1	UTAH STATE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS REVISIONS
2	2024 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	
5	LONG TITLE
6	General Description:
7	This bill modifies the Utah State Retirement and Insurance Benefit Act.
8	Highlighted Provisions:
9	This bill:
10	• modifies a defined term referencing the Utah State Retirement Investment Fund to
11	reflect the fund name;
12	<ul> <li>requires a participating employer to maintain records supporting certifications and</li> </ul>
13	reports regarding employee service credit;
14	<ul> <li>provides a participating employer's liability for failing to comply with contribution,</li> </ul>
15	record keeping, reporting, and certification requirements;
16	<ul> <li>provides a participating employer's maximum penalty for failing to make</li> </ul>
17	contributions, retain records, or correctly report or certify eligibility;
18	requires, in an appeal, that the Utah State Retirement Board review a hearing
19	officer's final judgment or decision;
20	<ul> <li>provides the work required by a public safety service employee or firefighter service</li> </ul>
21	employee;
22	<ul> <li>clarifies that a career retirement benefit awarded to a surviving spouse is in addition</li> </ul>
23	to a death benefit; and
24	<ul><li>makes technical and conforming changes.</li></ul>
25	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
26	None
27	Other Special Clauses:
28	This bill provides a special effective date.
29	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
30	AMENDS:
31	<b>49-11-306</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 352
32	<b>49-11-602</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 141

33	<b>49-11-604</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 10
34	<b>49-11-613</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 37
35	<b>49-12-405</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 84
36	<b>49-13-405</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 84
37	<b>49-14-102</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 171
38	<b>49-15-102</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 171
39	49-16-102 (Superseded 07/01/24), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters
40	37, 59 and 139
41	<b>49-16-102</b> (Effective <b>07/01/24</b> ), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 310
42	<b>49-22-502</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 84
43	<b>49-23-102</b> (Superseded 07/01/24), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 59
44	<b>49-23-102</b> (Effective 07/01/24), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 310
45	<b>49-23-502</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 84
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47	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
48	Section 1. Section 49-11-306 is amended to read:
49	49-11-306. Definitions Scrutinized companies investment report Content
50	Reporting Exceptions.
51	(1) As used in this section:
52	(a) "Active business operations" means all business operations that are not inactive
53	business operations.
54	(b) (i) "Business operations" means investing, with actual knowledge on or after
55	August 5, 1996, in Iran's petroleum sector which investment directly and significantly
56	contributes to the enhancement of Iran's ability to develop the petroleum resources of Iran.
57	(ii) "Business operations" does not include the retail sale of gasoline and related
58	consumer products.
59	(c) "Company" means any foreign sole proprietorship, organization, association,
60	corporation, partnership, joint venture, limited partnership, limited liability partnership, limited
61	liability company, or any other foreign entity or business association, including all
62	wholly-owned subsidiaries, majority-owned subsidiaries or parent companies or affiliates of
63	these entities or business associations, that exists for the purpose of making a profit.

64	(d) (i) "Direct holdings" means all publicly traded equity securities of a company that
65	are held directly by the [public] investment fund or in an account or fund in which the [public]
66	investment fund owns all shares or interests.
67	(ii) "Direct holdings" does not include publicly traded equity securities of a company
68	held as part of a passive indexing investment strategy.
69	(e) "Inactive business operations" means the continued holding or renewal of rights to
70	property previously operated for the purpose of generating revenues but not presently deployed
71	for that purpose.
72	(f) "Investment fund" means the Utah State Retirement Investment Fund created in
73	Section 49-11-301.
74	[(f)] (g) "Iran" means the Islamic Republic of Iran.
75	[(g)] (h) "Petroleum resources" means petroleum or natural gas.
76	[(h) "Public fund" means the Utah State Retirement Investment Fund created under
77	<del>Section 49-11-301.</del> ]
78	(i) "Scrutinized business operations" means any active business operations that:
79	(i) are subject to or liable for sanctions under Public Law 104-172, the Iran Sanctions
80	Act of 1996, as amended; and
81	(ii) involve the maintenance of:
82	(A) the company's existing assets or investments in Iran; or
83	(B) the deployment of new investments to Iran that meet or exceed the threshold
84	referred to in Public Law 104-172, the Iran Sanctions Act of 1996, as amended.
85	(j) "Scrutinized company" means any company engaging in scrutinized business
86	operations.
87	(2) (a) (i) The Utah State Retirement Office shall identify [those] the scrutinized
88	companies in which the [public] investment fund has direct holdings.
89	(ii) In making the determination, the board shall review and rely on publicly available
90	information regarding companies with business operations in Iran, including information
91	provided by nonprofit organizations, research firms, international organizations, and
92	government entities.
93	(b) The office shall assemble a list of all identified scrutinized companies.
94	(c) The office shall update the list, on an annual basis, with information provided and

- 95 received from those entities listed in Subsection (2)(a).
- 96 (3) The office shall prepare an annual report of [public] investment fund investments in scrutinized companies.
- 98 (4) The report shall include amounts and other data and statistics designed to explain 99 the past and current extent to which public fund investments in scrutinized companies:
  - (a) are present; and
- (b) are being prevented under Subsection (6).
- 102 (5) The report shall be provided to the governor, the board, the president of the Senate, 103 the speaker of the House of Representatives, and to each member and staff of the Retirement 104 and Independent Entities Committee created under Section 63E-1-201.
  - (6) [Beginning July 1, 2011, using] <u>Using</u> the most current list assembled under Subsection (2), the office shall prevent the investment of [public] <u>investment</u> [funds] <u>fund's</u> direct holdings in a scrutinized company:
  - (a) for [public] funds managed within the office, by not investing in direct holdings in a scrutinized company; and
    - (b) for [public] funds managed by contract by a professional investment manager:
- 111 (i) for existing contracts, by requesting that no more direct holdings be acquired in a 112 scrutinized company; and
- (ii) for future contracts, by stipulating in the contract that no new direct holdings be acquired in a scrutinized company.
  - (7) The provisions of this section do not apply to:
- (a) money invested in a defined contribution plan as defined under Section 49-11-102;
- 117 or

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- (b) investments in a company that is primarily engaged in:
- (i) supplying goods or services intended to relieve human suffering in Iran; or
- (ii) promoting health, education, religious, welfare, or journalistic activities in Iran.
- Section 2. Section **49-11-602** is amended to read:
- 49-11-602. Participating employer to maintain records -- Time limit -- Penalties for failure to comply.
- 124 (1) A participating employer shall:
- (a) maintain records necessary to calculate benefits under this title and other records

126	necessary for proper administration of this title as required by the office; and
127	(b) maintain records that indicate whether an employee is receiving:
128	(i) a benefit under state or federal law that, under Subsection 49-12-102(1)(b)(vi) or
129	(vii), is excluded from the definition of benefits normally provided for purposes of Chapter 12
130	Public Employees' Contributory Retirement Act, Chapter 13, Public Employees'
131	Noncontributory Retirement Act, or Chapter 22, New Public Employees' Tier II Contributory
132	Retirement Act; or
133	(ii) a benefit under a benefit package generally offered to similarly situated employees
134	(2) A participating employer shall maintain all records necessary to support the
135	participating employer's reports and certifications required by Section 49-11-603.
136	$[\frac{(2)}{(3)}]$ A participating employer shall maintain the records required under
137	[Subsection (1)] Subsections (1) and (2) until the earliest of:
138	(a) three years after the date of retirement of the employee from a system or plan;
139	(b) three years after the date of death of the employee; or
140	(c) 65 years from the date of employment with the participating employer.
141	$\left[\frac{3}{4}\right]$ A participating employer shall be liable to the office for:
142	(a) any liabilities and expenses, including administrative expenses and the cost of
143	increased benefits to members, resulting from the participating employer's failure to maintain
144	records under this section; and
145	(b) a penalty equal to 1% of the participating employer's last month's contributions.
146	[(4)] (5) The executive director may waive all or any part of the interest, penalties,
147	expenses, and fees if the executive director finds there were extenuating circumstances
148	surrounding the participating employer's failure to comply with this section.
149	[(5)] (6) The office may estimate the length of service, compensation, or age of any
150	member, if that information is not contained in the records.
151	[(6)] (7) (a) A participating employer shall enroll an employee, make reports, submit
152	contributions, and provide other requested information electronically in a manner approved by
153	the office.
154	(b) A participating employer shall treat any information provided electronically or
155	otherwise by the office as subject to the confidentiality provisions of this title.
156	Section 3. Section 49-11-604 is amended to read:

