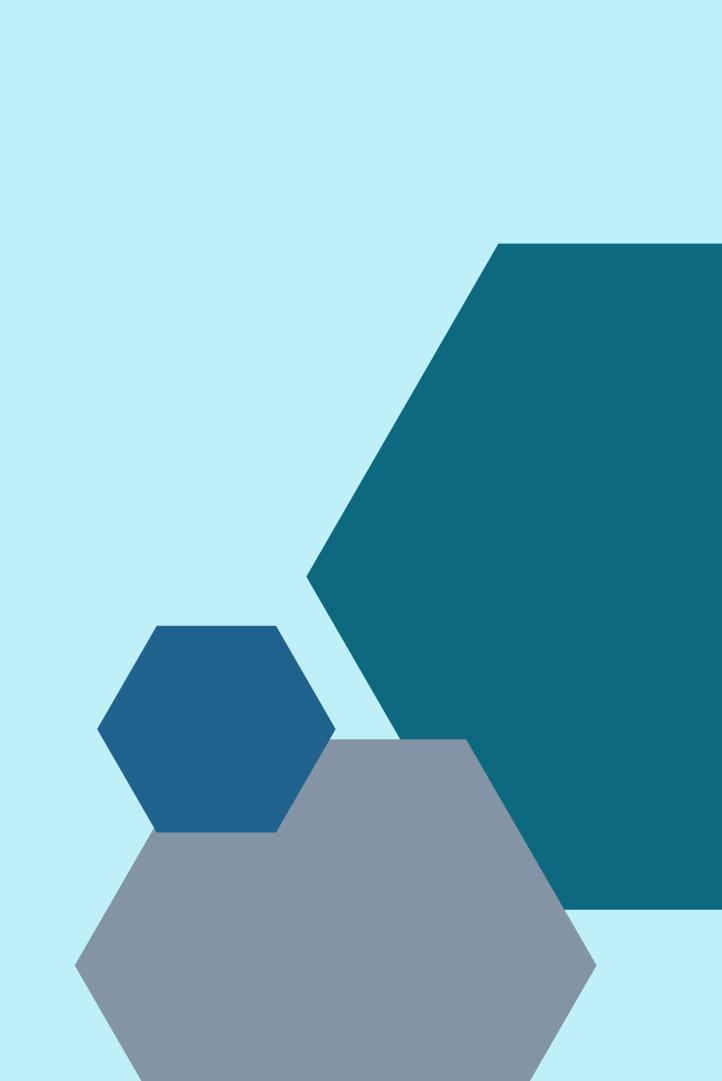


Commission on Criminal & Juvenile Justice

FY 24 Budget Presentation



Overview

- Agency at a Glance
- FY 22 Highlighted Works
- FY 24 Building Blocks
 - Commission on Criminal & Juvenile Justice
 - Utah Office for Victims of Crime
 - Indigent Defense Commission
- Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission

Agency at a Glance

Created in 1983, the Utah Commission on Criminal & Juvenile Justice (CCJJ) is the coordinating body for criminal and juvenile justice policy. We deliver a broad research and grant agenda to advance criminal and juvenile justice programming in Utah. We are staffed by various experts in their respective fields who assist the Commission in fulfilling its statutory duties and obligations set forth by the governor and legislature.

Divisions & Teams

We are an office with diverse experience working together to create a better criminal and juvenile justice for all.

VICTIMS OF CRIME

JUVENILE JUSTICE

DATA & RESEARCH

INDIGENT DEFENSE

GRANTS

USAAV+

JUDICIAL NOMINATING COMMISSION

SENTENCING COMMISSION

DOMESTIC & SEXUAL VIOLENCE

CCJJ

FY 22 Highlighted Works



Grant Administration

301 grants representing \$13.5 M8 grants representing \$254,000 for juvenile targeted programming

Research Studies

Non Judicial Adjustment Studies: CCJJ worked with the Utah Criminal Justice Center and the Economics Evaluation Unit to complete two studies examining the Non Judicial Adjustment diversion process in Utah

Youth to Adult Pathways Study: CCJJ finalized a project that looked at long-term adult system outcomes for youth involved in Utah's juvenile justice system. This was a multi-year effort that involved collaboration with the Juvenile Court, Juvenile Justice Services, the Department of Corrections, and the University of Utah

