Facts, Figures, and Statistics Supporting a Ban

- It is well-established that e-cigarettes are not safe for kids. Their use
 poses a significant and unavoidable health risk to young people in the
 United States.⁵ Risks include increasing the possibility of:
 - Addiction
 - Harm to brain development
 - Harm to respiratory health
 - Use of other harmful tobacco products
- Flavors lure young people into using e-cigarettes.
 - Of youth who have tried tobacco, 75% first tried it using vape products.⁶
 - 11.2% of 6-12th graders have vaped nicotine and 17.5% of 12th graders.⁶
 - o Greater than 90% of all kids start with flavored tobacco products.7
 - Flavor makes vape juice more toxic and damaging to the lungs.a The chemicals used to flavor e-cigarettes contain harmful toxins.
- Teens are more likely to develop a lifetime addiction with flavored vape use. This has been found when teens start vaping with sweet flavors like cotton candy or mango.⁹
- The American Lung Association strongly supports clearing all flavored products from the market, including menthol.
- Permitting the sale of all varieties of flavored e-cigarettes in specialty tobacco shops creates the illusion of protection but in reality, creates an underground channel of distribution to anyone under 21 years old. The majority of youth (51.6%) borrow vape products from someone else, give someone money to buy them, or receive them from a person over 18 years old.a
- Vaping is more popular with Utah teens than adults. 9.7% of Utah high school students reported they had vaped compared to 6.8% of adults.¹⁰
- Cost burden is high \$630 million annual health care costs in Utah directly caused by smoking.
- There is public support for bans: 57% of Americans support a policy prohibiting the sale of all tobacco products.