services of a motor club as outlined in Subsection
713	[(121)] (125);

714 (e) providing another person with insurance; 715 (f) making as insurer, guarantor, or surety, or proposing to make as insurer, guarantor, 716 or surety, a contract or policy of title insurance; 717 (g) transacting or proposing to transact any phase of title insurance, including: 718 (i) solicitation; 719 (ii) negotiation preliminary to execution; 720 (iii) execution of a contract of title insurance; 721 (iv) insuring; and 722 (v) transacting matters subsequent to the execution of the contract and arising out of 723 the contract, including reinsurance; 724 (h) transacting or proposing a life settlement; and 725 (i) doing, or proposing to do, any business in substance equivalent to Subsections 726 [(92)] (94)(a) through (h) in a manner designed to evade this title. 727 [(93)] (95) "Insurance consultant" or "consultant" means a person who: 728 (a) advises another person about insurance needs and coverages: 729 (b) is compensated by the person advised on a basis not directly related to the insurance 730 placed; and 731 (c) except as provided in Section 31A-23a-501, is not compensated directly or 732 indirectly by an insurer or producer for advice given. 733 (96) "Insurance group" means the persons that comprise an insurance holding company 734 system. 735 [(94)] (97) "Insurance holding company system" means a group of two or more 736 affiliated persons, at least one of whom is an insurer. 737 [95]] (98) (a) "Insurance producer" or "producer" means a person licensed or required 738 to be licensed under the laws of this state to sell, solicit, or negotiate insurance. 739 (b) (i) "Producer for the insurer" means a producer who is compensated directly or 740 indirectly by an insurer for selling, soliciting, or negotiating an insurance product of that 741 insurer. 742 (ii) "Producer for the insurer" may be referred to as an "agent." 743 (c) (i) "Producer for the insured" means a producer who: 744 (A) is compensated directly and only by an insurance customer or an insured; and

745 (B) receives no compensation directly or indirectly from an insurer for selling, soliciting, or negotiating an insurance product of that insurer to an insurance customer or 746 747 insured. (ii) "Producer for the insured" may be referred to as a "broker." 748 749 [(96)] (99) (a) "Insured" means a person to whom or for whose benefit an insurer 750 makes a promise in an insurance policy and includes: 751 (i) a policyholder; 752 (ii) a subscriber: 753 (iii) a member; and 754 (iv) a beneficiary. 755 (b) The definition in Subsection [(96)] (99)(a): 756 (i) applies only to this title; 757 (ii) does not define the meaning of "insured" as used in an insurance policy or 758 certificate; and 759 (iii) includes an enrollee. 760 [(97)] (100) (a) "Insurer" means a person doing an insurance business as a principal 761 including: 762 (i) a fraternal benefit society; 763 (ii) an issuer of a gift annuity other than an annuity specified in Subsections 764 31A-22-1305(2) and (3); 765 (iii) a motor club; 766 (iv) an employee welfare plan; (v) a person purporting or intending to do an insurance business as a principal on that 767 768 person's own account; and 769 (vi) a health maintenance organization. 770 (b) "Insurer" does not include a governmental entity [to the extent the governmental 771 entity is engaged in an activity described in Section 31A-12-107]. 772 [(98)] (101) "Interinsurance exchange" means the same as that term is defined in 773 Subsection [(153)] (160). 774 (102) "Internationally active insurance group" means an insurance holding company 775 system:

776	(a) that includes an insurer registered under Section 34A-16-105;
777	(b) that has premiums written in at least three countries;
778	(c) whose percentage of gross premiums written outside the United States is at least
779	10% of its total gross written premiums; and
780	(d) that, based on a three-year rolling average, has:
781	(i) total assets of at least \$50,000,000,000; or
782	(ii) total gross written premiums of at least \$10,000,000,000.
783	[(99)] (103) "Involuntary unemployment insurance" means insurance:
784	(a) offered in connection with an extension of credit; and
785	(b) that provides indemnity if the debtor is involuntarily unemployed for payments
786	coming due on a:
787	(i) specific loan; or
788	(ii) credit transaction.
789	[(100)] (104) (a) "Large employer," in connection with a health benefit plan, means an
790	employer who, with respect to a calendar year and to a plan year:
791	(i) employed an average of at least 51 employees on business days during the preceding
792	calendar year; and
793	(ii) employs at least one employee on the first day of the plan year.
794	(b) The number of employees shall be determined using the method set forth in 26
795	U.S.C. Sec. 4980H(c)(2).
796	$[\frac{(101)}{(105)}]$ "Late enrollee," with respect to an employer health benefit plan, means
797	an individual whose enrollment is a late enrollment.
798	[(102)] (106) "Late enrollment," with respect to an employer health benefit plan, means
799	enrollment of an individual other than:
800	(a) on the earliest date on which coverage can become effective for the individual
801	under the terms of the plan; or
802	(b) through special enrollment.
803	$[\frac{(103)}{(107)}]$ (a) Except for a retainer contract or legal assistance described in Section
804	31A-1-103, "legal expense insurance" means insurance written to indemnify or pay for a
805	specified legal expense.
806	(b) "Legal expense insurance" includes an arrangement that creates a reasonable

807	expectation of an enforceable right.
808	(c) "Legal expense insurance" does not include the provision of, or reimbursement for
809	legal services incidental to other insurance coverage.
810	[(104)] (a) "Liability insurance" means insurance against liability:
811	(i) for death, injury, or disability of a human being, or for damage to property,
812	exclusive of the coverages under:
813	(A) medical malpractice insurance;
814	(B) professional liability insurance; and
815	(C) workers' compensation insurance;
816	(ii) for a medical, hospital, surgical, and funeral benefit to a person other than the
817	insured who is injured, irrespective of legal liability of the insured, when issued with or
818	supplemental to insurance against legal liability for the death, injury, or disability of a human
819	being, exclusive of the coverages under:
820	(A) medical malpractice insurance;
821	(B) professional liability insurance; and
822	(C) workers' compensation insurance;
823	(iii) for loss or damage to property resulting from an accident to or explosion of a
824	boiler, pipe, pressure container, machinery, or apparatus;
825	(iv) for loss or damage to property caused by:
826	(A) the breakage or leakage of a sprinkler, water pipe, or water container; or
827	(B) water entering through a leak or opening in a building; or
828	(v) for other loss or damage properly the subject of insurance not within another kind
829	of insurance as defined in this chapter, if the insurance is not contrary to law or public policy.
830	(b) "Liability insurance" includes:
831	(i) vehicle liability insurance;
832	(ii) residential dwelling liability insurance; and
833	(iii) making inspection of, and issuing a certificate of inspection upon, an elevator,
834	boiler, machinery, or apparatus of any kind when done in connection with insurance on the
835	elevator, boiler, machinery, or apparatus.
836	$[\frac{(105)}{(109)}]$ (a) "License" means authorization issued by the commissioner to engage
837	in an activity that is part of or related to the insurance business.

838	(b) "License" includes a certificate of authority issued to an insurer.
839	$\left[\frac{(106)}{(110)}\right]$ (a) "Life insurance" means:
840	(i) insurance on a human life; and
841	(ii) insurance pertaining to or connected with human life.
842	(b) The business of life insurance includes:
843	(i) granting a death benefit;
844	(ii) granting an annuity benefit;
845	(iii) granting an endowment benefit;
846	(iv) granting an additional benefit in the event of death by accident;
847	(v) granting an additional benefit to safeguard the policy against lapse; and
848	(vi) providing an optional method of settlement of proceeds.
849	$\left[\frac{(107)}{(111)}\right]$ "Limited license" means a license that:
850	(a) is issued for a specific product of insurance; and
851	(b) limits an individual or agency to transact only for that product or insurance.
852	$[\frac{(108)}{(112)}]$ "Limited line credit insurance" includes the following forms of
853	insurance:
854	(a) credit life;
855	(b) credit accident and health;
856	(c) credit property;
857	(d) credit unemployment;
858	(e) involuntary unemployment;
859	(f) mortgage life;
860	(g) mortgage guaranty;
861	(h) mortgage accident and health;
862	(i) guaranteed automobile protection; and
863	(j) another form of insurance offered in connection with an extension of credit that:
864	(i) is limited to partially or wholly extinguishing the credit obligation; and
865	(ii) the commissioner determines by rule should be designated as a form of limited line
866	credit insurance.
867	$[\frac{(109)}{(113)}]$ "Limited line credit insurance producer" means a person who sells,
868	solicits, or negotiates one or more forms of limited line credit insurance coverage to an

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       individual through a master, corporate, group, or individual policy.
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              [(110)] (114) "Limited line insurance" includes:
871
              (a) bail bond;
872
              (b) limited line credit insurance;
873
              (c) legal expense insurance;
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              (d) motor club insurance;
875
              (e) car rental related insurance;
876
              (f) travel insurance:
877
              (g) crop insurance;
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              (h) self-service storage insurance;
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              (i) guaranteed asset protection waiver;
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              (i) portable electronics insurance; and
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              (k) another form of limited insurance that the commissioner determines by rule should
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       be designated a form of limited line insurance.
              [(111)] (115) "Limited lines authority" includes the lines of insurance listed in
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884
       Subsection [(110)] (114).
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              [(112)] (116) "Limited lines producer" means a person who sells, solicits, or negotiates
886
       limited lines insurance.
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              [(113)] (117) (a) "Long-term care insurance" means an insurance policy or rider
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       advertised, marketed, offered, or designated to provide coverage:
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              (i) in a setting other than an acute care unit of a hospital;
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              (ii) for not less than 12 consecutive months for a covered person on the basis of:
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              (A) expenses incurred;
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              (B) indemnity;
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              (C) prepayment; or
894
              (D) another method;
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              (iii) for one or more necessary or medically necessary services that are:
896
              (A) diagnostic;
897
              (B) preventative;
898
              (C) therapeutic;
899
              (D) rehabilitative;
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900	(E) maintenance; or
901	(F) personal care; and
902	(iv) that may be issued by:
903	(A) an insurer;
904	(B) a fraternal benefit society;
905	(C) (I) a nonprofit health hospital; and
906	(II) a medical service corporation;
907	(D) a prepaid health plan;
908	(E) a health maintenance organization; or
909	(F) an entity similar to the entities described in Subsections $[\frac{(113)}{(117)}]$ $(\frac{117}{(a)})$
910	through (E) to the extent that the entity is otherwise authorized to issue life or health care
911	insurance.
912	(b) "Long-term care insurance" includes:
913	(i) any of the following that provide directly or supplement long-term care insurance:
914	(A) a group or individual annuity or rider; or
915	(B) a life insurance policy or rider;
916	(ii) a policy or rider that provides for payment of benefits on the basis of:
917	(A) cognitive impairment; or
918	(B) functional capacity; or
919	(iii) a qualified long-term care insurance contract.
920	(c) "Long-term care insurance" does not include:
921	(i) a policy that is offered primarily to provide basic Medicare supplement coverage;
922	(ii) basic hospital expense coverage;
923	(iii) basic medical/surgical expense coverage;
924	(iv) hospital confinement indemnity coverage;
925	(v) major medical expense coverage;
926	(vi) income replacement or related asset-protection coverage;
927	(vii) accident only coverage;
928	(viii) coverage for a specified:
929	(A) disease; or
930	(B) accident;

931	(ix) limited benefit health coverage; or
932	(x) a life insurance policy that accelerates the death benefit to provide the option of a
933	lump sum payment:
934	(A) if the following are not conditioned on the receipt of long-term care:
935	(I) benefits; or
936	(II) eligibility; and
937	(B) the coverage is for one or more the following qualifying events:
938	(I) terminal illness;
939	(II) medical conditions requiring extraordinary medical intervention; or
940	(III) permanent institutional confinement.
941	$[\frac{(114)}{(118)}]$ "Managed care organization" means a person:
942	(a) licensed as a health maintenance organization under Chapter 8, Health Maintenance
943	Organizations and Limited Health Plans; or
944	(b) (i) licensed under:
945	(A) Chapter 5, Domestic Stock and Mutual Insurance Corporations;
946	(B) Chapter 7, Nonprofit Health Service Insurance Corporations; or
947	(C) Chapter 14, Foreign Insurers; and
948	(ii) that requires an enrollee to use, or offers incentives, including financial incentives,
949	for an enrollee to use, network providers.
950	[(115)] (119) "Medical malpractice insurance" means insurance against legal liability
951	incident to the practice and provision of a medical service other than the practice and provision
952	of a dental service.
953	[(116)] (120) "Member" means a person having membership rights in an insurance
954	corporation.
955	[(117)] (121) "Minimum capital" or "minimum required capital" means the capital that
956	must be constantly maintained by a stock insurance corporation as required by statute.
957	[(118)] (122) "Mortgage accident and health insurance" means insurance offered in
958	connection with an extension of credit that provides indemnity for payments coming due on a
959	mortgage while the debtor has a disability.
960	[(119)] (123) "Mortgage guaranty insurance" means surety insurance under which a
961	mortgagee or other creditor is indemnified against losses caused by the default of a debtor

962 [(120)] (124) "Mortgage life insurance" means insurance on the life of a debtor in 963 connection with an extension of credit that pays if the debtor dies. 964 [(121)] (125) "Motor club" means a person: 965 (a) licensed under: 966 (i) Chapter 5, Domestic Stock and Mutual Insurance Corporations; 967 (ii) Chapter 11, Motor Clubs; or 968 (iii) Chapter 14, Foreign Insurers; and 969 (b) that promises for an advance consideration to provide for a stated period of time 970 one or more: 971 (i) legal services under Subsection 31A-11-102(1)(b); 972 (ii) bail services under Subsection 31A-11-102(1)(c); or 973 (iii) (A) trip reimbursement; 974 (B) towing services; 975 (C) emergency road services; 976 (D) stolen automobile services; 977 (E) a combination of the services listed in Subsections [(121)] (125)(b)(iii)(A) through 978 (D); or 979 (F) other services given in Subsections 31A-11-102(1)(b) through (f). 980 [(122)] (126) "Mutual" means a mutual insurance corporation. 981 [(123)] (127) "Network plan" means health care insurance: 982 (a) that is issued by an insurer; and 983 (b) under which the financing and delivery of medical care is provided, in whole or in 984 part, through a defined set of providers under contract with the insurer, including the financing 985 and delivery of an item paid for as medical care. 986 [(124)] (128) "Network provider" means a health care provider who has an agreement 987 with a managed care organization to provide health care services to an enrollee with an 988 expectation of receiving payment, other than coinsurance, copayments, or deductibles, directly 989 from the managed care organization. 990 [(125)] (129) "Nonparticipating" means a plan of insurance under which the insured is 991 not entitled to receive a dividend representing a share of the surplus of the insurer. 992 [(126)] (130) "Ocean marine insurance" means insurance against loss of or damage to:

993	(a) ships or hulls of ships;
994	(b) goods, freight, cargoes, merchandise, effects, disbursements, profits, money,
995	securities, choses in action, evidences of debt, valuable papers, bottomry, respondentia
996	interests, or other cargoes in or awaiting transit over the oceans or inland waterways;
997	(c) earnings such as freight, passage money, commissions, or profits derived from
998	transporting goods or people upon or across the oceans or inland waterways; or
999	(d) a vessel owner or operator as a result of liability to employees, passengers, bailors,
1000	owners of other vessels, owners of fixed objects, customs or other authorities, or other persons
1001	in connection with maritime activity.
1002	$[\frac{(127)}{(131)}]$ "Order" means an order of the commissioner.
1003	(132) "ORSA guidance manual" means the current version of the Own Risk and
1004	Solvency Assessment Guidance Manual developed and adopted by the National Association of
1005	Insurance Commissioners and as amended from time to time.
1006	(133) "ORSA summary report" means a confidential high-level summary of an insurer
1007	or insurance group's own risk and solvency assessment.
1008	[(128)] (134) "Outline of coverage" means a summary that explains an accident and
1009	health insurance policy.
1010	(135) "Own risk and solvency assessment" means an insurer or insurance group's
1011	confidential internal assessment:
1012	(a) (i) of each material and relevant risk associated with the insurer or insurance group;
1013	(ii) of the insurer or insurance group's current business plan to support each risk
1014	described in Subsection (135)(a)(i); and
1015	(iii) of the sufficiency of capital resources to support each risk described in Subsection
1016	(135)(a)(i); and
1017	(b) that is appropriate to the nature, scale, and complexity of an insurer or insurance
1018	group.
1019	$[\frac{(129)}{(136)}]$ "Participating" means a plan of insurance under which the insured is
1020	entitled to receive a dividend representing a share of the surplus of the insurer.
1021	[(130)] (137) "Participation," as used in a health benefit plan, means a requirement
1022	relating to the minimum percentage of eligible employees that must be enrolled in relation to
1023	the total number of eligible employees of an employer reduced by each eligible employee who

voluntarily declines coverage under the plan because the employee: 1024 1025 (a) has other group health care insurance coverage; or 1026 (b) receives: 1027 (i) Medicare, under the Health Insurance for the Aged Act, Title XVIII of the Social 1028 Security Amendments of 1965; or 1029 (ii) another government health benefit. 1030 [(131)] (138) "Person" includes: 1031 (a) an individual; 1032 (b) a partnership; 1033 (c) a corporation; 1034 (d) an incorporated or unincorporated association; 1035 (e) a joint stock company; 1036 (f) a trust; 1037 (g) a limited liability company; 1038 (h) a reciprocal; 1039 (i) a syndicate; or 1040 (i) another similar entity or combination of entities acting in concert. 1041 [(132)] (139) "Personal lines insurance" means property and casualty insurance 1042 coverage sold for primarily noncommercial purposes to: 1043 (a) an individual; or 1044 (b) a family. 1045 [(133)] (140) "Plan sponsor" means the same as that term is defined in 29 U.S.C. Sec. 1046 1002(16)(B). 1047 [(134)] (141) "Plan year" means: 1048 (a) the year that is designated as the plan year in: 1049 (i) the plan document of a group health plan; or 1050 (ii) a summary plan description of a group health plan; 1051 (b) if the plan document or summary plan description does not designate a plan year or 1052 there is no plan document or summary plan description: 1053 (i) the year used to determine deductibles or limits; 1054 (ii) the policy year, if the plan does not impose deductibles or limits on a yearly basis;

1055	or
1056	(iii) the employer's taxable year if:
1057	(A) the plan does not impose deductibles or limits on a yearly basis; and
1058	(B) (I) the plan is not insured; or
1059	(II) the insurance policy is not renewed on an annual basis; or
1060	(c) in a case not described in Subsection $[(134)]$ (141) (a) or (b), the calendar year.
1061	$[\frac{(135)}{(142)}]$ (a) "Policy" means a document, including an attached endorsement or
1062	application that:
1063	(i) purports to be an enforceable contract; and
1064	(ii) memorializes in writing some or all of the terms of an insurance contract.
1065	(b) "Policy" includes a service contract issued by:
1066	(i) a motor club under Chapter 11, Motor Clubs;
1067	(ii) a service contract provided under Chapter 6a, Service Contracts; and
1068	(iii) a corporation licensed under:
1069	(A) Chapter 7, Nonprofit Health Service Insurance Corporations; or
1070	(B) Chapter 8, Health Maintenance Organizations and Limited Health Plans.
1071	(c) "Policy" does not include:
1072	(i) a certificate under a group insurance contract; or
1073	(ii) a document that does not purport to have legal effect.
1074	[(136)] (143) "Policyholder" means a person who controls a policy, binder, or oral
1075	contract by ownership, premium payment, or otherwise.
1076	$[\frac{(137)}{(144)}]$ "Policy illustration" means a presentation or depiction that includes
1077	nonguaranteed elements of a policy of life insurance over a period of years.
1078	[(138)] (145) "Policy summary" means a synopsis describing the elements of a life
1079	insurance policy.
1080	[(139)] (146) "PPACA" means the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, Pub. L.
1081	No. 111-148 and the Health Care Education Reconciliation Act of 2010, Pub. L. No. 111-152,
1082	and related federal regulations and guidance.
1083	$[\frac{(140)}{(147)}]$ "Preexisting condition," with respect to health care insurance:
1084	(a) means a condition that was present before the effective date of coverage, whether or
1085	not medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received before that day,

1086	and
1087	(b) does not include a condition indicated by genetic information unless an actual
1088	diagnosis of the condition by a physician has been made.
1089	[(141)] (148) (a) "Premium" means the monetary consideration for an insurance policy.
1090	(b) "Premium" includes, however designated:
1091	(i) an assessment;
1092	(ii) a membership fee;
1093	(iii) a required contribution; or
1094	(iv) monetary consideration.
1095	(c) (i) "Premium" does not include consideration paid to a third party administrator for
1096	the third party administrator's services.
1097	(ii) "Premium" includes an amount paid by a third party administrator to an insurer for
1098	insurance on the risks administered by the third party administrator.
1099	$[\frac{(142)}{(149)}]$ "Principal officers" for a corporation means the officers designated under
1100	Subsection 31A-5-203(3).
1101	$[\frac{(143)}{(150)}]$ "Proceeding" includes an action or special statutory proceeding.
1102	[(144)] (151) "Professional liability insurance" means insurance against legal liability
1103	incident to the practice of a profession and provision of a professional service.
1104	$[\frac{(145)}]$ $\underline{(152)}$ (a) Except as provided in Subsection $[\frac{(145)}]$ $\underline{(152)}$ (b), "property
1105	insurance" means insurance against loss or damage to real or personal property of every kind
1106	and any interest in that property:
1107	(i) from all hazards or causes; and
1108	(ii) against loss consequential upon the loss or damage including vehicle
1109	comprehensive and vehicle physical damage coverages.
1110	(b) "Property insurance" does not include:
1111	(i) inland marine insurance; and
1112	(ii) ocean marine insurance.
1113	[(146)] (153) "Qualified long-term care insurance contract" or "federally tax qualified
1114	long-term care insurance contract" means:
1115	(a) an individual or group insurance contract that meets the requirements of Section
1116	7702B(b), Internal Revenue Code; or

1117	(b) the portion of a life insurance contract that provides long-term care insurance:
1118	(i) (A) by rider; or
1119	(B) as a part of the contract; and
1120	(ii) that satisfies the requirements of Sections 7702B(b) and (e), Internal Revenue
1121	Code.
1122	[(147)] (154) "Qualified United States financial institution" means an institution that:
1123	(a) is:
1124	(i) organized under the laws of the United States or any state; or
1125	(ii) in the case of a United States office of a foreign banking organization, licensed
1126	under the laws of the United States or any state;
1127	(b) is regulated, supervised, and examined by a United States federal or state authority
1128	having regulatory authority over a bank or trust company; and
1129	(c) meets the standards of financial condition and standing that are considered
1130	necessary and appropriate to regulate the quality of a financial institution whose letters of credit
1131	will be acceptable to the commissioner as determined by:
1132	(i) the commissioner by rule; or
1133	(ii) the Securities Valuation Office of the National Association of Insurance
1134	Commissioners.
1135	$[\frac{(148)}{(155)}]$ (a) "Rate" means:
1136	(i) the cost of a given unit of insurance; or
1137	(ii) for property or casualty insurance, that cost of insurance per exposure unit either
1138	expressed as:
1139	(A) a single number; or
1140	(B) a pure premium rate, adjusted before the application of individual risk variations
1141	based on loss or expense considerations to account for the treatment of:
1142	(I) expenses;
1143	(II) profit; and
1144	(III) individual insurer variation in loss experience.
1145	(b) "Rate" does not include a minimum premium.
1146	$[\frac{(149)}{(156)}]$ (a) Except as provided in Subsection $[\frac{(149)}{(156)}]$ (156)(b), "rate service
1147	organization" means a person who assists an insurer in rate making or filing by:

1148	(i) collecting, compiling, and furnishing loss or expense statistics;
1149	(ii) recommending, making, or filing rates or supplementary rate information; or
1150	(iii) advising about rate questions, except as an attorney giving legal advice.
1151	(b) "Rate service organization" does not mean:
1152	(i) an employee of an insurer;
1153	(ii) a single insurer or group of insurers under common control;
1154	(iii) a joint underwriting group; or
1155	(iv) an individual serving as an actuarial or legal consultant.
1156	$[\frac{(150)}{(157)}]$ "Rating manual" means any of the following used to determine initial and
1157	renewal policy premiums:
1158	(a) a manual of rates;
1159	(b) a classification;
1160	(c) a rate-related underwriting rule; and
1161	(d) a rating formula that describes steps, policies, and procedures for determining
1162	initial and renewal policy premiums.
1163	[(151)] (158) (a) "Rebate" means a licensee paying, allowing, giving, or offering to
1164	pay, allow, or give, directly or indirectly:
1165	(i) a refund of premium or portion of premium;
1166	(ii) a refund of commission or portion of commission;
1167	(iii) a refund of all or a portion of a consultant fee; or
1168	(iv) providing services or other benefits not specified in an insurance or annuity
1169	contract.
1170	(b) "Rebate" does not include:
1171	(i) a refund due to termination or changes in coverage;
1172	(ii) a refund due to overcharges made in error by the licensee; or
1173	(iii) savings or wellness benefits as provided in the contract by the licensee.
1174	[(152)] (159) "Received by the department" means:
1175	(a) the date delivered to and stamped received by the department, if delivered in
1176	person;
1177	(b) the post mark date, if delivered by mail;
1178	(c) the delivery service's post mark or pickup date, if delivered by a delivery service;

1179	(d) the received date recorded on an item delivered, if delivered by:
1180	(i) facsimile;
1181	(ii) email; or
1182	(iii) another electronic method; or
1183	(e) a date specified in:
1184	(i) a statute;
1185	(ii) a rule; or
1186	(iii) an order.
1187	[(153)] (160) "Reciprocal" or "interinsurance exchange" means an unincorporated
1188	association of persons:
1189	(a) operating through an attorney-in-fact common to all of the persons; and
1190	(b) exchanging insurance contracts with one another that provide insurance coverage
1191	on each other.
1192	$[\frac{(154)}{(161)}]$ "Reinsurance" means an insurance transaction where an insurer, for
1193	consideration, transfers any portion of the risk it has assumed to another insurer. In referring to
1194	reinsurance transactions, this title sometimes refers to:
1195	(a) the insurer transferring the risk as the "ceding insurer"; and
1196	(b) the insurer assuming the risk as the:
1197	(i) "assuming insurer"; or
1198	(ii) "assuming reinsurer."
1199	$[\frac{(155)}{(162)}]$ "Reinsurer" means a person licensed in this state as an insurer with the
1200	authority to assume reinsurance.
1201	[(156)] (163) "Residential dwelling liability insurance" means insurance against
1202	liability resulting from or incident to the ownership, maintenance, or use of a residential
1203	dwelling that is a detached single family residence or multifamily residence up to four units.
1204	$[\frac{(157)}{(164)}]$ (a) "Retrocession" means reinsurance with another insurer of a liability
1205	assumed under a reinsurance contract.
1206	(b) A reinsurer "retrocedes" when the reinsurer reinsures with another insurer part of a
1207	liability assumed under a reinsurance contract.
1208	[(158)] (165) "Rider" means an endorsement to:
1209	(a) an insurance policy; or

1210	(b) an insurance certificate.
1211	$[\frac{(159)}{(166)}]$ "Secondary medical condition" means a complication related to an
1212	exclusion from coverage in accident and health insurance.
1213	[(160)] <u>(167)</u> (a) "Security" means a:
1214	(i) note;
1215	(ii) stock;
1216	(iii) bond;
1217	(iv) debenture;
1218	(v) evidence of indebtedness;
1219	(vi) certificate of interest or participation in a profit-sharing agreement;
1220	(vii) collateral-trust certificate;
1221	(viii) preorganization certificate or subscription;
1222	(ix) transferable share;
1223	(x) investment contract;
1224	(xi) voting trust certificate;
1225	(xii) certificate of deposit for a security;
1226	(xiii) certificate of interest of participation in an oil, gas, or mining title or lease or in
1227	payments out of production under such a title or lease;
1228	(xiv) commodity contract or commodity option;
1229	(xv) certificate of interest or participation in, temporary or interim certificate for,
1230	receipt for, guarantee of, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase any of the items listed
1231	in Subsections [(160)] (167)(a)(i) through (xiv); or
1232	(xvi) another interest or instrument commonly known as a security.
1233	(b) "Security" does not include:
1234	(i) any of the following under which an insurance company promises to pay money in a
1235	specific lump sum or periodically for life or some other specified period:
1236	(A) insurance;
1237	(B) an endowment policy; or
1238	(C) an annuity contract; or
1239	(ii) a burial certificate or burial contract.
1240	[(161)] (168) "Securityholder" means a specified person who owns a security of a

1241	person, including:
1242	(a) common stock;
1243	(b) preferred stock;
1244	(c) debt obligations; and
1245	(d) any other security convertible into or evidencing the right of any of the items listed
1246	in this Subsection [(161)] <u>(168)</u> .
1247	$[\frac{(162)}{(169)}]$ (a) "Self-insurance" means an arrangement under which a person
1248	provides for spreading its own risks by a systematic plan.
1249	(b) Except as provided in this Subsection [(162)] (169), "self-insurance" does not
1250	include an arrangement under which a number of persons spread their risks among themselves.
1251	(c) "Self-insurance" includes:
1252	(i) an arrangement by which a governmental entity undertakes to indemnify an
1253	employee for liability arising out of the employee's employment; and
1254	(ii) an arrangement by which a person with a managed program of self-insurance and
1255	risk management undertakes to indemnify its affiliates, subsidiaries, directors, officers, or
1256	employees for liability or risk that is related to the relationship or employment.
1257	(d) "Self-insurance" does not include an arrangement with an independent contractor.
1258	$[\frac{(163)}{(170)}]$ "Sell" means to exchange a contract of insurance:
1259	(a) by any means;
1260	(b) for money or its equivalent; and
1261	(c) on behalf of an insurance company.
1262	$[\frac{(164)}{(171)}]$ "Short-term care insurance" means an insurance policy or rider
1263	advertised, marketed, offered, or designed to provide coverage that is similar to long-term care
1264	insurance, but that provides coverage for less than 12 consecutive months for each covered
1265	person.
1266	(172) "Short-term limited duration health insurance" means a health benefit product
1267	<u>that:</u>
1268	(a) after taking into account any renewals or extensions, has a total duration of no more
1269	than 36 months; and
1270	(b) has an expiration date specified in the contract that is less than 12 months after the
1271	original effective date of coverage under the health benefit product.

