



Fiscal Note

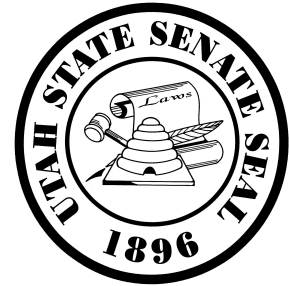
S.B. 247

2017 General Session

Modifications to Distribution of Local Sales

Tax Revenues

by Okerlund, R.



General, Education, and Uniform School Funds

JR4-5-101

	Ongoing	One-time	Total
Net GF/EF/USF (rev.-exp.)	\$0	\$0	\$0

State Government

UCA 36-12-13(2)(b)

Enactment of this legislation likely will not materially impact state revenue.

Revenues	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Total Revenues	\$0	\$0	\$0

Enactment of this legislation likely will not materially impact state expenditures.

Expenditures	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Total Expenditures	\$0	\$0	\$0

Net All Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0
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Local Government

UCA 36-12-13(2)(c)

Beginning in FY 2022, enactment of this bill may shift sales tax revenue to three qualifying local governments from all other local governments. The amount of the shift may be between \$0 (if sales tax revenue in these three entities in FY 2022 is more than the guaranteed minimum) to a high of \$90,000 (the FY 2016 hold harmless amount).

Individuals & Businesses

UCA 36-12-13(2)(d)

Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable expenditures by Utah residents or businesses.

Performance Note

JR4-2-404

No performance note required for this bill

Notes on Notes

Fiscal notes estimate the direct costs or revenues of enacting a bill. The Legislature uses them to balance the budget. They do not measure a bill's benefits or non-fiscal impacts like opportunity costs, wait times, or inconvenience. A fiscal note is not an appropriation. The Legislature decides appropriations separately.