1	ELECTRONIC CIGARETTE AND OTHER NICOTINE
2	PRODUCT AMENDMENTS
3	2020 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	
6	LONG TITLE
7	General Description:
8	This bill enacts and amends provisions relating to electronic cigarette products and
9	nicotine products.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	defines terms;
13	 imposes permitting requirements and processes for the sale of a nicotine product;
14	 require a tobacco retailer to provide itemized receipts and to maintain an itemized
15	transaction log for sales of a tobacco product, an electronic cigarette product, or a
16	nicotine product;
17	 applies civil penalties to the improper sale of a nicotine product;
18	 requires certain nicotine products to have a statement on the products' exterior
19	packages that the products contain nicotine;
20	• imposes licensing and bonding requirements on a person that sells or distributes an
21	electronic cigarette product or a nicotine product;
22	• imposes an excise tax on the sale in the state of an electronic cigarette substance, a
23	prefilled electronic cigarette, an alternative nicotine product, a nontherapeutic
24	nicotine device substance, and a prefilled nontherapeutic nicotine device;
25	 provides for the remittance of the tax collected;
26	 creates the Electronic Cigarette Substance and Nicotine Product Tax Restricted
27	Account;
28	► addresses use of revenue from the taxation of an electronic cigarette substance, a
29	prefilled electronic cigarette, an alternative nicotine product, a nontherapeutic
30	nicotine device substance, and a prefilled nontherapeutic nicotine device;
31	 provides criminal penalties for a sale or a purchase of an electronic cigarette produc

32	or a nicotine product in violation of the law;
33	• prohibits a manufacturer, a wholesaler, or a retailer from providing certain discounts
34	or giveaways for electronic cigarettes; and
35	 makes technical and conforming changes.
36	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
37	None
38	Other Special Clauses:
39	This bill provides a special effective date.
40	Utah Code Sections Affected:
41	AMENDS:
42	10-8-41.6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 231
43	17-50-333, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 231
44	26-57-101 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 132
45	26-57-102 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 132
46	26-62-101 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 231
47	26-62-102, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 231
48	26-62-201 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 231
49	26-62-202 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 157
50	26-62-301 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 231
51	26-62-304 (Effective 07/01/20), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 232
52	26-62-305 (Effective 07/01/20), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 232
53	26-62-306, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 231
54	26A-1-128 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 231
55	53-3-229, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapters 114 and 276
56	53-3-810, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapters 114 and 276
57	53G-4-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 83, 293, and 451
58	53G-8-209 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 293
59	59-14-102 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 148
60	59-14-302 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 189
61	59-14-801 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 132
62	59-14-802 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 136

- 2 -

63	59-14-803 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 231
64	76-8-311.3 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 114
65	76-10-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapters 66, 132 and last amended
66	by Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 132
67	76-10-104 (Effective 07/01/20), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 232
68	76-10-104.1 (Effective 07/01/20), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 232
69	76-10-105 (Effective 07/01/20), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 232
70	76-10-105.1 (Effective 07/01/20), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 232
71	76-10-111 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 114
72	77-39-101 (Effective 07/01/20), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 232
73	ENACTS:
74	26-57-104 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
75	26-62-206 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
76	59-14-804 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
77	59-14-805 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
78	59-14-806 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
79	59-14-807 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
80 81	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
82	Section 1. Section 10-8-41.6 is amended to read:
83	10-8-41.6. Regulation of retail tobacco specialty business.
84	(1) As used in this section:
85	(a) "Community location" means:
86	(i) a public or private kindergarten, elementary, middle, junior high, or high school;
87	(ii) a licensed child-care facility or preschool;
88	(iii) a trade or technical school;
89	(iv) a church;
90	(v) a public library;
91	(vi) a public playground;
92	(vii) a public park;

93	(viii) a youth center or other space used primarily for youth oriented activities;
94	(ix) a public recreational facility;
95	(x) a public arcade; or
96	(xi) for a new license issued on or after July 1, 2018, a homeless shelter.
97	(b) "Department" means the Department of Health, created in Section 26-1-4.
98	(c) "Electronic cigarette product" means the same as that term is defined in Section
99	<u>59-14-102.</u>
100	(d) "Licensee" means a person licensed under this section to conduct business as a
101	retail tobacco specialty business.
102	[(c)] (e) "Local health department" means the same as that term is defined in Section
103	26A-1-102.
104	(f) "Nicotine product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-14-102.
105	[(d) "Permittee" means a person licensed under this section to conduct business as a
106	retail tobacco specialty business.]
107	[(e)] (g) "Retail tobacco specialty business" means a commercial establishment in
108	which:
109	(i) [the sale of tobacco products accounts] sales of tobacco products, electronic
110	cigarette products, and nicotine products account for more than 35% of the total quarterly gross
111	receipts for the establishment;
112	(ii) 20% or more of the public retail floor space is allocated to the offer, display, or
113	storage of tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, and nicotine products;
114	(iii) 20% or more of the total shelf space is allocated to the offer, display, or storage of
115	tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, and nicotine products; or
116	(iv) the retail space features a self-service display for tobacco products, electronic
117	cigarette products, and nicotine products.
118	[(f)] (h) "Self-service display" means the same as that term is defined in Section
119	76-10-105.1.
120	[(g)] <u>(i)</u> "Tobacco product" means:
121	(i) any cigar[;] or cigarette, [or electronic cigarette,] as those terms are defined in
122	Section 76-10-101;
123	(ii) a tobacco product, as that term is defined in Section 59-14-102, including:

- 4 -

124	(A) chewing tobacco; or
125	(B) any substitute for a tobacco product, including flavoring or additives to tobacco;
126	and
127	(iii) tobacco paraphernalia, as that term is defined in Section 76-10-104.1.
128	(2) The regulation of a retail tobacco specialty business is an exercise of the police
129	powers of the state, and through delegation, to other governmental entities.
130	(3) (a) A person may not operate a retail tobacco specialty business in a municipality
131	unless the person obtains a license from the municipality in which the retail tobacco specialty
132	business is located.
133	(b) A municipality may only issue a retail tobacco specialty business license to a
134	person if the person complies with the provisions of Subsections (4) and (5).
135	(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7), a municipality may not issue a license for
136	a person to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty business if the retail tobacco specialty
137	business is located within:
138	(i) 1,000 feet of a community location;
139	(ii) 600 feet of another retail tobacco specialty business; or
140	(iii) 600 feet from property used or zoned for:
141	(A) agriculture use; or
142	(B) residential use.
143	(b) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a), the proximity requirements shall be measured in
144	a straight line from the nearest entrance of the retail tobacco specialty business to the nearest
145	property boundary of a location described in Subsections (4)(a)(i) through (iii), without regard
146	to intervening structures or zoning districts.
147	(5) [(a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), beginning July 1, 2018, a] A
148	municipality may not issue or renew a license for a person to conduct business as a retail
149	tobacco specialty business until the person provides the municipality with proof that the retail
150	tobacco specialty business has:
151	[(i)] (a) a valid permit for a retail tobacco specialty business issued under Title 26,
152	Chapter 62, Tobacco, Electronic Cigarette, and Nicotine Product Retail Permit, by the local
153	health department having jurisdiction over the area in which the retail tobacco specialty
154	business is located; and

155	[(n)] (b) (1) a valid license issued by the State Tax Commission in accordance with
156	Section 59-14-201 or 59-14-301 to sell [tobacco products from the State Tax Commission.] a
157	tobacco product; or
158	(ii) a valid license issued by the State Tax Commission in accordance with Section
159	59-14-803 to sell an electronic cigarette product or a nicotine product.
160	[(b) A person that was licensed to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty
161	business in a municipality before July 1, 2018, shall obtain a permit from a local health
162	department under Title 26, Chapter 62, Tobacco Retail Permit, on or before January 1, 2019.]
163	(6) (a) Nothing in this section:
164	(i) requires a municipality to issue a retail tobacco specialty business license; or
165	(ii) prohibits a municipality from adopting more restrictive requirements on a person
166	seeking a license or renewal of a license to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty
167	business.
168	(b) A municipality may suspend or revoke a retail tobacco specialty business license
169	issued under this section:
170	(i) if a licensee engages in a pattern of unlawful activity under Title 76, Chapter 10,
171	Part 16, Pattern of Unlawful Activity Act;
172	(ii) if a licensee violates the regulations restricting the sale and distribution of
173	cigarettes and smokeless tobacco to protect children and adolescents issued by the United
174	States Food and Drug Administration, 21 C.F.R. Part 1140;
175	(iii) upon the recommendation of the department or a local health department under
176	Title 26, Chapter 62, Tobacco, Electronic Cigarette, and Nicotine Product Retail Permit; or
177	(iv) under any other provision of state law or local ordinance.
178	(7) (a) In accordance with Subsection (7)(b), a retail tobacco specialty business that has
179	a business license and is operating in a municipality in accordance with all applicable laws
180	except for the requirement in Subsection (4), on or before December 31, 2015, is exempt from
181	Subsection (4).
182	(b) A retail tobacco specialty business may maintain an exemption under Subsection
183	(7)(a) if:
184	(i) the retail tobacco specialty business license is renewed continuously without lapse
185	or permanent revocation:

186	(ii) the retail tobacco specialty business does not close for business or otherwise
187	suspend the sale of tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, or nicotine products for
188	more than 60 consecutive days;
189	(iii) the retail tobacco specialty business does not substantially change the business
190	premises or business operation; and
191	(iv) the retail tobacco specialty business maintains the right to operate under the terms
192	of other applicable laws, including:
193	(A) Title 26, Chapter 38, Utah Indoor Clean Air Act;
194	(B) zoning ordinances;
195	(C) building codes; and
196	(D) the requirements of a retail tobacco specialty business license issued before
197	December 31, 2015.
198	Section 2. Section 17-50-333 is amended to read:
199	17-50-333. Regulation of retail tobacco specialty business.
200	(1) As used in this section:
201	(a) "Community location" means:
202	(i) a public or private kindergarten, elementary, middle, junior high, or high school;
203	(ii) a licensed child-care facility or preschool;
204	(iii) a trade or technical school;
205	(iv) a church;
206	(v) a public library;
207	(vi) a public playground;
208	(vii) a public park;
209	(viii) a youth center or other space used primarily for youth oriented activities;
210	(ix) a public recreational facility;
211	(x) a public arcade; or
212	(xi) for a new license issued on or after July 1, 2018, a homeless shelter.
213	(b) "Department" means the Department of Health, created in Section 26-1-4.
214	(c) "Electronic cigarette product" means the same as that term is defined in Section
215	<u>59-14-102.</u>
216	[(c)] <u>(d)</u> "Licensee" means a person licensed under this section to conduct business as a

217	retail tobacco specialty business.
218	[(d)] (e) "Local health department" means the same as that term is defined in Section
219	26A-1-102.
220	(f) "Nicotine product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-14-102.
221	[(e)] (g) "Retail tobacco specialty business" means a commercial establishment in
222	which:
223	(i) [the sale of tobacco products accounts] sales of tobacco products, electronic
224	cigarette products, and nicotine products account for more than 35% of the total quarterly gross
225	receipts for the establishment;
226	(ii) 20% or more of the public retail floor space is allocated to the offer, display, or
227	storage of tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, and nicotine products;
228	(iii) 20% or more of the total shelf space is allocated to the offer, display, or storage of
229	tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, and nicotine products; or
230	(iv) the retail space features a self-service display for tobacco products, electronic
231	cigarette products, and nicotine products.
232	[(f)] (h) "Self-service display" means the same as that term is defined in Section
233	76-10-105.1.
234	[(g)] (i) "Tobacco product" means:
235	(i) any cigar[;] or cigarette, [or electronic cigarette] as those terms are defined in
236	Section 76-10-101;
237	(ii) a tobacco product as that term is defined in Section 59-14-102, including:
238	(A) chewing tobacco; or
239	(B) any substitute for a tobacco product, including flavoring or additives to tobacco;
240	and
241	(iii) tobacco paraphernalia as that term is defined in Section 76-10-104.1.
242	(2) The regulation of a retail tobacco specialty business is an exercise of the police
243	powers of the state, and through delegation, to other governmental entities.
244	(3) (a) A person may not operate a retail tobacco specialty business in a county unless
245	the person obtains a license from the county in which the retail tobacco specialty business is
246	located.
247	(b) A county may only issue a retail tobacco specialty business license to a person if

