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Appearance of Candidate Name on Ballot

2025 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor:

LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill addresses the manner in which a candidate's name may appear on a ballot.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
 establishes criteria for permitting a candidate to:
• use the candidate's middle name instead of the candidate's first name on a ballot;
• use the candidate's nickname on a ballot; or
• use the candidate's initial on a ballot;
 establishes a procedure for a candidate to request that the candidate's name appear on a
ballot as described in the preceding paragraph; and
 provides for an appeal of a rejection of a request described in the preceding paragraph.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
17B-1-306, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 382, 465
20A-6-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 31
20A-6-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 136
20A-6-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 31
20A-6-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 438, 465
20A-6-401.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 31
20A-6-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 438
20A-9-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 465
20A-9-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 465
20A-9-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 503
20A-9-409, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Second Special Session, Chapter 6

20A-12-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 394
ENACTS:
20A-6-109 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
RENUMBERS AND AMENDS:
20A-6-110, (Renumbered from 20A-6-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020,
Chapter 49)
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 17B-1-306 is amended to read:
17B-1-306 . Special district board Election procedures Notice.
(1) Except as provided in Subsection (12), each elected board member shall be selected as
provided in this section.
(2)(a) Each election of a special district board member shall be held:
(i) at the same time as the municipal general election or the regular general election,
as applicable; and
(ii) at polling places designated by the special district board in consultation with the
county clerk for each county in which the special district is located, which polling
places shall coincide with municipal general election or regular general election
polling places, as applicable, whenever feasible.
(b) The special district board, in consultation with the county clerk, may consolidate two
or more polling places to enable voters from more than one district to vote at one
consolidated polling place.
(c)(i) Subject to Subsections (5)(h) and (i), the number of polling places under
Subsection (2)(a)(ii) in an election of board members of an irrigation district shall
be one polling place per division of the district, designated by the district board.
(ii) Each polling place designated by an irrigation district board under Subsection
(2)(c)(i) shall coincide with a polling place designated by the county clerk under
Subsection (2)(a)(ii).
(3)(a) The clerk of each special district with a board member position to be filled at the
next municipal general election or regular general election, as applicable, shall
provide notice of:
(i) each elective position of the special district to be filled at the next municipal
general election or regular general election, as applicable;
(ii) the constitutional and statutory qualifications for each position; and

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66	(iii) the dates and times for filing a declaration of candidacy.
67	(b) If the election is to be held at the same time as the municipal general election, a
68	declaration of candidacy shall be filed on the days specified in Subsection
69	20A-9-203(3)(a)(i).
70	(c) If the election is to be held at the same time as the regular general election, a
71	declaration of candidacy shall be filed by the deadline stated in Subsection
72	20A-9-201.5(2).
73	(4) The clerk of the special district shall publish the notice described in Subsection (3)(a)
74	for the special district, as a class A notice under Section 63G-30-102, for at least 10 days
75	before the first day for filing a declaration of candidacy.
76	(5)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(c), to become a candidate for an elective
77	special district board position, an individual shall file a declaration of candidacy in
78	person with an official designated by the special district within the candidate filing
79	period for the applicable election year in which the election for the special district
80	board is held and:
81	(i) during the special district's standard office hours, if the standard office hours
82	provide at least three consecutive office hours each day during the candidate filing
83	period that is not a holiday or weekend; or
84	(ii) if the standard office hours of a special district do not provide at least three
85	consecutive office hours each day, a three-hour consecutive time period each day
86	designated by the special district during the candidate filing period that is not a
87	holiday or weekend.
88	(b) When the candidate filing deadline falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or holiday, the filing
89	time shall be extended until the close of normal office hours on the following regular
90	business day.
91	(c) Subject to Subsection (5)(f), an individual may designate an agent to file a
92	declaration of candidacy with the official designated by the special district if:
93	(i) the individual is located outside of the state during the entire filing period;
94	(ii) the designated agent appears in person before the official designated by the
95	special district; and
96	(iii) the individual communicates with the official designated by the special district
97	using an electronic device that allows the individual and official to see and hear
98	each other.
99	(d)(i) Before the filing officer may accept any declaration of candidacy from an

100	individual, the filing officer shall:
101	(A) read to the individual the constitutional and statutory qualification
102	requirements for the office that the individual is seeking; and
103	(B) require the individual to state whether the individual meets those requirements.
104	(ii) If the individual does not meet the qualification requirements for the office, the
105	filing officer may not accept the individual's declaration of candidacy.
106	(iii) If it appears that the individual meets the requirements of candidacy, the filing
107	officer shall accept the individual's declaration of candidacy.
108	(e) The declaration of candidacy shall be in substantially the following form:
109	"I, (print name), being first duly sworn, say that I reside at (Street)
110	, City of, County of, state of Utah,
111	(Zip Code), (Telephone Number, if any); that I meet the qualifications
112	for the office of board of trustees member for (state the name of
113	the special district); that I am a candidate for that office to be voted upon at the next election;
114	and that, if filing via a designated agent, I will be out of the state of Utah during the entire
115	candidate filing period, and I hereby request that my name be printed upon the official ballot
116	for that election.
117	(Signed)
118	Subscribed and sworn to (or affirmed) before me by on this day of
119	,
120	(Signed)
121	(Clerk or Notary Public)".
122	(f) An agent designated under Subsection (5)(c) may not sign the form described in
123	Subsection (5)(e).
124	(g) Each individual wishing to become a valid write-in candidate for an elective special
125	district board position is governed by Section 20A-9-601.
126	(h) If at least one individual does not file a declaration of candidacy as required by this
127	section, an individual shall be appointed to fill that board position in accordance with
128	the appointment provisions of Section 20A-1-512.
129	(i) If only one candidate files a declaration of candidacy and there is no write-in
130	candidate who complies with Section 20A-9-601, the board, in accordance with
131	Section 20A-1-206, may:
132	(i) consider the candidate to be elected to the position; and
133	(ii) cancel the election.

134	(6)(a) A primary election may be held if:
135	(i) the election is authorized by the special district board; and
136	(ii) the number of candidates for a particular local board position or office exceeds
137	twice the number of persons needed to fill that position or office.
138	(b) The primary election shall be conducted:
139	(i) on the same date as the municipal primary election or the regular primary election,
140	as applicable; and
141	(ii) according to the procedures for primary elections provided under Title 20A,
142	Election Code.
143	(7)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(c), within one business day after the
144	deadline for filing a declaration of candidacy, the special district clerk shall certify
145	the candidate names to the clerk of each county in which the special district is located.
146	(b)(i) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(c) and in accordance with [Section
147	20A-6-305] Sections 20A-6-109 and 20A-6-110, the clerk of each county in which
148	the special district is located and the special district clerk shall coordinate [the-]
149	placement of the name of each candidate for special district office in the
150	nonpartisan section of the ballot with the appropriate election officer.
151	(ii) If consolidation of the special district election ballot with the municipal general
152	election ballot or the regular general election ballot, as applicable, is not feasible,
153	the special district board of trustees, in consultation with the county clerk, shall
154	provide for a separate special district election ballot to be administered by poll
155	workers at polling places designated under Subsection (2).
156	(c)(i) Subsections (7)(a) and (b) do not apply to an election of a member of the board
157	of an irrigation district established under Chapter 2a, Part 5, Irrigation District Act.
158	[(ii)(A) Subject to Subsection (7)(c)(ii)(B), the board of each irrigation district shall
159	prescribe the form of the ballot for each board member election.]
160	[(B) Each ballot for an election of an irrigation district board member shall be in a
161	nonpartisan format.]
162	[(C) The name of each candidate shall be placed on the ballot in the order specified
163	under Section 20A-6-305.]
164	(ii) The board of an irrigation district shall:
165	(A) subject to Subsections $(7)(c)(ii)(B)$ and (C), establish the form of the ballot for
166	a board member election;
167	(B) ensure that the ballot is in a nonpartisan format; and

168	(C) ensure that the name of each candidate is placed on the ballot in accordance
169	with Sections 20A-6-109 and 20A-6-110.
170	(8)(a) Each voter at an election for a board of trustees member of a special district shall:
171	(i) be a registered voter within the district, except for an election of:
172	(A) an irrigation district board of trustees member; or
173	(B) a basic special district board of trustees member who is elected by property
174	owners; and
175	(ii) meet the requirements to vote established by the district.
176	(b) Each voter may vote for as many candidates as there are offices to be filled.
177	(c) The candidates who receive the highest number of votes are elected.
178	(9) Except as otherwise provided by this section, the election of special district board
179	members is governed by Title 20A, Election Code.
180	(10)(a) Except as provided in Subsection 17B-1-303(8), a person elected to serve on a
181	special district board shall serve a four-year term, beginning at noon on the January 1
182	after the person's election.
183	(b) A person elected shall be sworn in as soon as practical after January 1.
184	(11)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (11)(b), each special district shall reimburse
185	the county or municipality holding an election under this section for the costs of the
186	election attributable to that special district.
187	(b) Each irrigation district shall bear the district's own costs of each election the district
188	holds under this section.
189	(12) This section does not apply to an improvement district that provides electric or gas
190	service.
191	(13) Except as provided in Subsection 20A-3a-605(1)(b), the provisions of Title 20A,
192	Chapter 3a, Part 6, Early Voting, do not apply to an election under this section.
193	(14)(a) As used in this Subsection (14), "board" means:
194	(i) a special district board; or
195	(ii) the administrative control board of a special service district that has elected
196	members on the board.
197	(b) If a board desires to hold elections for membership on the board at a regular general
198	election instead of a municipal general election, or at a municipal general election
199	instead of a regular general election, the board may submit an application to the
200	lieutenant governor that:
201	(i) requests permission to change the election year for membership on the board in a