13/	49-11-604. Office audits of participating employers Penaities for failure to
158	comply.
159	(1) (a) The office may perform an on-site compliance audit of a participating employer
160	to determine compliance with reporting, contribution, and certification requirements under this
161	title.
162	(b) The office or its independent auditor may perform an on-site compliance audit of a
163	participating employer or request records to be provided by the participating employer,
164	including records required to complete:
165	(i) audited financial statements;
166	(ii) schedules of employer allocations and pension reporting in accordance with
167	Governmental Accounting Standards Board statements; and
168	(iii) service organizational controls reports.
169	(c) The office may request records to be provided by the participating employer at the
170	time of the audit.
171	(d) Audits shall be conducted at the sole discretion of the office after reasonable notice
172	to the participating employer of at least five working days.
173	(e) The participating employer shall extract and provide records as requested by the
174	office in an appropriate, organized, and usable format.
175	(f) Failure of a participating employer to allow access, provide records, or comply in
176	any way with an office audit shall result in the participating employer being liable to the office
177	for:
178	(i) any liabilities and expenses, including administrative expenses and travel expenses,
179	resulting from the participating employer's failure to comply with the audit; and
180	(ii) a penalty equal to 1% of the participating employer's last month's contributions.
181	(2) If the audit reveals a participating employer's failure to make contributions as
182	required under Section 49-11-601, a failure to maintain records as required under Section
183	49-11-602, or a failure to correctly report or certify eligibility as required under Section
184	49-11-603, the participating employer shall [reimburse] be liable to the office for [the cost of
185	the audit.]:
186	(a) any liability or expense, including an administrative expense or the cost of
187	increased benefits to members, resulting from the participating employer's failure to fully

188 comply with the participating employer's reporting, contribution, certification, or record 189 keeping requirements under this title; and 190 (b) a penalty, not to exceed 50% of the participating employer's total contributions for 191 the time period of the error. 192 (3) If the audit reveals that an incorrect benefit has been paid by the office to a 193 member, participant, alternate payee, or beneficiary due to a participating employer's failure to comply with the requirements of Section 49-11-601, 49-11-602, or 49-11-603, in addition to 194 195 the liabilities contained in Subsection (2), the participating employer shall be liable to the 196 office for the following: 197 (a) the actuarial cost of correcting the incorrect benefit; and 198 (b) administrative expenses. 199 (4) The executive director may waive all or any part of the interest, penalties, expenses, 200 and fees if the executive director finds there were extenuating circumstances surrounding the 201 participating employer's failure to comply with this section. 202 Section 4. Section 49-11-613 is amended to read: 203 49-11-613. Appeals procedure -- Right of appeal to hearing officer -- Board 204 reconsideration -- Judicial review -- Docketing abstract of final administrative order. 205 (1) (a) A member, retiree, participant, alternative payee, covered individual, employer, 206 participating employer, and covered employer shall inform themselves of their benefits, rights, 207 obligations, and employment rights under this title. 208 (b) Subject to Subsection (8), any dispute regarding a benefit, right, obligation, or 209 employment right under this title is subject to the procedures provided under this section. 210 (c) (i) A person who disputes a benefit, right, obligation, or employment right under 211 this title shall request a ruling by the executive director who may delegate the decision to the 212 deputy director. 213 (ii) A request for a ruling to the executive director under this section shall constitute 214 the initiation of an action for purposes of the limitations periods described in Section 215 49-11-613.5. 216 (d) A person who is dissatisfied by a ruling under Subsection (1)(c) with respect to any 217 benefit, right, obligation, or employment right under this title may request a review of that

claim by a hearing officer within the time period described in Section 49-11-613.5.

219	(e) (i) The executive director, on behalf of the board, may request that the hearing
220	officer review a dispute regarding any benefit, right, obligation, or employment right under this
221	title by filing a notice of board action and providing notice to all affected parties in accordance
222	with rules adopted by the board.
223	(ii) The filing of a notice of board action shall constitute the initiation of an action for
224	purposes of the limitations periods described in Section 49-11-613.5.
225	(2) The hearing officer shall:
226	(a) be hired by the executive director after consultation with the board;
227	(b) follow and enforce the procedures and requirements of:
228	(i) this title;
229	(ii) the rules adopted by the board in accordance with Subsection (10); and
230	(iii) Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, except as specifically
231	modified under this title or the rules adopted by the board in accordance with Subsection (10);
232	(c) hear and determine all facts relevant to a decision, including facts pertaining to
233	applications for benefits under any system, plan, or program under this title and all matters
234	pertaining to the administration of the office; and
235	(d) make conclusions of law in determining the person's rights under any system, plan,
236	or program under this title and matters pertaining to the administration of the office.
237	(3) The board shall review and approve or deny all [decisions] final orders and
238	judgments of the hearing officer in accordance with rules adopted by the board in accordance
239	with Subsection (10).
240	(4) The moving party in any proceeding brought under this section shall bear the
241	burden of proof.
242	(5) A party may file an application for reconsideration by the board upon any of the
243	following grounds:
244	(a) that the board acted in excess of the board's powers;
245	(b) that the order or the award was procured by fraud;
246	(c) that the evidence does not justify the determination of the hearing officer; or
247	(d) that the party has discovered new material evidence that could not, with reasonable
248	diligence, have been discovered or procured prior to the hearing.
249	(6) The board shall affirm, reverse, or modify the [decision] final order or judgment of

the hearing officer, or remand the application to the hearing officer for further consideration.

- (7) A party aggrieved by the board's final decision under Subsection (6) may obtain judicial review by complying with the procedures and requirements of:
  - (a) this title;

- (b) rules adopted by the board in accordance with Subsection (10); and
- 255 (c) Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, except as specifically
  256 modified under this title or the rules adopted by the board in accordance with Subsection (10).
  - (8) The program shall provide an appeals process for medical claims that complies with federal law.
  - (9) (a) (i) Any interested party may file, in a district court of any county in the state, an abstract of a final administrative order approved by the board in accordance with this section.
    - (ii) Upon receiving the filing of an abstract, the clerk of the district court shall:
- 262 (A) docket the abstract; and
  - (B) note the date of the abstract's receipt on the abstract and in the docket.
  - (b) (i) From the day on which an interested party files the abstract with a district court, the final administrative order approved by the board is a lien upon the real property of the obligor situated in that county.
  - (ii) Unless satisfied, the lien is for a period of eight years after the day on which the board approves the final administrative order.
  - (c) The final administrative order approved by the board fixing the liability of the obligor has the same effect as any other money judgment entered by a district court.
  - (d) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (9)(d)(ii), an attachment, a garnishment, or an execution on a judgment included in or accruing under a final administrative order approved by the board and filed and docketed in accordance with Subsection (9)(a) has the same manner and same effect as an attachment, a garnishment, or an execution on a judgment of a district court.
  - (ii) A writ of garnishment on earnings continues to operate, and to require the garnishee to withhold the nonexempt portion of earnings at each succeeding earnings disbursement interval, until the office or a court releases the writ of garnishment in writing.
  - (e) The lien and enforcement remedies provided by this section are in addition to any other lien or remedy provided by law.

281 (f) A party may bring an action upon a final administrative order approved by the board 282 within eight years after the day on which the board approves the final administrative order. 283 (g) A final administrative order may be renewed administratively by complying with 284 the procedures and requirements provided in rule adopted by the board in accordance with 285 Subsection (10). 286 (10) (a) The board shall make rules to implement this section and to establish 287 procedures and requirements for adjudicative proceedings. 288 (b) The rules shall be substantially similar to or incorporate provisions of the Utah 289 Rules of Civil Procedure, the Utah Rules of Evidence, and Title 63G, Chapter 4, 290 Administrative Procedures Act. 291 Section 5. Section 49-12-405 is amended to read: 292 49-12-405. Death of married member -- Service retirement benefits to surviving 293 spouse. 294 (1) Upon the request of a deceased member's surviving spouse, the deceased member is 295 considered to have retired under Option Three on the first day of the month following the 296 month in which the member died if the following requirements are met: 297 (a) the member has: 298 (i) 25 or more years of service credit; 299 (ii) attained age 60 with 20 or more years of service credit; 300 (iii) attained age 62 with 10 or more years of service credit; or 301 (iv) attained age 65 with four or more years of service credit; and 302 (b) the member dies leaving a surviving spouse. 303 (2) The surviving spouse who requests a benefit under this section shall apply in 304 writing to the office. The allowance shall begin on the first day of the month: 305 (a) following the month in which the member died, if the application is received by the 306 office within 90 days of the member's death; or 307 (b) following the month in which the application is received by the office, if the 308 application is received by the office more than 90 days after the member's death. 309 (3) The Option Three benefit calculation, when there are 25 or more years of service 310 credit, shall be calculated without a reduction in allowance under Section 49-12-402.

