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## Housing and Transit Reinvestment Zone Amendments

## 2025 GENERAL SESSION

## STATE OF UTAH

# Chief Sponsor: Wayne A. Harper

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	LONG TITLE
	General Description:
	This bill modifies provisions regarding the Housing and Transit Reinvestment Zone Act.
	Highlighted Provisions:
	This bill:
	<ul> <li>modifies definitions;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>amends the median gross income for a certain percentage of proposed dwelling units</li> </ul>
	within the housing and transit reinvestment zone to the county median gross income for
1	households of the same size;
	<ul> <li>clarifies that the collection of a tax increment for a housing and transit reinvestment</li> </ul>
2	zone project may be triggered no more than three times per project; and
	<ul> <li>makes technical and conforming changes.</li> </ul>
I	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
(	Other Special Clauses:
	None
l	Utah Code Sections Affected:
/	AMENDS:
	63N-3-602, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 521, 537
	63N-3-603, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 521, 537
	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 63N-3-602 is amended to read:
	63N-3-602 . Definitions.
	As used in this part:
	(1) "Affordable housing" means housing occupied or reserved for occupancy by households
	with a gross household income:
	(a) equal to or less than 80% of the <u>county</u> median gross income[-of the applicable
	municipal or county statistical area] for households of the same size[, in certain

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32	circumstances as provided in this part]; or
33	(b) equal to or less than 60% of the <u>county</u> median gross income[-of the applicable
34	municipal or county statistical area] for households of the same size[, in certain
35	circumstances as provided in this part].
36	(2) "Agency" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102.
37	(3) "Base taxable value" means a property's taxable value as shown upon the assessment
38	roll last equalized during the base year.
39	(4) "Base year" means, for each tax increment collection period triggered within a proposed
40	housing and transit reinvestment zone area, the calendar year prior to the calendar year
41	the tax increment begins to be collected for [those] the parcels that are in a project that is
42	triggered for that collection period.
43	(5) "Bus rapid transit" means a high-quality bus-based transit system that delivers fast and
44	efficient service that may include dedicated lanes, busways, traffic signal priority,
45	off-board fare collection, elevated platforms, and enhanced stations.
46	(6) "Bus rapid transit station" means an existing station, stop, or terminal, or a proposed
47	station, stop, or terminal that is specifically identified as needed in phase one of a
48	metropolitan planning organization's adopted long-range transportation plan and in
49	phase one of the relevant public transit district's adopted long-range transit plan:
50	(a) along an existing bus rapid transit line; or
51	(b) along an extension to an existing bus rapid transit line or new bus rapid transit line.
52	(7)(a) "Commuter rail" means a heavy-rail passenger rail transit facility operated by a
53	large public transit district.
54	(b) "Commuter rail" does not include a light-rail passenger rail facility of a large public
55	transit district.
56	(8) "Commuter rail station" means an existing station, stop, or terminal, or a proposed
57	station, stop, or terminal, which has been specifically identified as needed in phase one
58	of a metropolitan planning organization's adopted long-range transportation plan and in
59	phase one of the relevant public transit district's adopted long-range transit plan:
60	(a) along an existing commuter rail line;
61	(b) along an extension to an existing commuter rail line or new commuter rail line; or
62	(c) along a fixed guideway extension from an existing commuter rail line.
63	(9)(a) "Developable area" means the portion of land within a housing and transit
64	reinvestment zone available for development and construction of business and
65	residential uses.
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66	(b) "Developable area" does not include portions of land within a housing and transit
67	reinvestment zone that are allocated to:
68	(i) parks;
69	(ii) recreation facilities;
70	(iii) open space;
71	(iv) trails;
72	(v) publicly-owned roadway facilities; or
73	(vi) other public facilities.
74	(10) "Dwelling unit" means one or more rooms arranged for the use of one or more
75	individuals living together, as a single housekeeping unit normally having cooking,
76	living, sanitary, and sleeping facilities.
77	(11) "Enhanced development" means the construction of mixed uses including housing,
78	commercial uses, and related facilities.
79	(12) "Enhanced development costs" means extra costs associated with structured parking
80	costs, vertical construction costs, horizontal construction costs, life safety costs,
81	structural costs, conveyor or elevator costs, and other costs incurred due to the increased
82	height of buildings or enhanced development.
83	(13) "First home investment zone" means the same as that term is defined in Section
84	63N-3-1601.
85	(14) "Fixed guideway" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-12-102.
86	(15) "Horizontal construction costs" means the additional costs associated with earthwork,
87	over excavation, utility work, transportation infrastructure, and landscaping to achieve
88	enhanced development in the housing and transit reinvestment zone.
89	(16) "Housing and transit reinvestment zone" means a housing and transit reinvestment
90	zone created pursuant to this part.
91	(17) "Housing and transit reinvestment zone committee" means a housing and transit
92	reinvestment zone committee created pursuant to Section 63N-3-605.
93	(18) "Large public transit district" means the same as that term is defined in Section
94	17B-2a-802.
95	(19) "Light rail" means a passenger rail public transit system with right-of-way and fixed
96	rails:
97	(a) dedicated to exclusive use by light-rail public transit vehicles;
98	(b) that may cross streets at grade; and
99	(c) that may share parts of surface streets.

