



# Fiscal Note

## S.B. 226

2021 General Session  
Online Education Program Revisions  
by Johnson, J.



### General, Education, and Uniform School Funds

JR4-4-101

	Ongoing	One-time	Total
Net GF/EF/USF (rev.-exp.)	\$0	\$0	\$0

### State Government

UCA 36-12-13(2)(c)

Revenues	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
Dedicated Credits Revenue	\$0	\$240,000	\$190,000
Total Revenues	\$0	\$240,000	\$190,000

Enactment of this bill may increase dedicated credits to the State Board of Education by approximately \$50,000 one-time and \$190,000 ongoing beginning in FY 2022 from fees paid by an online course provider as outlined in the bill.

Expenditures	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
Dedicated Credits Revenue	\$0	\$240,000	\$190,000
Total Expenditures	\$0	\$240,000	\$190,000

Enactment of this bill may cost the State Board of Education \$50,000 one-time and \$190,000 ongoing from dedicated credits beginning in FY 2022 to implement the review and certification of online course providers as outlined in the bill.

	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023
<b>Net All Funds</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>

### Local Government

UCA 36-12-13(2)(c)

Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments.

### Individuals & Businesses

UCA 36-12-13(2)(c)

Online course providers seeking to participate in the Statewide Online Education Program may be charged a fee by the State Board of Education as outlined in the bill. The fee amount will be determined by the Board to pay costs associated with reviewing and certifying the online course provider. The cost will vary depending on the provider, with approximately \$100 per hour for IT changes and approximately \$90 per hour for program review and certification.

**Regulatory Impact**

UCA 36-12-13(2)(d)

Enactment of this legislation could result in a small increase in the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses.

**Performance Note**

JR4-2-404

No performance note required for this bill

**Notes on Notes**

Fiscal notes estimate the direct costs or revenues of enacting a bill. The Legislature uses them to balance the budget. They do not measure a bill's benefits or non-fiscal impacts like opportunity costs, wait times, or inconvenience. A fiscal note is not an appropriation. The Legislature decides appropriations separately.