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(4) The benefit calculation for a surviving spouse with a valid domestic relations order

312	benefits on file with the office before the member's death date in accordance with Section
313	49-11-612 is calculated according to the manner in which the court order specified benefits to
314	be partitioned, whether as a fixed amount or as a percentage of the benefit.
315	(5) (a) Except for a return of member contributions, benefits payable under this section
316	are retirement benefits and shall be paid in addition to any payments made under Section
317	49-12-501 [and constitute a full and final settlement of the claim of the surviving spouse or any
318	other beneficiary filing claim for benefits under Section 49-12-501].
319	(b) Payments made under this section and Section 49-12-501 shall constitute a full and
320	final settlement of the claim of the surviving spouse or any other beneficiary.
321	(6) If the death benefits under this section are partitioned among more than one
322	surviving spouse due to domestic relations order benefits on file with the office before the
323	member's death date in accordance with Section 49-11-612, the total amount received by the
324	surviving spouses may not exceed the death benefits normally provided to one surviving
325	spouse under this section.
326	Section 6. Section 49-13-405 is amended to read:
327	49-13-405. Death of married members Service retirement benefits to surviving
328	spouse.
329	(1) As used in this section, "member's full allowance" means an Option Three
330	allowance calculated under Section 49-13-402 without an actuarial reduction.
331	(2) Upon the request of a deceased member's surviving spouse, the deceased member is
332	considered to have retired under Option Three on the first day of the month following the
333	month in which the member died if the following requirements are met:
334	(a) the member has:
335	(i) 15 or more years of service credit;
336	(ii) attained age 62 with 10 or more years of service credit; or
337	(iii) attained age 65 with four or more years of service credit; and
338	(b) the member dies leaving a surviving spouse.
339	(3) The surviving spouse who requests a benefit under this section shall apply in
340	writing to the office. The allowance shall begin on the first day of the month:
341	(a) following the month in which the member died, if the application is received by the
342	office within 90 days of the member's death; or

(b) following the month in which the application is received by the office, if the 343 344 application is received by the office more than 90 days after the member's death. 345 (4) The allowance payable to a surviving spouse under Subsection (2) is: 346 (a) if the member has 25 or more years of service credit at the time of death, the 347 surviving spouse shall receive the member's full allowance; 348 (b) if the member has between 20-24 years of service credit and is not age 60 or older 349 at the time of death, the surviving spouse shall receive two-thirds of the member's full 350 allowance; 351 (c) if the member has between 15-19 years of service credit and is not age 62 or older 352 at the time of death, the surviving spouse shall receive one-third of the member's full 353 allowance: or 354 (d) if the member is age 60 or older with 20 or more years of service credit, age 62 or 355 older with 10 or more years of service credit, or age 65 or older with four or more years of 356 service credit at the time of death, the surviving spouse shall receive an Option Three benefit with actuarial reductions. 357 358 (5) The benefit calculation for a surviving spouse with a valid domestic relations order 359 benefits on file with the office before the member's death date in accordance with Section 360 49-11-612 is calculated according to the manner in which the court order specified benefits to 361 be partitioned, whether as a fixed amount or as a percentage of the benefit. 362 (6) (a) Except for a return of member contributions, benefits payable under this section 363 are retirement benefits and shall be paid in addition to any other payments made under Section 49-13-501 [and shall constitute a full and final settlement of the claim of the surviving spouse 364 365 or any other beneficiary filing a claim for benefits under Section 49-13-501]. (b) Payments made under this section and Section 49-13-501 shall constitute a full and 366 final settlement of the claim of the surviving spouse or any other beneficiary. 367 368 (7) If the death benefits under this section are partitioned among more than one 369 surviving spouse due to domestic relations order benefits on file with the office before the 370 member's death date in accordance with Section 49-11-612, the total amount received by the

Section 7. Section **49-14-102** is amended to read:

spouse under this section.

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surviving spouses may not exceed the death benefits normally provided to one surviving

374 49-14-102. **Definitions.** 375 As used in this chapter: (1) (a) "Compensation" means the total amount of payments that are includable in 376 377 gross income received by a public safety service employee as base income for the regularly 378 scheduled work period. The participating employer shall establish the regularly scheduled 379 work period. Base income shall be determined prior to the deduction of member contributions 380 or any amounts the public safety service employee authorizes to be deducted for salary deferral 381 or other benefits authorized by federal law. 382 (b) "Compensation" includes performance-based bonuses and cost-of-living 383 adjustments. 384 (c) "Compensation" does not include: 385 (i) overtime; 386 (ii) sick pay incentives; 387 (iii) retirement pay incentives; 388 (iv) the monetary value of remuneration paid in kind, including a residence, use of 389 equipment or uniform, travel, or similar payments; 390 (v) a lump-sum payment or special payments covering accumulated leave; and 391 (vi) all contributions made by a participating employer under this system or under any 392 other employee benefit system or plan maintained by a participating employer for the benefit of 393 a member or participant. 394 (d) "Compensation" for purposes of this chapter may not exceed the amount allowed 395 under Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a)(17). 396 (2) "Dispatcher" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53-6-102. 397 (3) (a) "Final average salary" means the amount calculated by averaging the highest 398 three years of annual compensation preceding retirement subject to Subsections (3)(b), (c), and 399 (d). 400 (b) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(c), the percentage increase in annual 401 compensation in any one of the years used may not exceed the previous year's compensation by 402 more than 10% plus a cost-of-living adjustment equal to the decrease in the purchasing power 403 of the dollar during the previous year, as measured by a United States Bureau of Labor

Statistics Consumer Price Index average as determined by the board.

405 (c) In cases where the participating employer provides acceptable documentation to the 406 office, the limitation in Subsection (3)(b) may be exceeded if: 407 (i) the public safety service employee has transferred from another agency; or 408 (ii) the public safety service employee has been promoted to a new position. 409 (d) The annual compensation used to calculate final average salary shall be based on a 410 period, as determined by the board, consistent with the period used to determine years of 411 service credit in accordance with Subsection (10). 412 (4) (a) "Line-of-duty death" means a death resulting from: 413 (i) external force, violence, or disease occasioned by an act of duty as a public safety 414 service employee; or 415 (ii) strenuous activity, including a heart attack or stroke, that occurs during strenuous 416 training or another strenuous activity required as an act of duty as a public safety service 417 employee. 418 (b) "Line-of-duty death" does not include a death that: 419 (i) occurs during an activity that is required as an act of duty as a public safety service 420 employee if the activity is not a strenuous activity, including an activity that is clerical, 421 administrative, or of a nonmanual nature: 422 (ii) occurs during the commission of a crime committed by the employee; 423 (iii) the employee's intoxication or use of alcohol or drugs, whether prescribed or 424 nonprescribed, contributes to the employee's death; or 425 (iv) occurs in a manner other than as described in Subsection (4)(a). 426 (5) "Participating employer" means an employer that meets the participation 427 requirements of Section 49-14-201. 428 (6) (a) "Public safety service" means employment [normally requiring an average of 429 2,080 hours of regularly scheduled employment per year] meeting the requirements described 430 in Subsection (6)(d) rendered by a member who is: 431 (i) a law enforcement officer in accordance with Section 53-13-103; 432 (ii) a correctional officer in accordance with Section 53-13-104; 433 (iii) a special function officer approved in accordance with Sections 49-14-201 and 434 53-13-105; 435 (iv) a dispatcher who is certified in accordance with Section 53-6-303;

