

MINUTES

HOUSE NATURAL RESOURCES, AGRICULTURE, AND ENVIRONMENT STANDING COMMITTEE

Friday, February 15, 2019 3:40 p.m. 445 State Capitol

Members Present:

Rep. Keven J. Stratton, Chair

Rep. Logan Wilde, Vice Chair

Rep. Carl R. Albrecht

Rep. Joel K. Briscoe

Rep. Scott H. Chew

Rep. Susan Duckworth

Rep. Joel Ferry

Rep. Timothy D. Hawkes

Rep. Phil Lyman

Rep. Michael K. McKell

Rep. Derrin R. Owens

Rep. Douglas V. Sagers

Rep. Christine F. Watkins

Staff Present:

Ms. Linda Service, Session Secretary

Mr. J Brian Allred, Policy Analyst

Note: A copy of related materials and an audio recording of the meeting can be found at www.le.utah.gov.

Chair Stratton called the meeting to order at 3:40 p.m.

1. H.B. 126 Tire Recycling Modifications (Perry, L.)

Rep. Perry introduced the bill and distributed the handout "2018 Utah Waste Tire Recyclers" assisted by Mr. Robert Jahries, Liberty Tire Services.

MOTION: Rep. Duckworth moved to amend H.B. 126 with Amendment #1. The motion passed with a vote of 11 - 0 - 2.

Amendment 1 H.B. 126

- 1. Page 1, Lines 14 through 16:
- 14 adjusts rates of partial reimbursement; and
- 15 {* addresses funding for management of certain landfill or abandoned waste tire piles;
- 16 and }
- 2. Page 1, Line 27:

{-27-}{-19-6-811, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 360-}

- 3. Page 9, Line 250 through Page 11, Line 316:
- 250 { Section 4. Section 19-6-811 is amended to read:
- 251 19-6-811. Funding for management of certain landfill or abandoned waste tire
- 252 piles -- Limitations.
- 253 (1) (a) A county or municipality may apply to the director for payment from the fund
- 254 for costs of a waste tire transporter or recycler to remove waste tires from an abandoned waste
- 255 tire pile or a landfill waste tire pile operated by a state or local governmental entity and deliver 256 the waste tires to a recycler.
- 257 (b) The director may authorize a maximum reimbursement of:
- 258 (i) 100% of a waste tire transporter's or recycler's costs allowed under Subsection (2) to
- 259 remove waste tires from an abandoned waste tire pile or landfill waste tire pile and deliver the
- 260 waste tires to a recycler, if no waste tires have been added to the abandoned waste tire pile or
- 261 landfill waste tire pile on or after July 1, 2001; or
- 262 (ii) [60%] 100% of a waste tire transporter's or recycler's costs allowed under
- 263 Subsection (2) to remove waste tires from an abandoned waste tire pile or landfill waste tire
- pile and deliver the waste tires to a recycler, if waste tires have been added to the abandoned waste tire pile or landfill waste tire pile on or after July 1, 2001.
- 266 (c) The director may deny an application for payment of waste tire pile removal and
- 267 delivery costs, if the director determines that payment of the costs will result in there not being
- 268 sufficient money in the fund to pay expected reimbursements for recycling or beneficial use