202	manner described in this Subsection (14)(b);
203	(ii) indicates that a change in the election year is beneficial, based on potential cost
204	savings, a potential increase in voter turnout, or another material reason; and
205	(iii) if a change in the election year may result in shortening a board member's term
206	of office, indicates that the members of the board unanimously support the
207	lieutenant governor taking that action.
208	(c) Upon receipt of an application described in Subsection (14)(b), the lieutenant
209	governor may approve the if:
210	(i) the lieutenant governor concludes that changing the election year is beneficial
211	based on the criteria described in Subsection (14)(b)(ii); and
212	(ii) for an application that may result in shortening a board member's term of office,
213	the application satisfies the unanimity requirement described in Subsection
214	(14)(b)(iii).
215	(d) If the lieutenant governor approves a board's application described in this section:
216	(i) all future elections for membership on the board shall be held at the time of the
217	general election specified in the application; and
218	(ii) the board may not hold elections at the time of an election other than the general
219	election specified in the application, unless the board receives permission from the
220	lieutenant governor to change the election under the same procedure, and by
221	applying the same criteria, described in this Subsection (14).
222	(15)(a) This Subsection (15) applies to a special district if:
223	(i) the special district's board members are elected by the owners of real property, as
224	provided in Subsection 17B-1-1402(1)(b); and
225	(ii) the special district was created before January 1, 2020.
226	(b) The board of a special district described in Subsection (15)(a) may conduct an
227	election:
228	(i) to fill a board member position that expires at the end of the term for that board
229	member's position; and
230	(ii) notwithstanding Subsection 20A-1-512(1)(a)(i), to fill a vacancy in an unexpired
231	term of a board member.
232	(c) An election under Subsection (15)(b) may be conducted as determined by the special
233	district board, subject to Subsection (15)(d).
234	(d)(i) The special district board shall provide to property owners eligible to vote at
235	the special district election:

236	(A) notice of the election; and
237	(B) a form to nominate an eligible individual to be elected as a board member.
238	(ii)(A) The special district board may establish a deadline for a property owner to
239	submit a nomination form.
240	(B) A deadline under Subsection (15)(d)(ii)(A) may not be earlier than 15 days
241	after the board provides the notice and nomination form under Subsection
242	(15)(d)(i).
243	(iii)(A) After the deadline for submitting nomination forms, the special district
244	board shall provide a ballot to all property owners eligible to vote at the special
245	district election.
246	(B) A special district board shall allow at least five days for ballots to be returned.
247	(iv) A special district board shall certify the results of an election under this
248	Subsection (15) during an open meeting of the board.
249	Section 2. Section 20A-6-109 is enacted to read:
250	<u>20A-6-109</u> . Appearance of candidate's name on ballot Use of middle name or
251	nickname Appeal.
252	(1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, an election officer shall ensure that a
253	candidate's name appears on the ballot with the candidate's legal first name, followed by
254	the candidate's legal surname.
255	(2) If two or more candidates for the same office have the same or similar first names and
256	surnames, the election officer may authorize the use of a legal middle name, or the first
257	initial of a legal middle name, to differentiate between the candidates.
258	(3) An election officer shall place a candidate's legal middle name on a ballot in place of the
259	candidate's legal first name if:
260	(a) the candidate normally uses the candidate's legal middle name instead of the
261	candidate's legal first name; and
262	(b) no later than 5 p.m. on the day on which the applicable declaration of candidacy
263	period ends, the candidate files with the election officer:
264	(i) a request that the election officer place the candidate's legal middle name on the
265	ballot instead of the candidate's legal first name, specifying the candidate's legal
266	middle name;
267	(ii) an affidavit signed by the candidate in which the candidate states, under penalty
268	of perjury, that the candidate is generally known by acquaintances in the
269	candidate's county of residence by the legal middle name specified in the request

270	described in Subsection (2)(h)(i) and stated in the officient instead of the
270	described in Subsection (3)(b)(i), and stated in the affidavit, instead of the
271	candidate's legal first name; and
272	(iii) an affidavit signed by five residents of the candidate's county of residence who
273	are not immediate family members of the candidate stating, under penalty of
274	perjury, that the candidate is generally known by acquaintances in the candidate's
275	county of residence by the legal middle name specified in the request described in
276	Subsection (3)(b)(i), and stated in the affidavit, instead of the candidate's legal
277	first name.
278	(4) In addition to a candidate's name appearing on a ballot as otherwise described in this
279	section, an election officer shall include on the ballot a nickname used by the candidate,
280	set off in quotation marks, if:
281	(a) the election officer determines that the nickname:
282	(i) does not imply that the candidate is an individual other than the candidate,
283	regardless of whether the individual is living or deceased;
284	(ii) does not constitute a slogan;
285	(iii) does not associate the candidate with an economic, religious, political, or other
286	group, issue, or opinion;
287	(iv) is not offensive, profane, or spurious; and
288	(v) is not a title, rank, degree, certification, job description, or similar designation;
289	and
290	(b) no later than 5 p.m. on the day on which the applicable declaration of candidacy
291	period ends, the candidate files with the election officer:
292	(i) a request that the election officer include the candidate's nickname on the ballot,
293	specifying the desired nickname;
294	(ii) an affidavit signed by the candidate in which the candidate states, under penalty
295	of perjury, that the candidate:
296	(A) is generally known by acquaintances in the candidate's county of residence by
297	the nickname specified in the request described in Subsection (4)(b)(i) and
298	stated in the affidavit; and
299	(B) is not using the nickname to gain an advantage on the ballot; and
300	(iii) an affidavit signed by five residents of the candidate's county of residence who
301	are not immediate family members of the candidate stating, under penalty of
302	perjury, that the candidate is generally known by acquaintances in the candidate's
303	county of residence by the nickname specified in the request described in

304	Subsection (4)(b)(i) and stated in the affidavit.
305	(5)(a) An election officer may, without requiring compliance with Subsection (4):
306	(i) approve the use of a nickname instead of a legal first name, and without requiring
307	the nickname to appear in quotes, if the nickname is a common derivative of the
308	legal first name; or
309	(ii) approve the use of the first initial of a legal middle name between a legal first
310	name and a legal last name.
311	(b) An election officer who, under Subsection (2), approves the use of a legal middle
312	name instead of a legal first name may, without requiring compliance with
313	Subsection (4):
314	(i) approve the use of a nickname instead of a legal middle name, and without
315	requiring the nickname to appear in quotes, if the nickname is a common
316	derivative of the legal middle name; or
317	(ii) approve the use of the first initial of a legal first name before a legal middle name.
318	(6)(a) An election officer shall approve or reject a request filed in accordance with
319	Subsection (3)(b) or (4)(b) within five business days after the day on which the
320	election officer receives the request.
321	(b) Failure by an election officer to timely comply with Subsection (6)(a) is considered a
322	rejection of the request.
323	(c) If an election officer rejects a request to place a middle name on a ballot under
324	Subsection (3), rejects a request to place a nickname on a ballot under Subsection (4),
325	or fails to timely comply with Subsection (6)(a), the candidate may, within five days
326	after the day of the rejection or, if the election officer fails to timely comply with
327	Subsection (6)(a), within five days after the day of the deadline described in
328	Subsection (6)(a), appeal the rejection to a court with jurisdiction.
329	(7) Regardless of whether an election officer approves the use of a middle name, a
330	nickname, a common derivative nickname, or an initial under this section, the
331	candidate's legal name will be used to determine the order of placement on the ballot
332	under Section 20A-6-110.
333	Section 3. Section 20A-6-110 , which is renumbered from Section 20A-6-305 is renumbered
334	and amended to read:
335	[20A-6-305] 20A-6-110 . Master ballot position list Random selection Procedures
336	Publication Surname Exemptions Ballot order.
337	(1) As used in this section, "master ballot position list" means an official list of the 26

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338	characters in the alphabet listed in random order and numbered from one to 26 as
339	provided under Subsection (2).
340	(2) The lieutenant governor shall:
341	(a) within 30 days after the candidate filing deadline in each even-numbered year,
342	conduct a random selection to create a master ballot position list for all elections in
343	accordance with procedures established under Subsection (2)(c);
344	(b) publish the master ballot position list on the lieutenant governor's election website no
345	later than 15 days after creating the list; and
346	(c) establish written procedures for:
347	(i) the election official to use the master ballot position list; and
348	(ii) the lieutenant governor in:
349	(A) conducting the random selection in a fair manner; and
350	(B) providing a record of the random selection process used.
351	(3) In accordance with the written procedures established under Subsection (2)(c)(i), an
352	election officer shall use the master ballot position list for the current year to determine
353	the order in which to list candidates on the ballot for an election held during the year.
354	(4) To determine the order in which to list candidates on the ballot required under
355	Subsection (3), the election officer shall apply the randomized alphabet using:
356	(a) the candidate's surname;
357	(b) for candidates with a surname that has the same spelling $[,]$:
358	(i) the candidate's [given] first name; [and] or
359	(ii) the candidate's middle name, if the candidate qualifies, under Section 20A-6-109,
360	to place the candidate's middle name on the ballot instead of the candidate's first
361	name; and
362	(c) the surname of the president and the surname of the governor for an election for the
363	offices of president and vice president and governor and lieutenant governor.
364	(5) Subsections (1) through (4) do not apply to:
365	(a) an election for an office for which only one candidate is listed on the ballot; or
366	(b) a judicial retention election under Section 20A-12-201.
367	(6) Subject to Subsection (7), each ticket that appears on a ballot for an election shall
368	appear separately, in the following order:
369	(a) for federal office:
370	(i) president and vice president of the United States;
371	(ii) United States Senate office; and

372	(iii) United States House of Representatives office;
373	(b) for state office:
374	(i) governor and lieutenant governor;
375	(ii) attorney general;
376	(iii) state auditor;
377	(iv) state treasurer;
378	(v) state Senate office;
379	(vi) state House of Representatives office; and
380	(vii) State Board of Education member;
381	(c) for county office:
382	(i) county executive office;
383	(ii) county legislative body member;
384	(iii) county assessor;
385	(iv) county or district attorney;
386	(v) county auditor;
387	(vi) county clerk;
388	(vii) county recorder;
389	(viii) county sheriff;
390	(ix) county surveyor;
391	(x) county treasurer; and
392	(xi) local school board member;
393	(d) for municipal office:
394	(i) mayor; and
395	(ii) city or town council member;
396	(e) elected planning and service district council member;
397	(f) judicial retention questions; and
398	(g) ballot propositions not described in Subsection (6)(f).
399	(7)(a) A ticket for a race for a combined office shall appear on the ballot in the place of
400	the earliest ballot ticket position that is reserved for an office that is subsumed in the
401	combined office.
402	(b) Each ticket, other than a ticket described in Subsection (6)(f), shall list:
403	(i) each candidate in accordance with Subsections (1) through (4); and
404	(ii) except as otherwise provided in this title, the party name, initials, or title
405	following each candidate's name.