436	(v) a full-time member of the Board of Pardons and Parole created under Section
437	77-27-2;
438	(vi) the commissioner of the Department of Public Safety; or
439	(vii) the executive director of the Department of Corrections.
440	(b) Except for a position described in Subsection (6)(a)(iv), (v), (vi), or (vii), "public
441	safety service" also requires that, in the course of employment, the employee's life or personal
442	safety is at risk.
443	(c) Except for the minimum hour requirement, Subsections (6)(a) and (b) do not apply
444	to any person who was eligible for service credit in this system before January 1, 1984.
445	(d) "Public safety service" requires actual work in the public safety position:
446	(i) during each pay period that is equal to or greater than the hours that the participating
447	employer has certified to the office as the regular work period necessary to accomplish the
448	normal duties and responsibilities of the position; and
449	(ii) that is at least 2,080 hours per year.
450	(7) "Public safety service employee" means an employee of a participating employer
451	who performs public safety service under this chapter.
452	(8) (a) "Strenuous activity" means engagement involving a difficult, stressful, or
453	vigorous fire suppression, rescue, hazardous material response, emergency medical service,
454	physical law enforcement, prison security, disaster relief, or other emergency response activity.
455	(b) "Strenuous activity" includes participating in a participating employer sanctioned
456	and funded training exercise that involves difficult, stressful, or vigorous physical activity.
457	(9) "System" means the Public Safety Contributory Retirement System created under
458	this chapter.
459	(10) "Years of service credit" means the number of periods, each to consist of 12 full
460	months as determined by the board, whether consecutive or not, during which a public safety
461	service employee was employed by a participating employer, including time the public safety
462	service employee was absent in the service of the United States government on military duty.
463	Section 8. Section 49-15-102 is amended to read:
464	49-15-102. Definitions.
465	As used in this chapter:
466	(1) (a) "Compensation" means the total amount of payments that are includable in

gross income received by a public safety service employee as base income for the regularly scheduled work period. The participating employer shall establish the regularly scheduled work period. Base income shall be determined prior to the deduction of any amounts the public safety service employee authorizes to be deducted for salary deferral or other benefits authorized by federal law.

- (b) "Compensation" includes performance-based bonuses and cost-of-living adjustments.
  - (c) "Compensation" does not include:
- 475 (i) overtime;

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- 476 (ii) sick pay incentives;
- 477 (iii) retirement pay incentives;
- 478 (iv) the monetary value of remuneration paid in kind, as in a residence, use of 479 equipment or uniform, travel, or similar payments;
  - (v) a lump-sum payment or special payment covering accumulated leave; and
  - (vi) all contributions made by a participating employer under this system or under any other employee benefit system or plan maintained by a participating employer for the benefit of a member or participant.
    - (d) "Compensation" for purposes of this chapter may not exceed the amount allowed under Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a)(17).
      - (2) "Dispatcher" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53-6-102.
  - (3) (a) "Final average salary" means the amount calculated by averaging the highest three years of annual compensation preceding retirement subject to Subsections (3)(b), (c), and (d).
    - (b) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(c), the percentage increase in annual compensation in any one of the years used may not exceed the previous year's compensation by more than 10% plus a cost-of-living adjustment equal to the decrease in the purchasing power of the dollar during the previous year, as measured by a United States Bureau of Labor Statistics Consumer Price Index average as determined by the board.
  - (c) In cases where the participating employer provides acceptable documentation to the office, the limitation in Subsection (3)(b) may be exceeded if:
    - (i) the public safety service employee has transferred from another agency; or

498 (ii) the public safety service employee has been promoted to a new position. 499 (d) The annual compensation used to calculate final average salary shall be based on a 500 period, as determined by the board, consistent with the period used to determine years of 501 service credit in accordance with Subsection (10). 502 (4) (a) "Line-of-duty death" means a death resulting from: 503 (i) external force, violence, or disease occasioned by an act of duty as a public safety 504 service employee; or 505 (ii) strenuous activity, including a heart attack or stroke, that occurs during strenuous 506 training or another strenuous activity required as an act of duty as a public safety service 507 employee. 508 (b) "Line-of-duty death" does not include a death that: 509 (i) occurs during an activity that is required as an act of duty as a public safety service 510 employee if the activity is not a strenuous activity, including an activity that is clerical, 511 administrative, or of a nonmanual nature: 512 (ii) occurs during the commission of a crime committed by the employee; 513 (iii) the employee's intoxication or use of alcohol or drugs, whether prescribed or 514 nonprescribed, contributes to the employee's death; or 515 (iv) occurs in a manner other than as described in Subsection (4)(a). 516 (5) "Participating employer" means an employer that meets the participation 517 requirements of Section 49-15-201. 518 (6) (a) "Public safety service" means employment [normally requiring an average of 2,080 hours of regularly scheduled employment per year] meeting the requirements described 519 520 in Subsection (6)(c) rendered by a member who is: 521 (i) a law enforcement officer in accordance with Section 53-13-103; 522 (ii) a correctional officer in accordance with Section 53-13-104; 523 (iii) a special function officer approved in accordance with Sections 49-15-201 and 53-13-105; 524 525 (iv) a dispatcher who is certified in accordance with Section 53-6-303; 526 (v) a full-time member of the Board of Pardons and Parole created under Section 527 77-27-2: 528 (vi) the commissioner of the Department of Public Safety; or

529	(vii) the executive director of the Department of Corrections.
530	(b) Except for a position described in Subsection (6)(a)(iv), (v), (vi), or (vii), "public
531	safety service" also requires that, in the course of employment, the employee's life or personal
532	safety is at risk.
533	(c) "Public safety service" requires actual work in the public safety position:
534	(i) during each pay period that is equal to or greater than the hours that the participating
335	employer has certified to the office as the regular work period necessary to accomplish the
536	normal duties and responsibilities of the position; and
537	(ii) that is at least 2,080 hours per year.
538	(7) "Public safety service employee" means an employee of a participating employer
539	who performs public safety service under this chapter.
540	(8) (a) "Strenuous activity" means engagement involving a difficult, stressful, or
541	vigorous fire suppression, rescue, hazardous material response, emergency medical service,
542	physical law enforcement, prison security, disaster relief, or other emergency response activity.
543	(b) "Strenuous activity" includes participating in a participating employer sanctioned
544	and funded training exercise that involves difficult, stressful, or vigorous physical activity.
545	(9) "System" means the Public Safety Noncontributory Retirement System created
546	under this chapter.
547	(10) "Years of service credit" means the number of periods, each to consist of 12 full
548	months as determined by the board, whether consecutive or not, during which a public safety
549	service employee was employed by a participating employer, including time the public safety
550	service employee was absent in the service of the United States government on military duty.
551	Section 9. Section 49-16-102 (Superseded 07/01/24) is amended to read:
552	49-16-102 (Superseded 07/01/24). Definitions.
553	As used in this chapter:
554	(1) (a) "Compensation" means the total amount of payments that are includable as
555	gross income received by a firefighter service employee as base income for the regularly
556	scheduled work period. The participating employer shall establish the regularly scheduled
557	work period. Base income shall be determined prior to the deduction of member contributions
558	or any amounts the firefighter service employee authorizes to be deducted for salary deferral or
559	other benefits authorized by federal law.

560	(b) "Compensation" includes performance-based bonuses and cost-of-living
561	adjustments.
562	(c) "Compensation" does not include:
563	(i) overtime;
564	(ii) sick pay incentives;
565	(iii) retirement pay incentives;
566	(iv) remuneration paid in kind such as a residence, use of equipment, uniforms, travel,
567	or similar payments;
568	(v) a lump-sum payment or special payments covering accumulated leave; and
569	(vi) all contributions made by a participating employer under this system or under any
570	other employee benefit system or plan maintained by a participating employer for the benefit of
571	a member or participant.
572	(d) "Compensation" for purposes of this chapter may not exceed the amount allowed
573	under Section 401(a)(17), Internal Revenue Code.
574	(2) (a) "Disability" means the complete inability, due to objective medical impairment,
575	whether physical or mental, to perform firefighter service.
576	(b) "Disability" does not include the inability to meet an employer's required standards
577	or tests relating to fitness, physical ability, or agility that is not a result of a disability as defined
578	under Subsection (2)(a).
579	(3) "Emergency medical service personnel" means an individual who:
580	(a) is:
581	(i) a paramedic;
582	(ii) an advanced emergency medical services technician; or
583	(iii) an emergency medical services technician;
584	(b) is required to be licensed or certified under Section 26B-4-116; and
585	(c) has a primary job duty to provide emergency medical services as a first responder.
586	(4) (a) "Final average salary" means the amount calculated by averaging the highest
587	three years of annual compensation preceding retirement subject to Subsections (4)(b), (c), and
588	(d).
589	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(c), the percentage increase in annual
590	compensation in any one of the years used may not exceed the previous year's compensation by