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- 269 under Section 19-6-809 during the next quarter.
- 270 —(2) (a) The maximum number of miles for which the director may reimburse for
- transportation costs incurred by a waste tire transporter under this section is the number of miles, one way, between the location of the waste tire pile and the State Capitol Building, in
- 273 Salt Lake City, Utah, or to the recycler, whichever is less.
- 274 (b) This maximum number of miles available for reimbursement applies regardless of the location of the recycler to which the waste tires are transported under this section.
- (c) The director shall, upon request, advise any person preparing a bid under this
 section of the maximum number of miles available for reimbursement under this Subsection
 (2).
- 279 (d) The cost under this Subsection (2) shall be calculated based on the cost to transport 280 one ton of waste tires one mile.
- (3) (a) The county or municipality shall through a competitive bidding process make a
 good faith attempt to obtain a bid for the removal of the landfill or abandoned waste tire pile
 and transport to a recycler.
- 284 (b) The county or municipality shall submit to the director:
- 285 (i) (A) (I) a statement from the local health department stating the landfill waste tire 286 pile is operated by a state or local governmental entity and consists solely of waste tires 287 diverted from the landfill waste stream;
- 288 (II) a description of the size and location of the landfill waste tire pile; and
- 289 (III) landfill records showing the origin of the waste tires; or
- 290 (B) a statement from the local health department that the waste tire pile is abandoned; 291 and
- 292 (ii) (A) the bid selected by the county or municipality; or
- 293 (B) if no bids were received, a statement to that fact.
- 294 (4) (a) If a bid is submitted, the director shall determine if the bid is reasonable, taking 295 into consideration:
- 296 (i) the location and size of the landfill or abandoned waste tire pile;
- 297 (ii) the number and size of any other landfill or abandoned waste tire piles in the area; 298 and
- 299 (iii) the current market for waste tires of the type in the landfill or abandoned waste tire 300 pile.
- 301 (b) The director shall advise the county or municipality within 30 days of receipt of the 302 bid whether or not the bid is determined to be reasonable.
- 303 (5) (a) If the bid is found to be reasonable, the county or municipality may proceed to have the landfill or abandoned waste tire pile removed pursuant to the bid.
- 305 (b) The county or municipality shall advise the director that the landfill or abandoned 306 waste tire pile has been removed.
- (6) The recycler or waste tire transporter that removed the landfill or abandoned waste
 tires pursuant to the bid shall submit to the director a copy of the manifest, which shall state:
- 309 (a) the number or tons of waste tires transported;
- 310 (b) the location from which they were removed;
- 311 (c) the recycler to which the waste tires were delivered; and
- 312 (d) the amount charged by the transporter or recycler.
- 313 (7) Upon receipt of the information required under Subsection (6), and determination
- 314 that the information is complete, the director shall, within 30 days after receipt authorize the
- 315 Division of Finance to reimburse the waste tire transporter or recycler the amount established
- 316 under this section.

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Rep. L. Wilde

Rep. L. Wilde

Rep. K. Stratton

Yeas-11 Nays-0 Absent-2 Rep. C. Albrecht Rep. J. Ferry

Rep. J. Briscoe

Rep. S. Chew Rep. S. Duckworth

Rep. T. Hawkes

Rep. P. Lyman

Rep. M. McKell

Rep. D. Owens

Rep. D. Sagers

Rep. K. Stratton

Rep. C. Watkins

MOTION: Rep. Duckworth moved to pass H.B. 126 out favorably as amended.

SUBSTITUTE Rep. Briscoe made a substitute motion to go to the next item on the agenda. The substitute motion

MOTION: passed with a vote of 11 - 0 - 2.

Yeas-11 Nays-0 Absent-2 Rep. C. Albrecht Rep. J. Ferry

Rep. J. Briscoe

Rep. S. Chew

Rep. S. Duckworth

Rep. T. Hawkes

Rep. P. Lyman

Rep. M. McKell

Rep. D. Owens

Rep. D. Sagers

Rep. K. Stratton

Rep. C. Watkins

2 . S.B. 46 Tire Recycling Amendments (Sandall, S.)

Sen. Sandall introduced the bill.

Rep. McKell assumed the chair.

Rep. Wilde assumed the chair.

MOTION: Rep. Albrecht moved to pass S.B. 46 out favorably. The motion passed with a vote of 11 - 0 - 2.

Yeas-11 Rep. C. Albrecht Absent-2 Rep. J. Ferry

Rep. J. Briscoe

Rep. S. Chew

Rep. S. Duckworth

Rep. T. Hawkes

Rep. P. Lyman

Rep. M. McKell

Rep. D. Owens

Rep. D. Sagers

Rep. C. Watkins

Rep. L. Wilde

3 . S.B. 66 Dam Safety Amendments (Sandall, S.)

Sen. Sandall introduced the bill.

Mr. Kent Jones, State Engineer and Director, Division of Water Rights, spoke for the bill.

MOTION: Rep. McKell moved to pass S.B. 66 out favorably. The motion passed with a vote of 11 - 0 - 2.

