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Heard in the Education Interim Committee meeting on 11-19-25.

Public Education Revisions

2026 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor:

Sponsor:
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill amends provisions and programs regarding the operation of the public education
system.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
• authorizes the State Board of Education (state board) to appoint the state superintendent
of public instruction as the superintendent of the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the
Blind (USDB) and provides associated delegation authority;
 aligns terminology regarding juvenile justice reintegration to apply to all local education
agencies rather than only school districts;
• amends provisions to allow the USDB to coordinate with the state security chief rather
than the county security chief of the county for each USDB campus;
 allows the state board to reduce suicide prevention grant amounts in certain
circumstances; and
makes technical and conforming changes.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
53E-8-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2025, Chapter 509
53G-8-213, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2025, Chapter 348
53G-8-701.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2025, Chapter 388
53G-8-701.6 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2025, Chapters 388, 470
53G-8-701.8 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2025, First Special Session, Chapter 11

53G-9-702, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 98, 328

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 53E-8-204 is amended to read:
53E-8-204 . Authority of the state board Rulemaking Superintendent
Advisory council.
(1)(a) The state board is the governing board of the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the
Blind.
(b) The state board shall, as the state board determines necessary, establish committees,
policies, or processes necessary to the function and oversight of the Utah Schools for
the Deaf and the Blind.
(2)(a) The state board shall appoint a superintendent for the Utah Schools for the Deaf
and the Blind.
(b) The state board shall make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
Administrative Rulemaking Act, regarding the qualifications, terms of employment,
and duties of the superintendent for the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.
(c)(i) The state board may appoint the state superintendent as the superintendent for
the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind under Subsection (2)(a).
(ii) If the state board appoints the state superintendent as the superintendent under
Subsection (2)(c)(i), the state superintendent may delegate duties regarding the
role of superintendent for the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind to another
employee of the state board.
(3) The superintendent shall:
(a) subject to the approval of the state board, appoint an associate superintendent to
administer the Utah School for the Deaf based on:
(i) demonstrated competency as an expert educator of deaf persons; and
(ii) knowledge of school management and the instruction of deaf persons; and
(b) subject to the approval of the state board, appoint an associate superintendent to
administer the Utah School for the Blind based on:
(i) demonstrated competency as an expert educator of blind persons; and
(ii) knowledge of school management and the instruction of blind persons, including
an understanding of the unique needs and education of deafblind persons.
(4) The state board shall:
(a) approve the annual budget and expenditures of the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the
Blind; and

65 (b) administer the financial operations of the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind. 66 (5)(a) The state board shall submit a report in accordance with Section 53E-1-201 on the 67 Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind. 68 (b) The state board shall ensure that the report described in Subsection (5)(a) includes: 69 (i) a financial report; 70 (ii) a report on Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind programs and activities; and 71 (iii) a report of student academic performance. 72 Section 2. Section **53G-8-213** is amended to read: 73 53G-8-213. Reintegration plan for student alleged to have committed violent 74 felony or weapon offense. 75 (1) As used in this section, "multidisciplinary team" means: 76 (a) the local education agency; 77 (b) the juvenile court; 78 (c) the Division of Juvenile Justice and Youth Services; 79 (d) a school safety and security specialist designated under Section 53G-8-701.6; 80 (e) school safety and security director designated under Section 53G-8-701.8; 81 (f) a school resource officer if applicable; and 82 (g) any other relevant party that should be involved in a reintegration plan. 83 (2) If a school district receives a notification from the juvenile court or a law enforcement 84 agency that a student was arrested for, charged with, or adjudicated in the juvenile court 85 for a serious offense, the school shall develop a reintegration plan for the student with a 86 multidisciplinary team, the student, and the student's parent or guardian, within five 87 school days after the day on which the school receives a notification. 88 (3) The school may deny admission to the student until the school completes the 89 reintegration plan under Subsection (2). 90 (4) The reintegration plan under Subsection (2) shall address: 91 (a) a behavioral intervention for the student; 92 (b) a short-term mental health or counseling service for the student; 93 (c) an academic intervention for the student; and 94 (d) if the serious offense was directed at a school employee or another student within the 95 school, notification of the reintegration plan to that school employee or student and

(5) [A school district] An LEA may not reintegrate a student into a school where:

the student's parent.