591 more than 10% plus a cost-of-living adjustment equal to the decrease in the purchasing power 592 of the dollar during the previous year, as measured by a United States Bureau of Labor 593 Statistics Consumer Price Index average as determined by the board. 594 (c) In cases where the participating employer provides acceptable documentation to the 595 office the limitation in Subsection (4)(b) may be exceeded if: 596 (i) the member has transferred from another agency; or 597 (ii) the member has been promoted to a new position. 598 (d) The annual compensation used to calculate final average salary shall be based on a 599 period, as determined by the board, consistent with the period used to determine years of 600 service credit in accordance with Subsection (14). 601 (5) (a) "Firefighter service" means employment [normally requiring an average of 602 2,080 hours of regularly scheduled employment per year] meeting the requirements described 603 in Subsection (5)(c) rendered by a member who is: 604 (i) a firefighter service employee trained in firefighter techniques and assigned to a 605 position of hazardous duty with a regularly constituted fire department; 606 (ii) the state fire marshal appointed under Section 53-7-103 or a deputy state fire 607 marshal: or 608 (iii) an emergency medical service personnel. 609 (b) "Firefighter service" does not include secretarial staff or other similar employees. 610 (c) "Firefighter service" requires actual work in the firefighter position: 611 (i) during each pay period that is equal to or greater than the hours that the participating employer has certified to the office as the regular work period necessary to accomplish the 612 613 normal duties and responsibilities of the position; and 614 (ii) that is at least 2,080 hours per year. 615 (6) (a) "Firefighter service employee" means an employee of a participating employer 616 who provides firefighter service under this chapter. 617 (b) "Firefighter service employee" does not include an employee of a regularly 618 constituted fire department who does not perform firefighter service. 619 (7) (a) "Line-of-duty death or disability" means a death or disability resulting from: 620 (i) external force, violence, or disease directly resulting from firefighter service; or 621 (ii) strenuous activity, including a heart attack or stroke, that occurs during strenuous

training or another strenuous activity required as an act of duty as a firefighter service employee.

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- (b) "Line-of-duty death or disability" does not include a death or disability that:
- (i) occurs during an activity that is required as an act of duty as a firefighter service employee if the activity is not a strenuous activity, including an activity that is clerical, administrative, or of a nonmanual nature;
  - (ii) occurs during the commission of a crime committed by the employee;
- (iii) occurs when the employee's intoxication or use of alcohol or drugs, whether prescribed or nonprescribed, contributes to the employee's death or disability; or
  - (iv) occurs in a manner other than as described in Subsection (7)(a).
- (c) "Line-of-duty death or disability" includes the death or disability of a paid firefighter resulting from heart disease, lung disease, or a respiratory tract condition if the paid firefighter has five years of firefighter service credit.
- (8) "Objective medical impairment" means an impairment resulting from an injury or illness that is diagnosed by a physician or physician assistant and that is based on accepted objective medical tests or findings rather than subjective complaints.
- (9) "Participating employer" means an employer that meets the participation requirements of Section 49-16-201.
- (10) "Regularly constituted fire department" means a fire department that employs a fire chief who performs firefighter service for at least 2,080 hours of regularly scheduled paid employment per year.
- (11) (a) "Strenuous activity" means engagement involving a difficult, stressful, or vigorous fire suppression, rescue, hazardous material response, emergency medical service, physical law enforcement, prison security, disaster relief, or other emergency response activity.
- (b) "Strenuous activity" includes participating in a participating employer sanctioned and funded training exercise that involves difficult, stressful, or vigorous physical activity.
  - (12) "System" means the Firefighters' Retirement System created under this chapter.
- 649 (13) (a) "Volunteer firefighter" means any individual who is not regularly employed as 650 a firefighter service employee, but who:
  - (i) has been trained in firefighter techniques and skills;
- (ii) continues to receive regular firefighter training; and

653 (iii) is on the rolls of a legally organized volunteer fire department that provides 654 ongoing training and serves a political subdivision of the state. 655 (b) "Volunteer firefighter" does not include an individual who volunteers assistance but 656 does not meet the requirements of Subsection (13)(a). 657 (14) "Years of service credit" means the number of periods, each to consist of 12 full 658 months as determined by the board, whether consecutive or not, during which a firefighter 659 service employee was employed by a participating employer or received full-time pay while on 660 sick leave, including any time the firefighter service employee was absent in the service of the 661 United States on military duty. 662 Section 10. Section 49-16-102 (Effective 07/01/24) is amended to read: 663 49-16-102 (Effective 07/01/24). Definitions. 664 As used in this chapter: 665 (1) (a) "Compensation" means the total amount of payments that are includable as 666 gross income received by a firefighter service employee as base income for the regularly 667 scheduled work period. The participating employer shall establish the regularly scheduled 668 work period. Base income shall be determined prior to the deduction of member contributions 669 or any amounts the firefighter service employee authorizes to be deducted for salary deferral or 670 other benefits authorized by federal law. 671 (b) "Compensation" includes performance-based bonuses and cost-of-living 672 adjustments. 673 (c) "Compensation" does not include: 674 (i) overtime; 675 (ii) sick pay incentives; 676 (iii) retirement pay incentives; 677 (iv) remuneration paid in kind such as a residence, use of equipment, uniforms, travel, 678 or similar payments; 679 (v) a lump-sum payment or special payments covering accumulated leave; and 680 (vi) all contributions made by a participating employer under this system or under any 681 other employee benefit system or plan maintained by a participating employer for the benefit of 682 a member or participant.

(d) "Compensation" for purposes of this chapter may not exceed the amount allowed

under Section 401(a)(17), Internal Revenue Code.

(2) (a) "Disability" means the complete inability, due to objective medical impairment, whether physical or mental, to perform firefighter service.

- (b) "Disability" does not include the inability to meet an employer's required standards or tests relating to fitness, physical ability, or agility that is not a result of a disability as defined under Subsection (2)(a).
  - (3) "Emergency medical service personnel" means an individual who:
- 691 (a) is:

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- 692 (i) a paramedic;
- (ii) an advanced emergency medical services technician; or
- 694 (iii) an emergency medical services technician;
- (b) is required to be licensed or certified under Section 53-2d-402; and
- (c) has a primary job duty to provide emergency medical services as a first responder.
- (4) (a) "Final average salary" means the amount calculated by averaging the highest three years of annual compensation preceding retirement subject to Subsections (4)(b), (c), and (d).
  - (b) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(c), the percentage increase in annual compensation in any one of the years used may not exceed the previous year's compensation by more than 10% plus a cost-of-living adjustment equal to the decrease in the purchasing power of the dollar during the previous year, as measured by a United States Bureau of Labor Statistics Consumer Price Index average as determined by the board.
  - (c) In cases where the participating employer provides acceptable documentation to the office the limitation in Subsection (4)(b) may be exceeded if:
    - (i) the member has transferred from another agency; or
  - (ii) the member has been promoted to a new position.
- 709 (d) The annual compensation used to calculate final average salary shall be based on a 710 period, as determined by the board, consistent with the period used to determine years of 711 service credit in accordance with Subsection (14).
  - (5) (a) "Firefighter service" means employment [normally requiring an average of 2,080 hours of regularly scheduled employment per year] meeting the requirements described in Subsection (5)(c) rendered by a member who is:

715 (i) a firefighter service employee trained in firefighter techniques and assigned to a 716 position of hazardous duty with a regularly constituted fire department; 717 (ii) the state fire marshal appointed under Section 53-7-103 or a deputy state fire 718 marshal: or 719 (iii) an emergency medical service personnel. 720 (b) "Firefighter service" does not include secretarial staff or other similar employees. 721 (c) "Firefighter service" requires actual work in the firefighter position: 722 (i) during each pay period that is equal to or greater than the hours that the participating 723 employer has certified to the office as the regular work period necessary to accomplish the 724 normal duties and responsibilities of the position; and 725 (ii) that is at least 2,080 hours per year. 726 (6) (a) "Firefighter service employee" means an employee of a participating employer 727 who provides firefighter service under this chapter. 728 (b) "Firefighter service employee" does not include an employee of a regularly 729 constituted fire department who does not perform firefighter service. 730 (7) (a) "Line-of-duty death or disability" means a death or disability resulting from: 731 (i) external force, violence, or disease directly resulting from firefighter service; or 732 (ii) strenuous activity, including a heart attack or stroke, that occurs during strenuous 733 training or another strenuous activity required as an act of duty as a firefighter service 734 employee. 735 (b) "Line-of-duty death or disability" does not include a death or disability that: 736 (i) occurs during an activity that is required as an act of duty as a firefighter service 737 employee if the activity is not a strenuous activity, including an activity that is clerical, administrative, or of a nonmanual nature; 738 739 (ii) occurs during the commission of a crime committed by the employee; 740 (iii) occurs when the employee's intoxication or use of alcohol or drugs, whether 741 prescribed or nonprescribed, contributes to the employee's death or disability; or 742 (iv) occurs in a manner other than as described in Subsection (7)(a). 743 (c) "Line-of-duty death or disability" includes the death or disability of a paid 744 firefighter resulting from heart disease, lung disease, or a respiratory tract condition if the paid 745 firefighter has five years of firefighter service credit.