100	(20) "Light rail station" means an existing station, stop, or terminal or a proposed station,
101	stop, or terminal, which has been specifically identified as needed in phase one of a
102	metropolitan planning organization's adopted long-range transportation plan and in
103	phase one of the relevant public transit district's adopted long-range plan:
104	(a) along an existing light rail line; or
105	(b) along an extension to an existing light rail line or new light rail line.
106	(21) "Metropolitan planning organization" means the same as that term is defined in
107	Section 72-1-208.5.
108	(22) "Mixed use development" means development with a mix of:
109	(a) multi-family residential use; and
110	(b) at least one additional land use, which shall be a significant part of the overall
111	development.
112	(23) "Municipality" means the same as that term is defined in Section 10-1-104.
113	(24) "Participant" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102.
114	(25) "Participation agreement" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102,
115	except that the agency may not provide and the person may not receive a direct subsidy.
116	(26) "Public transit county" means a county that has created a small public transit district.
117	(27) "Public transit hub" means a public transit depot or station where four or more routes
118	serving separate parts of the county-created transit district stop to transfer riders between
119	routes.
120	(28) "Sales and use tax base year" means a sales and use tax year determined by the first
121	year pertaining to the tax imposed in Section 59-12-103 after the sales and use tax
122	boundary for a housing and transit reinvestment zone is established.
123	(29) "Sales and use tax boundary" means a boundary created as described in Section
124	63N-3-604, based on state sales and use tax collection that corresponds as closely as
125	reasonably practicable to the housing and transit reinvestment zone boundary.
126	(30) "Sales and use tax increment" means the difference between:
127	(a) the amount of state sales and use tax revenue generated each year following the sales
128	and use tax base year by the sales and use tax from the area within a housing and
129	transit reinvestment zone designated in the housing and transit reinvestment zone
130	proposal as the area from which sales and use tax increment is to be collected; and
131	(b) the amount of state sales and use tax revenue that was generated from that same area
132	during the sales and use tax base year.
133	(31) "Sales and use tax revenue" means revenue that is generated from the tax imposed

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134 under Section 59-12-103. (32) "Small public transit district" means the same as that term is defined in Section 135 136 17B-2a-802. 137 (33) "Tax Commission" means the State Tax Commission created in Section 59-1-201. (34)(a) "Tax increment" means the difference between: 138 139 (i) the amount of property tax revenue generated each tax year by a taxing entity from 140 the area within a housing and transit reinvestment zone designated in the housing 141 and transit reinvestment zone proposal as the area from which tax increment is to 142 be collected, using the current assessed value and each taxing entity's current 143 certified tax rate as defined in Section 59-2-924; and 144 (ii) the amount of property tax revenue that would be generated from that same area 145 using the base taxable value and each taxing entity's current certified tax rate as 146 defined in Section 59-2-924. 147 (b) "Tax increment" does not include property tax revenue from: 148 (i) a multicounty assessing and collecting levy described in Subsection 59-2-1602(2); 149 or 150 (ii) a county additional property tax described in Subsection 59-2-1602(4). 151 (35) "Taxing entity" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102. 152 (36) "Vertical construction costs" means the additional costs associated with construction 153 above four stories and structured parking to achieve enhanced development in the 154 housing and transit reinvestment zone. Section 2. Section 63N-3-603 is amended to read: 155 156 63N-3-603. Applicability, requirements, and limitations on a housing and transit 157 reinvestment zone. 158 (1) A housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal created under this part shall promote 159 the following objectives: 160 (a) higher utilization of public transit; 161 (b) increasing availability of housing, including affordable housing, and fulfillment of 162 moderate income housing plans; 163 (c) promoting and encouraging development of owner-occupied housing; 164 (d) improving efficiencies in parking and transportation, including walkability of 165 communities near public transit facilities; 166 (e) overcoming development impediments and market conditions that render a 167 development cost prohibitive absent the proposal and incentives;