Yeas-11 Nays-0 Absent-2

Rep. C. Albrecht
Rep. J. Ferry
Rep. J. Briscoe
Rep. K. Stratton

Rep. S. Chew

Rep. S. Duckworth

Rep. T. Hawkes

Rep. P. Lyman

Rep. M. McKell

Rep. D. Owens

Rep. D. Sagers

Rep. C. Watkins

Rep. L. Wilde

4 . H.C.R. 15 Concurrent Resolution Commemorating the 150th Anniversary of the Golden Spike (Ferry, J.)

Rep. Ferry introduced the resolution.

Mr. Doug Foxley, Foxley and Pignanelli, spoke for the resolution.

Mr. Nathan Anderson, Union Pacific Railroad, spoke for the resolution.

MOTION: Rep. Albrecht moved to pass H.C.R. 15 out favorably. The motion passed with a vote of 13 - 0 - 0.

Yeas-13 Nays-0 Absent-0

Rep. C. Albrecht

Rep. J. Briscoe

Rep. S. Chew

Rep. S. Duckworth

Rep. J. Ferry

Rep. T. Hawkes

Rep. P. Lyman

Rep. M. McKell

Rep. D. Owens

Rep. D. Sagers

Rep. K. Stratton

Rep. C. Watkins

Rep. L. Wilde

Rep. Stratton resumed the chair.

5 . H.C.R. 5 Concurrent Resolution Urging Policies That Reduce Damage from Wildfires (Ward, R.)

Rep. Ward introduced the resolution and distributed a handout.

Mr. John Armstrong, Professor, Weber State University, spoke for the resolution.

Mr. Ben Abbott, Professor of Environmental Science, Brigham Young University, spoke for the resolution.

Ms. Helen Moser, citizen, spoke to the resolution.

Rep. Hawkes moved to amend H.C.R. 5 with Amendment #1. The motion passed with a vote of 9 - 4 MOTION:

> Amendment 1 H.C.R. 5

- Page 1, Line 11: 1.
- 11 reduction of excess forest fuel loads{and minimize further climate warming}.
- Page 1, Line 15:
- 15 notes the impact that wildfire has on air quality in Utah; and
- Page 1, Lines 17 through 19: 3.
- 17 wildfire risk{ ; and
- 18 --- urges the federal government to pursue policies that minimize additional climate
- 19 change.}<u>.</u>
- Page 2, Lines 31 through 34: 4.
- 31 dollars to fight the fires and increased loss of property and loss of human life; and
- WHEREAS, human carbon dioxide emissions are leading to increased global
- 33 temperatures, including warmer and dryer summers in Utah that are a contributing factor to
- 34 worsening wildfires; and }
- Page 2, Lines 42 through 44:
- 42 { BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Legislature of the state of Utah, the Governor
- concurring therein, urges the federal government to minimize additional climate change by 43
- pursuing policies that will lead to a reduction in carbon dioxide emissions.

Yeas-9 Navs-4 Absent-0

Rep. C. Albrecht Rep. J. Briscoe Rep. S. Chew Rep. S. Duckworth Rep. J. Ferry Rep. K. Stratton Rep. T. Hawkes Rep. L. Wilde

Rep. P. Lyman Rep. M. McKell

Rep. D. Owens

Rep. D. Sagers

Rep. C. Watkins

MOTION: Rep. Hawkes moved to pass H.C.R. 5 out favorably as amended. The motion passed with a vote of 11 - 2 - 0.

Yeas-11 Absent-0 Nays-2

Rep. C. Albrecht Rep. D. Owens Rep. J. Briscoe Rep. K. Stratton

Rep. S. Chew

Rep. S. Duckworth

Rep. J. Ferry

Rep. T. Hawkes

Rep. P. Lyman

Rep. M. McKell

Rep. D. Sagers

Rep. C. Watkins

Rep. L. Wilde

6. H.B. 288 Critical Infrastructure Materials (Wilde, L.)

Rep. Wilde introduced the bill.

- Mr. George Chapman, citizen, spoke against the bill.
- Mr. Adrian Dybwad, citizen, spoke to the bill.
- Dr. Brian Moench, President, Utah Physicians for a Healthy Environment, spoke against the bill.
- Mr. Robert Macfarlane, Draper resident, spoke against the bill.
- Ms. Ashley Soltysiak, Director, Utah Sierra Club, spoke against the bill.
- Mr. Gary Crane, Layton City Attorney's Office, spoke to the bill.
- Ms. Tasha Lowery, representing Draper City Mayor, Mr. Troy Walker, spoke for the bill.
- Mr. Mike Ostermiller, Associated General Contractors, spoke to the bill.
- Ms. Elizabeth Klc, Utah Association of Counties, spoke for the bill.
- Mr. Clint Smith, Council member, Herriman City, spoke for the bill.