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406	Section 4. Section 20A-6-203 is amended to read:
407	20A-6-203 . Ballots for regular primary elections.
408	(1) The lieutenant governor, together with county clerks, suppliers of election materials,
409	and representatives of registered political parties, shall:
410	(a) develop ballots to be used in Utah's regular primary election;
411	(b) ensure that the ballots comply[-generally], where applicable, with the requirements
412	of Title 20A, Chapter 6, Part 1, General Requirements for All Ballots, Section
413	20A-6-109, Section 20A-6-110, and this section; and
414	(c) provide voting booths, election records and supplies, ballot boxes, and as applicable,
415	voting devices, for each voting precinct as required by Section 20A-5-403.
416	(2)(a) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsections (1)(b) and (c), Title 20A,
417	Chapter 6, Part 1, General Requirements for All Ballots, and Sections 20A-5-403,
418	20A-6-401, and 20A-6-401.1, the lieutenant governor, together with county clerks,
419	suppliers of election materials, and representatives of registered political parties shall
420	ensure that the ballots, voting booths, election records and supplies, and ballot boxes:
421	(i) facilitate the distribution, voting, and tallying of ballots in a primary where not all
422	voters are authorized to vote for a party's candidate;
423	(ii) simplify the task of poll workers, particularly in determining a voter's party
424	affiliation;
425	(iii) minimize the possibility of spoiled ballots due to voter confusion; and
426	(iv) protect against fraud.
427	(b) To accomplish the requirements of this Subsection (2), the lieutenant governor,
428	county clerks, suppliers of election materials, and representatives of registered
429	political parties shall:
430	(i) mark ballots as being for a particular registered political party; and
431	(ii) instruct individuals counting the ballots to count only those votes for candidates
432	from the registered political party whose ballot the voter received.
433	Section 5. Section 20A-6-301 is amended to read:
434	20A-6-301 . Manual ballots Regular general election.
435	(1) Each election officer shall ensure that:
436	(a) all manual ballots furnished for use at the regular general election contain:
437	(i) no captions or other endorsements except as provided in this section;
438	(ii) no symbols, markings, or other descriptions of a political party or group, except
439	for a registered political party that has chosen to nominate its candidates in

440	accordance with Section 20A-9-403; and
441	(iii) no indication that a candidate for elective office has been nominated by, or has
442	been endorsed by, or is in any way affiliated with a political party or group, unless
443	the candidate has been nominated by a registered political party in accordance
444	with Subsection 20A-9-202(4) or Subsection 20A-9-403(5);
445	(b) at the top of the ballot, the following endorsements are printed in 18 point bold type:
446	(i) "Official Ballot for County, Utah";
447	(ii) the date of the election; and
448	(iii) the words "certified by the Clerk of County" or, as applicable, the
449	name of a combined office that includes the duties of a county clerk;
450	(c) unaffiliated candidates, candidates not affiliated with a registered political party, and
451	all other candidates for elective office who were not nominated by a registered
452	political party in accordance with Subsection 20A-9-202(4) or Subsection
453	20A-9-403(5), are listed with the other candidates for the same office in accordance
454	with [Section 20A-6-305] Sections 20A-6-109 and 20A-6-110, without a party name
455	or title;
456	(d) each ticket containing the lists of candidates, including the party name and device,
457	are separated by heavy parallel lines;
458	(e) the offices to be filled are plainly printed immediately above the names of the
459	candidates for those offices;
460	(f) the names of candidates are printed in capital letters, not less than one-eighth nor
461	more than one-fourth of an inch high in heavy-faced type not smaller than 10 point,
462	between lines or rules three-eighths of an inch apart; and
463	(g) on a ticket for a race in which a voter is authorized to cast a write-in vote and in
464	which a write-in candidate is qualified under Section 20A-9-601:
465	(i) the ballot includes a space for a write-in candidate immediately following the last
466	candidate listed on that ticket; or
467	(ii) for the offices of president and vice president and governor and lieutenant
468	governor, the ballot includes two spaces for write-in candidates immediately
469	following the last candidates on that ticket, one placed above the other, to enable
470	the entry of two valid write-in candidates.
471	(2) An election officer shall ensure that:
472	(a) each individual nominated by any registered political party under Subsection
473	20A-9-202(4) or Subsection 20A-9-403(5), and no other individual, is placed on the

474	ballot:
475	(i) under the registered political party's name, if any; or
476	(ii) under the title of the registered political party as designated by them in their
477	certificates of nomination or petition, or, if none is designated, then under some
478	suitable title;
479	(b) the names of all unaffiliated candidates that qualify as required in Chapter 9, Part 5,
480	Candidates not Affiliated with a Party, are placed on the ballot;
481	(c) the names of the candidates for president and vice president are used on the ballot
482	instead of the names of the presidential electors; and
483	(d) the ballots contain no other names.
484	(3) When the ballot contains a nonpartisan section, the election officer shall ensure that:
485	(a) the designation of the office to be filled in the election and the number of candidates
486	to be elected are printed in type not smaller than eight point;
487	(b) the words designating the office are printed flush with the left-hand margin;
488	(c) the words, "Vote for one" or "Vote for up to (the number of candidates for
489	which the voter may vote)" extend to the extreme right of the column;
490	(d) the nonpartisan candidates are grouped according to the office for which they are
491	candidates;
492	(e) the names in each group are placed in [the order specified under Section 20A-6-305]
493	accordance with Sections 20A-6-109 and 20A-6-110, with the surnames last; and
494	(f) each group is preceded by the designation of the office for which the candidates seek
495	election, and the words, "Vote for one" or "Vote for up to (the number of
496	candidates for which the voter may vote)," according to the number to be elected.
497	(4) Each election officer shall ensure that:
498	(a) proposed amendments to the Utah Constitution are listed on the ballot in accordance
499	with Section 20A-6-107;
500	(b) ballot propositions submitted to the voters are listed on the ballot in accordance with
501	Section 20A-6-107;
502	(c) bond propositions that have qualified for the ballot are listed on the ballot under the
503	title assigned to each bond proposition under Section 11-14-206; and
504	(d) the judicial retention section of the ballot includes a statement at the beginning
505	directing voters to the Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission's website in
506	accordance with Subsection 20A-12-201(4).
507	Section 6. Section 20A-6-302 is amended to read:

508	20A-6-302 . Manual ballots Placement of candidates' names.
509	(1) An election officer shall ensure, for manual ballots in regular general elections, that:
510	(a) each candidate is listed by party, if nominated by a registered political party under
511	Subsection 20A-9-202(4) or Subsection 20A-9-403(5);
512	(b) candidates' surnames are listed in alphabetical order on the ballots when two or more
513	candidates' names are required to be listed on a ticket under the title of an office; and
514	(c) the names of candidates are placed on the ballot in:
515	(i) the manner described in Section 20A-6-109; and
516	(ii) the order [specified under Section 20A-6-305] described in Section 20A-6-110.
517	(2)(a) When there is only one candidate for county attorney at the regular general
518	election in counties that have three or fewer registered voters of the county who are
519	licensed active members in good standing of the Utah State Bar, the county clerk
520	shall cause that candidate's name and party affiliation, if any, to be placed on a
521	separate section of the ballot with the following question: "Shall (name of candidate)
522	be elected to the office of county attorney? Yes No"
523	(b) If the number of "Yes" votes exceeds the number of "No" votes, the candidate is
524	elected to the office of county attorney.
525	(c) If the number of "No" votes exceeds the number of "Yes" votes, the candidate is not
526	elected and may not take office, nor may the candidate continue in the office past the
527	end of the term resulting from any prior election or appointment.
528	(d) When the name of only one candidate for county attorney is printed on the ballot
529	under authority of this Subsection (2), the county clerk may not count any write-in
530	votes received for the office of county attorney.
531	(e) If no qualified individual files for the office of county attorney or if the candidate is
532	not elected by the voters, the county legislative body shall appoint the county
533	attorney as provided in Section 20A-1-509.2.
534	(f) If the candidate whose name would, except for this Subsection (2)(f), be placed on
535	the ballot under Subsection (2)(a) has been elected on a ballot under Subsection (2)(a)
536	to the two consecutive terms immediately preceding the term for which the candidate
537	is seeking election, Subsection (2)(a) does not apply and that candidate shall be
538	considered to be an unopposed candidate the same as any other unopposed candidate
539	for another office, unless a petition is filed with the county clerk before 5 p.m. no
540	later than one day before that year's primary election that:
541	(i) requests the procedure set forth in Subsection (2)(a) to be followed; and

