



Fiscal Note
H.B. 303 5th Sub. (Salmon)
 2021 General Session
 Emergency Medical Services Revisions
 by Johnson, D. (Johnson, Dan.)



General, Education, and Uniform School Funds

JR4-4-101

	Ongoing	One-time	Total
Net GF/EF/USF (rev.-exp.)	\$0	\$0	\$0

State Government

UCA 36-12-13(2)(c)

Revenues	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
Dedicated Credits Revenue	\$0	\$1,700	\$1,700
Total Revenues	\$0	\$1,700	\$1,700

Enactment of this legislation could increase fee revenue (dedicated credits) to the Department of Health by approximately \$1,700 ongoing beginning in FY2022.

Expenditures	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
Dedicated Credits Revenue	\$0	\$3,400	\$2,100
Total Expenditures	\$0	\$3,400	\$2,100

Enactment of this legislation could cost the Department of Health approximately \$2,100 ongoing from dedicated credits beginning in FY2022 for public notices and personnel costs, and approximately \$1,300 one-time from dedicated credits in FY2022 for personnel costs associated with changing administrative rule.

	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
Net All Funds	\$0	\$(1,700)	\$(400)

Local Government

UCA 36-12-13(2)(c)

To the extent that municipalities do not already provide or contract to provide emergency medical services, enactment of this legislation could result in increased costs of up to approximately \$41 per resident annually. To the extent that local governments already provide or contract to provide emergency medical services, enactment of this legislation could result in cost shifting and/or cost savings for local governments. The aggregate impact is unknown.

Individuals & Businesses

UCA 36-12-13(2)(c)

Enactment of this legislation could result in increased fee costs for ground ambulance providers in local governments; the aggregate impact is approximately \$1,700 annually for two providers.

Regulatory Impact

UCA 36-12-13(2)(d)

Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses.

Performance Note

JR4-2-404

No performance note required for this bill

Notes on Notes

Fiscal notes estimate the direct costs or revenues of enacting a bill. The Legislature uses them to balance the budget. They do not measure a bill's benefits or non-fiscal impacts like opportunity costs, wait times, or inconvenience. A fiscal note is not an appropriation. The Legislature decides appropriations separately.