248	the person complies with the provisions of Subsections (4) and (5).
249	(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7), a county may not issue a license for a
250	person to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty business if the retail tobacco specialty
251	business is located within:
252	(i) 1,000 feet of a community location;
253	(ii) 600 feet of another retail tobacco specialty business; or
254	(iii) 600 feet from property used or zoned for:
255	(A) agriculture use; or
256	(B) residential use.
257	(b) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a), the proximity requirements shall be measured in
258	a straight line from the nearest entrance of the retail tobacco specialty business to the nearest
259	property boundary of a location described in Subsections (4)(a)(i) through (iii), without regard
260	to intervening structures or zoning districts.
261	(5) [(a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), beginning July 1, 2018, a] A county
262	may not issue or renew a license for a person to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty
263	business until the person provides the county with proof that the retail tobacco specialty
264	business has:
265	[(i)] (a) a valid permit for a retail tobacco specialty business issued under Title 26,
266	Chapter 62, Tobacco, Electronic Cigarette, and Nicotine Product Retail Permit, by the local
267	health department having jurisdiction over the area in which the retail tobacco specialty
268	business is located; and
269	[(ii)] (b) (i) a valid license issued by the State Tax Commission in accordance with
270	Section 59-14-201 or 59-14-301 to sell [tobacco products from the State Tax Commission.] a
271	tobacco product; or
272	(ii) a valid license issued by the State Tax Commission in accordance with Section
273	59-14-803 to sell an electronic cigarette product or a nicotine product.
274	[(b) A person that was licensed to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty
275	business in a county before July 1, 2018, shall obtain a permit from a local health department
276	under Title 26, Chapter 62, Tobacco Retail Permit, on or before January 1, 2019.]
277	(6) (a) Nothing in this section:
278	(i) requires a county to issue a retail tobacco specialty business license; or

279 (ii) prohibits a county from adopting more restrictive requirements on a person seeking 280 a license or renewal of a license to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty business. 281 (b) A county may suspend or revoke a retail tobacco specialty business license issued under this section: 282 283 (i) if a licensee engages in a pattern of unlawful activity under Title 76, Chapter 10, 284 Part 16, Pattern of Unlawful Activity Act; 285 (ii) if a licensee violates the regulations restricting the sale and distribution of 286 cigarettes and smokeless tobacco to protect children and adolescents issued by the United 287 States Food and Drug Administration, 21 C.F.R. Part 1140; 288 (iii) upon the recommendation of the department or a local health department under 289 Title 26, Chapter 62, Tobacco, Electronic Cigarette, and Nicotine Product Retail Permit; or 290 (iv) under any other provision of state law or local ordinance. 291 (7) (a) In accordance with Subsection (7)(b), a retail tobacco specialty business that has 292 a business license and is operating in a county in accordance with all applicable laws except for 293 the requirement in Subsection (4), on or before December 31, 2015, is exempt from Subsection 294 (4). 295 (b) A retail tobacco specialty business may maintain an exemption under Subsection 296 (7)(a) if: 297 (i) the retail tobacco specialty business license is renewed continuously without lapse 298 or permanent revocation; 299 (ii) the retail tobacco specialty business does not close for business or otherwise 300 suspend the sale of tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, or nicotine products for 301 more than 60 consecutive days; 302 (iii) the retail tobacco specialty business does not substantially change the business premises or business operation; and 303 304 (iv) the retail tobacco specialty business maintains the right to operate under the terms 305 of other applicable laws, including: 306 (A) Title 26, Chapter 38, Utah Indoor Clean Air Act; 307 (B) zoning ordinances; 308 (C) building codes; and 309 (D) the requirements of a retail tobacco specialty business license issued before

310	December 31, 2015.
311	Section 3. Section 26-57-101 is amended to read:
312	CHAPTER 57. ELECTRONIC CIGARETTE AND NICOTINE PRODUCT
313	REGULATION ACT.
314	26-57-101. Title.
315	This chapter is known as the "Electronic Cigarette and Nicotine Product Regulation
316	Act."
317	Section 4. Section 26-57-102 is amended to read:
318	26-57-102. Definitions.
319	As used in this chapter:
320	(1) "Cigarette" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-14-102.
321	(2) "Electronic cigarette" means the same as that term is defined in Section
322	[59-14-802] <u>59-14-102</u> .
323	(3) "Electronic cigarette product" means an electronic cigarette or an electronic
324	cigarette substance.
325	(4) "Electronic cigarette substance" means the same as that term is defined in Section
326	[59-14-802] <u>59-14-102</u> .
327	(5) "Local health department" means the same as that term is defined in Section
328	<u>26A-1-102.</u>
329	[(5)] (6) "Manufacture" includes:
330	(a) to cast, construct, or make electronic cigarettes; or
331	(b) to blend, make, process, or prepare an electronic cigarette substance.
332	[(6)] (7) "Manufacturer sealed electronic cigarette substance" means an electronic
333	cigarette substance that is sold in a container that:
334	(a) is [pre-filled] prefilled by the electronic cigarette substance manufacturer; and
335	(b) the electronic cigarette manufacturer does not intend for a consumer to open.
336	(8) "Nicotine" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-14-102.
337	(9) "Nicotine product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-14-102.
338	Section 5. Section 26-57-104 is enacted to read:
339	26-57-104. Labeling of nicotine products containing nicotine.
340	(1) Any nicotine product shall contain the statement described in Subsection (2) if the

341	nicotine product:
342	(a) (i) is not a tobacco product as defined in 21 U.S.C. Sec. 321 and related federal
343	regulations; or
344	(ii) is not otherwise required under federal or state law to contain a nicotine warning;
345	<u>and</u>
346	(b) contains nicotine.
347	(2) A statement shall appear on the exterior packaging of a nicotine product described
348	in Subsection (1) as follows:
349	"This product contains nicotine."
350	Section 6. Section 26-62-101 is amended to read:
351	CHAPTER 62. TOBACCO, ELECTRONIC CIGARETTE, AND NICOTINE
352	PRODUCT RETAIL PERMIT.
353	26-62-101. Title.
354	This chapter is known as "Tobacco, Electronic Cigarette, and Nicotine Product Retail
355	Permit."
356	Section 7. Section 26-62-102 is amended to read:
357	26-62-102. Definitions.
358	As used in this chapter:
359	(1) "Community location" means the same as that term is defined:
360	(a) as it relates to a municipality, in Section 10-8-41.6; and
361	(b) as it relates to a county, in Section 17-50-333.
362	(2) "Electronic cigarette product" means the same as that term is defined in Section
363	<u>59-14-102.</u>
364	$[\frac{(2)}{(3)}]$ "Employee" means an employee of a tobacco retailer.
365	[(3)] (4) "Enforcing agency" means the state Department of Health, or any local health
366	department enforcing the provisions of this chapter.
367	$[\frac{(4)}{(5)}]$ "General tobacco retailer" means a tobacco retailer that is not a retail tobacco
368	specialty business.
369	[(5)] (6) "Local health department" means the same as that term is defined in Section
370	26A-1-102.
371	(7) "Nicotine product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-14-102.

372	[(6)] (8) "Permit" means a tobacco retail permit issued under this chapter.
373	$[\frac{7}{9}]$ "Retail tobacco specialty business" means the same as that term is defined:
374	(a) as it relates to a municipality, in Section 10-8-41.6; and
375	(b) as it relates to a county, in Section 17-50-333.
376	[(8)] (10) "Tax commission license" means a license issued by the State Tax
377	Commission under:
378	(a) Section 59-14-201 to sell [cigarettes] a cigarette at retail;
379	(b) Section 59-14-301 to sell [tobacco products] a tobacco product at retail; or
380	(c) Section 59-14-803 to sell an electronic cigarette product or a nicotine product.
381	[(9)] <u>(11)</u> "Tobacco product" means:
382	(a) a cigar[;] or cigarette, [or electronic cigarette] as those terms are defined in Section
383	76-10-101;
384	(b) a tobacco product as that term is defined in Section 59-14-102, including:
385	(i) chewing tobacco; or
386	(ii) any substitute for a tobacco product, including flavoring or additives to tobacco; or
387	(c) tobacco paraphernalia as that term is defined in Section 76-10-104.1.
388	[(10)] (12) "Tobacco retailer" means a person that is required to obtain a tax
389	commission license.
390	Section 8. Section 26-62-201 is amended to read:
391	26-62-201. Permitting requirement.
392	(1) (a) [Beginning July 1, 2018, a] A tobacco retailer shall hold a valid tobacco retail
393	permit issued in accordance with this chapter by the local health department with jurisdiction
394	over the physical location where the tobacco retailer operates.
395	(b) A tobacco retailer without a valid permit may not:
396	(i) place [tobacco products] a tobacco product, an electronic cigarette product, or a
397	nicotine product in public view;
398	(ii) display any advertisement related to [tobacco products] a tobacco product, an
399	electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product that promotes the sale, distribution, or use of
400	those products; or
401	(iii) sell, offer for sale, or offer to exchange for any form of consideration, tobacco [or
402	tobacco products], a tobacco product, an electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product.

403	(2) A local health department may issue a permit under this chapter for a tobacco
404	retailer in the classification of:
405	(a) a general tobacco retailer; or
406	(b) a retail tobacco specialty business.
407	(3) A permit under this chapter is:
408	(a) valid only for one physical location, including a vending machine;
409	(b) valid only at one fixed business address; and
410	(c) if multiple tobacco retailers are at the same address, separately required for each
411	tobacco retailer.
412	[(4) Notwithstanding the requirement in Subsection (1), a person that holds a tax
413	commission license that was valid on July 1, 2018:]
414	[(a) may operate without a permit under this chapter until December 31, 2018; and]
415	[(b) shall obtain a permit from a local health department under this chapter before
416	January 1, 2019.]
417	Section 9. Section 26-62-202 is amended to read:
418	26-62-202. Permit application.
419	(1) A local health department shall issue a permit under this chapter for a tobacco
420	retailer if the local health department determines that the applicant:
421	(a) accurately provided all information required under Subsection (3) and, if applicable
422	Subsection (4); and
423	(b) meets all requirements for a permit under this chapter.
424	(2) An applicant for a permit shall:
425	(a) submit an application described in Subsection (3) to the local health department
426	with jurisdiction over the area where the tobacco retailer is located; and
427	(b) pay all applicable fees described in Section 26-62-203.
428	(3) The application for a permit shall include:
429	(a) the name, address, and telephone number of each proprietor;
430	(b) the name and mailing address of each proprietor authorized to receive
431	permit-related communication and notices;
432	(c) the business name, address, and telephone number of the single, fixed location for
433	which a permit is sought;

434	(d) evidence that the location for which a permit is sought has a valid tax commission
435	license;
436	(e) information regarding whether, in the past 24 months, any proprietor of the tobacco
437	retailer has been determined to have violated, or has been a proprietor at a location that has
438	been determined to have violated:
439	(i) a provision of this chapter;
440	(ii) Chapter 38, Utah Indoor Clean Air Act;
441	(iii) Title 76, Chapter 10, Part 1, Cigarettes and Tobacco and Psychotoxic Chemical
442	Solvents;
443	(iv) Title 76, Chapter 10, Part 16, Pattern of Unlawful Activity Act;
444	(v) regulations restricting the sale and distribution of cigarettes and smokeless tobacco
445	issued by the United States Food and Drug Administration, 21 C.F.R. Part 1140; or
446	(vi) any other provision of state law or local ordinance regarding the sale, marketing, or
447	distribution of [tobacco products] a tobacco product, an electronic cigarette product, or a
448	nicotine product; and
449	(f) the dates of all violations disclosed under this Subsection (3).
450	(4) (a) In addition to the information described in Subsection (3), an applicant for a
451	retail tobacco specialty business permit shall include evidence showing whether the business is
452	located within:
453	(i) 1,000 feet of a community location;
454	(ii) 600 feet of another retail tobacco specialty business; or
455	(iii) 600 feet of property used or zoned for agricultural or residential use.
456	(b) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a), the proximity requirements shall be measured in
457	a straight line from the nearest entrance of the retail tobacco specialty business to the nearest
458	property boundary of a location described in Subsections (4)(a)(i) through (iii), without regard
459	to intervening structures or zoning districts.
460	(5) The department or a local health department may not deny a permit to a retail
461	tobacco specialty business under Subsection (4) if the retail tobacco specialty business obtained
462	a license to operate the retail tobacco specialty business before December 31, 2015, from:
463	(a) a municipality under Section 10-8-41.6; or
464	(b) a county under Section 17-50-333.