FY 22 Highlighted Works



Sentencing Commission

- Guidelines. Updated the Master Offense List
- and sexual exploitation of children offense. Created a new Collateral Consequences Guide
- Oversaw violent crimes, restitution, sex offenses, measuring recidivism, high value financial offenses, and child sexual exploitation offenses working groups. Each of these groups incorporated into the 2023 sentencing guidelines, or both
- attorneys, prosecutors, victim advocate groups, and probation/parole officers

• Updated and streamlined Sentencing, Release, and Supervision

• Created new sentencing guidelines for high value financial offenses

produced a final product that was either made into a bill for 2023,

• Provided training to stakeholder groups including judges, defense

FY 22 Highlighted Works



General Session 2022 House Bill (HB) 403

CCJJ continues to work together with the Division of Technology Services and Department of Public Safety. Current Progress:

- Selected the Google Cloud Platform (GCP) and BigQuery. Testing and production environments have been created
- Finalized the Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) that is a generalized data sharing agreement between CCJJ and related agencies impacted by HB 403
- Data being evaluated: Section 17-22-3 (Jail data), Section 41-6A-511 & 78A-2-109.5 (Court data)
- Data ready for collection: Section 77-7-8.5 (Tactical data), Section 78B-7-120 (Death in Custody data), Section 24-4-118 (State & Federal Forfeiture data), Section 77-22-2.5 (Subpoena data) and Jail data from Cache County



CCJJ, Victims of Crime Commission

FY 24 Building Blocks



UOVC, Victim Assistance Training & Coordination



IDC, Grant Program



CCJJ, Victims of Crime Services & Grants



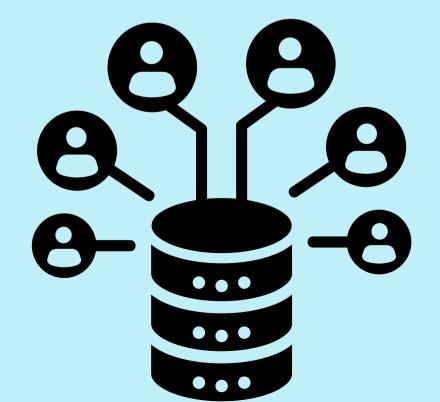
UOVC, Restitution Department



IDC, Indigent Appellate Defense Division

Building Block - CCJJ Victims of Crime Commission

\$500,000 FY 24 One-time General Fund



Project Goal: To create the Utah Victims of Crime Services Coordination Commission to provide a collective voice to victims and to coordinate a local and government response.



\$550,000 FY 24 Ongoing **General Fund**

Building Block - CCJJ Victims of Crime Services & Grants

\$30,000,000 FY 24 One-time General Fund

Project Goal: To streamline and create statewide messaging, with the overall goal of improved response, prevention, and intervention efforts for current service providers and shelters for victims of crime.