(8) "Objective medical impairment" means an impairment resulting from an injury or illness that is diagnosed by a physician or physician assistant and that is based on accepted objective medical tests or findings rather than subjective complaints.

(9) "Participating employer" means an employer that meets the participation requirements of Section 49-16-201.

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- (10) "Regularly constituted fire department" means a fire department that employs a fire chief who performs firefighter service for at least 2,080 hours of regularly scheduled paid employment per year.
- (11) (a) "Strenuous activity" means engagement involving a difficult, stressful, or vigorous fire suppression, rescue, hazardous material response, emergency medical service, physical law enforcement, prison security, disaster relief, or other emergency response activity.
- (b) "Strenuous activity" includes participating in a participating employer sanctioned and funded training exercise that involves difficult, stressful, or vigorous physical activity.
  - (12) "System" means the Firefighters' Retirement System created under this chapter.
- 760 (13) (a) "Volunteer firefighter" means any individual who is not regularly employed as 761 a firefighter service employee, but who:
  - (i) has been trained in firefighter techniques and skills;
  - (ii) continues to receive regular firefighter training; and
  - (iii) is on the rolls of a legally organized volunteer fire department that provides ongoing training and serves a political subdivision of the state.
  - (b) "Volunteer firefighter" does not include an individual who volunteers assistance but does not meet the requirements of Subsection (13)(a).
  - (14) "Years of service credit" means the number of periods, each to consist of 12 full months as determined by the board, whether consecutive or not, during which a firefighter service employee was employed by a participating employer or received full-time pay while on sick leave, including any time the firefighter service employee was absent in the service of the United States on military duty.
- Section 11. Section **49-22-502** is amended to read:
- 774 49-22-502. Death of married members -- Service retirement benefits to surviving spouse.
  - (1) As used in this section, "member's full allowance" means an Option Three

- allowance calculated under Section 49-22-305 without an actuarial reduction.
- 778 (2) Upon the request of a deceased member's surviving spouse, the deceased member is 779 considered to have retired under Option Three on the first day of the month following the 780 month in which the member died if the following requirements are met:
  - (a) the member has:

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- 782 (i) 15 or more years of service credit;
- 783 (ii) attained age 62 with 10 or more years of service credit; or
- 784 (iii) attained age 65 with four or more years of service credit; and
- 785 (b) the member dies leaving a surviving spouse.
- 786 (3) The surviving spouse who requests a benefit under this section shall apply in writing to the office. The allowance shall begin on the first day of the month:
  - (a) following the month in which the member died, if the application is received by the office within 90 days of the member's death; or
  - (b) following the month in which the application is received by the office, if the application is received by the office more than 90 days after the member's death.
    - (4) The allowance payable to a surviving spouse under Subsection (2) is as follows:
  - (a) if the member has 25 or more years of service credit at the time of death, the surviving spouse shall receive the member's full allowance;
  - (b) if the member has between 20-24 years of service credit and is not age 60 or older at the time of death, the surviving spouse shall receive 2/3 of the member's full allowance;
  - (c) if the member has between 15-19 years of service credit and is not age 62 or older at the time of death, the surviving spouse shall receive 1/3 of the member's full allowance; or
  - (d) if the member is age 60 or older with 20 or more years of service credit, age 62 or older with 10 or more years of service credit, or age 65 or older with four or more years of service credit at the time of death, the surviving spouse shall receive an Option Three benefit with actuarial reductions.
  - (5) The benefit calculation for a surviving spouse with a valid domestic relations order benefits on file with the office before the member's death date in accordance with Section 49-11-612 is calculated according to the manner in which the court order specified benefits to be partitioned, whether as a fixed amount or as a percentage of the benefit.
    - (6) (a) Except for a return of member contributions, benefits payable under this section

808 are retirement benefits and shall be paid in addition to any other payments made under Section 809 49-22-501 [and shall constitute a full and final settlement of the claim of the surviving spouse 810 or any other beneficiary filing a claim for benefits under Section 49-22-501]. 811 (b) Payments made under this section and Section 49-22-501 shall constitute a full and 812 final settlement of the claim of the surviving spouse or any other beneficiary. 813 (7) If the death benefits under this section are partitioned among more than one 814 surviving spouse due to domestic relations order benefits on file with the office before the 815 member's death date in accordance with Section 49-11-612, the total amount received by the 816 surviving spouses may not exceed the death benefits normally provided to one surviving 817 spouse under this section. 818 Section 12. Section 49-23-102 (Superseded 07/01/24) is amended to read: 819 49-23-102 (Superseded 07/01/24). Definitions. 820 As used in this chapter: 821 (1) (a) "Compensation" means the total amount of payments that are includable in 822 gross income received by a public safety service employee or a firefighter service employee as 823 base income for the regularly scheduled work period. The participating employer shall 824 establish the regularly scheduled work period. Base income shall be determined prior to the 825 deduction of any amounts the public safety service employee or firefighter service employee 826 authorizes to be deducted for salary deferral or other benefits authorized by federal law. 827 (b) "Compensation" includes performance-based bonuses and cost-of-living 828 adjustments. 829 (c) "Compensation" does not include: 830 (i) overtime: 831 (ii) sick pay incentives; 832 (iii) retirement pay incentives; 833 (iv) the monetary value of remuneration paid in kind, as in a residence, use of 834 equipment or uniform, travel, or similar payments; 835 (v) a lump-sum payment or special payment covering accumulated leave; and 836 (vi) all contributions made by a participating employer under this system or under any 837 other employee benefit system or plan maintained by a participating employer for the benefit of 838 a member or participant.

839 (d) "Compensation" for purposes of this chapter may not exceed the amount allowed 840 under Section 401(a)(17), Internal Revenue Code. 841 (2) "Corresponding Tier I system" means the system or plan that would have covered 842 the member if the member had initially entered employment before July 1, 2011. 843 (3) "Dispatcher" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53-6-102. 844 (4) "Emergency medical service personnel" means an individual who: 845 (a) is: 846 (i) a paramedic; 847 (ii) an advanced emergency medical services technician; or 848 (iii) an emergency medical services technician; 849 (b) is required to be licensed or certified under Section 26B-4-116; and 850 (c) has a primary job duty to provide emergency medical services as a first responder. 851 (5) (a) "Final average salary" means the amount calculated by averaging the highest 852 five years of annual compensation preceding retirement subject to Subsections (5)(b), (c), (d), 853 (e), and (f). 854 (b) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(c), the percentage increase in annual 855 compensation in any one of the years used may not exceed the previous year's compensation by 856 more than 10% plus a cost-of-living adjustment equal to the decrease in the purchasing power 857 of the dollar during the previous year, as measured by a United States Bureau of Labor 858 Statistics Consumer Price Index average as determined by the board. 859 (c) In cases where the participating employer provides acceptable documentation to the 860 office, the limitation in Subsection (5)(b) may be exceeded if: 861 (i) the member has transferred from another agency; or 862 (ii) the member has been promoted to a new position. 863 (d) If the member retires more than six months from the date of termination of 864 employment, the member is considered to have been in service at the member's last rate of pay 865 from the date of the termination of employment to the effective date of retirement for purposes 866 of computing the member's final average salary only. 867 (e) If the member has less than five years of service credit in this system, final average 868 salary means the average annual compensation paid to the member during the full period of

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service credit.