465	(6) (a) The department shall establish by rule made in accordance with Title 63G,
466	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, a permit process for local health departments
467	in accordance with this chapter.
468	(b) The permit process established by the department under Subsection (6)(a) may not
469	require any information in an application that is not required by this section.
470	Section 10. Section 26-62-206 is enacted to read:
471	26-62-206. Requirements for the sale of tobacco product, electronic cigarette
472	product, or nicotine product.
473	(1) A tobacco retailer shall:
474	(a) provide the customer with an itemized receipt for each sale of a tobacco product, an
475	electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product that separately identifies:
476	(i) the name of the tobacco product, the electronic cigarette product, or the nicotine
477	product;
478	(ii) the amount charged for each tobacco product, electronic cigarette product, or
479	nicotine product; and
480	(iii) the date and time of the sale; and
481	(b) maintain an itemized transaction log that separately identifies, for each sale of a
482	tobacco product, an electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product:
483	(i) the name of the tobacco product, the electronic cigarette product, or the nicotine
484	product;
485	(ii) the amount charged for each tobacco product, electronic cigarette product, or
486	nicotine product; and
487	(iii) the date and time of the sale.
488	(2) The itemized transaction log described in Subsection (1)(b) shall be:
489	(a) maintained for at least one year from the date of each transaction in the itemized
490	transaction log; and
491	(b) made available to an enforcing agency or a peace officer at the request of the
492	enforcing agency or the peace officer.
493	Section 11. Section 26-62-301 is amended to read:
494	26-62-301. Permit violation.
495	A person is in violation of the permit issued under this chapter if the person violates:

196	(1) a provision of this chapter;
197	(2) a provision of licensing laws under Section 10-8-41.6 or Section 17-50-333;
198	(3) a provision of Title 76, Chapter 10, Part 1, Cigarettes and Tobacco and Psychotoxic
199	Chemical Solvents;
500	(4) a provision of Title 76, Chapter 10, Part 16, Pattern of Unlawful Activity Act;
501	(5) a regulation restricting the sale and distribution of cigarettes and smokeless tobacco
502	issued by the United States Food and Drug Administration under 21 C.F.R. Part 1140; or
503	(6) any other provision of state law or local ordinance regarding the sale, marketing, or
504	distribution of [tobacco products] a tobacco product, an electronic cigarette product, or a
505	nicotine product.
506	Section 12. Section 26-62-304 (Effective 07/01/20) is amended to read:
507	26-62-304 (Effective 07/01/20). Hearing Evidence of criminal conviction.
508	(1) At a civil hearing conducted under Section 26-62-302, evidence of the final
509	criminal conviction of a tobacco retailer or employee for violation of Section 76-10-104 at the
510	same location and within the same time period as the location and time period alleged in the
511	civil hearing for violation of this chapter for sale of [tobacco products] a tobacco product, an
512	electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product to an individual under the following ages is
513	prima facie evidence of a violation of this chapter:
514	(a) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, under 20 years old; and
515	(b) beginning July 1, 2021, under 21 years old.
516	(2) If the tobacco retailer is convicted of violating Section 76-10-104, the enforcing
517	agency:
518	(a) may not assess an additional monetary penalty under this chapter for the same
519	offense for which the conviction was obtained; and
520	(b) may revoke or suspend a permit in accordance with Section 26-62-305.
521	Section 13. Section 26-62-305 (Effective 07/01/20) is amended to read:
522	26-62-305 (Effective 07/01/20). Penalties.
523	(1) (a) If, following an inspection by an enforcing agency, or an investigation or
524	issuance of a citation or information under Section 77-39-101, an enforcing agency determines
525	that a person has violated the terms of a permit issued under this chapter, the enforcing agency
526	may impose the penalties described in this section.

527 (b) If multiple violations are found in a single inspection or investigation, only one 528 violation shall count toward the penalties described in this section. 529 (2) (a) The administrative penalty for a first violation at a retail location is a penalty of 530 not more than \$500. 531 (b) The administrative penalty for a second violation at the same retail location that 532 occurs within one year of a previous violation is a penalty of not more than \$750. 533 (c) The administrative penalty for a third or subsequent violation at the same retail 534 location that occurs within two years after two or more previous violations is: 535 (i) a suspension of the retail tobacco business permit for 30 consecutive business days 536 within 60 days after the day on which the third or subsequent violation occurs; or 537 (ii) a penalty of not more than \$1,000. 538 (3) The department or a local health department may: 539 (a) revoke a permit if a fourth violation occurs within two years of three previous 540 violations; 541 (b) in addition to a monetary penalty imposed under Subsection (2), suspend the permit 542 if the violation is due to a sale of [tobacco products] a tobacco product, an electronic cigarette 543 product, or a nicotine product to an individual under: 544 (i) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years old; and 545 (ii) beginning July 1, 2021, 21 years old; and 546 (c) if applicable, recommend to a municipality or county that a retail tobacco specialty 547 business license issued under Section 10-8-41.6 or 17-50-333 be suspended or revoked. 548 (4) (a) Except when a transfer described in Subsection (5) occurs, a local health 549 department may not issue a permit to: 550 (i) a tobacco retailer for whom a permit is suspended or revoked under Subsection (3); 551 or 552 (ii) a tobacco retailer that has the same proprietor, director, corporate officer, partner, 553 or other holder of significant interest as another tobacco retailer for whom a permit is 554 suspended or revoked under Subsection (3). 555 (b) A person whose permit: 556 (i) is suspended under this section may not apply for a new permit for any other tobacco retailer for a period of 12 months after the day on which an enforcing agency suspends 557

558 the permit; and

559 (ii) is revoked may not apply for a new permit for any tobacco retailer for a period of 560 24 months after the day on which an enforcing agency revokes the permit.

- (5) Violations of this chapter, Section 10-8-41.6, or Section 17-50-333 that occur at a tobacco retailer location shall stay on the record for that tobacco retailer location unless:
 - (a) the tobacco retailer is transferred to a new proprietor; and
- (b) the new proprietor provides documentation to the local health department that the new proprietor is acquiring the tobacco retailer in an arm's length transaction from the previous proprietor.
 - Section 14. Section **26-62-306** is amended to read:

26-62-306. Recognition of tobacco retailer training program.

- (1) In determining the amount of the monetary penalty to be imposed for an employee's violation of this chapter, a hearing officer shall reduce the civil penalty by at least 50% if the hearing officer determines that:
 - (a) the tobacco retailer has implemented a documented employee training program; and
- (b) the employees have completed that training program within 30 days after the day on which each employee commences the duties of selling [tobacco products] a tobacco product, an electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product.
- (2) (a) For the first offense at a location, if the hearing officer determines under Subsection (1) that the tobacco retailer licensee has not implemented a documented training program with a written curriculum for employees at that location regarding compliance with this chapter, the hearing officer may suspend all or a portion of the penalty if:
- (i) the tobacco retailer agrees to initiate a training program for employees at that location; and
- (ii) the training program begins within 30 days after the hearing officer makes a determination under this Subsection (2)(a).
- (b) If the hearing officer determines at a subsequent hearing that the tobacco retailer has not implemented the training program within the time period required under Subsection (2)(a)(ii), the hearing officer shall promptly impose the suspended monetary penalty, unless the tobacco retailer demonstrates good cause for an extension of time for implementation of the training program.

589	Section 15. Section 26A-1-128 is amended to read:
590	26A-1-128. Tobacco, electronic cigarette, and nicotine product permits
591	Enforcement.
592	A local health department:
593	(1) shall enforce the requirements of Title 26, Chapter 62, Tobacco, Electronic
594	Cigarette, and Nicotine Product Retail Permit;
595	(2) may enforce licensing requirements for entities that hold a business license to sell
596	[tobacco products] a tobacco product, an electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product
597	under Section 10-8-41.6 or Section 17-50-333; and
598	(3) may recommend to a municipality or county that the business license of a retail
599	tobacco specialty business be suspended or revoked for a violation of Section 10-8-41.6,
500	Section 17-50-333, or Title 26, Chapter 62, Tobacco, Electronic Cigarette, and Nicotine
501	Product Retail Permit.
502	Section 16. Section 53-3-229 is amended to read:
503	53-3-229. Prohibited uses of license certificate Penalty.
504	(1) It is a class C misdemeanor for [a person] an individual to:
505	(a) lend or knowingly permit the use of a license certificate issued to the [person]
506	individual, by [a person] an individual not entitled to it;
507	(b) display or to represent as the [person's] individual's own a license certificate not
508	issued to the [person] individual;
509	(c) refuse to surrender to the division or a peace officer upon demand any license
510	certificate issued by the division;
511	(d) use a false name or give a false address in any application for a license or any
512	renewal or duplicate of the license certificate, or to knowingly make a false statement, or to
513	knowingly conceal a material fact or otherwise commit a fraud in the application;
514	(e) display a canceled, denied, revoked, suspended, or disqualified driver license
515	certificate as a valid driver license certificate;
516	(f) knowingly acquire, use, display, or transfer an item that purports to be an authentic
517	driver license certificate issued by a governmental entity if the item is not an authentic driver
518	license certificate issued by that governmental entity; or
519	(g) alter any information on an authentic driver license certificate so that it no longer

520	represents the information originally displayed.
521	(2) The provisions of Subsection (1)(e) do not prohibit the use of [a person's] an
522	individual's driver license certificate as a means of personal identification.
523	(3) It is a class A misdemeanor to knowingly:
524	(a) issue a driver license certificate with false or fraudulent information;
525	(b) issue a driver license certificate to a person younger than 21 years of age if the
526	driver license certificate is not distinguished as required for [a person] an individual younger
527	than 21 years of age under Section 53-3-207; or
528	(c) acquire, use, display, or transfer a false or altered driver license certificate to
529	procure:
530	(i) a cigarette;
531	(ii) an electronic cigarette <u>product</u> , as defined in Section 76-10-101;
532	(iii) tobacco; or
533	(iv) a tobacco product.
534	(4) [A person] An individual may not use, display, or transfer a false or altered driver
535	license certificate to procure alcoholic beverages, gain admittance to a place where alcoholic
536	beverages are sold or consumed, or obtain employment that may not be obtained by a minor in
537	violation of Section 32B-1-403.
538	(5) It is a third degree felony if [a person's] an individual's acquisition, use, display, or
539	transfer of a false or altered driver license certificate:
540	(a) aids or furthers the [person's] individual's efforts to fraudulently obtain goods or
541	services; or
542	(b) aids or furthers the [person's] individual's efforts to commit a violent felony.
543	Section 17. Section 53-3-810 is amended to read:
544	53-3-810. Prohibited uses of identification card Penalties.
545	(1) It is a class C misdemeanor to:
546	(a) lend or knowingly permit the use of an identification card issued to the [person]
547	individual, by [a person] an individual not entitled to it;
548	(b) display or to represent as the [person's] individual's own an identification card not
549	issued to the [person] individual;
550	(c) refuse to surrender to the division or a peace officer upon demand any identification

651	card issued by the division;
652	(d) use a false name or give a false address in any application for an identification card
653	or any renewal or duplicate of the identification card, or to knowingly make a false statement,
654	or to knowingly conceal a material fact in the application;
655	(e) display a revoked identification card as a valid identification card;
656	(f) knowingly acquire, use, display, or transfer an item that purports to be an authentic
657	identification card issued by a governmental entity if the item is not an authentic identification
658	card issued by that governmental entity; or
659	(g) alter any information contained on an authentic identification card so that it no
660	longer represents the information originally displayed.
661	(2) It is a class A misdemeanor to knowingly:
662	(a) issue an identification card with false or fraudulent information;
663	(b) issue an identification card to any [person] individual younger than 21 years of age
664	if the identification card is not distinguished as required for [a person] an individual younger
665	than 21 years of age under Section 53-3-806; or
666	(c) acquire, use, display, or transfer a false or altered identification card to procure:
667	(i) a cigarette;
668	(ii) an electronic cigarette <u>product</u> , as defined in Section 76-10-101;
669	(iii) tobacco; or
670	(iv) a tobacco product.
671	(3) [A person] An individual may not knowingly use, display, or transfer a false or
672	altered identification card to procure alcoholic beverages, gain admittance to a place where
673	alcoholic beverages are sold or consumed, or obtain employment that may not be obtained by a
674	minor in violation of Section 32B-1-403.
675	(4) It is a third degree felony if [a person's] an individual's acquisition, use, display, or
676	transfer of a false or altered identification card:
677	(a) aids or furthers the [person's] individual's efforts to fraudulently obtain goods or
678	services; or
679	(b) aids or furthers the [person's] individual's efforts to commit a violent felony.
680	Section 18. Section 53G-4-402 is amended to read:
681	53G-4-402. Powers and duties generally.