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(a) a student or staff member has a protective order against the student being

99	reintegrated; or
100	(b) a student or staff member is the victim of a sexual crime or forcible felony
101	committed by the student being reintegrated.
102	(6)(a) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), [a school district] an LEA may elect to not
103	integrate a student into a school if the student has committed, or allegedly committed,
104	a forcible felony.
105	(b) If [a school district] an LEA elects to not integrate a student under Subsection (6)(a),
106	the [sehool district] LEA shall provide alternative education options for the student.
107	(7) A reintegration plan under this section is classified as a protected record under Section
108	63G-2-305.
109	(8) All other records of disclosures under this section are governed by Title 63G, Chapter 2,
110	Government Records Access and Management Act, and the Family Educational Rights
111	and Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1232g.
112	Section 3. Section 53G-8-701.5 is amended to read:
113	53G-8-701.5 . School safety needs assessment School safety personnel
114	Alternative requirements.
115	(1)(a) In accordance with Subsections (1)(c) through (e), no later than October 15 of an
116	applicable year, an LEA shall:
117	(i) ensure a school safety needs assessment the state security chief selects in
118	collaboration with the school safety center is conducted in accordance with
119	Subsection (1)(b) for each school or K-12 campus within the LEA to determine
120	the needs and deficiencies regarding:
121	(A) appropriate school safety personnel, including necessary supports, training,
122	and policy creation for the personnel;
123	(B) physical building security and safety, including required upgrades to facilities
124	and safety technology;
125	(C) a school's current threat and emergency response protocols, including any
126	emergency response agreements with local law enforcement;
127	(D) cardiac emergency preparedness, including an inventory of whether
128	automated external defibrillators are present and accessible, maintenance
129	status, and current staff training offerings; and
130	(E) compliance with universal access key box requirements under Section
131	53G-8-805; and
132	(ii) report the results of the school safety needs assessment for each school within the

133	LEA to the state security chief and the School Safety Center.
134	(b)(i) The school safety specialist described in Section 53G-8-701.6, in collaboration
135	with the county security chief or, regarding the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the
136	Blind, the state security chief, and with the local law enforcement of relevant
137	jurisdiction over the school as described in Section 53-25-701, shall conduct the
138	school safety needs assessment for each school.
139	(ii) A school safety and security director may fulfill the role of a school safety and
140	security specialist in conducting the school safety needs assessment.
141	(c) The school safety needs assessment required under Subsection (1)(a)(i) shall be
142	conducted at least once every three years for each school or K-12 campus.
143	(d) An LEA may implement a rotating or staggered schedule for conducting school
144	safety needs assessments among the buildings within the LEA, provided that:
145	(i) each school within a K-12 campus is assessed at least once every three years; and
146	(ii) the LEA documents the rotating or staggered assessment schedule and shares this
147	schedule with the state security chief, the School Safety Center, the county
148	security chief regarding a school other than the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the
149	Blind, and the local law enforcement of relevant jurisdiction as described in
150	Section 53-25-701.
151	(e) The LEA shall update the assessment schedule as necessary to ensure compliance
152	with the three-year assessment requirement under Subsection (1)(c).
153	(f) The state board shall use the results of the school safety needs assessment for each
154	school within an LEA to award a grant to an LEA in accordance with Section
155	53F-5-220.
156	(g) Any information or record detailing a school's needs assessment results is:
157	(i) a private, controlled, or protected record under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government
158	Records Access and Management Act; and
159	(ii) available only to:
160	(A) the state security chief;
161	(B) the School Safety Center;
162	(C) members of an LEA governing board;
163	(D) administrators of the LEA and school the needs assessment concerns;
164	(E) only to the extent necessary to award a grant under Section 53F-5-220, the
165	state board;
166	(F) the applicable school safety personnel described in Subsection (2);