870	(f) The annual compensation used to calculate final average salary shall be based on a
871	period, as determined by the board, consistent with the period used to determine years of
872	service credit in accordance with Subsection (15).
873	(6) (a) "Firefighter service" means employment [normally requiring an average of
874	2,080 hours of regularly scheduled employment per year] meeting the requirements of
875	Subsection (6)(c) rendered by a member who is:
876	(i) a firefighter service employee trained in firefighter techniques and assigned to a
877	position of hazardous duty with a regularly constituted fire department;
878	(ii) the state fire marshal appointed under Section 53-7-103 or a deputy state fire
879	marshal;
880	(iii) a firefighter service employee who is:
881	(A) hired on or after July 1, 2021;
882	(B) trained in firefighter techniques;
883	(C) assigned to a position of hazardous duty; and
884	(D) employed by the state as a participating employer; or
885	(iv) an emergency medical service personnel.
886	(b) "Firefighter service" does not include secretarial staff or other similar employees.
887	(c) "Firefighter service" requires actual work in the firefighter position:
888	(i) during each pay period that is equal to or greater than the hours that the participating
889	employer has certified to the office as the regular work period necessary to accomplish the
890	normal duties and responsibilities of the position; and
891	(ii) that is at least 2,080 hours per year.
892	(7) (a) "Firefighter service employee" means an employee of a participating employer
893	who provides firefighter service under this chapter.
894	(b) "Firefighter service employee" does not include an employee of a regularly
895	constituted fire department who does not perform firefighter service.
896	(8) (a) "Line-of-duty death" means a death resulting from:
897	(i) external force, violence, or disease occasioned by an act of duty as a public safety
898	service or firefighter service employee; or
899	(ii) strenuous activity, including a heart attack or stroke, that occurs during strenuous
900	training or another strenuous activity required as an act of duty as a public safety service or

901 firefighter service employee. 902 (b) "Line-of-duty death" does not include a death that: 903 (i) occurs during an activity that is required as an act of duty as a public safety service 904 or firefighter service employee if the activity is not a strenuous activity, including an activity 905 that is clerical, administrative, or of a nonmanual nature; 906 (ii) occurs during the commission of a crime committed by the employee; 907 (iii) the employee's intoxication or use of alcohol or drugs, whether prescribed or 908 nonprescribed, contributes to the employee's death; or 909 (iv) occurs in a manner other than as described in Subsection (8)(a). 910 (9) "Participating employer" means an employer that meets the participation 911 requirements of: 912 (a) Sections 49-14-201 and 49-14-202; 913 (b) Sections 49-15-201 and 49-15-202; 914 (c) Sections 49-16-201 and 49-16-202; or 915 (d) Sections 49-23-201 and 49-23-202. 916 (10) (a) "Public safety service" means employment [normally requiring an average of 917 2,080 hours of regularly scheduled employment per year] meeting the requirements of 918 Subsection (10)(c) rendered by a member who is: 919 (i) a law enforcement officer in accordance with Section 53-13-103; 920 (ii) a correctional officer in accordance with Section 53-13-104; 921 (iii) a special function officer approved in accordance with Sections 49-15-201 and 922 53-13-105; 923 (iv) a dispatcher who is certified in accordance with Section 53-6-303; 924 (v) a full-time member of the Board of Pardons and Parole created under Section 77-27-2; 925 926 (vi) the commissioner of the Department of Public Safety; or 927 (vii) the executive director of the Department of Corrections. 928 (b) Except for a position described in Subsection (10)(a)(iv), (v), (vi), or (vii), "public 929 safety service" also requires that, in the course of employment, the employee's life or personal 930 safety is at risk.

(c) "Public safety service" requires actual work in the public safety position:

932	(i) during each pay period that is equal to or greater than the hours that the participating
933	employer has certified to the office as the regular work period necessary to accomplish the
934	normal duties and responsibilities of the position; and
935	(ii) that is at least 2,080 hours per year.
936	(11) "Public safety service employee" means an employee of a participating employer
937	who performs public safety service under this chapter.
938	(12) (a) "Strenuous activity" means engagement involving a difficult, stressful, or
939	vigorous fire suppression, rescue, hazardous material response, emergency medical service,
940	physical law enforcement, prison security, disaster relief, or other emergency response activity.
941	(b) "Strenuous activity" includes participating in a participating employer sanctioned
942	and funded training exercise that involves difficult, stressful, or vigorous physical activity.
943	(13) "System" means the New Public Safety and Firefighter Tier II Contributory
944	Retirement System created under this chapter.
945	(14) (a) "Volunteer firefighter" means any individual who is not regularly employed as
946	a firefighter service employee, but who:
947	(i) has been trained in firefighter techniques and skills;
948	(ii) continues to receive regular firefighter training; and
949	(iii) is on the rolls of a legally organized volunteer fire department that provides
950	ongoing training and serves a political subdivision of the state.
951	(b) An individual that volunteers assistance but does not meet the requirements of
952	Subsection (14)(a) is not a volunteer firefighter for purposes of this chapter.
953	(15) "Years of service credit" means:
954	(a) a period, consisting of 12 full months as determined by the board; or
955	(b) a period determined by the board, whether consecutive or not, during which a
956	regular full-time employee performed services for a participating employer, including any time
957	the regular full-time employee was absent on a paid leave of absence granted by a participating
958	employer or was absent in the service of the United States government on military duty as
959	provided by this chapter.
960	Section 13. Section 49-23-102 (Effective 07/01/24) is amended to read:
961	49-23-102 (Effective 07/01/24). Definitions.
962	As used in this chapter:

(1) (a) "Compensation" means the total amount of payments that are includable in gross income received by a public safety service employee or a firefighter service employee as base income for the regularly scheduled work period. The participating employer shall establish the regularly scheduled work period. Base income shall be determined prior to the deduction of any amounts the public safety service employee or firefighter service employee authorizes to be deducted for salary deferral or other benefits authorized by federal law.

- (b) "Compensation" includes performance-based bonuses and cost-of-living adjustments.
- (c) "Compensation" does not include:
- 972 (i) overtime;

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- 973 (ii) sick pay incentives;
- 974 (iii) retirement pay incentives;
- 975 (iv) the monetary value of remuneration paid in kind, as in a residence, use of 976 equipment or uniform, travel, or similar payments;
- (v) a lump-sum payment or special payment covering accumulated leave; and
- (vi) all contributions made by a participating employer under this system or under any other employee benefit system or plan maintained by a participating employer for the benefit of a member or participant.
  - (d) "Compensation" for purposes of this chapter may not exceed the amount allowed under Section 401(a)(17), Internal Revenue Code.
  - (2) "Corresponding Tier I system" means the system or plan that would have covered the member if the member had initially entered employment before July 1, 2011.
- 985 (3) "Dispatcher" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53-6-102.
- 986 (4) "Emergency medical service personnel" means an individual who:
- 987 (a) is:
- 988 (i) a paramedic;
- 989 (ii) an advanced emergency medical services technician; or
- 990 (iii) an emergency medical services technician;
- 991 (b) is required to be licensed or certified under Section 53-2d-402; and
- (c) has a primary job duty to provide emergency medical services as a first responder.
- 993 (5) (a) "Final average salary" means the amount calculated by averaging the highest

five years of annual compensation preceding retirement subject to Subsections (5)(b), (c), (d), (e), and (f).