(1) A local school board shall:

(a) implement the core standards for Utah public schools using instructional materials that best correlate to the core standards for Utah public schools and graduation requirements;

- (b) administer tests, required by the state board, which measure the progress of each student, and coordinate with the state superintendent and state board to assess results and create plans to improve the student's progress, which shall be submitted to the state board for approval;
- (c) use progress-based assessments as part of a plan to identify schools, teachers, and students that need remediation and determine the type and amount of federal, state, and local resources to implement remediation;
 - (d) develop early warning systems for students or classes failing to make progress;
- (e) work with the state board to establish a library of documented best practices, consistent with state and federal regulations, for use by the local districts;
- (f) implement training programs for school administrators, including basic management training, best practices in instructional methods, budget training, staff management, managing for learning results and continuous improvement, and how to help every child achieve optimal learning in basic academic subjects; and
- (g) ensure that the local school board meets the data collection and reporting standards described in Section 53E-3-501.
- (2) Local school boards shall spend Minimum School Program funds for programs and activities for which the state board has established minimum standards or rules under Section 53E-3-501.
- (3) (a) A local school board may purchase, sell, and make improvements on school sites, buildings, and equipment and construct, erect, and furnish school buildings.
- (b) School sites or buildings may only be conveyed or sold on local school board resolution affirmed by at least two-thirds of the members.
- (4) (a) A local school board may participate in the joint construction or operation of a school attended by children residing within the district and children residing in other districts either within or outside the state.
 - (b) Any agreement for the joint operation or construction of a school shall:
- 712 (i) be signed by the president of the local school board of each participating district;

713 (ii) include a mutually agreed upon pro rata cost; and

714 (iii) be filed with the state board.

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- 715 (5) A local school board may establish, locate, and maintain elementary, secondary, and applied technology schools.
- 717 (6) Except as provided in Section 53E-3-905, a local school board may enroll children 718 in school who are at least five years of age before September 2 of the year in which admission 719 is sought.
- 720 (7) A local school board may establish and support school libraries.
- 721 (8) A local school board may collect damages for the loss, injury, or destruction of 722 school property.
- 723 (9) A local school board may authorize guidance and counseling services for children 724 and their parents before, during, or following enrollment of the children in schools.
- 725 (10) (a) A local school board shall administer and implement federal educational 726 programs in accordance with Title 53E, Chapter 3, Part 8, Implementing Federal or National 727 Education Programs.
- 728 (b) Federal funds are not considered funds within the school district budget under 729 Chapter 7, Part 3, Budgets.
 - (11) (a) A local school board may organize school safety patrols and adopt policies under which the patrols promote student safety.
- (b) A student appointed to a safety patrol shall be at least 10 years old and have written
 parental consent for the appointment.
 - (c) Safety patrol members may not direct vehicular traffic or be stationed in a portion of a highway intended for vehicular traffic use.
 - (d) Liability may not attach to a school district, its employees, officers, or agents or to a safety patrol member, a parent of a safety patrol member, or an authorized volunteer assisting the program by virtue of the organization, maintenance, or operation of a school safety patrol.
 - (12) (a) A local school board may on its own behalf, or on behalf of an educational institution for which the local school board is the direct governing body, accept private grants, loans, gifts, endowments, devises, or bequests that are made for educational purposes.
- 742 (b) These contributions are not subject to appropriation by the Legislature.
- 743 (13) (a) A local school board may appoint and fix the compensation of a compliance

- officer to issue citations for violations of Subsection 76-10-105(2)(b).
- 745 (b) A person may not be appointed to serve as a compliance officer without the person's consent.
- 747 (c) A teacher or student may not be appointed as a compliance officer.
- 748 (14) A local school board shall adopt bylaws and policies for the local school board's own procedures.
- 750 (15) (a) A local school board shall make and enforce policies necessary for the control and management of the district schools.
- (b) Local school board policies shall be in writing, filed, and referenced for publicaccess.
- 754 (16) A local school board may hold school on legal holidays other than Sundays.
- 755 (17) (a) A local school board shall establish for each school year a school traffic safety 756 committee to implement this Subsection (17).
- 757 (b) The committee shall be composed of one representative of:
- 758 (i) the schools within the district;
- 759 (ii) the Parent Teachers' Association of the schools within the district;
- 760 (iii) the municipality or county;
- 761 (iv) state or local law enforcement; and
- 762 (v) state or local traffic safety engineering.
- 763 (c) The committee shall:
- 764 (i) receive suggestions from school community councils, parents, teachers, and others 765 and recommend school traffic safety improvements, boundary changes to enhance safety, and 766 school traffic safety program measures;
- 767 (ii) review and submit annually to the Department of Transportation and affected 768 municipalities and counties a child access routing plan for each elementary, middle, and junior 769 high school within the district;
- 770 (iii) consult the Utah Safety Council and the Division of Family Health Services and 771 provide training to all school children in kindergarten through grade 6, within the district, on 772 school crossing safety and use; and
- 773 (iv) help ensure the district's compliance with rules made by the Department of Transportation under Section 41-6a-303.

(d) The committee may establish subcommittees as needed to assist in accomplishing its duties under Subsection (17)(c).

- (18) (a) A local school board shall adopt and implement a comprehensive emergency response plan to prevent and combat violence in the local school board's public schools, on school grounds, on its school vehicles, and in connection with school-related activities or events.
 - (b) The plan shall:

- (i) include prevention, intervention, and response components;
- 783 (ii) be consistent with the student conduct and discipline policies required for school districts under Chapter 11, Part 2, Miscellaneous Requirements;
 - (iii) require professional learning for all district and school building staff on what their roles are in the emergency response plan;
 - (iv) provide for coordination with local law enforcement and other public safety representatives in preventing, intervening, and responding to violence in the areas and activities referred to in Subsection (18)(a); and
 - (v) include procedures to notify a student, to the extent practicable, who is off campus at the time of a school violence emergency because the student is:
 - (A) participating in a school-related activity; or
 - (B) excused from school for a period of time during the regular school day to participate in religious instruction at the request of the student's parent.
 - (c) The state board, through the state superintendent, shall develop comprehensive emergency response plan models that local school boards may use, where appropriate, to comply with Subsection (18)(a).
 - (d) A local school board shall, by July 1 of each year, certify to the state board that its plan has been practiced at the school level and presented to and reviewed by its teachers, administrators, students, and their parents and local law enforcement and public safety representatives.
- 802 (19) (a) A local school board may adopt an emergency response plan for the treatment 803 of sports-related injuries that occur during school sports practices and events.
 - (b) The plan may be implemented by each secondary school in the district that has a sports program for students.

806	(c) The plan may:
807	(i) include emergency personnel, emergency communication, and emergency
808	equipment components;
809	(ii) require professional learning on the emergency response plan for school personnel
810	who are involved in sports programs in the district's secondary schools; and
811	(iii) provide for coordination with individuals and agency representatives who:
812	(A) are not employees of the school district; and
813	(B) would be involved in providing emergency services to students injured while
814	participating in sports events.
815	(d) The local school board, in collaboration with the schools referred to in Subsection
816	(19)(b), may review the plan each year and make revisions when required to improve or
817	enhance the plan.
818	(e) The state board, through the state superintendent, shall provide local school boards
819	with an emergency plan response model that local school boards may use to comply with the
820	requirements of this Subsection (19).
821	(20) A local school board shall do all other things necessary for the maintenance,
822	prosperity, and success of the schools and the promotion of education.
823	(21) (a) Before closing a school or changing the boundaries of a school, a local school
824	board shall:
825	(i) at least 120 days before approving the school closure or school boundary change,
826	provide notice to the following that the local school board is considering the closure or
827	boundary change:
828	(A) parents of students enrolled in the school, using the same form of communication
829	the local school board regularly uses to communicate with parents;
830	(B) parents of students enrolled in other schools within the school district that may be
831	affected by the closure or boundary change, using the same form of communication the local
832	school board regularly uses to communicate with parents; and
833	(C) the governing council and the mayor of the municipality in which the school is
834	located;
835	(ii) provide an opportunity for public comment on the proposed school closure or
836	school boundary change during at least two public local school board meetings; and

837	(iii) hold a public hearing as defined in Section 10-9a-103 and provide public notice of
838	the public hearing as described in Subsection (21)(b).
839	(b) The notice of a public hearing required under Subsection (21)(a)(iii) shall:
840	(i) indicate the:
841	(A) school or schools under consideration for closure or boundary change; and
842	(B) the date, time, and location of the public hearing;
843	(ii) at least 10 days before the public hearing, be:
844	(A) published:
845	(I) in a newspaper of general circulation in the area; and
846	(II) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63F-1-701; and
847	(B) posted in at least three public locations within the municipality in which the school
848	is located on the school district's official website, and prominently at the school; and
849	(iii) at least 30 days before the public hearing described in Subsection (21)(a)(iii), be
850	provided as described in Subsections (21)(a)(i)(A), (B), and (C).
851	(22) A local school board may implement a facility energy efficiency program
852	established under Title 11, Chapter 44, Performance Efficiency Act.
853	(23) A local school board may establish or partner with a certified youth court
854	program, in accordance with Section 78A-6-1203, or establish or partner with a comparable
855	restorative justice program, in coordination with schools in that district. A school may refer a
856	student to youth court or a comparable restorative justice program in accordance with Section
857	53G-8-211.
858	Section 19. Section 53G-8-209 is amended to read:
859	53G-8-209. Extracurricular activities Prohibited conduct Reporting of
860	violations Limitation of liability.
861	(1) The Legislature recognizes that:
862	(a) participation in student government and extracurricular activities may confer
863	important educational and lifetime benefits upon students, and encourages school districts and
864	charter schools to provide a variety of opportunities for all students to participate in such
865	activities in meaningful ways;
866	(b) there is no constitutional right to participate in these types of activities, and does
867	not through this section or any other provision of law create such a right;

(c) students who participate in student government and extracurricular activities, particularly competitive athletics, and the adult coaches, advisors, and assistants who direct those activities, become role models for others in the school and community;

- (d) these individuals often play major roles in establishing standards of acceptable behavior in the school and community, and establishing and maintaining the reputation of the school and the level of community confidence and support afforded the school; and
- (e) it is of the utmost importance that those involved in student government, whether as officers or advisors, and those involved in competitive athletics and related activities, whether students or staff, comply with all applicable laws and standards of behavior and conduct themselves at all times in a manner befitting their positions and responsibilities.
- (2) (a) The state board may, and local school boards and charter school governing boards shall, adopt rules or policies implementing this section that apply to both students and staff.
- (b) The rules or policies described in Subsection (2)(a) shall include prohibitions against the following types of conduct in accordance with Section 53G-8-211, while in the classroom, on school property, during school sponsored activities, or regardless of the location or circumstance, affecting a person or property described in Subsections 53G-8-203(1)(e)(i) through (iv):
 - (i) use of foul, abusive, or profane language while engaged in school related activities;
- (ii) illicit use, possession, or distribution of controlled substances or drug paraphernalia, and the use, possession, or distribution of an electronic cigarette <u>product</u> as defined in Section 76-10-101, tobacco, or alcoholic beverages contrary to law; and
- (iii) hazing, demeaning, or assaultive behavior, whether consensual or not, including behavior involving physical violence, restraint, improper touching, or inappropriate exposure of body parts not normally exposed in public settings, forced ingestion of any substance, or any act which would constitute a crime against a person or public order under [Utah] state law.
- (3) (a) School employees who reasonably believe that a violation of this section may have occurred shall immediately report that belief to the school principal, district superintendent, or chief administrative officer of a charter school.
- (b) Principals who receive a report under Subsection (3)(a) shall submit a report of the alleged incident, and actions taken in response, to the district superintendent or the

899	superintendent's designee within 10 working days after receipt of the report.
900	(c) Failure of a person holding a professional certificate to report as required under this
901	Subsection (3) constitutes an unprofessional practice.
902	(4) Limitations of liability set forth under Section 53G-8-405 apply to this section.
903	Section 20. Section 59-14-102 is amended to read:
904	59-14-102. Definitions.
905	As used in this chapter:
906	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(c), "alternative nicotine product" means a
907	product, other than a cigarette, a counterfeit cigarette, an electronic cigarette product, a
908	nontherapeutic nicotine product, or a tobacco product, that:
909	(i) contains nicotine;
910	(ii) is intended for human consumption;
911	(iii) is not purchased with a prescription from a licensed physician; and
912	(iv) is not approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration as nicotine
913	replacement therapy.
914	(b) "Alternative nicotine product" includes:
915	(i) pure nicotine;
916	(ii) snortable nicotine;
917	(iii) dissolvable salts, orbs, pellets, sticks, or strips; and
918	(iv) nicotine-laced food and beverage.
919	(c) "Alternative nicotine product" does not include a fruit, a vegetable, or a tea that
920	contains naturally occurring nicotine.
921	[(1)] (2) "Cigarette" means a roll for smoking made wholly or in part of tobacco:
922	(a) regardless of:
923	(i) the size of the roll;
924	(ii) the shape of the roll; or
925	(iii) whether the tobacco is $[:(A)]$ flavored $[:(B)]$, adulterated $[:(C)]$, or mixed with
926	any other ingredient; and
927	(b) if the wrapper or cover of the roll is made of paper or any other substance or
928	material except tobacco.
929	[(2)] (3) "Cigarette rolling machine" means a device or machine that has the capability