167	(G) a local law enforcement agency that would respond to the school in case of an
168	emergency; and
169	(H) the county security chief regarding a school other than the Utah Schools for
170	the Deaf and the Blind.
171	(h) An individual who intentionally or knowingly provides the information described in
172	Subsection (1)(g) to an individual or entity not listed in Subsection (1)(g)(ii) is guilty
173	of a class B misdemeanor.
174	(2)(a) An LEA shall ensure each school within the LEA has the following school safety
175	personnel:
176	(i) a school safety and security specialist described in Section 53G-8-701.6; and
177	(ii) based on the results of the needs assessment described in Subsection (1), at least
178	one of the following:
179	(A) a school resource officer;
180	(B) a school guardian; or
181	(C) an armed school security guard.
182	(b) In addition to the school safety personnel described in Subsection (2)(a), an LEA
183	shall designate a school safety and security director described in Section 53G-8-701.8.
184	(c) The same individual may serve in more than one of the roles listed in Subsections
185	(2)(a) and (b) if the school notifies the School Safety Center and the state security
186	chief of the decision to have the same individual serve in multiple roles as described
187	in this Subsection (2).
188	(d) An LEA may implement the requirements of Subsection (2)(a)(ii) before the LEA
189	has completed the school safety needs assessment described in Subsection (1).
190	(e) The state security chief in consultation with the School Safety Center shall establish
191	a timeline for an LEA to comply with the school safety personnel requirements of
192	this Subsection (2).
193	(3)(a) An LEA, school administrator, or private school may apply to the state security
194	chief for an approved alternative to the requirements described in:
195	(i) Section 53-22-105;
196	(ii) this section;
197	(iii) Section 53G-8-701.6;
198	(iv) Section 53G-8-701.8; and
199	(v) Section 53G-8-704.
200	(b) In approving or denying an application described in Subsection (3)(a), the state

201	security chief may consider factors that impact a school or LEA's ability to adhere to
202	the requirements of this section, including the school or LEA's:
203	(i) population size;
204	(ii) staffing needs or capacity;
205	(iii) geographic location;
206	(iv) available funding; or
207	(v) general demonstration of need for an alternative to the requirements of this
208	section.
209	(4) A private school shall identify an individual at the private school to serve as the safety
210	liaison with the local law enforcement of relevant jurisdiction and the state security chief.
211	Section 4. Section 53G-8-701.6 is amended to read:
212	53G-8-701.6 . School safety and security specialist.
213	(1) As used in this section, "principal" means the chief administrator at a public school,
214	including:
215	(a) a school principal;
216	(b) a charter school director; or
217	(c) the superintendent of the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.
218	(2)(a) Subject to Subsection (2)(b) and except as provided in Subsection 53G-8-701.5(3),
219	every campus within an LEA shall designate a school safety and security specialist
220	from the employees of the relevant campus.
221	(b) The school safety and security specialist:
222	(i) may not be a principal; and
223	(ii) may be the school safety and security director at one campus within the LEA.
224	(3) The school safety and security specialist shall:
225	(a) report directly to the principal;
226	(b) oversee school safety and security practices to ensure a safe and secure school
227	environment for students and staff;
228	(c) ensure adherence with all policies, procedures, protocols, rules, and regulations
229	relating to school safety and security through collaborating and maintaining effective
230	communications with the following as applicable:
231	(i) the principal;
232	(ii) school staff;
233	(iii) the school resource officer;
234	(iv) the armed school security guard;

235	(v) the school guardian;
236	(vi) local law enforcement;
237	(vii) the county security chief regarding a school other than the Utah Schools for the
238	Deaf and the Blind;
239	(viii) the school safety and security director;
240	(ix) the LEA; and
241	(x) school-based behavioral and mental health professionals;
242	(d) in collaboration with the county security chief or, regarding the Utah Schools for the
243	Deaf and the Blind, the state security chief, and with the local law enforcement of
244	relevant jurisdiction over the school as described in Section 53-25-701:
245	(i) conduct the school safety needs assessment described in Section 53G-8-701.5;
246	(ii) in accordance with Sections 53-25-701 and 53G-8-701.5, submit the completed
247	assessments to the School Safety Center created in Section 53G-8-802 by October
248	15 of each year; and
249	(iii) review the results of the school safety needs assessment to recommend and
250	implement improvements to school facilities, policies, procedures, protocols,
251	rules, and regulations relating to school safety and security;
252	(e) participate on the multidisciplinary team that the school establishes;
253	(f) conduct a behavioral threat assessment when the school safety and security specialist
254	deems necessary using an evidence-based tool the state security chief recommends in
255	consultation with the school safety center and the Office of Substance Use and
256	Mental Health;
257	(g) regularly monitor and report to the principal, local law enforcement, and, if
258	applicable, the LEA superintendent or designee, security risks for the school resulting
259	from:
260	(i) issues with school facilities; or
261	(ii) the implementation of practices, policies, procedures, and protocols relating to
262	school safety and security;
263	(h) coordinate with local first responder agencies to implement and monitor safety and
264	security drills in accordance with policy and applicable procedures and protocols;
265	(i) ensure that school staff, and, when appropriate, students, receive training on and
266	remain current on the school's safety and security procedures and protocols;
267	(j) following an event where security of the school has been significantly compromised,
268	organize a debriefing with the individuals listed in Subsection (3)(c) following the

