



Fiscal Note
H.B. 137

2016 General Session
Restitution for Incarceration Costs
Amendments
by Ray, P.



General, Education, and Uniform School Funds

JR4-5-101

	Ongoing	One-time	Total
Net GF/EF/USF (rev.-exp.)	\$(44,300)	\$0	\$(44,300)

State Government

UCA 36-12-13(2)(b)

Enactment of this legislation likely will not materially impact state revenue.

Revenues	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018
Total Revenues	\$0	\$0	\$0

Assuming about 1,000 hearings to determine inmate indigence, this may cost the Courts about \$44,300 ongoing from the General Fund beginning in FY 2016.

Expenditures	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018
General Fund	\$0	\$44,300	\$44,300
Total Expenditures	\$0	\$44,300	\$44,300

Net All Funds	\$0	\$(44,300)	\$(44,300)
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Local Government

UCA 36-12-13(2)(c)

Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments.

Individuals & Businesses

UCA 36-12-13(2)(d)

Offenders in county jails found impecunious through a hearing could avoid restitution of incarceration payments.

Performance Note

JR4-2-404

No performance note required for this bill

Notes on Notes

Fiscal notes estimate the direct costs or revenues of enacting a bill. The Legislature uses them to balance the budget. They do not measure a bill's benefits or non-fiscal impacts like opportunity costs, wait times, or inconvenience. A fiscal note is not an appropriation. The Legislature decides appropriations separately.