930	to produce at least 150 cigarettes in less than 30 minutes.
931	[(3)] (4) "Cigarette rolling machine operator" means a person who:
932	(a) (i) controls, leases, owns, possesses, or otherwise has available for use a cigarette
933	rolling machine; and
934	(ii) makes the cigarette rolling machine available for use by another person to produce
935	a cigarette; or
936	(b) offers for sale, at retail, a cigarette produced from the cigarette rolling machine.
937	[(4)] (5) "Consumer" means a person that is not required:
938	(a) under Section 59-14-201 to obtain a license under Section 59-14-202; [or]
939	(b) under Section 59-14-301 to obtain a license under Section 59-14-202[-]; or
940	(c) to obtain a license under Section 59-14-803.
941	[(5)] (6) "Counterfeit cigarette" means:
942	(a) a cigarette that has a false manufacturing label; or
943	(b) a package of cigarettes bearing a counterfeit tax stamp.
944	(7) (a) "Electronic cigarette" means:
945	(i) an electronic device used to deliver or capable of delivering vapor containing
946	nicotine or another substance to an individual's respiratory system;
947	(ii) a component of the device described in Subsection (7)(a)(i); or
948	(iii) an accessory sold in the same package as the device described in Subsection
949	<u>(7)(a)(i).</u>
950	(b) "Electronic cigarette" includes an e-cigarette as that term is defined in Section
951	<u>26-38-2.</u>
952	(8) "Electronic cigarette product" means an electronic cigarette, an electronic cigarette
953	substance, or a prefilled electronic cigarette.
954	(9) "Electronic cigarette substance" means any substance, including liquid containing
955	nicotine, used or intended for use in an electronic cigarette.
956	[(6)] (10) "Importer" means a person [who] that imports into the United States, either
957	directly or indirectly, a finished cigarette for sale or distribution.
958	[(7)] (11) "Indian tribal entity" means a federally recognized Indian tribe, tribal entity,
959	or any other person doing business as a distributor or retailer of cigarettes on tribal lands
960	located in the state.

961	[(8)] (12) "Little cigar" means a roll for smoking that:
962	(a) is made wholly or in part of tobacco;
963	(b) [that] uses an integrated cellulose acetate filter or other similar filter; and
964	(c) [that] is wrapped in a substance:
965	(i) containing tobacco; and
966	(ii) that is not exclusively natural leaf tobacco.
967	[(9)] (13) (a) Except as provided in Subsection $[(9)]$ (13)(b), "manufacturer" means a
968	person [who] that:
969	(i) manufactures, fabricates, assembles, processes, or labels a finished cigarette[-]; or
970	(ii) makes, modifies, mixes, manufactures, fabricates, assembles, processes, labels,
971	repackages, relabels, or imports an electronic cigarette product or a nicotine product.
972	(b) "Manufacturer" does not include a cigarette rolling machine operator.
973	$[\frac{(10)}{(14)}]$ "Moist snuff" means tobacco that:
974	(a) is finely[: (i)-] cut[; (ii)], ground[; or (iii)], or powdered;
975	(b) has at least 45% moisture content, as determined by the commission by rule made
976	in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
977	(c) is not intended to be:
978	(i) smoked; or
979	(ii) placed in the nasal cavity; and
980	(d) except for single-use pouches of loose tobacco, is not packaged, produced, sold, or
981	distributed in single-use units, including:
982	(i) tablets;
983	(ii) lozenges;
984	(iii) strips;
985	(iv) sticks; or
986	(v) packages containing multiple single-use units.
987	(15) "Nicotine" means a poisonous, nitrogen containing chemical that is made
988	synthetically or derived from tobacco or other plants.
989	(16) "Nicotine product" means an alternative nicotine product or a nontherapeutic
990	nicotine product.
991	(17) (a) "Nontherapeutic nicotine device" means a device that:

992	(i) has a pressurized canister that is used to administer nicotine to the user through
993	inhalation or intranasally;
994	(ii) is not purchased with a prescription from a licensed physician; and
995	(iii) is not approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration as nicotine
996	replacement therapy.
997	(b) "Nontherapeutic nicotine device" includes a nontherapeutic nicotine inhaler or
998	nontherapeutic nicotine nasal spray.
999	(18) "Nontherapeutic nicotine device substance" means a substance that:
1000	(a) contains nicotine;
1001	(b) is sold in a cartridge for use in a nontherapeutic nicotine device;
1002	(c) is not purchased with a prescription from a licensed physician; and
1003	(d) is not approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration as nicotine
1004	replacement therapy.
1005	(19) "Nontherapeutic nicotine product" means a nontherapeutic nicotine device, a
1006	nontherapeutic nicotine device substance, or a prefilled nontherapeutic nicotine device.
1007	(20) "Prefilled electronic cigarette" means an electronic cigarette that is sold prefilled
1008	with an electronic cigarette substance.
1009	(21) "Prefilled nontherapeutic nicotine device" means a nontherapeutic nicotine device
1010	that is sold prefilled with a nontherapeutic nicotine device substance.
1011	[(11)] (22) "Retailer" means a person that:
1012	(a) sells or distributes a cigarette, an electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product
1013	to a consumer in the state; or
1014	(b) intends to sell or distribute a cigarette, an electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine
1015	<u>product</u> to a consumer in the state.
1016	$[\frac{(12)}{(23)}]$ "Stamp" means the indicia required to be placed on a cigarette package that
1017	evidences payment of the tax on cigarettes required by Section 59-14-205.
1018	[(13)] (24) (a) "Tobacco product" means a product made of, or containing, tobacco.
1019	(b) "Tobacco product" includes:
1020	(i) a cigarette produced from a cigarette rolling machine;
1021	(ii) a little cigar; or
1022	(iii) moist snuff.

1023	(c) "Tobacco product" does not include a cigarette.
1024	[(14)] (25) "Tribal lands" means land held by the United States in trust for a federally
1025	recognized Indian tribe.
1026	Section 21. Section 59-14-302 is amended to read:
1027	59-14-302. Tax basis Rates.
1028	(1) As used in this section:
1029	(a) "Manufacturer's sales price" means the amount the manufacturer of a tobacco
1030	product charges after subtracting a discount.
1031	(b) "Manufacturer's sales price" includes an original Utah destination freight charge,
1032	regardless of:
1033	(i) whether the tobacco product is shipped f.o.b. origin or f.o.b. destination; or
1034	(ii) who pays the original Utah destination freight charge.
1035	(2) There is levied a tax upon the sale, use, or storage of tobacco products in the state.
1036	(3) (a) Subject to Subsection (3)(b), the tax levied under Subsection (2) shall be paid
1037	by the manufacturer, jobber, distributor, wholesaler, retailer, user, or consumer.
1038	(b) The tax levied under Subsection (2) on a cigarette produced from a cigarette rolling
1039	machine shall be paid by the cigarette rolling machine operator.
1040	(4) For tobacco products except for moist snuff, a little cigar, or a cigarette produced
1041	from a cigarette rolling machine, the [rate] amount of the tax under this section is .86
1042	multiplied by the manufacturer's sales price.
1043	(5) (a) Subject to Subsection (5)(b), the tax under this section on moist snuff is
1044	imposed:
1045	(i) at a rate of \$1.83 per ounce; and
1046	(ii) on the basis of the net weight of the moist snuff as listed by the manufacturer.
1047	(b) If the net weight of moist snuff is in a quantity that is a fractional part of one ounce
1048	a proportionate amount of the tax described in Subsection (5)(a) is imposed:
1049	(i) on that fractional part of one ounce; and
1050	(ii) in accordance with rules made by the commission in accordance with Title 63G,
1051	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
1052	(6) (a) A little cigar is taxed at the same tax rates as a cigarette is taxed under
1053	Subsection 59-14-204(2).

1054	(b) (i) Subject to Subsection (6)(b)(ii), a cigarette produced from a cigarette rolling
1055	machine is taxed at the same tax rates as a cigarette is taxed under Subsection 59-14-204(2).
1056	(ii) A tax under this Subsection (6)(b) is imposed on the date the cigarette is produced
1057	from the cigarette rolling machine.
1058	(7) (a) Moisture content of a tobacco product is determined at the time of packaging.
1059	(b) A manufacturer who distributes a tobacco product in, or into, Utah, shall:
1060	(i) for a period of three years after the last day on which the manufacturer distributes
1061	the tobacco product in, or into, Utah, keep valid scientific evidence of the moisture content of
1062	the tobacco product available for review by the commission, upon demand; and
1063	(ii) provide a document, to the person described in Subsection (3) to whom the
1064	manufacturer distributes the tobacco product, that certifies the moisture content of the tobacco
1065	product, as verified by the scientific evidence described in Subsection (7)(b)(i).
1066	(c) A manufacturer who fails to comply with the requirements of Subsection (7)(b) is
1067	liable for the nonpayment or underpayment of taxes on the tobacco product by a person who
1068	relies, in good faith, on the document described in Subsection (7)(b)(ii).
1069	(d) A person described in Subsection (3) who is required to pay tax on a tobacco
1070	product:
1071	(i) shall, for a period of three years after the last day on which the person pays the tax
1072	on the tobacco product, keep the document described in Subsection (7)(b)(ii) available for
1073	review by the commission, upon demand; and
1074	(ii) is not liable for nonpayment or underpayment of taxes on the tobacco product due
1075	to the person's good faith reliance on the document described in Subsection (7)(b)(ii).
1076	Section 22. Section 59-14-801 is amended to read:
1077	Part 8. Electronic Cigarette and Nicotine Product Licensing and Taxation Act.
1078	59-14-801. Title.
1079	This part is known as the "Electronic Cigarette and Nicotine Product Licensing and
1080	Taxation Act."
1081	Section 23. Section 59-14-802 is amended to read:
1082	59-14-802. Definitions.
1083	As used in this part:
1084	[(1) "Cigarette" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-14-102.]

1085	[(2) (a) "Electronic cigarette" means:]
1086	[(i) an electronic device used to deliver or capable of delivering vapor containing
1087	nicotine to an individual's respiratory system;]
1088	[(ii) a component of the device described in Subsection (2)(a)(i); or]
1089	[(iii) an accessory sold in the same package as the device described in Subsection
1090	(2)(a)(i).]
1091	[(b) "Electronic cigarette" includes an e-cigarette as defined in Section 26-38-2.]
1092	[(3) "Electronic cigarette product" means an electronic cigarette or an electronic
1093	cigarette substance.]
1094	[(4) "Electronic cigarette substance" means any substance, including liquid containing
1095	nicotine, used or intended for use in an electronic cigarette.]
1096	$[\frac{5}{2}]$ (1) "Licensee" means a person that holds a valid license to sell \underline{an} electronic
1097	cigarette [products] product or a nicotine product.
1098	[(6) "License to sell an electronic cigarette product" means a license issued by the
1099	commission under Subsection 59-14-803(3).]
1100	(2) (a) "Manufacturer's sales price" means the amount that the manufacturer of an
1101	electronic cigarette substance, a prefilled electronic cigarette, an alternative nicotine product, a
1102	nontherapeutic nicotine device substance, or a prefilled nontherapeutic nicotine device charges
1103	after subtracting a discount.
1104	(b) "Manufacturer's sales price" includes an original Utah destination freight charge,
1105	regardless of:
1106	(i) whether the electronic cigarette substance, prefilled electronic cigarette, alternative
1107	nicotine product, nontherapeutic nicotine device substance, or prefilled nontherapeutic nicotine
1108	device is shipped f.o.b. origin or f.o.b. destination; or
1109	(ii) who pays the original Utah destination freight charge.
1110	Section 24. Section 59-14-803 is amended to read:
1111	59-14-803. License to sell electronic cigarette product or nicotine product.
1112	(1) [Except as provided in Subsection (2), a] A person may not sell, offer to sell, or
1113	distribute an electronic cigarette product [in Utah] or a nicotine product in this state without
1114	first <u>:</u>
1115	(a) except as provided in Subsection (2), obtaining a license from the commission