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168	(f) conserving water resources through efficient land use;
169	(g) improving air quality by reducing fuel consumption and motor vehicle trips;
170	(h) encouraging transformative mixed-use development and investment in transportation
171	and public transit infrastructure in strategic areas;
172	(i) strategic land use and municipal planning in major transit investment corridors as
173	described in Subsection 10-9a-403(2);
174	(j) increasing access to employment and educational opportunities; and
175	(k) increasing access to child care.
176	(2)(a) In order to accomplish the objectives described in Subsection (1), a municipality
177	or public transit county that initiates the process to create a housing and transit
178	reinvestment zone as described in this part shall ensure that the proposal for a
179	housing and transit reinvestment zone includes:
180	(i) except as provided in Subsection (3), at least 12% of the proposed dwelling units
181	within the housing and transit reinvestment zone are affordable housing units,
182	with:
183	(A) up to 9% of the proposed dwelling units occupied or reserved for occupancy
184	by households with a gross household income equal to or less than 80% of the
185	county median gross income [of the applicable municipal or county statistical
186	area-]for households of the same size; and $(\underline{B})$ at least 3% of the proposed dwelling
187	units occupied or reserved for occupancy by households with a gross
188	household income equal to or less than 60% of the <u>county</u> median gross
189	income [of the applicable municipal or county statistical area ]for households
190	of the same size;
191	(ii) except as provided in Subsection (2)(c), a housing and transit reinvestment zone
192	shall include:
193	(A) at least 51% of the developable area within a housing and transit reinvestment
194	zone as residential uses; and
195	(B) an average of at least 50 dwelling units per acre within the acreage of the
196	housing and transit reinvestment zone dedicated to residential uses;
197	(iii) mixed-use development; and
198	(iv) a mix of dwelling units to ensure that a reasonable percentage of the dwelling
199	units has more than one bedroom.
200	(b)(i) If a housing and transit reinvestment zone is phased, a municipality or public
201	transit county shall ensure that a housing and transit reinvestment zone is phased

202	and developed to provide the required 12% of affordable housing units in each
203	phase of development.
204	(ii) A municipality or public transit county may allow a housing and transit
205	reinvestment zone to be phased and developed in a manner to provide more of the
206	required affordable housing units in early phases of development.
207	(iii) A municipality or public transit county shall include in a housing and transit
208	reinvestment zone proposal an affordable housing plan, which may include deed
209	restrictions, to ensure the affordable housing required in the proposal will continue
210	to meet the definition of affordable housing at least throughout the entire term of
211	the housing and transit reinvestment zone.
212	(c) For a housing and transit reinvestment zone proposed by a public transit county at a
213	public transit hub, or for a housing and transit reinvestment zone proposed by a
214	municipality at a bus rapid transit station, the housing and transit reinvestment zone
215	shall include:
216	(i) at least 51% of the developable area within a housing and transit reinvestment
217	zone as residential uses; and
218	(ii) an average of at least 39 dwelling units per acre within the acreage of the housing
219	and transit reinvestment zone dedicated to residential uses.
220	(3) A municipality or public transit county that, at the time the housing and transit
221	reinvestment zone proposal is approved by the housing and transit reinvestment zone
222	committee, meets the affordable housing guidelines of the United States Department of
223	Housing and Urban Development at 60% area median income is exempt from the
224	requirement described in Subsection (2)(a).
225	(4)(a) A municipality may only propose a housing and transit reinvestment zone at a
226	commuter rail station, and a public transit county may only propose a housing and
227	transit reinvestment zone at a public transit hub, that:
228	(i) subject to Subsection (5)(a):
229	(A)(I) except as provided in Subsection $(4)(a)(i)(A)(II)$ , for a municipality,
230	does not exceed a 1/3 mile radius of a commuter rail station;
231	(II) for a municipality that is a city of the first class with a population greater
232	than 150,000 that is within a county of the first class, with an opportunity
233	zone created pursuant to Section 1400Z-1, Internal Revenue Code, does not
234	exceed a 1/2 mile radius of a commuter rail station located within the
235	opportunity zone; or