269	recommendations from the state security chief, in collaboration with the School
270	Safety Center, regarding strengthening school safety and security practices, policies,
271	procedures, and protocols;
272	(k) abide by any LEA, school, or law enforcement agency policy outlining the chain of
273	command;
274	(l) during an emergency, coordinate with the following individuals as applicable, the:
275	(i) school resource officer;
276	(ii) school guardians;
277	(iii) armed school security guards;
278	(iv) school administrators; and
279	(v) responding law enforcement officers;
280	(m) follow any LEA, school, or law enforcement agency student privacy policies,
281	including state and federal privacy laws;
282	(n) participate in an annual training the state security chief selects in consultation with
283	the School Safety Center; and
284	(o) remain current on:
285	(i) a comprehensive school guideline the state security chief selects;
286	(ii) the duties of a school safety and security specialist described in this Subsection (3);
287	and
288	(iii) the school's emergency response plan.
289	(4) During an active emergency at the school, the school safety and security specialist is
290	subordinate to any responding law enforcement officers.
291	Section 5. Section 53G-8-701.8 is amended to read:
292	53G-8-701.8 . School safety and security director.
293	(1) Except as provided in Subsection 53G-8-701.5(3), an LEA shall designate a school
294	safety and security director as the LEA point of contact for the county security chief
295	regarding a school other than the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind, local law
296	enforcement, and the state security chief.
297	(2) A school safety and security director shall:
298	(a) participate in and satisfy the training requirements as follows:
299	(i) only once, the training requirements described in Section 53-22-105 for school
300	guardians; and
301	(ii) the school resource officer and administrator training the state security chief
302	approves in consultation with the School Safety Center;

303		(b) if serving as a backup school guardian, satisfy all requirements described in
304		53-22-105;
305		(c) if the designee is an employee of an LEA, participate on the multidisciplinary team
306		the LEA establishes;
307		(d) coordinate security responses among, if applicable, the following individuals in the
308		LEA that employs the school safety and security director:
309		(i) school safety and security specialists;
310		(ii) school resource officers;
311		(iii) armed school security guards; and
312		(iv) school guardians; and
313		(e) collaborate and maintain effective communications with local law enforcement, a
314		county security chief or, regarding the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind, the
315		state security chief, the LEA, and school-based behavioral and mental health
316		professionals to ensure adherence with all policies, procedures, protocols, rules, and
317		regulations relating to school safety and security.
318	(3)	A school safety and security director:
319		(a) does not have authority to act in a law enforcement capacity; and
320		(b) may, at the LEA that employs the director:
321		(i) take actions necessary to prevent or abate an active threat; and
322		(ii) temporarily detain an individual when the school safety and security director has
323		reasonable cause to believe the individual has committed or is about to commit a
324		forcible felony.
325	(4)	Notwithstanding Subsection 76-11-205(4), if a school safety and security director is
326		carrying a firearm, the school safety and security director shall carry the school safety
327		and security director's firearm in a concealed manner and may not, unless during an
328		active threat, display or open carry a firearm while on school grounds.
329	(5)	A school may use the services of the school safety and security director on a temporary
330		basis to satisfy the school safety personnel requirement of Subsection 53G-8-701.5(2).
331	(6)	The state security chief shall:
332		(a) for each school safety and security director, track each school safety and security
333		director by collecting the photograph and the name and contact information for each
334		school safety and security director; and
335		(b) make the information described in Subsection (6)(a) readily available to each law
336		enforcement agency in the state categorized by LEA.