1116	under this section to sell an electronic cigarette product [from the commission under this
1117	section.] or a nicotine product; and
1118	(b) complying with any bonding requirement described in Subsection (5).
1119	(2) A person that holds a valid license to sell cigarettes under Section 59-14-201[7] or a
1120	person that holds a valid license to sell tobacco products under Section 59-14-301[7] may,
1121	without obtaining a separate license [to sell an electronic cigarette product under this part,] in
1122	accordance with this section, sell, offer to sell, or distribute an electronic cigarette product [in
1123	Utah in accordance with this part] or a nicotine product in this state.
1124	(3) The commission shall issue a license to sell an electronic cigarette product or a
1125	nicotine product to a person that submits an application, on a form created by the commission,
1126	that includes:
1127	(a) the person's name;
1128	(b) the address of the facility where the person will sell an electronic cigarette product
1129	or a nicotine product; and
1130	(c) any other information the commission requires to implement this chapter.
1131	(4) A license described in Subsection (3) is:
1132	(a) valid only at one fixed business address;
1133	(b) valid for three years;
1134	(c) valid only for a physical location; and
1135	(d) renewable if a licensee meets the criteria for licensing described in Subsection (3).
1136	(5) (a) The commission shall require a manufacturer, jobber, distributor, wholesaler, or
1137	retailer that is responsible under this part for the collection of tax on an electronic cigarette
1138	substance, a prefilled electronic cigarette, an alternative nicotine product, a nontherapeutic
1139	nicotine device substance, or a prefilled nontherapeutic nicotine device to post a bond.
1140	(b) The manufacturer, jobber, distributor, wholesaler, or retailer may post the bond
1141	required by Subsection (5)(a) in combination with any bond required by Section 59-14-201 or
1142	<u>59-14-301.</u>
1143	(c) Subject to Subsection (5)(d), the commission shall determine the form and amount
1144	of the bond.
1145	(d) The minimum amount of the bond shall be:
1146	(i) except as provided in Subsection (5)(d)(ii) or (iii), \$500;

1147	(ii) if the manufacturer, jobber, distributor, wholesaler, or retailer posts the bond
1148	required by Subsection (5)(a) in combination with a bond required by either Section 59-14-201
1149	or 59-14-301, \$1,000; or
1150	(iii) if the manufacturer, jobber, distributor, wholesaler, or retailer posts the bond
1151	required by Subsection (5)(a) in combination with a bond required by both Sections 59-14-201
1152	and 59-14-301, \$1,500.
1153	[(5)] (6) The commission may make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
1154	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to establish the additional information described in
1155	Subsection (3)(c) that a person [must] shall provide in the application described in Subsection
1156	(3).
1157	[6] It is a class B misdemeanor for a person to violate Subsection (1).
1158	[(7)] (8) The commission may not charge a fee for a license under this section.
1159	Section 25. Section 59-14-804 is enacted to read:
1160	59-14-804. Taxation of electronic cigarette substance, prefilled electronic
1161	cigarette, alternative nicotine product, nontherapeutic nicotine device substance, and
1162	prefilled nontherapeutic nicotine device.
1163	(1) (a) There is levied a tax upon the following:
1164	(i) an electronic cigarette substance; and
1165	(ii) a prefilled electronic cigarette.
1166	(b) Beginning on July 1, 2021, there is levied a tax upon the following:
1167	(i) an alternative nicotine product;
1168	(ii) a nontherapeutic nicotine device substance; and
1169	(iii) a prefilled nontherapeutic nicotine device.
1170	(2) The amount of tax levied under Subsection (1) is .86 multiplied by the
1171	manufacturer's sales price.
1172	(3) (a) A manufacturer, jobber, distributor, wholesaler, retailer, consumer, or user shall
1173	pay the tax levied under Subsection (1) at the time that an electronic cigarette substance, a
1174	prefilled electronic cigarette, an alternative nicotine product, a nontherapeutic nicotine device
1175	substance, or a prefilled nontherapeutic nicotine device is first received in the state.
1176	(b) A manufacturer, jobber, distributor, wholesaler, retailer, consumer, or user may not
1177	resell an electronic cigarette substance, a prefilled electronic cigarette, an alternative nicotine

1178	product, a nontherapeutic nicotine device substance, or a prefilled nontherapeutic nicotine
1179	device to another distributor, another retailer, or a consumer before paying the tax levied under
1180	Subsection (1).
1181	(4) (a) The manufacturer, jobber, distributor, wholesaler, retailer, consumer, or user
1182	shall remit the taxes collected in accordance with this section to the commission.
1183	(b) The commission shall deposit, for each fiscal year:
1184	(i) the first \$3,000,000 remitted in accordance with this section into the Electronic
1185	Cigarette Substance and Nicotine Product Tax Restricted Account, created in Section
1186	59-14-807; and
1187	(ii) the balance of remittances received in accordance with this section into the General
1188	Fund.
1189	Section 26. Section 59-14-805 is enacted to read:
1190	59-14-805. Remittance of tax Returns Invoice required Filing requirement-
1191	Exception Penalty Overpayment.
1192	(1) (a) The manufacturer, jobber, distributor, wholesaler, retailer, consumer, or user
1193	that collects the tax imposed on an electronic cigarette substance, a prefilled electronic
1194	cigarette, an alternative nicotine product, a nontherapeutic nicotine device substance, or a
1195	prefilled nontherapeutic nicotine device shall remit to the commission, in an electronic format
1196	approved by the commission:
1197	(i) the tax collected in the previous calendar quarter; and
1198	(ii) the quarterly tax return.
1199	(b) The tax collected and the return are due on or before the last day of April, July,
1200	October, and January.
1201	(2) (a) A manufacturer, jobber, distributor, wholesaler, retailer, or any other person
1202	selling an electronic cigarette substance, a prefilled electronic cigarette, an alternative nicotine
1203	product, a nontherapeutic nicotine device substance, or a prefilled nontherapeutic nicotine
1204	device to a person other than the ultimate consumer shall furnish the purchaser with an
1205	itemized invoice showing:
1206	(i) the seller's name and address;
1207	(ii) the name and address of the purchaser;
1208	(iii) the date of sale:

1209	(iv) the name and price of the product; and
1210	(v) the discount, if any.
1211	(b) The invoice shall show whether the price includes the tax.
1212	(c) The seller and the purchaser shall retain copies of the invoice and make the invoice
1213	available for inspection at the request of the commission or the commission's agent for a period
1214	of three years following the sale.
1215	(3) (a) A consumer that purchases an untaxed electronic cigarette substance, prefilled
1216	electronic cigarette, alternative nicotine product, nontherapeutic nicotine device substance, or
1217	prefilled nontherapeutic nicotine device for use or other consumption shall:
1218	(i) file with the commission, on forms prescribed by the commission, a statement
1219	showing the quantity and description of the item subject to tax under this part; and
1220	(ii) pay the tax imposed by this part on that item.
1221	(b) The consumer shall file the statement described in Subsection (3)(a) and pay the tax
1222	due on or before the last day of the month immediately following the month during which the
1223	consumer purchased an untaxed electronic cigarette substance, prefilled electronic cigarette,
1224	alternative nicotine device substance, nontherapeutic nicotine product, or prefilled
1225	nontherapeutic nicotine device.
1226	(c) A consumer shall maintain records necessary to determine the amount of tax the
1227	consumer is liable to pay under this part for a period of three years following the date on which
1228	the statement required by this section was filed.
1229	(4) A tourist who imports an untaxed electronic cigarette substance, a prefilled
1230	electronic cigarette, an alternative nicotine product, a nontherapeutic nicotine device substance,
1231	or a prefilled nontherapeutic nicotine device into the state does not need to file the statement
1232	described in Subsection (3) or pay the tax if the item is for the tourist's own use or consumption
1233	while in this state.
1234	(5) In addition to the tax required by this part, a person shall pay a penalty as provided
1235	in Section 59-1-401, plus interest at the rate and in the manner prescribed in Section 59-1-402,
1236	if a person subject to this section fails to:
1237	(a) pay the tax prescribed by this part;
1238	(b) pay the tax on time; or
1239	(c) file a return required by this part.

1240	(6) An overpayment of a tax imposed by this part shall accrue interest at the rate and in
1241	the manner prescribed in Section 59-1-402.
1242	Section 27. Section 59-14-806 is enacted to read:
1243	59-14-806. Refund of taxes paid Exemption for exported electronic cigarettes
1244	and nicotine products.
1245	(1) When an electronic cigarette substance, a prefilled electronic cigarette, an
1246	alternative nicotine product, a nontherapeutic nicotine device substance, or a prefilled
1247	nontherapeutic nicotine device taxed under this chapter is sold and shipped to a regular dealer
1248	in those articles in another state, the seller in this state shall be entitled to a refund of the actual
1249	amount of the taxes paid, upon condition that the seller in this state:
1250	(a) is a licensed dealer;
1251	(b) signs an affidavit that the electronic cigarette substance, the prefilled electronic
1252	cigarette, the alternative nicotine product, the nontherapeutic nicotine device substance, or the
1253	prefilled nontherapeutic nicotine device was sold and shipped to a regular dealer in those
1254	articles in another state;
1255	(c) furnishes, from the purchaser, a written acknowledgment that the purchaser has
1256	received the electronic cigarette substance, the prefilled electronic cigarette, the alternative
1257	nicotine product, the nontherapeutic nicotine device substance, or the prefilled nontherapeutic
1258	nicotine device; and
1259	(d) reports the name and address of the purchaser.
1260	(2) A wholesaler or distributor in this state that exports an electronic cigarette
1261	substance, a prefilled electronic cigarette, an alternative nicotine product, a nontherapeutic
1262	nicotine device substance, or a prefilled nontherapeutic nicotine device to a regular dealer in
1263	those articles in another state shall be exempt from the payment of any tax under this chapter
1264	upon furnishing proof of the sale and exportation as the commission may require.
1265	Section 28. Section 59-14-807 is enacted to read:
1266	59-14-807. Electronic Cigarette Substance and Nicotine Product Tax Restricted
1267	Account.
1268	(1) There is created within the General Fund a restricted account known as the
1269	"Electronic Cigarette Substance and Nicotine Product Tax Restricted Account."
1270	(2) The Electronic Cigarette Substance and Nicotine Product Tax Restricted Account

1271	consists of:
1272	(a) for each fiscal year, the first \$3,000,000 collected from the tax imposed by Section
1273	59-14-804; and
1274	(b) amounts appropriated by the Legislature.
1275	(3) (a) For each fiscal year, beginning with fiscal year 2021, and subject to
1276	appropriation by the Legislature, the Division of Finance shall distribute from the Electronic
1277	Cigarette Substance and Nicotine Product Tax Restricted Account:
1278	(i) \$1,000,000 to the Department of Human Services; and
1279	(ii) the balance of the account to the local health departments as directed by the
1280	Department of Health, which shall determine the allocation for each local health department
1281	using the formula created in accordance with Section 26A-1-116.
1282	(b) The Department of Human Services shall use the money received in accordance
1283	with Subsection (3)(a)(i) to provide substance abuse treatment.
1284	(c) The local health departments shall use the money received in accordance with
1285	Subsection (3)(a)(ii) for:
1286	(i) the development and implementation of evidence-based tobacco, electronic
1287	cigarette, and nicotine product cessation programs for individuals under the age of 19;
1288	(ii) enforcing:
1289	(A) the regulation provisions described in Section 26-57-103;
1290	(B) the labeling requirement described in Section 26-57-104; and
1291	(C) the penalty provisions described in Section 26-62-305; and
1292	(iii) developing and providing tobacco, electronic cigarette, and nicotine product use
1293	prevention education to individuals under the age of 19.
1294	Section 29. Section 76-8-311.3 is amended to read:
1295	76-8-311.3. Items prohibited in correctional and mental health facilities
1296	Penalties.
1297	(1) As used in this section:
1298	(a) "Contraband" means any item not specifically prohibited for possession by
1299	offenders under this section or Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act.
1300	(b) "Controlled substance" means any substance defined as a controlled substance
1301	under Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act.