\$20,000,000 FY 24 Ongoing General Fund



CCJJ Leadership Team

Ken Matthews, Deputy Director kmatthews@utah.gov

Tom Ross, Executive Director tomross@utah.gov



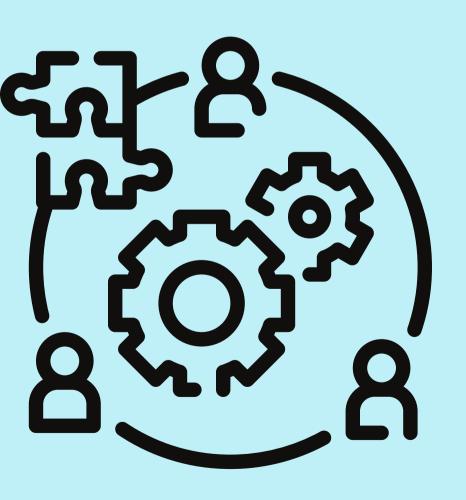


Utah Office for Victims of Crime

Building Block - UOVC Victims Assistance Training & Coordination

\$250,000 FY 24 Ongoing **General Fund**

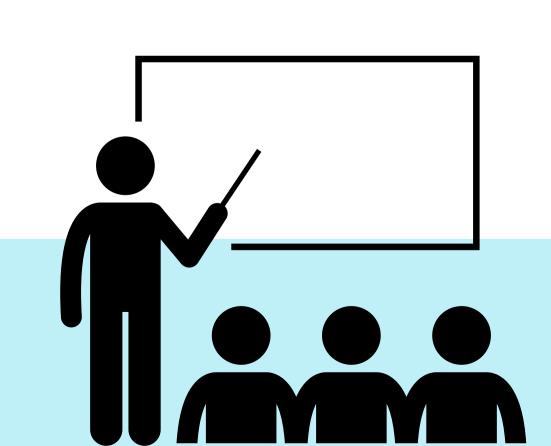
Project Goal: To provide training, technical assistance, and coordination to over 800 victim services professionals and 200 programs statewide including but not limited to domestic violence shelters, rape crisis programs, childrens justice centers, and police departments.





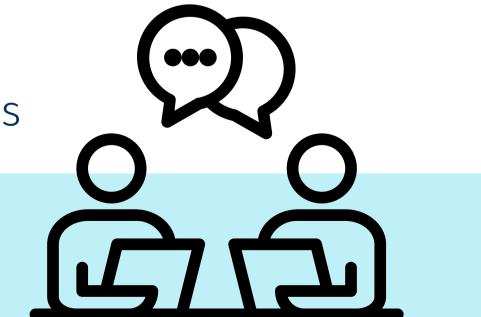
Victim Assistance Training Coordinator Milestones

- Utah Victim Assistance Academy-Basic 40 hour training required for all victim advocates
- Quarterly Training for Victim Advocates and coordination of Statewide Advocates for Victims Organization (SWAVO)
- Utah Crime Victims Conference
- Mass Casualty Response Planning



Victim Advocate Liaison Milestones

- Statewide needs assessment for victim services and coordination
- Listening sessions in each judicial district on needs of victims and service providers
- Strategic planning taskforce for statewide coordinated victim services plan
- One-on-one consultation to victim advocates



Requests from Advocates

66

Service providers need more training and support in order to improve victim's experience in terms of accessibility, seamlessness, and relevance of services.

More support is needed to ensure that services are culturally-relevant and trauma-informed.

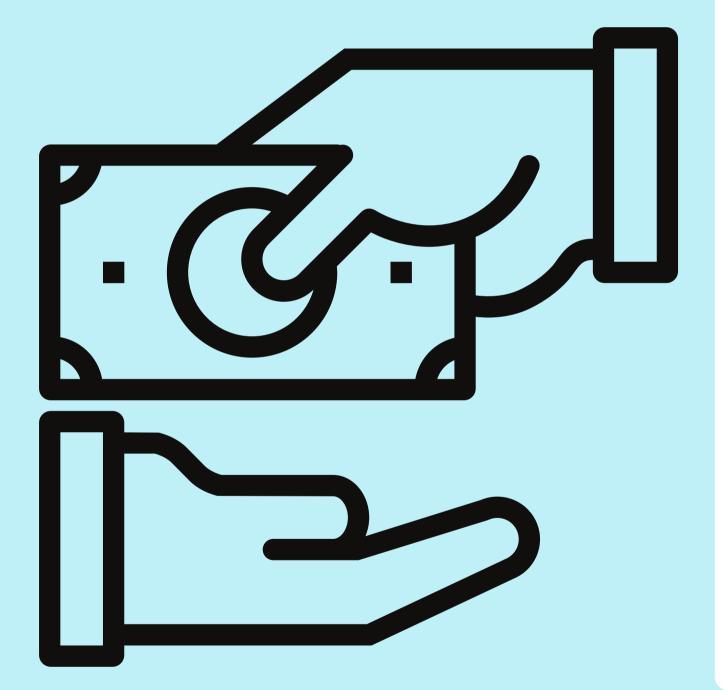
UOVC, the Utah Domestic Violence Coalition, and the Utah Coalition Against Sexual Assault should oversee the certification of trainings, establish standards of care, and define what core services should be.