- (b) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(c), the percentage increase in annual compensation in any one of the years used may not exceed the previous year's compensation by more than 10% plus a cost-of-living adjustment equal to the decrease in the purchasing power of the dollar during the previous year, as measured by a United States Bureau of Labor Statistics Consumer Price Index average as determined by the board.
- (c) In cases where the participating employer provides acceptable documentation to the office, the limitation in Subsection (5)(b) may be exceeded if:
  - (i) the member has transferred from another agency; or
  - (ii) the member has been promoted to a new position.
- (d) If the member retires more than six months from the date of termination of employment, the member is considered to have been in service at the member's last rate of pay from the date of the termination of employment to the effective date of retirement for purposes of computing the member's final average salary only.
- (e) If the member has less than five years of service credit in this system, final average salary means the average annual compensation paid to the member during the full period of service credit.
- (f) The annual compensation used to calculate final average salary shall be based on a period, as determined by the board, consistent with the period used to determine years of service credit in accordance with Subsection (15).
- (6) (a) "Firefighter service" means employment [normally requiring an average of 2,080 hours of regularly scheduled employment per year] meeting the requirements of Subsection (6)(c) rendered by a member who is:
- (i) a firefighter service employee trained in firefighter techniques and assigned to a position of hazardous duty with a regularly constituted fire department;
- (ii) the state fire marshal appointed under Section 53-7-103 or a deputy state fire marshal;
- (iii) a firefighter service employee who is:
- 1023 (A) hired on or after July 1, 2021;

(B) trained in firefighter techniques;

1025	(C) assigned to a position of hazardous duty; and
1026	(D) employed by the state as a participating employer; or
1027	(iv) an emergency medical service personnel.
1028	(b) "Firefighter service" does not include secretarial staff or other similar employees.
1029	(c) "Firefighter service" requires actual work in the firefighter position:
1030	(i) during each pay period that is equal to or greater than the hours that the participating
1031	employer has certified to the office as the regular work period necessary to accomplish the
1032	normal duties and responsibilities of the position; and
1033	(ii) that is at least 2,080 hours per year.
1034	(7) (a) "Firefighter service employee" means an employee of a participating employer
1035	who provides firefighter service under this chapter.
1036	(b) "Firefighter service employee" does not include an employee of a regularly
1037	constituted fire department who does not perform firefighter service.
1038	(8) (a) "Line-of-duty death" means a death resulting from:
1039	(i) external force, violence, or disease occasioned by an act of duty as a public safety
1040	service or firefighter service employee; or
1041	(ii) strenuous activity, including a heart attack or stroke, that occurs during strenuous
1042	training or another strenuous activity required as an act of duty as a public safety service or
1043	firefighter service employee.
1044	(b) "Line-of-duty death" does not include a death that:
1045	(i) occurs during an activity that is required as an act of duty as a public safety service
1046	or firefighter service employee if the activity is not a strenuous activity, including an activity
1047	that is clerical, administrative, or of a nonmanual nature;
1048	(ii) occurs during the commission of a crime committed by the employee;
1049	(iii) the employee's intoxication or use of alcohol or drugs, whether prescribed or
1050	nonprescribed, contributes to the employee's death; or
1051	(iv) occurs in a manner other than as described in Subsection (8)(a).
1052	(9) "Participating employer" means an employer that meets the participation
1053	requirements of:
1054	(a) Sections 49-14-201 and 49-14-202;
1055	(b) Sections 49-15-201 and 49-15-202;

1056	(c) Sections 49-16-201 and 49-16-202; or
1057	(d) Sections 49-23-201 and 49-23-202.
1058	(10) (a) "Public safety service" means employment [normally requiring an average of
1059	2,080 hours of regularly scheduled employment per year] meeting the requirements of
1060	Subsection (10)(c) rendered by a member who is:
1061	(i) a law enforcement officer in accordance with Section 53-13-103;
1062	(ii) a correctional officer in accordance with Section 53-13-104;
1063	(iii) a special function officer approved in accordance with Sections 49-15-201 and
1064	53-13-105;
1065	(iv) a dispatcher who is certified in accordance with Section 53-6-303;
1066	(v) a full-time member of the Board of Pardons and Parole created under Section
1067	77-27-2;
1068	(vi) the commissioner of the Department of Public Safety; or
1069	(vii) the executive director of the Department of Corrections.
1070	(b) Except for a position described in Subsection (10)(a)(iv), (v), (vi), or (vii), "public
1071	safety service" also requires that, in the course of employment, the employee's life or personal
1072	safety is at risk.
1073	(c) "Public safety service" requires actual work in the public safety position:
1074	(i) during each pay period that is equal to or greater than the hours that the participating
1075	employer has certified to the office as the regular work period necessary to accomplish the
1076	normal duties and responsibilities of the position; and
1077	(ii) that is at least 2,080 hours per year.
1078	(11) "Public safety service employee" means an employee of a participating employer
1079	who performs public safety service under this chapter.
1080	(12) (a) "Strenuous activity" means engagement involving a difficult, stressful, or
1081	vigorous fire suppression, rescue, hazardous material response, emergency medical service,
1082	physical law enforcement, prison security, disaster relief, or other emergency response activity.
1083	(b) "Strenuous activity" includes participating in a participating employer sanctioned
1084	and funded training exercise that involves difficult, stressful, or vigorous physical activity.
1085	(13) "System" means the New Public Safety and Firefighter Tier II Contributory
1086	Retirement System created under this chapter.

1087 (14) (a) "Volunteer firefighter" means any individual who is not regularly employed as 1088 a firefighter service employee, but who: 1089 (i) has been trained in firefighter techniques and skills; 1090 (ii) continues to receive regular firefighter training; and 1091 (iii) is on the rolls of a legally organized volunteer fire department that provides 1092 ongoing training and serves a political subdivision of the state. 1093 (b) An individual that volunteers assistance but does not meet the requirements of 1094 Subsection (14)(a) is not a volunteer firefighter for purposes of this chapter. 1095 (15) "Years of service credit" means: 1096 (a) a period, consisting of 12 full months as determined by the board; or 1097 (b) a period determined by the board, whether consecutive or not, during which a 1098 regular full-time employee performed services for a participating employer, including any time 1099 the regular full-time employee was absent on a paid leave of absence granted by a participating 1100 employer or was absent in the service of the United States government on military duty as 1101 provided by this chapter. 1102 Section 14. Section 49-23-502 is amended to read: 1103 49-23-502. Death of married members -- Service retirement benefits to surviving 1104 spouse. 1105 (1) As used in this section, "member's full allowance" means an Option Three 1106 allowance calculated under Section 49-23-304 without an actuarial reduction. 1107 (2) Upon the request of a deceased member's surviving spouse at the time of the 1108 member's death, the deceased member is considered to have retired under Option Three on the 1109 first day of the month following the month in which the member died if the following 1110 requirements are met: 1111 (a) the member has: 1112 (i) 15 or more years of service credit; 1113 (ii) attained age 62 with 10 or more years of service credit; or 1114 (iii) attained age 65 with four or more years of service credit; and 1115 (b) the member dies leaving a surviving spouse. 1116 (3) The surviving spouse who requests a benefit under this section shall apply in 1117 writing to the office. The allowance shall begin on the first day of the month:

(a) following the month in which the member died, if the application is received by the office within 90 days of the member's death; or

(b) following the month in which the application is received by the office, if the application is received by the office more than 90 days after the member's death.

- (4) The allowance payable to a surviving spouse under Subsection (2) is:
- (a) if the member has 25 or more years of service credit at the time of death, the surviving spouse shall receive the member's full allowance;
  - (b) if the member has between 20-24 years of service credit and is not age 60 or older at the time of death, the surviving spouse shall receive two-thirds of the member's full allowance;
  - (c) if the member has between 15-19 years of service credit and is not age 62 or older at the time of death, the surviving spouse shall receive one-third of the member's full allowance; or
  - (d) if the member is age 60 or older with 20 or more years of service credit, age 62 or older with 10 or more years of service credit, or age 65 or older with four or more years of service credit at the time of death, the surviving spouse shall receive an Option Three benefit with actuarial reductions.
  - (5) The benefit calculation for a surviving spouse with a valid domestic relations order benefits on file with the office before the member's death date in accordance with Section 49-11-612 is calculated according to the manner in which the court order specified benefits to be partitioned, whether as a fixed amount or as a percentage of the benefit.
  - (6) (a) Except for a return of member contributions, benefits payable under this section are retirement benefits and shall be paid in addition to any other payments made under Section 49-23-501 [and shall constitute a full and final settlement of the claim of the surviving spouse or any other beneficiary filing a claim for benefits under Section 49-23-501].
  - (b) Payments made under this section and Section 49-23-501 shall constitute a full and final settlement of the claim of the surviving spouse or any other beneficiary.
  - (7) If the death benefits under this section or Section 49-23-503 are partitioned among more than one surviving spouse due to domestic relations order benefits on file with the office before the member's death date in accordance with Section 49-11-612, the total amount received by the surviving spouses may not exceed the death benefits normally provided to one

1149	surviving spouse under this section.
1150	Section 15. Effective date.
1151	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), this bill takes effect on May 1, 2024.
1152	(2) The actions affecting Sections 49-16-102 (Effective 07/01/24) and 49-23-102
1153	(Effective 07/01/24) take effect on July 1, 2024.

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