337	Section 6. Section 53G-9-702 is amended to read:
338	53G-9-702 . Youth suicide prevention programs State board to develop model
339	programs.
340	(1) As used in the section:
341	(a) "Elementary grades" means:
342	(i) kindergarten through grade 5; and
343	(ii) if the associated middle or junior high school does not include grade 6, grade 6.
344	(b) "Intervention" means an effort to prevent a student from attempting suicide.
345	(c) "Postvention" means mental health intervention after a suicide attempt or death to
346	prevent or contain contagion.
347	(d) "Program" means a youth suicide prevention program described in Subsection (2).
348	(e) "Public education suicide prevention coordinator" means an individual designated by
349	the state board as described in Subsection (4).
350	(f) "Secondary grades" means:
351	(i) grades 7 through 12; and
352	(ii) if a middle or junior high school includes grade 6, grade 6.
353	(g) "State suicide prevention coordinator" means the state suicide prevention coordinator
354	described in Section 26B-5-611.
355	(2) In collaboration with the public education suicide prevention coordinator, a school
356	district or charter school shall implement a youth suicide prevention program, which, in
357	collaboration with the training, programs, and initiatives described in Section 53G-9-607
358	shall include programs and training to address:
359	(a) for elementary grades and secondary grades:
360	(i) life-affirming education, including on the concepts of resiliency, healthy habits,
361	self-care, problem solving, and conflict resolution;
362	(ii) methods of strengthening the family; and
363	(iii) methods of strengthening a youth's relationships in the school and community;
364	and
365	(b) for secondary grades:
366	(i) prevention of youth suicide;
367	(ii) decreasing the risk of suicide among youth who are:
368	(A) not accepted by family for any reason, including lesbian, gay, bisexual,
369	transgender, or questioning youth; or
370	(B) suffer from bullying:

371	(iii) youth suicide intervention; and
372	(iv) postvention for family, students, and faculty.
373	(3) Each school district and charter school shall ensure that the youth suicide prevention
374	program described in Subsection (2):
375	(a) considers appropriate coordination with the following prevention programs:
376	(i) the prevention of bullying and cyber-bullying, as those terms are defined in
377	Section 53G-9-601; and
378	(ii) the prevention of underage drinking of alcohol and substance abuse under Section
379	53G-10-406; and
380	(b) includes provisions to ensure that the school district or charter school promptly
381	communicates with the parent or guardian of a student in accordance with Section
382	53G-9-604.
383	(4) The state board shall:
384	(a) designate a public education suicide prevention coordinator; and
385	(b) in collaboration with the Department of Health and Human Services and the state
386	suicide prevention coordinator, develop model programs to provide to school districts
387	and charter schools:
388	(i) program training; and
389	(ii) resources regarding the required components described in Subsections (2)(a) and
390	(b).
391	(5) The public education suicide prevention coordinator shall:
392	(a) oversee the youth suicide prevention programs of school districts and charter
393	schools; and
394	(b) coordinate prevention and postvention programs, services, and efforts with the state
395	suicide prevention coordinator.
396	(6) A public school suicide prevention program may allow school personnel to ask a
397	student questions related to youth suicide prevention, intervention, or postvention.
398	(7)(a) Subject to legislative appropriation and except as provided in Section 53F-2-525,
399	the state board may distribute money to a school district or charter school to be used
400	to implement evidence-based practices and programs, or emerging best practices and
401	programs, for preventing suicide in the school district or charter school.
402	(b) The state board shall ensure that an LEA's allocation of funds from the board's
403	distribution of money under Subsection (7)(a) provides[-] :
404	(i) an amount equal to at least \$1,000 per school[-]; or

405	(ii) if appropriations are not available to provide the amount described in Subsection
406	(7)(b)(i), a commensurately lesser amount.
407	(c)(i) A school shall use money allocated to the school under Subsection (7)(b) to
408	implement evidence-based practices and programs, or emerging best practices and
409	programs, for preventing suicide.
410	(ii) Each school may select the evidence-based practices and programs, or emerging
411	best practices and programs, for preventing suicide that the school implements.
412	(8) An LEA may not charge indirect costs to the program.
413	Section 7. Effective Date.
414	This bill takes effect on May 6, 2026.