542	(ii) contains the signatures of registered voters in the county representing in number
543	at least 25% of all votes cast in the county for all candidates for governor at the
544	last election at which a governor was elected.
545	(3)(a) When there is only one candidate for district attorney at the regular general
546	election in a prosecution district that has three or fewer registered voters of the
547	district who are licensed active members in good standing of the Utah State Bar, the
548	county clerk shall cause that candidate's name and party affiliation, if any, to be
549	placed on a separate section of the ballot with the following question: "Shall (name of
550	candidate) be elected to the office of district attorney? Yes No"
551	(b) If the number of "Yes" votes exceeds the number of "No" votes, the candidate is
552	elected to the office of district attorney.
553	(c) If the number of "No" votes exceeds the number of "Yes" votes, the candidate is not
554	elected and may not take office, nor may the candidate continue in the office past the
555	end of the term resulting from any prior election or appointment.
556	(d) When the name of only one candidate for district attorney is printed on the ballot
557	under authority of this Subsection (3), the county clerk may not count any write-in
558	votes received for the office of district attorney.
559	(e) If no qualified individual files for the office of district attorney, or if the only
560	candidate is not elected by the voters under this subsection, the county legislative
561	body shall appoint a new district attorney for a four-year term as provided in Section
562	20A-1-509.2.
563	(f) If the candidate whose name would, except for this Subsection (3)(f), be placed on
564	the ballot under Subsection (3)(a) has been elected on a ballot under Subsection (3)(a)
565	to the two consecutive terms immediately preceding the term for which the candidate
566	is seeking election, Subsection (3)(a) does not apply and that candidate shall be
567	considered to be an unopposed candidate the same as any other unopposed candidate
568	for another office, unless a petition is filed with the county clerk before 5 p.m. no
569	later than one day before that year's primary election that:
570	(i) requests the procedure set forth in Subsection (3)(a) to be followed; and
571	(ii) contains the signatures of registered voters in the county representing in number
572	at least 25% of all votes cast in the county for all candidates for governor at the
573	last election at which a governor was elected.
574	Section 7. Section 20A-6-401 is amended to read:
575	20A-6-401 . Ballots for municipal primary elections.

576	(1) Each election officer shall ensure that:
577	(a) the following endorsements are printed in 18 point bold type:
578	(i) "Official Primary Ballot for (City or Town), Utah";
579	(ii) the date of the election; and
580	(iii) a facsimile of the signature of the election officer and the election officer's title in
581	eight point type;
582	(b) immediately below the election officer's title, two one-point parallel horizontal rules
583	separate endorsements from the rest of the ballot;
584	(c) immediately below the horizontal rules, an "Instructions to Voters" section is printed
585	in 10 point bold type that states: "To vote for a candidate, mark the space adjacent to
586	the name(s) of the person(s) you favor as the candidate(s) for each respective office."
587	followed by two one-point parallel rules;
588	(d) after the rules, the designation of the office for which the candidates seek nomination
589	is printed and the words, "Vote for one" or "Vote for up to (the number of
590	candidates for which the voter may vote)" are printed in 10-point bold type, followed
591	by a hair-line rule;
592	(e) after the hair-line rule, the names of the candidates are printed in heavy face type
593	between lines or rules three-eighths inch apart, in [the order specified under Section
594	20A-6-305] accordance with Sections 20A-6-109 and 20A-6-110, with surnames last
595	and grouped according to the office that [they] the candidates seek;
596	(f) a square with sides not less than one-fourth inch long is printed immediately adjacent
597	to the names of the candidates; and
598	(g) the candidate groups are separated from each other by one light and one heavy line
599	or rule.
600	(2) A municipal primary ballot may not contain any space for write-in votes.
601	Section 8. Section 20A-6-401.1 is amended to read:
602	20A-6-401.1 . Ballots for partisan municipal primary elections.
603	(1) An election officer shall ensure that:
604	(a) all manual ballots furnished for use at the regular primary election:
605	(i) separate the candidates of one political party from those of the other political
606	parties; and
607	(ii) contain no captions or other endorsements except as provided in this section;
608	(b) the names of all candidates from each party are listed on the same ballot in one or
609	more columns under their party name and emblem;

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610	(c) the political parties are printed on the ballot in the order specified under Section [
611	(c) the pointeal parties are printed on the ballot in the order specified under section [$\frac{20A-6-305}{20A-6-110}$] 20A-6-110;
612	(d) the following endorsements are printed in 18-point bold type:
613	(i) "Official Primary Ballot for (name of municipality), Utah";
614	(ii) the date of the election; and
615	(iii) a facsimile of the signature of the election officer and the election officer's title in
616	eight point type;
617	(e) after the facsimile signature, the political party emblem and the name of the political
618	party are printed;
619	(f) after the party name and emblem, the ballot contains the following printed in not
620	smaller than 10-point bold face, double leaded type: "Instructions to Voters: To vote
621	for a candidate, mark the space following the name of the person for whom you wish
622	to vote and in no other place. Do not vote for any candidate listed under more than
623	
	one party or group designation.", followed by two one-point parallel horizontal rules;
624 625	(g) after the rules, the designation of the office for which the candidates seek nomination
625	is printed flush with the left-hand margin and the words, "Vote for one" or "Vote for
626	up to (the number of candidates for which the voter may vote)" are printed to
627	extend to the extreme right of the column in 10-point bold type, followed by a
628 620	hair-line rule;
629	(h) after the hair-line rule, the names of the candidates are printed in heavy face type
630	between lines or rules three-eighths inch apart, in [the order specified under Section
631	20A-6-305] accordance with Sections 20A-6-109 and 20A-6-110, with surnames last
632	and grouped according to the office that they seek;
633	(i) a square with sides not less than one-fourth inch long is printed immediately adjacent
634	to the names of the candidates;
635	(j) the candidate groups are separated from each other by one light and one heavy line or
636	rule; and
637	(k) the nonpartisan candidates are listed as follows:
638	(i) immediately below the listing of the party candidates, the word
639	"NONPARTISAN" is printed in reverse type in an 18 point solid rule that extends
640	the full width of the type copy of the party listing above; and
641	(ii) below "NONPARTISAN," the office, the number of candidates to vote for, the
642	candidate's name, the voting square, and any other necessary information is
643	printed in the same style and manner as for party candidates.

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644	(2) For mechanical ballots, the election officer may require that:
645	(a) the ballot for a regular primary election consist of several groups of pages or display
646	screens, so that a separate group can be used to list the names of candidates seeking
647	nomination of each qualified political party, with additional groups used to list
648	candidates for other nonpartisan offices;
649	(b) the separate groups of pages or display screens are identified by color or other
650	suitable means; and
651	(c) the ballot contains instructions that direct the voter how to vote the ballot.
652	Section 9. Section 20A-6-402 is amended to read:
653	20A-6-402 . Ballots for municipal general elections.
654	(1) Except as otherwise required for a race conducted by instant runoff voting under Title
655	20A, Chapter 4, Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project, for a manual
656	ballot at a municipal general election, an election officer shall ensure that:
657	(a) the names of the two candidates who received the highest number of votes for mayor
658	in the municipal primary are placed upon the ballot;
659	(b) if no municipal primary election was held, the names of the candidates who filed
660	declarations of candidacy for municipal offices are placed upon the ballot;
661	(c) for other offices:
662	(i) twice the number of candidates as there are positions to be filled are certified as
663	eligible for election in the municipal general election from those candidates who
664	received the greater number of votes in the primary election; and
665	(ii) the names of those candidates are placed upon the municipal general election
666	ballot;
667	(d) the names of the candidates are placed on the ballot in [the order specified under
668	Section 20A-6-305] accordance with Sections 20A-6-109 and 20A-6-110;
669	(e) in an election in which a voter is authorized to cast a write-in vote and where a
670	write-in candidate is qualified under Section 20A-9-601, a write-in area is placed
671	upon the ballot that contains, for each office in which there is a qualified write-in
672	candidate:
673	(i) a blank, horizontal line to enable a voter to submit a valid write-in candidate; and
674	(ii) a square or other conforming area that is adjacent to or opposite the blank
675	horizontal line to enable the voter to indicate the voter's vote;
676	(f) ballot propositions that have qualified for the ballot, including propositions submitted
677	to the voters by the municipality, municipal initiatives, and municipal referenda, are

678	listed on the ballot in accordance with Section 20A-6-107; and
679	(g) bond propositions that have qualified for the ballot are listed on the ballot under the
680	title assigned to each bond proposition under Section 11-14-206.
681	(2) Except as otherwise required for a race conducted by instant runoff voting under Title
682	20A, Chapter 4, Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project, when using a
683	mechanical ballot at municipal general elections, each election officer shall ensure that:
684	(a) the following endorsements are displayed on the first portion of the ballot:
685	(i) "Official Ballot for (City or Town), Utah";
686	(ii) the date of the election; and
687	(iii) a facsimile of the signature of the election officer and the election officer's title;
688	(b) immediately below the election officer's title, a distinct border or line separates the
689	endorsements from the rest of the ballot;
690	(c) immediately below the border or line, an "Instructions to Voters" section is displayed
691	that states: "To vote for a candidate, select the name(s) of the person(s) you favor as
692	the candidate(s) for each respective office." followed by another border or line;
693	(d) after the border or line, the designation of the office for which the candidates seek
694	election is displayed, and the words, "Vote for one" or "Vote for up to (the
695	number of candidates for which the voter may vote)" are displayed, followed by a
696	line or border;
697	(e) after the line or border, the names of the candidates are displayed in [the order
698	specified under Section 20A-6-305] accordance with Sections 20A-6-109 and
699	20A-6-110, with surnames last and grouped according to the office that [they] the
700	candidates seek;
701	(f) a voting square or position is located adjacent to the name of each candidate;
702	(g) following the name of the last candidate for each office in which a write-in candidate
703	is qualified under Section 20A-9-601, the ballot contains a write-in space where the
704	voter may enter the name of and vote for a valid write-in candidate for the office; and
705	(h) the candidate groups are separated from each other by a line or border.
706	(3) When a municipality has chosen to nominate candidates by convention or committee,
707	the election officer shall ensure that the party name is included with the candidate's
708	name on the ballot.
709	Section 10. Section 20A-9-201 is amended to read:
710	20A-9-201 . Declarations of candidacy Candidacy for more than one office or
711	of more than one political party prohibited with exceptions General filing and