Victim Assistance Goals

- Victim advocacy credentialing standards
- Statewide resource guide for victim services professionals
- Standardized victim advocate job description
- Seamless victim services map
- Service standards for victim services programs





Victim Reparation Program FY 22

- reparation benefits
- violent crime
- \$4,864,141.31

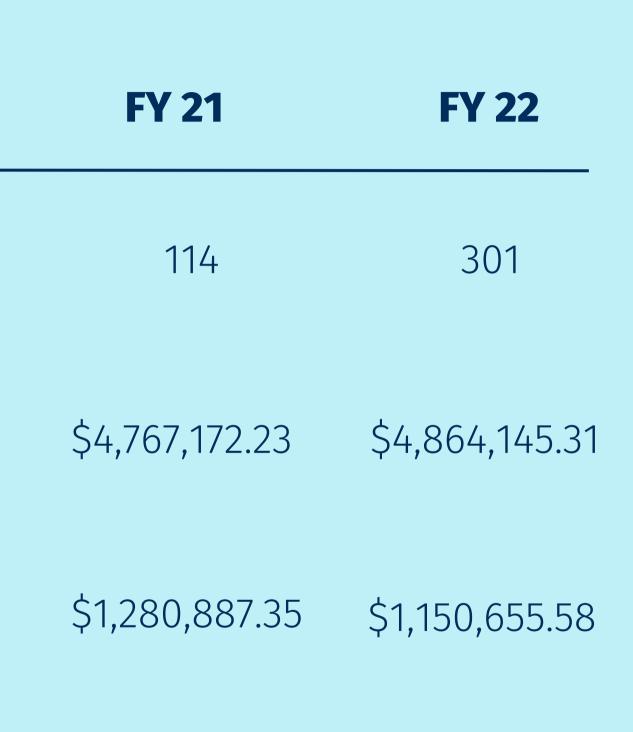
• Processed 7,402 applications for

• Provided payment for 22,749 dates of services to or on behalf of victims of

• Benefit payments totaled

Restitution

| | FY 18 | FY 19 | FY 20 |
|--------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Court Hearings | 40 | 36 | 59 |
| Benefits Paid | \$6,737,536.14 | \$6,216,718.22 | \$5,520,455.53 |
| Restitution Collected | \$590,710.35 | \$794,302.48 | \$997,925.75 |
| Percent | 9 | 13 | 18 |



27 2

24

Restitution FY 23 First Two Quarters

- 206 court hearings
- Greater than **400 court hearings** projected to attend in FY 23
- \$2,255,033.89 benefits paid
- \$472,286.15 collected
- 628 cases are being tracked by UOVC attorneys for orders and UOVC staff have hundreds more

Building Block - UOVC Restitution Department

\$290,000 FY 24 Ongoing General Fund*

Project Goal: Fund an additional full time AG Attorney to share the load of hearings and to ease the overburdened caseload for the primary AG Attorney. In addition a full time FTE would be hired to help prepare for hearings, track restitution orders, and help to implement new practices for better results.

*The revenue collected by the program to pay for this request will make this request budget neutral.



UOVC Contact

Gary Scheller, Director garys@utah.gov





Indigent Defense Commission

Right to Counsel

Constitutional Right to Counsel

The Sixth Amendment of the Constitution ensures that, "in all criminal prosecutions, the accused shall enjoy the right . . . To have the Assistance of Counsel for his defense."

Right to Appointed Counsel

In 1963, the U.S. Supreme Court ruled in Gideon v. Wainwright that if a person could not afford to hire an attorney, the government must provide one.



How Other States Handle the 6th Amendment

New Mexico, 1973

Created statewide public defender office

Colorado, **1974**

Created statewide public defender office

Nevada, 2020

Settles lawsuit creating more public defense oversight and funding

Idaho, 2021

In litigation over public defense system

Wyoming, 1976

Created statewide public defender office

Oregon, Wisconsin, 2022-2023

Currently being sued for underfunding indigent defense



LEGISLATIVE **FISCAL** ANALYST

1

2

3

4

2020 LFA Indigent Defense Report Recommended:

- etc.
- over 3 years.
- state standards.
- are in adequate.