1272	[(165)] (173) "Significant break in coverage" means a period of 63 consecutive days
1273	during each of which an individual does not have creditable coverage.
1274	[(166)] (174) (a) "Small employer" means, in connection with a health benefit plan and
1275	with respect to a calendar year and to a plan year, an employer who:
1276	(i) (A) employed at least one but not more than 50 eligible employees on business days
1277	during the preceding calendar year; or
1278	(B) if the employer did not exist for the entirety of the preceding calendar year,
1279	reasonably expects to employ an average of at least one but not more than 50 eligible
1280	employees on business days during the current calendar year;
1281	(ii) employs at least one employee on the first day of the plan year; and
1282	(iii) for an employer who has common ownership with one or more other employers, is
1283	treated as a single employer under 26 U.S.C. Sec. 414(b), (c), (m), or (o).
1284	(b) "Small employer" does not include a sole proprietor that does not employ at least
1285	one employee.
1286	$[\frac{(167)}{(175)}]$ "Special enrollment period," in connection with a health benefit plan, has
1287	the same meaning as provided in federal regulations adopted pursuant to the Health Insurance
1288	Portability and Accountability Act.
1289	[(168)] (a) "Subsidiary" of a person means an affiliate controlled by that person
1290	either directly or indirectly through one or more affiliates or intermediaries.
1291	(b) "Wholly owned subsidiary" of a person is a subsidiary of which all of the voting
1292	shares are owned by that person either alone or with its affiliates, except for the minimum
1293	number of shares the law of the subsidiary's domicile requires to be owned by directors or
1294	others.
1295	[(169)] (177) Subject to Subsection $[(90)]$ (91)(b), "surety insurance" includes:
1296	(a) a guarantee against loss or damage resulting from the failure of a principal to pay or
1297	perform the principal's obligations to a creditor or other obligee;
1298	(b) bail bond insurance; and
1299	(c) fidelity insurance.
1300	[(170)] (178) (a) "Surplus" means the excess of assets over the sum of paid-in capital
1301	and liabilities.
1302	(b) (i) "Permanent surplus" means the surplus of an insurer or organization that is

1303	designated by the insurer or organization as permanent.
1304	(ii) Sections 31A-5-211, 31A-7-201, 31A-8-209, 31A-9-209, and 31A-14-205 require
1305	that insurers or organizations doing business in this state maintain specified minimum levels of
1306	permanent surplus.
1307	(iii) Except for assessable mutuals, the minimum permanent surplus requirement is the
1308	same as the minimum required capital requirement that applies to stock insurers.
1309	(c) "Excess surplus" means:
1310	(i) for a life insurer, accident and health insurer, health organization, or property and
1311	casualty insurer as defined in Section 31A-17-601, the lesser of:
1312	(A) that amount of an insurer's or health organization's total adjusted capital that
1313	exceeds the product of:
1314	(I) 2.5; and
1315	(II) the sum of the insurer's or health organization's minimum capital or permanent
1316	surplus required under Section 31A-5-211, 31A-9-209, or 31A-14-205; or
1317	(B) that amount of an insurer's or health organization's total adjusted capital that
1318	exceeds the product of:
1319	(I) 3.0; and
1320	(II) the authorized control level RBC as defined in Subsection 31A-17-601(8)(a); and
1321	(ii) for a monoline mortgage guaranty insurer, financial guaranty insurer, or title insurer
1322	that amount of an insurer's paid-in-capital and surplus that exceeds the product of:
1323	(A) 1.5; and
1324	(B) the insurer's total adjusted capital required by Subsection 31A-17-609(1).
1325	[(171)] (179) "Third party administrator" or "administrator" means a person who
1326	collects charges or premiums from, or who, for consideration, adjusts or settles claims of
1327	residents of the state in connection with insurance coverage, annuities, or service insurance
1328	coverage, except:
1329	(a) a union on behalf of its members;
1330	(b) a person administering a:
1331	(i) pension plan subject to the federal Employee Retirement Income Security Act of
1332	1974;
1333	(ii) governmental plan as defined in Section 414(d), Internal Revenue Code; or

1334	(iii) nonelecting church plan as described in Section 410(d), Internal Revenue Code;
1335	(c) an employer on behalf of the employer's employees or the employees of one or
1336	more of the subsidiary or affiliated corporations of the employer;
1337	(d) an insurer licensed under the following, but only for a line of insurance for which
1338	the insurer holds a license in this state:
1339	(i) Chapter 5, Domestic Stock and Mutual Insurance Corporations;
1340	(ii) Chapter 7, Nonprofit Health Service Insurance Corporations;
1341	(iii) Chapter 8, Health Maintenance Organizations and Limited Health Plans;
1342	(iv) Chapter 9, Insurance Fraternals; or
1343	(v) Chapter 14, Foreign Insurers;
1344	(e) a person:
1345	(i) licensed or exempt from licensing under:
1346	(A) Chapter 23a, Insurance Marketing - Licensing Producers, Consultants, and
1347	Reinsurance Intermediaries; or
1348	(B) Chapter 26, Insurance Adjusters; and
1349	(ii) whose activities are limited to those authorized under the license the person holds
1350	or for which the person is exempt; or
1351	(f) an institution, bank, or financial institution:
1352	(i) that is:
1353	(A) an institution whose deposits and accounts are to any extent insured by a federal
1354	deposit insurance agency, including the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or National
1355	Credit Union Administration; or
1356	(B) a bank or other financial institution that is subject to supervision or examination by
1357	a federal or state banking authority; and
1358	(ii) that does not adjust claims without a third party administrator license.
1359	$[\frac{(172)}{(180)}]$ "Title insurance" means the insuring, guaranteeing, or indemnifying of an
1360	owner of real or personal property or the holder of liens or encumbrances on that property, or
1361	others interested in the property against loss or damage suffered by reason of liens or
1362	encumbrances upon, defects in, or the unmarketability of the title to the property, or invalidity
1363	or unenforceability of any liens or encumbrances on the property.
1364	$\left[\frac{(173)}{(181)}\right]$ "Total adjusted capital" means the sum of an insurer's or health

1365	organization's statutory capital and surplus as determined in accordance with:
1366	(a) the statutory accounting applicable to the annual financial statements required to be
1367	filed under Section 31A-4-113; and
1368	(b) another item provided by the RBC instructions, as RBC instructions is defined in
1369	Section 31A-17-601.
1370	$[\frac{(174)}{(182)}]$ (a) "Trustee" means "director" when referring to the board of directors of
1371	a corporation.
1372	(b) "Trustee," when used in reference to an employee welfare fund, means an
1373	individual, firm, association, organization, joint stock company, or corporation, whether acting
1374	individually or jointly and whether designated by that name or any other, that is charged with
1375	or has the overall management of an employee welfare fund.
1376	[(175)] (183) (a) "Unauthorized insurer," "unadmitted insurer," or "nonadmitted
1377	insurer" means an insurer:
1378	(i) not holding a valid certificate of authority to do an insurance business in this state;
1379	or
1380	(ii) transacting business not authorized by a valid certificate.
1381	(b) "Admitted insurer" or "authorized insurer" means an insurer:
1382	(i) holding a valid certificate of authority to do an insurance business in this state; and
1383	(ii) transacting business as authorized by a valid certificate.
1384	[(176)] (184) "Underwrite" means the authority to accept or reject risk on behalf of the
1385	insurer.
1386	[(177)] (185) "Vehicle liability insurance" means insurance against liability resulting
1387	from or incident to ownership, maintenance, or use of a land vehicle or aircraft, exclusive of a
1388	vehicle comprehensive or vehicle physical damage coverage under Subsection [(145)] (152).
1389	[(178)] (186) "Voting security" means a security with voting rights, and includes a
1390	security convertible into a security with a voting right associated with the security.
1391	$[\frac{(179)}{(187)}]$ "Waiting period" for a health benefit plan means the period that must
1392	pass before coverage for an individual, who is otherwise eligible to enroll under the terms of
1393	the health benefit plan, can become effective.
1394	$[\frac{(180)}{(188)}]$ "Workers' compensation insurance" means:
1395	(a) insurance for indemnification of an employer against liability for compensation

1396	based on:
1397	(i) a compensable accidental injury; and
1398	(ii) occupational disease disability;
1399	(b) employer's liability insurance incidental to workers' compensation insurance and
1400	written in connection with workers' compensation insurance; and
1401	(c) insurance assuring to a person entitled to workers' compensation benefits the
1402	compensation provided by law.
1403	Section 2. Section 31A-2-403 is amended to read:
1404	31A-2-403. Title and Escrow Commission created.
1405	(1) (a) Subject to Subsection (1)(b), there is created within the department the Title and
1406	Escrow Commission that is comprised of five members appointed by the governor with the
1407	consent of the Senate as follows:
1408	(i) except as provided in Subsection (1)(c), two members shall be employees of a title
1409	insurer;
1410	(ii) two members shall:
1411	(A) be employees of a Utah agency title insurance producer;
1412	(B) be or have been licensed under the title insurance line of authority;
1413	(C) as of the day on which the member is appointed, be or have been licensed with the
1414	title examination or escrow subline of authority for at least five years; and
1415	(D) as of the day on which the member is appointed, not be from the same county as
1416	another member appointed under this Subsection (1)(a)(ii); and
1417	(iii) one member shall be a member of the general public from any county in the state.
1418	(b) No more than one commission member may be appointed from a single company
1419	or an affiliate or subsidiary of the company.
1420	(c) If the governor is unable to identify more than one individual who is an employee
1421	of a title insurer and willing to serve as a member of the commission, the commission shall
1422	include the following members in lieu of the members described in Subsection (1)(a)(i):
1423	(i) one member who is an employee of a title insurer; and
1424	(ii) one member who is an employee of a Utah agency title insurance producer.
1425	(2) (a) Subject to Subsection (2)(c), a commission member shall file with the
1426	commissioner a disclosure of any position of employment or ownership interest that the

1427 commission member has with respect to a person that is subject to the jurisdiction of the commissioner.

- (b) The disclosure statement required by this Subsection (2) shall be:
- 1430 (i) filed by no later than the day on which the person begins that person's appointment; 1431 and
- 1432 (ii) amended when a significant change occurs in any matter required to be disclosed under this Subsection (2).
 - (c) A commission member is not required to disclose an ownership interest that the commission member has if the ownership interest is in a publicly traded company or held as part of a mutual fund, trust, or similar investment.
 - (3) (a) Except as required by Subsection (3)(b), as terms of current commission members expire, the governor shall appoint each new commission member to a four-year term ending on June 30.
 - (b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (3)(a), the governor shall, at the time of appointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of the commission members are staggered so that approximately half of the members appointed under Subsection (1)(a)(i) and half of the members appointed under Subsection (1)(a)(ii) are appointed every two years.
 - (c) A commission member may not serve more than one consecutive term.
 - (d) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the governor, with the consent of the Senate, shall appoint a replacement for the unexpired term.
 - (e) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Subsection (3), a commission member serves until a successor is appointed by the governor with the consent of the Senate.
- 1450 (4) A commission member may not receive compensation or benefits for the
 1451 commission member's service, but may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance
 1452 with:
- 1453 (a) Section 63A-3-106;

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- 1454 (b) Section 63A-3-107; and
- 1455 (c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and 1456 63A-3-107.
- 1457 (5) Members of the commission shall annually select one commission member to serve

1458	as chair.
1459	(6) (a) (i) The commission shall meet at least [monthly] quarterly.
1460	(ii) Notwithstanding Section 52-4-207, a commission member shall physically attend a
1461	regularly scheduled [monthly] quarterly meeting of the commission and may not attend through
1462	electronic means.
1463	(iii) A commission member may attend subcommittee meetings, emergency meetings,
1464	or other not regularly scheduled meetings electronically in accordance with Section 52-4-207.
1465	(b) The commissioner may call additional meetings:
1466	(i) at the commissioner's discretion;
1467	(ii) upon the request of the chair of the commission; or
1468	(iii) upon the written request of three or more commission members.
1469	(c) (i) Three commission members constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.
1470	(ii) The action of a majority of the commission members when a quorum is present is
1471	the action of the commission.
1472	(7) The commissioner shall staff the commission.
1473	Section 3. Section 31A-16-108.6 is enacted to read:
1474	31A-16-108.6. Supervision of internationally active insurance groups.
1475	(1) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the commissioner shall act as the
1476	group-wide supervisor for each internationally active insurance group.
1477	(b) In lieu of acting as the group-wide supervisor for an internationally active insurance
1478	company, the commissioner may acknowledge a regulatory official from another jurisdiction as
1479	the internationally active insurance group's group-wide supervisor, if:
1480	(i) the internationally active insurance group does not have substantial insurance
1481	operations in the United States;
1482	(ii) the internationally active insurance group does not have substantial insurance
1483	operations in the state; or
1484	(iii) in accordance with the provisions of this section, the commissioner determines
1485	that the regulatory official is an appropriate group-wide supervisor.
1486	(2) In deciding whether to acknowledge another regulatory official as an internationally
1487	active insurance group's group-wide supervisor in lieu of acting as the group-wide supervisor,
1488	the commissioner shall:

1489	(a) consult and cooperate with other state, federal, and international regulatory
1490	agencies; and
1491	(b) consider:
1492	(i) the domicile of the insurer or insurers within the internationally active insurance
1493	group that hold the largest share of the group's written premiums, assets, or liabilities;
1494	(ii) the domicile of the top-tiered insurer or insurers in the insurance holding company
1495	system of the internationally active insurance group;
1496	(iii) the location of the executive office or largest operational office of the
1497	internationally active insurance group;
1498	(iv) whether another regulatory official acts or seeks to act as the group-wide
1499	supervisor under a regulatory system that the commissioner determines to be:
1500	(A) substantially similar to the system of regulation provided under the laws of this
1501	state; or
1502	(B) sufficient in terms of providing for group-wide supervision, enterprise risk
1503	analysis, and cooperation with other regulatory officials; and
1504	(v) whether another regulatory official acting or seeking to act as the group-wide
1505	supervisor provides the commissioner with reasonably reciprocal recognition and cooperation.
1506	(3) (a) Before acting as the group-wide supervisor for an internationally active
1507	insurance group, the commissioner shall notify:
1508	(i) the insurer registered under Section 31A-16-105; and
1509	(ii) the ultimate controlling person within the internationally active insurance group.
1510	(b) Within 30 days after the day on which an internationally active insurance group
1511	receives a notification described in Subsection (3)(a), the internationally active insurance group
1512	may provide the commissioner additional information relevant to whether the commissioner
1513	should act as the internationally active insurance group's group-wide supervisor.
1514	(4) If the commissioner acts as the group-wide supervisor for an internationally active
1515	insurance group, the commissioner may later acknowledge a regulatory official from another
1516	jurisdiction as the group-wide supervisor for the internationally active insurance group if the
1517	commissioner:
1518	(a) considers the factors described in Subsection (2)(b);
1519	(b) cooperates with other regulatory officials involved with the supervision of the

1520	members of the internationally active insurance group; and
1521	(c) consults with the internationally active insurance group.
1522	(5) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, when a regulatory official from
1523	another jurisdiction is acting as the group-wide supervisor for an internationally active
1524	insurance group, the commissioner shall:
1525	(a) acknowledge the regulatory official as the group-wide supervisor; and
1526	(b) in accordance with Subsection (2), reevaluate whether it is appropriate to
1527	acknowledge a regulatory official from another jurisdiction as the group-wide supervisor if a
1528	change in circumstances results in:
1529	(i) the insurer or insurers within the internationally active insurance group that hold the
1530	largest share of the group's written premiums, assets, or liabilities being domiciled in the state;
1531	<u>or</u>
1532	(ii) the top-tiered insurer or insurers in the insurance holding company system of the
1533	internationally active insurance group being domiciled in the state.
1534	(6) In accordance with Section 31A-16-107.5, upon request from the commissioner, an
1535	insurer subject to this chapter shall provide the commissioner any information necessary to
1536	determine the appropriate group-wide supervisor for an internationally active insurance group.
1537	(7) The commissioner shall publish on the department's website the identity of each
1538	internationally active insurance group for which the commissioner acts as the group-wide
1539	supervisor.
1540	(8) If the commissioner is the group-wide supervisor of an internationally active
1541	insurance group, the commissioner may:
1542	(a) assess the enterprise risks within the internationally active insurance group to
1543	ensure that:
1544	(i) management of the internationally active insurance group identifies the material
1545	financial condition and liquidity risks to the members of the internationally active insurance
1546	group that are engaged in the business of insurance; and
1547	(ii) reasonable and effective mitigation measures are in place;
1548	(b) request, from any member of the internationally active insurance group,
1549	information necessary and appropriate to assess enterprise risk, including information about the
1550	members of the internationally active insurance group regarding:

1551	(i) governance, risk assessment, and management;
1552	(ii) capital adequacy; or
1553	(iii) material intercompany transactions;
1554	(c) coordinate and, through the authority of the regulatory officials of the jurisdictions
1555	where members of the internationally active insurance group are domiciled, compel
1556	development and implementation of reasonable measures designed to ensure that the
1557	internationally active insurance group is able to timely recognize and mitigate enterprise risks
1558	to members of the internationally active insurance group that are engaged in the business of
1559	insurance;
1560	(d) communicate with other state, federal, and international regulatory agencies for
1561	members within the internationally active insurance group;
1562	(e) subject to the confidentiality provisions of Section 31A-16-109, share relevant
1563	information:
1564	(i) through a supervisory college in accordance with Section 31A-16-108.5; or
1565	(ii) by entering into an agreement or obtaining documentation:
1566	(A) with or from an insurer registered under Section 31A-16-105, a member of the
1567	internationally active insurance group, or a state, federal or international regulatory agency for
1568	members of the internationally active insurance group; and
1569	(B) that provides the basis for or otherwise clarifies the commissioner's role as
1570	group-wide supervisor, including a provision for resolving disputes with another regulatory
1571	official; and
1572	(f) engage in any other group-wide supervision activity, consistent with an authority
1573	and purpose enumerated in this section, as the commissioner determines necessary.
1574	(9) An agreement or documentation described in Subsection (8)(e) may not serve as
1575	evidence in any proceeding that an insurer or person within an insurance holding company
1576	system not domiciled or incorporated in the state:
1577	(a) is doing business in the state; or
1578	(b) is subject to jurisdiction in the state.
1579	(10) (a) If the commissioner acknowledges as a group-wide supervisor another
1580	regulatory official from a jurisdiction that the NAIC does not accredit as a group-wide
1581	supervisor, the commissioner may reasonably cooperate, through supervisory colleges or

1582	otherwise, the group-wide supervisor, provided that:
1583	(i) the commissioner's cooperation is in compliance with the laws of this state; and
1584	(ii) the group-wide supervisor also recognizes and cooperates with the commissioner's
1585	activities as the group-wide supervisor for other internationally active insurance groups where
1586	applicable.
1587	(b) Where the recognition and cooperation described in Subsection (10)(a)(ii) is not
1588	reasonably reciprocal, the commissioner may refuse recognition and cooperation.
1589	(11) The commissioner may in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
1590	Administrative Rulemaking Act, make rules necessary for the administration of this section.
1591	(12) An insurer subject to this section is liable for and shall pay the reasonable
1592	expenses of the commissioner's participation in the administration of this section, including:
1593	(a) the engagement of an attorney, actuary, or other professional; and
1594	(b) all reasonable travel expenses.
1595	Section 4. Section 31A-16-109 is amended to read:
1596	31A-16-109. Confidentiality of information obtained by commissioner.
1597	(1) (a) [Information, documents, and copies of these that are] Documents, materials, or
1598	<u>information</u> obtained by or disclosed to the commissioner or any other person in the course of
1599	an examination or investigation made under Section 31A-16-107.5, and all information
1600	reported or provided to the department under Section 31A-16-105 or 31A-16-108.6, is
1601	confidential. [It is]
1602	(b) Any confidential document, material, or information described in Subsection (1)(a)
1603	is not subject to subpoena and may not be made public by the commissioner or any other
1604	person without the permission of the insurer, except [it] the confidential document, material, or
1605	information may be provided to the insurance departments of other states, without the prior
1606	written consent of the insurer to which [it] the confidential document, material, or information
1607	pertains.
1608	(2) The commissioner and any person who [received] receives documents, materials, or
1609	other information while acting under the authority of the commissioner or with whom the
1610	documents, materials, or other information are shared pursuant to this chapter shall keep
1611	confidential any confidential documents, materials, or information subject to Subsection (1).
1612	(3) (a) To assist in the performance of the commissioner's duties, the commissioner:

1613	(i) may share documents, materials, or other information, including the confidential
1614	documents, materials, or information subject to Subsection (1), with the following if the
1615	recipient agrees in writing to maintain the confidentiality status of the document, material, or
1616	other information, and has verified in writing the legal authority to maintain confidentiality:
1617	(A) [other] a state, federal, [and] or international regulatory [agencies] agency;
1618	(B) the National Association of Insurance Commissioners [and its affiliates and
1619	subsidiaries; and] or an NAIC affiliate or subsidiary; or
1620	(C) <u>a</u> state, federal, [and] <u>or</u> international law enforcement [authorities] <u>authority</u> ,
1621	including [members] a member of a supervisory college described in Section 31A-16-108.5;
1622	(ii) notwithstanding Subsection (1), may only share confidential documents, material,
1623	or information reported pursuant to Section 31A-16-105 or 31A-16-108.6 with [commissioners
1624	of states] a commissioner of a state having statutes or regulations substantially similar to
1625	Subsection (1) and who [have] has agreed in writing not to disclose the documents, material, or
1626	information;
1627	(iii) may receive documents, materials, or information, including otherwise
1628	confidential documents, materials, or information from:
1629	(A) the National Association of Insurance Commissioners [and its affiliates and
1630	subsidiaries and from] or an NAIC affiliate or subsidiary; or
1631	(B) a regulatory [and] or law enforcement [officials] official of [other] a foreign or
1632	domestic [jurisdictions, and] <u>jurisdiction;</u>
1633	(iv) shall maintain as confidential any document, material, or information received
1634	under this section with notice or the understanding that it is confidential under the laws of the
1635	jurisdiction that is the source of the document, material, or information; and
1636	[(iv)] (v) shall enter into written agreements with the National Association of Insurance
1637	Commissioners governing sharing and use of information provided pursuant to this chapter
1638	consistent with this Subsection (3) that shall:
1639	(A) specify procedures and protocols regarding the confidentiality and security of
1640	information shared with the National Association of Insurance Commissioners and [its] NAIC
1641	affiliates and subsidiaries pursuant to this chapter, including procedures and protocols for
1642	sharing by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners with other state, federal, or
1643	international regulators;

1644	(B) specify that ownership of information shared with the National Association of
1645	Insurance Commissioners and [its] NAIC affiliates and subsidiaries pursuant to this chapter
1646	remains with the commissioner and the National Association of Insurance Commissioner's use
1647	of the information is subject to the direction of the commissioner;
1648	(C) require prompt notice to be given to an insurer whose confidential information in
1649	the possession of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners pursuant to this chapter
1650	is subject to a request or subpoena to the National Association of Insurance Commissioners for
1651	disclosure or production; and
1652	(D) require the National Association of Insurance Commissioners and [its] NAIC
1653	affiliates and subsidiaries to consent to intervention by an insurer in any judicial or
1654	administrative action in which the National Association of Insurance Commissioners and [its]
1655	NAIC affiliates and subsidiaries may be required to disclose confidential information about the
1656	insurer shared with the National Association of Insurance Commissioners and [its] NAIC
1657	affiliates and subsidiaries pursuant to this chapter.
1658	(4) The sharing of information by the commissioner pursuant to this chapter does not
1659	constitute a delegation of regulatory authority or rulemaking, and the commissioner is solely
1660	responsible for the administration, execution, and enforcement of this chapter.
1661	(5) A waiver of any applicable claim of confidentiality in the documents, materials, or
1662	information does not occur as a result of disclosure to the commissioner under this section or
1663	as a result of sharing as authorized in Subsection (3).
1664	(6) Documents, materials, or other information in the possession or control of the
1665	National Association of Insurance Commissioners pursuant to this chapter are:
1666	(a) confidential, not public records, and not open to public inspection; and
1667	(b) not subject to Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management
1668	Act.
1669	Section 5. Section 31A-16b-101 is enacted to read:
1670	CHAPTER 16b. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE ANNUAL DISCLOSURE ACT
1671	31A-16b-101. Title.
1672	This chapter is known as the "Corporate Governance Annual Disclosure Act."
1673	Section 6. Section 31A-16b-102 is enacted to read:
1674	31A-16b-102. Administration and scope.

1675	(1) The commissioner is solely responsible for the administration and enforcement of
1676	the provisions of this chapter.
1677	(2) This chapter does not:
1678	(a) prescribe or impose corporate governance standards or internal procedures beyond
1679	what is required under applicable state corporate law; or
1680	(b) limit the commissioner's authority, or the rights or obligations of third parties,
1681	under Chapter 2, Administration of the Insurance Laws.
1682	(3) The requirements of this Chapter apply to each insurer domiciled in the state.
1683	Section 7. Section 31A-16b-103 is enacted to read:
1684	31A-16b-103. Disclosure requirement.
1685	(1) An insurer, or the insurance group of which the insurer is a member, shall on or
1686	before June 1 of each year submit to the commissioner a corporate governance annual
1687	disclosure that contains the information required under Section 31A-16b-105.
1688	(2) Notwithstanding a request from the commissioner described in Subsection (4), if ar
1689	insurer is a member of an insurance group, the insurer shall submit the report required under
1690	this section to the commissioner of the lead state for the insurance group in accordance with:
1691	(a) the laws of the lead state; and
1692	(b) the procedures outlined in the most recent Financial Analysis Handbook adopted by
1693	the NAIC.
1694	(3) The corporate governance annual disclosure described in Subsection (1) shall
1695	include a signature:
1696	(a) of the insurer's or insurance group's chief executive officer or corporate secretary;
1697	<u>and</u>
1698	(b) attesting to the best of the signatory's belief and knowledge that:
1699	(i) the insurer or insurance group has implemented the corporate governance practices;
1700	<u>and</u>
1701	(ii) a copy of the disclosure has been provided to the insurer's or insurance group's
1702	board of directors or the appropriate committee thereof.
1703	(4) An insurer not required to submit a corporate governance annual disclosure under
1704	this section shall submit a corporate governance annual disclosure to the commissioner upon
1705	the commissioner's request.

1706	(5) (a) For purposes of completing a corporate governance annual disclosure, an insurer
1707	or insurance group may provide information regarding corporate governance at one of the
1708	following levels:
1709	(i) at the ultimate controlling parent level;
1710	(ii) at an intermediate holding company level; or
1711	(iii) at the individual legal entity level.
1712	(b) An insurer or insurance group shall consider making each corporate governance
1713	annual disclosure at the level at which the insurer or insurance group:
1714	(i) determines the insurer or insurance group's risk appetite;
1715	(ii) (A) collectively oversees the earnings, capital, liquidity, operations, and reputation
1716	of the insurer; and
1717	(B) coordinates and exercises the supervision of earnings, capital, liquidity, operations,
1718	and reputation of the insurer; or
1719	(iii) places legal liability for failure of general corporate governance duties.
1720	(6) If an insurer or insurance group chooses a level of reporting described in
1721	Subsection (5), it shall indicate:
1722	(a) which of the three levels the insurer or insurance group chose; and
1723	(b) explain any subsequent change in the level of reporting.
1724	(7) An insurer may choose not to include certain information in a corporate governance
1725	annual disclosure, if:
1726	(a) the information is substantially similar to information included in another document
1727	submitted to the commissioner, including a proxy statement filed in conjunction with Section
1728	31A-16-105 or another state or federal filing provided to the department; and
1729	(b) the insurer cross references the document described in Subsection (7)(a) in the
1730	corporate governance annual disclosure.
1731	Section 8. Section 31A-16b-104 is enacted to read:
1732	31A-16b-104. Rulemaking.
1733	(1) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1734	commissioner may make rules to implement and administer this chapter.
1735	(2) The commissioner may issue orders as is necessary to carry out this chapter.
1736	Section 9. Section 31A-16b-105 is enacted to read:

1737	31A-16b-105. Contents of corporate governance annual disclosure.
1738	(1) A corporate governance annual disclosure shall include information sufficient to
1739	provide the commissioner a clear understanding of the insurer's or insurance group's:
1740	(a) corporate governance policies;
1741	(b) reporting or information systems; and
1742	(c) controls implementing a policy or system described in this Subsection (1).
1743	(2) After receiving a corporate governance annual disclosure, the commissioner may
1744	request additional information from the insurer or insurance group that the commissioner
1745	considers material and necessary to understanding the items described in Subsection (1).
1746	(3) An insurer or insurance group shall maintain and make available upon request of
1747	the commissioner:
1748	(a) documentation; or
1749	(b) supporting information.
1750	Section 10. Section 31A-16b-106 is enacted to read:
1751	31A-16b-106. Confidentiality.
1752	(1) A document, material, or other information is considered proprietary and to contain
1753	a trade secret if the document, material, or other information is:
1754	(a) in the control or possession of the department; and
1755	(b) obtained by, created by, or disclosed in accordance with this chapter.
1756	(2) A document, material, or other information described in Subsection (1) is:
1757	(a) confidential and privileged;
1758	(b) classified as a protected record under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records
1759	Access and Management Act;
1760	(c) not subject to:
1761	(i) subpoena; or
1762	(ii) discovery; and
1763	(d) not admissible as evidence in any private civil action.
1764	(3) (a) The commissioner may use a document, material, or other information
1765	described in Subsection (1) in the furtherance of a regulatory or legal action brought as a part of
1766	the commissioner's duties.
1767	(b) Except as described in Subsection (3)(a), the commissioner may not make a

1768	document, material, or other information described in Subsection (1) public without the prior
1769	written consent of the insurer or insurance group.
1770	(4) Nothing in this section requires written consent of the insurer or insurance group
1771	before the commissioner shares or receives, in accordance with Subsection (6), a document,
1772	material, or other information described in Subsection (1) to assist in the performance of the
1773	commissioner's duties.
1774	(5) The following may not testify in any private civil action regarding a document,
1775	material, or other information described in Subsection (1):
1776	(a) the commissioner; or
1777	(b) a person:
1778	(i) who receives the document, material, or other information, through examination or
1779	otherwise, while acting under the authority of the commissioner; or
1780	(ii) with whom the document, material, or other information is shared in accordance
1781	with this chapter.
1782	(6) To carry out the commissioner's duties, the commissioner may:
1783	(a) upon request, share a document, material, or other information described in
1784	Subsection (1) with:
1785	(i) a state, federal, or international financial regulatory agency, including a member of a
1786	supervisory college as defined in Section 31A-16-108.5; or
1787	(ii) the NAIC or a third-party consultant retained in accordance with Section
1788	31A-16b-107, if the recipient:
1789	(A) agrees in writing to maintain the confidentiality and privileged status of the
1790	document, material, or other information; and
1791	(B) verifies in writing the legal authority to maintain confidentiality; or
1792	(b) receive documents, materials, or other information related to a corporate
1793	governance annual disclosure, including:
1794	(i) otherwise confidential and privileged documents, materials, or other information;
1795	<u>and</u>
1796	(ii) proprietary and trade secret information or documents from:
1797	(A) a regulatory official of a state, federal, or international financial regulatory agency,
1798	including a member of a supervisory college as defined in Section 31A-16-108.5; or

1799	(B) the NAIC.
1800	(7) A written agreement to share a document, material, or other information described
1801	in Subsection (1) with the NAIC or a third-party consultant shall contain the following:
1802	(a) specific procedures and protocols for maintaining the confidentiality and privileged
1803	status of the document, material, or other information in accordance with this chapter;
1804	(b) procedures and protocols ensuring the NAIC shares information only with a state
1805	regulator from a state in which the insurance group has a domiciled insurer;
1806	(c) verification that the recipient has legal authority to maintain the confidentiality and
1807	privileged status of the document, material, or other information;
1808	(d) a provision specifying that:
1809	(i) ownership of the document, material, or other information remains with the
1810	department; and
1811	(ii) the NAIC's or third-party consultant's use of the document, material, or other
1812	information shared with the NAIC or third-party consultant is subject to the direction of the
1813	commissioner;
1814	(e) a provision prohibiting the NAIC or third-party consultant from storing the
1815	document, material, or other information in a permanent database after the underlying analysis
1816	is complete;
1817	(f) a provision requiring the NAIC or third-party consultant to provide prompt notice to
1818	the commissioner and to the insurer or insurance group regarding any subpoena, request for
1819	disclosure, or request for production of the document, material, or other information;
1820	(g) a provision requiring the NAIC or third-party consultant consent to the insurer or
1821	insurance group intervening in any judicial or administrative action in which the NAIC or
1822	third-party consultant may be required to disclose the document, material, or other information;
1823	<u>and</u>
1824	(h) a provision requiring the written consent of the insurer or insurance group before
1825	making public the document, material, or other information.
1826	(8) The commissioner shall maintain as confidential or privileged any documents,
1827	materials, or other information received with notice or with the understanding that it is
1828	confidential or privileged under the laws of the jurisdiction that is the source of the document,
1829	material, or other information.