712	form requirements Affidavit of impecuniosity.
713	(1) Before filing a declaration of candidacy for election to any office, an individual shall:
714	(a) be a United States citizen;
715	(b) meet the legal requirements of that office; and
716	(c) if seeking a registered political party's nomination as a candidate for elective office,
717	state:
718	(i) the registered political party of which the individual is a member; or
719	(ii) that the individual is not a member of a registered political party.
720	(2)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), an individual may not:
721	(i) file a declaration of candidacy for, or be a candidate for, more than one office in
722	Utah during any election year;
723	(ii) appear on the ballot as the candidate of more than one political party; or
724	(iii) file a declaration of candidacy for a registered political party of which the
725	individual is not a member, except to the extent that the registered political party
726	permits otherwise in the registered political party's bylaws.
727	(b)(i) An individual may file a declaration of candidacy for, or be a candidate for,
728	president or vice president of the United States and another office, if the
729	individual resigns the individual's candidacy for the other office after the
730	individual is officially nominated for president or vice president of the United
731	States.
732	(ii) An individual may file a declaration of candidacy for, or be a candidate for, more
733	than one justice court judge office.
734	(iii) An individual may file a declaration of candidacy for lieutenant governor even if
735	the individual filed a declaration of candidacy for another office in the same
736	election year if the individual withdraws as a candidate for the other office in
737	accordance with Subsection 20A-9-202(6) before filing the declaration of
738	candidacy for lieutenant governor.
739	(3)(a) Except for a candidate for president or vice president of the United States, before
740	the filing officer may accept any declaration of candidacy, the filing officer shall:
741	(i) read to the individual the constitutional and statutory qualification requirements
742	for the office that the individual is seeking;
743	(ii) require the individual to state whether the individual meets the requirements
744	described in Subsection (3)(a)(i);
745	(iii) if the declaration of candidacy is for a county office, inform the individual that

746		an individual who holds a county elected office may not, at the same time, hold a
747		municipal elected office; and
748		(iv) if the declaration of candidacy is for a legislative office, inform the individual
749		that Utah Constitution, Article VI, Section 6, prohibits a person who holds a
750		public office of profit or trust, under authority of the United States or Utah, from
751		being a member of the Legislature.
752	(b)	Before accepting a declaration of candidacy for the office of county attorney, the
753		county clerk shall ensure that the individual filing that declaration of candidacy is:
754		(i) a United States citizen;
755		(ii) an attorney licensed to practice law in the state who is an active member in good
756		standing of the Utah State Bar;
757		(iii) a registered voter in the county in which the individual is seeking office; and
758		(iv) a current resident of the county in which the individual is seeking office and
759		either has been a resident of that county for at least one year before the date of the
760		election or was appointed and is currently serving as county attorney and became
761		a resident of the county within 30 days after appointment to the office.
762	(c)	Before accepting a declaration of candidacy for the office of district attorney, the
763		county clerk shall ensure that, as of the date of the election, the individual filing that
764		declaration of candidacy is:
765		(i) a United States citizen;
766		(ii) an attorney licensed to practice law in the state who is an active member in good
767		standing of the Utah State Bar;
768		(iii) a registered voter in the prosecution district in which the individual is seeking
769		office; and
770		(iv) a current resident of the prosecution district in which the individual is seeking
771		office and either will have been a resident of that prosecution district for at least
772		one year before the date of the election or was appointed and is currently serving
773		as district attorney and became a resident of the prosecution district within 30
774		days after receiving appointment to the office.
775	(d)	Before accepting a declaration of candidacy for the office of county sheriff, the
776		county clerk shall ensure that the individual filing the declaration:
777		(i) is a United States citizen;
778		(ii) is a registered voter in the county in which the individual seeks office;
779		(iii)(A) has successfully met the standards and training requirements established

780	for law enforcement officers under Title 53, Chapter 6, Part 2, Peace Officer
781	Training and Certification Act; or
782	(B) has met the waiver requirements in Section 53-6-206;
783	(iv) is qualified to be certified as a law enforcement officer, as defined in Section
784	53-13-103; and
785	(v) before the date of the election, will have been a resident of the county in which
786	the individual seeks office for at least one year.
787	(e) Before accepting a declaration of candidacy for the office of governor, lieutenant
788	governor, state auditor, state treasurer, attorney general, state legislator, or State
789	Board of Education member, the filing officer shall ensure that the individual filing
790	the declaration of candidacy also makes the conflict of interest disclosure described
791	in Section 20A-11-1603.
792	(4) If an individual who files a declaration of candidacy does not meet the qualification
793	requirements for the office the individual is seeking, the filing officer may not accept the
794	individual's declaration of candidacy.
795	(5) If an individual who files a declaration of candidacy meets the requirements described
796	in Subsection (3), the filing officer shall:
797	(a) inform the individual that:
798	(i) subject to Section 20A-6-109, the individual's name will appear on the ballot as
799	the individual's name is written on the individual's declaration of candidacy;
800	(ii) the individual may be required to comply with state or local campaign finance
801	disclosure laws; and
802	(iii) the individual is required to file a financial statement before the individual's
803	political convention under:
804	(A) Section 20A-11-204 for a candidate for constitutional office;
805	(B) Section 20A-11-303 for a candidate for the Legislature; or
806	(C) local campaign finance disclosure laws, if applicable;
807	(b) except for a presidential candidate, provide the individual with a copy of the current
808	campaign financial disclosure laws for the office the individual is seeking and inform
809	the individual that failure to comply will result in disqualification as a candidate and
810	removal of the individual's name from the ballot;
811	(c)(i) provide the individual with a copy of Section 20A-7-801 regarding the
812	Statewide Electronic Voter Information Website Program and inform the
813	individual of the submission deadline under Subsection 20A-7-801(4)(a);

814	(ii) inform the individual that the individual must provide the filing officer with an
815	email address that the individual actively monitors:
816	(A) to receive a communication from a filing officer or an election officer; and
817	(B) if the individual wishes to display a candidate profile on the Statewide
818	Electronic Voter Information Website, to submit to the website the
819	biographical and other information described in Subsection 20A-7-801
820	(4)(a)(ii);
821	(iii) inform the individual that the email address described in Subsection (5)(c)(ii) is
822	not a record under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and
823	Management Act; and
824	(iv) obtain from the individual the email address described in Subsection (5)(c)(ii);
825	(d) provide the candidate with a copy of the pledge of fair campaign practices described
826	under Section 20A-9-206 and inform the candidate that:
827	(i) signing the pledge is voluntary; and
828	(ii) signed pledges shall be filed with the filing officer;
829	(e) accept the individual's declaration of candidacy; and
830	(f) if the individual has filed for a partisan office, provide a certified copy of the
831	declaration of candidacy to the chair of the county or state political party of which the
832	individual is a member.
833	(6) If the candidate elects to sign the pledge of fair campaign practices, the filing officer
834	shall:
835	(a) accept the candidate's pledge; and
836	(b) if the candidate has filed for a partisan office, provide a certified copy of the
837	candidate's pledge to the chair of the county or state political party of which the
838	candidate is a member.
839	(7)(a) Except for a candidate for president or vice president of the United States, the
840	form of the declaration of candidacy shall:
841	(i) be substantially as follows:
842	"State of Utah, County of
843	
844	I,, declare my candidacy for the office of, seeking the nomination of
845	the party. I do solemnly swear, under penalty of perjury, that: I will meet the
846	qualifications to hold the office, both legally and constitutionally, if selected; I reside at
847	in the City or Town of, Utah, Zip Code Phone No; I will not

848	knowingly violate any law governing campaigns and elections; if filing via a designated agent,
849	I will be out of the state of Utah during the entire candidate filing period; I will file all
850	campaign financial disclosure reports as required by law; and I understand that failure to do so
851	will result in my disqualification as a candidate for this office and removal of my name from
852	the ballot. The mailing address that I designate for receiving official election notices is
853	
854	
855	Subscribed and sworn before me this(month\day\year).
856	
	Notary Public (or other officer qualified to administer oath)."; and
857	(ii) require the candidate to state, in the sworn statement described in Subsection
858	(7)(a)(i):
859	(A) the registered political party of which the candidate is a member; or
860	(B) that the candidate is not a member of a registered political party.
861	(b) An agent designated under Subsection 20A-9-202(1)(c) to file a declaration of
862	candidacy may not sign the form described in Subsection (7)(a) or Section
863	20A-9-408.5.
864	(8)(a) Except for a candidate for president or vice president of the United States, the fee
865	for filing a declaration of candidacy is:
866	(i) \$50 for candidates for the local school district board; and
867	(ii) \$50 plus 1/8 of 1% of the total salary for the full term of office legally paid to the
868	person holding the office for all other federal, state, and county offices.
869	(b) Except for presidential candidates, the filing officer shall refund the filing fee to any
870	candidate:
871	(i) who is disqualified; or
872	(ii) who the filing officer determines has filed improperly.
873	(c)(i) The county clerk shall immediately pay to the county treasurer all fees received
874	from candidates.
875	(ii) The lieutenant governor shall:
876	(A) apportion to and pay to the county treasurers of the various counties all fees
877	received for filing of nomination certificates or acceptances; and
878	(B) ensure that each county receives that proportion of the total amount paid to the
879	lieutenant governor from the congressional district that the total vote of that
880	county for all candidates for representative in Congress bears to the total vote