MOTION: Rep. Hawkes moved to replace H.B. 288 with 1st Substitute H.B. 288. The motion passed with a vote of 12 - 0 - 1.

Yeas-12 Nays-0 Absent-1

Rep. C. Albrecht

Rep. J. Briscoe

Rep. S. Chew

Rep. J. Ferry

Rep. T. Hawkes

Rep. P. Lyman

Rep. M. McKell

Rep. D. Owens

Rep. D. Sagers

Rep. K. Stratton

Rep. C. Watkins

Rep. L. Wilde

MOTION:

Rep. Hawkes moved to amend 1st Substitute H.B. 288 with Amendment #1. The motion passed with a vote of 13 - 0 - 0.

Rep. S. Duckworth

Amendment 1 1st Sub. H.B. 288

- 1. Page 3, Lines 63 through 72:
- 63 (1) "Critical infrastructure materials" means { the same as that term is defined in Section
- 64 <u>17-41-101</u>} sand, gravel, or rock aggregate.
- 65 (2) "Critical infrastructure materials operations" (means the same as that term is defined
- 66 <u>in Section 17-41-101</u>} means the extraction, excavation, processing, or reprocessing of critical infrastructure materials.
- 67 (3) "Critical infrastructure materials operator" means the term is defined
- 68 <u>in Section 17-41-101</u>} <u>a natural person, corporation, association, partnership, receiver, trustee, executor, administrator, guardian, fiduciary, agent, or other organization or representative, either public or private, including a successor, assign, affiliate, subsidiary, and related parent company, that:</u>
- (a) owns, controls, or manages a critical infrastructure materials operations; and
- (b) has produced commercial quantities of critical infrastructure materials from the critical infrastructure materials operations.
- 69 (4) "Vested critical infrastructure materials operations" means critical infrastructure
- 70 <u>materials operations operating in accordance with a permit issued by the municipality that existed or was conducted or otherwise engaged in before a political</u>

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- 71 subdivision prohibits, restricts, or otherwise limits the critical infrastructure materials
- operations.
- Page 3, Lines 80 through 83:
- 80 (1) (a) Critical infrastructure materials operations operating in accordance with a permit issued by the municipality are conclusively presumed to be
- vested critical infrastructure materials operations if the critical infrastructure materials
- operations existed or was conducted or otherwise engaged in before a political subdivision
- prohibits, restricts, or otherwise limits the critical infrastructure materials operations. 83
- Page 3, Line 87 through Page 4, Line 90:
- 87 (2) A vested critical infrastructure materials operations:
- 88 (a) runs with the land; and
- 89 (b) may be changed to another critical infrastructure materials operations conducted within the scope of the permit for the vested critical infrastructure materials operations without
- losing its status as a vested critical infrastructure materials operations.
- Page 4, Line 104 through Page 5, Line 133:
- 104 10-9a-903. Rights of a critical infrastructure materials operator with a vested 105 critical infrastructure materials operations - Expanding vested critical infrastructure materials operations { -- Notice. } 106
- 107 (1) Notwithstanding a political subdivision's prohibition, restriction, or other limitation 108 on a critical infrastructure materials operations adopted after the establishment of the critical 109 infrastructure materials operations, the rights of a critical infrastructure materials operator with 110 vested critical infrastructure materials operations include the right to:
- 111 { (a) progress, extend, enlarge, grow, or expand the vested critical infrastructure
- 112 materials operations to land that the critical infrastructure materials operator owns or controls;
- 113 (b) expand the vested critical infrastructure materials operations to any new land that is
- 114 contiguous and related in critical infrastructure materials to surface or subsurface land that the 115 <u>critical infrastructure materials operator already owns or controls;</u>
- 116 {(c)} (a) use, operate, construct, reconstruct, restore, {extend, expand,} maintain, repair, alter, 117 substitute, modernize, upgrade, and replace equipment, processes, facilities, and buildings on 118 any surface or subsurface land that the critical infrastructure materials operator owns or 119
- 120 (d) increase production or volume, alter the method of excavating or extracting, and 121 process a different or additional critical infrastructure material than previously owned on any 122 surface or subsurface land that the critical infrastructure materials operator owns or controls; 123
- 124 {(e)} (b) discontinue, suspend, terminate, deactivate, or continue and reactivate, temporarily 125 or permanently, all or any part of the critical infrastructure materials operations.
- 126 (2) {Notwithstanding the other provisions of this section from May 14, 2019, to July 1,
- 127 2020, a. A vested critical infrastructure materials operator may expand a vested critical 128 infrastructure materials operator only if:
- 129 (a) the land to which the vested critical infrastructure materials operator expands is
- 130 contiguous with land that the vested critical infrastructure materials operator owns or controls;
- 131 (b) the vested critical infrastructure materials operator owns or leases the land to which
- 132 the vested critical infrastructure materials operator expands as of February 1, 2019; {and}
- (c) the land is zoned for vested <u>critical infrastructure materials operations</u>; and 133
- (d) the expansion is in accordance with the scope of the initial permit issued by the municipality.
- Page 6, Lines 161 through 171:
- 161 As used in this part:

controls:

- 162 (1) "Critical infrastructure materials" means{ the same as that term is defined in Section
- 163 17-41-101 sand, gravel, or rock aggregate.
- 164 (2) "Critical infrastructure materials operations" means { the same as that term is defined
- 165 in Section 17-41-101 the extraction, excavation, processing, or reprocessing of critical infrastructure materials
- 166 (3) "Critical infrastructure materials operator" means (the same as that term is defined
- in Section 17-41-101} a natural person, corporation, association, partnership, receiver, trustee, executor, administrator, guardian, fiduciary, agent, or other organization or representative, either public or private, including a successor, assign, affiliate, subsidiary, and related parent company, that:

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- (a) owns, controls, or manages a critical infrastructure materials operations; and (b) has produced commercial quantities of critical infrastructure materials from the critical infrastructure materials operations.
- 168 (4) "Vested critical infrastructure materials operations" means critical infrastructure
- 169 <u>materials operations</u> <u>operating in accordance with a permit issued by the county</u> that existed or was <u>conducted or otherwise engaged in before a political</u>
- 170 <u>subdivision prohibits, restricts, or otherwise limits the critical infrastructure materials</u>
- 171 operations.
- 6. Page 6, Line 179 through Page 7, Line 182:
- 179 (1) (a) Critical infrastructure materials operations operating in accordance with a permit issued by the county are conclusively presumed to be
- 180 vested critical infrastructure materials operations if the critical infrastructure materials
- 181 operations existed or was conducted or otherwise engaged in before a political subdivision
- 182 prohibits, restricts, or otherwise limits the critical infrastructure materials operations.
- 7. Page 7, Lines 186 through 189:
- 186 (2) A vested critical infrastructure materials operations:
- 187 (a) runs with the land; and
- (b) may be changed to another critical infrastructure materials operations conducted within the scope of the permit for the vested critical infrastructure materials operations without
- 189 losing its status as a vested critical infrastructure materials operations.
- 8. Page 7, Line 203 through Page 8, Line 231:
- 203 <u>17-27a-1003.</u> Rights of a critical infrastructure materials operator with a vested critical infrastructure materials operations Expanding vested critical infrastructure materials operations { Notice }.
- (1) Notwithstanding a political subdivision's prohibition, restriction, or other limitation
 on a critical infrastructure materials operations adopted after the establishment of the critical
 infrastructure materials operations, the rights of a critical infrastructure materials operator with
 vested critical infrastructure materials operations include the right to:
- 210 { (a) progress, extend, enlarge, grow, or expand the vested critical infrastructure
- 211 materials operations to land that the critical infrastructure materials operator owns or controls;
- (b) expand the vested critical infrastructure materials operations to any new land that is
 contiguous and related in critical infrastructure materials to surface or subsurface land that the
 critical infrastructure materials operator already owns or controls;
- (c) (a) use, operate, construct, reconstruct, restore, { extend, expand, } maintain, repair, alter,
 substitute, modernize, upgrade, and replace equipment, processes, facilities, and buildings on
 any surface or subsurface land that the critical infrastructure materials operator owns or
 controls;
- {(d) increase production or volume, alter the method of excavating or extracting, and
 process a different or additional critical infrastructure material than previously owned on any
 surface or subsurface land that the critical infrastructure materials operator owns or controls;
 and
- 223 {-(e)-} (b) discontinue, suspend, terminate, deactivate, or continue and reactivate, temporarily or permanently, all or any part of the critical infrastructure materials operations.
- (2) { Notwithstanding the other provisions of this section from May 14, 2019, to July 1,
- 226 2020, a A vested critical infrastructure materials operator may expand a vested critical infrastructure materials operator only if:
- 228 (a) the land to which the vested critical infrastructure materials operator expands is
- 229 contiguous with land that the vested critical infrastructure materials operator owns or controls;
- 230 (b) the vested critical infrastructure materials operator owns or leases the land to which
- 231 the vested critical infrastructure materials operator expands as of February 1, 2019; { and }
- 9. Page 8, Line 232:
- (c) the land is zoned for vested critical infrastructure materials operations (<u>-</u>); and (d) the expansion is in accordance with the scope of the initial permit issued by the county.
- 10. Page 26, Lines 792 through 798:
- 792 (6) { From May 14, 2019, to July 1, 2020, a } A county, city, or town may not:
- 793 (a) adopt, enact, or amend an existing land use regulation, ordinance, or regulation that