Legislative study: Indigent defense issues including: funding, best practice, system design, strategic plan,

Appropriations: Increase & cap up to \$20m ongoing

IDC Priorities: Identify priorities & reports on compliance including local challenges of meeting

Review: Regular reports and overall review over 3-5 years. Consider additional state control if outcomes

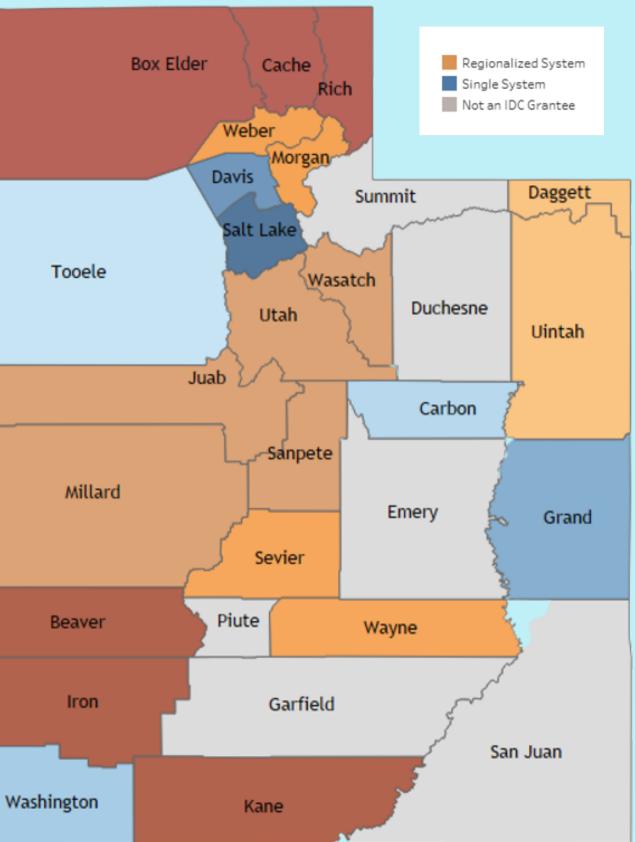
Managing Defender Network

O1 Independence

O2 Oversight

O3 Advocacy

04 Liason



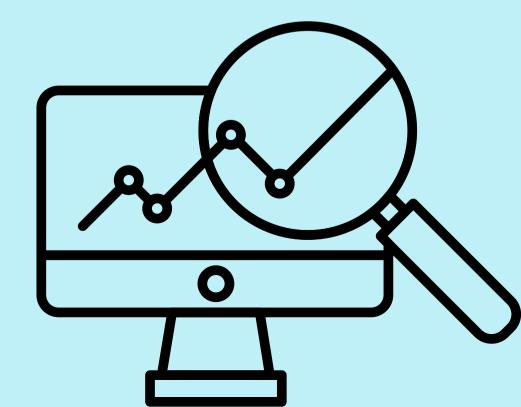
How IDC Obtains Data

Semi-annual reporting through System-Needs-Evaluation (SNE)

- What are the caseloads per attorney?
- Are the cases evenly distributed among attorneys?
- Is there a screening process for conflicts of interest?
- Is there a process for client complaints?
- Are attorneys meeting with clients before their court date?
- Are attorneys informing clients of their right to appeal?
- How often are defense resources used?

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urt date? peal?





Grant Program FY23

- \$1,300,000 one time
- Public Defender Office

• Awarded \$6,341,301 in funding,

• Increase in attorney contracts

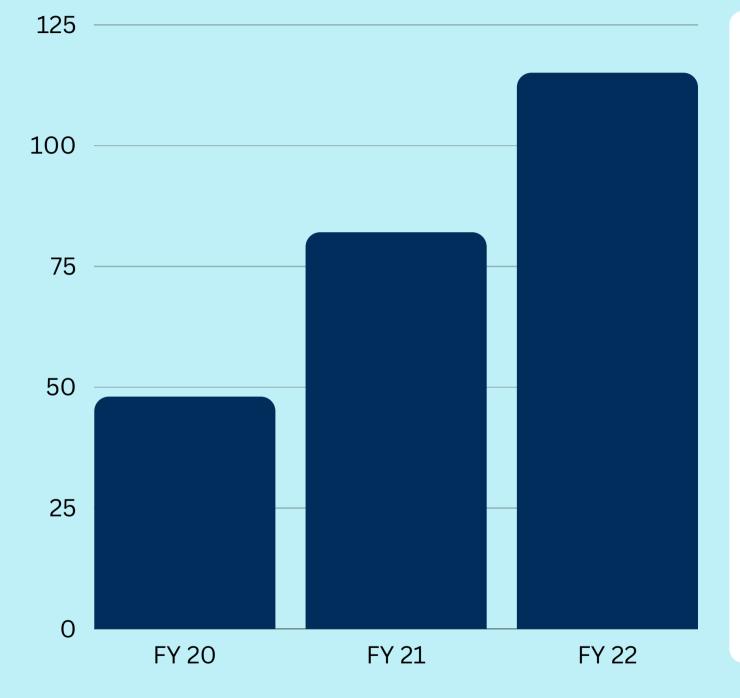
• Establishment of Weber County

• Rural Mileage Reimbursement

Parental Defense Social Worker Project

- Assist Parents to comply with reunification plans
- 3 Additional social workers shared between
 5 counties