881	of all counties within the congressional district for all candidates for
882	representative in Congress.
883	(d)(i) A person who is unable to pay the filing fee may file a declaration of
884	candidacy without payment of the filing fee upon a prima facie showing of
885	impecuniosity as evidenced by an affidavit of impecuniosity filed with the filing
886	officer and, if requested by the filing officer, a financial statement filed at the time
887	the affidavit is submitted.
888	(ii) A person who is able to pay the filing fee may not claim impecuniosity.
889	(iii)(A) False statements made on an affidavit of impecuniosity or a financial
890	statement filed under this section shall be subject to the criminal penalties
891	provided under Sections 76-8-503 and 76-8-504 and any other applicable
892	criminal provision.
893	(B) Conviction of a criminal offense under Subsection (8)(d)(iii)(A) shall be
894	considered an offense under this title for the purposes of assessing the penalties
895	provided in Subsection 20A-1-609(2).
896	(iv) The filing officer shall ensure that the affidavit of impecuniosity is printed in substantially
897	the following form:
898	"Affidavit of Impecuniosity
899	Individual Name
900	Address
901	Phone Number
902	I,(name), do solemnly [swear] [affirm], under penalty of law
903	for false statements, that, owing to my poverty, I am unable to pay the filing fee required by
904	law.
905	Date Signature
906	Affiant
907	Subscribed and sworn to before me on (month\day\year)
908	
909	
	(signature)
910	Name and Title of Officer Authorized to Administer Oath
911	(v) The filing officer shall provide to a person who requests an affidavit of impecuniosity a
912	statement printed in substantially the following form, which may be included on the affidavit

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* PROTECTED *

913 of impecuniosity: 914 "Filing a false statement is a criminal offense. In accordance with Section 20A-1-609, a 915 candidate who is found guilty of filing a false statement, in addition to being subject to criminal penalties, will be removed from the ballot." 916 917 (vi) The filing officer may request that a person who makes a claim of impecuniosity 918 under this Subsection (8)(d) file a financial statement on a form prepared by the 919 election official. 920 (9) An individual who fails to file a declaration of candidacy or certificate of nomination 921 within the time provided in this chapter is ineligible for nomination to office. 922 (10) A declaration of candidacy filed under this section may not be amended or modified 923 after the final date established for filing a declaration of candidacy. 924 Section 11. Section 20A-9-203 is amended to read: 925 20A-9-203. Declarations of candidacy -- Municipal general elections --926 Nomination petition -- Removal of signature. 927 (1) An individual may become a candidate for any municipal office if: 928 (a) the individual is a registered voter; and 929 (b)(i) the individual has resided within the municipality in which the individual seeks 930 to hold elective office for the 12 consecutive months immediately before the date 931 of the election; or 932 (ii) the territory in which the individual resides was annexed into the municipality, 933 the individual has resided within the annexed territory or the municipality the 12 934 consecutive months immediately before the date of the election. 935 (2)(a) For purposes of determining whether an individual meets the residency 936 requirement of Subsection (1)(b)(i) in a municipality that was incorporated less than 937 12 months before the election, the municipality is considered to have been 938 incorporated 12 months before the date of the election. 939 (b) In addition to the requirements of Subsection (1), each candidate for a municipal 940 council position shall, if elected from a district, be a resident of the council district 941 from which the candidate is elected. 942 (c) In accordance with Utah Constitution, Article IV, Section 6, a mentally incompetent 943 individual, an individual convicted of a felony, or an individual convicted of treason 944 or a crime against the elective franchise may not hold office in this state until the 945 right to hold elective office is restored under Section 20A-2-101.3 or 20A-2-101.5. 946 (3)(a) An individual seeking to become a candidate for a municipal office shall,

947	regardless of the nomination method by which the individual is seeking to become a
948	candidate:
949	(i) except as provided in Subsection (3)(b) or Chapter 4, Part 6, Municipal Alternate
950	Voting Methods Pilot Project, and subject to Subsection 20A-9-404(3)(e), file a
951	declaration of candidacy, in person with the city recorder or town clerk, during the
952	office hours described in Section 10-3-301 and not later than the close of those
953	office hours, between June 1 and June 7 of any odd-numbered year; and
954	(ii) pay the filing fee, if one is required by municipal ordinance.
955	(b) Subject to Subsection (5)(b), an individual may designate an agent to file a
956	declaration of candidacy with the city recorder or town clerk if:
957	(i) the individual is located outside of the state during the entire filing period;
958	(ii) the designated agent appears in person before the city recorder or town clerk;
959	(iii) the individual communicates with the city recorder or town clerk using an
960	electronic device that allows the individual and city recorder or town clerk to see
961	and hear each other; and
962	(iv) the individual provides the city recorder or town clerk with an email address to
963	which the city recorder or town clerk may send the individual the copies described
964	in Subsection (4).
965	(c) Any resident of a municipality may nominate a candidate for a municipal office by:
966	(i) except as provided in Chapter 4, Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot
967	Project, filing a nomination petition with the city recorder or town clerk during the
968	office hours described in Section 10-3-301 and not later than the close of those
969	office hours, between June 1 and June 7 of any odd-numbered year that includes
970	signatures in support of the nomination petition of the lesser of at least:
971	(A) 25 registered voters who reside in the municipality; or
972	(B) 20% of the registered voters who reside in the municipality; and
973	(ii) paying the filing fee, if one is required by municipal ordinance.
974	(4)(a) Before the filing officer may accept any declaration of candidacy or nomination
975	petition, the filing officer shall:
976	(i) read to the prospective candidate or individual filing the petition the constitutional
977	and statutory qualification requirements for the office that the candidate is seeking;
978	(ii) require the candidate or individual filing the petition to state whether the
979	candidate meets the requirements described in Subsection (4)(a)(i); and
980	(iii) inform the candidate or the individual filing the petition that an individual who

981	holds a municipal elected office may not, at the same time, hold a county elected
982	office.
983	(b) If the prospective candidate does not meet the qualification requirements for the
984	office, the filing officer may not accept the declaration of candidacy or nomination
985	petition.
986	(c) If it appears that the prospective candidate meets the requirements of candidacy, the
987	filing officer shall:
988	(i) inform the candidate that, subject to Section 20A-6-109, the candidate's name will
989	appear on the ballot as it is written on the declaration of candidacy;
990	(ii) provide the candidate with a copy of the current campaign financial disclosure
991	laws for the office the candidate is seeking and inform the candidate that failure to
992	comply will result in disqualification as a candidate and removal of the candidate's
993	name from the ballot;
994	(iii) provide the candidate with a copy of Section 20A-7-801 regarding the Statewide
995	Electronic Voter Information Website Program and inform the candidate of the
996	submission deadline under Subsection 20A-7-801(4)(a);
997	(iv) inform the candidate that the candidate must provide the filing officer with an
998	email address that the candidate actively monitors:
999	(A) to receive a communication from a filing officer or an election officer; and
1000	(B) if the candidate wishes to display a candidate profile on the Statewide
1001	Electronic Voter Information Website, to submit to the website the
1002	biographical and other information described in Subsection 20A-7-801
1003	(4)(a)(ii);
1004	(v) inform the candidate that the email address described in Subsection $(4)(c)(iv)$ is
1005	not a record under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and
1006	Management Act;
1007	(vi) obtain from the candidate the email address described in Subsection (4)(c)(iv);
1008	(vii) provide the candidate with a copy of the pledge of fair campaign practices
1009	described under Section 20A-9-206 and inform the candidate that:
1010	(A) signing the pledge is voluntary; and
1011	(B) signed pledges shall be filed with the filing officer; and
1012	(viii) accept the declaration of candidacy or nomination petition.
1013	(d) If the candidate elects to sign the pledge of fair campaign practices, the filing officer
1014	shall:

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1015	(i) accept the candidate's pledge; and
1016	(ii) if the candidate has filed for a partisan office, provide a certified copy of the
1017	candidate's pledge to the chair of the county or state political party of which the
1018	candidate is a member.
1019	(5)(a) The declaration of candidacy shall be in substantially the following form:
1020	"I, (print name), being first sworn and under penalty of perjury, say that I reside at
1021	Street, City of, County of, state of Utah, Zip Code, Telephone Number
1022	(if any); that I am a registered voter; and that I am a candidate for the office of
1023	(stating the term). I will meet the legal qualifications required of candidates for this office. If
1024	filing via a designated agent, I attest that I will be out of the state of Utah during the entire
1025	candidate filing period. I will file all campaign financial disclosure reports as required by law
1026	and I understand that failure to do so will result in my disqualification as a candidate for this
1027	office and removal of my name from the ballot. I request that my name be printed upon the
1028	applicable official ballots. (Signed)
1029	Subscribed and sworn to (or affirmed) before me by on this
1030	(month\day\year).
1031	(Signed) (Clerk or other officer qualified to administer oath)."
1032	(b) An agent designated under Subsection (3)(b) to file a declaration of candidacy may
1033	not sign the form described in Subsection (5)(a).
1034	(c)(i) A nomination petition shall be in substantially the following form:
1035	"NOMINATION PETITION
1036	The undersigned residents of (name of municipality), being registered voters, nominate
1037	(name of nominee) for the office of (name of office) for the (length of term of office)."
1038	(ii) The remainder of the petition shall contain lines and columns for the signatures of
1039	individuals signing the petition and each individual's address and phone number.
1040	(6) If the declaration of candidacy or nomination petition fails to state whether the
1041	nomination is for the two-year or four-year term, the clerk shall consider the nomination
1042	to be for the four-year term.
1043	(7)(a)(i) The clerk shall verify with the county clerk that all candidates are
1044	registered voters.
1045	(b) With the assistance of the county clerk, and using the procedures described in
1046	Section 20A-1-1002, the municipal clerk shall determine whether the required
1047	number of signatures of registered voters appears on a nomination petition.
1048	(8) Immediately after expiration of the period for filing a declaration of candidacy, the clerk

