

Energy Balancing Account (EBA)

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Energy Balancing Account - Overview

- EBA was initially authorized by the Utah Public Service Commission in 2011
- EBA is a true-up mechanism that recovers variances between actual net power costs and the forecast amount set in base rates in a general rate case
 - Net power costs are the costs of fuel, purchase power, and transmission wheeling expense, net of revenues for wholesale sales and third-party wheeling over PacifiCorp's transmission
 - Net power costs currently represent approximately 40% of the average residential customer's bill
 - Up from approximately 20% of average residential customer's bill in 2021
- Power cost mechanisms like the EBA are a common regulatory tool to address the variable costs of providing energy

EBA Process and Recent History

- Filed annually on May 1 for recovery of variances in NPC from the prior calendar year
- Filing includes documentation and support for requested recovery based on actual power cost expenses and revenues from prior calendar year
- Statutory timeline for commission decision is 300 days
- Typical procedural schedule gives Division of Public Utilities and its consultant, along with other intervenors, approximately six months to conduct audit and prudence review before filing recommendations with the commission
- In addition to filing requirements, RMP responds to approximately 200 data requests on the filing
- Recent PSC findings:

CY 2021 – PSC disallowed costs related to an outage at coal plant due to incorrect installation of part that caused outage CY 2022 – PSC disallowed costs related to a temporary plant derate at coal plant due to supply issue

Recent EBA Filings and Outcomes					
	RMP	DPU	PSC		
Deferral	Requested	Proposed Adj	Final Approved		
Year	(\$m)	(\$m)	(\$m)	Note	
2019	36.8	-2.7	36.8		
2020	6.6	-0.05	6.6	Settlement	
2021	90.6	-15.1	90		
2022	175.0	-7.2	175.0		



Managing NPC Increases

• Major drivers of recent increases:

- Wholesale power and natural gas prices
 - Regional market prices have seen extraordinary increases since 2020
 - Prices at Mid-Columbia trading hub up 170%
 - Opal gas trading hub up 95%
- Extreme weather events
- Coal supply constraints

• RMP efforts to proactively manage rising NPC:

- Participation in Western Energy Imbalance Market
 - \$847m in benefits since 2014 \$154m in benefits in CY 2023 https://www.westerneim.com/Pages/About/QuarterlyBenefits.aspx
- Plan to join new Extended Day Ahead Market
- Pursue generation and transmission investments for balanced portfolio

Net Power Cost History

Year	(\$)	
2020	1,511,314,189	
2021	1,714,607,879	
2022	2,040,318,303	
2023	2,555,124,438	