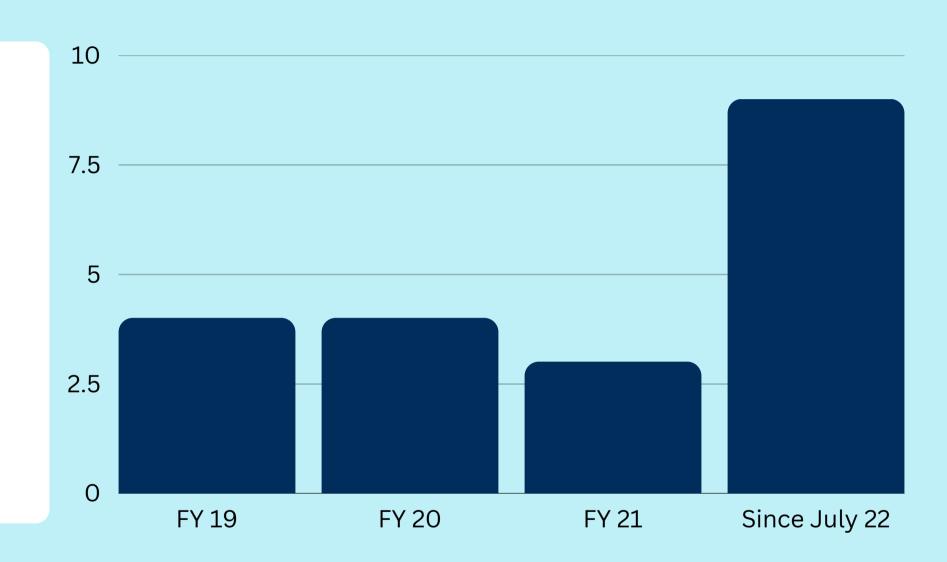
Appellate Defense Division

- Class Counties.
- 2020

• Exclusively handles appeals from 3-6

• Since its creation in 2020, the number of appeals has increased from 48 appeals per year to 115 per year. Appeals up by 140% since fall

Post Conviction Relief



Building Block - IDC Grants Program

\$700,000 FY 24 One-time IDC Restricted Account

Project Goal: Grants are awarded to counties throughout the state to fund additional defense attorney contracts, and for defense resources such as investigators and social workers to assist with mental health and substance use placement.

\$1,300,000 FY 24 Conversion from Onetime to Ongoing IDC Restricted Account

Building Block - IDC Indigent Appellate Defense Division

\$300,000 FY 24 Ongoing IDC Restricted Account



Project Goal: Funding to hire two additional in-house appellate attorneys to help the Indigent Appellate Defense Division meet demands from rapidly increasing appeals caseloads.





IDC Contact

Adam Trupp, Assistant Director atrupp@utah.gov

Matthew Barazza, Director mbarraza@utah.gov





Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission



JPEC Impact On Voting Outcomes



Statistically, as a judge's total evaluation score increases, so does the percentage of "yes" votes they receive. The lower the judge's score is, the lower the percentage of "yes" votes received.

Higher scores Lower scores

Each dot on the graph represents an actual judge's score and corresponding percentage of "yes" votes received.

- Higher scores greater % of "yes" votes
- Lower scores —> greater % of "no" votes

THE STATE OF UTAH Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission

A justice system that is making sure people's voices are heard.



- judges)

• Salesforce Case Study

• Elections Public Outreach

• Technology grants to local governments (very low caseload

• Self-represented litigant pilot project

• National JPE 2.0 effort

JPEC Contact and to learn more:

Jennifer Yim, Executive Director jyim@utah.gov

or judicialperformance@utah.gov