1302	(c) "Correctional facility" means:
1303	(i) any facility operated by or contracting with the Department of Corrections to house
1304	offenders in either a secure or nonsecure setting;
1305	(ii) any facility operated by a municipality or a county to house or detain criminal
1306	offenders;
1307	(iii) any juvenile detention facility; and
1308	(iv) any building or grounds appurtenant to the facility or lands granted to the state,
1309	municipality, or county for use as a correctional facility.
1310	(d) "Electronic cigarette" [is as] means an electronic cigarette product as that term is
1311	defined in Section 76-10-101.
1312	(e) "Medicine" means any prescription drug as defined in Title 58, Chapter 17b,
1313	Pharmacy Practice Act, but does not include any controlled substances as defined in Title 58,
1314	Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act.
1315	(f) "Mental health facility" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section
1316	62A-15-602.
1317	(g) "Offender" means a person in custody at a correctional facility.
1318	(h) "Secure area" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-8-311.1.
1319	(2) Notwithstanding Section 76-10-500, a correctional or mental health facility may
1320	provide by rule that no firearm, ammunition, dangerous weapon, implement of escape,
1321	explosive, controlled substance, spirituous or fermented liquor, medicine, or poison in any
1322	quantity may be:
1323	(a) transported to or upon a correctional or mental health facility;
1324	(b) sold or given away at any correctional or mental health facility;
1325	(c) given to or used by any offender at a correctional or mental health facility; or
1326	(d) knowingly or intentionally possessed at a correctional or mental health facility.
1327	(3) It is a defense to any prosecution under this section if the accused in committing the
1328	act made criminal by this section with respect to:
1329	(a) a correctional facility operated by the Department of Corrections, acted in
1330	conformity with departmental rule or policy;
1331	(b) a correctional facility operated by a municipality, acted in conformity with the
1332	policy of the municipality;

1333 (c) a correctional facility operated by a county, acted in conformity with the policy of 1334 the county; or 1335 (d) a mental health facility, acted in conformity with the policy of the mental health 1336 facility. 1337 (4) (a) Any [person] individual who transports to or upon a correctional facility, or into 1338 a secure area of a mental health facility, any firearm, ammunition, dangerous weapon, or 1339 implement of escape with intent to provide or sell it to any offender, is guilty of a second 1340 degree felony. 1341 (b) Any [person] individual who provides or sells to any offender at a correctional 1342 facility, or any detainee at a secure area of a mental health facility, any firearm, ammunition, 1343 dangerous weapon, or implement of escape is guilty of a second degree felony. 1344 (c) Any offender who possesses at a correctional facility, or any detainee who 1345 possesses at a secure area of a mental health facility, any firearm, ammunition, dangerous 1346 weapon, or implement of escape is guilty of a second degree felony. (d) Any [person] individual who, without the permission of the authority operating the 1347 1348 correctional facility or the secure area of a mental health facility, knowingly possesses at a 1349 correctional facility or a secure area of a mental health facility any firearm, ammunition, 1350 dangerous weapon, or implement of escape is guilty of a third degree felony. 1351 (e) Any [person] individual violates Section 76-10-306 who knowingly or intentionally 1352 transports, possesses, distributes, or sells any explosive in a correctional facility or mental 1353 health facility. 1354 (5) (a) [A person] An individual is guilty of a third degree felony who, without the 1355 permission of the authority operating the correctional facility or secure area of a mental health 1356 facility, knowingly transports to or upon a correctional facility or into a secure area of a mental 1357 health facility any: 1358 (i) spirituous or fermented liquor; 1359 (ii) medicine, whether or not lawfully prescribed for the offender; or 1360 (iii) poison in any quantity.

correctional facility or detainee within a secure area of a mental health facility any:

(b) [A person] An individual is guilty of a third degree felony who knowingly violates

correctional or mental health facility policy or rule by providing or selling to any offender at a

- 44 -

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1364	(i) spirituous or fermented liquor;
1365	(ii) medicine, whether or not lawfully prescribed for the offender; or
1366	(iii) poison in any quantity.
1367	(c) An inmate is guilty of a third degree felony who, in violation of correctional or
1368	mental health facility policy or rule, possesses at a correctional facility or in a secure area of a
1369	mental health facility any:
1370	(i) spirituous or fermented liquor;
1371	(ii) medicine, other than medicine provided by the facility's health care providers in
1372	compliance with facility policy; or
1373	(iii) poison in any quantity.
1374	(d) [A person] An individual is guilty of a class A misdemeanor who, with the intent to
1375	directly or indirectly provide or sell any tobacco product or electronic cigarette to an offender,
1376	directly or indirectly:
1377	(i) transports, delivers, or distributes any tobacco product or electronic cigarette to an
1378	offender or on the grounds of any correctional facility;
1379	(ii) solicits, requests, commands, coerces, encourages, or intentionally aids another
1380	person to transport any tobacco product or electronic cigarette to an offender or on any
1381	correctional facility, if the person is acting with the mental state required for the commission of
1382	an offense; or
1383	(iii) facilitates, arranges, or causes the transport of any tobacco product or electronic
1384	cigarette in violation of this section to an offender or on the grounds of any correctional
1385	facility.
1386	(e) [A person] An individual is guilty of a class A misdemeanor who, without the
1387	permission of the authority operating the correctional or mental health facility, fails to declare
1388	or knowingly possesses at a correctional facility or in a secure area of a mental health facility
1389	any:
1390	(i) spirituous or fermented liquor;
1391	(ii) medicine; or
1392	(iii) poison in any quantity.
1393	(f) (i) [A person] Except as provided in Subsection (5)(f)(ii), an individual is guilty of a
1394	class B misdemeanor who, without the permission of the authority operating the correctional

1395 facility, knowingly engages in any activity that would facilitate the possession of any 1396 contraband by an offender in a correctional facility. 1397 (ii) The provisions of Subsection (5)(d) regarding any tobacco product or electronic 1398 cigarette take precedence over this Subsection (5)(f). 1399 (g) Exemptions may be granted for worship for Native American inmates pursuant to 1400 Section 64-13-40. 1401 (6) The possession, distribution, or use of a controlled substance at a correctional 1402 facility or in a secure area of a mental health facility shall be prosecuted in accordance with 1403 Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act. 1404 (7) The department shall make rules under Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative 1405 Rulemaking Act, to establish guidelines for providing written notice to visitors that providing 1406 any tobacco product or electronic cigarette to offenders is a class A misdemeanor. 1407 Section 30. Section **76-10-101** is amended to read: 1408 **76-10-101.** Definitions. 1409 As used in this part: 1410 (1) "Cigar" means a product that contains nicotine, is intended to be burned under 1411 ordinary conditions of use, and consists of any roll of tobacco wrapped in leaf tobacco, or in 1412 any substance containing tobacco, other than any roll of tobacco that is a cigarette as described 1413 in Subsection (2). 1414 (2) "Cigarette" means a product that contains nicotine, is intended to be burned under 1415 ordinary conditions of use, and consists of: 1416 (a) any roll of tobacco wrapped in paper or in any substance not containing tobacco; or 1417 (b) any roll of tobacco wrapped in any substance containing tobacco which, because of 1418 its appearance, the type of tobacco used in the filler, or its packaging and labeling, is likely to 1419 be offered to, or purchased by, consumers as a cigarette described in Subsection (2)(a). 1420 [(3) "Electronic cigarette" means an electronic cigarette product, as defined in Section 1421 59-14-802.] 1422 (3) (a) "Electronic cigarette" means: 1423 (i) an electronic device used to deliver or capable of delivering vapor containing 1424 nicotine to an individual's respiratory system; (ii) a component of the device described in Subsection (3)(a)(i); or 1425

1426	(iii) an accessory sold in the same package as the device described in Subsection
1427	<u>(3)(a)(i).</u>
1428	(b) "Electronic cigarette" includes an e-cigarette as that term is defined in Section
1429	<u>26-38-2.</u>
1430	(4) "Electronic cigarette product" means an electronic cigarette, an electronic cigarette
1431	substance, or a prefilled electronic cigarette.
1432	(5) "Electronic cigarette substance" means any substance, including liquid containing
1433	nicotine, used or intended for use in an electronic cigarette.
1434	(6) "Nicotine product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-14-102.
1435	(7) (a) "Nontherapeutic nicotine device" means a device that:
1436	(i) has a pressurized canister that is used to administer nicotine to the user through
1437	inhalation or intranasally;
1438	(ii) is not purchased with a prescription from a licensed physician; and
1439	(iii) is not approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration as nicotine
1440	replacement therapy.
1441	(b) "Nontherapeutic nicotine device" includes a nontherapeutic nicotine inhaler or a
1442	nontherapeutic nicotine nasal spray.
1443	(8) "Nontherapeutic nicotine device substance" means a substance that:
1444	(a) contains nicotine;
1445	(b) is sold in a cartridge for use in a nontherapeutic nicotine device;
1446	(c) is not purchased with a prescription from a licensed physician; and
1447	(d) is not approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration as nicotine
1448	replacement therapy.
1449	[(4)] <u>(9)</u> "Place of business" includes:
1450	(a) a shop;
1451	(b) a store;
1452	(c) a factory;
1453	(d) a public garage;
1454	(e) an office;
1455	(f) a theater;
1456	(g) a recreation hall;

1457	(h) a dance hall;
1458	(i) a poolroom;
1459	(j) a café;
1460	(k) a cafeteria;
1461	(l) a cabaret;
1462	(m) a restaurant;
1463	(n) a hotel;
1464	(o) a lodging house;
1465	(p) a streetcar;
1466	(q) a bus;
1467	(r) an interurban or railway passenger coach;
1468	(s) a waiting room; and
1469	(t) any other place of business.
1470	(10) "Prefilled electronic cigarette" means an electronic cigarette that is sold prefilled
1471	with an electronic cigarette substance.
1472	[(5)] (11) "Smoking" means the possession of any lighted cigar, cigarette, pipe, or other
1473	lighted smoking equipment.
1474	Section 31. Section 76-10-104 (Effective 07/01/20) is amended to read:
1475	76-10-104 (Effective 07/01/20). Providing a cigar, a cigarette, an electronic
1476	cigarette product, a nicotine product, or tobacco to a minor Penalties.
1477	(1) [A person violates this section who] An individual is guilty of a class C
1478	misdemeanor on the first offense, a class B misdemeanor on the second offense, and a class A
1479	misdemeanor on subsequent offenses if the individual knowingly, intentionally, recklessly, or
1480	with criminal negligence provides a cigar, <u>a</u> cigarette, <u>an</u> electronic cigarette <u>product, a nicotine</u>
1481	product, or tobacco in any form[;] to an individual under the following ages[, is guilty of a class
1482	C misdemeanor on the first offense, a class B misdemeanor on the second offense, and a class
1483	A misdemeanor on subsequent offenses]:
1484	(a) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years old; and
1485	(b) beginning July 1, 2021, 21 years old.
1486	(2) As used in this section "provides":
1487	(a) includes selling, giving, furnishing, sending, or causing to be sent; and

1488	(b) does not include the acts of the United States Postal Service or other common
1489	carrier when engaged in the business of transporting and delivering packages for others or the
1490	acts of a person, whether compensated or not, who transports or delivers a package for another
1491	person without any reason to know of the package's content.
1492	Section 32. Section 76-10-104.1 (Effective 07/01/20) is amended to read:
1493	76-10-104.1 (Effective 07/01/20). Providing tobacco paraphernalia to a minor
1494	Penalties.
1495	(1) For purposes of this section:
1496	(a) "Provides":
1497	(i) includes selling, giving, furnishing, sending, or causing to be sent; and
1498	(ii) does not include the acts of the United States Postal Service or other common
1499	carrier when engaged in the business of transporting and delivering packages for others or the
1500	acts of a person, whether compensated or not, who transports or delivers a package for another
1501	person without any reason to know of the package's content.
1502	(b) $\underline{(i)}$ "Tobacco paraphernalia" [$\underline{:}$ (i)] means equipment, product, or material of any
1503	kind that is used, intended for use, or designed for use to package, repackage, store, contain,
1504	conceal, ingest, inhale, or otherwise introduce a cigar, <u>a</u> cigarette, <u>an electronic cigarette</u>
1505	substance, a nontherapeutic nicotine device substance, or tobacco in any form into the human
1506	body[, including:].
1507	(ii) "Tobacco paraphernalia" includes:
1508	(A) metal, wooden, acrylic, glass, stone, plastic, or ceramic pipes with or without
1509	screens, permanent screens, hashish heads, or punctured metal bowls;
1510	(B) water pipes;
1511	(C) carburetion tubes and devices;
1512	(D) smoking and carburetion masks;
1513	(E) roach clips, meaning objects used to hold burning material, such as a cigarette, that
1514	has become too small or too short to be held in the hand;
1515	(F) chamber pipes;
1516	(G) carburetor pipes;
1517	(H) electric pipes;
1518	(I) air-driven pipes;

