Fiscal Note
H.B. 150
2018 General Session
Single Sign-On Database Amendments
by Cutler, B.

General, Education, and Uniform School Funds
JR4-5-101

	Ongoing	One-time	Total
Net GF/EF/USF (rev.-exp.)	$0	$0	$0

State Government
UCA 36-12-13(2)(b)

Enactment of this bill could lead to revenue to the Single Sign-on Expendable Special Revenue Fund of approximately $1.2 million in FY 2019 from approximately 240,000 businesses that would pay a $5 single sign-on fee, and ongoing revenue to the fund of approximately $720,000 beginning in FY 2020 assuming the single sign-on fee was reduced to $3 beginning in FY 2020.

Revenues	*FY 2018*	*FY 2019*	*FY 2020*
New Account Created By Legislation	$0	$1,200,000	$720,000
Total Revenues	$0	$1,200,000	$720,000

Enactment of this bill could lead to expenditures by the Department of Technology Services from the Single Sign-on Expendable Special Revenue Fund of approximately $1.2 million in FY 2019 and $720,000 ongoing beginning in FY 2020 to establish and maintain the single sign-on web portal.

Expenditures	*FY 2018*	*FY 2019*	*FY 2020*
New Account Created By Legislation	$0	$1,200,000	$720,000
Total Expenditures	$0	$1,200,000	$720,000

Net All Funds	$0	$0	$0

Local Government
UCA 36-12-13(2)(c)

Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments.

Individuals & Businesses
UCA 36-12-13(2)(d)

Enactment of this bill could lead to an increase in collective expenses of approximately $1.2 million in FY 2019 for approximately 240,000 businesses that would pay a $5 single sign-on fee, and an ongoing increase in collective expenses of approximately $720,000 beginning in FY 2020 assuming the single sign-on fee was reduced to $3 beginning in FY 2020.

2018/01/17 08:21, Lead Analyst: Brian Wikle Attorney: RHR

Regulatory Impact

Enactment of this legislation likely will result in a small increase in the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses.

Performance Note

JR4-2-404

No performance note required for this bill

Notes on Notes

Fiscal notes estimate the direct costs or revenues of enacting a bill. The Legislature uses them to balance the budget. They do not measure a bill's benefits or non-fiscal impacts like opportunity costs, wait times, or inconvenience. A fiscal note is not an appropriation. The Legislature decides appropriations separately.