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1049	shall:
1050	(a) publicize a list of the names of the candidates as they will appear on the ballot by
1051	publishing the list for the municipality, as a class A notice under Section 63G-30-102,
1052	for seven days; and
1053	(b) notify the lieutenant governor of the names of the candidates as they will appear on
1054	the ballot.
1055	(9) Except as provided in Subsection (10)(c), an individual may not amend a declaration of
1056	candidacy or nomination petition filed under this section after the candidate filing period
1057	ends.
1058	(10)(a) A declaration of candidacy or nomination petition that an individual files under
1059	this section is valid unless a person files a written objection with the clerk before 5
1060	p.m. within 10 days after the last day for filing.
1061	(b) If a person files an objection, the clerk shall:
1062	(i) mail or personally deliver notice of the objection to the affected candidate
1063	immediately; and
1064	(ii) decide any objection within 48 hours after the objection is filed.
1065	(c) If the clerk sustains the objection, the candidate may, before 5 p.m. within three days
1066	after the day on which the clerk sustains the objection, correct the problem for which
1067	the objection is sustained by amending the candidate's declaration of candidacy or
1068	nomination petition, or by filing a new declaration of candidacy.
1069	(d)(i) The clerk's decision upon objections to form is final.
1070	(ii) The clerk's decision upon substantive matters is reviewable by a district court if
1071	prompt application is made to the district court.
1072	(iii) The decision of the district court is final unless the Supreme Court, in the
1073	exercise of its discretion, agrees to review the lower court decision.
1074	(11) A candidate who qualifies for the ballot under this section may withdraw as a
1075	candidate by filing a written affidavit with the municipal clerk.
1076	(12)(a) A voter who signs a nomination petition under this section may have the voter's
1077	signature removed from the petition by, no later than three business days after the day
1078	on which the petition is filed with the city recorder or municipal clerk, submitting to
1079	the municipal clerk a statement requesting that the voter's signature be removed.
1080	(b) A statement described in Subsection (12)(a) shall comply with the requirements
1081	described in Subsection 20A-1-1003(2).
1082	(c) With the assistance of the county clerk and using the procedures described in

1083 Subsection 20A-1-1003(3), the municipal clerk shall determine whether to remove an 1084 individual's signature from a petition after receiving a timely, valid statement 1085 requesting removal of the signature. 1086 Section 12. Section **20A-9-403** is amended to read: 1087 20A-9-403. Regular primary elections. 1088 (1)(a) Candidates for elective office that are to be filled at the next regular general 1089 election shall be nominated in a regular primary election by direct vote of the people 1090 in the manner prescribed in this section. The regular primary election is held on the 1091 date specified in Section 20A-1-201.5. Nothing in this section shall affect a 1092 candidate's ability to qualify for a regular general election's ballot as an unaffiliated 1093 candidate under Section 20A-9-501 or to participate in a regular general election as a 1094 write-in candidate under Section 20A-9-601. 1095 (b) Each registered political party that chooses to have the names of the registered 1096 political party's candidates for elective office featured with party affiliation on the 1097 ballot at a regular general election shall comply with the requirements of this section and shall nominate the registered political party's candidates for elective office in the 1098 1099 manner described in this section. 1100 (c) A filing officer may not permit an official ballot at a regular general election to be 1101 produced or used if the ballot denotes affiliation between a registered political party 1102 or any other political group and a candidate for elective office who is not nominated 1103 in the manner prescribed in this section or in Subsection 20A-9-202(4). (d) Unless noted otherwise, the dates in this section refer to those that occur in each 1104 1105 even-numbered year in which a regular general election will be held. 1106 (2)(a) Each registered political party, in a statement filed with the lieutenant governor, 1107 shall: 1108 (i) either declare the registered political party's intent to participate in the next regular 1109 primary election or declare that the registered political party chooses not to have 1110 the names of the registered political party's candidates for elective office featured 1111 on the ballot at the next regular general election; and 1112 (ii) if the registered political party participates in the upcoming regular primary 1113 election, identify one or more registered political parties whose members may 1114 vote for the registered political party's candidates and whether individuals 1115 identified as unaffiliated with a political party may vote for the registered political 1116 party's candidates.

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1117	(b)(i) A registered political party that is a continuing political party shall file the
1118	statement described in Subsection (2)(a) with the lieutenant governor no later than
1119	5 p.m. on November 30 of each odd-numbered year.
1120	(ii) An organization that is seeking to become a registered political party under
1121	Section 20A-8-103 shall file the statement described in Subsection (2)(a) at the
1122	time that the registered political party files the petition described in Section
1123	20A-8-103.
1124	(3)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(e), an individual who submits a declaration
1125	of candidacy under Section 20A-9-202 shall appear as a candidate for elective office
1126	on the regular primary ballot of the registered political party listed on the declaration
1127	of candidacy only if the individual is certified by the appropriate filing officer as
1128	having submitted a nomination petition that was:
1129	(i) circulated and completed in accordance with Section 20A-9-405; and
1130	(ii) signed by at least 2% of the registered political party's members who reside in the
1131	political division of the office that the individual seeks.
1132	(b)(i) A candidate for elective office shall submit signatures for a nomination
1133	petition to the appropriate filing officer for verification and certification no later
1134	than 5 p.m. on the final day in March.
1135	(ii) A candidate may supplement the candidate's submissions at any time on or before
1136	the filing deadline.
1137	(c)(i) The lieutenant governor shall determine for each elective office the total
1138	number of signatures that must be submitted under Subsection (3)(a)(ii) or
1139	20A-9-408(8) by counting the aggregate number of individuals residing in each
1140	elective office's political division who have designated a particular registered
1141	political party on the individuals' voter registration forms on or before November
1142	15 of each odd-numbered year.
1143	(ii) The lieutenant governor shall publish the determination for each elective office
1144	no later than November 30 of each odd-numbered year.
1145	(d) The filing officer shall:
1146	(i) except as otherwise provided in Section 20A-21-201, verify signatures on
1147	nomination petitions in a transparent and orderly manner, no later than 14 days
1148	after the day on which a candidate submits the signatures to the filing officer;
1149	(ii) for all qualifying candidates for elective office who submit nomination petitions
1150	to the filing officer, issue certifications referenced in Subsection (3)(a) no later

1151	than the deadline described in Subsection 20A-9-202(1)(b);
1152	(iii) consider active and inactive voters eligible to sign nomination petitions;
1153	(iv) consider an individual who signs a nomination petition a member of a registered
1154	political party for purposes of Subsection (3)(a)(ii) if the individual has designated
1155	that registered political party as the individual's party membership on the
1156	individual's voter registration form; and
1157	(v) except as otherwise provided in Section 20A-21-201 and with the assistance of
1158	the county clerk as applicable, use the procedures described in Section 20A-1-1002
1159	to verify submitted nomination petition signatures, or use statistical sampling
1160	procedures to verify submitted nomination petition signatures in accordance with
1161	rules made under Subsection (3)(f).
1162	(e) Notwithstanding any other provision in this Subsection (3), a candidate for lieutenant
1163	governor may appear on the regular primary ballot of a registered political party
1164	without submitting nomination petitions if the candidate files a declaration of
1165	candidacy and complies with Subsection 20A-9-202(3).
1166	(f) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1167	director of elections, within the Office of the Lieutenant Governor, may make rules
1168	that:
1169	(i) provide for the use of statistical sampling procedures that:
1170	(A) filing officers are required to use to verify signatures under Subsection (3)(d);
1171	and
1172	(B) reflect a bona fide effort to determine the validity of a candidate's entire
1173	submission, using widely recognized statistical sampling techniques; and
1174	(ii) provide for the transparent, orderly, and timely submission, verification, and
1175	certification of nomination petition signatures.
1176	(g) The county clerk shall:
1177	(i) review the declarations of candidacy filed by candidates for local boards of
1178	education to determine if more than two candidates have filed for the same seat;
1179	(ii) place the names of all candidates who have filed a declaration of candidacy for a
1180	local board of education seat on the nonpartisan section of the ballot if more than
1181	two candidates have filed for the same seat; and
1182	(iii) [determine the order of] place the local board of education candidates' names on
1183	the ballot in accordance with [Section 20A-6-305] Sections 20A-6-109 and
1184	<u>20A-6-110</u> .