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794 <u>would prohibit, restrict, regulate, or otherwise limit critical infrastructure materials operations,</u>

795 including vested critical infrastructure materials operations as defined in Section 10-9a-901 or

796 17-27a-1001; or

797 (b) initiate proceedings to amend the county's, city's, or town's land use ordinances as

798 described in Subsection 10-9a-509(1)(a)(ii) or 17-27a-508(1)(a)(ii).

Yeas-13 Nays-0 Absent-0

Rep. C. Albrecht Rep. J. Briscoe Rep. S. Chew Rep. S. Duckworth Rep. J. Ferry

Rep. T. Hawkes

Rep. P. Lyman

Rep. M. McKell

Rep. D. Owens

Rep. D. Sagers Rep. K. Stratton

Rep. C. Watkins

Rep. L. Wilde

MOTION: Rep. Hawkes moved to hold 1st Substitute H.B. 288 as amended. The motion passed with a vote of 12 - 0 - 1.

Yeas-12 Nays-0 Absent-1

Rep. C. Albrecht Rep. S. Duckworth

Rep. J. Briscoe

Rep. S. Chew

Rep. J. Ferry

Rep. T. Hawkes

Rep. P. Lyman

Rep. M. McKell

Rep. D. Owens Rep. D. Sagers

Rep. K. Stratton

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Rep. C. Watkins

Rep. L. Wilde

7 . H.B. 126 Tire Recycling Modifications (Perry, L.)

MOTION: Rep. McKell moved to adjourn. The motion failed with a vote of 6 - 6 - 1.

Yeas-6 Nays-6 Absent-1

Rep. C. Albrecht Rep. S. Chew Rep. S. Duckworth

Rep. J. Briscoe
Rep. J. Ferry
Rep. D. Sagers
Rep. T. Hawkes
Rep. M. McKell
Rep. D. Owens
Rep. L. Wilde

MOTION: Rep. Wilde moved to pass H.B. 126 out favorably. The motion passed with a vote of 9 - 2 - 2.



February 15, 2019

Absent-2 Yeas-9 Nays-2

Rep. C. Albrecht Rep. T. Hawkes Rep. S. Duckworth Rep. J. Briscoe Rep. J. Ferry Rep. M. McKell

Rep. S. Chew

Rep. P. Lyman

Rep. D. Owens

Rep. D. Sagers

Rep. K. Stratton

Rep. C. Watkins

Rep. L. Wilde

MOTION: Rep. Watkins moved to adjourn. The motion passed with a vote of 13 - 0 - 0.

Yeas-13 Nays-0 Absent-0

Rep. C. Albrecht

Rep. J. Briscoe

Rep. S. Chew

Rep. S. Duckworth

Rep. J. Ferry

Rep. T. Hawkes

Rep. P. Lyman

Rep. M. McKell

Rep. D. Owens

Rep. D. Sagers Rep. K. Stratton

Rep. C. Watkins

Rep. L. Wilde