1830	(9) The sharing of a document, material, or other information by the commissioner in
1831	accordance with this chapter is not a delegation of regulatory authority or rulemaking.
1832	(10) Disclosing or sharing a document, material, or other information in accordance
1833	with this chapter does not waive any privilege or claim of confidentiality related to the
1834	document, material, or other information.
1835	Section 11. Section 31A-16b-107 is enacted to read:
1836	31A-16b-107. Third-party consultants.
1837	(1) The commissioner may retain a third-party consultant, including an attorney,
1838	actuary, accountant, or other expert not otherwise a part of the commissioner's staff:
1839	(a) at the insurer's or insurance group's expense; and
1840	(b) as is reasonably necessary to assist the commissioner in reviewing the insurer's or
1841	insurance group's:
1842	(i) corporate governance annual disclosure and related information; or
1843	(ii) compliance with this chapter.
1844	(2) A person the commissioner retains under Subsection (1):
1845	(a) is under the direction and control of the commissioner; and
1846	(b) shall act in a purely advisory capacity.
1847	(3) A third-party consultant is subject to the same confidentiality standards and
1848	requirements as the commissioner.
1849	(4) As part of the retention process, a third-party consultant shall verify to the
1850	commissioner, with notice to the insurer or insurance group, that the third-party consultant:
1851	(a) is free of a conflict of interest; and
1852	(b) has internal procedures in place to:
1853	(i) monitor compliance with Subsection (4)(a); and
1854	(ii) comply with the confidentiality standards and requirements of this chapter.
1855	Section 12. Section 31A-16b-108 is enacted to read:
1856	31A-16b-108. Penalties.
1857	(1) An insurer or insurance group that, without just cause, fails to timely file a
1858	corporate governance annual disclosure as required in this chapter shall, after notice and
1859	hearing, pay a penalty of \$10,000 for each day's delay, up to \$300,000.
1860	(2) Any penalty recovered by the commissioner under this section shall be deposited

1861 into the General Fund. 1862 (3) The commissioner may reduce a penalty under this section if the insurer or 1863 insurance group demonstrates to the commissioner that the imposition of the penalty would 1864 constitute a financial hardship to the insurer. 1865 Section 13. Section 31A-17-519 is amended to read: 31A-17-519. Small company exemption. 1866 1867 (1) A company that is licensed and doing business in Utah, and whose reserves are 1868 computed subject to the requirements of Subsection 31A-17-502(2), in lieu of the reserves 1869 required under Sections 31A-17-514 and 31A-17-515, may hold reserves for ordinary life 1870 insurance policies issued directly, or assumed, during the current calendar year, based on the 1871 mortality tables and interest rates defined by the valuation manual for net premium reserves 1872 and using the methodology defined in Sections 31A-17-507 through 31A-17-512 as they apply to ordinary life insurance [in lieu of the reserves required by Sections 31A-17-514 and 1873 1874 31A-17-515], provided that all of the following conditions have been met: 1875 (a) the company has less than \$300,000,000 of ordinary life premium; 1876 (b) if the company is a member of a group of life insurers, the group has combined 1877 ordinary life premiums of less than \$600,000,000; 1878 [(c) the company reported total adjusted capital of at least 450% of Authorized Control 1879 Level Risk Based Capital in the risk-based capital report for the prior calendar year; 1880 [(d)] (c) the appointed actuary has provided an unqualified opinion on the reserves in 1881 accordance with Subsection 31A-17-503(2) for the prior calendar year; 1882 (e) the company has provided a certification by a qualified actuary that (d) any 1883 universal life policy with a secondary guarantee issued on or after [the operative date of the 1884 valuation manual January 1, 2020, and in force on the company's annual financial statement 1885 for the current calendar year-end valuation date, only has secondary guarantees that meets the 1886 definition of a [non-material] non material secondary guarantee [universal life product] as 1887 defined in the valuation manual; 1888 [(f)] (e) the company has filed by July 1 of the calendar year for which valuation under 1889 Subsection 31A-17-502(2) is required a statement with its domiciliary commissioner certifying 1890 that these conditions are met and that the company intends to calculate reserves as described in 1891 this section; and

1892	[(g)] (f) the company's domiciliary commissioner has not informed the company in
1893	writing before September 1 of the calendar year for which valuation under Subsection
1894	31A-17-502(2) is required that the company must comply with the valuation manual
1895	requirements for life insurance reserves.
1896	(2) For purposes of Subsections (1)(a) and (b), ordinary life premiums are measured as
1897	direct premium plus reinsurance assumed from an unaffiliated company, as reported in the
1898	prior calendar year annual statement, excluding premiums for guaranteed issue policies and
1899	pre-need life contracts and excluding amounts that represent the transfer of reserves in-force as
1900	of the effective date of a reinsurance assumed transaction.
1901	Section 14. Section 31A-21-201 is amended to read:
1902	31A-21-201. Filing of forms.
1903	(1) (a) Except as exempted under Subsections 31A-21-101(2) through (6), a form may
1904	not be used, sold, or offered for sale until the form is filed with the commissioner.
1905	(b) A form is considered filed with the commissioner when the commissioner receives:
1906	(i) the form;
1907	(ii) the applicable filing fee as prescribed under Section 31A-3-103; and
1908	(iii) the applicable transmittal forms as required by the commissioner.
1909	(2) In filing a form for use in this state the insurer is responsible for assuring that the
1910	form is in compliance with this title and rules adopted by the commissioner.
1911	(3) (a) The commissioner may prohibit the use of a form at any time upon a finding
1912	that:
1913	(i) the form:
1914	(A) is inequitable;
1915	(B) is unfairly discriminatory;
1916	(C) is misleading;
1917	(D) is deceptive;
1918	(E) is obscure;
1919	(F) is unfair;
1920	(G) encourages misrepresentation; or
1921	(H) is not in the public interest;
1922	(ii) the form provides benefits or contains another provision that endangers the solidity

1923	of the insurer;
1924	(iii) except an application required by Section 31A-22-635, the form is an insurance
1925	policy or application for an insurance policy that fails to conspicuously, as defined by rule,
1926	provide:
1927	(A) the exact name of the insurer;
1928	(B) the state of domicile of the insurer filing the insurance policy or application for the
1929	insurance policy; and
1930	(C) for a life insurance and annuity insurance policy only, the address of the
1931	administrative office of the insurer filing the insurance policy or application for the insurance
1932	policy;
1933	(iv) the form violates a statute or a rule adopted by the commissioner; or
1934	(v) the form is otherwise contrary to law.
1935	[(b) Subsection (3)(a)(iii) does not apply to an endorsement to an insurance policy.]
1936	[(c)] (b) (i) When the commissioner prohibits the use of a form under Subsection (3)(a)
1937	the commissioner may order that, on or before a date not less than 15 days after the order, the
1938	use of the form be discontinued.
1939	(ii) Once use of a form is prohibited, the form may not be used until appropriate
1940	changes are filed with and reviewed by the commissioner.
1941	(iii) When the commissioner prohibits the use of a form under Subsection (3)(a), the
1942	commissioner may require the insurer to disclose contract deficiencies to the existing
1943	policyholders.
1944	[(d)] (c) If the commissioner prohibits use of a form under this Subsection (3), the
1945	prohibition shall:
1946	(i) be in writing;
1947	(ii) constitute an order; and
1948	(iii) state the reasons for the prohibition.
1949	(4) (a) If, after a hearing, the commissioner determines that it is in the public interest,
1950	the commissioner may require by rule or order that a form be subject to the commissioner's
1951	approval before its use.
1952	(b) The rule or order described in Subsection (4)(a) shall prescribe the filing
1953	procedures for a form if the procedures are different from the procedures stated in this section.

1954	(c) The type of form that under Subsection (4)(a) the commissioner may require
1955	approval of before use includes:
1956	(i) a form for a particular class of insurance;
1957	(ii) a form for a specific line of insurance;
1958	(iii) a specific type of form; or
1959	(iv) a form for a specific market segment.
1960	(5) (a) An insurer shall maintain a complete and accurate record of the following for
1961	the time period described in Subsection (5)(b):
1962	(i) a form:
1963	(A) filed under this section for use; or
1964	(B) that is in use; and
1965	(ii) a document filed under this section with a form described in Subsection (5)(a)(i).
1966	(b) The insurer shall maintain a record required under Subsection (5)(a) for the balance
1967	of the current year, plus five years from:
1968	(i) the last day on which the form is used; or
1969	(ii) the last day an insurance policy that is issued using the form is in effect.
1970	Section 15. Section 31A-21-311 is amended to read:
1971	31A-21-311. Delivery of policy or certificate.
1972	(1) (a) An insurer issuing an individual or group life insurance policy or an accident
1973	and health insurance policy shall deliver a copy of the policy to the policyholder as soon as
1974	practicable but no later than 90 days after the day on which the coverage is effective.
1975	(b) The policy described in this Subsection (1) shall:
1976	(i) provide the exact name of the insurer; and
1977	(ii) state the state of domicile of the insurer.
1978	[(1)] (2) (a) (i) Except under Subsection $[(1)]$ (2) (d) , an insurer issuing a group
1979	insurance policy other than a blanket insurance policy shall, as soon as practicable after the
1980	coverage is effective, but no later than 90 days after the day on which the coverage is effective,
1981	provide a certificate for each member of the insured group, except that only one certificate need
1982	be provided for the members of a family unit.
1983	(ii) The certificate [required by] described in this Subsection [(1)] (2) shall:
1984	(A) provide the exact name of the insurer;

1985	(B) state the state of domicile of the insurer; and
1986	(C) contain a summary of the essential features of the insurance coverage, including:
1987	(I) any rights of conversion to an individual policy;
1988	(II) in the case of group life insurance, any continuation of coverage during total
1989	disability; and
1990	(III) in the case of group life insurance, the incontestability provision.
1991	(iii) Upon receiving a written request, the insurer shall inform any insured how the
1992	insured may inspect, during normal business hours at a place reasonably convenient to the
1993	insured:
1994	(A) a copy of the policy; or
1995	(B) a summary of the policy containing all the details that are relevant to the certificate
1996	holder.
1997	(b) The commissioner may by rule impose a requirement similar to Subsection [(1)]
1998	(2)(a) on any class of blanket insurance policies for which the commissioner finds that the
1999	group of persons covered is constant enough for that type of action to be practicable and not
2000	unreasonably expensive.
2001	(c) (i) A certificate shall be provided in a manner reasonably calculated to bring the
2002	certificate to the attention of the certificate holder.
2003	(ii) The insurer may deliver or mail a certificate:
2004	(A) directly to the certificate holders; or
2005	(B) in bulk to the policyholder to transmit to certificate holders.
2006	(iii) An affidavit by the insurer that the insurer mailed the certificates in the usual
2007	course of business creates a rebuttable presumption that the insurer has mailed the certificate
2008	to:
2009	(A) a certificate holder; or
2010	(B) a policyholder as provided in Subsection [(1)] (2)(c)(ii)(B).
2011	(d) The commissioner may by rule or order prescribe substitutes for delivery or mailing
2012	of certificates that are reasonably calculated to inform a certificate holder of the certificate
2013	holder's rights, including:
2014	(i) booklets describing the coverage;
2015	(ii) the posting of notices in the place of business; or

2016	(iii) publication in a house organ.
2017	[(2)] (3) Unless a policy, certificate or an authorized substitute has been made available
2018	to the policyholder or certificate holder, as applicable, when required by this section, an act or
2019	omission forbidden to or required of the <u>policyholder or</u> certificate holder by the <u>policy or</u>
2020	certificate after the coverage has become effective as to the policyholder or certificate holder,
2021	other than intentionally causing the loss insured against or failing to make required
2022	contributory premium payments, may not affect the insurer's obligations under the insurance
2023	contract.
2024	Section 16. Section 31A-21-313 is amended to read:
2025	31A-21-313. Limitation of actions.
2026	(1) (a) An action on a written policy or contract of first party insurance shall be
2027	commenced within three years after the inception of the loss.
2028	(b) The inception of the loss on a fidelity bond is the date the insurer first denies all or
2029	part of a claim made under the fidelity bond.
2030	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (1) or elsewhere in this title, the law applicable to
2031	limitation of actions in Title 78B, Chapter 2, Statutes of Limitations, applies to actions on
2032	insurance policies.
2033	(3) An insurance policy may not:
2034	(a) limit the time for beginning an action on the policy to a time less than that
2035	authorized by statute;
2036	(b) prescribe in what court an action may be brought on the policy; or
2037	(c) provide that no action may be brought, subject to permissible arbitration provisions
2038	in contracts.
2039	(4) Unless by verified complaint it is alleged that prejudice to the complainant will
2040	arise from a delay in bringing suit against an insurer, which prejudice is other than the delay
2041	itself, no action may be brought against an insurer on an insurance policy to compel payment
2042	under the policy until the earlier of:
2043	(a) 60 days after proof of loss has been furnished as required under the policy;
2044	(b) waiver by the insurer of proof of loss; or
2045	(c) the insurer's denial of [full] payment.

(5) The period of limitation is tolled during the period in which the parties conduct an

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2047 appraisal or arbitration procedure prescribed by the insurance policy, by law, or as agreed to by 2048 the parties. 2049 Section 17. Section 31A-22-501 is amended to read: 2050 31A-22-501. Eligible groups. 2051 A group or blanket policy of life insurance may not be delivered in Utah unless the 2052 insured group: 2053 (1) falls within at least one of the classifications under Sections 31A-22-501.1 through 2054 31A-22-509; and 2055 (2) is formed [for a reason other than the purchase of insurance] and maintained in 2056 good faith for purposes other than obtaining insurance. 2057 Section 18. Section **31A-22-605.1** is amended to read: 2058 31A-22-605.1. Preexisting condition limitations. 2059 (1) Any provision dealing with preexisting conditions shall be consistent with this 2060 section, Section 31A-22-609, and rules adopted by the commissioner. 2061 (2) Except as provided in this section, an insurer that elects to use an application form 2062 without questions concerning the insured's health or medical treatment history shall provide 2063 coverage under the policy for any loss which occurs more than 12 months after the effective 2064 date of coverage due to a preexisting condition which is not specifically excluded from 2065 coverage. 2066 (3) (a) An insurer that issues a specified disease policy may not deny a claim for loss 2067 due to a preexisting condition that occurs more than six months after the effective date of 2068 coverage. 2069 (b) A specified disease policy may impose a preexisting condition exclusion only if the 2070 exclusion relates to a preexisting condition which first manifested itself within six months prior 2071 to the effective date of coverage or which was diagnosed by a physician at any time prior to the 2072 effective date of coverage. 2073 (4) (a) Except as [provided in this Subsection (4)] otherwise provided in this section, a 2074 health benefit plan may impose a preexisting condition exclusion only if: 2075 (i) the exclusion relates to a preexisting condition for which medical advice, diagnosis, 2076 care, or treatment was recommended or received within the six-month period ending on the

enrollment date from an individual licensed or similarly authorized to provide those services

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under state law and operating within the scope of practice authorized by state law;

(ii) the exclusion period ends no later than 12 months after the enrollment date, or in the case of a late enrollee, 18 months after the enrollment date; and

- (iii) the exclusion period is reduced by the number of days of creditable coverage the enrollee has as of the enrollment date, in accordance with Subsection (4)(b).
- (b) (i) The amount of creditable coverage allowed under Subsection (4)(a)(iii) is determined by counting all the days on which the individual has one or more types of creditable coverage.
- (ii) Days of creditable coverage that occur before a significant break in coverage are not required to be counted.
- (A) Days in a waiting period or affiliation period are not taken into account in determining whether a significant break in coverage has occurred.
- (B) For an individual who elects federal COBRA continuation coverage during the second election period provided under the federal Trade Act of 2002, the days between the date the individual lost group health plan coverage and the first day of the second COBRA election period are not taken into account in determining whether a significant break in coverage has occurred.
- (c) A group health benefit plan may not impose a preexisting condition exclusion relating to pregnancy.
- (d) (i) An insurer imposing a preexisting condition exclusion shall provide a written general notice of preexisting condition exclusion as part of any written application materials.
 - (ii) The general notice under this subsection shall include:
- (A) a description of the existence and terms of any preexisting condition exclusion under the plan, including the six-month period ending on the enrollment date, the maximum preexisting condition exclusion period, and how the insurer will reduce the maximum preexisting condition exclusion period by creditable coverage;
 - (B) a description of the rights of individuals:
- 2105 (I) to demonstrate creditable coverage, including any applicable waiting periods, 2106 through a certificate of creditable coverage or through other means; and
 - (II) to request a certificate of creditable coverage from a prior plan;
- 2108 (C) a statement that the current plan will assist in obtaining a certificate of creditable

2109	coverage from any prior plan or issuer if necessary; and
2110	(D) a person to contact, and an address and telephone number for the person, for
2111	obtaining additional information or assistance regarding the preexisting condition exclusion.
2112	(e) An insurer may not impose any limit on the amount of time that an individual has to
2113	present a certificate or other evidence of creditable coverage.
2114	(f) This Subsection (4) does not preclude application of any waiting period applicable
2115	to all new enrollees under the plan.
2116	(5) (a) If a short-term limited duration health insurance policy provides for an
2117	extension or renewal of the policy, the insurer may not exclude coverage for a loss due to a
2118	preexisting condition for a period greater than 12 months following the original effective date
2119	of the policy, unless the insurer specifically and expressly excludes the preexisting condition in
2120	the terms of the policy or certificate.
2121	(b) (i) An insurer that includes a preexisting condition exclusion in a short-term limited
2122	duration health insurance policy in accordance with this subsection shall provide a written
2123	general notice of the preexisting condition exclusion as part of any written application
2124	materials.
2125	(ii) A written general notice described in this subsection shall:
2126	(A) include a description of the existence and terms of any preexisting condition
2127	exclusion under the policy, including the maximum preexisting exclusion period; and
2128	(B) state that the exclusion period ends no later than 12 months after the original
2129	effective date of the policy.
2130	Section 19. Section 31A-22-611 is amended to read:
2131	31A-22-611. Coverage for children with a disability.
2132	(1) For the purposes of this section:
2133	(a) "Dependent with a disability" means a child who is and continues to be both:
2134	(i) unable to engage in substantial gainful employment to the degree that the child can
2135	achieve economic independence due to a medically determinable physical or mental
2136	impairment which can be expected to result in death, or which has lasted or can be expected to
2137	last for a continuous period of not less than 12 months; and
2138	(ii) chiefly dependent upon an insured for support and maintenance since the child
2139	reached the age specified in Subsection 31A-22-610.5(2).

2140 (b) "Mental impairment" means a mental or psychological disorder such as: 2141 (i) an intellectual disability; 2142 (ii) organic brain syndrome; 2143 (iii) emotional or mental illness; or 2144 (iv) specific learning disabilities as determined by the insurer. 2145 (c) "Physical impairment" means a physiological disorder, condition, or disfigurement, 2146 or anatomical loss affecting one or more of the following body systems: 2147 (i) neurological; 2148 (ii) musculoskeletal; 2149 (iii) special sense organs; 2150 (iv) respiratory organs; 2151 (v) speech organs; 2152 (vi) cardiovascular; 2153 (vii) reproductive; 2154 (viii) digestive; (ix) genito-urinary; 2155 2156 (x) hemic and lymphatic; (xi) skin; or 2157 2158 (xii) endocrine. 2159 (2) The insurer may require proof of the [incapacity] impairment and dependency be 2160 furnished by the person insured under the policy within 30 days of the effective date or the date 2161 the child attains the age specified in Subsection 31A-22-610.5(2), and at any time thereafter, 2162 except that the insurer may not require proof more often than annually after the two-year period 2163 immediately following attainment of the limiting age by the dependent with a disability. 2164 (3) Any individual or group accident and health insurance policy or health maintenance 2165 organization contract that provides coverage for a policyholder's or certificate holder's 2166 dependent shall, upon application, provide coverage for all unmarried dependents with a 2167 disability who have been continuously covered, with no break of more than 63 days, under any 2168 accident and health insurance since the age specified in Subsection 31A-22-610.5(2). 2169 (4) Every accident and health insurance policy or contract that provides coverage of a 2170 dependent with a disability may not terminate the policy due to an age limitation.

2171	Section 20. Section 31A-22-627 is amended to read:
2172	31A-22-627. Coverage of emergency medical services.
2173	(1) A health insurance policy or managed care organization contract:
2174	(a) shall provide, at a minimum, coverage of emergency services as required in 29
2175	C.F.R. Sec. 2590.715-2719A; and
2176	(b) may not:
2177	(i) require any form of preauthorization for treatment of an emergency medical
2178	condition until after the insured's condition has been stabilized; or
2179	(ii) deny a claim for any covered evaluation, covered diagnostic test, or other covered
2180	treatment considered medically necessary to stabilize the emergency medical condition of an
2181	insured.
2182	(2) A health insurance policy or managed care organization contract may require
2183	authorization for the continued treatment of an emergency medical condition after the insured's
2184	condition has been stabilized. If such authorization is required, an insurer who does not accept
2185	or reject a request for authorization may not deny a claim for any evaluation, diagnostic testing
2186	or other treatment considered medically necessary that occurred between the time the request
2187	was received and the time the insurer rejected the request for authorization.
2188	(3) For purposes of this section:
2189	(a) "Emergency medical condition" means a medical condition manifesting itself by
2190	acute symptoms of sufficient severity, including severe pain, such that a prudent layperson,
2191	who possesses an average knowledge of medicine and health, would reasonably expect the
2192	absence of immediate medical attention [at] through a hospital emergency department to result
2193	in:
2194	(i) placing the insured's health, or with respect to a pregnant woman, the health of the
2195	woman or her unborn child, in serious jeopardy;
2196	(ii) serious impairment to bodily functions; or
2197	(iii) serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part.
2198	(b) "Hospital emergency department" means that area of a hospital in which emergency
2199	services are provided on a 24-hour-a-day basis.
2200	(c) "Stabilize" means the same as that term is defined in 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1395dd(e)(3).

(4) Nothing in this section may be construed as:

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2202	(a) altering the level or type of benefits that are provided under the terms of a contract
2203	or policy; or
2204	(b) restricting a policy or contract from providing enhanced benefits for certain
2205	emergency medical conditions that are identified in the policy or contract.
2206	(5) Notwithstanding Section 31A-2-308, if the commissioner finds an insurer has
2207	violated this section, the commissioner may:
2208	(a) work with the insurer to improve the insurer's compliance with this section; or
2209	(b) impose the following fines:
2210	(i) not more than \$5,000; or
2211	(ii) twice the amount of any profit gained from violations of this section.
2212	Section 21. Section 31A-22-638 is amended to read:
2213	31A-22-638. Coverage for prosthetic devices.
2214	(1) For purposes of this section:
2215	(a) "Orthotic device" means a rigid or semirigid device supporting a weak or deformed
2216	leg, foot, arm, hand, back, or neck, or restricting or eliminating motion in a diseased or injured
2217	leg, foot, arm, hand, back, or neck.
2218	(b) (i) "Prosthetic device" means an artificial limb device or appliance designed to
2219	replace in whole or in part an arm or a leg.
2220	(ii) "Prosthetic device" does not include an orthotic device.
2221	(2) (a) Beginning January 1, 2011, an insurer, other than an insurer described in
2222	Subsection (2)(b), that provides a health benefit plan shall offer at least one plan, in each
2223	market where the insurer offers a health benefit plan, that provides coverage for benefits for
2224	prosthetics that includes:
2225	(i) a prosthetic device;
2226	(ii) all services and supplies necessary for the effective use of a prosthetic device,
2227	including:
2228	(A) formulating its design;
2229	(B) fabrication;
2230	(C) material and component selection;
2231	(D) measurements and fittings;
2232	(E) static and dynamic alignments; and

2233	(F) instructing the patient in the use of the prosthetic device;
2234	(iii) all materials and components necessary to use the prosthetic device; and
2235	(iv) any repair or replacement of a prosthetic device that is determined medically
2236	necessary to restore or maintain the ability to complete activities of daily living or essential
2237	job-related activities and that is not solely for comfort or convenience.
2238	(b) Beginning January 1, 2011, an insurer that is subject to Title 49, Chapter 20, Public
2239	Employees' Benefit and Insurance Program Act, shall offer to a covered employer at least one
2240	plan that:
2241	(i) provides coverage for prosthetics that complies with Subsections (2)(a)(i) through
2242	(iv); and
2243	(ii) requires an employee who elects to purchase the coverage described in Subsection
2244	(2)(b)(i) to pay an increased premium to pay the costs of obtaining that coverage.
2245	(c) At least one of the plans with the prosthetic benefits described in Subsections (2)(a)
2246	and (b) that is offered by an insurer described in this Subsection (2) shall have a coinsurance
2247	rate, that applies to physical injury generally and to prosthetics, of 80% to be paid by the
2248	insurer and 20% to be paid by the insured, if the prosthetic benefit is obtained from a person
2249	that the insurer contracts with or approves.
2250	(d) For policies issued on or after July 1, 2010 until July 1, 2015, an insurer is exempt
2251	from the 30% index rating restrictions in Section 31A-30-106.1, and for the first year only that
2252	coverage under this section is chosen, the 15% annual adjustment restriction in Section
2253	31A-30-106.1, for any small employer with 20 or less enrolled employees who chooses
2254	coverage that meets or exceeds the coverage under this section.
2255	(3) The coverage described in this section:
2256	(a) shall, except as otherwise provided in this section, be made subject to cost-sharing
2257	provisions, including dollar limits, deductibles, copayments, and co-insurance, that are not less
2258	favorable to the insured than the cost-sharing provisions of the health benefit plan that apply to
2259	physical illness generally; and
2260	(b) may limit coverage for the purchase, repair, or replacement of a microprocessor

offered under Chapter [8, Health Maintenance Organizations and Limited Health Plans, or

(4) If the coverage described in this section is provided through a managed care plan,

component for a prosthetic device to \$30,000, per limb, every three years.