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1185	(4)(a) Before the deadline described in Subsection 20A-9-409(4)(c), the lieutenant
1186	governor shall provide to the county clerks:
1187	(i) a list of the names of all candidates for federal, constitutional, multi-county, single
1188	county, and county offices who have received certifications under Subsection (3),
1189	along with instructions on how those names shall appear on the primary election
1190	ballot in accordance with [Section 20A-6-305] Sections 20A-6-109 and 20A-6-110;
1191	and
1192	(ii) a list of unopposed candidates for elective office who have been nominated by a
1193	registered political party under Subsection (5)(c) and instruct the county clerks to
1194	exclude the unopposed candidates from the primary election ballot.
1195	(b) A candidate for lieutenant governor and a candidate for governor campaigning as
1196	joint-ticket running mates shall appear jointly on the primary election ballot.
1197	(c) After the county clerk receives the certified list from the lieutenant governor under
1198	Subsection (4)(a), the county clerk shall post or publish a primary election notice in
1199	substantially the following form:
1200	"Notice is given that a primary election will be held Tuesday, June,(year),
1201	to nominate party candidates for the parties and candidates for nonpartisan local school board
1202	positions listed on the primary ballot. The polling place for voting precinct is The
1203	polls will open at 7 a.m. and continue open until 8 p.m. of the same day. Attest: county clerk."
1204	(5)(a) A candidate who, at the regular primary election, receives the highest number of
1205	votes cast for the office sought by the candidate is:
1206	(i) nominated for that office by the candidate's registered political party; or
1207	(ii) for a nonpartisan local school board position, nominated for that office.
1208	(b) If two or more candidates are to be elected to the office at the regular general
1209	election, those party candidates equal in number to positions to be filled who receive
1210	the highest number of votes at the regular primary election are the nominees of the
1211	candidates' party for those positions.
1212	(c)(i) As used in this Subsection (5)(c), a candidate is "unopposed" if:
1213	(A) no individual other than the candidate receives a certification under
1214	Subsection (3) for the regular primary election ballot of the candidate's
1215	registered political party for a particular elective office; or
1216	(B) for an office where more than one individual is to be elected or nominated, the
1217	number of candidates who receive certification under Subsection (3) for the
1218	regular primary election of the candidate's registered political party does not

1219	exceed the total number of candidates to be elected or nominated for that office.
1220	(ii) A candidate who is unopposed for an elective office in the regular primary
1221	election of a registered political party is nominated by the party for that office
1222	without appearing on the primary election ballot.
1223	(6) The expense of providing all ballots, blanks, or other supplies to be used at any primary
1224	election provided for by this section, and all expenses necessarily incurred in the
1225	preparation for or the conduct of that primary election shall be paid out of the treasury of
1226	the county or state, in the same manner as for the regular general elections.
1227	(7) An individual may not file a declaration of candidacy for a registered political party of
1228	which the individual is not a member, except to the extent that the registered political
1229	party permits otherwise under the registered political party's bylaws.
1230	Section 13. Section 20A-9-409 is amended to read:
1231	20A-9-409 . Primary election provisions relating to qualified political party.
1232	(1) The regular primary election is held on the date specified in Section 20A-1-201.5.
1233	(2)(a) A qualified political party that nominates one or more candidates for an elective
1234	office under Section 20A-9-407 and does not have a candidate qualify as a candidate
1235	for that office under Section 20A-9-408, may, but is not required to, participate in the
1236	primary election for that office.
1237	(b) A qualified political party that has only one candidate qualify as a candidate for an
1238	elective office under Section 20A-9-408 and does not nominate a candidate for that
1239	office under Section 20A-9-407, may, but is not required to, participate in the
1240	primary election for that office.
1241	(c) A qualified political party that nominates one or more candidates for an elective
1242	office under Section 20A-9-407 and has one or more candidates qualify as a
1243	candidate for that office under Section 20A-9-408 shall participate in the primary
1244	election for that office.
1245	(d) A qualified political party that has two or more candidates qualify as candidates for
1246	an elective office under Section 20A-9-408 and does not nominate a candidate for
1247	that office under Section 20A-9-407 shall participate in the primary election for that
1248	office.
1249	(3) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), in an opt-in county, as defined in Section 17-52a-201
1250	or 17-52a-202, a qualified political party shall participate in the primary election for a
1251	county commission office if:

1252 (a) there is more than one:

1253	(i) open position as defined in Section 17-52a-201; or
1254	(ii) midterm vacancy as defined in Section 17-52a-201; and
1255	(b) the number of candidates nominated under Section 20A-9-407 or qualified under
1256	Section 20A-9-408 for the respective open positions or midterm vacancies exceeds
1257	the number of respective open positions or midterm vacancies.
1258	(4)(a) As used in this Subsection (4), a candidate is "unopposed" if:
1259	(i) no individual other than the candidate receives a certification, from the appropriate
1260	filing officer, for the regular primary election ballot of the candidate's registered
1261	political party for a particular elective office; or
1262	(ii) for an office where more than one individual is to be elected or nominated, the
1263	number of candidates who receive certification, from the appropriate filing officer,
1264	for the regular primary election of the candidate's registered political party does
1265	not exceed the total number of candidates to be elected or nominated for that
1266	office.
1267	(b) Before the deadline described in Subsection (4)(c), the lieutenant governor shall:
1268	(i) provide to the county clerks:
1269	(A) a list of the names of all candidates for federal, constitutional, multi-county,
1270	single county, and county offices who have received certifications from the
1271	appropriate filing officer, along with instructions on how those names shall
1272	appear on the primary election ballot in accordance with [Section 20A-6-305]
1273	Sections 20A-6-109 and 20A-6-110; and
1274	(B) a list of unopposed candidates for elective office who have been nominated by
1275	a registered political party; and
1276	(ii) instruct the county clerks to exclude unopposed candidates from the primary
1277	election ballot.
1278	(c) The deadline described in Subsection (4)(b) is 5 p.m. on the first Wednesday after
1279	the fourth Saturday in April.
1280	Section 14. Section 20A-12-201 is amended to read:
1281	20A-12-201 . Judicial appointees Retention elections.
1282	(1)(a) Each judicial appointee to a court is subject to an unopposed retention election at
1283	the first general election held more than three years after the judge or justice was
1284	appointed.
1285	(b) After the first retention election:
1286	(i) each Supreme Court justice shall be on the regular general election ballot for an

1287	unopposed retention election every tenth year; and
1288	(ii) each judge of other courts shall be on the regular general election ballot for an
1289	unopposed retention election every sixth year.
1290	(2)(a) Each justice or judge of a court of record who wishes to retain office shall, in the
1291	year the justice or judge is subject to a retention election:
1292	(i) file a declaration of candidacy with the lieutenant governor, or with the county
1293	clerk in the candidate's county of residence, within the period beginning on July 1
1294	and ending at 5 p.m. on July 15 in the year of a regular general election; and
1295	(ii) pay a filing fee of \$50.
1296	(b)(i) Each justice court judge who wishes to retain office shall, in the year the
1297	justice court judge is subject to a retention election:
1298	(A) file a declaration of candidacy with the lieutenant governor, or with the county
1299	clerk in the candidate's county of residence, within the period beginning on
1300	July 1 and ending at 5 p.m. on July 15 in the year of a regular general election;
1301	and
1302	(B) pay a filing fee of \$25 for each judicial office.
1303	(ii) If a justice court judge is appointed or elected to more than one judicial office, the
1304	declaration of candidacy shall identify all of the courts included in the same
1305	general election.
1306	(iii) If a justice court judge is appointed or elected to more than one judicial office,
1307	filing a declaration of candidacy in one county in which one of those courts is
1308	located is valid for the courts in any other county.
1309	(3)(a) The lieutenant governor shall, no later than August 31 of each regular general
1310	election year:
1311	(i) transmit a certified list containing the names of the justices of the Supreme Court,
1312	judges of the Court of Appeals, and judges of the Business and Chancery Court
1313	declaring their candidacy to the county clerk of each county; and
1314	(ii) transmit a certified list containing the names of judges of other courts declaring
1315	their candidacy to the county clerk of each county in the geographic division in
1316	which the judge filing the declaration holds office.
1317	(b) Each county clerk shall place the names of justices and judges standing for retention
1318	election:
1319	(i) in the nonpartisan section of the ballot[-] : and
1320	(ii) in accordance with Section 20A-6-109.

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* PROTECTED *

1321 (4)(a) At the general election, the ballots shall contain: 1322 (i) at the beginning of the judicial retention section of the ballot, the following statement: 1323 "Visit judges.utah.gov to learn about the Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission's 1324 recommendations for each judge"; and 1325 (ii) as to each justice or judge of any court to be voted on in the county, the following question: "Shall _____(name of justice or judge) be retained in the 1326 1327 office of ? (name of office, such as "Justice of the Supreme 1328 Court of Utah"; "Judge of the Court of Appeals of Utah"; "Judge of the Business and Chancery 1329 Court of Utah"; "Judge of the District Court of the Third Judicial District"; "Judge of the 1330 Juvenile Court of the Fourth Juvenile Court District"; "Justice Court Judge of (name of county) 1331 County or (name of municipality)") 1332 Yes () 1333 No ()." 1334 (b) If a justice court exists by means of an interlocal agreement under Section 78A-7-102, 1335 the ballot question for the judge shall include the name of that court. 1336 (5)(a) If the justice or judge receives more yes votes than no votes, the justice or judge 1337 is retained for the term of office provided by law. 1338 (b) If the justice or judge does not receive more yes votes than no votes, the justice or 1339 judge is not retained, and a vacancy exists in the office on the first Monday in 1340 January after the regular general election. 1341 (6) A justice or judge not retained is ineligible for appointment to the office for which the 1342 justice or judge was defeated until after the expiration of that term of office. 1343 (7)(a) If a justice court judge is standing for retention for one or more judicial offices in 1344 a county in which the judge is a county justice court judge or a municipal justice 1345 court judge in a town or municipality of the fourth or fifth class, as described in 1346 Section 10-2-301, or any combination thereof, the election officer shall place the 1347 judge's name on the county ballot only once for all judicial offices for which the 1348 judge seeks to be retained. (b) If a justice court judge is standing for retention for one or more judicial offices in a 1349 1350 municipality of the first, second, or third class, as described in Section 10-2-301, the 1351 election officer shall place the judge's name only on the municipal ballot for the 1352 voters of the municipality that the judge serves. Section 15. Effective Date. 1353 1354 This bill takes effect on May 7, 2025.