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236	(III) for a public transit county, does not exceed a 1/3 mile radius of a public
237	transit hub; and
238	(B) has a total area of no more than 125 noncontiguous acres;
239	(ii) subject to Section 63N-3-607, proposes the capture of a maximum of 80% of each
240	taxing entity's tax increment above the base year for a term of no more than 25
241	consecutive years on each parcel within a 45-year period not to exceed the tax
242	increment amount approved in the housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal;
243	and
244	(iii) the commencement of collection of tax increment, for all or a portion of the
245	housing and transit reinvestment zone, will be triggered by providing notice as
246	described in Subsection (6), but a housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal
247	may not propose or include triggering more than three tax increment collection
248	periods for the same project during the applicable 45-year period.
249	(b) A municipality or public transit county may only propose a housing and transit
250	reinvestment zone at a light rail station or bus rapid transit station that:
251	(i) subject to Subsection (5):
252	(A) does not exceed:
253	(I) except as provided in Subsection (4)(b)(i)(A)(II), (III), or (4)(e), a 1/4 mile
254	radius of a bus rapid transit station or light rail station;
255	(II) for a municipality that is a city of the first class with a population greater than 150,000 that
256	is within a county of the first class, a 1/2 mile radius of a light rail station located in an
257	opportunity zone created pursuant to Section
258	1400Z-1, Internal Revenue Code; or
259	(III) a 1/2 mile radius of a light rail station located within a master-planned
260	development of 500 acres or more; and
261	(B) has a total area of no more than 100 noncontiguous acres;
262	(ii) subject to Subsection (4)(c) and Section 63N-3-607, proposes the capture of a
263	maximum of 80% of each taxing entity's tax increment above the base year for a
264	term of no more than 15 consecutive years on each parcel within a 30-year period
265	not to exceed the tax increment amount approved in the housing and transit
266	reinvestment zone proposal; and
267	(iii) the commencement of collection of tax increment, for all or a portion of the
268	housing and transit reinvestment zone, will be triggered by providing notice as
269	described in Subsection (6), but a housing and transit reinvestment zone proposal

270	may not propose or include triggering more than three tax increment collection
271	periods for the same project during the applicable 30-year period.
272	(c) For a housing and transit reinvestment zone proposed by a public transit county at a
273	public transit hub, or for a housing and transit reinvestment zone proposed by a
274	municipality at a bus rapid transit station, if the proposed housing density within the
275	housing and transit reinvestment zone is between 39 and 49 dwelling units per acre,
276	the maximum capture of each taxing entity's tax increment above the base year is
277	60%.
278	(d) A municipality that is a city of the first class with a population greater than 150,000
279	in a county of the first class as described in Subsections (4)(a)(i)(A)(II) and
280	(4)(b)(i)(A)(II) may only propose one housing and transit reinvestment zone within
281	an opportunity zone.
282	(e)(i) Subject to Subsection (4)(e)(ii), the radius restrictions described in Subsection
283	(4)(b)(i) do not apply, and a housing and transit reinvestment zone may extend to
284	an area between two light rail stations located within a city of the third class if the
285	two light rail stations are within a .95 mile distance on the same light rail line.
286	(ii) If a housing and transit reinvestment zone is extended to accommodate two light
287	rail stations as described in Subsection (4)(e)(i):
288	(A) the housing and transit reinvestment zone is limited to a total area not to
289	exceed 100 noncontiguous acres; and
290	(B) the housing and transit reinvestment zone may not exceed a 1/4 mile radius
291	from the light rail stations or any point on the light rail line between the two
292	stations.
293	(f) If a parcel within the housing and transit reinvestment zone is included as an area that
294	is part of a project area, as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102, and created
295	under Title 17C, Chapter 1, Agency Operations, that parcel may not be triggered for
296	collection unless the project area funds collection period, as that term is defined in
297	Section 17C-1-102, has expired.
298	(5)(a) For a housing and transit reinvestment zone for a commuter rail station, if a
299	parcel is bisected by the relevant radius limitation, the full parcel may be included as
300	part of the housing and transit reinvestment zone area and will not count against the
301	limitations described in Subsection (4)(a)(i).
302	(b) For a housing and transit reinvestment zone for a light rail or bus rapid transit
303	station, if a parcel is bisected by the relevant radius limitation, the full parcel may be