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2264	under a preferred provider plan under this chapter,] 45, Managed Care Organizations, the
2265	insured shall have access to medically necessary prosthetic clinical care, and to prosthetic
2266	devices and technology, from one or more prosthetic providers in the managed care plan's
2267	provider network.
2268	Section 22. Section 31A-22-701 is amended to read:
2269	31A-22-701. Groups eligible for group or blanket insurance.
2270	(1) As used in this section, "association group" means a lawfully formed association of
2271	individuals or business entities that:
2272	(a) purchases insurance on a group basis on behalf of members; and
2273	(b) is formed and maintained in good faith for purposes other than obtaining insurance.
2274	(2) A group accident and health insurance policy may be issued to:
2275	(a) a group:
2276	(i) to which a group life insurance policy may be issued under Section 31A-22-502,
2277	31A-22-503, 31A-22-504, 31A-22-506, or 31A-22-507; and
2278	(ii) that is formed and maintained in good faith for a purpose other than obtaining
2279	insurance;
2280	(b) an association group authorized by the commissioner that:
2281	(i) has been actively in existence for at least five years;
2282	(ii) has a constitution and bylaws;
2283	(iii) has a shared or common purpose that is not primarily a business or customer
2284	relationship;
2285	(iv) is formed and maintained in good faith for purposes other than obtaining
2286	insurance;
2287	(v) does not condition membership in the association group on any health status-related
2288	factor relating to an individual, including an employee of an employer or a dependent of an
2289	employee;
2290	(vi) makes accident and health insurance coverage offered through the association
2291	group available to all members regardless of any health status-related factor relating to the
2292	members or individuals eligible for coverage through a member;
2293	(vii) does not make accident and health insurance coverage offered through the
2294	association group available other than in connection with a member of the association group;

2295	and
2296	(viii) is actuarially sound; or
2297	(c) a group specifically authorized by the commissioner, upon a finding that:
2298	(i) authorization is not contrary to the public interest;
2299	(ii) the group is actuarially sound;
2300	(iii) formation of the proposed group may result in economies of scale in acquisition,
2301	administrative, marketing, and brokerage costs;
2302	(iv) the insurance policy, insurance certificate, or other indicia of coverage that will be
2303	offered to the proposed group is substantially equivalent to insurance policies that are
2304	otherwise available to similar groups;
2305	(v) the group would not present hazards of adverse selection;
2306	(vi) the premiums for the insurance policy and any contributions by or on behalf of the
2307	insured persons are reasonable in relation to the benefits provided; and
2308	(vii) the group is formed and maintained in good faith for a purpose other than
2309	obtaining insurance.
2310	(3) A blanket accident and health insurance policy:
2311	(a) covers a defined class of persons;
2312	(b) may not be offered or underwritten on an individual basis;
2313	(c) shall cover only a group that is:
2314	(i) actuarially sound; and
2315	(ii) formed and maintained in good faith for a purpose other than obtaining insurance;
2316	and
2317	(d) may be issued only to:
2318	(i) a common carrier or an operator, owner, or lessee of a means of transportation, as
2319	policyholder, covering persons who may become passengers as defined by reference to the
2320	person's travel status;
2321	(ii) an employer, as policyholder, covering any group of employees, dependents, or
2322	guests, as defined by reference to specified hazards incident to any activities of the
2323	policyholder;
2324	(iii) an institution of learning, including a school district, a school jurisdictional unit, or
2325	the head, principal, or governing board of a school jurisdictional unit, as policyholder, covering

2326	students, teachers, or employees;
2327	(iv) a religious, charitable, recreational, educational, or civic organization, or branch of
2328	one of those organizations, as policyholder, covering a group of members or participants as
2329	defined by reference to specified hazards incident to the activities sponsored or supervised by
2330	the policyholder;
2331	(v) a sports team, camp, or sponsor of a sports team or camp, as policyholder, covering
2332	members, campers, employees, officials, or supervisors;
2333	(vi) a volunteer fire department, first aid, civil defense, or other similar volunteer
2334	organization, as policyholder, covering a group of members or participants as defined by
2335	reference to specified hazards incident to activities sponsored, supervised, or participated in by
2336	the policyholder;
2337	(vii) a newspaper or other publisher, as policyholder, covering its carriers;
2338	(viii) a labor union, as a policyholder, covering a group of members or participants as
2339	defined by reference to specified hazards incident to the activities or operations sponsored or
2340	supervised by the policyholder;
2341	[(viii)] (ix) an association[, including a labor union,] that has a constitution and bylaws
2342	[and that is organized in good faith for purposes other than that of obtaining insurance, as
2343	policyholder,] covering a group of members or participants as defined by reference to specified
2344	hazards incident to the activities or operations sponsored or supervised by the policyholder;
2345	[and] or
2346	[(ix)] (x) any other class of risks that, in the judgment of the commissioner, may be
2347	properly eligible for blanket accident and health insurance.
2348	(4) The judgment of the commissioner may be exercised on the basis of:
2349	(a) individual risks;
2350	(b) a class of risks; or
2351	(c) both Subsections (4)(a) and (b).
2352	Section 23. Section 31A-22-722 is amended to read:
2353	31A-22-722. Utah mini-COBRA benefits for employer group coverage.
2354	(1) An [insured may extend the] employer's group policy shall offer an employee's
2355	coverage to be extended under the current employer's group policy for a period of 12 months,
2356	except as provided in Subsection (2). The right to extend coverage includes:

2357	(a) voluntary termination;
2358	(b) involuntary termination;
2359	(c) retirement;
2360	(d) death;
2361	(e) divorce or legal separation;
2362	(f) loss of dependent status;
2363	(g) sabbatical;
2364	(h) a disability;
2365	(i) leave of absence; or
2366	(j) reduction of hours.
2367	(2) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), an employee may not extend coverage under
2368	the current employer's group insurance policy if the employee:
2369	(i) fails to pay premiums or contributions in accordance with the terms of the insurance
2370	policy;
2371	(ii) acquires other group coverage covering all preexisting conditions including
2372	maternity, if the coverage exists;
2373	(iii) performs an act or practice that constitutes fraud in connection with the coverage;
2374	(iv) makes an intentional misrepresentation of material fact under the terms of the
2375	coverage;
2376	(v) is terminated from employment for gross misconduct;
2377	(vi) is not continuously covered under the current employer's group policy for a period
2378	of three months immediately before the termination of the insurance policy due to an event set
2379	forth in Subsection (1);
2380	(vii) is eligible for an extension of coverage required by federal law;
2381	(viii) establishes residence outside of this state;
2382	(ix) moves out of the insurer's service area;
2383	(x) is eligible for similar coverage under another group insurance policy; or
2384	(xi) has the employee's coverage terminated because the employer's coverage is
2385	terminated, except as provided in Subsection (8).
2386	(b) The right to extend coverage under Subsection (1) applies to spouse or dependent
2387	coverage, including a surviving spouse or dependents whose coverage under the insurance

2388	policy terminates by reason of the death of the employee or member.
2389	(3) (a) The employer shall notify the following in writing of the right to extend group
2390	coverage and the payment amounts required for extension of coverage, including the manner,
2391	place, and time in which the payments shall be made:
2392	(i) a terminated insured;
2393	(ii) an ex-spouse of an insured; or
2394	(iii) if Subsection (2)(b) applies:
2395	(A) a surviving spouse; and
2396	(B) the guardian of surviving dependents, if different from a surviving spouse.
2397	(b) The notification required in Subsection (3)(a) shall be sent first class mail within 30
2398	days after the termination date of the group coverage to:
2399	(i) the terminated insured's home address as shown on the records of the employer;
2400	(ii) the address of the surviving spouse, if different from the insured's address and if
2401	shown on the records of the employer;
2402	(iii) the guardian of any dependents address, if different from the insured's address, and
2403	if shown on the records of the employer; and
2404	(iv) the address of the ex-spouse, if shown on the records of the employer.
2405	(4) The insurer shall provide the employee, spouse, or any eligible dependent the
2406	opportunity to extend the group coverage at the payment amount stated in Subsection (5) if:
2407	(a) the employer policyholder does not provide the terminated insured the written
2408	notification required by Subsection (3)(a); and
2409	(b) the employee or other individual eligible for extension contacts the insurer within
2410	60 days of coverage termination.
2411	(5) (a) A premium amount for extended group coverage may not exceed 102% of the
2412	group rate in effect for a group member, including an employer's contribution, if any, for a
2413	group insurance policy.
2414	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(a), an insurer may not charge an insured an
2415	additional fee, an additional premium, interest, or any similar charge for electing extended

additional fee, an additional premium, interest, or any similar charge for electing extended group coverage.

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(6) Except as provided in this Subsection (6), coverage extends without interruption for 12 months and may not terminate if the terminated insured or, with respect to a minor, the

2419	parent or guardian of the terminated insured:
2420	(a) elects to extend group coverage within 60 days of losing group coverage; and
2421	(b) tenders the amount required to the employer or insurer.
2422	(7) The insured's coverage may be terminated before 12 months if the terminated
2423	insured:
2424	(a) establishes residence outside of this state;
2425	(b) moves out of the insurer's service area;
2426	(c) fails to pay premiums or contributions in accordance with the terms of the insurance
2427	policy, including any timeliness requirements;
2428	(d) performs an act or practice that constitutes fraud in connection with the coverage;
2429	(e) makes an intentional misrepresentation of material fact under the terms of the
2430	coverage;
2431	(f) becomes eligible for similar coverage under another group insurance policy; or
2432	(g) has the coverage terminated because the employer's coverage is terminated, except
2433	as provided in Subsection (8).
2434	(8) If the current employer coverage is terminated and the employer replaces coverage
2435	with similar coverage under another group insurance policy, without interruption, the
2436	terminated insured, spouse, or the surviving spouse and guardian of dependents if Subsection
2437	(2)(b) applies, may obtain extension of coverage under the replacement group insurance policy:
2438	(a) for the balance of the period the terminated insured would have extended coverage
2439	under the replaced group insurance policy; and
2440	(b) if the terminated insured is otherwise eligible for extension of coverage.
2441	(9) An insurer shall require an insured employer to offer to the following individuals an
2442	open enrollment period at the same time as other regular employees:
2443	(a) an individual who extends group coverage and is current on payment; and
2444	(b) during the applicable grace period described in Subsection (3) or (4), an individual
2445	who is eligible to elect to extend group coverage.
2446	Section 24. Section 31A-22-726 is amended to read:
2447	31A-22-726. Abortion coverage restriction in health benefit plan and on health
2448	insurance exchange.
2449	(1) As used in this section, "permitted abortion coverage" means coverage for abortion:

2450	(a) that is necessary to avert:
2451	(i) the death of the woman on whom the abortion is performed; or
2452	(ii) a serious risk of substantial and irreversible impairment of a major bodily function
2453	of the woman on whom the abortion is performed;
2454	(b) of a fetus that has a defect that is documented by a physician or physicians to be
2455	uniformly diagnosable and uniformly lethal; or
2456	(c) where the woman is pregnant as a result of:
2457	(i) rape, as described in Section 76-5-402;
2458	(ii) rape of a child, as described in Section 76-5-402.1; or
2459	(iii) incest, as described in Subsection 76-5-406(10) or Section 76-7-102.
2460	(2) A person may not offer coverage for an abortion in a health benefit plan, unless the
2461	coverage is a type of permitted abortion coverage.
2462	[(3) A person may not offer a health benefit plan that provides coverage for an abortion
2463	in a health insurance exchange created under Title 63N, Chapter 11, Health System Reform
2464	Act, unless the coverage is a type of permitted abortion coverage.]
2465	$[\frac{4}{3}]$ A person may not offer a health benefit plan that provides coverage for an
2466	abortion in a health insurance exchange created under the federal Patient Protection and
2467	Affordable Care Act, 111 P.L. 148, unless the coverage is a type of permitted abortion
2468	coverage.
2469	Section 25. Section 31A-23a-111 is amended to read:
2470	31A-23a-111. Revoking, suspending, surrendering, lapsing, limiting, or otherwise
2471	terminating a license Forfeiture Rulemaking for renewal or reinstatement.
2472	(1) A license type issued under this chapter remains in force until:
2473	(a) revoked or suspended under Subsection (5);
2474	(b) surrendered to the commissioner and accepted by the commissioner in lieu of
2475	administrative action;
2476	(c) the licensee dies or is adjudicated incompetent as defined under:
2477	(i) Title 75, Chapter 5, Part 3, Guardians of Incapacitated Persons; or
2478	(ii) Title 75, Chapter 5, Part 4, Protection of Property of Persons Under Disability and
2479	Minors;
2480	(d) lapsed under Section 31A-23a-113; or

2481	(e) voluntarily surrendered.
2482	(2) The following may be reinstated within one year after the day on which the license
2483	is no longer in force:
2484	(a) a lapsed license; or
2485	(b) a voluntarily surrendered license, except that a voluntarily surrendered license may
2486	not be reinstated after the license period in which the license is voluntarily surrendered.
2487	(3) Unless otherwise stated in a written agreement for the voluntary surrender of a
2488	license, submission and acceptance of a voluntary surrender of a license does not prevent the
2489	department from pursuing additional disciplinary or other action authorized under:
2490	(a) this title; or
2491	(b) rules made under this title in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
2492	Administrative Rulemaking Act.
2493	(4) A line of authority issued under this chapter remains in force until:
2494	(a) the qualifications pertaining to a line of authority are no longer met by the licensee
2495	or
2496	(b) the supporting license type:
2497	(i) is revoked or suspended under Subsection (5);
2498	(ii) is surrendered to the commissioner and accepted by the commissioner in lieu of
2499	administrative action;
2500	(iii) lapses under Section 31A-23a-113; or
2501	(iv) is voluntarily surrendered; or
2502	(c) the licensee dies or is adjudicated incompetent as defined under:
2503	(i) Title 75, Chapter 5, Part 3, Guardians of Incapacitated Persons; or
2504	(ii) Title 75, Chapter 5, Part 4, Protection of Property of Persons Under Disability and
2505	Minors.
2506	(5) (a) If the commissioner makes a finding under Subsection (5)(b), as part of an
2507	adjudicative proceeding under Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, the
2508	commissioner may:
2509	(i) revoke:
2510	(A) a license; or
2511	(B) a line of authority;

2512	(ii) suspend for a specified period of 12 months or less:
2513	(A) a license; or
2514	(B) a line of authority;
2515	(iii) limit in whole or in part:
2516	(A) a license; or
2517	(B) a line of authority;
2518	(iv) deny a license application;
2519	(v) assess a forfeiture under Subsection 31A-2-308(1)(b)(i) or (1)(c)(i); or
2520	(vi) take a combination of actions under Subsections (5)(a)(i) through (iv) and
2521	Subsection (5)(a)(v).
2522	(b) The commissioner may take an action described in Subsection (5)(a) if the
2523	commissioner finds that the licensee:
2524	(i) is unqualified for a license or line of authority under Section 31A-23a-104,
2525	31A-23a-105, or 31A-23a-107;
2526	(ii) violates:
2527	(A) an insurance statute;
2528	(B) a rule that is valid under Subsection 31A-2-201(3); or
2529	(C) an order that is valid under Subsection 31A-2-201(4);
2530	(iii) is insolvent or the subject of receivership, conservatorship, rehabilitation, or other
2531	delinquency proceedings in any state;
2532	(iv) fails to pay a final judgment rendered against the person in this state within 60
2533	days after the day on which the judgment became final;
2534	(v) fails to meet the same good faith obligations in claims settlement that is required of
2535	admitted insurers;
2536	(vi) is affiliated with and under the same general management or interlocking
2537	directorate or ownership as another insurance producer that transacts business in this state
2538	without a license;
2539	(vii) refuses:
2540	(A) to be examined; or
2541	(B) to produce its accounts, records, and files for examination;
2542	(viii) has an officer who refuses to:

2543	(A) give information with respect to the insurance producer's affairs; or
2544	(B) perform any other legal obligation as to an examination;
2545	(ix) provides information in the license application that is:
2546	(A) incorrect;
2547	(B) misleading;
2548	(C) incomplete; or
2549	(D) materially untrue;
2550	(x) violates an insurance law, valid rule, or valid order of another regulatory agency in
2551	any jurisdiction;
2552	(xi) obtains or attempts to obtain a license through misrepresentation or fraud;
2553	(xii) improperly withholds, misappropriates, or converts money or properties received
2554	in the course of doing insurance business;
2555	(xiii) intentionally misrepresents the terms of an actual or proposed:
2556	(A) insurance contract;
2557	(B) application for insurance; or
2558	(C) life settlement;
2559	(xiv) [is] has been convicted of:
2560	(A) a felony; or
2561	(B) a misdemeanor involving fraud, misrepresentation, theft, or dishonesty;
2562	(xv) admits or is found to have committed an insurance unfair trade practice or fraud;
2563	(xvi) in the conduct of business in this state or elsewhere:
2564	(A) uses fraudulent, coercive, or dishonest practices; or
2565	(B) demonstrates incompetence, untrustworthiness, or financial irresponsibility;
2566	(xvii) has had an insurance license or other professional or occupational license, or an
2567	equivalent to an insurance license or registration, or other professional or occupational license
2568	or registration:
2569	(A) denied;
2570	(B) suspended;
2571	(C) revoked; or
2572	(D) surrendered to resolve an administrative action;
2573	(xviii) forges another's name to:

2574	(A) an application for insurance; or
2575	(B) a document related to an insurance transaction;
2576	(xix) improperly uses notes or another reference material to complete an examination
2577	for an insurance license;
2578	(xx) knowingly accepts insurance business from an individual who is not licensed;
2579	(xxi) fails to comply with an administrative or court order imposing a child support
2580	obligation;
2581	(xxii) fails to:
2582	(A) pay state income tax; or
2583	(B) comply with an administrative or court order directing payment of state income
2584	tax;
2585	(xxiii) [violates or permits others to violate] has been convicted of violating the federal
2586	Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994, 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1033 and [therefore
2587	under] has not obtained written consent to engage in the business of insurance or participate in
2588	such business as required by 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1033 [is prohibited from engaging in the business
2589	of insurance; or];
2590	(xxiv) engages in a method or practice in the conduct of business that endangers the
2591	legitimate interests of customers and the public[-]; or
2592	(xxv) has been convicted of any criminal felony involving dishonesty or breach of trust
2593	and has not obtained written consent to engage in the business of insurance or participate in
2594	such business as required by 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1033.
2595	(c) For purposes of this section, if a license is held by an agency, both the agency itself
2596	and any individual designated under the license are considered to be the holders of the license.
2597	(d) If an individual designated under the agency license commits an act or fails to
2598	perform a duty that is a ground for suspending, revoking, or limiting the individual's license,
2599	the commissioner may suspend, revoke, or limit the license of:
2600	(i) the individual;
2601	(ii) the agency, if the agency:
2602	(A) is reckless or negligent in its supervision of the individual; or
2603	(B) knowingly participates in the act or failure to act that is the ground for suspending,
2604	revoking, or limiting the license; or

2605	(iii) (A) the individual; and
2606	(B) the agency if the agency meets the requirements of Subsection (5)(d)(ii).
2607	(6) A licensee under this chapter is subject to the penalties for acting as a licensee
2608	without a license if:
2609	(a) the licensee's license is:
2610	(i) revoked;
2611	(ii) suspended;
2612	(iii) limited;
2613	(iv) surrendered in lieu of administrative action;
2614	(v) lapsed; or
2615	(vi) voluntarily surrendered; and
2616	(b) the licensee:
2617	(i) continues to act as a licensee; or
2618	(ii) violates the terms of the license limitation.
2619	(7) A licensee under this chapter shall immediately report to the commissioner:
2620	(a) a revocation, suspension, or limitation of the person's license in another state, the
2621	District of Columbia, or a territory of the United States;
2622	(b) the imposition of a disciplinary sanction imposed on that person by another state,
2623	the District of Columbia, or a territory of the United States; or
2624	(c) a judgment or injunction entered against that person on the basis of conduct
2625	involving:
2626	(i) fraud;
2627	(ii) deceit;
2628	(iii) misrepresentation; or
2629	(iv) a violation of an insurance law or rule.
2630	(8) (a) An order revoking a license under Subsection (5) or an agreement to surrender a
2631	license in lieu of administrative action may specify a time, not to exceed five years, within
2632	which the former licensee may not apply for a new license.
2633	(b) If no time is specified in an order or agreement described in Subsection (8)(a), the
2634	former licensee may not apply for a new license for five years from the day on which the order
2635	or agreement is made without the express approval by the commissioner

2636	(9) The commissioner shall promptly withhold, suspend, restrict, or reinstate the use of
2637	a license issued under this part if so ordered by a court.
2638	(10) The commissioner shall by rule prescribe the license renewal and reinstatement
2639	procedures in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
2640	Section 26. Section 31A-23a-402 is amended to read:
2641	31A-23a-402. Unfair marketing practices Communication Unfair
2642	discrimination Coercion or intimidation Restriction on choice.
2643	(1) (a) (i) Any of the following may not make or cause to be made any communication
2644	that contains false or misleading information, relating to an insurance product or contract, any
2645	insurer, or any licensee under this title, including information that is false or misleading
2646	because it is incomplete:
2647	(A) a person who is or should be licensed under this title;
2648	(B) an employee or producer of a person described in Subsection (1)(a)(i)(A);
2649	(C) a person whose primary interest is as a competitor of a person licensed under this
2650	title; and
2651	(D) a person on behalf of any of the persons listed in this Subsection (1)(a)(i).
2652	(ii) As used in this Subsection (1), "false or misleading information" includes:
2653	(A) assuring the nonobligatory payment of future dividends or refunds of unused
2654	premiums in any specific or approximate amounts, but reporting fully and accurately past
2655	experience is not false or misleading information; and
2656	(B) with intent to deceive a person examining it:
2657	(I) filing a report;
2658	(II) making a false entry in a record; or
2659	(III) wilfully refraining from making a proper entry in a record.
2660	(iii) A licensee under this title may not:
2661	(A) use any business name, slogan, emblem, or related device that is misleading or
2662	likely to cause the insurer or other licensee to be mistaken for another insurer or other licensee
2663	already in business; or
2664	(B) use any name, advertisement, or other insurance promotional material that would
2665	cause a reasonable person to mistakenly believe that a state or federal government agency,
2666	[including Utah's small employer health insurance exchange known as "Avenue H,"] and the

2667	Children's Health Insurance Program created in Title 26, Chapter 40, Utah Children's Health
2668	Insurance Act:
2669	(I) is responsible for the insurance sales activities of the person;
2670	(II) stands behind the credit of the person;
2671	(III) guarantees any returns on insurance products of or sold by the person; or
2672	(IV) is a source of payment of any insurance obligation of or sold by the person.
2673	(iv) A person who is not an insurer may not assume or use any name that deceptively
2674	implies or suggests that person is an insurer.
2675	(v) A person other than persons licensed as health maintenance organizations under
2676	Chapter 8, Health Maintenance Organizations and Limited Health Plans, may not use the term
2677	"Health Maintenance Organization" or "HMO" in referring to itself.
2678	(b) A licensee's violation creates a rebuttable presumption that the violation was also
2679	committed by the insurer if:
2680	(i) the licensee under this title distributes cards or documents, exhibits a sign, or
2681	publishes an advertisement that violates Subsection (1)(a), with reference to a particular
2682	insurer:
2683	(A) that the licensee represents; or
2684	(B) for whom the licensee processes claims; and
2685	(ii) the cards, documents, signs, or advertisements are supplied or approved by that
2686	insurer.
2687	(2) (a) A title insurer, individual title insurance producer, or agency title insurance
2688	producer or any officer or employee of the title insurer, individual title insurance producer, or
2689	agency title insurance producer may not pay, allow, give, or offer to pay, allow, or give,
2690	directly or indirectly, as an inducement to obtaining any title insurance business:
2691	(i) any rebate, reduction, or abatement of any rate or charge made incident to the
2692	issuance of the title insurance;
2693	(ii) any special favor or advantage not generally available to others;
2694	(iii) any money or other consideration, except if approved under Section 31A-2-405; or
2695	(iv) material inducement.
2696	(b) "Charge made incident to the issuance of the title insurance" includes escrow
2697	charges, and any other services that are prescribed in rule by the Title and Escrow Commission

2698	after consultation with the commissioner and subject to Section 31A-2-404.
2699	(c) An insured or any other person connected, directly or indirectly, with the
2700	transaction may not knowingly receive or accept, directly or indirectly, any benefit referred to
2701	in Subsection (2)(a), including:
2702	(i) a person licensed under Title 61, Chapter 2c, Utah Residential Mortgage Practices
2703	and Licensing Act;
2704	(ii) a person licensed under Title 61, Chapter 2f, Real Estate Licensing and Practices
2705	Act;
2706	(iii) a builder;
2707	(iv) an attorney; or
2708	(v) an officer, employee, or agent of a person listed in this Subsection (2)(c)(iii).
2709	(3) (a) An insurer may not unfairly discriminate among policyholders by charging
2710	different premiums or by offering different terms of coverage, except on the basis of
2711	classifications related to the nature and the degree of the risk covered or the expenses involved.
2712	(b) Rates are not unfairly discriminatory if they are averaged broadly among persons
2713	insured under a group, blanket, or franchise policy, and the terms of those policies are not
2714	unfairly discriminatory merely because they are more favorable than in similar individual
2715	policies.
2716	(4) (a) This Subsection (4) applies to:
2717	(i) a person who is or should be licensed under this title;
2718	(ii) an employee of that licensee or person who should be licensed;
2719	(iii) a person whose primary interest is as a competitor of a person licensed under this
2720	title; and
2721	(iv) one acting on behalf of any person described in Subsections (4)(a)(i) through (iii).
2722	(b) A person described in Subsection (4)(a) may not commit or enter into any
2723	agreement to participate in any act of boycott, coercion, or intimidation that:
2724	(i) tends to produce:
2725	(A) an unreasonable restraint of the business of insurance; or
2726	(B) a monopoly in that business; or
2727	(ii) results in an applicant purchasing or replacing an insurance contract.
2728	(5) (a) (i) Subject to Subsection (5)(a)(ii), a person may not restrict in the choice of an

insurer or licensee under this chapter, another person who is required to pay for insurance as a condition for the conclusion of a contract or other transaction or for the exercise of any right under a contract.

- (ii) A person requiring coverage may reserve the right to disapprove the insurer or the coverage selected on reasonable grounds.
- (b) The form of corporate organization of an insurer authorized to do business in this state is not a reasonable ground for disapproval, and the commissioner may by rule specify additional grounds that are not reasonable. This Subsection (5) does not bar an insurer from declining an application for insurance.
- (6) A person may not make any charge other than insurance premiums and premium financing charges for the protection of property or of a security interest in property, as a condition for obtaining, renewing, or continuing the financing of a purchase of the property or the lending of money on the security of an interest in the property.
- (7) (a) A licensee under this title may not refuse or fail to return promptly all indicia of agency to the principal on demand.
- 2744 (b) A licensee whose license is suspended, limited, or revoked under Section 2745 31A-2-308, 31A-23a-111, or 31A-23a-112 may not refuse or fail to return the license to the 2746 commissioner on demand.
 - (8) (a) A person may not engage in an unfair method of competition or any other unfair or deceptive act or practice in the business of insurance, as defined by the commissioner by rule, after a finding that the method of competition, the act, or the practice:
- 2750 (i) is misleading;
- 2751 (ii) is deceptive;

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- 2752 (iii) is unfairly discriminatory;
- 2753 (iv) provides an unfair inducement; or
- (v) unreasonably restrains competition.
- 2755 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (8)(a), for purpose of the title insurance industry, the 2756 Title and Escrow Commission shall make rules, subject to Section 31A-2-404, that define an 2757 unfair method of competition or unfair or deceptive act or practice after a finding that the 2758 method of competition, the act, or the practice:
- 2759 (i) is misleading;

2760	(ii) is deceptive;
2761	(iii) is unfairly discriminatory;
2762	(iv) provides an unfair inducement; or
2763	(v) unreasonably restrains competition.
2764	Section 27. Section 31A-23a-411.1 is amended to read:
2765	31A-23a-411.1. Person's liability if premium received is not forwarded to the
2766	insurer.
2767	A person commits insurance fraud as described in Subsection 31A-31-103(1)[(f)](g) if
2768	that person knowingly fails to forward to the insurer a premium:
2769	(1) received from one of the following in partial or total payment of the premium due
2770	from:
2771	(a) an applicant;
2772	(b) a policyholder; or
2773	(c) a certificate holder; or
2774	(2) collected from or on behalf of an insured employee under an insured employee
2775	benefit plan.
2776	Section 28. Section 31A-23a-415 is amended to read:
2777	31A-23a-415. Assessment on agency title insurance producers or title insurers
2778	Account created.
2779	(1) For purposes of this section:
2780	(a) "Premium" is as defined in Subsection 59-9-101(3).
2781	(b) "Title insurer" means a person:
2782	(i) making any contract or policy of title insurance as:
2783	(A) insurer;
2784	(B) guarantor; or
2785	(C) surety;
2786	(ii) proposing to make any contract or policy of title insurance as:
2787	(A) insurer;
2788	(B) guarantor; or
2789	(C) surety; or
2790	(iii) transacting or proposing to transact any phase of title insurance, including:

2791	(A) soliciting;
2792	(B) negotiating preliminary to execution;
2793	(C) executing of a contract of title insurance;
2794	(D) insuring; and
2795	(E) transacting matters subsequent to the execution of the contract and arising out of
2796	the contract.
2797	(c) "Utah risks" means insuring, guaranteeing, or indemnifying with regard to real or
2798	personal property located in Utah, an owner of real or personal property, the holders of liens or
2799	encumbrances on that property, or others interested in the property against loss or damage
2800	suffered by reason of:
2801	(i) liens or encumbrances upon, defects in, or the unmarketability of the title to the
2802	property; or
2803	(ii) invalidity or unenforceability of any liens or encumbrances on the property.
2804	(2) (a) The commissioner may assess each title insurer, each individual title insurance
2805	producer who is not an employee of a title insurer or who is not designated by an agency title
2806	insurance producer, and each agency title insurance producer an annual assessment:
2807	(i) determined by the Title and Escrow Commission:
2808	(A) after consultation with the commissioner; and
2809	(B) in accordance with this Subsection (2); and
2810	(ii) to be used for the purposes described in Subsection (3).
2811	(b) An agency title insurance producer and individual title insurance producer who is
2812	not an employee of a title insurer or who is not designated by an agency title insurance
2813	producer shall be assessed up to:
2814	(i) \$250 for the first office in each county in which the agency title insurance producer
2815	or individual title insurance producer maintains an office; and
2816	(ii) \$150 for each additional office the agency title insurance producer or individual
2817	title insurance producer maintains in the county described in Subsection (2)(b)(i).
2818	(c) A title insurer shall be assessed up to:
2819	(i) \$250 for the first office in each county in which the title insurer maintains an office;
2820	(ii) \$150 for each additional office the title insurer maintains in the county described in
2821	Subsection (2)(c)(i); and

2822	(111) an amount calculated by:
2823	(A) aggregating the assessments imposed on:
2824	(I) agency title insurance producers and individual title insurance producers under
2825	Subsection (2)(b); and
2826	(II) title insurers under Subsections (2)(c)(i) and (2)(c)(ii);
2827	(B) subtracting the amount determined under Subsection (2)(c)(iii)(A) from the total
2828	costs and expenses determined under Subsection (2)(d); and
2829	(C) multiplying:
2830	(I) the amount calculated under Subsection (2)(c)(iii)(B); and
2831	(II) the percentage of total premiums for title insurance on Utah risk that are premiums
2832	of the title insurer.
2833	(d) Notwithstanding Section 31A-3-103 and subject to Section 31A-2-404, the Title
2834	and Escrow Commission by rule shall establish the amount of costs and expenses described
2835	under Subsection (3) that will be covered by the assessment, except the costs or expenses to be
2836	covered by the assessment may not exceed \$100,000 annually.
2837	(e) (i) An individual licensed to practice law in Utah is exempt from the requirements
2838	of this Subsection (2) if that person issues 12 or less policies during a 12-month period.
2839	(ii) In determining the number of policies issued by an individual licensed to practice
2840	law in Utah for purposes of Subsection (2)(e)(i), if the individual issues a policy to more than
2841	one party to the same closing, the individual is considered to have issued only one policy.
2842	(3) (a) Money received by the state under this section shall be deposited into the Title
2843	Licensee Enforcement Restricted Account.
2844	(b) There is created in the General Fund a restricted account known as the "Title
2845	Licensee Enforcement Restricted Account."
2846	(c) The Title Licensee Enforcement Restricted Account shall consist of the money
2847	received by the state under this section.
2848	(d) The commissioner shall administer the Title Licensee Enforcement Restricted
2849	Account. Subject to appropriations by the Legislature, the commissioner shall use the money
2850	deposited into the Title Licensee Enforcement Restricted Account only to pay for a cost or
2851	expense incurred by the department in the administration, investigation, and enforcement of
2852	[this part and Part 5, Compensation of Producers and Consultants, related to:] laws governing

