

Fiscal Note H.B. 355 2018 General Session Amendments to Tax Law by McCay, D.



General, Education, and Uniform School Funds

JR4-5-101

	Ongoing	One-time	Total
Net GF/EF/USF (revexp.)	\$(1,798,000,000)	\$86,000,000	\$(1,712,000,000)

State Government UCA 36-12-13(2)(b)

Enactment of this bill is estimated to decrease revenues to the Education Fund by \$1.71 billion in FY 2019 and \$1.8 billion in FY 2020. This estimate assumes a base prior to H.R. 1 "Tax Cuts and Jobs Act." However, because federal tax reform has been estimated to increase revenues to the Education Fund by \$80 million in FY 2019 and \$85 million in FY 2020, the net impact could be \$1.63 billion in FY 2019 and \$1.71 billion in FY 2020.

Revenues	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020			
Education Fund	\$0	\$(1,798,000,000)	\$(1,798,000,000)			
Education Fund, One-Time	\$0	\$86,000,000	\$0			
Total Revenues	\$0	\$(1,712,000,000)	\$(1,798,000,000)			
Enactment of this legislation likely will not materially impact state expenditures. Expenditures FY 2018 FY 2019 FY 2020						
Total Expenditures	\$0	\$0	\$0			
Net All Funds	\$0	\$(1,712,000,000)	\$(1,798,000,000)			

Local Government UCA 36-12-13(2)(c)

Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments.

Individuals & Businesses

UCA 36-12-13(2)(d)

Enactment of this bill could save corporations approximately \$5.9 million in FY 2019 and \$6.2 million in FY 2020 as a result of the lower tax rate. Individuals could see total tax savings of approximately \$1.71 billion in FY 2019 and \$1.80 billion in FY 2020 as a result of the lower tax rate and modifications to the taxpayer tax credit. Federal tax reform is estimated to increase revenues to individuals and businesses by \$80 million in FY 2019 and by \$85 million in FY 2020.

Regulatory Impact

Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses.

Performance Note JR4-2-404

No performance note required for this bill

Notes on Notes

Fiscal notes estimate the direct costs or revenues of enacting a bill. The Legislature uses them to balance the budget. They do not measure a bill's benefits or non-fiscal impacts like opportunity costs, wait times, or inconvenience. A fiscal note is not an appropriation. The Legislature decides appropriations separately.