304	included as part of the housing and transit reinvestment zone area and will not count
305	against the limitations described in Subsection (4)(b)(i).
306	(c) A housing and transit reinvestment zone may not be smaller than 10 acres.
307	(6) The notice of commencement of collection of tax increment required in Subsection
308	(4)(a)(iii) or (4)(b)(iii) shall be sent by mail or electronically to the following entities no
309	later than January 1 of the year for which the tax increment collection is proposed to
310	commence:
311	(a) the tax commission;
312	(b) the State Board of Education;
313	(c) the state auditor;
314	(d) the auditor of the county in which the housing and transit reinvestment zone is
315	located;
316	(e) each taxing entity affected by the collection of tax increment from the housing and
317	transit reinvestment zone; and
318	(f) the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity.
319	(7)(a) The maximum number of housing and transit reinvestment zones at light rail
320	stations is eight in any given county.
321	(b) Within a county of the first class, the maximum number of housing and transit
322	reinvestment zones at bus rapid transit stations is three.
323	(c) Within a county of the first class, the maximum total combined number of housing
324	and transit reinvestment zones described in Subsections (7)(a) and (b) and first home
325	investment zones created under Part 16, First Home Investment Zone Act, is 11.
326	(8)(a) This Subsection (8) applies to a specified county, as defined in Section
327	17-27a-408, that has created a small public transit district on or before January 1,
328	2022.
329	(b)(i) A county described in Subsection (8)(a) shall, in accordance with Section
330	63N-3-604, prepare and submit to the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity
331	a proposal to create a housing and transit reinvestment zone on or before
332	December 31, 2022.
333	(ii) A county described in Subsection (8)(a) that, on December 31, 2022, was
334	noncompliant under Section 17-27a-408 for failure to demonstrate in the county's
335	moderate income housing report that the county complied with Subsection
336	(8)(b)(i), may cure the deficiency in the county's moderate income housing report
337	by submitting satisfactory proof to the Housing and Community Development

338	Division that, notwithstanding the deadline in Subsection (8)(b)(i), the county has
339	submitted to the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity a proposal to create
340	a housing and transit reinvestment zone.
341	(c)(i) A county described in Subsection (8)(a) may not propose a housing and transit
342	reinvestment zone if more than 15% of the acreage within the housing and transit
343	reinvestment zone boundary is owned by the county.
344	(ii) For purposes of determining the percentage of acreage owned by the county as
345	described in Subsection (8)(c)(i), a county may exclude any acreage owned that is
346	used for highways, bus rapid transit, light rail, or commuter rail within the
347	boundary of the housing and transit reinvestment zone.
348	(d) To accomplish the objectives described in Subsection (1), if a county described in
349	Subsection (8)(a) has failed to comply with Subsection (8)(b)(i) by failing to submit
350	an application before December 31, 2022, an owner of undeveloped property who
351	has submitted a land use application to the county on or before December 31, 2022,
352	and is within a 1/3 mile radius of a public transit hub in a county described in
353	Subsection (8)(a), including parcels that are bisected by the $1/3$ mile radius, shall
354	have the right to develop and build a mixed-use development including the following:
355	(i) excluding the parcels devoted to commercial uses as described in Subsection
356	(8)(d)(ii), at least 39 dwelling units per acre on average over the developable area,
357	with at least 10% of the dwelling units as affordable housing units;
358	(ii) commercial uses including office, retail, educational, and healthcare in support of
359	the mixed-use development constituting up to 1/3 of the total planned gross
360	building square footage of the subject parcels; and
361	(iii) any other infrastructure element necessary or reasonable to support the
362	mixed-use development, including parking infrastructure, streets, sidewalks,
363	parks, and trails.
364	Section 3. Effective date.
365	This bill takes effect on May 7, 2025.