53	individual title insurance producers, agency title insurance producers, or title insurers.
54	[(i) the marketing of title insurance; and]
55	[(ii) audits of agency title insurance producers.]
56	(e) An appropriation from the Title Licensee Enforcement Restricted Account is
57	nonlapsing.
58	(4) The assessment imposed by this section shall be in addition to any premium
59	assessment imposed under Subsection 59-9-101(3).
60	Section 29. Section 31A-23b-401 is amended to read:
61	31A-23b-401. Revoking, suspending, surrendering, lapsing, limiting, or otherwise
62	terminating a license Rulemaking for renewal or reinstatement.
53	(1) A license as a navigator under this chapter remains in force until:
64	(a) revoked or suspended under Subsection (4);
55	(b) surrendered to the commissioner and accepted by the commissioner in lieu of
66	administrative action;
67	(c) the licensee dies or is adjudicated incompetent as defined under:
68	(i) Title 75, Chapter 5, Part 3, Guardians of Incapacitated Persons; or
59	(ii) Title 75, Chapter 5, Part 4, Protection of Property of Persons Under Disability and
70	Minors;
71	(d) lapsed under this section; or
72	(e) voluntarily surrendered.
73	(2) The following may be reinstated within one year after the day on which the license
74	is no longer in force:
75	(a) a lapsed license; or
76	(b) a voluntarily surrendered license, except that a voluntarily surrendered license may
77	not be reinstated after the license period in which the license is voluntarily surrendered.
78	(3) Unless otherwise stated in a written agreement for the voluntary surrender of a
79	license, submission and acceptance of a voluntary surrender of a license does not prevent the
30	department from pursuing additional disciplinary or other action authorized under:
31	(a) this title; or
32	(b) rules made under this title in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
3	Administrative Rulemaking Act

2884	(4) (a) If the commissioner makes a finding under Subsection (4)(b), as part of an
2885	adjudicative proceeding under Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, the
2886	commissioner may:
2887	(i) revoke a license;
2888	(ii) suspend a license for a specified period of 12 months or less;
2889	(iii) limit a license in whole or in part;
2890	(iv) deny a license application;
2891	(v) assess a forfeiture under Subsection 31A-2-308(1)(b)(i) or (1)(c)(i); or
2892	(vi) take a combination of actions under Subsections (4)(a)(i) through (iv) and
2893	Subsection (4)(a)(v).
2894	(b) The commissioner may take an action described in Subsection (4)(a) if the
2895	commissioner finds that the licensee:
2896	(i) is unqualified for a license under Section 31A-23b-204, 31A-23b-205, or
2897	31A-23b-206;
2898	(ii) violated:
2899	(A) an insurance statute;
2900	(B) a rule that is valid under Subsection 31A-2-201(3); or
2901	(C) an order that is valid under Subsection 31A-2-201(4);
2902	(iii) is insolvent or the subject of receivership, conservatorship, rehabilitation, or other
2903	delinquency proceedings in any state;
2904	(iv) failed to pay a final judgment rendered against the person in this state within 60
2905	days after the day on which the judgment became final;
2906	(v) refused:
2907	(A) to be examined; or
2908	(B) to produce its accounts, records, and files for examination;
2909	(vi) had an officer who refused to:
2910	(A) give information with respect to the navigator's affairs; or
2911	(B) perform any other legal obligation as to an examination;
2912	(vii) provided information in the license application that is:
2913	(A) incorrect;
2914	(B) misleading;

2915	(C) incomplete; or
2916	(D) materially untrue;
2917	(viii) violated an insurance law, valid rule, or valid order of another regulatory agency
2918	in any jurisdiction;
2919	(ix) obtained or attempted to obtain a license through misrepresentation or fraud;
2920	(x) improperly withheld, misappropriated, or converted money or properties received
2921	in the course of doing insurance business;
2922	(xi) intentionally misrepresented the terms of an actual or proposed:
2923	(A) insurance contract;
2924	(B) application for insurance; or
2925	(C) application for public program;
2926	(xii) [is] has been convicted of:
2927	(A) a felony; or
2928	(B) a misdemeanor involving fraud, misrepresentation, theft, or dishonesty;
2929	(xiii) admitted or is found to have committed an insurance unfair trade practice or
2930	fraud;
2931	(xiv) in the conduct of business in this state or elsewhere:
2932	(A) used fraudulent, coercive, or dishonest practices; or
2933	(B) demonstrated incompetence, untrustworthiness, or financial irresponsibility;
2934	(xv) has had an insurance license, navigator license, or [its equivalent,] other
2935	professional or occupational license or registration, or an equivalent of the same denied,
2936	suspended, [or] revoked [in another state, province, district, or territory], or surrendered to
2937	resolve an administrative action;
2938	(xvi) forged another's name to:
2939	(A) an application for insurance;
2940	(B) a document related to an insurance transaction;
2941	(C) a document related to an application for a public program; or
2942	(D) a document related to an application for premium subsidies;
2943	(xvii) improperly used notes or another reference material to complete an examination
2944	for a license;
2945	(xviii) knowingly accepted insurance business from an individual who is not licensed;

2946	(xix) failed to comply with an administrative or court order imposing a child support
2947	obligation;
2948	(xx) failed to:
2949	(A) pay state income tax; or
2950	(B) comply with an administrative or court order directing payment of state income
2951	tax;
2952	(xxi) [violated or permitted others to violate] has been convicted of violating the
2953	federal Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994, 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1033 and
2954	[therefore under] has not obtained written consent to engage in the business of insurance or
2955	participate in such business as required by 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1033 [is prohibited from engaging in
2956	the business of insurance; or];
2957	(xxii) engaged in a method or practice in the conduct of business that endangered the
2958	legitimate interests of customers and the public[-]; or
2959	(xxiii) has been convicted of any criminal felony involving dishonesty or breach of
2960	trust and has not obtained written consent to engage in the business of insurance or participate
2961	in such business as required by 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1033.
2962	(c) For purposes of this section, if a license is held by an agency, both the agency itself
2963	and any individual designated under the license are considered to be the holders of the license.
2964	(d) If an individual designated under the agency license commits an act or fails to
2965	perform a duty that is a ground for suspending, revoking, or limiting the individual's license,
2966	the commissioner may suspend, revoke, or limit the license of:
2967	(i) the individual;
2968	(ii) the agency, if the agency:
2969	(A) is reckless or negligent in its supervision of the individual; or
2970	(B) knowingly participates in the act or failure to act that is the ground for suspending,
2971	revoking, or limiting the license; or
2972	(iii) (A) the individual; and
2973	(B) the agency if the agency meets the requirements of Subsection (4)(d)(ii).
2974	(5) A licensee under this chapter is subject to the penalties for acting as a licensee
2975	without a license if:
2976	(a) the licensee's license is:

2977	(i) revoked;
2978	(ii) suspended;
2979	(iii) surrendered in lieu of administrative action;
2980	(iv) lapsed; or
2981	(v) voluntarily surrendered; and
2982	(b) the licensee:
2983	(i) continues to act as a licensee; or
2984	(ii) violates the terms of the license limitation.
2985	(6) A licensee under this chapter shall immediately report to the commissioner:
2986	(a) a revocation, suspension, or limitation of the person's license in another state, the
2987	District of Columbia, or a territory of the United States;
2988	(b) the imposition of a disciplinary sanction imposed on that person by another state,
2989	the District of Columbia, or a territory of the United States; or
2990	(c) a judgment or injunction entered against that person on the basis of conduct
2991	involving:
2992	(i) fraud;
2993	(ii) deceit;
2994	(iii) misrepresentation; or
2995	(iv) a violation of an insurance law or rule.
2996	(7) (a) An order revoking a license under Subsection (4) or an agreement to surrender a
2997	license in lieu of administrative action may specify a time, not to exceed five years, within
2998	which the former licensee may not apply for a new license.
2999	(b) If no time is specified in an order or agreement described in Subsection (7)(a), the
3000	former licensee may not apply for a new license for five years from the day on which the order
3001	or agreement is made without the express approval of the commissioner.
3002	(8) The commissioner shall promptly withhold, suspend, restrict, or reinstate the use of
3003	a license issued under this chapter if so ordered by a court.
3004	(9) The commissioner shall by rule prescribe the license renewal and reinstatement
3005	procedures in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
3006	Section 30. Section 31A-25-208 is amended to read:
3007	31A-25-208 Revoking suspending surrendering lansing limiting or otherwise

3008	terminating a license Rulemaking for renewal and reinstatement.
3009	(1) A license type issued under this chapter remains in force until:
3010	(a) revoked or suspended under Subsection (4);
3011	(b) surrendered to the commissioner and accepted by the commissioner in lieu of
3012	administrative action;
3013	(c) the licensee dies or is adjudicated incompetent as defined under:
3014	(i) Title 75, Chapter 5, Part 3, Guardians of Incapacitated Persons; or
3015	(ii) Title 75, Chapter 5, Part 4, Protection of Property of Persons Under Disability and
3016	Minors;
3017	(d) lapsed under Section 31A-25-210; or
3018	(e) voluntarily surrendered.
3019	(2) The following may be reinstated within one year after the day on which the license
3020	is no longer in force:
3021	(a) a lapsed license; or
3022	(b) a voluntarily surrendered license, except that a voluntarily surrendered license may
3023	not be reinstated after the license period in which the license is voluntarily surrendered.
3024	(3) Unless otherwise stated in a written agreement for the voluntary surrender of a
3025	license, submission and acceptance of a voluntary surrender of a license does not prevent the
3026	department from pursuing additional disciplinary or other action authorized under:
3027	(a) this title; or
3028	(b) rules made under this title in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
3029	Administrative Rulemaking Act.
3030	(4) (a) If the commissioner makes a finding under Subsection (4)(b), as part of an
3031	adjudicative proceeding under Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, the
3032	commissioner may:
3033	(i) revoke a license;
3034	(ii) suspend a license for a specified period of 12 months or less;
3035	(iii) limit a license in whole or in part; or
3036	(iv) deny a license application.
3037	(b) The commissioner may take an action described in Subsection (4)(a) if the
3038	commissioner finds that the licensee:

3039	(i) is unqualified for a license under Section 31A-25-202, 31A-25-203, or 31A-25-204
3040	(ii) has violated:
3041	(A) an insurance statute;
3042	(B) a rule that is valid under Subsection 31A-2-201(3); or
3043	(C) an order that is valid under Subsection 31A-2-201(4);
3044	(iii) is insolvent or the subject of receivership, conservatorship, rehabilitation, or other
3045	delinquency proceedings in any state;
3046	(iv) fails to pay a final judgment rendered against the person in this state within 60
3047	days after the day on which the judgment became final;
3048	(v) fails to meet the same good faith obligations in claims settlement that is required of
3049	admitted insurers;
3050	(vi) is affiliated with and under the same general management or interlocking
3051	directorate or ownership as another third party administrator that transacts business in this state
3052	without a license;
3053	(vii) refuses:
3054	(A) to be examined; or
3055	(B) to produce its accounts, records, and files for examination;
3056	(viii) has an officer who refuses to:
3057	(A) give information with respect to the third party administrator's affairs; or
3058	(B) perform any other legal obligation as to an examination;
3059	(ix) provides information in the license application that is:
3060	(A) incorrect;
3061	(B) misleading;
3062	(C) incomplete; or
3063	(D) materially untrue;
3064	(x) has violated an insurance law, valid rule, or valid order of another regulatory
3065	agency in any jurisdiction;
3066	(xi) has obtained or attempted to obtain a license through misrepresentation or fraud;
3067	(xii) has improperly withheld, misappropriated, or converted money or properties
3068	received in the course of doing insurance business;
3069	(xiii) has intentionally misrepresented the terms of an actual or proposed:

3070	(A) insurance contract; or
3071	(B) application for insurance;
3072	(xiv) has been convicted of:
3073	(A) a felony; or
3074	(B) a misdemeanor involving fraud, misrepresentation, theft, or dishonesty;
3075	(xv) has admitted or been found to have committed an insurance unfair trade practice
3076	or fraud;
3077	(xvi) in the conduct of business in this state or elsewhere has:
3078	(A) used fraudulent, coercive, or dishonest practices; or
3079	(B) demonstrated incompetence, untrustworthiness, or financial irresponsibility;
3080	(xvii) has had an insurance license or [its equivalent,] other professional or
3081	occupational license or registration, or an equivalent of the same, denied, suspended, [or]
3082	revoked [in any other state, province, district, or territory], or surrendered to resolve an
3083	administrative action;
3084	(xviii) has forged another's name to:
3085	(A) an application for insurance; or
3086	(B) a document related to an insurance transaction;
3087	(xix) has improperly used notes or any other reference material to complete an
3088	examination for an insurance license;
3089	(xx) has knowingly accepted insurance business from an individual who is not
3090	licensed;
3091	(xxi) has failed to comply with an administrative or court order imposing a child
3092	support obligation;
3093	(xxii) has failed to:
3094	(A) pay state income tax; or
3095	(B) comply with an administrative or court order directing payment of state income
3096	tax;
3097	(xxiii) has violated or permitted others to violate the federal Violent Crime Control and
3098	Law Enforcement Act of 1994, 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1033 and therefore under 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1033 is
3099	prohibited from engaging in the business of insurance; or
3100	(xxiv) has engaged in methods and practices in the conduct of business that endanger

3101	the legitimate interests of customers and the public.
3102	(c) For purposes of this section, if a license is held by an agency, both the agency itself
3103	and any individual designated under the license are considered to be the holders of the agency
3104	license.
3105	(d) If an individual designated under the agency license commits an act or fails to
3106	perform a duty that is a ground for suspending, revoking, or limiting the individual's license,
3107	the commissioner may suspend, revoke, or limit the license of:
3108	(i) the individual;
3109	(ii) the agency if the agency:
3110	(A) is reckless or negligent in its supervision of the individual; or
3111	(B) knowingly participated in the act or failure to act that is the ground for suspending
3112	revoking, or limiting the license; or
3113	(iii) (A) the individual; and
3114	(B) the agency if the agency meets the requirements of Subsection (4)(d)(ii).
3115	(5) A licensee under this chapter is subject to the penalties for acting as a licensee
3116	without a license if:
3117	(a) the licensee's license is:
3118	(i) revoked;
3119	(ii) suspended;
3120	(iii) limited;
3121	(iv) surrendered in lieu of administrative action;
3122	(v) lapsed; or
3123	(vi) voluntarily surrendered; and
3124	(b) the licensee:
3125	(i) continues to act as a licensee; or
3126	(ii) violates the terms of the license limitation.
3127	(6) A licensee under this chapter shall immediately report to the commissioner:
3128	(a) a revocation, suspension, or limitation of the person's license in any other state, the
3129	District of Columbia, or a territory of the United States;
3130	(b) the imposition of a disciplinary sanction imposed on that person by any other state,
3131	the District of Columbia, or a territory of the United States; or

3132	(c) a judgment or injunction entered against the person on the basis of conduct
3133	involving:
3134	(i) fraud;
3135	(ii) deceit;
3136	(iii) misrepresentation; or
3137	(iv) a violation of an insurance law or rule.
3138	(7) (a) An order revoking a license under Subsection (4) or an agreement to surrender a
3139	license in lieu of administrative action may specify a time, not to exceed five years, within
3140	which the former licensee may not apply for a new license.
3141	(b) If no time is specified in the order or agreement described in Subsection (7)(a), the
3142	former licensee may not apply for a new license for five years from the day on which the order
3143	or agreement is made without the express approval of the commissioner.
3144	(8) The commissioner shall promptly withhold, suspend, restrict, or reinstate the use of
3145	a license issued under this part if so ordered by the court.
3146	(9) The commissioner shall by rule prescribe the license renewal and reinstatement
3147	procedures in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
3148	Section 31. Section 31A-26-213 is amended to read:
3149	31A-26-213. Revoking, suspending, surrendering, lapsing, limiting, or otherwise
3150	terminating a license Forfeiture Rulemaking for renewal or reinstatement.
3151	(1) A license type issued under this chapter remains in force until:
3152	(a) revoked or suspended under Subsection (5);
3153	(b) surrendered to the commissioner and accepted by the commissioner in lieu of
3154	administrative action;
3155	(c) the licensee dies or is adjudicated incompetent as defined under:
3156	(i) Title 75, Chapter 5, Part 3, Guardians of Incapacitated Persons; or
3157	(ii) Title 75, Chapter 5, Part 4, Protection of Property of Persons Under Disability and
3158	Minors;
3159	(d) lapsed under Section 31A-26-214.5; or
3160	(e) voluntarily surrendered.
3161	(2) The following may be reinstated within one year after the day on which the license
3162	is no longer in force:

3163	(a) a lapsed license; or
3164	(b) a voluntarily surrendered license, except that a voluntarily surrendered license may
3165	not be reinstated after the license period in which it is voluntarily surrendered.
3166	(3) Unless otherwise stated in a written agreement for the voluntary surrender of a
3167	license, submission and acceptance of a voluntary surrender of a license does not prevent the
3168	department from pursuing additional disciplinary or other action authorized under:
3169	(a) this title; or
3170	(b) rules made under this title in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
3171	Administrative Rulemaking Act.
3172	(4) A license classification issued under this chapter remains in force until:
3173	(a) the qualifications pertaining to a license classification are no longer met by the
3174	licensee; or
3175	(b) the supporting license type:
3176	(i) is revoked or suspended under Subsection (5); or
3177	(ii) is surrendered to the commissioner and accepted by the commissioner in lieu of
3178	administrative action.
3179	(5) (a) If the commissioner makes a finding under Subsection (5)(b) as part of an
3180	adjudicative proceeding under Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, the
3181	commissioner may:
3182	(i) revoke:
3183	(A) a license; or
3184	(B) a license classification;
3185	(ii) suspend for a specified period of 12 months or less:
3186	(A) a license; or
3187	(B) a license classification;
3188	(iii) limit in whole or in part:
3189	(A) a license; or
3190	(B) a license classification;
3191	(iv) deny a license application;
3192	(v) assess a forfeiture under Subsection 31A-2-308(1)(b)(i) or (1)(c)(i); or
3193	(vi) take a combination of actions under Subsections (5)(a)(i) through (iv) and

3194	Subsection $(5)(a)(v)$.
3195	(b) The commissioner may take an action described in Subsection (5)(a) if the
3196	commissioner finds that the licensee:
3197	(i) is unqualified for a license or license classification under Section 31A-26-202,
3198	31A-26-203, 31A-26-204, or 31A-26-205;
3199	(ii) has violated:
3200	(A) an insurance statute;
3201	(B) a rule that is valid under Subsection 31A-2-201(3); or
3202	(C) an order that is valid under Subsection 31A-2-201(4);
3203	(iii) is insolvent, or the subject of receivership, conservatorship, rehabilitation, or other
3204	delinquency proceedings in any state;
3205	(iv) fails to pay a final judgment rendered against the person in this state within 60
3206	days after the judgment became final;
3207	(v) fails to meet the same good faith obligations in claims settlement that is required of
3208	admitted insurers;
3209	(vi) is affiliated with and under the same general management or interlocking
3210	directorate or ownership as another insurance adjuster that transacts business in this state
3211	without a license;
3212	(vii) refuses:
3213	(A) to be examined; or
3214	(B) to produce its accounts, records, and files for examination;
3215	(viii) has an officer who refuses to:
3216	(A) give information with respect to the insurance adjuster's affairs; or
3217	(B) perform any other legal obligation as to an examination;
3218	(ix) provides information in the license application that is:
3219	(A) incorrect;
3220	(B) misleading;
3221	(C) incomplete; or
3222	(D) materially untrue;
3223	(x) has violated an insurance law, valid rule, or valid order of another regulatory
3224	agency in any jurisdiction;

3225	(xi) has obtained or attempted to obtain a license through misrepresentation or fraud;
3226	(xii) has improperly withheld, misappropriated, or converted money or properties
3227	received in the course of doing insurance business;
3228	(xiii) has intentionally misrepresented the terms of an actual or proposed:
3229	(A) insurance contract; or
3230	(B) application for insurance;
3231	(xiv) has been convicted of:
3232	(A) a felony; or
3233	(B) a misdemeanor involving fraud, misrepresentation, theft, or dishonesty;
3234	(xv) has admitted or been found to have committed an insurance unfair trade practice
3235	or fraud;
3236	(xvi) in the conduct of business in this state or elsewhere has:
3237	(A) used fraudulent, coercive, or dishonest practices; or
3238	(B) demonstrated incompetence, untrustworthiness, or financial irresponsibility;
3239	(xvii) has had an insurance license[, or its equivalent] or other professional or
3240	occupational license or registration, or equivalent, denied, suspended, [or] revoked [in any
3241	other state, province, district, or territory], or surrendered to resolve an administrative action;
3242	(xviii) has forged another's name to:
3243	(A) an application for insurance; or
3244	(B) a document related to an insurance transaction;
3245	(xix) has improperly used notes or any other reference material to complete an
3246	examination for an insurance license;
3247	(xx) has knowingly accepted insurance business from an individual who is not
3248	licensed;
3249	(xxi) has failed to comply with an administrative or court order imposing a child
3250	support obligation;
3251	(xxii) has failed to:
3252	(A) pay state income tax; or
3253	(B) comply with an administrative or court order directing payment of state income
3254	tax;
3255	(xxiii) has [violated or permitted others to violate] been convicted of a violation of the

3256	federal Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994, 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1033 and
3257	[therefore under 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1033 is prohibited from engaging in the business of insurance]
3258	has not obtained written consent in accordance with 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1033 to engage in the
3259	business of insurance or participate in such business; [or]
3260	(xxiv) has engaged in methods and practices in the conduct of business that endanger
3261	the legitimate interests of customers and the public[-]; or
3262	(xxv) has been convicted of any criminal felony involving dishonesty or breach of trust
3263	and has not obtained written consent in accordance with 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1033 to engage in the
3264	business of insurance or participate in such business.
3265	(c) For purposes of this section, if a license is held by an agency, both the agency itself
3266	and any individual designated under the license are considered to be the holders of the license.
3267	(d) If an individual designated under the agency license commits an act or fails to
3268	perform a duty that is a ground for suspending, revoking, or limiting the individual's license,
3269	the commissioner may suspend, revoke, or limit the license of:
3270	(i) the individual;
3271	(ii) the agency, if the agency:
3272	(A) is reckless or negligent in its supervision of the individual; or
3273	(B) knowingly participated in the act or failure to act that is the ground for suspending,
3274	revoking, or limiting the license; or
3275	(iii) (A) the individual; and
3276	(B) the agency if the agency meets the requirements of Subsection (5)(d)(ii).
3277	(6) A licensee under this chapter is subject to the penalties for conducting an insurance
3278	business without a license if:
3279	(a) the licensee's license is:
3280	(i) revoked;
3281	(ii) suspended;
3282	(iii) limited;
3283	(iv) surrendered in lieu of administrative action;
3284	(v) lapsed; or
3285	(vi) voluntarily surrendered; and
3286	(b) the licensee:

3287	(i) continues to act as a licensee; or
3288	(ii) violates the terms of the license limitation.
3289	(7) A licensee under this chapter shall immediately report to the commissioner:
3290	(a) a revocation, suspension, or limitation of the person's license in any other state, the
3291	District of Columbia, or a territory of the United States;
3292	(b) the imposition of a disciplinary sanction imposed on that person by any other state,
3293	the District of Columbia, or a territory of the United States; or
3294	(c) a judgment or injunction entered against that person on the basis of conduct
3295	involving:
3296	(i) fraud;
3297	(ii) deceit;
3298	(iii) misrepresentation; or
3299	(iv) a violation of an insurance law or rule.
3300	(8) (a) An order revoking a license under Subsection (5) or an agreement to surrender a
3301	license in lieu of administrative action may specify a time not to exceed five years within
3302	which the former licensee may not apply for a new license.
3303	(b) If no time is specified in the order or agreement described in Subsection (8)(a), the
3304	former licensee may not apply for a new license for five years without the express approval of
3305	the commissioner.
3306	(9) The commissioner shall promptly withhold, suspend, restrict, or reinstate the use of
3307	a license issued under this part if so ordered by a court.
3308	(10) The commissioner shall by rule prescribe the license renewal and reinstatement
3309	procedures in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
3310	Section 32. Section 31A-27a-512.1 is enacted to read:
3311	31A-27a-512.1. Indemnitor liability.
3312	(1) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the amount recoverable by the
3313	receiver from an indemnitor may not be reduced as a result of a delinquency proceeding with a
3314	finding of insolvency, regardless of any provision in the indemnity contract or other agreement.
3315	(b) To the extent an agreement, written or oral, conflicts with or is not in strict
3316	compliance with this section, the agreement is unenforceable.
3317	(c) Except as expressly provided in this section, a person who is not the receiver

3318	including a creditor or third-party beneficiary, does not have a right to indemnity proceeds from
3319	any indemnitor of the insolvent insurer:
3320	(i) on the basis of any agreement, written or oral; or
3321	(ii) pursuant to an action or cause of action seeking any equitable or legal remedy.
3322	(d) This section applies to all the insurer's indemnity contracts.
3323	(2) The amount recoverable by the liquidator from an indemnitor is payable under one
3324	or more contract of indemnity on the basis of:
3325	(a) proof of payment of the insured claim by an affected guaranty association, the
3326	insurer, or the receiver, to the extent of payment; or
3327	(b) the allowance of the claim pursuant to:
3328	(i) Section 31A-27a-608;
3329	(ii) an order of the receivership court; or
3330	(iii) a plan of rehabilitation.
3331	(3) If an insurer takes credit for an indemnity contract in a filing or submission made to
3332	the commissioner and the indemnity contract does not contain the provisions required with
3333	respect to the obligations of indemnitor in the event of insolvency of the principal, the
3334	indemnity contract is considered to contain the provisions required with respect to:
3335	(a) the obligations of indemnitors in the event of insolvency of the principal in order to
3336	obtain indemnity; or
3337	(b) other applicable statutes.
3338	(4) An indemnity contract that under Subsection (3) is considered to contain certain
3339	provisions, is considered to contain a provision that:
3340	(a) in the event of insolvency and the appointment of a receiver, the indemnity
3341	obligation is payable to the indemnified insurer or to its receiver without diminution because of
3342	the insolvency or because the receiver fails to pay all or a portion of the claim;
3343	(b) payment shall be made upon:
3344	(i) to the extent of the payment, proof of payment of the insured claim by an affected
3345	guaranty association, the insurer, or the receiver; or
3346	(ii) the allowance of the claim pursuant to:
3347	(A) Section 31A-27a-608;
3348	(B) an order of the receivership court; or

3349	(C) a plan of renabilitation; and
3350	(c) If an indemnitor does not pay the amount billed by the receiver within 60 days after
3351	the mailing by the receiver, interest on the unpaid billed amount will begin to accrue at the
3352	statutory legal rate described in Section 15-1-1, except that all or a portion of the interest may
3353	be waived.
3354	(5) (a) The receiver shall notify in writing, in accordance with the terms of the
3355	indemnity contract, each indemnitor obligated in relation to an indemnified claim or the
3356	pendency of an indemnified claim against the indemnified company.
3357	(b) (i) The receiver's failure to give notice of a pending claim does not excuse the
3358	obligation of the indemnitor, unless the indemnitor is prejudiced by the receiver's failure.
3359	(ii) If the indemnitor is prejudiced by the receiver's failure, indemnitor's obligation is
3360	reduced only to the extent of the prejudice.
3361	(c) In a proceeding in which an indemnified claim is to be adjudicated, an indemnitor
3362	may interpose, at its own expense, any one or more defenses that the indemnitor considers
3363	available to the indemnified company or its receiver.
3364	(6) The entry of an order of rehabilitation or liquidation is not:
3365	(a) a breach or an anticipatory breach of an indemnity contract; or
3366	(b) grounds for retroactive revocation or retroactive cancellation of an indemnity
3367	contract by the indemnifier.
3368	Section 33. Section 31A-30-103 is amended to read:
3369	31A-30-103. Definitions.
3370	As used in this chapter:
3371	(1) "Actuarial certification" means a written statement by a member of the American
3372	Academy of Actuaries or other individual approved by the commissioner that a covered carrier
3373	is in compliance with this chapter, based upon the examination of the covered carrier, including
3374	review of the appropriate records and of the actuarial assumptions and methods used by the
3375	covered carrier in establishing premium rates for applicable health benefit plans.
3376	(2) "Affiliate" or "affiliated" means a person who directly or indirectly through one or
3377	more intermediaries, controls or is controlled by, or is under common control with, a specified
3378	person.
3379	(3) "Base premium rate" means, for each class of business as to a rating period, the

3380	lowest premium rate charged or that could have been charged under a rating system for that
3381	class of business by the covered carrier to covered insureds with similar case characteristics for
3382	health benefit plans with the same or similar coverage.
3383	(4) (a) "Bona fide employer association" means an association of employers:
3384	(i) that meets the requirements of Subsection 31A-22-701(2)(b);
3385	(ii) in which the employers of the association, either directly or indirectly, exercise
3386	control over the plan;
3387	(iii) that is organized:
3388	(A) based on a commonality of interest between the employers and their employees
3389	that participate in the plan by some common economic or representation interest or genuine
3390	organizational relationship unrelated to the provision of benefits; and
3391	(B) to act in the best interests of its employers to provide benefits for the employer's
3392	employees and their spouses and dependents, and other benefits relating to employment; and
3393	(iv) whose association sponsored health plan complies with 45 C.F.R. 146.121.
3394	(b) The commissioner shall consider the following with regard to determining whether
3395	an association of employers is a bona fide employer association under Subsection (4)(a):
3396	(i) how association members are solicited;
3397	(ii) who participates in the association;
3398	(iii) the process by which the association was formed;
3399	(iv) the purposes for which the association was formed, and what, if any, were the
3400	pre-existing relationships of its members;
3401	(v) the powers, rights and privileges of employer members; and
3402	(vi) who actually controls and directs the activities and operations of the benefit
3403	programs.
3404	(5) "Carrier" means a person that provides health insurance in this state including:
3405	(a) an insurance company;
3406	(b) a prepaid hospital or medical care plan;
3407	(c) a health maintenance organization;
3408	(d) a multiple employer welfare arrangement; and
3409	(e) another person providing a health insurance plan under this title.
3410	(6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), "case characteristics" means

3411	demographic or other objective characteristics of a covered insured that are considered by the
3412	carrier in determining premium rates for the covered insured.
3413	(b) "Case characteristics" do not include:
3414	(i) duration of coverage since the policy was issued;
3415	(ii) claim experience; and
3416	(iii) health status.
3417	(7) "Class of business" means all or a separate grouping of covered insureds that is
3418	permitted by the commissioner in accordance with Section 31A-30-105.
3419	(8) "Covered carrier" means an individual carrier or small employer carrier subject to
3420	this chapter.
3421	(9) "Covered individual" means an individual who is covered under a health benefit
3422	plan subject to this chapter.
3423	(10) "Covered insureds" means small employers and individuals who are issued a
3424	health benefit plan that is subject to this chapter.
3425	(11) "Dependent" means an individual to the extent that the individual is defined to be
3426	a dependent by:
3427	(a) the health benefit plan covering the covered individual; and
3428	(b) Chapter 22, Part 6, Accident and Health Insurance.
3429	(12) "Established geographic service area" means a geographical area approved by the
3430	commissioner within which the carrier is authorized to provide coverage.
3431	(13) "Index rate" means, for each class of business as to a rating period for covered
3432	insureds with similar case characteristics, the arithmetic average of the applicable base
3433	premium rate and the corresponding highest premium rate.
3434	(14) "Individual carrier" means a carrier that provides coverage on an individual basis
3435	through a health benefit plan regardless of whether:
3436	(a) coverage is offered through:
3437	(i) an association;
3438	(ii) a trust;
3439	(iii) a discretionary group; or
3440	(iv) other similar groups; or
3441	(b) the policy or contract is situated out-of-state.