1519	(J) chillums;
1520	(K) bongs; and
1521	(L) ice pipes or chillers[; and].
1522	[(iii) "Tobacco paraphernalia" does not include matches or lighters.
1523	(2) (a) It is unlawful for [a person] an individual to knowingly, intentionally,
1524	recklessly, or with criminal negligence provide tobacco paraphernalia to an individual under:
1525	(i) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years old; and
1526	(ii) beginning July 1, 2021, 21 years old.
1527	(b) [A person] An individual who violates this section is guilty of a class C
1528	misdemeanor on the first offense and a class B misdemeanor on subsequent offenses.
1529	Section 33. Section 76-10-105 (Effective 07/01/20) is amended to read:
1530	76-10-105 (Effective 07/01/20). Buying or possessing a cigar, a cigarette, an
1531	electronic cigarette product, a nicotine product, or tobacco by a minor Penalty
1532	Compliance officer authority Juvenile court jurisdiction.
1533	(1) (a) An individual who is 18 years or older, but younger than the age specified in
1534	Subsection (1)(b), and buys or attempts to buy, accepts, or has in the individual's possession
1535	any cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette product, nicotine product, or tobacco in any form is
1536	guilty of an infraction and subject to:
1537	(i) a minimum fine or penalty of \$60; and
1538	(ii) participation in a court-approved tobacco education or cessation program, which
1539	may include a participation fee.
1540	(b) For purposes of Subsection (1)(a), the individual is younger than:
1541	(i) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years old; and
1542	(ii) beginning July 1, 2021, 21 years old.
1543	(2) (a) An individual under the age of 18 who buys or attempts to buy, accepts, or has
1544	in the individual's possession any cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette product, nicotine product
1545	or tobacco in any form is subject to the jurisdiction of the juvenile court and subject to Section
1546	78A-6-602, unless the violation is committed on school property.
1547	(b) If a violation under this section is adjudicated under Section 78A-6-117, the minor
1548	may be subject to the following:
1549	[(a)] (i) a fine or penalty, in accordance with Section 78A-6-117; and

1550	[(b)] (ii) participation in a court-approved tobacco education program, which may
1551	include a participation fee.
1552	(3) (a) A compliance officer appointed by a board of education under Section
1553	53G-4-402 may not issue a citation for a violation of this section committed on school
1554	property.
1555	(b) A cited violation committed on school property shall be addressed in accordance
1556	with Section 53G-8-211.
1557	(4) (a) This section does not apply to the purchase or possession of a cigar, cigarette,
1558	electronic cigarette, tobacco, or tobacco paraphernalia by an individual who is 18 years or older
1559	and is:
1560	(i) on active duty in the United States Armed Forces; or
1561	(ii) a spouse or dependent of an individual who is on active duty in the United States
1562	Armed Forces.
1563	(b) A valid, government-issued military identification card is required to verify proof
1564	of age under Subsection (4)(a).
1565	Section 34. Section 76-10-105.1 (Effective 07/01/20) is amended to read:
1566	76-10-105.1 (Effective 07/01/20). Requirement of direct, face-to-face sale of a
1567	cigarette, tobacco, an electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product Minors not
1568	allowed in tobacco specialty shop Penalties.
1569	(1) As used in this section:
1570	(a) "Cigarette" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-14-102.
1571	(b) (i) "Face-to-face exchange" means a transaction made in person between an
1572	individual and a retailer or retailer's employee.
1573	(ii) "Face-to-face exchange" does not include a sale through a:
1574	(A) vending machine; or
1575	(B) self-service display.
1576	(c) "Retailer" means a person who:
1577	(i) sells a cigarette, tobacco, [or] an electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product
1578	to an individual for personal consumption; or
1579	(ii) operates a facility with a vending machine that sells a cigarette, tobacco, [or] an
1580	electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product.

1581	(d) "Self-service display" means a display of a cigarette, tobacco, [or] an electronic
1582	cigarette product, or a nicotine product to which the public has access without the intervention
1583	of a retailer or retailer's employee.
1584	(e) "Tobacco" means any product, except a cigarette, made of or containing tobacco.
1585	(f) "Tobacco specialty shop" means a "retail tobacco specialty business" as that term is
1586	defined:
1587	(i) as it relates to a municipality, in Section 10-8-41.6; and
1588	(ii) as it relates to a county, in Section 17-50-333.
1589	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), a retailer may sell a cigarette, tobacco, [or] an
1590	electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product only in a face-to-face exchange.
1591	(3) The face-to-face sale requirement in Subsection (2) does not apply to:
1592	(a) a mail-order, telephone, or Internet sale made in compliance with Section
1593	59-14-509;
1594	(b) a sale from a vending machine or self-service display that is located in an area of a
1595	retailer's facility:
1596	(i) that is distinct and separate from the rest of the facility; and
1597	(ii) where the retailer only allows an individual who complies with Subsection (4) to be
1598	present; or
1599	(c) a sale at a tobacco specialty shop.
1600	(4) (a) An individual who is less than the age specified in Subsection (4)(b) may not
1601	enter or be present at a tobacco specialty shop unless the individual is:
1602	(i) accompanied by a parent or legal guardian;
1603	(ii) present at the tobacco shop for a bona fide commercial purpose other than to
1604	purchase a cigarette, tobacco, [or] an electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product; or
1605	(iii) 18 years old or older and an active duty member of the United States Armed
1606	Forces, as demonstrated by a valid, government-issued military identification card.
1607	(b) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a), the individual is younger than:
1608	(i) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years old; and
1609	(ii) beginning July 1, 2021, 21 years old.
1610	(5) A parent or legal guardian who accompanies, under Subsection (4)(a)(i), an
1611	individual into an area described in Subsection (3)(b), or into a tobacco specialty shop, may not

1612	allow the individual to purchase a cigarette, tobacco, [or] an electronic cigarette product, or a
1613	nicotine product.
1614	(6) A violation of Subsection (2) or (4) is a:
1615	(a) class C misdemeanor on the first offense;
1616	(b) class B misdemeanor on the second offense; and
1617	(c) class A misdemeanor on the third and all subsequent offenses.
1618	(7) An individual who violates Subsection (5) is guilty of providing tobacco to a minor
1619	under Section 76-10-104.
1620	(8) (a) An ordinance, regulation, or rule adopted by the governing body of a political
1621	subdivision of the state or by a state agency that affects the sale, minimum age of sale,
1622	placement, or display of [cigarettes] a cigarette, tobacco, [or] an electronic [cigarettes]
1623	cigarette product, or a nicotine product that is not essentially identical to this section and
1624	Section 76-10-102 is superseded.
1625	(b) Subsection (8)(a) does not apply to the adoption or enforcement of a land use
1626	ordinance by a municipal or county government.
1627	Section 35. Section 76-10-111 is amended to read:
1628	76-10-111. Restrictions on sale of smokeless tobacco or electronic cigarette
1629	products Exceptions.
1630	(1) The Legislature finds that:
1631	(a) smokeless tobacco, or chewing tobacco, is harmful to the health of individuals who
1632	use those products because research indicates that they may cause mouth or oral cancers;
1633	(b) the use of smokeless tobacco among juveniles in this state is increasing rapidly;
1634	(c) the use of electronic [cigarettes] cigarette products may lead to unhealthy behavior
1635	such as the use of tobacco products; and
1636	(d) it is necessary to restrict the gift of the products described in this Subsection (1) in
1637	the interest of the health of the citizens of this state.
1638	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), it is unlawful for a manufacturer,
1639	wholesaler, and retailer to:
1640	(i) give or distribute without charge any smokeless tobacco, chewing tobacco, or
1641	electronic cigarette <u>product</u> in this state[.];
1642	(ii) sell, offer for sale, or furnish any electronic cigarette product at less than 90% of

1643	the cost of the product to the manufacturer, wholesaler, or retailer; or
1644	(iii) give, distribute, sell, offer for sale, or furnish any electronic cigarette product for
1645	free or at a lower price because the recipient of the electronic cigarette product makes another
1646	purchase.
1647	(b) The price that a manufacturer, wholesaler, or retailer may charge under Subsection
1648	(2)(a)(ii) does not include a discount for:
1649	(i) a physical manufacturer coupon:
1650	(A) that is surrendered to the wholesaler or retailer at the time of sale; and
1651	(B) for which the manufacturer will reimburse the wholesaler or the retailer for the full
1652	amount of the discount described in the manufacturer coupon and provided to the purchaser;
1653	(ii) a rebate that will be paid to the manufacturer, the wholesaler, or the retailer for the
1654	full amount of the rebate provided to the purchaser; or
1655	(iii) a promotional fund that will be paid to the manufacturer, the wholesaler, or the
1656	retailer for the full amount of the promotional fund provided to the purchaser.
1657	(c) Any [person] individual who violates this section is guilty of:
1658	(i) a class C misdemeanor for the first offense[, and is guilty of]; or
1659	(ii) a class B misdemeanor for any subsequent offense.
1660	(3) [(a)] Smokeless tobacco, chewing tobacco, or an electronic cigarette <u>product</u> may
1661	be distributed to adults without charge at professional conventions where the general public is
1662	excluded.
1663	[(b) Subsection (2) does not apply to a retailer, manufacturer, or distributor who gives
1664	smokeless tobacco, chewing tobacco, or an electronic cigarette to a person of legal age upon
1665	the person's purchase of another tobacco product or electronic cigarette.]
1666	Section 36. Section 77-39-101 (Effective 07/01/20) is amended to read:
1667	77-39-101 (Effective 07/01/20). Investigation of sales of alcohol, tobacco, and
1668	electronic cigarette products to underage individuals.
1669	(1) As used in this section, "electronic cigarette" [is as] means an electronic cigarette
1670	product as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
1671	(2) (a) A peace officer, as defined by Title 53, Chapter 13, Peace Officer
1672	Classifications, may investigate the possible violation of:
1673	(i) Section 32B-4-403 by requesting an individual under 21 years old to enter into and

1674 attempt to purchase or make a purchase of alcohol from a retail establishment; or 1675 (ii) Section 76-10-104 by requesting an individual under the age specified in 1676 Subsection (2)(e) to enter into and attempt to purchase or make a purchase from a retail 1677 establishment of: 1678 (A) a cigar; 1679 (B) a cigarette: 1680 (C) tobacco in any form; or 1681 (D) an electronic cigarette. 1682 (b) A peace officer who is present at the site of a proposed purchase shall direct, 1683 supervise, and monitor the individual requested to make the purchase. 1684 (c) Immediately following a purchase or attempted purchase or as soon as practical the 1685 supervising peace officer shall inform the cashier and the proprietor or manager of the retail 1686 establishment that the attempted purchaser was under the legal age to purchase: 1687 (i) alcohol; or 1688 (ii) (A) a cigar; 1689 (B) a cigarette; 1690 (C) tobacco in any form; or 1691 (D) an electronic cigarette. 1692 (d) If a citation or information is issued, it shall be issued within seven days of the 1693 purchase. 1694 (e) For purposes of Subsection (2)(a)(ii), the individual is younger than: 1695 (i) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years old; and 1696 (ii) beginning July 1, 2021, 21 years old. 1697 (3) (a) If an individual under the age of 18 years old is requested to attempt a purchase, 1698 a written consent of that individual's parent or guardian shall be obtained prior to that 1699 individual participating in any attempted purchase. 1700 (b) An individual requested by the peace officer to attempt a purchase may: 1701 (i) be a trained volunteer; or 1702 (ii) receive payment, but may not be paid based on the number of successful purchases 1703 of alcohol, tobacco, or an electronic cigarette. 1704 (4) The individual requested by the peace officer to attempt a purchase and anyone

accompanying the individual attempting a purchase may not during the attempted purchase misrepresent the age of the individual by false or misleading identification documentation in attempting the purchase.

- (5) An individual requested to attempt to purchase or make a purchase pursuant to this section is immune from prosecution, suit, or civil liability for the purchase of, attempted purchase of, or possession of alcohol, a cigar, a cigarette, tobacco in any form, or an electronic cigarette if a peace officer directs, supervises, and monitors the individual.
- 1712 (6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), a purchase attempted under this section shall be conducted:
- 1714 (i) on a random basis; and
- 1715 (ii) within a 12-month period at any one retail establishment location not more often than:
- 1717 (A) two times for the attempted purchase of:
- 1718 (I) a cigar;

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- 1719 (II) a cigarette;
- 1720 (III) tobacco in any form; or
- 1721 (IV) an electronic cigarette; and
- (B) four times for the attempted purchase of alcohol.
- 1723 (b) This section does not prohibit an investigation or an attempt to purchase tobacco 1724 under this section if:
- (i) there is reasonable suspicion to believe the retail establishment has sold alcohol, a cigar, a cigarette, tobacco in any form, or an electronic cigarette to an individual under the age established by Section 32B-4-403 or 76-10-104; and
- 1728 (ii) the supervising peace officer makes a written record of the grounds for the 1729 reasonable suspicion.
- 1730 (7) (a) The peace officer exercising direction, supervision, and monitoring of the attempted purchase shall make a report of the attempted purchase, whether or not a purchase was made.
- 1733 (b) The report required by this Subsection (7) shall include:
- (i) the name of the supervising peace officer;
- 1735 (ii) the name of the individual attempting the purchase;

1736	(iii) a photograph of the individual attempting the purchase showing how that
1737	individual appeared at the time of the attempted purchase;
1738	(iv) the name and description of the cashier or proprietor from whom the individual
1739	attempted the purchase;
1740	(v) the name and address of the retail establishment; and
1741	(vi) the date and time of the attempted purchase.
1742	Section 37. Effective date.
1743	This bill takes effect on July 1, 2020.