3442	(15) "Individual conversion policy" means a conversion policy issued to:
3443	(a) an individual; or
3444	(b) an individual with a family.
3445	(16) "New business premium rate" means, for each class of business as to a rating
3446	period, the lowest premium rate charged or offered, or that could have been charged or offered,
3447	by the carrier to covered insureds with similar case characteristics for newly issued health
3448	benefit plans with the same or similar coverage.
3449	(17) "Premium" means money paid by covered insureds and covered individuals as a
3450	condition of receiving coverage from a covered carrier, including fees or other contributions
3451	associated with the health benefit plan.
3452	(18) (a) "Rating period" means the calendar period for which premium rates
3453	established by a covered carrier are assumed to be in effect, as determined by the carrier.
3454	(b) A covered carrier may not have:
3455	(i) more than one rating period in any calendar month; and
3456	(ii) no more than 12 rating periods in any calendar year.
3457	[(19) "Short-term limited duration insurance" means a health benefit product that:]
3458	[(a) is not renewable; and]
3459	[(b) has an expiration date specified in the contract that is less than 364 days after the
3460	date the plan became effective.]
3461	[(20)] (19) "Small employer carrier" means a carrier that provides health benefit plans
3462	covering eligible employees of one or more small employers in this state, regardless of
3463	whether:
3464	(a) coverage is offered through:
3465	(i) an association;
3466	(ii) a trust;
3467	(iii) a discretionary group; or
3468	(iv) other similar grouping; or
3469	(b) the policy or contract is situated out-of-state.
3470	Section 34. Section 31A-30-118 is amended to read:
3471	31A-30-118. Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act State insurance
3472	mandates Cost of additional benefits.

3473 (1) (a) The commissioner shall identify a new mandated benefit that is in excess of the 3474 essential health benefits required by PPACA. 3475 (b) The state shall quantify the cost attributable to each additional mandated benefit 3476 specified in Subsection (1)(a) based on a qualified health plan issuer's calculation of the cost 3477 associated with the mandated benefit, which shall be: 3478 (i) calculated in accordance with generally accepted actuarial principles and 3479 methodologies; 3480 (ii) conducted by a member of the American Academy of Actuaries; and 3481 (iii) reported to the commissioner and to the individual exchange operating in the state. 3482 (c) The commissioner may require a proponent of a new mandated benefit under 3483 Subsection (1)(a) to provide the commissioner with a cost analysis conducted in accordance 3484 with Subsection (1)(b). The commissioner may use the cost information provided under this 3485 Subsection (1)(c) to establish estimates of the cost to the state under Subsection (2). 3486 (2) If the state is required to defray the cost of additional required benefits under the 3487 provisions of 45 C.F.R. 155.170: 3488 (a) the state shall make the required payments: 3489 (i) in accordance with Subsection (3); and 3490 (ii) directly to the qualified health plan issuer in accordance with 45 C.F.R. 155.170; 3491 (b) an issuer of a qualified health plan that receives a payment under the provisions of 3492 Subsection (1) and 45 C.F.R. 155.170 shall: 3493 (i) reduce the premium charged to the individual on whose behalf the issuer will be 3494 paid under Subsection (1), in an amount equal to the amount of the payment under Subsection 3495 (1); or 3496 (ii) notwithstanding Subsection 31A-23a-402.5(5), provide a premium rebate to an 3497 individual on whose behalf the issuer received a payment under Subsection (1), in an amount 3498 equal to the amount of the payment under Subsection (1); and 3499 (c) a premium rebate made under this section is not a prohibited inducement under 3500 Section 31A-23a-402.5. 3501 (3) A payment required under 45 C.F.R. 155.170(c) shall: 3502 (a) unless otherwise required by PPACA, be based on a statewide average of the cost 3503

of the additional benefit for all issuers who are entitled to payment under the provisions of 45

3504	C.F.R. 155.70; and
3505	(b) be submitted to an issuer through a process established and administered by:
3506	(i) the federal marketplace exchange for the state under PPACA for individual health
3507	plans; or
3508	(ii) Avenue H small employer market exchange for qualified health plans offered on
3509	the exchange.
3510	(4) The commissioner:
3511	(a) may adopt rules as necessary to administer the provisions of this section and 45
3512	C.F.R. 155.170; and
3513	(b) may not establish or implement the process for submitting the payments to an issue
3514	under Subsection (3)(b)(i) [unless the cost of establishing and implementing the process for
3515	submitting payments is paid for by the federal exchange marketplace].
3516	Section 35. Section 31A-31-103 is amended to read:
3517	31A-31-103. Fraudulent insurance act.
3518	(1) A person commits a fraudulent insurance act if that person with intent to deceive or
3519	defraud:
3520	(a) knowingly presents or causes to be presented to an insurer any oral or written
3521	statement or representation knowing that the statement or representation contains false,
3522	incomplete, or misleading information concerning any fact material to an application for the
3523	issuance or renewal of an insurance policy, certificate, or contract[;], as part of or in support of
3524	(i) obtaining an insurance policy the insurer would otherwise not issue on the basis of
3525	underwriting criteria applicable to the person;
3526	(ii) a scheme or artifice to avoid paying the premium that an insurer charges on the
3527	basis of underwriting criteria applicable to the person; or
3528	(iii) a scheme or artifice to file an insurance claim for a loss that has already occurred;
3529	(b) [knowingly] presents or causes to be presented to an insurer any oral or written
3530	statement or representation:
3531	(i) (A) as part of, or in support of, a claim for payment or other benefit pursuant to an
3532	insurance policy, certificate, or contract; or
3533	(B) in connection with any civil claim asserted for recovery of damages for personal or
3534	bodily injuries or property damage; and

3535	(ii) knowing that the statement or representation contains false, incomplete, or
3536	misleading information concerning any fact or thing material to the claim;
3537	(c) knowingly accepts a benefit from the proceeds derived from a fraudulent insurance
3538	act;
3539	(d) intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly devises a scheme or artifice to obtain fees
3540	for anything of value, including professional services, by means of false or fraudulent
3541	pretenses, representations, promises, or material omissions;
3542	[(d)] (e) knowingly assists, abets, solicits, or conspires with another to commit a
3543	fraudulent insurance act;
3544	[(e)] (f) knowingly supplies false or fraudulent material information in any document
3545	or statement required by the department;
3546	[(f)] (g) knowingly fails to forward a premium to an insurer in violation of Section
3547	31A-23a-411.1; or
3548	[(g)] (h) knowingly employs, uses, or acts as a runner for the purpose of committing a
3549	fraudulent insurance act.
3550	(2) A service provider commits a fraudulent insurance act if that service provider with
3551	intent to deceive or defraud:
3552	(a) knowingly submits or causes to be submitted a bill or request for payment:
3553	(i) containing charges or costs for an item or service that are substantially in excess of
3554	customary charges or costs for the item or service; or
3555	(ii) containing itemized or delineated fees for what would customarily be considered a
3556	single procedure or service;
3557	(b) knowingly furnishes or causes to be furnished an item or service to a person:
3558	(i) substantially in excess of the needs of the person; or
3559	(ii) of a quality that fails to meet professionally recognized standards;
3560	(c) knowingly accepts a benefit from the proceeds derived from a fraudulent insurance
3561	act; or
3562	(d) assists, abets, solicits, or conspires with another to commit a fraudulent insurance
3563	act.
3564	(3) An insurer commits a fraudulent insurance act if that insurer with intent to deceive
3565	or defraud:

3566	(a) knowingly withholds information or provides false or misleading information with
3567	respect to an application, coverage, benefits, or claims under a policy or certificate;
3568	(b) assists, abets, solicits, or conspires with another to commit a fraudulent insurance
3569	act;
3570	(c) knowingly accepts a benefit from the proceeds derived from a fraudulent insurance
3571	act; or
3572	(d) knowingly supplies false or fraudulent material information in any document or
3573	statement required by the department.
3574	(4) An insurer or service provider is not liable for any fraudulent insurance act
3575	committed by an employee without the authority of the insurer or service provider unless the
3576	insurer or service provider knew or should have known of the fraudulent insurance act.
3577	Section 36. Section 31A-31-107 is amended to read:
3578	31A-31-107. Workers' compensation insurance fraud.
3579	(1) In any action involving workers' compensation insurance, Section 34A-2-110
3580	supersedes this chapter.
3581	(2) Nothing in this section prohibits the department from investigating and pursuing
3582	civil or criminal penalties in accordance with Section 31A-31-109 and Title 34A, Utah Labor
3583	Code, for violations of Section 34A-2-110.
3584	Section 37. Section 31A-35-405 is amended to read:
3585	31A-35-405. Issuance of license Denial Right of appeal.
3586	(1) After the commissioner receives a complete application, fee, and any additional
3587	information in accordance with Section 31A-35-401, the board shall determine whether the
3588	applicant meets the requirements for issuance of a license under this chapter.
3589	[(1) Upon a determination by the board that a person applying for a bail bond agency
3590	license] (2) (a) If the board determines that the applicant meets the requirements for issuance
3591	of a license under this chapter, the commissioner shall issue to that person a bail bond agency
3592	license.
3593	(b) If the board determines that the applicant does not meet the requirements for
3594	issuance of a license under this chapter, the commissioner shall make a final determination as
3595	to whether to issue a license under this chapter.
3596	$\left[\frac{(2)}{(2)}\right]$ (3) (a) If the commissioner denies an application for a bail bond agency license

3597	under this chapter, the commissioner shall provide prompt written notification [to the person
3598	applying for licensure:] of the denial by commencing an informal adjudicative proceeding in
3599	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.
3600	(b) In a proceeding described in Subsection (3)(a), the commissioner shall hold a
3601	hearing no later than 60 days after the day on which the commissioner receives a request for a
3602	hearing.
3603	[(i) stating the grounds for denial; and]
3604	[(ii) notifying the person applying for licensure as a bail bond agency that:]
3605	[(A) the person is entitled to a hearing if that person wants to contest the denial; and]
3606	[(B) if the person wants a hearing, the person shall submit the request in writing to the
3607	commissioner within 15 days after the issuance of the denial.]
3608	[(b) The department shall schedule a hearing described in Subsection (2)(a) no later
3609	than 60 days after the commissioner's receipt of the request.]
3610	[(c) The department shall hear the appeal, and may:]
3611	[(i) return the case to the commissioner for reconsideration;]
3612	[(ii) modify the commissioner's decision; or]
3613	[(iii) reverse the commissioner's decision.]
3614	[(3) A decision under this section is subject to review under Title 63G, Chapter 4,
3615	Administrative Procedures Act.]
3616	Section 38. Section 31A-37-102 is amended to read:
3617	31A-37-102. Definitions.
3618	As used in this chapter:
3619	(1) (a) "Affiliated company" means a business entity that because of common
3620	ownership, control, operation, or management is in the same corporate or limited liability
3621	company system as:
3622	(i) a parent;
3623	(ii) an industrial insured; or
3624	(iii) a member organization.
3625	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), the commissioner may issue an order finding
3626	that a business entity is not an affiliated company.
3627	(2) "Alien cantive insurance company" means an insurer:

3628	(a) formed to write insurance business for a parent or affiliate of the insurer; and
3629	(b) licensed pursuant to the laws of an alien or foreign jurisdiction that imposes
3630	statutory or regulatory standards:
3631	(i) on a business entity transacting the business of insurance in the alien or foreign
3632	jurisdiction; and
3633	(ii) in a form acceptable to the commissioner.
3634	(3) "Applicant captive insurance company" means an entity that has submitted an
3635	application for a certificate of authority for a captive insurance company, unless the application
3636	has been denied or withdrawn.
3637	[(3)] (4) "Association" means a legal association of two or more persons that has been
3638	in continuous existence for at least one year if:
3639	(a) the association or its member organizations:
3640	(i) own, control, or hold with power to vote all of the outstanding voting securities of
3641	an association captive insurance company incorporated as a stock insurer; or
3642	(ii) have complete voting control over an association captive insurance company
3643	incorporated as a mutual insurer;
3644	(b) the association's member organizations collectively constitute all of the subscribers
3645	of an association captive insurance company formed as a reciprocal insurer; or
3646	(c) the association or its member organizations have complete voting control over an
3647	association captive insurance company formed as a limited liability company.
3648	[(4)] (5) "Association captive insurance company" means a business entity that insures
3649	risks of:
3650	(a) a member organization of the association;
3651	(b) an affiliate of a member organization of the association; and
3652	(c) the association.
3653	[(5)] (6) "Branch business" means an insurance business transacted by a branch captive
3654	insurance company in this state.
3655	[6] [7] "Branch captive insurance company" means an alien captive insurance
3656	company that has a certificate of authority from the commissioner to transact the business of
3657	insurance in this state through a captive insurance company that is domiciled outside of this
3658	state.

3659	[(7)] (8) "Branch operation" means a business operation of a branch captive insurance
3660	company in this state.
3661	[(8)] (9) "Captive insurance company" means any of the following formed or holding a
3662	certificate of authority under this chapter:
3663	(a) a branch captive insurance company;
3664	(b) a pure captive insurance company;
3665	(c) an association captive insurance company;
3666	(d) a sponsored captive insurance company;
3667	(e) an industrial insured captive insurance company, including an industrial insured
3668	captive insurance company formed as a risk retention group captive in this state pursuant to the
3669	provisions of the Federal Liability Risk Retention Act of 1986;
3670	(f) a special purpose captive insurance company; or
3671	(g) a special purpose financial captive insurance company.
3672	[(9)] (10) "Commissioner" means Utah's Insurance Commissioner or the
3673	commissioner's designee.
3674	[(10)] (11) "Common ownership and control" means that two or more captive
3675	insurance companies are owned or controlled by the same person or group of persons as
3676	follows:
3677	(a) in the case of a captive insurance company that is a stock corporation, the direct or
3678	indirect ownership of 80% or more of the outstanding voting stock of the stock corporation;
3679	(b) in the case of a captive insurance company that is a mutual corporation, the direct
3680	or indirect ownership of 80% or more of the surplus and the voting power of the mutual
3681	corporation;
3682	(c) in the case of a captive insurance company that is a limited liability company, the
3683	direct or indirect ownership by the same member or members of 80% or more of the
3684	membership interests in the limited liability company; or
3685	(d) in the case of a sponsored captive insurance company, a protected cell is a separate
3686	captive insurance company owned and controlled by the protected cell's participant, only if:
3687	(i) the participant is the only participant with respect to the protected cell; and
3688	(ii) the participant is the sponsor or is affiliated with the sponsor of the sponsored
3689	captive insurance company through common ownership and control.

3690	[(11)] (12) "Consolidated debt to total capital ratio" means the ratio of Subsection
3691	[(11)] <u>(12)</u> (a) to (b).
3692	(a) This Subsection $[\frac{(11)}{(12)}]$ (a) is an amount equal to the sum of all debts and hybrid
3693	capital instruments including:
3694	(i) all borrowings from depository institutions;
3695	(ii) all senior debt;
3696	(iii) all subordinated debts;
3697	(iv) all trust preferred shares; and
3698	(v) all other hybrid capital instruments that are not included in the determination of
3699	consolidated GAAP net worth issued and outstanding.
3700	(b) This Subsection $[\frac{(11)}{(12)}]$ (b) is an amount equal to the sum of:
3701	(i) total capital consisting of all debts and hybrid capital instruments as described in
3702	Subsection $[\frac{(11)}{(12)}]$ $\underline{(12)}(a)$; and
3703	(ii) shareholders' equity determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting
3704	principles for reporting to the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.
3705	[(12)] (13) "Consolidated GAAP net worth" means the consolidated shareholders' or
3706	members' equity determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for
3707	reporting to the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.
3708	[(13)] (14) "Controlled unaffiliated business" means a business entity:
3709	(a) (i) in the case of a pure captive insurance company, that is not in the corporate or
3710	limited liability company system of a parent or the parent's affiliate; or
3711	(ii) in the case of an industrial insured captive insurance company, that is not in the
3712	corporate or limited liability company system of an industrial insured or an affiliated company
3713	of the industrial insured;
3714	(b) (i) in the case of a pure captive insurance company, that has a contractual
3715	relationship with a parent or affiliate; or
3716	(ii) in the case of an industrial insured captive insurance company, that has a
3717	contractual relationship with an industrial insured or an affiliated company of the industrial
3718	insured; and
3719	(c) whose risks that are or will be insured by a pure captive insurance company, an
3720	industrial insured captive insurance company, or both are managed in accordance with

3721	Subsection 31A-37-106(1)(j) by:
3722	(i) (A) a pure captive insurance company; or
3723	(B) an industrial insured captive insurance company; or
3724	(ii) a parent or affiliate of:
3725	(A) a pure captive insurance company; or
3726	(B) an industrial insured captive insurance company.
3727	[(14) "Department" means the Insurance Department.]
3728	(15) "Establisher" means a person who establishes a business entity or a trust.
3729	(16) "Governing body" means the persons who hold the ultimate authority to direct and
3730	manage the affairs of an entity.
3731	$[\frac{(15)}{(17)}]$ "Industrial insured" means an insured:
3732	(a) that produces insurance:
3733	(i) by the services of a full-time employee acting as a risk manager or insurance
3734	manager; or
3735	(ii) using the services of a regularly and continuously qualified insurance consultant;
3736	(b) whose aggregate annual premiums for insurance on all risks total at least \$25,000;
3737	and
3738	(c) that has at least 25 full-time employees.
3739	[(16)] (18) "Industrial insured captive insurance company" means a business entity
3740	that:
3741	(a) insures risks of the industrial insureds that comprise the industrial insured group;
3742	and
3743	(b) may insure the risks of:
3744	(i) an affiliated company of an industrial insured; or
3745	(ii) a controlled unaffiliated business of:
3746	(A) an industrial insured; or
3747	(B) an affiliated company of an industrial insured.
3748	[(17)] (19) "Industrial insured group" means:
3749	(a) a group of industrial insureds that collectively:
3750	(i) own, control, or hold with power to vote all of the outstanding voting securities of
3751	an industrial insured captive insurance company incorporated or organized as a limited liability

3752	company as a stock insurer; or
3753	(ii) have complete voting control over an industrial insured captive insurance company
3754	incorporated or organized as a limited liability company as a mutual insurer;
3755	(b) a group that is:
3756	(i) created under the Product Liability Risk Retention Act of 1981, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 3901
3757	et seq., as amended, as a corporation or other limited liability association; and
3758	(ii) taxable under this title as a:
3759	(A) stock corporation; or
3760	(B) mutual insurer; or
3761	(c) a group that has complete voting control over an industrial captive insurance
3762	company formed as a limited liability company.
3763	[(18)] (20) "Member organization" means a person that belongs to an association.
3764	[(19)] (21) "Parent" means a person that directly or indirectly owns, controls, or holds
3765	with power to vote more than 50% of[:] the outstanding securities of an organization.
3766	[(a) the outstanding voting securities of a pure captive insurance company; or]
3767	[(b) the pure captive insurance company, if the pure captive insurance company is
3768	formed as a limited liability company.]
3769	[(20)] (22) "Participant" means an entity that is insured by a sponsored captive
3770	insurance company:
3771	(a) if the losses of the participant are limited through a participant contract to the assets
3772	of a protected cell; and
3773	(b)(i) the entity is permitted to be a participant under Section 31A-37-403; or
3774	(ii) the entity is an affiliate of an entity permitted to be a participant under Section
3775	31A-37-403.
3776	[(21)] (23) "Participant contract" means a contract by which a sponsored captive
3777	insurance company:
3778	(a) insures the risks of a participant; and
3779	(b) limits the losses of the participant to the assets of a protected cell.
3780	[(22)] (24) "Protected cell" means a separate account established and maintained by a
3781	sponsored captive insurance company for one participant.
3782	[(23)] (25) "Pure captive insurance company" means a business entity that insures risks

3783	of a parent or affiliate of the business entity.
3784	[(24)] (26) "Special purpose financial captive insurance company" is as defined in
3785	Section 31A-37a-102.
3786	$\left[\frac{(25)}{(27)}\right]$ "Sponsor" means an entity that:
3787	(a) meets the requirements of Section 31A-37-402; and
3788	(b) is approved by the commissioner to:
3789	(i) provide all or part of the capital and surplus required by applicable law in an amount
3790	of not less than \$350,000, which amount the commissioner may increase by order if the
3791	commissioner considers it necessary; and
3792	(ii) organize and operate a sponsored captive insurance company.
3793	[(26)] (28) "Sponsored captive insurance company" means a captive insurance
3794	company:
3795	(a) in which the minimum capital and surplus required by applicable law is provided by
3796	one or more sponsors;
3797	(b) that is formed or holding a certificate of authority under this chapter;
3798	(c) that insures the risks of a separate participant through the contract; and
3799	(d) that segregates each participant's liability through one or more protected cells.
3800	[(27)] (29) "Treasury rates" means the United States Treasury strip asked yield as
3801	published in the Wall Street Journal as of a balance sheet date.
3802	Section 39. Section 31A-37-103 is amended to read:
3803	31A-37-103. Chapter exclusivity.
3804	(1) Except as provided in Subsections (2) and (3) or otherwise provided in this chapter,
3805	a provision of this title other than this chapter does not apply to a captive insurance company.
3806	(2) To the extent that a provision of the following does not contradict this chapter, the
3807	provision applies to a captive insurance company that receives a certificate of authority under
3808	this chapter:
3809	(a) Chapter 1, General Provisions;
3810	[(a)] (b) Chapter 2, Administration of the Insurance Laws;
3811	[(b)] (c) Chapter 4, Insurers in General;
3812	[(c)] (d) Chapter 5, Domestic Stock and Mutual Insurance Corporations;
3813	[(d)] (e) Chapter 14, Foreign Insurers;

3814	[(e)] <u>(f)</u> Chapter 16, Insurance Holding Companies;
3815	[(f)] (g) Chapter 17, Determination of Financial Condition;
3816	[(g)] (h) Chapter 18, Investments;
3817	[(h)] (i) Chapter 19a, Utah Rate Regulation Act;
3818	[(i)] (j) Chapter 27, Delinquency Administrative Action Provisions; and
3819	[(j)] (k) Chapter 27a, Insurer Receivership Act.
3820	(3) In addition to this chapter, and subject to Section 31A-37a-103:
3821	(a) Chapter 37a, Special Purpose Financial Captive Insurance Company Act, applies to
3822	a special purpose financial captive insurance company; and
3823	(b) for purposes of a special purpose financial captive insurance company, a reference
3824	in this chapter to "this chapter" includes a reference to Chapter 37a, Special Purpose Financial
3825	Captive Insurance Company Act.
3826	(4) In addition to this chapter, an industrial group captive insurance company formed
3827	as a risk retention group captive is subject to Chapter 15, Part 2, Risk Retention Groups Act, to
3828	the extent that this chapter is silent regarding regulation of risk retention groups conducting
3829	business in the state.
3830	Section 40. Section 31A-37-106 is amended to read:
3831	31A-37-106. Authority to make rules Authority to issue orders.
3832	(1) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
3833	commissioner may adopt rules to:
3834	(a) determine circumstances under which a branch captive insurance company is not
3835	required to be a pure captive insurance company;
3836	(b) require a statement, document, or information that a captive insurance company
3837	shall provide to the commissioner to obtain a certificate of authority;
3838	(c) determine a factor a captive insurance company shall provide evidence of under
3839	Subsection [31A-37-202] 31A-37-201 (4)(b);
3840	(d) prescribe one or more capital requirements for a captive insurance company in
3841	addition to those required under Section 31A-37-204 based on the type, volume, and nature of
3842	insurance business transacted by the captive insurance company;
3843	(e) waive or modify a requirement for public notice and hearing for the following by a
3844	captive insurance company:

3845	(i) merger;
3846	(ii) consolidation;
3847	(iii) conversion;
3848	(iv) mutualization;
3849	(v) redomestication; or
3850	(vi) acquisition;
3851	(f) approve the use of one or more reliable methods of valuation and rating for:
3852	(i) an association captive insurance company;
3853	(ii) a sponsored captive insurance company; or
3854	(iii) an industrial insured group;
3855	(g) prohibit or limit an investment that threatens the solvency or liquidity of:
3856	(i) a pure captive insurance company; or
3857	(ii) an industrial insured captive insurance company;
3858	(h) determine the financial reports a sponsored captive insurance company shall
3859	annually file with the commissioner;
3860	(i) prescribe the required forms and reports under Section 31A-37-501; [and]
3861	(j) establish one or more standards to ensure that:
3862	(i) one of the following is able to exercise control of the risk management function of a
3863	controlled unaffiliated business to be insured by a pure captive insurance company:
3864	(A) a parent; or
3865	(B) an affiliated company of a parent; or
3866	(ii) one of the following is able to exercise control of the risk management function of
3867	a controlled unaffiliated business to be insured by an industrial insured captive insurance
3868	company:
3869	(A) an industrial insured; or
3870	(B) an affiliated company of the industrial insured[:]; and
3871	(k) establish requirements for obtaining, maintaining, and renewing a certificate of
3872	dormancy.
3873	(2) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(j), until the commissioner adopts the rules
3874	authorized under Subsection (1)(j), the commissioner may by temporary order grant authority
3875	to insure risks to:

3876	(a) a pure captive insurance company; or
3877	(b) an industrial insured captive insurance company.
3878	(3) The commissioner may issue prohibitory, mandatory, and other orders relating to a
3879	captive insurance company as necessary to enable the commissioner to secure compliance with
3880	this chapter.
3881	Section 41. Section 31A-37-201 is amended to read:
3882	31A-37-201. Certificate of authority.
3883	(1) The commissioner may issue a certificate of authority to act as an insurer in this
3884	state to a captive insurance company that meets the requirements of this chapter.
3885	(2) To conduct insurance business in this state, a captive insurance company shall:
3886	(a) obtain from the commissioner a certificate of authority authorizing it to conduct
3887	insurance business in this state;
3888	(b) hold at least once each year in the state a meeting of the governing body;
3889	(c) maintain in this state:
3890	(i) the principal place of business of the captive insurance company; or
3891	(ii) in the case of a branch captive insurance company, the principal place of business
3892	for the branch operations of the branch captive insurance company; and
3893	(d) except as provided in Subsection (3), appoint a resident registered agent to accept
3894	service of process and to otherwise act on behalf of the captive insurance company in the state.
3895	(3) In the case of a captive insurance company formed as a corporation, if the
3896	registered agent cannot with reasonable diligence be found at the registered office of the
3897	captive insurance company, the commissioner is the agent of the captive insurance company
3898	upon whom process, notice, or demand may be served.
3899	(4) (a) Before receiving a certificate of authority, an applicant captive insurance
3900	company shall file with the commissioner:
3901	(i) a certified copy of the captive insurance company's organizational charter;
3902	(ii) a statement under oath of the captive insurance company's president and secretary
3903	or their equivalents showing the captive insurance company's financial condition; and
3904	(iii) any other statement or document required by the commissioner under Section
3905	<u>31A-37-106.</u>
3906	(b) In addition to the information required under Subsection (4)(a), an applicant captive

3907	insurance company shall file with the commissioner evidence of:
3908	(i) the amount and liquidity of the assets of the applicant captive insurance company
3909	relative to the risks to be assumed by the applicant captive insurance company;
3910	(ii) the adequacy of the expertise, experience, and character of the person who will
3911	manage the applicant captive insurance company;
3912	(iii) the overall soundness of the plan of operation of the applicant captive insurance
3913	company;
3914	(iv) the adequacy of the loss prevention programs for the prospective insureds of the
3915	applicant captive insurance company as the commissioner deems necessary; and
3916	(v) any other factor the commissioner:
3917	(A) adopts by rule under Section 31A-37-106; and
3918	(B) considers relevant in ascertaining whether the applicant captive insurance company
3919	will be able to meet the policy obligations of the applicant captive insurance company.
3920	(c) In addition to the information required by Subsections (4)(a) and (b), an applicant
3921	sponsored captive insurance company shall file with the commissioner:
3922	(i) a business plan at the level of detail required by the commissioner under Section
3923	31A-37-106 demonstrating:
3924	(A) the manner in which the applicant sponsored captive insurance company will
3925	account for the losses and expenses of each protected cell; and
3926	(B) the manner in which the applicant sponsored captive insurance company will report
3927	to the commissioner the financial history, including losses and expenses, of each protected cell;
3928	(ii) a statement acknowledging that the applicant sponsored captive insurance company
3929	will make all financial records of the applicant sponsored captive insurance company,
3930	including records pertaining to a protected cell, available for inspection or examination by the
3931	commissioner;
3932	(iii) a contract or sample contract between the applicant sponsored captive insurance
3933	company and a participant; and
3934	(iv) evidence that expenses will be allocated to each protected cell in an equitable
3935	manner.
3936	(5) (a) Information submitted pursuant to this section is classified as a protected record
3937	under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act.

3938	(b) Notwithstanding Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and
3939	Management Act, the commissioner may disclose information submitted pursuant to this
3940	section to a public official having jurisdiction over the regulation of insurance in another state
3941	<u>if:</u>
3942	(i) the public official receiving the information agrees in writing to maintain the
3943	confidentiality of the information; and
3944	(ii) the laws of the state in which the public official serves require the information to be
3945	confidential.
3946	(c) This Subsection (5) does not apply to information provided by an industrial insured
3947	captive insurance company insuring the risks of an industrial insured group.
3948	(6) (a) A captive insurance company shall pay to the department the following
3949	nonrefundable fees established by the department under Sections 31A-3-103, 31A-3-304, and
3950	<u>63J-1-504:</u>
3951	(i) a fee for examining, investigating, and processing, by a department employee, of an
3952	application for a certificate of authority made by an applicant captive insurance company;
3953	(ii) a fee for obtaining a certificate of authority for the year the captive insurance
3954	company is issued a certificate of authority by the department; and
3955	(iii) a certificate of authority renewal fee, assessed annually.
3956	(b) The commissioner may:
3957	(i) assign a department employee or retain legal, financial, or examination services
3958	from outside the department to perform the services described in:
3959	(A) Subsection (6)(a); and
3960	(B) Section 31A-37-502; and
3961	(ii) charge the reasonable cost of services described in Subsection (6)(b)(i) to the
3962	applicant captive insurance company.
3963	(7) If the commissioner is satisfied that the documents and statements filed by the
3964	applicant captive insurance company comply with this chapter, the commissioner may grant a
3965	certificate of authority authorizing the company to do insurance business in this state.
3966	(8) A certificate of authority granted under this section expires annually and shall be
3967	renewed by July 1 of each year.
3968	Section 42. Section 31A-37-202 is repealed and reenacted to read:

3969	31A-37-202. Permissive areas of insurance.
3970	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), a captive insurance company may not directly
3971	insure a risk other than the risk of the captive insurance company's parent or affiliated
3972	organization.
3973	(2) The following may insure a risk of a controlled unaffiliated business:
3974	(a) an industrial insured captive insurance company;
3975	(b) a protected cell;
3976	(c) a pure captive insurance company; or
3977	(d) a sponsored captive insurance company.
3978	(3) To the extent allowed by a captive insurance company's organizational charter, a
3979	captive insurance company may provide any type of insurance described in this title, except:
3980	(a) workers' compensation insurance;
3981	(b) personal motor vehicle insurance;
3982	(c) homeowners' insurance; and
3983	(d) any component of the types of insurance described in Subsections (3)(a) through
3984	<u>(c).</u>
3985	(4) A captive insurance company may not provide coverage for:
3986	(a) a wager or gaming risk;
3987	(b) loss of an election;
3988	(c) the penal consequences of a crime; or
3989	(d) punitive damages.
3990	Section 43. Section 31A-37-203 is amended to read:
3991	31A-37-203. Deceptive name prohibited.
3992	(1) A captive insurance company may not adopt a name that is:
3993	[(1)] (a) the same as any other existing business name registered in this state;
3994	$[\frac{(2)}{(b)}]$ deceptively similar to any other existing business name registered in this state;
3995	or
3996	$\left[\frac{(3)}{(c)}\right]$ (c) likely to be:
3997	[(a)] (i) confused with any other existing business name registered in this state; or
3998	[(b)] (ii) mistaken for any other existing business name registered in this state.
3999	(2) An applicant captive insurance company that submits an application for a certificate

4000	of authority on or after May 14, 2019, or a captive insurance company that changes its name on
4001	or after May 14, 2019, shall include the work "insurance" or a term of equivalent meaning in its
4002	name.
4003	Section 44. Section 31A-37-301 is amended to read:
4004	31A-37-301. Formation.
4005	(1) A [pure] captive insurance company [or a sponsored captive insurance company
4006	formed as a stock insurer shall be incorporated as a stock insurer with the capital of the pure
4007	captive insurance company or sponsored captive insurance company:], other than a branch
4008	captive insurance company, may be formed as a corporation or a limited liability company.
4009	[(a) divided into shares; and]
4010	[(b) held by the stockholders of the pure captive insurance company or sponsored
4011	captive insurance company.]
4012	[(2) A pure captive insurance company or a sponsored captive insurance company
4013	formed as a limited liability company shall be organized as a members' interest insurer with the
4014	capital of the pure captive insurance company or sponsored captive insurance company:
4015	[(a) divided into interests; and]
4016	[(b) held by the members of the pure captive insurance company or sponsored captive
4017	insurance company.]
4018	[(3) An association captive insurance company or an industrial insured captive
4019	insurance company may be:]
4020	[(a) incorporated as a stock insurer with the capital of the association captive insurance
4021	company or industrial insured captive insurance company:
4022	[(i) divided into shares; and]
4023	[(ii) held by the stockholders of the association captive insurance company or industrial
4024	insured captive insurance company;]
4025	[(b) incorporated as a mutual insurer without capital stock, with a governing body
4026	elected by the member organizations of the association captive insurance company or industrial
4027	insured captive insurance company; or]
4028	[(c) organized as a limited liability company with the capital of the association captive
4029	insurance company or industrial insured captive insurance company:
4030	[(i) divided into interests; and]

4031	[(ii) held by the members of the association captive insurance company or industrial
4032	insured captive insurance company.]
4033	(2) The capital of a captive insurance company shall be held by:
4034	(a) the interest holders of the captive insurance company; or
4035	(b) a governing body elected by:
4036	(i) the insureds;
4037	(ii) one or more affiliates; or
4038	(iii) a combination of the persons described in Subsections (2)(b)(i) and (ii).
4039	[(4)] (3) A captive insurance company formed [as a corporation may not have fewer
4040	than three incorporators of whom one shall be a resident of this state] in the state shall have at
4041	<u>least one establisher who is an individual and at least one establisher who is an individual and a</u>
4042	resident of the state.
4043	[(5) A captive insurance company formed as a limited liability company may not have
4044	fewer than three organizers of whom one shall be a resident of this state.]
4045	[(6) (a) Before a captive insurance company formed as a corporation files the
4046	corporation's articles of incorporation with the Division of Corporations and Commercial
4047	Code, the incorporators shall obtain from the commissioner a certificate finding that the
4048	establishment and maintenance of the proposed corporation will promote the general good of
4049	the state.]
4050	(4) (a) An applicant captive insurance company's establishers shall obtain a certificate
4051	of public good from the commissioner before filing its governing documents with the Division
4052	of Corporations and Commercial Code.
4053	(b) In considering a request for a certificate under Subsection [(6)] (4) (a), the
4054	commissioner shall consider:
4055	(i) the character, reputation, financial standing, and purposes of the [incorporators]
4056	establishers;
4057	(ii) the character, reputation, financial responsibility, insurance experience, and
4058	business qualifications of the <u>principal</u> officers [and directors] or members of the governing
4059	body;
4060	(iii) any information in:
4061	(A) the application for a certificate of authority or

4062	(B) the department's files; and
4063	(iv) other aspects that the commissioner considers advisable.
4064	[(7) (a) Before a captive insurance company formed as a limited liability company files
4065	the limited liability company's certificate of organization with the Division of Corporations and
4066	Commercial Code, the limited liability company shall obtain from the commissioner a
4067	certificate finding that the establishment and maintenance of the proposed limited liability
4068	company will promote the general good of the state.]
4069	[(b) In considering a request for a certificate under Subsection (7)(a), the commissioner
4070	shall consider:]
4071	[(i) the character, reputation, financial standing, and purposes of the organizers;]
4072	[(ii) the character, reputation, financial responsibility, insurance experience, and
4073	business qualifications of the managers;]
4074	[(iii) any information in:]
4075	[(A) the application for a certificate of authority; or]
4076	[(B) the department's files; and]
4077	[(iv) other aspects that the commissioner considers advisable.]
4078	[(8) (a) A captive insurance company formed as a corporation shall file with the
4079	Division of Corporations and Commercial Code:
4080	[(i) the captive insurance company's articles of incorporation;]
4081	[(ii) the certificate issued pursuant to Subsection (6); and]
4082	[(iii) the fees required by the Division of Corporations and Commercial Code.]
4083	[(b) The Division of Corporations and Commercial Code shall file both the articles of
4084	incorporation and the certificate described in Subsection (6) for a captive insurance company
4085	that complies with this section.]
4086	[(9) (a) A captive insurance company formed as a limited liability company shall file
4087	with the Division of Corporations and Commercial Code:
4088	[(i) the captive insurance company's certificate of organization;]
4089	[(ii) the certificate issued pursuant to Subsection (7); and]
4090	[(iii) the fees required by the Division of Corporations and Commercial Code.]
4091	[(b) The Division of Corporations and Commercial Code shall file both the certificate
4092	of organization and the certificate described in Subsection (7) for a captive insurance company

4093	that complies with this section.]
4094	[(10) (a) The organizers of a captive insurance company formed as a reciprocal insurer
4095	shall obtain from the commissioner a certificate finding that the establishment and maintenance
4096	of the proposed association will promote the general good of the state.]
4097	[(b) In considering a request for a certificate under Subsection (10)(a), the
4098	commissioner shall consider:]
4099	[(i) the character, reputation, financial standing, and purposes of the incorporators;]
4100	[(ii) the character, reputation, financial responsibility, insurance experience, and
4101	business qualifications of the officers and directors;]
4102	[(iii) any information in:]
4103	[(A) the application for a certificate of authority; or]
4104	[(B) the department's files; and]
4105	[(iv) other aspects that the commissioner considers advisable.]
4106	[(11) (a) An alien captive insurance company that has received a certificate of authority
4107	to act as a branch captive insurance company shall obtain from the commissioner a certificate
4108	finding that:]
4109	[(i) the home jurisdiction of the alien captive insurance company imposes statutory or
4110	regulatory standards in a form acceptable to the commissioner on companies transacting the
4111	business of insurance in that state; and]
4112	[(ii) after considering the character, reputation, financial responsibility, insurance
4113	experience, and business qualifications of the officers and directors of the alien captive
4114	insurance company, and other relevant information, the establishment and maintenance of the
4115	branch operations will promote the general good of the state.]
4116	[(b) After the commissioner issues a certificate under Subsection (11)(a) to an alien
4117	captive insurance company, the alien captive insurance company may register to do business in
4118	this state.]
4119	[(12) At least one of the members of the board of directors of a captive insurance
4120	company formed as a corporation shall be a resident of this state.]
4121	[(13) At least one of the managers of a limited liability company shall be a resident of
4122	this state.]
4123	(5) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this title, the governing body of a captive

4124	insurance company shall consist of at least three individuals as members, at least one of whom
4125	is a resident of the state.
4126	(b) One-third of the members of the governing body of a captive insurance company
4127	constitutes a quorum of the governing body.
4128	(6) A captive insurance company shall have at least three individuals as principal
4129	officers with duties comparable to those of president, treasurer, and secretary.
4130	[(14)] (7) (a) A captive insurance company formed as a corporation [under this chapter
4131	has the privileges and is subject to the provisions of the general corporation law as well as the
4132	applicable provisions contained in this chapter. (b) If] is subject to the provisions of Title 16,
4133	Chapter 10a, Utah Revised Business Corporation Act, and this chapter. If a conflict exists
4134	between a provision of [the general corporation law] Title 16, Chapter 10a, Utah Revised
4135	Business Corporation Act, and a provision of this chapter, this chapter [shall control] controls.
4136	(b) A captive insurance company formed as a limited liability company is subject to the
4137	provisions of Title 48, Chapter 3a, Utah Revised Uniform Limited Liability Company Act, and
4138	this chapter. If a conflict exists between a provision of Title 48, Chapter 3a, Utah Revised
4139	<u>Uniform Limited Liability Company Act</u> , and a provision of this chapter, this chapter controls.
4140	(c) Except as provided in Subsection [$\frac{(14)}{(7)}$] $\frac{(7)}{(4)}$, the provisions of this title
4141	[pertaining to] that govern a merger, consolidation, conversion, mutualization, and
4142	redomestication apply [in determining the procedures to be followed by] \underline{to} a captive insurance
4143	company in carrying out any of the transactions described in those provisions.
4144	(d) Notwithstanding Subsection [(14)] (7)(c), the commissioner may waive or modify
4145	the requirements for public notice and hearing in accordance with rules adopted under Section
4146	31A-37-106.
4147	(e) If a notice of public hearing is required, but no one requests a hearing, the
4148	commissioner may cancel the public hearing.
4149	[(15) (a) A captive insurance company formed as a limited liability company under this
4150	chapter has the privileges and is subject to Title 48, Chapter 3a, Utah Revised Uniform Limited
4151	Liability Company Act, as well as the applicable provisions in this chapter.]
4152	[(b) If a conflict exists between a provision of the limited liability company law and a
4153	provision of this chapter, this chapter controls.]
4154	[(c) The provisions of this title pertaining to a merger, consolidation, conversion,

4155	mutualization, and redomestication apply in determining the procedures to be followed by a
4156	captive insurance company in carrying out any of the transactions described in those
4157	provisions.]
4158	[(d) Notwithstanding Subsection (15)(c), the commissioner may waive or modify the
4159	requirements for public notice and hearing in accordance with rules adopted under Section
4160	31A-37-106.]
4161	[(e) If a notice of public hearing is required, but no one requests a hearing, the
4162	commissioner may cancel the public hearing.
4163	[(16) (a) The articles of incorporation or bylaws of a captive insurance company
4164	formed as a corporation may not authorize a quorum of a board of directors to consist of fewer
4165	than one-third of the fixed or prescribed number of directors as provided in Section
4166	16-10a-824.]
4167	[(b) The certificate of organization of a captive insurance company formed as a limited
4168	liability company may not authorize a quorum of a board of managers to consist of fewer than
4169	one-third of the fixed or prescribed number of directors required in Section 16-10a-824.]
4170	Section 45. Section 31A-37-401 is amended to read:
4171	31A-37-401. Sponsored captive insurance companies Formation.
4172	(1) One or more sponsors may form a sponsored captive insurance company under this
4173	chapter.
4174	(2) A sponsored captive insurance company formed under this chapter may establish
4175	and maintain a protected cell to insure risks of a participant if:
4176	(a) the [shareholders] interest holders of a sponsored captive insurance company are
4177	limited to:
4178	(i) the participants of the sponsored captive insurance company; and
4179	(ii) the sponsors of the sponsored captive insurance company;
4180	(b) each protected cell is accounted for separately on the books and records of the
4181	sponsored cell captive insurance company to reflect:
4182	(i) the financial condition of each individual protected cell;
4183	(ii) the results of operations of each individual protected cell;
4184	(iii) the net income or loss of each individual protected cell;
4185	(iv) the dividends or other distributions to participants of each individual protected

4186	cell; and
4187	(v) other factors that may be:
4188	(A) provided in the participant contract; or
4189	(B) required by the commissioner;
4190	(c) the assets of a protected cell are not chargeable with liabilities arising out of any
4191	other insurance business the sponsored captive insurance company may conduct;
4192	(d) a sale, exchange, or other transfer of assets is not made by the sponsored captive
4193	insurance company between or among any of the protected cells of the sponsored captive
4194	insurance company without the consent of the protected cells;
4195	(e) a sale, exchange, transfer of assets, dividend, or distribution is not made from a
4196	protected cell to a sponsor or participant without the commissioner's approval, which may not
4197	be given if the sale, exchange, transfer, dividend, or distribution would result in insolvency or
4198	impairment with respect to a protected cell;
4199	(f) a sponsored captive insurance company annually files with the commissioner
4200	financial reports the commissioner requires under Section 31A-37-106, including accounting
4201	statements detailing the financial experience of each protected cell;
4202	(g) a sponsored captive insurance company notifies the commissioner in writing within
4203	10 business days of a protected cell that is insolvent or otherwise unable to meet the claim or
4204	expense obligations of the protected cell;
4205	(h) a participant contract does not take effect without the commissioner's prior written
4206	approval;
4207	(i) the addition of each new protected cell and withdrawal of a participant of any
4208	existing protected cell does not take effect without the commissioner's prior written approval;
4209	and
4210	(j) (i) a protected cell captive insurance company shall pay to the department the
4211	following nonrefundable fees established by the department under Sections 31A-3-103,
4212	31A-3-304, and 63J-1-504:
4213	(A) a fee for examining, investigating, and processing by a department employee of an
4214	application for a certificate of authority made by a protected cell captive insurance company;
4215	(B) a fee for obtaining a certificate of authority for the year the protected cell captive
4216	insurance company is issued a certificate of authority by the department; and

4217	(C) a certificate of authority renewal fee; and
4218	(ii) a protected cell may be created by the sponsor or the sponsor may create a pooling
1219	insurance arrangement to provide for pooling of risks to allow for risk distribution upon written
1220	approval from every protected cell under the sponsor and written approval of the
1221	commissioner.
1222	Section 46. Section 31A-37-501 is amended to read:
1223	31A-37-501. Reports to commissioner.
1224	(1) A captive insurance company is not required to make a report except those
1225	provided in this chapter.
1226	(2) (a) Before March 1 of each year, a captive insurance company shall submit to the
1227	commissioner a report of the financial condition of the captive insurance company, verified by
1228	oath of [one of the] at least two individuals who are executive officers of the captive insurance
1229	company.
1230	(b) Except as provided in Section 31A-37-204, a captive insurance company shall
1231	report:
1232	(i) using generally accepted accounting principles, except to the extent that the
1233	commissioner requires, approves, or accepts the use of a statutory accounting principle;
1234	(ii) using a useful or necessary modification or adaptation to an accounting principle
1235	that is required, approved, or accepted by the commissioner for the type of insurance and kind
1236	of insurer to be reported upon; and
1237	(iii) supplemental or additional information required by the commissioner.
1238	(c) Except as otherwise provided:
1239	(i) a licensed captive insurance company shall file the report required by Section
1240	31A-4-113; and
1241	(ii) an industrial insured group shall comply with Section 31A-4-113.5.
1242	(3) (a) A pure captive insurance company may make written application to file the
1243	required report on a fiscal year end that is consistent with the fiscal year of the parent company
1244	of the pure captive insurance company.
1245	(b) If the commissioner grants an alternative reporting date for a pure captive insurance
1246	company requested under Subsection (3)(a), the annual report is due 60 days after the fiscal

4247 year end.

4248 (4) (a) Sixty days after the fiscal year end, a branch captive insurance company shall 4249 file with the commissioner a copy of the reports and statements required to be filed under the 4250 laws of the jurisdiction in which the alien captive insurance company is formed, verified by 4251 oath by two of the alien captive insurance company's executive officers. 4252 (b) If the commissioner is satisfied that the annual report filed by the alien captive 4253 insurance company in the jurisdiction in which the alien captive insurance company is formed 4254 provides adequate information concerning the financial condition of the alien captive insurance 4255 company, the commissioner may waive the requirement for completion of the annual statement 4256 required for a captive insurance company under this section with respect to business written in 4257 the alien or foreign jurisdiction. 4258 (c) A waiver by the commissioner under Subsection (4)(b): 4259 (i) shall be in writing; and 4260 (ii) is subject to public inspection. 4261 (5) Before March 1 of each year, a sponsored cell captive insurance company shall 4262 submit to the commissioner a consolidated report of the financial condition of each individual 4263 protected cell, including a financial statement for each protected cell. 4264 (6) (a) A captive insurance company shall notify the commissioner in writing if there 4265 is: 4266 (i) a material change to the captive insurance company's most recently filed report of 4267 financial condition; or 4268 (ii) an adverse material change in the financial condition of a captive insurance 4269 company since the captive insurance company's most recently filed report of financial 4270 condition. 4271 (b) A captive insurance company shall submit a notification described in this 4272 subsection within 20 days after the day on which the captive insurance company learns of the 4273 material change.

4274 Section 47. Section **31A-37-502** is amended to read:

4275 **31A-37-502.** Examination.

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- (1) (a) As provided in this section, the commissioner, or a person appointed by the commissioner, shall examine each captive insurance company in each five-year period.
 - (b) The five-year period described in Subsection (1)(a) shall be determined on the basis

1279	of five full annual accounting periods of operation.
4280	(c) The examination is to be made as of:
4281	(i) December 31 of the full five-year period; or
1282	(ii) the last day of the month of an annual accounting period authorized for a captive
1283	insurance company under this section.
1284	(d) In addition to an examination required under this Subsection (1), the commissioner,
4285	or a person appointed by the commissioner may examine a captive insurance company
1286	whenever the commissioner determines it to be prudent.
1287	(2) During an examination under this section the commissioner, or a person appointed
4288	by the commissioner, shall thoroughly inspect and examine the affairs of the captive insurance
1289	company to ascertain:
1290	(a) the financial condition of the captive insurance company;
4291	(b) the ability of the captive insurance company to fulfill the obligations of the captive
1292	insurance company; and
1293	(c) whether the captive insurance company has complied with this chapter.
1294	(3) The commissioner may accept a comprehensive annual independent audit in lieu of
1295	an examination:
1296	(a) of a scope satisfactory to the commissioner; and
1297	(b) performed by an independent auditor approved by the commissioner.
1298	(4) A captive insurance company that is inspected and examined under this section
1299	shall pay, as provided in Subsection [31A-37-202] 31A-37-201(6)(b), the expenses and charges
4300	of an inspection and examination.
4301	Section 48. Section 31A-37-701 is enacted to read:
4302	Part 7. Dormancy.
4303	31A-37-701. Certificate of dormancy.
4304	(1) In accordance with the provisions of this section, a captive insurance company,
4305	other than a risk retention group may apply, without fee, to the commissioner for a certificate
4306	of dormancy.
4307	(2) (a) A captive insurance company, other than a risk retention group, is eligible for a
4308	certificate of dormancy if the captive insurance company:
1309	(i) has ceased transacting the business of insurance, including the issuance of insurance

4310	policies; and
4311	(ii) has no remaining insurance liabilities or obligations associated with insurance
4312	business transactions or insurance policies.
4313	(b) For purposes of Subsection (2)(a)(ii), the commissioner may disregard liabilities or
4314	obligations for which the captive insurance company has withheld sufficient funds or that are
4315	otherwise sufficiently secured.
4316	(3) Except as provided in Subsection (5), a captive insurance company that holds a
4317	certificate of dormancy is subject to all requirements of this chapter.
4318	(4) A captive insurance company that holds a certificate of dormancy:
4319	(a) shall possess and maintain unimpaired paid-in capital and unimpaired paid-in
4320	surplus of:
4321	(i) in the case of a pure captive insurance company or a special purpose captive
4322	insurance company, not less than \$25,000;
1323	(ii) in the case of an association captive insurance company, not less than \$75,000; or
1324	(iii) in the case of a sponsored captive insurance company, not less than \$100,000, of
1325	which at least \$35,000 is provided by the sponsor; and
1326	(b) is not required to:
1327	(i) subject to Subsection (5), submit an annual audit or statement of actuarial opinion;
1328	(ii) maintain an active agreement with an independent auditor or actuary; or
1329	(iii) hold an annual meeting of the captive insurance company in the state.
4330	(5) The commissioner may require a captive insurance company that holds a certificate
4331	of dormancy to submit an annual audit if the commissioner determines that there are concerns
1332	regarding the captive insurance company's solvency or liquidity.
1333	(6) To maintain a certificate of dormancy and in lieu of a certificate of authority
1334	renewal fee, no later than July 1 of each year, a captive insurance company shall pay an annual
1335	dormancy renewal fee that is equal to 50% of the captive insurance's company's certificate of
4336	authority renewal fee.
1337	(7) A captive insurance company may consecutively renew a certificate or dormancy
4338	no more than five times.
1339	Section 49. Section 31A-37-702 is enacted to read:
1340	31A-37-702. Cancelling a certificate of dormancy.

4341	A captive insurance company may apply to cancel its certificate of dormancy by
1342	complying with the procedures established in rule made by the commissioner in accordance
1343	with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
1344	Section 50. Section 31A-45-102 is amended to read:
1345	31A-45-102. Definitions.
1346	As used in this chapter:
1347	(1) "Covered benefit" or "benefit" means the health care services to which a covered
4348	person is entitled under the terms of a health [benefit] care insurance plan offered by a
1349	managed care organization.
4350	(2) "Managed care organization" means:
4351	(a) a managed care organization as that term is defined in Section 31A-1-301; and
4352	(b) a third party administrator as that term is defined in Section 31A-1-301.
4353	Section 51. Section 31A-45-303 is amended to read:
1354	31A-45-303. Network provider contract provisions.
4355	(1) Managed care organizations may provide for enrollees to receive services or
4356	reimbursement [under the health benefit plans] in accordance with this section.
4357	(2) (a) Subject to restrictions under this section, a managed care organization may enter
4358	into contracts with health care providers under which the health care providers agree to be a
1359	network provider and supply services, at prices specified in the contracts, to enrollees.
4360	(b) A network provider contract shall require the network provider to accept the
4361	specified payment in this Subsection (2) as payment in full, relinquishing the right to collect
4362	amounts other than copayments, coinsurance, and deductibles from the enrollee.
4363	(c) The insurance contract may reward the enrollee for selection of network providers
4364	by:
4365	(i) reducing premium rates;
4366	(ii) reducing deductibles;
4367	(iii) coinsurance;
4368	(iv) other copayments; or
4369	(v) any other reasonable manner.
4370	(3) (a) When reimbursing for services of health care providers that are not network
4371	providers, the managed care organization may:

+3/2	(1) make direct payment to the enrollee; and
1373	(ii) impose a deductible on coverage of health care providers not under contract.
1374	(b) (i) Subsections (3)(b)(iii) and (c) apply to a managed care organization licensed
1375	under:
1376	(A) Chapter 5, Domestic Stock and Mutual Insurance Corporations;
1377	(B) Chapter 7, Nonprofit Health Service Insurance Corporations; or
1378	(C) Chapter 14, Foreign Insurers; and
1379	(ii) Subsections (3)(b)(iii) and (c) and Subsection (6)(b) do not apply to a managed care
4380	organization licensed under Chapter 8, Health Maintenance Organizations and Limited Health
4381	Plans.
4382	(iii) When selecting health care providers with whom to contract under Subsection (2),
4383	a managed care organization described in Subsection (3)(b)(i) may not unfairly discriminate
1384	between classes of health care providers, but may discriminate within a class of health care
1385	providers, subject to Subsection (6).
4386	(c) For purposes of this section, unfair discrimination between classes of health care
1387	providers includes:
1388	(i) refusal to contract with class members in reasonable proportion to the number of
1389	insureds covered by the insurer and the expected demand for services from class members; and
1390	(ii) refusal to cover procedures for one class of providers that are:
4391	(A) commonly used by members of the class of health care providers for the treatment
1392	of illnesses, injuries, or conditions;
1393	(B) otherwise covered by the managed care organization; and
1394	(C) within the scope of practice of the class of health care providers.
1395	(4) Before the enrollee consents to the insurance contract, the managed care
1396	organization shall fully disclose to the enrollee that the managed care organization has entered
1397	into network provider contracts. The managed care organization shall provide sufficient detail
1398	on the network provider contracts to permit the enrollee to agree to the terms of the insurance
1399	contract. The managed care organization shall provide at least the following information:
1400	(a) a list of the health care providers under contract, and if requested their business
4401	locations and specialties;
1402	(b) a description of the insured benefits, including deductibles, coinsurance, or other

4403 copayments;

(c) a description of the quality assurance program required under Subsection (5); and

- 4405 (d) a description of the adverse benefit determination procedures required under 4406 Section 31A-22-629.
 - (5) (a) A managed care organization using network provider contracts shall maintain a quality assurance program for assuring that the care provided by the network providers meets prevailing standards in the state.
 - (b) The commissioner in consultation with the executive director of the Department of Health may designate qualified persons to perform an audit of the quality assurance program. The auditors shall have full access to all records of the managed care organization and the managed care organization's health care providers, including medical records of individual patients.
 - (c) The information contained in the medical records of individual patients shall remain confidential. All information, interviews, reports, statements, memoranda, or other data furnished for purposes of the audit and any findings or conclusions of the auditors are privileged. The information is not subject to discovery, use, or receipt in evidence in any legal proceeding except hearings before the commissioner concerning alleged violations of this section.
 - (6) (a) A health care provider or managed care organization may not discriminate against a network provider for agreeing to a contract under Subsection (2).
 - (b) (i) Subsections (6)(b) and (c) apply to a managed care organization that is described in Subsection (3)(b)(i) and do not apply to a managed care organization described in Subsection (3)(b)(ii).
 - (ii) A health care provider licensed to treat an illness or injury within the scope of the health care provider's practice, that is willing and able to meet the terms and conditions established by the managed care organization for designation as a network provider, shall be able to apply for and receive the designation as a network provider. Contract terms and conditions may include reasonable limitations on the number of designated network providers based upon substantial objective and economic grounds, or expected use of particular services based upon prior provider-patient profiles.
 - (c) Upon the written request of a provider excluded from a network provider contract,

the commissioner may hold a hearing to determine if the managed care organization's exclusion of the provider is based on the criteria set forth in Subsection (6)(b).

(7) Nothing in this section is to be construed as to require a managed care organization to offer a certain benefit or service as part of a health benefit plan.

- (8) Notwithstanding Subsection (2) or [Subsection] (6)(b), a managed care organization described in Subsection (3)(b)(i) or third party administrator is not required to, but may, enter into a contract with a licensed athletic trainer, licensed under Title 58, Chapter 40a, Athletic Trainer Licensing Act.
 - Section 52. Section 31A-45-401 is amended to read:

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- 31A-45-401. Court ordered coverage for minor children who reside outside the service area.
 - (1) (a) The requirements of Subsection (2) apply to a managed care organization if the managed care organization [health benefit plan]:
 - (i) restricts coverage for nonemergency services to services provided by contracted providers within the organization's service area; and
 - (ii) does not offer a benefit that permits members the option of obtaining covered services from a non-network provider.
 - (b) The requirements of Subsection (2) do not apply to a managed care organization if:
 - (i) the child [that is] is no longer the subject of a court or administrative support order [is over the age of 18 and is no longer enrolled in high school]; or
 - (ii) a parent's employer offers the parent a choice to select health insurance coverage that is not a managed care organization plan either at the time of the court or administrative support order, or at a subsequent open enrollment period. This exemption from Subsection (2) applies even if the parent ultimately chooses the managed care organization plan.
 - (2) If a parent is required by a court or administrative support order to provide health insurance coverage for a child who resides outside of a managed care organization's service area, the managed care organization shall:
 - (a) comply with the provisions of Section 31A-22-610.5;
 - (b) allow the enrollee parent to enroll the child on the organization plan;
- 4463 (c) pay for otherwise covered health care services rendered to the child outside of the service area by a non-network provider:

4465	(i) if the child, noncustodial parent, or custodial parent has complied with prior
4466	authorization or utilization review otherwise required by the organization; and
4467	(ii) in an amount equal to the dollar amount the organization pays under a noncapitated
4468	arrangement for comparable services to a network provider in the same class of health care
4469	providers as the provider who rendered the services; and
4470	(d) make payments on claims submitted in accordance with Subsection (2)(c) directly
4471	to the provider, custodial parent, the child who obtained benefits, or state Medicaid agency.
4472	(3) (a) The parents of the child who is the subject of the court or administrative support
4473	order are responsible for any charges billed by the provider in excess of those paid by the
4474	organization.
4475	(b) This section does not affect any court or administrative order regarding the
4476	responsibilities between the parents to pay any medical expenses not covered by accident and
4477	health insurance or a managed care organization plan.
4478	(4) The commissioner shall adopt rules as necessary to administer this section and
4479	Section 31A-22-610.5.
4480	Section 53. Section 34A-2-110 is amended to read:
4481	34A-2-110. Workers' compensation insurance fraud Elements Penalties
4482	Notice.
4483	(1) As used in this section:
4484	(a) "Corporation" has the same meaning as in Section 76-2-201.
4485	(b) "Intentionally" has the same meaning as in Section 76-2-103.
4486	(c) "Knowingly" has the same meaning as in Section 76-2-103.
4487	(d) "Person" has the same meaning as in Section 76-1-601.
4488	(e) "Recklessly" has the same meaning as in Section 76-2-103.
4489	(f) "Thing of value" means one or more of the following obtained under this chapter or
4490	Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act:
4491	(i) workers' compensation insurance coverage;
4492	(ii) disability compensation;
4493	(iii) a medical benefit;
4494	(iv) a good;
4495	(v) a professional service;

4496	(vi) a fee for a professional service; or
4497	(vii) anything of value.
4498	(2) (a) A person is guilty of workers' compensation insurance fraud if that person
4499	intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly:
4500	(i) devises a scheme or artifice to do the following by means of a false or fraudulent
4501	pretense, representation, promise, or material omission:
4502	(A) obtain a thing of value under this chapter or Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease
4503	Act;
4504	(B) avoid paying the premium that an insurer charges, for an employee on the basis of
4505	the underwriting criteria applicable to that employee, to obtain a thing of value under this
4506	chapter or Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act; or
4507	(C) deprive an employee of a thing of value under this chapter or Chapter 3, Utah
4508	Occupational Disease Act; and
4509	(ii) communicates or causes a communication with another in furtherance of the
4510	scheme or artifice.
4511	(b) A violation of this Subsection (2) includes a scheme or artifice to:
4512	(i) make or cause to be made a false written or oral statement with the intent to obtain
4513	insurance coverage as mandated by this chapter or Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act,
4514	at a rate that does not reflect the risk, industry, employer, or class code actually covered by the
4515	insurance coverage;
4516	(ii) form a business, reorganize a business, or change ownership in a business with the
4517	intent to:
4518	(A) obtain insurance coverage as mandated by this chapter or Chapter 3, Utah
4519	Occupational Disease Act, at a rate that does not reflect the risk, industry, employer, or class
4520	code actually covered by the insurance coverage;
4521	(B) misclassify an employee as described in Subsection (2)(b)(iii); or
4522	(C) deprive an employee of workers' compensation coverage as required by Subsection
4523	34A-2-103(8);
4524	(iii) misclassify an employee as one of the following so as to avoid the obligation to
4525	obtain insurance coverage as mandated by this chapter or Chapter 3, Utah Occupational
4526	Disease Act:

1527	(A) an independent contractor;
4528	(B) a sole proprietor;
1529	(C) an owner;
4530	(D) a partner;
4531	(E) an officer; or
4532	(F) a member in a limited liability company;
4533	(iv) use a workers' compensation coverage waiver issued under Part 10, Workers'
1534	Compensation Coverage Waivers Act, to deprive an employee of workers' compensation
4535	coverage under this chapter or Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act; or
4536	(v) collect or make a claim for temporary disability compensation as provided in
1537	Section 34A-2-410 while working for gain.
4538	(3) (a) Workers' compensation insurance fraud under Subsection (2) is punishable in
1539	the manner prescribed in Subsection (3)(c).
4540	(b) A corporation or association is guilty of the offense of workers' compensation
4541	insurance fraud under the same conditions as those set forth in Section 76-2-204.
1542	(c) (i) In accordance with Subsection (3)(c)(ii), the determination of the degree of an
4543	offense under Subsection (2) shall be measured by the following on the basis of which creates
1544	the greatest penalty:
1545	(A) the total value of all property, money, or other things obtained or sought to be
1546	obtained by the scheme or artifice described in Subsection (2); or
4547	(B) the number of individuals not covered under this chapter or Chapter 3, Utah
4548	Occupational Disease Act, because of the scheme or artifice described in Subsection (2).
1549	(ii) A person is guilty of:
4550	(A) a class A misdemeanor:
4551	(I) if the value of the property, money, or other thing of value described in Subsection
4552	(3)(c)(i)(A) is less than \$1,000; or
4553	(II) for each individual described in Subsection (3)(c)(i)(B), if the number of
1554	individuals described in Subsection (3)(c)(i)(B) is less than five;
1555	(B) a third degree felony:
4556	(I) if the value of the property, money, or other thing of value described in Subsection
4557	(3)(c)(i)(A) is equal to or greater than \$1,000, but is less than \$5,000; or

4558	(II) for each individual described in Subsection (3)(c)(i)(B), if the number of
4559	individuals described in Subsection (3)(c)(i)(B) is equal to or greater than five, but is less than
4560	50; and
4561	(C) a second degree felony:
4562	(I) if the value of the property, money, or other thing of value described in Subsection
4563	(3)(c)(i)(A) is equal to or greater than \$5,000; or
4564	(II) for each individual described in Subsection (3)(c)(i)(B), if the number of
4565	individuals described in Subsection (3)(c)(i)(B) is equal to or greater than 50.
4566	(4) The following are not a necessary element of an offense described in Subsection
4567	(2):
4568	(a) reliance on the part of a person;
4569	(b) the intent on the part of the perpetrator of an offense described in Subsection (2) to
4570	permanently deprive a person of property, money, or anything of value; or
4571	(c) an insurer or self-insured employer giving written notice in accordance with
4572	Subsection (5) that workers' compensation insurance fraud is a crime.
4573	(5) (a) An insurer or self-insured employer who, in connection with this chapter or
4574	Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, prints, reproduces, or furnishes a form described in
4575	Subsection (5)(b) shall cause to be printed or displayed in comparative prominence with other
4576	content on the form the statement: "Any person who knowingly presents false or fraudulent
4577	underwriting information, files or causes to be filed a false or fraudulent claim for disability
4578	compensation or medical benefits, or submits a false or fraudulent report or billing for health
4579	care fees or other professional services is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and
4580	confinement in state prison."
4581	(b) Subsection (5)(a) applies to a form upon which a person:
4582	(i) applies for insurance coverage;
4583	(ii) applies for a workers' compensation coverage waiver issued under Part 10,
4584	Workers' Compensation Coverage Waivers Act;
4585	(iii) reports payroll;
4586	(iv) makes a claim by reason of accident, injury, death, disease, or other claimed loss;
4587	or
4588	(v) makes a report or gives notice to an insurer or self-insured employer.

4589	(c) An insurer or self-insured employer who issues a check, warrant, or other financial
4590	instrument in payment of compensation issued under this chapter or Chapter 3, Utah
4591	Occupational Disease Act, shall cause to be printed or displayed in comparative prominence
4592	above the area for endorsement a statement substantially similar to the following: "Workers'
4593	compensation insurance fraud is a crime punishable by Utah law."
4594	(d) This Subsection (5) applies only to the legal obligations of an insurer or a
4595	self-insured employer.
4596	(e) A person who violates Subsection (2) is guilty of workers' compensation insurance
4597	fraud, and the failure of an insurer or a self-insured employer to fully comply with this
4598	Subsection (5) is not:
4599	(i) a defense to violating Subsection (2); or
4600	(ii) grounds for suppressing evidence.
4601	(6) In the absence of malice, a person, employer, insurer, or governmental entity that
4602	reports a suspected fraudulent act relating to a workers' compensation insurance policy or claim
4603	is not subject to civil liability for libel, slander, or another relevant cause of action.
4604	(7) (a) In an action involving workers' compensation, this section supersedes Title 31A,
4605	Chapter 31, Insurance Fraud Act.
4606	(b) Nothing in this section prohibits the Insurance Department from investigating
4607	violations of this section or from pursuing civil or criminal penalties for violations of this
4608	section in accordance with Section 31A-31-109 and this title.
4609	Section 54. Section 63G-2-305 is amended to read:
4610	63G-2-305. Protected records.
4611	The following records are protected if properly classified by a governmental entity:
4612	(1) trade secrets as defined in Section 13-24-2 if the person submitting the trade secret
4613	has provided the governmental entity with the information specified in Section 63G-2-309;
4614	(2) commercial information or nonindividual financial information obtained from a
4615	person if:
4616	(a) disclosure of the information could reasonably be expected to result in unfair
4617	competitive injury to the person submitting the information or would impair the ability of the
4618	governmental entity to obtain necessary information in the future;
4619	(b) the person submitting the information has a greater interest in prohibiting access

than the public in obtaining access; and

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(c) the person submitting the information has provided the governmental entity with the information specified in Section 63G-2-309;

- (3) commercial or financial information acquired or prepared by a governmental entity to the extent that disclosure would lead to financial speculations in currencies, securities, or commodities that will interfere with a planned transaction by the governmental entity or cause substantial financial injury to the governmental entity or state economy;
- (4) records, the disclosure of which could cause commercial injury to, or confer a competitive advantage upon a potential or actual competitor of, a commercial project entity as defined in Subsection 11-13-103(4);
- (5) test questions and answers to be used in future license, certification, registration, employment, or academic examinations;
- (6) records, the disclosure of which would impair governmental procurement proceedings or give an unfair advantage to any person proposing to enter into a contract or agreement with a governmental entity, except, subject to Subsections (1) and (2), that this Subsection (6) does not restrict the right of a person to have access to, after the contract or grant has been awarded and signed by all parties:
- (a) a bid, proposal, application, or other information submitted to or by a governmental entity in response to:
- 4639 (i) an invitation for bids;
- 4640 (ii) a request for proposals;
- 4641 (iii) a request for quotes;
- 4642 (iv) a grant; or
- 4643 (v) other similar document; or
- 4644 (b) an unsolicited proposal, as defined in Section 63G-6a-712;
- 4645 (7) information submitted to or by a governmental entity in response to a request for 4646 information, except, subject to Subsections (1) and (2), that this Subsection (7) does not restrict 4647 the right of a person to have access to the information, after:
- 4648 (a) a contract directly relating to the subject of the request for information has been 4649 awarded and signed by all parties; or
- 4650 (b) (i) a final determination is made not to enter into a contract that relates to the

subject of the request for information; and

4652 (ii) at least two years have passed after the day on which the request for information is 4653 issued:

- (8) records that would identify real property or the appraisal or estimated value of real or personal property, including intellectual property, under consideration for public acquisition before any rights to the property are acquired unless:
- (a) public interest in obtaining access to the information is greater than or equal to the governmental entity's need to acquire the property on the best terms possible;
- (b) the information has already been disclosed to persons not employed by or under a duty of confidentiality to the entity;
- (c) in the case of records that would identify property, potential sellers of the described property have already learned of the governmental entity's plans to acquire the property;
- (d) in the case of records that would identify the appraisal or estimated value of property, the potential sellers have already learned of the governmental entity's estimated value of the property; or
- (e) the property under consideration for public acquisition is a single family residence and the governmental entity seeking to acquire the property has initiated negotiations to acquire the property as required under Section 78B-6-505;
- (9) records prepared in contemplation of sale, exchange, lease, rental, or other compensated transaction of real or personal property including intellectual property, which, if disclosed prior to completion of the transaction, would reveal the appraisal or estimated value of the subject property, unless:
- (a) the public interest in access is greater than or equal to the interests in restricting access, including the governmental entity's interest in maximizing the financial benefit of the transaction; or
- (b) when prepared by or on behalf of a governmental entity, appraisals or estimates of the value of the subject property have already been disclosed to persons not employed by or under a duty of confidentiality to the entity;
- (10) records created or maintained for civil, criminal, or administrative enforcement purposes or audit purposes, or for discipline, licensing, certification, or registration purposes, if release of the records:

4682 (a) reasonably could be expected to interfere with investigations undertaken for 4683 enforcement, discipline, licensing, certification, or registration purposes; 4684 (b) reasonably could be expected to interfere with audits, disciplinary, or enforcement 4685 proceedings; 4686 (c) would create a danger of depriving a person of a right to a fair trial or impartial 4687 hearing; 4688 (d) reasonably could be expected to disclose the identity of a source who is not 4689 generally known outside of government and, in the case of a record compiled in the course of 4690 an investigation, disclose information furnished by a source not generally known outside of 4691 government if disclosure would compromise the source; or 4692 (e) reasonably could be expected to disclose investigative or audit techniques, 4693 procedures, policies, or orders not generally known outside of government if disclosure would 4694 interfere with enforcement or audit efforts; 4695 (11) records the disclosure of which would jeopardize the life or safety of an 4696 individual; 4697 (12) records the disclosure of which would jeopardize the security of governmental 4698 property, governmental programs, or governmental recordkeeping systems from damage, theft, 4699 or other appropriation or use contrary to law or public policy; 4700 (13) records that, if disclosed, would jeopardize the security or safety of a correctional 4701 facility, or records relating to incarceration, treatment, probation, or parole, that would interfere 4702 with the control and supervision of an offender's incarceration, treatment, probation, or parole; 4703 (14) records that, if disclosed, would reveal recommendations made to the Board of 4704 Pardons and Parole by an employee of or contractor for the Department of Corrections, the 4705 Board of Pardons and Parole, or the Department of Human Services that are based on the 4706 employee's or contractor's supervision, diagnosis, or treatment of any person within the board's 4707 jurisdiction; 4708 (15) records and audit workpapers that identify audit, collection, and operational 4709 procedures and methods used by the State Tax Commission, if disclosure would interfere with 4710 audits or collections; 4711 (16) records of a governmental audit agency relating to an ongoing or planned audit 4712 until the final audit is released;

4713	(17) records that are subject to the attorney client privilege;
4714	(18) records prepared for or by an attorney, consultant, surety, indemnitor, insurer,
4715	employee, or agent of a governmental entity for, or in anticipation of, litigation or a judicial,
4716	quasi-judicial, or administrative proceeding;
4717	(19) (a) (i) personal files of a state legislator, including personal correspondence to or
4718	from a member of the Legislature; and
4719	(ii) notwithstanding Subsection (19)(a)(i), correspondence that gives notice of
4720	legislative action or policy may not be classified as protected under this section; and
4721	(b) (i) an internal communication that is part of the deliberative process in connection
1722	with the preparation of legislation between:
1723	(A) members of a legislative body;
1724	(B) a member of a legislative body and a member of the legislative body's staff; or
1725	(C) members of a legislative body's staff; and
1726	(ii) notwithstanding Subsection (19)(b)(i), a communication that gives notice of
1727	legislative action or policy may not be classified as protected under this section;
4728	(20) (a) records in the custody or control of the Office of Legislative Research and
1729	General Counsel, that, if disclosed, would reveal a particular legislator's contemplated
4730	legislation or contemplated course of action before the legislator has elected to support the
4731	legislation or course of action, or made the legislation or course of action public; and
1732	(b) notwithstanding Subsection (20)(a), the form to request legislation submitted to the
4733	Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel is a public document unless a legislator
1734	asks that the records requesting the legislation be maintained as protected records until such
1735	time as the legislator elects to make the legislation or course of action public;
1736	(21) research requests from legislators to the Office of Legislative Research and
1737	General Counsel or the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst and research findings prepared
4738	in response to these requests;
1739	(22) drafts, unless otherwise classified as public;
4740	(23) records concerning a governmental entity's strategy about:
4741	(a) collective bargaining; or
1742	(b) imminent or pending litigation;
1743	(24) records of investigations of loss occurrences and analyses of loss occurrences that

may be covered by the Risk Management Fund, the Employers' Reinsurance Fund, the Uninsured Employers' Fund, or similar divisions in other governmental entities;

- (25) records, other than personnel evaluations, that contain a personal recommendation concerning an individual if disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy, or disclosure is not in the public interest;
- (26) records that reveal the location of historic, prehistoric, paleontological, or biological resources that if known would jeopardize the security of those resources or of valuable historic, scientific, educational, or cultural information;
- (27) records of independent state agencies if the disclosure of the records would conflict with the fiduciary obligations of the agency;
- (28) records of an institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section 53B-1-102 regarding tenure evaluations, appointments, applications for admissions, retention decisions, and promotions, which could be properly discussed in a meeting closed in accordance with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act, provided that records of the final decisions about tenure, appointments, retention, promotions, or those students admitted, may not be classified as protected under this section;
- (29) records of the governor's office, including budget recommendations, legislative proposals, and policy statements, that if disclosed would reveal the governor's contemplated policies or contemplated courses of action before the governor has implemented or rejected those policies or courses of action or made them public;
- (30) records of the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst relating to budget analysis, revenue estimates, and fiscal notes of proposed legislation before issuance of the final recommendations in these areas;
- (31) records provided by the United States or by a government entity outside the state that are given to the governmental entity with a requirement that they be managed as protected records if the providing entity certifies that the record would not be subject to public disclosure if retained by it;
- 4771 (32) transcripts, minutes, recordings, or reports of the closed portion of a meeting of a public body except as provided in Section 52-4-206;
 - (33) records that would reveal the contents of settlement negotiations but not including final settlements or empirical data to the extent that they are not otherwise exempt from

4775 disclosure;

4776 (34) memoranda prepared by staff and used in the decision-making process by an 4777 administrative law judge, a member of the Board of Pardons and Parole, or a member of any 4778 other body charged by law with performing a quasi-judicial function;

- (35) records that would reveal negotiations regarding assistance or incentives offered by or requested from a governmental entity for the purpose of encouraging a person to expand or locate a business in Utah, but only if disclosure would result in actual economic harm to the person or place the governmental entity at a competitive disadvantage, but this section may not be used to restrict access to a record evidencing a final contract;
- (36) materials to which access must be limited for purposes of securing or maintaining the governmental entity's proprietary protection of intellectual property rights including patents, copyrights, and trade secrets;
- (37) the name of a donor or a prospective donor to a governmental entity, including an institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section 53B-1-102, and other information concerning the donation that could reasonably be expected to reveal the identity of the donor, provided that:
 - (a) the donor requests anonymity in writing;
- (b) any terms, conditions, restrictions, or privileges relating to the donation may not be classified protected by the governmental entity under this Subsection (37); and
- (c) except for an institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section 53B-1-102, the governmental unit to which the donation is made is primarily engaged in educational, charitable, or artistic endeavors, and has no regulatory or legislative authority over the donor, a member of the donor's immediate family, or any entity owned or controlled by the donor or the donor's immediate family;
- 4799 (38) accident reports, except as provided in Sections 41-6a-404, 41-12a-202, and 4800 73-18-13;
- 4801 (39) a notification of workers' compensation insurance coverage described in Section 4802 34A-2-205;
 - (40) (a) the following records of an institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section 53B-1-102, which have been developed, discovered, disclosed to, or received by or on behalf of faculty, staff, employees, or students of the institution:

4806	(i) unpublished lecture notes;
4807	(ii) unpublished notes, data, and information:
4808	(A) relating to research; and
4809	(B) of:
4810	(I) the institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section
4811	53B-1-102; or
4812	(II) a sponsor of sponsored research;
4813	(iii) unpublished manuscripts;
4814	(iv) creative works in process;
4815	(v) scholarly correspondence; and
4816	(vi) confidential information contained in research proposals;
4817	(b) Subsection (40)(a) may not be construed to prohibit disclosure of public
4818	information required pursuant to Subsection 53B-16-302(2)(a) or (b); and
4819	(c) Subsection (40)(a) may not be construed to affect the ownership of a record;
4820	(41) (a) records in the custody or control of the Office of Legislative Auditor General
4821	that would reveal the name of a particular legislator who requests a legislative audit prior to the
4822	date that audit is completed and made public; and
4823	(b) notwithstanding Subsection (41)(a), a request for a legislative audit submitted to the
4824	Office of the Legislative Auditor General is a public document unless the legislator asks that
4825	the records in the custody or control of the Office of Legislative Auditor General that would
4826	reveal the name of a particular legislator who requests a legislative audit be maintained as
4827	protected records until the audit is completed and made public;
4828	(42) records that provide detail as to the location of an explosive, including a map or
4829	other document that indicates the location of:
4830	(a) a production facility; or
4831	(b) a magazine;
4832	(43) information:
4833	(a) contained in the statewide database of the Division of Aging and Adult Services
4834	created by Section 62A-3-311.1; or
4835	(b) received or maintained in relation to the Identity Theft Reporting Information
4836	System (IRIS) established under Section 67-5-22;

4837	(44) information contained in the Management Information System and Licensing
4838	Information System described in Title 62A, Chapter 4a, Child and Family Services;
4839	(45) information regarding National Guard operations or activities in support of the
4840	National Guard's federal mission;
4841	(46) records provided by any pawn or secondhand business to a law enforcement
4842	agency or to the central database in compliance with Title 13, Chapter 32a, Pawnshop and
4843	Secondhand Merchandise Transaction Information Act;
4844	(47) information regarding food security, risk, and vulnerability assessments performed
4845	by the Department of Agriculture and Food;
4846	(48) except to the extent that the record is exempt from this chapter pursuant to Section
4847	63G-2-106, records related to an emergency plan or program, a copy of which is provided to or
4848	prepared or maintained by the Division of Emergency Management, and the disclosure of
4849	which would jeopardize:
4850	(a) the safety of the general public; or
4851	(b) the security of:
4852	(i) governmental property;
4853	(ii) governmental programs; or
4854	(iii) the property of a private person who provides the Division of Emergency
4855	Management information;
4856	(49) records of the Department of Agriculture and Food that provides for the
4857	identification, tracing, or control of livestock diseases, including any program established under
4858	Title 4, Chapter 24, Utah Livestock Brand and Anti-Theft Act, or Title 4, Chapter 31, Control
4859	of Animal Disease;
4860	(50) as provided in Section 26-39-501:
4861	(a) information or records held by the Department of Health related to a complaint
4862	regarding a child care program or residential child care which the department is unable to
4863	substantiate; and
4864	(b) information or records related to a complaint received by the Department of Health
4865	from an anonymous complainant regarding a child care program or residential child care;
4866	(51) unless otherwise classified as public under Section 63G-2-301 and except as
4867	provided under Section 41-1a-116, an individual's home address, home telephone number, or

4868	personal mobile phone number, if:
4869	(a) the individual is required to provide the information in order to comply with a law,
4870	ordinance, rule, or order of a government entity; and
4871	(b) the subject of the record has a reasonable expectation that this information will be
4872	kept confidential due to:
4873	(i) the nature of the law, ordinance, rule, or order; and
4874	(ii) the individual complying with the law, ordinance, rule, or order;
4875	(52) the name, home address, work addresses, and telephone numbers of an individual
4876	that is engaged in, or that provides goods or services for, medical or scientific research that is:
4877	(a) conducted within the state system of higher education, as defined in Section
4878	53B-1-102; and
4879	(b) conducted using animals;
4880	(53) in accordance with Section 78A-12-203, any record of the Judicial Performance
4881	Evaluation Commission concerning an individual commissioner's vote on whether or not to
4882	recommend that the voters retain a judge including information disclosed under Subsection
4883	78A-12-203(5)(e);
4884	(54) information collected and a report prepared by the Judicial Performance
4885	Evaluation Commission concerning a judge, unless Section 20A-7-702 or Title 78A, Chapter
4886	12, Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission Act, requires disclosure of, or makes public,
4887	the information or report;
4888	(55) records contained in the Management Information System created in Section
4889	62A-4a-1003;
4890	(56) records provided or received by the Public Lands Policy Coordinating Office in
4891	furtherance of any contract or other agreement made in accordance with Section 63J-4-603;
4892	(57) information requested by and provided to the 911 Division under Section
4893	63H-7a-302;
4894	(58) in accordance with Section 73-10-33:
4895	(a) a management plan for a water conveyance facility in the possession of the Division
4896	of Water Resources or the Board of Water Resources; or
4897	(b) an outline of an emergency response plan in possession of the state or a county or
4898	municipality;

(59) the following records in the custody or control of the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid Services, created in Section 63A-13-201:

- (a) records that would disclose information relating to allegations of personal misconduct, gross mismanagement, or illegal activity of a person if the information or allegation cannot be corroborated by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid Services through other documents or evidence, and the records relating to the allegation are not relied upon by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid Services in preparing a final investigation report or final audit report;
- (b) records and audit workpapers to the extent they would disclose the identity of a person who, during the course of an investigation or audit, communicated the existence of any Medicaid fraud, waste, or abuse, or a violation or suspected violation of a law, rule, or regulation adopted under the laws of this state, a political subdivision of the state, or any recognized entity of the United States, if the information was disclosed on the condition that the identity of the person be protected;
- (c) before the time that an investigation or audit is completed and the final investigation or final audit report is released, records or drafts circulated to a person who is not an employee or head of a governmental entity for the person's response or information;
- (d) records that would disclose an outline or part of any investigation, audit survey plan, or audit program; or
- (e) requests for an investigation or audit, if disclosure would risk circumvention of an investigation or audit;
- (60) records that reveal methods used by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid Services, the fraud unit, or the Department of Health, to discover Medicaid fraud, waste, or abuse;
- 4923 (61) information provided to the Department of Health or the Division of Occupational 4924 and Professional Licensing under Subsection 58-68-304(3) or (4);
 - (62) a record described in Section 63G-12-210;
- 4926 (63) captured plate data that is obtained through an automatic license plate reader 4927 system used by a governmental entity as authorized in Section 41-6a-2003;
- 4928 (64) any record in the custody of the Utah Office for Victims of Crime relating to a victim, including:

4930	(a) a victim's application or request for benefits;
4931	(b) a victim's receipt or denial of benefits; and
4932	(c) any administrative notes or records made or created for the purpose of, or used to,
4933	evaluate or communicate a victim's eligibility for or denial of benefits from the Crime Victim
4934	Reparations Fund;
4935	(65) an audio or video recording created by a body-worn camera, as that term is
4936	defined in Section 77-7a-103, that records sound or images inside a hospital or health care
4937	facility as those terms are defined in Section 78B-3-403, inside a clinic of a health care
4938	provider, as that term is defined in Section 78B-3-403, or inside a human service program as
4939	that term is defined in Section 62A-2-101, except for recordings that:
4940	(a) depict the commission of an alleged crime;
4941	(b) record any encounter between a law enforcement officer and a person that results in
4942	death or bodily injury, or includes an instance when an officer fires a weapon;
4943	(c) record any encounter that is the subject of a complaint or a legal proceeding against
4944	a law enforcement officer or law enforcement agency;
4945	(d) contain an officer involved critical incident as defined in Subsection
4946	76-2-408(1)(d); or
4947	(e) have been requested for reclassification as a public record by a subject or
4948	authorized agent of a subject featured in the recording;
4949	(66) a record pertaining to the search process for a president of an institution of higher
4950	education described in Section 53B-2-102, except for application materials for a publicly
4951	announced finalist; and
4952	(67) an audio recording that is:
4953	(a) produced by an audio recording device that is used in conjunction with a device or
4954	piece of equipment designed or intended for resuscitating an individual or for treating an
4955	individual with a life-threatening condition;
4956	(b) produced during an emergency event when an individual employed to provide law
4957	enforcement, fire protection, paramedic, emergency medical, or other first responder service:
4958	(i) is responding to an individual needing resuscitation or with a life-threatening
4959	condition; and
4960	(ii) uses a device or piece of equipment designed or intended for resuscitating an

1961	individual or for treating an individual with a life-threatening condition; and
1962	(c) intended and used for purposes of training emergency responders how to improve
1963	their response to an emergency situation;
1964	(68) records submitted by or prepared in relation to an applicant seeking a
1965	recommendation by the Research and General Counsel Subcommittee, the Budget
1966	Subcommittee, or the Audit Subcommittee, established under Section 36-12-8, for an
1967	employment position with the Legislature;
1968	(69) work papers as defined in Section 31A-2-204; [and]
1969	(70) a record made available to Adult Protective Services or a law enforcement agency
1970	under Section 61-1-206[-]; and
1971	(71) a record submitted to the Insurance Department in accordance with Section
1972	31A-37-201.
1973	Section 55. Section 76-6-521 is amended to read:
1974	76-6-521. Fraudulent insurance act.
1975	(1) A person commits a fraudulent insurance act if that person with intent to defraud:
1976	(a) presents or causes to be presented any oral or written statement or representation
1977	knowing that the statement or representation contains false or fraudulent information
1978	concerning any fact material to an application for the issuance or renewal of an insurance
1979	policy, certificate, or contract[;], as part of or in support of:
1980	(i) obtaining an insurance policy the insurer would otherwise not issue on the basis of
1981	underwriting criteria applicable to the person;
1982	(ii) a scheme or artifice to avoid paying the premium that an insurer charges on the
1983	basis of underwriting criteria applicable to the person; or
1984	(iii) a scheme or artifice to file an insurance claim for a loss that has already occurred;
1985	(b) presents, or causes to be presented, any oral or written statement or representation:
1986	(i) (A) as part of or in support of a claim for payment or other benefit pursuant to an
1987	insurance policy, certificate, or contract; or
1988	(B) in connection with any civil claim asserted for recovery of damages for personal or
1989	bodily injuries or property damage; and
1990	(ii) knowing that the statement or representation contains false, incomplete, or
1991	fraudulent information concerning any fact or thing material to the claim:

4992	(c) knowingly accepts a benefit from proceeds derived from a fraudulent insurance act;
4993	(d) intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly devises a scheme or artifice to obtain fees
4994	for professional services, or anything of value by means of false or fraudulent pretenses,
4995	representations, promises, or material omissions;
4996	(e) knowingly employs, uses, or acts as a runner, as defined in Section 31A-31-102, for
4997	the purpose of committing a fraudulent insurance act;
4998	(f) knowingly assists, abets, solicits, or conspires with another to commit a fraudulent
4999	insurance act; [or]
5000	(g) knowingly supplies false or fraudulent material information in any document or
5001	statement required by the Department of Insurance[:]; or
5002	(h) knowingly fails to forward a premium to an insurer in violation of Section
5003	<u>31A-23a-411.1.</u>
5004	(2) (a) A violation of Subsection (1)(a) (i) is a class [B] A misdemeanor.
5005	(b) A violation of Subsections $(1)(a)(ii)$ or $(1)(b)$ through $(1)[(g)]$ (h) is punishable as
5006	in the manner prescribed by Section 76-10-1801 for communication fraud for property of like
5007	value.
5008	(c) A violation of Subsection (1)(a)(iii):
5009	(i) is a class A misdemeanor if the value of the loss is less than \$1,500 or unable to be
5010	determined; or
5011	(ii) if the value of the loss is \$1,500 or more, is punishable as in the manner prescribed
5012	by Section 76-10-1801 for communication fraud for property of like value.
5013	(3) A corporation or association is guilty of the offense of insurance fraud under the
5014	same conditions as those set forth in Section 76-2-204.
5015	(4) The determination of the degree of any offense under Subsections (1)(a)(ii) and
5016	(1)(b) through $[\frac{(1)(g)}{(1)(h)}$ shall be measured by the total value of all property, money, or
5017	other things obtained or sought to be obtained by the fraudulent insurance act or acts described
5018	in Subsections $(1)(a)(ii)$ and $(1)(b)$ through $[(1)(g)]$ $(1)(h)$.
5019	Section 56. Repealer.
5020	This bill repeals:
5021	Section 31A-16a-102, Definitions.
5022	Section 57. Effective date.

5023	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), this bill takes effect on May 14, 2019.
5024	(2) The actions affecting the following sections take effect on January 1, 2020:
5025	(a) Section 31A-16b-101;
5026	(b) Section 31A-16b-102;
5027	(c) Section 31A-16b-103;
5028	(d) Section 31A-16b-104;
5029	(e) Section 31A-16b-105;
5030	(f) Section 31A-16b-106;
5031	(g) Section 31A-16b-107; and
5032	(h) Section 31A-16b-108.